

## Leadership Challenge: Managing Unsolvables

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### Educational Objectives:

- Differentiate between trends/polarities and problems to be solved
- Utilize a Polarity Matrix to analyze situation
- Utilize steps to manage polarity successfully

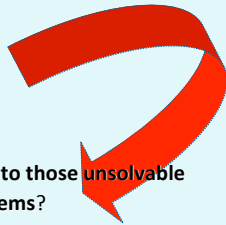
### What increases unsolvable problems?

When people are anxious they respond with :

- Reactivity
- Herding mentality
- Blaming and Gossip
- Quick Fix Mentality
- Poorly defined leadership
- Black and White answers


Could this lead us to those unsolvable problems?

From Edwin Friedman's *Failure of Nerve*



### Many unsolvable problems or issues :

- Are interdependent opposites
- Keep returning up again and again
- Use up energy to no avail
- Have more than one right answer
- Keep us "in the box"
- Unproductive and frustrating

 = POLARITY

### Unsolvable or Polarity?

In Barry Johnson's Book *Polarity Management: Identifying and Managing Unsolvables*. He states (not all) "that many issues we define as problems to be solved are actually polarities which have interdependence and need to be managed not solved."

- To illustrate the point, ask yourself a question:
  - Which is more important to breathing; inhaling or exhaling?
  - The question is absurd because breathing is the oscillation between these two polar activities.

Johnson, B. P. (1996). *Polarity Management: Identifying and Managing Unsolvables*. Amherst: HRD Press.

### What kind of problems keep cropping up for you?

- Make a quick list of the kinds of issue that never seem to get solved but keep coming up again.
- Share with your neighbor

## Dilemmas of Polarity crop up everywhere

Organizational issues with interdependent opposites or polarity:

- Strategic Planning & Management
- System wide change & Stability
- Client satisfaction/get the work done (\$)
- Technology & Relationship Based Teaching
- Standardized & Customized
- Union & Management relationships
- Work and human spirit
- Politics
- Religion
- Teams or individuals
- Centralized or Decentralized

## What do you see?



One cannot exist without the other. This is called interdependence

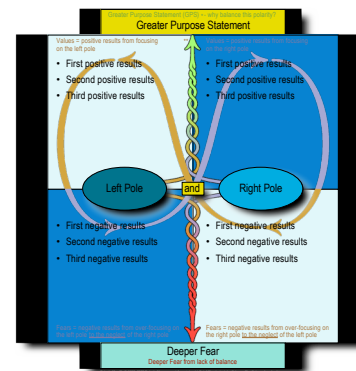
## Polarity Management will help you:

- Distinguish between problems you can solve and those you can't
- Manage the unsolvable problems or what we can call workplace dilemmas or polarities

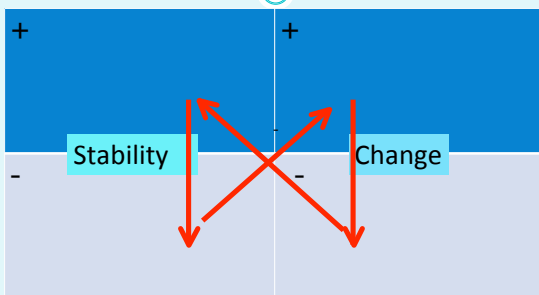


- Problems may have a solution
- Polarities have underlying interdependent opposites

