# **AVIATION MNEMONICS**

#### **Day VFR Required Equipment**

## A TOMATO FLAMES

- Altimeter
- Tachometer
- Oil pressure
- Magnetic compass
- Airspeed indicator
- Temperature sensor (if liquid-cooled)
- Oil temperature (if air cooled)
- Fuel gauge
- Landing gear position (if retractable)
- Anticollision lights (if certificated after March 11, 1996)
- Manifold pressure (if turbocharged or supercharged)
- ELT (if required by 14 CFR 91.207)
- Safety belts

#### Night VFR Required Equipment

## Day VFR Equipment + FLAPS

- Fuses (spares) or circuit breakers
- Landing light (if for hire)
- Anticollision lights
- Position lights
- Source of electricity

#### **IFR Required Equipment**

# Day (or Night) VFR Equipment + GRAB CARD

- Generator or alternator
- Radios
- Attitude indicator
- Ball
- Clock
- Adjustable altimeter
- Rate-of-turn indicator
- Directional gyro

#### Engine Run-Up

#### CIGAR

- Controls (free and correct, trim and flaps set)
- Instruments (checked and set)
- Gas (fuel level, pumps, and tank selector)
- Airplane secure, annunciators, autopilot test
- Run-up and radios

#### **Before Takeoff**

## LIGHTS, CAMERA, ACTION

- Lights: ON
- Camera: Transponder set to ALT
- Action: Critical items checked

#### Before Landing (Downwind)

## CGUMPS

- Carburetor heat: ON
- Gas: SET to the proper tank(s)
- Undercarriage: DOWN
- Mixture: SET for a go-around
- Power: AS REQUIRED
- Seatbelts and switches: ON

#### **Before Landing (Short Final)**

## PUFFS

- Propellers: FORWARD
- Undercarriage: DOWN
- Flaps (Wing): EXTENDED
- Flaps (Cowl): CLOSED
- Seatbelts and switches: ON

#### **Go-Around**

## The 5 C's

- Cram: Full power (smoothly)
- Climb: Pitch for Vx or Vy
- Clean: Flaps and gear UP
- Cool: Cowl flaps OPEN
- Call: Make a radio call

Engine Failure [ASEL]

## ABCDEFG

- Airspeed: Pitch for best glide speed
- Best Landing Option: Establish and turn if necessary
- Checklists or Configure: As the situation dictates
- Declare an Emergency: Make a radio call (121.5)
- Execute an Emergency Landing: "Aviate" first
  - Fire Prevention: Fuel and electrical OFF
  - Ground Plan: Exit with safety equipment

#### **Engine Restart Criteria**

#### VFR

- Vibration? None observed
- Rotation? Possible if no visible damage
- Fire? No smoke, fire, or fluid leaks

#### **Emergency Transponder Codes**

- 7500: "Hi, Jack."
- 7600: "Can't talk now."
- 7700: "I'm on Fire!"

#### Wind Reports

## "If written it's true. If spoken it's magnetic."

METARs, TAFs, and winds aloft are in reference to true north. ATIS, PIREPs, and automated weather reports are in reference to magnetic north.

#### Weather Minimums

#### 3 152's

- 3 SM visibility
- 1,000' above clouds
- 500' below clouds
- 2,000' horizontally from clouds

## 5 F-111's

- 5 SM visibility
- 1,000' above clouds
- 1,000' below clouds
- 1 SM horizontally from clouds

Preflight Action (14 CFR 91.103)

# WEALTH (of Information)

- Weather reports and forecasts\*
- Expected takeoff and landing performance
- Alternatives available\*
- Length of runways to be used
- Traffic delays\*
- How much fuel is required\*

\* = Required on flights under IFR or not in the vicinity of an airport

# AV1ATE

- Annual: 12 calendar months
- VOR (IFR): 30 days
- 100 Hour (if for hire): 100 hours
- Altimeter and pitot-static system (IFR): 24 calendar months
- Transponder: 24 calendar months
- ELT: 12 calendar months

## **Required Aircraft Documents**

## ARROW

- Airworthiness Certificate
- Radio Telephone License (if international)
- **R**egistration Certificate
- **O**perator's handbook (AFM/POH)
- Weight and balance data

#### Standard AFM/POH Contents

# (MR.) GLEN P. WAHS

- General
- Limitations
- Emergency Procedures
- Normal Procedures
- Performance
- Weight and Balance/Equipment List
- Airplane and System Description
- Handling, Service, and Maintenance
- Supplements

#### Before Each Maneuver

# CHAPS

- Clear the area (clearing turns)
- Heading established and noted
- Altitude established
- Position near an emergency landing area
- Set power and aircraft configuration

# **FEET SO 14-50**

- Federal airway (1,200' AGL up to 18,000' MSL)
- Extension to a surface area
- En route domestic area
- Transition area (700' or 1,000' AGL)
- Surface area designated for an airport
- Offshore airspace area (beyond 12 NM)
- 14,500' everywhere else

#### **Special Use Airspace Types**

## McPRAWN

- Military Operation Areas (Nonregulatory)
- Controlled Firing Areas (Nonregulatory)
- Prohibited Areas (Regulatory)
- Restricted Areas (Regulatory)
- Alert Areas (Nonregulatory)
- Warning Areas (Nonregulatory)
- National Security Areas (Nonregulatory)

## Airport Sign Types

# MIDDLR

- Mandatory instruction
- Information
- Destination
- Direction
- Location
- Runway distance remaining

#### Determination of VMc [AMEL]

#### SMACFUM

- Standard day
- Most unfavorable weight (light)
- And most unfavorable CG (aft)
- Critical engine windmilling
- Flaps set for takeoff, gear UP, trim for takeoff
- Up to 5° of bank
- Maximum power on the operating engine

#### **Determination of Critical Engine [AMEL]**

#### PAST

- P-Factor
- Accelerated slipstream
- Spiraling slipstream
- Torque

#### **Standard Flight Manual Format**

- 1. General
- 2. Limitations
- 3. Emergency Procedures
- 4. Normal Procedures
- 5. Performance
- 6. Weight and Balance/Equipment List
- 7. Airplane and System Description
- 8. Handling, Service, and Maintenance
- 9. Supplements
- 10. Optional information (e.g., Safety and Operational Tips)