

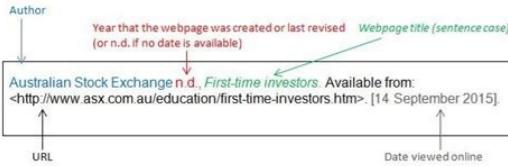
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How to harvard reference a website in text with no author

How do i harvard reference a website with no author. How do i cite a website with no author in text. How to harvard reference a website with no author.

To reference a website in Harvard style, include the name of the author or organization, the year of publication, the title of the page, the URL, and the date on which you accessed the website. Different formats are used for other kinds of online source, such as articles, social media posts and multimedia content. You can generate accurate Harvard references for all kinds of sources with our free reference generator. Harvard Reference Generator Online articles Blog posts and online newspaper articles are both referenced in the same format: include the title of the article in quotation marks, the name of the blog or newspaper in italics, and the date of publication. Harvard referencing: Blog Template Author surname, initial. (Year) 'Article Title'. Blog Name, Day Month. Available at: URL (Accessed: Day Month Year). Example Rakich, N. (2020) 'How does Biden stack up past Democratic nominees?'. FiveThirtyEight, 28 April. Available at: (Accessed: 29 April 2020). Harvard referencing: Newspaper article Template Author surname, initial. (Year) 'Article Title'. Newspaper Name, Day Month. Available at: URL (Accessed: Day Month Year). Example Rayner, G. (2020) 'Boris Johnson sets out three-step plan to end lockdown on long road to freedom'. The Telegraph, 10 May. Available at: (Accessed: 11 May 2020). The format for a magazine article is slightly different. Instead of a precise date, include the month, season, or volume and issue number, depending on what the magazine uses to identify its issues. The URL and access date information are included only when the article is online-exclusive. Harvard referencing: Magazine article Template Author surname, initial. (Year) 'Article Title', Magazine Name, Volume(Issue) or (Month) or (Season). Available at: URL (Accessed: Day Month Year).



Example Taylor, P. (2020) 'Susceptible, infectious, recovered', London Review of Books, 42(9). Available at: (Accessed: 11 May 2020). Social media posts To reference posts from social media platforms like Facebook, Twitter and Instagram, include the username and the platform in square brackets. Write usernames the way they appear on the platform, with the same capitalization and symbols. If the post has a title, use it (in quotation marks). If the post is untitled, use the text of the post instead. Do not use italics. If the text is long, you can replace some of it with an ellipsis. Harvard referencing: Social media post Template Author surname, initial. [username] (Year) 'Title' or text. [Website name] Day Month. Available at: URL (Accessed: Day Month Year).

Web Based Resources

Mike Webb's video guide to referencing at:
http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=E7Laol_ALeU&feature=mh_lolz&list=FLff03CC6Smfa93eKfjtjlsw

Type information about your source into the on-screen boxes and this on-line application will generate a list of references for you to import into Microsoft Word
<http://www.citethisforme.com/>

A handy on-line guide to referencing from the University of East Anglia:
<http://libweb.anglia.ac.uk/referencing/harvard.htm>

Example Dorsey, J. [@jack] (2018) We're committing Twitter to help increase the collective health, openness, and civility of public conversation ... [Twitter] 1 March. Available at: (Accessed: 11 May 2020). Images, videos and podcasts Online content is referenced differently if it is in video, audio or image form. Images To cite an image found online, such as an artwork, photograph, or infographic, include the image format (e.g. 'Photograph', 'Oil on canvas') in square brackets. Harvard referencing: Images Template Author surname, initial. (Year) Title [Medium]. Available at: URL (Accessed: Day Month Year). Example Taylor, P. (2020) Grey squirrel [Photograph]. Available at: (Accessed: 11 May 2020). Videos Online videos, such as those on YouTube, Instagram, Vimeo and Dailymotion, are cited similarly to general web pages. Where a video is uploaded under the name of an individual, write the name in the usual format. Otherwise, write the username of the uploader as it appears on the site. If you want to locate a specific point in a video in an in-text citation, you can do so using a timestamp. Harvard referencing: Videos Template Author surname, initial.



