## B & M Seed

Seed Sales by Ranchers, For Ranchers



## About

Each producer has their own needs! Therefore, we test the varieties to learn what will fit YOURS! We have tested, received feedback, learned what fits great, and learned a few things to avoid. Our goal is to help you find the best product to fit your place.

We aren't just selling seed- we are ranchers that are using these products on our own herds!

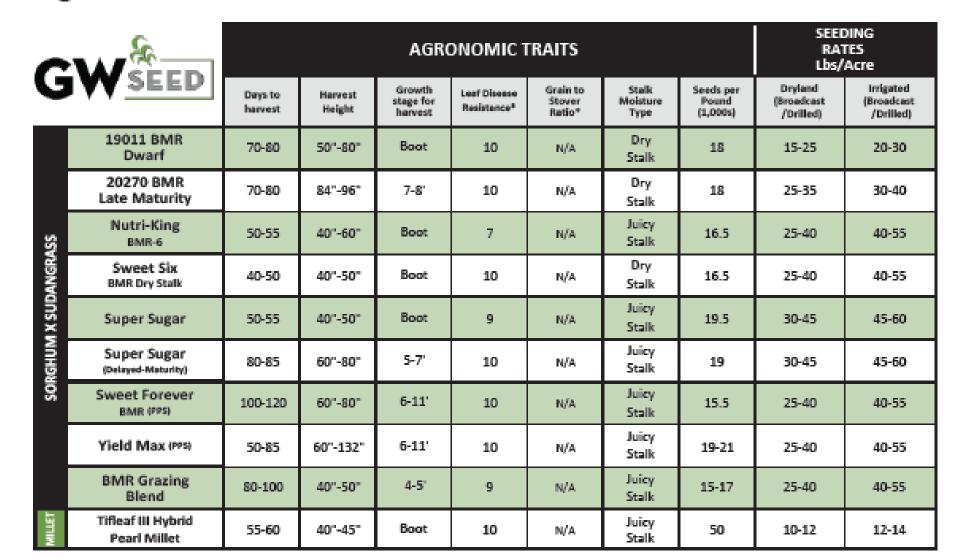
## Overview

## Moisture

- Adequate moisture May and June
- June 22- 1/2 in of rain
- No measurable moisture until Aug. 1 (.65/100ths)
- Following week had 70/100ths
- Adequate moisture thereafter

## Location

All 3 test fields close in proximty to one another



C	WSEED		ID	IDEAL USE CASE				PRODUCTIVITY			
J	AA SEED	Balage	Hay	Silage	Grazing	Cover Crop	Dry Matter tons/acre	Protein Potential	Digestibility	Sugar Content	
	19011 BMR Dwarf	10	10	10	10	10	5-8	14-16%	10	12-16%	
	20270 BMR Late Maturity	10	10	10	10	10	8-10	14-16%	10	12-16%	
WSS	Nutri-King BMR-6	10	10	10	9	10	5-8	12-14%	10	12-16%	
SORGHUM X SUDANGRASS	Sweet Six BMR Dry Stalk	10	10	10	10	9	5-8	12-14%	10	10-14%	
X SUD	Super Sugar	66	8	7	S	9	5-8	12-14%	7	12-16%	
ΣM	Super Sugar (Delayed-Maturity)	8	10	8	8	10	8-10	14-16%	7	12-16%	
SORG	Sweet Forever BMR (PPS)	10	10	10	9	8	8-11	12-14%	9	12-16%	
	Yield Max (PPS)	10	10	10	9	9	8-11	12-14%	7	12-16%	
	BMR Grazing Blend	9	8	8	10	8	N/A	14-16%	10	12-16%	
мішет	Tifleaf III Hybrid Pearl Millet	88	9	8	9	10	4-6	16-20%	9	6-8%	

<sup>&</sup>quot;Scale of 1-10; 1 is poor and 10 is exceptional.

Note: ratings based on the average performance of a hybrid grown over a wide range of growing regions and soil types within its adapted maturity under typical growing conditions. Extreme conditions may adversely affect performance. Contact your local GW Seed specialist for additional information.

## Yield Max

**Field 1:** Test weights at 14% moisture. Soil is very light and sandy.

First cutting: July 24- 3,720 lbs/acre

Second cutting: Sept. 15-6,496 lbs/acre

Full season growth: Cut Sept. 15-8,662 lbs/acre

Silage Sample: 27.07 tons per acre at 80% moisture

**Field 2:** Test weights at 14% moisture. Better, heavier, soil that handled drought stress well and was cut at full seasons growth on Sept. 15.

