MEDICAL ENGLISH

WORD PARTNERSHIPS 1

WORKBOOK

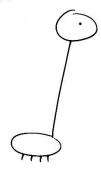


JAMES HUGH STEVENSON

Medical English Word Partnerships 1 Workbook

By

James Hugh Stevenson



Premier Potential Publishing

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About the author

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Introduction

This textbook is designed for English language learners who want to improve their medical English.

This book will improve English language learner's vocabulary. Learners will be able to understand how to use common, natural English to explain medical situations and problems in simple English.

Each unit has ten exercises of varying difficulty. Students will learn vocabulary and practice using it in sentences. There is a focus on asking and answering questions related to working in the medical industry.

10% Red Cross Donation

The author will donate 10% of his personal profits to the Japanese Red Cross to help support their good work.

How to use this textbook

Students should complete the exercises and then check the answers.

Answers can be found online at www.premierpotentialpublishing.com and at the back of this book.

Take a break.

Take

Examples

Take advice

You should take the doctor's advice.

Take medicine

You need to take this medicine.

Take a rest

You look exhausted. You need to take a rest.

Take a break

I'm going to take a break for five minutes.

Take a bath/shower

I'm filthy. Can I take a bath?

Take a seat

Please, take a seat.

Take a test/exam

You need to take an eye exam.

Take care

Take care of yourself.

Take a picture/an x-ray

We need to take an x-ray of your chest.

Take responsibility

You must take responsibility for your weight.

Exercise	1

1,00	0.00		
No.			

Unscramble the words.

1. I'm going to take <u>oyu you</u> to the operat	ing room.
2. You look tired. You should take a $\underline{\text{kebra}}$	
3. Take two <u>lttabes</u> thre	ee times a day after meals.
4. He hasn't taken a hatb	for three months. He is very dirty!
5. I'm not going to take ionsiertylspib	for that. It's not my fault.
6. I took a <u>xtai</u> to the h	ospital.
7. Bob hasn't taken a <u>oehswr</u>	for two weeks. He is quite smelly.
8. I gave up my job to take <u>rcae</u>	of my elderly mother.
9. Nurse, please take Mr. Johnson's <u>etrem</u>	erpatu
10. I'm afraid he has been taking illegal <u>rd</u>	usg
Exercise 3	
Match the beginning of the sentences on	the left with the correct ending on the right
1. Take aspirin <u>F</u>	A. of your health.
2. Take a vacation	B. off work.
3. Take care	C. of his chest.
4. Take a taxi	D. to the hospital.
5. Take some blood	E. from the patient.
6. Take an x-ray	F. for a headache.
7. Take my advice	G. in first aid.
8. Take a few days	H. and quit smoking.
9. Take a class	I. to Hawaii.
10. Take your time	J. there is no hurry.

Write the missing words in the blank spaces.

 $medication \ / \ care \ / \ for \ granted \ / \ pharmacy \ / \ anything \ / \ \frac{\text{seat}}{\text{seat}} \ / \ vacation \ / \ one \ pill \ a \ day \ / \ time \ / \ yoga \ / \ herbal$

A: Good morning Mrs Jones. Please to	take a <i>seat</i> .	
B: Thanks.		
A: What seems to be the trouble?		
B: I've been very tired recently. I just	t can't seem to sleep.	
A: Have you been taking	to help you sleep?	
B: Yes, I've been taking over the cou	nter herbal, but it hasn't been	working.
A: Have you had any stress in your li	fe recently?	
B: Yes, both at home and at work. It	hink my husband has been taking me	I can't do everything.
A: I see. You sound very busy. Maybe	e your trouble sleeping is down to stress. Can you	take a short
, just by yourself?		
B: No way, I've got too much to do?		
A: Okay, well let me give you a preso	cription for some sleeping pills. Take it to the	Only take a
maximum of Do	not take more than that. Stop taking the	medication. Don't
take both at the same time.		
B: I understand.		
A: If possible, take some	for yourself every day. Maybe take up	·
B: Thank you doctor.		
A: You're welcome. Take		

Exercise 5

Cross out the words that do **NOT** collocate with *take*.

1.	medicine	a pill	a tablet	antiseptic cream
2.	your time	a break	sleep	a nap
3.	through	down	up	out
4.	a day off	a holiday	time off	free time
5.	a phone	a call	a message	advice
6.	a shower	a toilet	a bath	a wet tissue
7.	foot	a bus	an ambulance	a taxi
8.	care	after	a see	advantage
9.	off	on	at	in
10.	a blood test	an x-ray	a heart review	an eye exam

Number the sentences to make a conversation. Which sentences are said by the doctor and which are said by the patient? Write **D** for doctor and **P** for patient.