## Polarity Management® Map

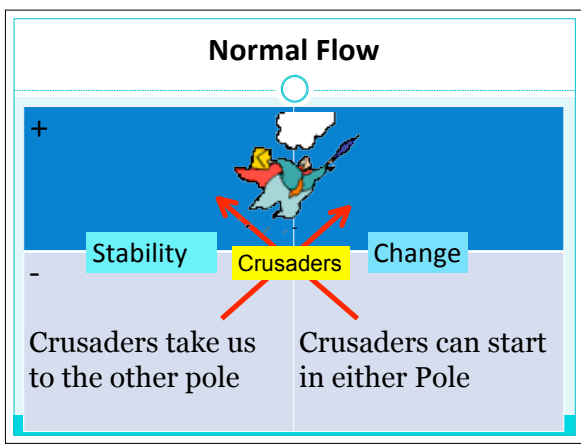
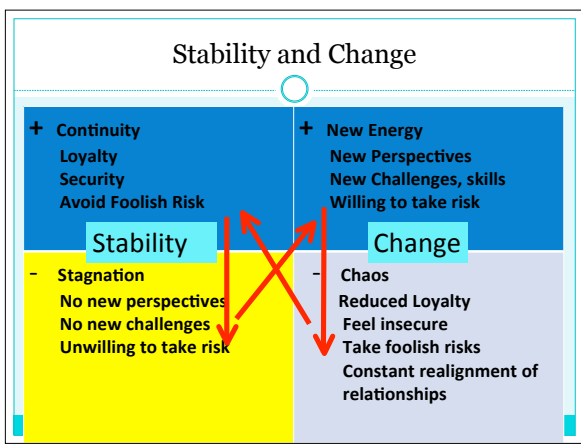
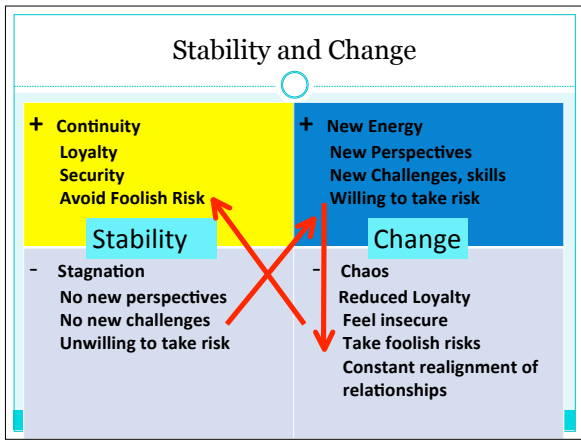
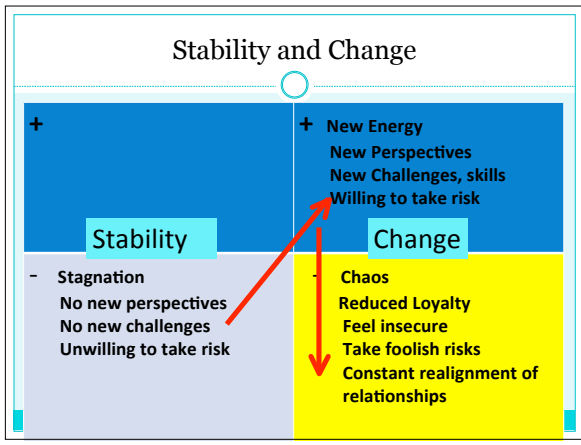
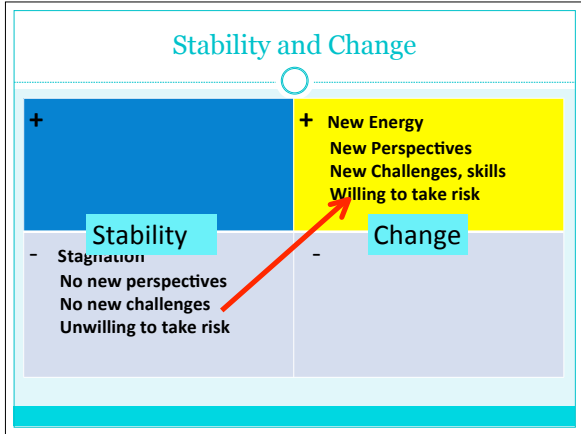
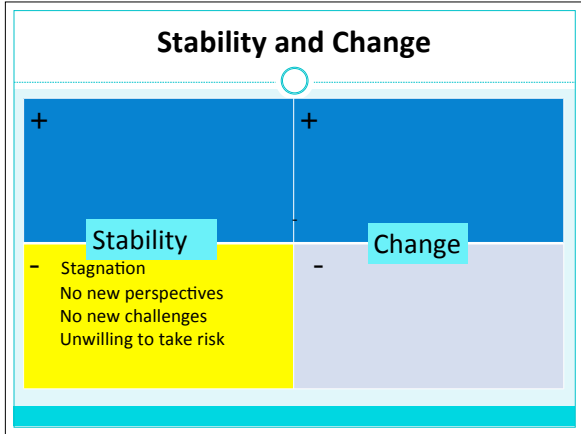


## Normal Flow Of Polarities



## Stability and Change

<b>+</b> Continuity Loyalty Security Avoid Foolish Risk	<b>+</b> New Energy New Perspectives New Challenges, skills Willing to take risk
Stability	Change
<b>-</b> Stagnation No new perspectives No new challenges Unwilling to take risk	<b>-</b> Chaos Reduced Loyalty Feel insecure Take foolish risks Constant realignment of relationships






### Effective Conversation for the Crusader

The tradition bearer who wants to move R- to L+

- I know you think R+ (read the list) are all very important. I do too. And I do not want to lose them.
- And I certainly do not want us to get to L-
- Yet I would like us to figure out a way to get L+ (read list)

