# Social Communication & Self-Advocacy Tips

# Navigating Conversations & Speaking Up for Your Needs

Social interactions and self-advocacy can be challenging, but developing strategies can make communication more effective and less stressful. Whether you're engaging in everyday conversations or advocating for your needs, these tips can help build confidence and clarity.

### **Social Communication Tips**

### 1. Understanding Social Cues

- Pay attention to tone of voice, facial expressions, and body language.
- If unsure about someone's emotions, it's okay to ask for clarification.
- Use scripts or practiced phrases for common social situations.

### 2. Navigating Conversations

- Practice active listening by nodding or responding with short acknowledgments.
- Take turns speaking and allow pauses in conversation.
- If small talk feels overwhelming, prepare a few go-to topics in advance.

#### 3. Managing Social Overload

- Set time limits for social interactions if they become draining.
- Take sensory breaks if needed to avoid overwhelm.
- Use text-based communication when verbal interaction feels too exhausting.

#### 4. Handling Misunderstandings

- If someone misinterprets you, calmly restate your point in a different way.
- If needed, ask a trusted friend or mentor for feedback on communication style.
- Accept that not every conversation will go perfectly—and that's okay.

# Self-Advocacy Tips

# 1. Identifying Your Needs

- Reflect on what helps you feel comfortable and supported in different settings.
- Write down key needs (e.g., quiet environments, clear instructions) to make them easier to express.

# 2. Speaking Up with Confidence

- Use "I" statements (e.g., "I need extra time to process information.")
- Be direct but polite when expressing boundaries and preferences.
- If verbal advocacy is hard, consider using emails, notes, or pre-written scripts.

# 3. Setting Boundaries

- It's okay to say no to things that feel overwhelming.
- If someone dismisses your needs, calmly restate them or seek an alternative solution.
- Surround yourself with people who respect and support your boundaries.

### 4. Advocating in Different Settings

- At Work/School: Request accommodations that help you perform your best.
- In Healthcare: Clearly communicate sensory or communication needs to medical professionals.
- With Friends & Family: Educate loved ones on how to best support you in social situations.

#### **Final Thoughts**

Social communication and self-advocacy are lifelong skills that take time to develop. The most important thing is to find what works best for you and practice in ways that feel comfortable. Your needs and voice matter—never be afraid to use them. 💙