Thank you.
I will. Thanks again.
What seems to be the trouble?
I've had a headache for the past five days.
_D 1 _Hello, please take a seat.
Here is a prescription for some stronger pain killers. Only take two every four hours. These pills can take about
ten minutes to take effect.
Thank you, doctor.
Have you taken anything for it?
Take my advice and take a rest.
I've been taking aspirin, but it hasn't worked.
Exercise 7
Read the passage, then answer the questions.
Man taken to hospital after taking too much heroin.
A man in his early twenties was found unconscious on Pine Street in the early hours of Sunday morning. He was taken by ambulance to hospital. The emergency room doctors stabilized him, and he is now recovering in hospital. The doctors took some blood and it was discovered that he had taken an overdose of heroin. Police are not sure if he intended to take his own life. The police said that he is an escaped prisoner. He escaped by assaulting a guard and taking his uniform and keys. He is a commar who used to take advantage of the elderly and take their money. He will be taken back to prison as soon as he recovers.
1. Why is the man in hospital?
He had taken an overdose of drugs.
2. What kind of drugs had he taken?

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3. What did the doctors take from the patient?

4. How did he escape from prison.

5. Why was the man in prison?

Wł	nat do the following sentences mean?	
1.	I can't take it anymore!	
2.	He can't take a joke.	
E	xercise 9	
Wr	rite medical sentences using take .	
E	xercise 10	
An	swer the questions.	
1. \	What do you always take on vacation?	
2. \	Why might a doctor need to take blood from a pation	ent?
3.	Do you take supplements?	
4. \	Who do you take after?	
5. \	What did you take from this lesson?	

Answers

UNIT 1 TAKE

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Exercise 2

- 1. I'm going to take **you** to the operating room.
- 2. You look tired. You should take a break.
- 3. Take two tablets three times a day after meals.
- 4. He hasn't taken a bath for three months. He is very dirty!
- 5. I'm not going to take **responsibility** for that. It's not my fault.
- 6. I took a taxi to the hospital.
- 7. Bob hasn't taken a **shower** for two weeks. He is quite smelly.
- 8. I gave up my job to take care of my elderly mother.
- 9. Nurse, please take Mr. Johnson's temperature.
- 10. I'm afraid he has been taking illegal drugs.

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Exercise 3

1.F 2.I 3.A 4.D 5.E 6.C 7.H 8.B 9.G 10.J

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Exercise 4

- A: Good morning Mrs Jones. Please take a seat.
- B: Thanks.
- A: What seems to be the trouble?
- B: I've been very tired recently. I just can't seem to sleep.
- A: Have you been taking **anything** to help you sleep?
- B: Yes, I've been taking over the counter herbal medication, but it hasn't been working.
- A: Have you had any stress in your life recently?
- B: Yes, both at home and at work. I think my husband has been taking me for granted. I can't do everything.
- A: I see. You sound very busy. Maybe your trouble sleeping is down to stress. Can you take a short vacation, just by yourself?
- B: No way, I've got too much to do?
- A: Okay, well let me give you a prescription for some sleeping pills. Take it to the **pharmacy**. Only take a maximum of **one pill a day**. Do not take more than that. Stop taking **herbal** medication. Don't take both at the same time.
- B: I understand.
- A: If possible, take some time for yourself every day. Maybe take up yoga.
- B: Thank you doctor.
- A: You're welcome. Take care.

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Exercise 5

1. medicine	a pill	a tablet	antiseptic cream
2. your time	a break	sleep	a nap
3. through	down	up	out
4. a day off	a holiday	time off	free time
5. a phone	a call	a message	advice
6. a shower	a toilet	a bath	a wet tissue
7. foot	a bus	an ambulance	a taxi
8. care	after	a see	advantage
9. off	on	at	in
10. a blood test	an x-ray	a heart review	an eye exam

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Exercise 6

- 1. Doctor: Hello, please take a seat.
- 2. Patient: Thank you.
- 3. Doctor: What seems to be the trouble?
- 4. Patient: I've had a headache for the past five days.
- 5. Doctor: Have you taken anything for it?
- 6. Patient: I've been taking aspirin, but it hasn't worked.
- 7. Doctor: Here is a prescription for some stronger pain killers. Only take two every four hours. These pills can take about ten minutes to take effect.
- 8. Patient: Thank you, doctor.
- 9. Doctor: Take my advice and take a rest.
- 10. Patient: I will. Thanks again.

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Exercise 7

1. Why is the man in hospital?

He had taken an overdose of drugs.

2. What kind of drugs had he taken?

He had taken heroin.

3. What did the doctors take from the patient?

They took some blood.

4. How did he escape from prison?

He assaulted a guard and took his uniform and keys.

5. Why was the man in prison?

He is a conman who took advantage of the elderly and took their money.

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Exercise 8

- 1. The person can't cope with the current situation.
- 2. He gets angry when he is made fun of or tricked.

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Exercise 10

Example answers.

1. What do you always take on vacation?

I always take wet tissues.

2. Why might a doctor need to take blood from a patient?

To evaluate how well some organs are working.

3. Do you take supplements?

Yes, I do. I take multivitamins every day.

4. Who do you take after?

I take after my father. We are both workaholics.

5. What did you take from this lesson?

I learned how to use take in medical English.