(Year) Title. Day Month. Available at: URL (Accessed: Day Month Year). Example Scribbr (2020) What is plagiarism? 23 January. Available at: (Accessed: 14 May 2020). (Scribbr, 2020, 1:58) Podcasts For a podcast reference, you just need the name of the individual episode, not of the whole series. The word 'Podcast' is always included in square brackets. As with videos, you can use a timestamp to locate a specific point in the in-text citation. Harvard referencing: Podcasts Template Author/presenter surname, initial. (Year) Title [Podcast]. Day Month. Available at: URL (Accessed: Day Month Year). Example Carlin, D. (2017) The destroyer of worlds [Podcast]. 24 January. Available at: (Accessed: 11 May 2020). (Carlin, 2017, 25:55) Online sources are often missing information you would usually need for a citation: author, title or date. Here's what to do when these details are not available. No author When a source doesn't list a specific individual author, you can usually find a corporate author to list instead. This is the organisation responsible for the source. In cases where there's no suitable corporate author (such as online dictionaries or Wikis), use the title of the source in the author position instead: Harvard referencing: No corporate author Example 'Divest', 2020) 'Divest' (2020) Available at: (Accessed: 29 April 2020). No date In Harvard style, when a source doesn't list a specific date of publication, replace it with the words 'no date' in both the in-text citation and the reference list. You should still include an access date: Harvard referencing: No date Example (Scribbr, no date) Scribbr (no date) An introduction to referencing. Frequently asked questions about Harvard website references How can I specify a location in a source without page numbers? You can generally omit page numbers in your in-text citations of online sources which don't have them. But when you quote or paraphrase a specific passage from a particularly long online source, it's useful to find an alternate location marker. For text-based sources, you can use paragraph numbers (e.g. 'para. 4') or headings (e.g. 'under "Methodology"'). With video or audio sources, use a timestamp (e.g. '10:15'). When do I need to use a Harvard in-text citation? A Harvard in-text citation should appear in brackets every time you quote, paraphrase, or refer to information from a source. The citation can appear immediately after the quotation or paraphrase, or at the end of the sentence. If you're quoting, place the citation outside of the quotation marks but before any other punctuation like a comma or full stop. If you want to cite this source, you can copy and paste the citation or click the 'Cite this Scribbr article' button to automatically add the citation to our free Reference Generator.

Caulfield, J. (2022, November 07). Reference a Website in Harvard Style | Templates & Examples. Scribbr. Retrieved 31 July 2023, from You have already voted.

Referencing a web page

In some cases, it is not possible to identify the author of a webpage. In these cases, you should use the apparent title of the website instead of the author.

Author(s)	Year of publication	Website title	Website URL	Access date
Nielson, J.	(2007)	Jakob Nielson's website	http://www.usertech.com/	(Accessed: 12 May 2008)

Comma Full stop Italics Full stop Colon Full stop



Thanks :-) Your vote is saved :-) Processing your vote... With so much information now available online, you may need to cite a website in a piece of academic writing at some point. But since most referencing systems focus on books and journals, knowing how this works can be tricky. Thus, to help out, we've prepared this quick guide to citing a website using Harvard referencing. In-Text Citations (Named Author) To cite a website in Harvard referencing, you will need to give the author's surname and a year of publication. For instance: Rousseau converted to Catholicism in 1728 (Bertram, 2010). If you have already named the author in the main text, though, you don't need to duplicate this information in the citation. Instead, you can just give a year of publication in brackets after the author's name. In addition, since websites don't have page numbers, you will not usually need to give a pinpoint citation when quoting an online source. However, for long or complicated texts, you could include a paragraph or section number (use "para." to signal a paragraph number or the "S" symbol to denote a section). So to cite a website like this, we would write: According to Bertram (2010, § 2.1), Rousseau thought morality had been displaced by "the impulse to dominate, oppress and exploit." Make sure to check your style guide for information on citing sources with no page numbers, though, as different places will have different rules. In-Text Citations (No Named Author/Date of Publication) To cite a website that does not name its author, the best approach is usually to reference an organizational author instead. This will be the company or organization that runs the website: Tax avoidance often involves using contrived transactions that serve no purpose other than exploiting legal loopholes (HMRC, 2016). If no date of publication is available, you can use "n.d." in its place: Moths are "an essential part of food chains" (RSPB, n.d.). It can be hard to spot the author and publication date for websites, though, so make sure to check carefully before omitting this information from citations. How to Cite a Website in the Reference List As with any source in your work, you should add all cited websites to a reference list at the end of your document. The information you need here is: Author Surname, Initial(s). (Year or Publication/Last Update) Title of Web Page [Online]. Available at: URL [Accessed date]. In practice, then, the reference list entry for a website would look like this: Bertram, C. (2010) Jean Jacques Rousseau [Online]. Available at: plato.stanford.edu/entries/rousseau/ [Accessed 24 October 2016]. Of course, if a webpage is missing a named author or date of publication, this should also be indicated in the reference list: RSPB (n.d.) Grow Food for Moths [Online]. Available at: [Accessed 19 September 2016]. A Quick Note on Harvard Referencing Although Harvard referencing is a common citation style, it is not a single unified system. As such, the rules your school uses may differ, so you should always check your style guide if you are not sure how to cite sources.