#### **Training Standard**



North County Technical Rescue Team

# **TOPIC:**

High Angle / Low Angle Rope Rescue

## **PURPOSE:**

To establish guidelines for conducting high angle/rope rescues.

### **DEFINITIONS:**

- High Angle: A rescue on a 45 to 90 degree surface
- Low Angle: A rescue on a 0 to 45 degree surface
- R.P.M.: Rack, Pulley, Mariners
- MPD: Multi Purpose Device

## TACTICAL CONSIDERATIONS:

- I. Assessment
  - A. Primary Assessment
    - 1. Size up
    - 2. Report on conditions
    - 3. Establish command
  - B. Secondary Assessment
    - 1. Access
    - 2. Egress
    - 3. Patient location

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#### II. Safety

- A. Render the area safe for operation
  - 1. Assign Rescue Group Supervisor
    - Must be well trained and versed in High and Low Angle Rope rescue
    - (b) Coordinate all rescue operations on the incident
    - (c) Coordinate with and advise Command of operations
  - 2. Establish perimeter
    - (a) Determine isolation zone and limit access of civilian and nonessential rescue personnel
    - (b) Make immediate rescue area safe
  - 3. Assign Safety Officer
    - Must be well trained and versed in High and Low Angle Rope Rescue
    - (b) Coordinate, all operations with the Rescue Group Supervisor
  - 4. Assign Rescue Team
    - (a) Personnel will be properly trained in High and Low Angle RopeRescue procedures and capable of carrying out the rescue/recovery
  - 5. Establish Rigging Group and Equipment
    - (a) Construct a Life line
    - (b) Construct a Belay (safety) line
    - (c) Secure anchor locations

## III. Rescue Operations

A. System Check

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- 1. Rescuers
- 2. Anchor system
- 3. Lowering and hauling system
- B. Victim treatment and removal
  - 1. Assess the level of consciousness
  - 2. Determine chief complaint
  - 3. Treat immediate life threatening injuries
  - 4. Package in appropriate device for extrication
- C. Transfer to Medical Group

IV. Termination

- A. Preparation for termination
  - 2. Personnel accountability
  - 3. In the event of a fatality or serious injury
    - (a) Leave all equipment in place
    - (b) Contact OSHA representative and have them respond to scene
- B. Clean up all equipment and place back in service
- C. Turn secured property back over to responsible party
- D. Terminate Command
- E. Conduct debriefing for rescue personnel
- F. Documentation
  - 1. Reporting
    - (a) Incident Commander is responsible for entering the report into the appropriate reporting database