Full season growth: Cut Sept. 15- 9,440 lbs/acre



## Yield Max

Produce long, wide leaves, and more leaves per stalk- adding more pounds per acre. Superior drought tolerance!







Yielded 9,440 lbs per acre



## Yield Max PPS——



### SORGO SORGHUM x SUDANGRASS



#### AGRONOMIC TRAITS

 Height:
 12-14 Feet

 Maturity:
 120-135 Days

 Canopy:
 25-35 Days

 Regrowth:
 Excellent

 Midrib Type:
 Conventional

 Plant Type:
 Juicy Sweet

 Photoperiod Sensitive:
 Yes >12 hr. 12 min.

Min./Max. pH: 6.0-7.5

Downy Mildew: Resistant
Anthracnose: Resistant
Sugar Cane Aphid: Tolerant

daylight is when it heads

#### SEEDING RATES

Seeds Per Pound: 19,000
Soil Temperature: 62°F
Seeding Depth: 1"-1.5"

occurring Dopuis.								
Seeding Method	Harvest Stage Dryland Lbs./ Acre Lbs./ Acre		Dryland Seed/ Acre	Irrigated Seed/ Acre				
Drilled	Boot	25-40	40-55	475,000- 760,000	760,000- 1,045,000*			
Broadcast	Boot	30-45	45-60	570,000- 855,000	855,000- 1,140,000			

- New improved hybrid, high stem sugar content
- Small stem type; excellent forage
- & Anthracnose and Downy Mildew resistant
- Excellent recovery after cutting or grazing

Yield Max PPS is a headless photoperiod sensitive summer annual sorghum sudangrass. This feature allows additional time for harvest or grazing when most sorghum sudangrass would head out this hybrid will not. This allows for higher protein levels and wide window of harvestability. Silage yields of 25-35 tons/acre are not unusual. Yields from hay have been from 8 – 15 tons/acre dry matter. It has superior drought & heat tolerance compared to other hybrids. With this hybrid growers can increase profitability due to higher yields per cutting less frequently. This hybrid yields best cut at 65-70 days for first cutting, 55 days for second cutting, 40 days for third cutting.

### **CROP USE INFORMATION**

Double Cropping: Great for one cutting Dryland/Irrigated: Very versatile 10 tons/DM/Acre Hay Yield Potential: 30 - 35 tons/Acre @ 65% Moist Silage Yield Potential: Rotational Grazing: Continuous Grazing: Good Cover Crop: Best yield and no volunteer Palatability: Good Digestibility: Good Fertilizer: 1-11/4 Lbs N per growing day/acre

### HARVEST

First Cutting: 50-80 days Second Cutting: 50-80 days Third Cutting: 50-80 days

- For maximum yield, delay the cuttings to 70-80 days in the first and second cuttings. Unless it gets drought stressed then cut it before nitrates increase.
- For silage harvest it is possible at 8 ft up to 12 ft height, plan on cutting it to air dry for 4-72 hours.
- For hay, cut it at 40-50 inches, unless you have dry wind to cure it.
- A general measurement for growth and harvest is 1-1.25" per day.
- For grazing, wait until it reaches 24" to start for the first time. Pull cattle off if it gets dry or freezes. Test the remaining forage for nitrates and prussic acid.

Field 1: Test weights at 14% moisture. Soil is very light and sandy.

First cutting: July 24- 3,200 lbs/acre

Second cutting: Sept. 15- 5,000 lbs/acre

Full season growth: Cut Sept. 15- 6,956 lbs/acre

**Field 2:** Test weights at 14% moisture. Better, heavier, soil that handled drought stress well and was cut at full seasons growth on Sept. 15.

Full season growth: Cut Sept. 15-8,885 lbs/acre

## Silage Measurements

Field 1: Light, sandy soil. Results are performance under drought stress conditions.

- Wet stalk
- Planted at 20 lbs/acre (the recommended amount)
- 21.74 tons per acre at 78% moisture

Field 3: Light, sandy soil. Results are performance under drought stress conditions.

- Wet stalk
- Planted at 10 lbs/acre
- 16.3 tons per acre

Thinner stalk with good leaves





# **FORAGE SORGHUM**

## **GW-2120 Male Sterile**



GW-2120 a medium maturity 80-90 day 8-9 ft male sterile conventional. At heading stage it is sweetest at 18-21% sugar content. A single cut hay, silage or winter stockpile grazing. With consistent tonnage, energy, and standability. GW-2120 is great for dryland low rainfall areas. GW-2120 grows with less water and per acre investment due to it's plant characteristics and low seeding rates. Drilled or planted for silage or stockpile grazing we use 8-10 lbs/acre or drilled for hay we use 15-25 lbs/acre.

