Merchants and Merchant Bankers, 12 Tokenhouse Yard, London EC.

For the early history of the company I can do no better than quote from the website of the University College London. The 'UCL' is where the "Frederick Huth & Company" archives (1812-1955) are housed.

Frederick Huth first established his own business in Corunna, Spain, in 1805. He came to London in 1809 and set up business as a merchant. In 1814 he took John Frederick Grüning into partnership and the resulting firm, Huth & Company, was formed. Throughout the 19th century the firm is described in London directories as 'merchants', only from 1904 is the description 'bankers' added, although it is clear that the business always included banking. From 1912 the firm had a fur warehouse, it also had a tea warehouse from 1921. In 1936 the company was dissolved. The banking business was acquired by British Overseas Bank Ltd, and the fur business by C M Lampson & Co Ltd.

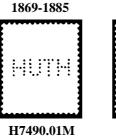
Confirmation of the Spanish connection can be found in this extract taken from the 1881 Census of Great Britain.

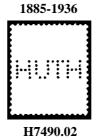
Dwelling: 9 Palace Garden, Paddington, London, Middlesex.			
Marr	Age	Sex	Birthplace
M	74	M	Spain - British Subject.
Rel:	Head	Occ:	Merchant (Tokenhouse Yard).
M	68	F	London, Middlesex, England.
Rel:	Wife		
U	27	M	London, Middlesex, England.
Rel:	Son	Occ:	No Occupation.
	Marr M Rel: M Rel: U	Marr Age M 74 Rel: Head M 68 Rel: Wife U 27	Marr Age Sex M 74 M Rel: Head Occ: M 68 F Rel: Wife U 27 M

This *Charles Frederick Huth* (born in Spain, c1806/7) is the son of Frederick Huth, co-founder of "*Huth & Co*", and even aged 74 years would still have been in charge of the company at the time of the 1881 census.

'Tomkins' and the old Illustrated Catalogue give scant details of the two "HUTH" dies. However, an analysis of the postage stamps, Foreign Bills, and other 'stamps' found initialled with these patterns (at least 269 different issues/values are known!) help refine the 'die in use' dates as follows:

Earliest/Latest Dates: 8th August 1870 28th January 1885





Earliest/Latest Dates: 3rd March 1885 3rd October 1921

In the case of the earlier die, Queen Victoria 1d Red plate numbers in the low 100s (i.e. 100, 106, 107, 113, 116) indicate a *start date* slightly earlier than 1870, say 1869 (or just possibly 1868). This early date (pre 1872) means the die was made by "*Joseph Sloper & Co*" during his 'monopoly' period.

Both dies are known on the 'Lilac & Green' issue of Queen Victoria, (introduced on 1st April 1884), with known dates in the first quarter of 1885, so the *changeover date* for the dies was probably February 1885.

The later, larger die is known used on the photogravure issue of King George V. This ties in neatly with the take-over of the company in 1936, and gives us a *terminal date* of 1936.

Just to finish off the chronology, in June 1944 the produce businesses, "Huth Coffee Sales Ltd" and "Huth Produce Sales Ltd" (absorbed by the "British Overseas Bank Ltd" in 1936), were sold to "Matheson & Co", while the banking business was sold to "Glyn, Mills & Co" (Established 1753). In 1954 the "British Overseas Bank Ltd" was formally wound up, although the process was not finalised until 1962.

Merchants and Merchant Bankers, 12 Tokenhouse Yard, London EC.

Examples follow from the 'Permanent Collection', arranged in chronological order within the issues.

1869-1885

The Line Engraved issues.

The Queen Victoria 1d Red plates have been organised in years according to their 'put-to-press' dates. Although the early plate 100 (first put-to-press in 1866) is recorded with the "HUTH" perfin, there is no example in the collection.



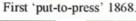












Plate 107

Plate 113

Plate 119

Plate 120

Plate 121













Plate 123

Plate 124

Plate 125

Plate 127

Plate 129

Plate 130











Plate 137

Plate 141

Plate 143









Plate 144







Plate 149

Plate 150

Plate 151

Merchants and Merchant Bankers, 12 Tokenhouse Yard, London EC.

First 'put-to-press' 1872.



Plate 160

Plate 164

Plate 159



First 'put-to-press' 1874.



First 'put-to-press' 1875.



First 'put-to-press' 1876.



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Merchants and Merchant Bankers, 12 Tokenhouse Yard, London EC.