4. Because I am concerned about R- (read list)



### Tradition Bearer


<p><b>+</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No waiting</li> <li>Own creativity and initiative</li> <li>More org. support</li> </ul> <p>Individual Responsibility</p>	<p><b>+</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Org. gets feedback</li> <li>- Org can respond and improve</li> <li>- More individual support</li> </ul> <p>Organizational Responsibility</p>
<p><b>-</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Org. does not get valuable</li> <li>-Org. cannot respond and improve</li> <li>- More individual resistance</li> </ul>	<p><b>-</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Waiting for the org. to improve</li> <li>-Do not tap own initiative and creativity</li> <li>- More org. resistance</li> </ul>

### Effective Conversation for the Tradition Bearer

The tradition bearer who wants to preserve R+ and avoid L-

- I hear your concerns about R-(read list). I agree those things need to be addressed.
- And the things you are advocating like L+ (read List) are things I think are important too.
- When I think about those things, I wonder how we can prevent L-(read list)

4. Because it is important to preserve R+ (read list)




### Autocratic Management & Shared Governance

<p><b>+</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Decisive</li> <li>Efficient</li> <li>Clear Responsibilities</li> </ul> <p>Autocratic</p>	<p><b>+</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Support For Decisions</li> <li>Group Wisdom used</li> <li>Synergy</li> <li>Wisdom</li> </ul> <p>Shared Governance</p>
<p><b>-</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Lack of support for DM</li> <li>-Lack of group wisdom</li> <li>-Lack of synergy</li> <li>-Lack of enthusiasm</li> </ul>	<p><b>-</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Indecisive</li> <li>-Inefficient</li> <li>-Unclear responsibilities</li> </ul>

### Product Driven or Market Driven

<p><b>+</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Pride in product</li> <li>- Do what we do best</li> <li>- Know our limits</li> </ul> <p>Service Driven</p>	<p><b>+</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Listen to client</li> <li>- Provide what they want</li> <li>- Respond to client</li> </ul> <p>Market Driven</p>
<p><b>-</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Out of touch with client</li> <li>- Provide services they don't want/need</li> </ul>	<p><b>-</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Loss of Pride in Service</li> <li>- Doing what we don't do well</li> <li>- "Who are we?"</li> <li>- Out of touch with self</li> </ul>



### Steps to Manage Unsolvable Problems

**Identify the Poles**

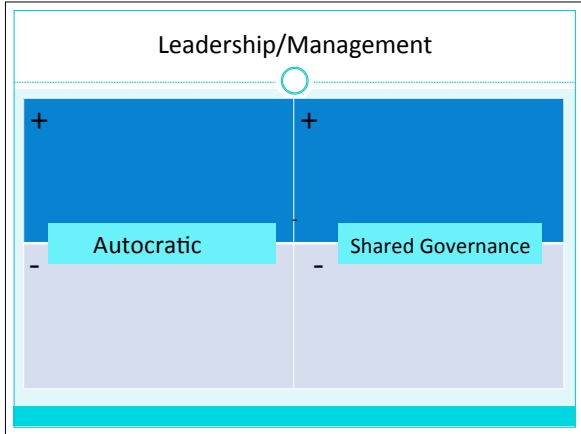
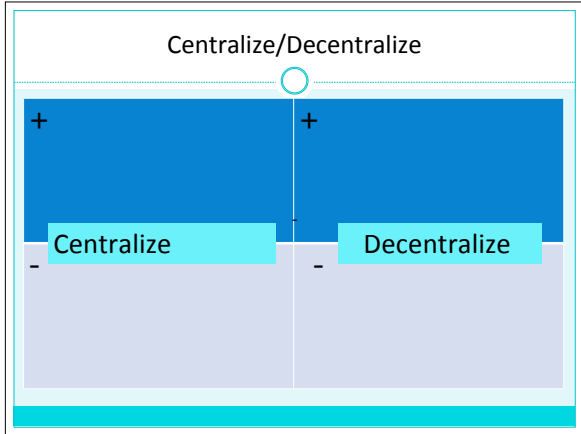
- What issues keep occurring? Look at both poles and the plus and minus of each
- How can we gain or maintain the positive results by focusing on both the left & right pole?
- Which side of the equation are we on now?

**How can we merge the two poles and get the best of both worlds**

**What are the Early Warning Signs?**

(Measurable indicators) you are the down sides of the Left or right pole?

- What can we put into place to identify these signs early?
- What can we do to rebalance the equation?



### Yin and Yang or Managing Polarities

Yin and Yang: Everything has its opposite-although this is never absolute, only relative. No one thing is completely Yin or completely Yang. Each contains the seed of its opposite. For example, winter can turn into summer; "what goes up must come down".  
 Chinese Proverb