### **SILAGE YIELD POTENTIAL**

### **20-23 Tons** HARVEST RECOMMENDATIONS Harvest Boot Stage or Heading **Relative Maturity** Medium **Boot Maturity** 75-80 Days 85-90 Days

### **AGRONOMIC TRAITS**

Soft Dough Maturity

Total Height	84-96"		
Plant Type	Juicy Sweet		
Midrib Type	Conventional		
Standability	Excellent		
Sugar Cane Aphid	No		
Downy Mildew Resistant	Yes		
Anthracnose Resistant	Yes		
Double cropping	Yes		
Dryland/Irrigated	Both		

### **SEEDING RATES**

Seeding Method	Harvest Stage	Dryland Lbs./ Acre	Irrigated Lbs./ Acre	Dryland Seed/ Acre	Irrigated Seed/ Acre
Planter	Headed Out	5-6	6-7	95,000- 114,000	114,000- 133,000
Drill	Headed Out	10-12	12-14	190,000- 228,000	228,000- 266,000

SEE MANAGEMENT TIPS FOR PRUSSIC ACID AND NITRATE PAGE FER-TILIZER RECOMMENDATIONS: 1-1.25 LB. N PER GROWING DAY/ACRE SEED PER POUND: 19,000 SEEDING DEPTH: 1"-1.5" SOIL TEMPERATURE: 62°F



## Sweet Forever

Field 1: Test weights at 14% moisture. Soil is very light and sandy.

First cutting: July 24- 3,805 lbs/acre

Second cutting: Sept. 15-6,131 lbs/acre

Full season growth: Cut Sept. 15-8,176 lbs/acre

Silage Sample: 25.55 tons per acre at 80% moisture

**Field 2:** Test weights at 14% moisture. Better, heavier, soil that handled drought stress well and was cut at full seasons growth on Sept. 15.

Full season growth: Cut Sept. 15- 10,225 lbs/acre

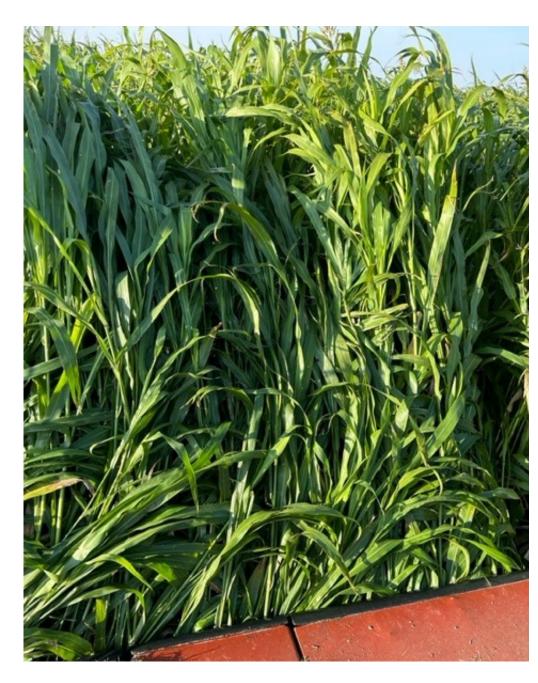
Yielded 10,225 lbs per acre



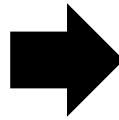
Produce long, wide leaves, and more leaves per stalk- adding more pounds per acre.

