

## Natural Flavors: What's Really in Your Food?

- Definition: Natural flavors are derived from plant or animal sources, but they can be highly processed.
  - -Common Sources: Fruits, vegetables, meat, seafood, dairy, herbs, spices, and even fermentation.
    - Processing: Though labeled as "natural," these flavors undergo chemical processes to extract and concentrate them.



#### What Do Natural Flavors Contain?

- Primary Ingredient: The base ingredient (e.g., a fruit or spice).
- Additional Ingredients: Flavor compounds extracted with chemicals like solvents or carriers, often including preservatives, emulsifiers, or stabilizers.
- Hidden Chemicals: Up to 100 chemical compounds can be combined to create a single "natural flavor."



### Where Do You Find Natural Flavors?

- Processed Foods: Breakfast cereals, sodas, flavored snacks, candy, and frozen meals.
- Beverages: Flavored waters, sodas, and fruit juices.
- Packaged Snacks: Chips, cookies, crackers, and energy bars.



### How Are Natural Flavors Regulated in the U.S.?

- FDA Definition: The U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) defines natural flavors as substances derived from plant or animal matter.
- No Ingredient Transparency: Manufacturers are not required to disclose the exact chemicals used to create natural flavors, only the source (e.g., plant-based or animal-based).
- Common Additives: Some natural flavors contain solvents, carriers, and preservatives like propylene glycol or glycerin, which can still be considered "natural."



# Are Natural Flavors Different in Europe?

- Stricter Regulations: The European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) requires more transparency and stricter safety evaluations for flavoring compounds.
- Fewer Additives: In Europe, natural flavors must come predominantly from the original plant or animal source, with less chemical processing allowed.
- No Synthetic Solvents: European standards are more likely to ban solvents and other synthetic chemicals often found in U.S. "natural flavors."
  Key Point: Europe tends to restrict the use of chemically processed

compounds in flavors, making their definition of "natural" stricter.



# Are Natural Flavors Safe?"

- Cumulative Exposure: Consuming small amounts of chemicals in natural flavors daily can add up over time.
- Allergenic Reactions: Since manufacturers aren't required to list all ingredients, people with allergies might unknowingly consume allergens.
  - Misleading Label: The term "natural" often leads consumers to believe the product is healthier, even when it contains artificial or highly processed components.



#### Real Foods That Use Natural Flavors

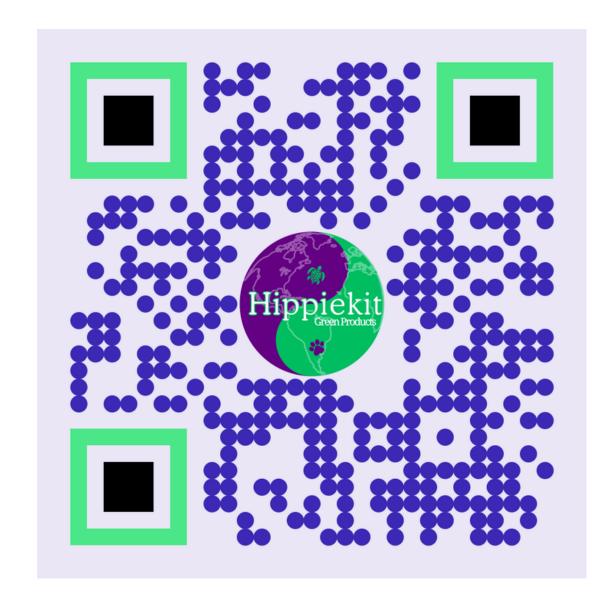
- Cereal Bars: Often contain "natural flavors" derived from fruit, but with added chemical compounds.
  - Flavored Drinks: "Fruit-flavored" waters and juices that list natural flavors usually contain processed flavor extracts.
- Chips & Snacks: "Natural" seasonings often contain a blend of processed flavor compounds.



# How to Avoid Natural Flavors

- Look for Whole Ingredients: Choose products flavored with real fruit, herbs, or spices, rather than generic "natural flavors."
  - Organic Products: Organic certification in the U.S. and Europe generally requires more transparency and fewer artificial processing agents.
    - Homemade Food: Preparing food from scratch using real ingredients is the best way to avoid hidden chemicals.

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