# Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs)

## **Volunteer Search and Rescue Unit**

## Effective Date: 2/22/2025

**Purpose:** To establish consistent, safe, and effective procedures for responding to search and rescue incidents.

## 1. Activation and Mobilization

**Objective:** Ensure rapid and organized deployment of the SAR unit upon receiving a request for assistance.

### Procedure:

# 1. Incident Notification

- The SAR unit is activated via an official request from law enforcement, emergency services, or a designated coordinator.
- Notification is received through the unit's primary communication channel (e.g., phone, radio, text alert system).

### 2. Initial Assessment

- The SAR Coordinator or Team Leader acknowledges the request and gathers initial details:
  - Nature of the incident (e.g., missing hiker, lost child, natural disaster).
  - Location and terrain (e.g., coordinates, urban/rural, weather conditions).
  - Number of missing people and last known position (LKP).
  - Timeframe of disappearance.
- Verify the request's legitimacy with the requesting authority if unclear.

## 3. Team Mobilization

- The Team Leader assigns available volunteers based on skills, proximity, and availability.
- Volunteers confirm participation within 15 minutes of notification.
- Minimum team size: 2 members unless otherwise specified.
- Volunteers assemble at a designated staging area within 1 hour of activation (or as directed).

## 4. Equipment Check

- Each volunteer ensures they have:
  - Personal gear (e.g., appropriate clothing, flashlight, water, food).
  - SAR kit (e.g., map, compass/GPS, first aid supplies, communication device).
  - Team gear (e.g., ropes, stretchers) as assigned by the Team Leader.

#### 2. Response to Search Incidents

**Objective:** Locate and assist missing persons efficiently while maintaining volunteer safety.

### Procedure:

- 1. Briefing
  - At the staging area, the Team Leader conducts a briefing:
    - Share incident details, maps, and search boundaries.
    - Assign roles (e.g., searchers, communicator, scribe).
    - Establish a timeline and check-in intervals (e.g., every 30 minutes via radio).

## 2. Search Execution

- Deploy in assigned patterns (e.g., grid, line, or sector search) based on terrain and incident details.
- Maintain visual or auditory contact with team members unless otherwise instructed.
- Mark searched areas with flagging, GPS waypoints, or other agreed-upon methods.
- Report clues (e.g., footprints, clothing) immediately to the Team Leader without disturbing evidence.

## 3. Safety Protocols

- Volunteers must:
  - Stay within assigned areas and avoid freelancing.
  - Monitor weather and personal fatigue; report hazards (e.g., cliffs, water) immediately.
  - Use the "buddy system" unless approved otherwise by the Team Leader.
- Cease operations if conditions become unsafe (e.g., lightning, flooding) and retreat to the staging area.

## 4. Subject Located

- If the missing person is found:
  - Announce via radio: "Subject located at [coordinates/time]."
  - Assess the person's condition (e.g., conscious, injured) and provide first aid as needed.
  - Notify the Team Leader and await instructions for extraction or additional support.
- If deceased, secure the area, avoid disturbing the scene, and await law enforcement.

## 3. Response to Rescue Incidents

**Objective:** Safely extract and stabilize individuals in distress.

#### **Procedure:**

#### 1. Approach and Assessment

- Approach cautiously, assessing environmental hazards (e.g., unstable ground, water currents).
- Establish communication with the subject if possible (e.g., verbal, hand signals).
- Evaluate injuries or immediate needs (e.g., hypothermia, dehydration).

# 2. Rescue Operations

- Deploy necessary equipment (e.g., ropes, harnesses, stretchers) under the Team Leader's direction.
- Use trained personnel for technical rescues (e.g., high-angle, swift water); untrained volunteers assist only as directed.
- Stabilize the subject before moving unless immediate danger exists (e.g., fire, rising water, certain environmental emergencies).

## 3. Extraction

- Move the subject to a safe location or handover point for emergency services.
- Maintain constant communication with the team and external agencies (e.g., EMS, police).
- Document the subject's condition and actions taken for handover.

## 4. Communication Protocols

**Objective:** Ensure clear and reliable communication during operations.

# **Procedure:**

## 1. Primary Communication

- o Use designated radios or phones with assigned channels/frequencies.
- Test devices before deployment.

### 2. Check-Ins

- Teams report status to the Team Leader at pre-set intervals (e.g., every 60 minutes).
- Use concise updates: "Team 1, all clear, coordinates X/Y, 1300 hours."

## 3. Emergency Signals

- Verbal: "Mayday" or "Emergency" repeated three times.
- Visual: Three whistle blasts, flashlight pulses, or arm waves.
- o Immediately report emergencies to the Team Leader and follow their instructions.

### 5. Debriefing and Stand-Down

**Objective:** Conclude operations effectively and improve future responses.

### Procedure:

# 1. **Operation Conclusion**

- The Team Leader declares the mission complete when:
  - The subject is found and handed over.
  - Authorities have called off the search.
  - Safety or resource limits are reached.
- All teams return to the staging area.

## 2. **Debriefing**

- Conduct a group debrief within 24 hours:
  - Discuss what worked well and challenges encountered.
  - Collect logs, notes, and observations from volunteers.
- Address emotional well-being; offer support resources if needed.

# 3. Equipment and Reporting

• Inspect and restock gear, report damage or losses.

- The duty officer submits a written report to the SAR Coordinator within 48 hours, including:
  - Timeline, actions taken, and outcomes.
  - GPS tracklogs if applicable.
  - Recommendations for future operations.

# 6. General Guidelines

- **Safety First:** Volunteers' safety takes priority over all else. No unnecessary risks are to be taken.
- Training Compliance: Only perform tasks for which you are trained and certified.
- **Coordination:** Operate under the direction of the Team Leader and in collaboration with external agencies.
- **Confidentiality:** Do not share incident details publicly unless authorized.