



**Lytton
First
Nation**

Wednesday, July 20, 2022, Day 7 12:00PM

Next Meeting:

In Person Meeting.

SVNS Gym

1:00 pm Thursday, July 21, 2022

Come meet our LFN EOC Team!

Generator Safety: Using a Generator Safely at Home

Using a portable generator after a power outage is definitely handy, but generators can be dangerous if they're used incorrectly. Be cautious and always follow all safety instructions provided by the manufacturer. The following are some safety tips and information about the dangers of home generators. You should consult a professional for assistance when installing a home generator and for advice with respect to your specific circumstances and generator type.

Setting up your generator

- Start by making sure the generator has all the necessary safety labels.
- Make sure the generator you purchase is rated for the power that you think you will need.
- Find a qualified electrician to install the generator in a safe location.
- Before using a generator make sure the unit is properly grounded and follow the instructions and electrical codes carefully.
- When in doubt always ask a professional.

Potential Hazards

The two main hazards to be aware of when using a generator are electrocution and carbon monoxide poisoning. Portable generators can also be fire hazards.

And Electrocution.

- Losing power during a flood is not uncommon. However, never use a generator in a flooded basement. It's important to keep the generator in a dry place.

PO Box 20, Lytton, BC Canada, V0K1Z0 Phone:250-455-2304 Fax:250-455-2291



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- Make sure to protect the generator from rain and cover it with a canopy if necessary.
- Always operate the generator in a dry place and make sure your hands are dry.

Carbon Monoxide Poisoning

- Carbon monoxide poisoning happens when someone breaths in too much carbon monoxide, an odorless colorless gas that can be deadly.
- Be sure to keep the generator somewhere with proper ventilation.
- If the generator is outside, don't place it close to any windows or vents because carbon monoxide can build up inside.
- Have working carbon monoxide detectors throughout your home and check the batteries frequently. If the detectors are wired to the house's electricity supply, make sure they have battery-powered back-ups.
- The symptoms of carbon monoxide poisoning include dizziness, headaches, nausea and tiredness. If you experience any of these symptoms go outside for fresh air immediately.

Fire Hazard

- Generators become extremely hot during operation.
- Let the generator cool down and turn it off before refueling. Never refuel the generator while it's still hot.
- Store your fuel outside in approved containers. Don't store any fuel near a fuel-burning appliance or the generator itself.

<https://www.redcross.ca/how-we-help/emergencies-and-disasters-in-canada/be-ready-emergency-preparedness-and-recovery/generator-safety>



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BC Hydro

You may see security personnel posted in a few locations in community. These personnel are BC Hydro contractors and are here temporarily to ensure that equipment and materials needed to restore power are safely stored.

Transportation and storage of livestock contact:

Kevin Duncan

Cell 778 254 - 4333

Email cc.kduncan@lfn.band or nro@nntc.ca

Communications: We are requesting Members to text or call ESS Coordinator Bobbi and ESS Liaison Teresa.

ESS Coordinator: Bobbi McKay

Cell 778 254-9754

ESS Liaison: Teresa Raphael

Cell 778 538 - 1186