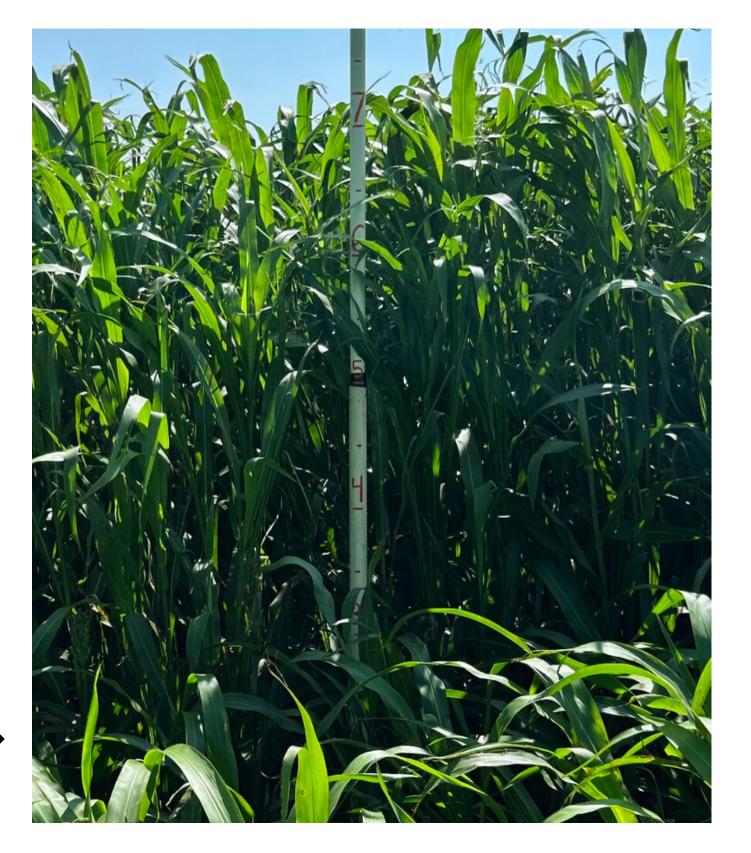
## Sweet Forever

Superior drought tolerance!



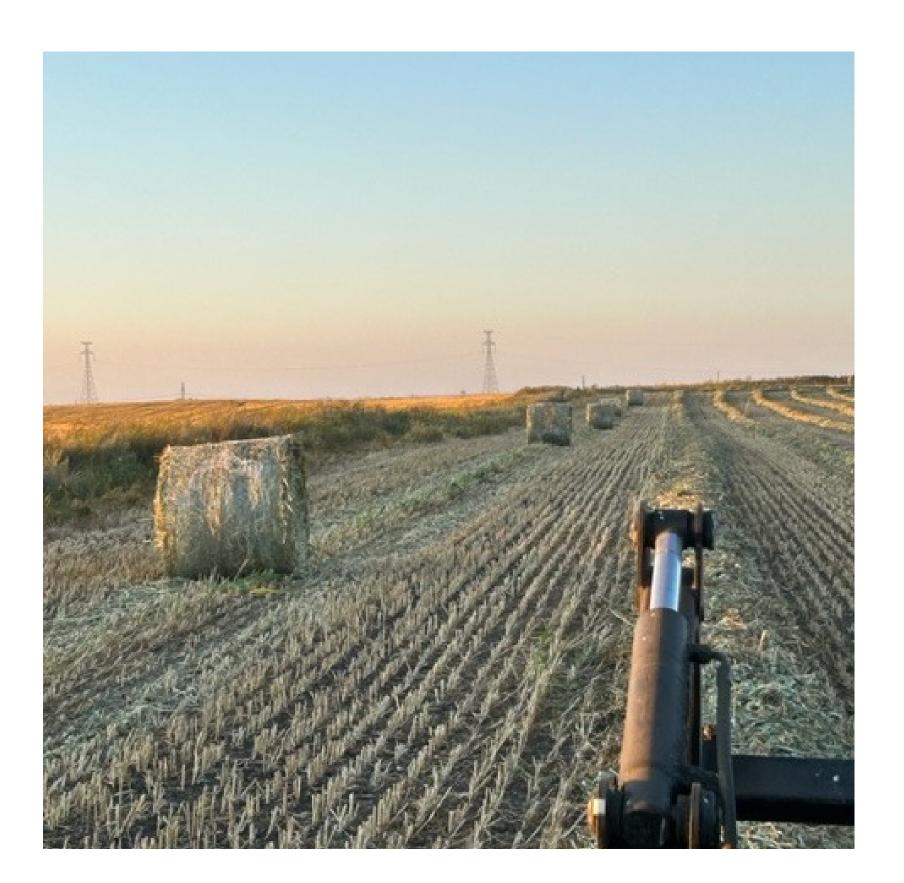
The stand at 3.5 feet tall is regrowth after being cut July 22nd. The stand at near 8 foot tall is full season growth.





