

Washington Animal Disease Diagnostic Lab

**P.O. Box 647034
Pullman, WA 99164-7034
Telephone : (509) 335-9696
Fax : (509) 335-7424**

**Case#: 2021-4425
Report Date: 03/30/21**

Submittal Date: 03/26/21
Owner: Ervin, Dominique

Species: Domestic Goat

Age:
Sex:

Final Report:

Serology- Reported on 03/30/21 Authorized by James Evermann, Section Head

Please see Serology test interpretation comments at end of report

Sample	Animal	Caseous
1 A Serum	Elmer	Neg
2 A Serum	Spelly	Neg
3 A Serum	Parz	Neg
4 A Serum	Moves	Neg
5 A Serum	Philo	Neg
6 A Serum	Basil	Neg
7 A Serum	Licorice	Neg
8 A Serum	Galina	Neg
9 A Serum	Rime	Neg
10 A Serum	Flitter	Neg
11 A Serum	Sakura	Neg
12 A Serum	Merlot	Neg

Johne's Disease by ELISA

Specimen	Animal	SP ratio	Result
1 A Blood, Clotted	Elmer	-0.001	Negative
2 A Blood, Clotted	Spelly	0.002	Negative
3 A Blood, Clotted	Parz	-0.002	Negative
4 A Blood, Clotted	Moves	-0.003	Negative
5 A Blood, Clotted	Philo	-0.003	Negative
6 A Blood, Clotted	Basil	-0.003	Negative
7 A Blood, Clotted	Licorice	-0.002	Negative
8 A Blood, Clotted	Galina	0.002	Negative
9 A Blood, Clotted	Rime	-0.002	Negative
10 A Blood, Clotted	Flitter	-0.002	Negative
11 A Blood, Clotted	Sakura	-0.004	Negative

Washington Animal Disease Diagnostic Lab

Johne's Disease by ELISA

Specimen	Animal	SP ratio	Result
12 A Blood, Clotted	Merlot	0.005	Negative

Lentivirus ELISA goats/sheep

Specimen	Animal	% I	Result
1 A Blood, Clotted	Elmer	-3.268	Negative
2 A Blood, Clotted	Spelly	0.980	Negative
3 A Blood, Clotted	Parz	2.941	Negative
4 A Blood, Clotted	Moves	2.941	Negative
5 A Blood, Clotted	Philo	2.397	Negative
6 A Blood, Clotted	Basil	2.397	Negative
7 A Blood, Clotted	Licorice	6.100	Negative
8 A Blood, Clotted	Galina	3.268	Negative
9 A Blood, Clotted	Rime	0.980	Negative
10 A Blood, Clotted	Flitter	2.070	Negative
11 A Blood, Clotted	Sakura	5.120	Negative
12 A Blood, Clotted	Merlot	5.011	Negative

Johne's Disease by ELISA : SOP-SERO-27

Negative: Antibodies to *M. paratuberculosis* were not detected. The animal is either not infected or in a very early, undetectable stage of infection.

Suspect: Low level of serum antibodies but above normal background levels. The animal may be in the early stages of infection. Cattle with this result are roughly 15 times more likely to be *M. paratuberculosis* infected than ELISA negative animals. Fecal culture or repeat serologic testing needed to resolve status.

Positive: Serum (cattle, goats, sheep)/milk (cattle only) antibodies to *M. paratuberculosis* detected. This animal is likely to be shedding the bacterium in its feces and possibly in its milk. Recommend animal be segregated.

Serology Test interpretation comments:

Caseous Lymphadenitis SHI-testing. : SOP-SERO-33

Synergistic Hemolysin-Inhibition Test (SHI-test) measures the antibody response to the exotoxin of *Corynebacterium pseudotuberculosis*, the causative agent of caseous lymphadenitis in sheep and goats, and pigeon fever or breastbone fever in horses.

Titers of < 1:8 are considered negative. The predictive value of negative titers is enhanced if all herd mates also test negative. *{Antibody negative results do not definitively rule out infection by C. pseudotuberculosis, therefore it is recommended that all abscesses be cultured regardless of antibody status. Antibody negative animals with an abscess should be isolated from herd mates.}*

Titers between 1:8 and 1:256 are interpreted as evidence of infection, colostral immunity or vaccination.

Washington Animal Disease Diagnostic Lab

SRLV - Small Ruminant Lentivirus (CAE/OPP) (cELISA) : SOP-SERO-32

Negative: No antibody to small ruminant lentivirus (SRLV) detected. Submit an additional serum sample drawn in 60 - 90 days in order to detect recent infection.

POSITIVE: Antibody to small ruminant lentivirus (SRLV) detected. A positive result indicates infection or passively acquired antibody via colostrum or serum therapy.

The percentage inhibition value is used only to determine the cutoff for detection (or non-detection) of specific antibody to Small Ruminant Lentivirus (CAE/OPP) per the kit manufacturer's requirements. It is NOT a substitute for antibody titer, nor is it used to predict clinical disease status or likelihood of developing clinical disease. If there are any questions regarding the assay, results or interpretation, please contact the laboratory and ask for the Consulting Microbiologist.

NOTE: SRLV includes caprine arthritis-encephalitis virus (CAEV) and ovine progressive pneumonia virus (OPPV)/ Maedi-Visna. Recent molecular epidemiology has shown both viruses are variants within a group best characterized as small ruminant lentiviruses. The c-ELISA detects both variants. For more information, please see the Animal Disease FAQ on the WADDL home page.