

**Dr. Rosa C. Gonzalez**

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**Adult Bipolar Spectrum Diagnostic Scale (BSDS)**

Patient Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

**Instructions: Please read through the entire passage below before filling in any blanks.**

Some individuals notice that their mood and/or energy levels shift drastically from time to time .

These individuals notice that, at times, their mood and/or energy level is very low, and at other times, very high .

During their “low” phases, these individuals often feel a lack of energy; a need to stay in bed or get extra sleep; and little or no motivation to do things they need to do .

They often put on weight during these periods .

During their low phases, these individuals often feel “blue”, sad all the time, or depressed .

Sometimes, during these low phases, they feel hopeless or even suicidal .

Their ability to function at work or socially is impaired .

Typically, these low phases last for a few weeks, but sometimes they last only a few days .

Individuals with this type of pattern may experience a period of “normal” mood in between mood swings, during which their mood and energy level feels “right” and their ability to function is not disturbed .

They may then notice a marked shift or “switch” in the way they feel .

Their energy increases above what is normal for them, and they often get many things done they would not ordinarily be able to do .

Sometimes, during these “high” periods, these individuals feel as if they have too much energy or feel “hyper” .

Some individuals, during these high periods, may feel irritable, “on edge”, or aggressive .

Some individuals, during these high periods, take on too many activities at once .

During these high periods, some individuals may spend money in ways that cause them trouble .

They may be more talkative, outgoing, or sexual during these periods .

Sometimes, their behavior during these high periods seems strange or annoying to others .

Sometimes, these individuals get into difficulty with co-workers or the police, during these high periods .

Sometimes, they increase their alcohol or non-prescription drug use during these high periods .

**1. Now that you have read this passage, please check one of the following four boxes:**

- This story fits me very well, or almost perfectly
- This story fits me fairly well
- This story fits me to some degree, but not in most respects
- This story does not really describe me at all

**2. Now please go back and put a check after each sentence that definitely describes you.**

**The Bipolar Spectrum Diagnostic Scale Scoring:**

Each sentence checked is worth one point.

Add 6 points for “fits me very well,” 4 points for “fits me fairly well,” and 2 points for “fits me to some degree.”

**TOTAL SCORE:** \_\_\_\_\_

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**Total score Likelihood of bipolar disorder (from Ghaemi)**

**0 – 6 Highly unlikely**

**7 – 12 Low risk**

**13– 19 Moderate risk**

**20– 25 High risk**

**Optimum threshold for positive diagnosis: score of 13 or above.**

Sensitivity to Bipolar I & II: .75

Specificity in unipolar depressed outpatients: .93

Diagnostic Likelihood for Positive (DLR+): 10.7

Diagnostic Likelihood for Positive (DLR+): .27

**Reference:**

Ghaemi, S. N., Miller, C. J., Berv, D. A., Klugman, J., Rosenquist, K. J., & Pies, R. W. (2005). Sensitivity and specificity of a new bipolar spectrum diagnostic scale. *Journal of Affective Disorders, 84*(2-3), 273-277.