## Sweet Forever

- 5 bales from one 30 ft wide windrow
- 213 ft apart
- 1,500 lbs each
- 10,225 lbs per acre



## Sweet Forever BMR PPS



## SORGO SORGHUM x SUDANGRASS



Decreased lignin, high stem sugar content

Small stem type; excellent forage

Prolonged grazing

Sweet Forever BMR PPS is a headless photoperiod sensitive summer annual sorghum sudangrass. This feature allows additional time for harvest or grazing when most sorghum sudangrass would head out this hybrid will not. Silage yields of 30 plus tons/acre and 8 – 11 tons/acre dry matter can be produced. It has unique drought & heat tolerance compared to other hybrids. With this hybrid growers can increase profitability due to higher yields per cutting and less frequently. The yield and quality is best cut at 60-80 days for first cutting, 50-55 days for second cutting, 35-40 days for third cutting. Days to cuttings can be extended 10-15 days for silage harvest but use lower seeding rates.

### AGRONOMIC TRAITS

Height: 60-80" recommended harvest height Total Height: 12 ft. use lower seeding rate 100-120 days or 12 hr. 20 min. daylight Maturity: Regrowth: Excellent BMR Midrib Type: Plant Type: Juicy Sweet Photoperiod Sensitive: 6.0-7.5 Min./Max. pH: Resistant Downy Mildew: Anthracnose: Resistant Sugar Cane Aphid: Tolerant

### **CROP USE INFORMATION**

Ease of Establishment: Good Excellent Double Cropping: Dryland/Irrigated: Excellent on both Hay/Baleage Yield Potential: 8-11 DM Ton/Acre Silage Yield Potential: 25-30 Ton/Acre Rotational Grazing: Good Continuous Grazing: Excellent Cover Crop: Excellent Good IVTD, NDFD, TDN % Digestibility: Palatability: Sweet & leafy Fertilizer: 1-11/4 Lbs N per growing day/acre

#### SEEDING RATES

Seeds Per Pound: 15,500 Soil Temperature: 62°F Seeding Depth: 1"-1.5"

Seeding Method	Dryland Lbs./Acre	-   -   -		Irrigated Seed/Acre
Drilled	25-35	35-45	387,500- 620,000	620,000- 852,500*
Broadcast	adcast 35-45 45-55		465,000- 697,500	697,500- 930,000

### HARVEST

First Cutting: 65-85 days Second Cutting: 35-40 days Third Cutting: 25-30 days

- Sweet Forever BMR is harvested between 65-85 inches. Later than most hybrids which adds yield to each cutting
- Cut 6-8 inches above ground level for best regrowth
- Cutting in the boot or pre-boot stage ensures a higher quality of feed and better regrowth
- See our guide for how to manage prussic acid and nitrates.

Field 1: Test weights at 14% moisture. Soil is very light and sandy.

First cutting: July 24- 3,488 lbs/acre

Second cutting: Sept. 15- 3,600 lbs/acre

Full season growth: Cut Sept. 15- 4,614 lbs/acre

Silage Sample: 14.42 tons per acre at 70% moisture

**Field 2:** Test weights at 14% moisture. Better, heavier, soil that handled drought stress well and was cut at full seasons growth on Sept. 15.

Full season growth: Cut Sept. 15- 7,854 lbs/acre

Over 8ft tall Yielding 7,854 lbs per acre



## Good drought tolerance!



## 20270 BMR & Late Maturity-



## SORGO SORGHUM x **SUDANGRASS**



- & Brown mid rib for high digestibility, lower lignin
- Fast growth pattern canopies quickly
- Se Good foliar disease package
- & Good growth pattern in southern regions where shorter day length can diminish sorghum yields
- & Excellent for use as a multiple cut hay and for grazing, or as a single cut for baleage

20270 is a new late maturity bmr-6 Sorghum Sudangrass hybrid with added yield potential over previous BMR hybrids, 20270 has improved early season growth during spring and summer planting. The hybrid is well adapted to all growing areas including the south, with its rapid growth 20270 can perform well in the southern environments where shorter day lengths can affect sorghum yields. 20270 is to be utilized as green chop for silage, baleage, grazing, or cut for high quality hay, multiple cuttings are possible in environments where adequate growing days are available as the regrowth of the hybrid is excellent. Adaptable to both irrigated or dryland situations.