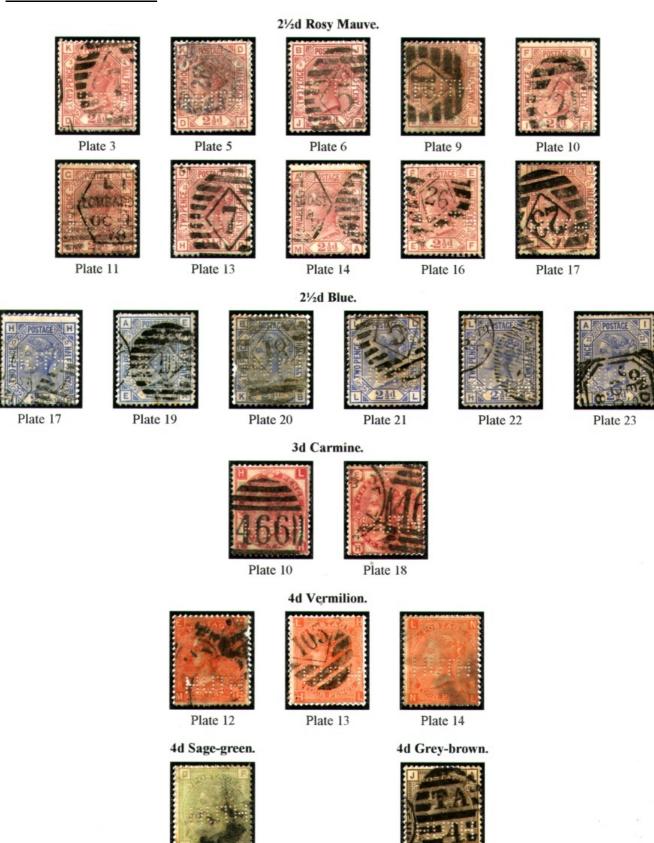


The Line Engraved issues – all four denominations are represented, a "Full House!"



Merchants and Merchant Bankers, 12 Tokenhouse Yard, London EC.

The Surface Printed issues.



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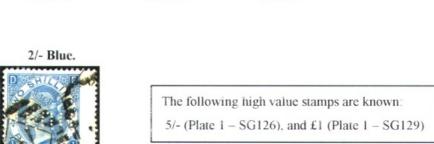
Plate 18

Merchants and Merchant Bankers, 12 Tokenhouse Yard, London EC.

Plate 14 Plate 15 Plate 16 Plate 16 Plate 17







Merchants and Merchant Bankers, 12 Tokenhouse Yard, London EC.

The earlier "HUTH" die is known on all five values introduced in 1880. It is also known on the first issue of the 1d Lilac with 14 pearls (introduced 12th July 1881), although there is no example in the 'Permanent Collection'.





1/2d Green

16 Do

Queen Victoria 'Lilac and Green' issue.

These examples were issued on 1st April 1884.







2d Lilac

4d Green

21/2d Lilac

This last postage stamp postmarked 6^{th} *January 1885* shows a late use of the early die. This die was replaced by one with slightly larger letters probably during February 1885.



* * * * * *

The early die is also recorded as having been used on a variety of other stamps, including the 1d Inland Revenue, a 3d Telegraph stamp, and a range of Foreign Bills. The following examples are representative of its use on Foreign Bills.









9d

1/-

3/-

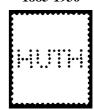
5/-

Merchants and Merchant Bankers, 12 Tokenhouse Yard, London EC.

1885-1936

As reported previously, the earlier "HUTH" die was replaced by one with slightly larger letters. From postmark evidence, the changeover date is likely to have been during *February 1885*.

Again, stamps are shown in issue order.









16 Dots

Queen Victoria 'Lilac and Green' issue.



Queen Victoria 'Jubilee' issue.



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Merchants and Merchant Bankers, 12 Tokenhouse Yard, London EC.

High value stamps are known: 2/6d, 5/- & 10/- for Queen Victoria, and 2/6d & 5/- for King Edward VII.



King Edward VII definitives.



King George V 'Downey' Head.



King George V 'Typographs' - mixture of watermarks.



Merchants and Merchant Bankers, 12 Tokenhouse Yard, London EC.

The sequence is completed by this single example of a King George V 'Photogravure' issue, introduced in 1935.



11/2d

In 1936 the company was dissolved. The banking business was acquired by "British Overseas Bank Ltd", and the fur business by "C M Lampson & Co Ltd".

* * * * * * *

As with the earlier die, this later die is also known on 'Foreign Bills'. The following examples are representative of the use on this category of material.







QV 2/-



QV 10/-



KEVII 5/-



KEVII £1

Newly acquired material awaiting incorporation into the display.

(I suspect there may be a long wait!)



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