#### AGRONOMIC TRAITS

Harvest Height: 60-80" Total Height: 84-96" Maturity: 70-80 Days later maturity = more yield Regrowth: 50-60 Days Midrib Type: BMR 6 Plant Type: Dry Stalk Standability: Excellent Photoperiod Sensitive: No Min./Max. pH: 6.0-7.5 Downy Mildew: Resistant Anthracnose: Resistant

#### **CROP USE INFORMATION**

Dryland/Irrigated: Both Double Cropping: Excellent Hay/Baleage Yield Potential: 8-10 DM Ton/Acre Silage: Excellent yield and harvest flexibility Rotational Grazing: Excellent Continuous Grazing: Excellent Cover Crop: Great for heavy cover Digestibility: Excellent BMR low lignin Palatability: Sweet and easy to chew Fertilizer: 1-11/4 Lbs N per growing day/acre

#### SEEDING RATES

Seeds Per Pound: 18,000 Soil Temperature: 62°F Seeding Depth: 1"-1.5"

Seeding Method	Harvest Stage	Dryland Lbs./ Acre	Irrigated Lbs./ Acre	Dryland Seed/ Acre	Irrigated Seed/ Acre
Drilled	Boot	25-35	30-40	450,000- 630,000	540,000- 720,000*
Broadcast	Boot	30-40	35-45	540,000- 720,000	630,000- 810,000

#### HARVEST

First Cutting: 60-80 days Second Cutting: 40-60 days Third Cutting: 40-60 days

- 20270 is harvested between 50-80 inches or boot stage for the best protein and digestibility.
- Cut 6-8 inches above ground level for best regrowth.
- See our guide for how to manage prussic acid and nitrate.

## Super Sugar

**Field 2:** Test weights at 14% moisture. Better, heavier, soil that handled drought stress well and was cut at full seasons growth on Sept. 15.

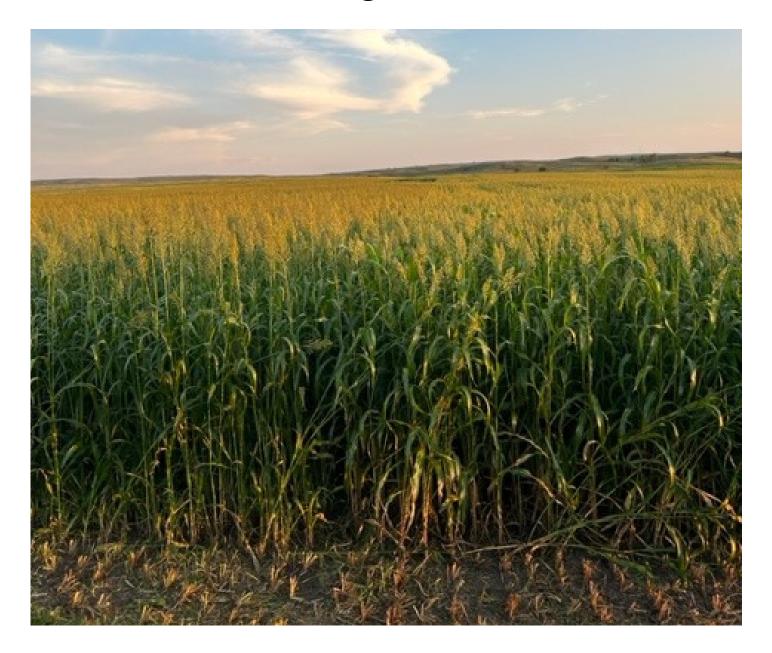
Full season growth: Cut Sept. 15- 7,530 lbs/acre

Did not plant Super Sugar in test field 1.

This is our most popular variety. It's the old tried, tested, and true variety that consistently yields well. Although, as you may have noticed, the new varieties are worth looking into.

## Super Sugar

Good drought tolerance!



Yielded 7,530 lbs per acre



## Super Sugar



## SORGO SORGHUM x SUDANGRASS



& Small seeded and thin stem type

Dark green color

Anthracnose and Downy Mildew resistant

Super Sugar is a quick growing 40-60 day summer annual grass for hay, grazing, silage or cover crop. Ideal for a fast crop with potential for 2-3 cuttings. The leaf to stem ratio, sugar content and disease resistance is better than other hybrids. To increase yield 2-3 tons & protein 1-3%, grow our Super Sugar DM. To increase forage quality and produce similar or better tonnage, plant one of our BMR hybrids.

### AGRONOMIC TRAITS

Height: 40-50" 50-55 Days to Boot Maturity: Excellent Regrowth: Midrib Type: Conventional Plant Type: Juicy Sweet Photoperiod Sensitive: No 6.0-7.5 Min./Max. pH: Downy Mildew: Resistant Anthracnose: Resistant

### CROP USE INFORMATION.

Ease of Establishment: Good Early Growth: Quick out of the ground Double Cropping: Excellent Dryland/Irrigated: Both Hay/Baleage Yield Potential: 5-8 DM Ton/Acre Silage: Good Rotational Grazing: Good Continuous Grazing: Good Cover Crop: Excellent Digestibility: Not as good as BMR Palatability: Sweet Fertilizer: 1-11/4 Lbs N per growing day/acre

#### SEEDING RATES

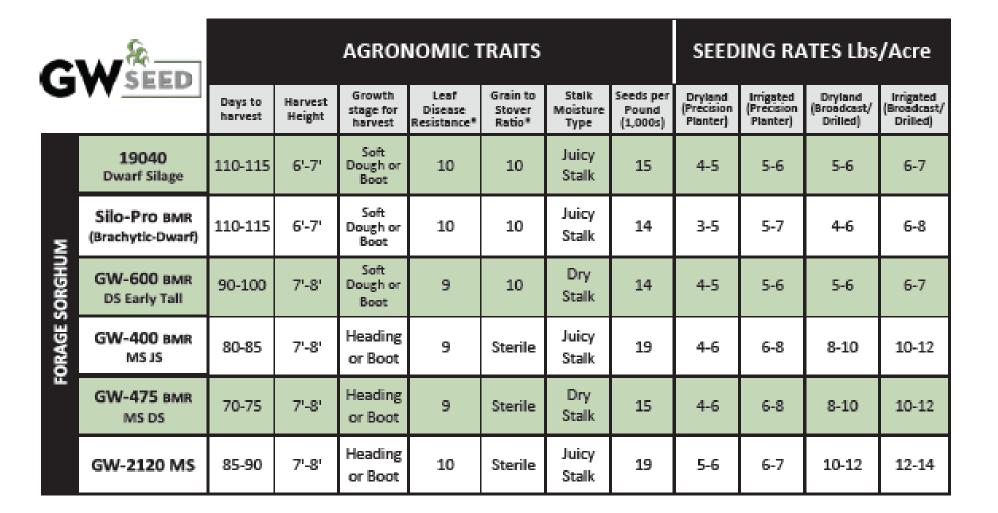
Seeds Per Pound: 19,500
Soil Temperature: 62°F
Seeding Depth: 1"-1.5"

Seeding Method	Harvest Stage	Dryland Lbs./ Acre	Irrigated Lbs./ Acre	Dryland Seed/ Acre	Irrigated Seed/ Acre
Drilled	Boot	30-45	45-60	585,000- 877,500	877,500- 1,170,000*
Broadcast	Boot	35-50	50-65	682,500- 975,000	975,000- 1,267,500

### HARVEST

First Cutting: 50-55 days Second Cutting: 25-30 days Third Cutting: 25-30 days

- Super Sugar is harvested between 40-50 inches or in the boot stage. It is quick to grow to maturity
- Cut 6-8 inches above ground level for best regrowth
- Cutting in the boot or pre-boot stage ensures a higher quality of feed and better regrowth
- See our guide for how to manage prussic acid and nitrates.



C	GWSEED			AL USE	CASE		PRODUCTIVITY					
_	V JEED	Balage	Hay	Silage	Grazing	Cover Crop	Dry Matter tons/acre	Lb gain/ acre	Milk/ acre	Protein Potential	Digest- ibility	Sugar Content
	19040 Dwarf Silage	10	6	10	8	10	10-12	10	10	11-13%	10	12-14%
Σ	Silo-Pro BMR (Brachytic-Dwarf)	10	7	10	8	8	10-12	10	10	11-13%	10	10-14%
SORGHUM	GW-600 BMR DS Early Tall	10	9	10	7	8	8-10	10	10	8-11%	10	10-14%
FORAGE S	GW-400 BMR MS JS	10	10	10	9	10	7-9	10	10	8-11%	10	18-22%
윤	GW-475 BMR MS DS	10	10	10	8	9	7-9	10	10	8-11%	10	14-16%
	GW-2120 MS	8	9	8	9	9	7-9	8	7	7-10%	7	18-20%

<sup>&</sup>quot;Scale of 1-10; 1 is poor and 10 is exceptional.

Note: ratings based on the average performance of a hybrid grown over a wide range of growing regions and soil types within its adapted maturity under typical growing conditions. Extreme conditions may adversely affect performance. Contact your local GW Seed specialist for additional information.

## Additional Silage Options

**Field 3:** Field is light, sandy soil, and the results are based on direct, wet cuttings. The varieties are dry stalk, cut at 60-70% moisture, planted at 10 pounds per acre, and thicker, super leafy plants.

**Test Results:** 

**475BMR Forage:** 22 tons per acre

**600BMR Forage:** 16.1 tons per acre

# FORAGE SORGHUM

## GW-475 BMR Male Sterile Dry Stalk



**GW-475 BMR** early maturity 70-80 day 7-8 ft dry stalk male sterile. This single cutting hay, stockpile grazing or silage hybrid performs well in a dryland or semi-irrigated environment. With GW-475 dry stalk, you can expect direct harvestability while standing. We recommend cutting at the bloom stage for sugar levels to be 18-21% and 65-70% moisture levels. Cutting at the boot stage increases fiber quality, protein, and moisture however lowers the sugar level.

### SILAGE YIELD POTENTIAL

## 20-23 Tons

HARVEST RECOMMENDATIONS					
Harvest Boot or Headed Bloom Stage					
Relative Maturity	Early				
Boot Maturity	60-65 Days				
Soft Dough Maturity	70-75 Days				

### AGRONOMIC TRAITS

Total Height	84-96"
Plant Type	Dry Stalk
Midrib Type	BMR-6
Standability	Good
Sugar Cane Aphid	No
Downy Mildew Resistant	Yes
Anthracnose Resistant	Yes
Double cropping	Yes
Dryland/Irrigated	Both

### SEEDING RATES

Seeding Method	Harvest Stage	Dryland Lbs./ Acre	Irrigated Lbs./ Acre	Dryland Seed/ Acre	Irrigated Seed/ Acre
Planter	Headed Out	4-6	6-8	60,000- 90,000	90,000- 120,000
Drill	Headed Out	8-10	10-12	120,000- 150,000	150,000- 180,000

SEE MANAGEMENT TIPS FOR PRUSSIC ACID AND NITRATE PAGE FER-TILIZER RECOMMENDATIONS: 1-1.25 LB. N PER GROWING DAY/ACRE SEED PER POUND: 15,000 SEEDING DEPTH: 1"-1.5" SOIL TEMPERATURE: 62°F



## **GW-600 BMR Dry Stalk**



**GW-600 BMR** is a early maturity 95-100 day 8-9 ft soft dough drystalk hybrid. Dryland it does great due to rapid early growth making tonnage quickly. With wide leaves it produces great quality. The drystalk reduces the plant moisture 3-5% increasing flexibility of harvest. 600 BMR is great dryland or semi irrigated not for rainfed or fully irrigated areas.

\*\*For rainfed or fully irrigated conditions we'd recommend a dwarf variety like 19040 or Silo Pro BMR.

### SILAGE YIELD POTENTIAL

## 23-26 Tons

HARVEST RECOMMENDATIONS					
Harvest Soft Dough or Boot Stage					
Relative Maturity	Medium Early				
Boot Maturity	70-75 Days				
Soft Dough Maturity	95-100 Days				

### **AGRONOMIC TRAITS**

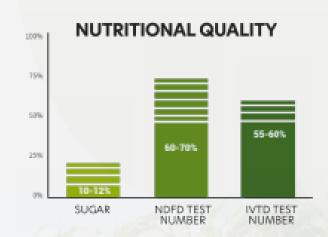
Total Height	96-108"		
Plant Type	Dry Stalk		
Midrib Type	BMR-6		
Standability	Good on dryland only		
Sugar Cane Aphid	No		
Downy Mildew Resistant	Yes		
Anthracnose Resistant	No		
Double cropping	Yes		
Dryland/Irrigated	Irrigated		

### SEEDING RATES

Seeding Method	Harvest Stage	Dryland Lbs./ Acre	Irrigated Lbs./ Acre	Dryland Seed/ Acre	Irrigated Seed/ Acre
Planter	Soft Dough	4-5	5-6	56,000- 70,000	70,000- 84,000
Drill	Soft Dough	5-6	6-7	70,000- 84,000	84,000- 98,000

SEE MANAGEMENT TIPS FOR PRUSSIC ACID AND NITRATE PAGE FER-TILIZER RECOMMENDATIONS: 1-1.25 LB. N PER GROWING DAY/ACRE SEED PER POUND: 14,000 SEEDING DEPTH: 1"-1.5"

SOIL TEMPERATURE: 62°F



## Additional Silage Information

- 2120, Sweet Forever, and Yield Max grow faster compared to other varieties.
- The 6 weeks of no rain on light soil put 475 and 600 behind to reach their full potential.
- There is a field of corn silage a half mile from test field 3 on similar soil and it doesn't out ton this Sorghum.

What you yield from corn silage, the sorghum silage will compare in tonnage, but sorghum silage will surpass corn silage in feed value. Sorghum silage is also cost effective to plant and cost per ton.

