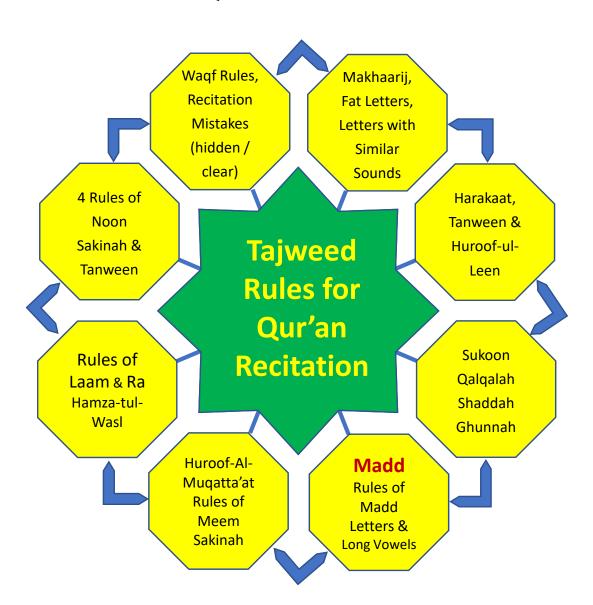
A Basic Step-by-Step Guide to Improve Your Qur'an Recitation



Supplications For Knowledge

O my Lord, Open my chest, ease my task, and give me the eloquence in my speech so they understand my message.

Surah TaHa – Verses 25 - 28

O Allah, benefit us from the knowledge that you gave us and teach us what will benefit us and increase us in knowledge

0

O Allah, grant us the understanding of the Deen





Rules of Madd Part 1 of 2

23rd April 2025

by M Billal Siddiqui



Madd

مد

We have already seen that there are 3 Madd letters; Alif (\setminus), Waow ($_{\circ}$), and Yaa ($_{\circ}$). Madd means to extend, stretch or elongate the Fathah, Kasrah, or Dhammah sound.

Madd can be divided into two groups:

Types of Madd

مد الفرعي

Madd-e-Far'ee (2, 4, 5, 6 counts)

Madd-e-Far'ee is also known as:

- Secondary Madd



Madd-e-Asli (2 counts)

Madd-e-Asli is also known as:

- Natural Madd
- Madd-e-Tabi'ee



Madd-e-Asli (مد اصلی) - this is also known as Natural Madd

Madd-e-Asli comes when:

- Alif comes after a Fathah in a word as in
- Waow comes after a Dhammah in a word as in تُوبُو
- Yaa comes after a Kasrah in a word as in



2. Madd-e-Far'ee (مد الفرعى) – this is also known as Secondary Madd

Madd-e-Far'ee comes when:

- Hamza comes after a Madd letter OR
- Sukoon or Shaddah comes after a Madd letter



Madd



Madd can be divided into two groups:

Types of Madd

مد الفرعي

Madd-e-Far'ee (2, 4, 5, 6 counts)

Madd-e-Far'ee is also known as:

- Secondary Madd

مد اصلی

Madd-e-Asli (2 counts)

Madd-e-Asli is also known as:

- Natural Madd
- Madd-e-Tabi'ee



Types of Madd-e-Asli

مد اصلی

Madd-e-Asli can be sub-divided into three types.

Types of Madd-e-Asli

مد عِوَضْ

Madd-e-Iwad (2 counts)

Also known as Substitute Madd مد صِلَة الصُغْرى

Madd Silat-us-Sughra (2 counts)

Also known as Smaller Connected Madd مد بَدَلْ

Madd-e-Badal (2 counts)



Types of Madd-e-Asli

مد اصلی

Madd-e-Asli can be sub-divided into three types.

Types of Madd-e-Asli

مد عِوض

Madd-e-Iwad (2 counts)

Also known as Substitute Madd مد صِلَة الصُغْرى

Madd Silat-us-Sughra (2 counts)

Also known as Smaller Connected Madd مد بَدَلْ

Madd-e-Badal (2 counts)



Madd-e-Badal

مد بَدَلْ

Madd-e-Badal applies to words that have a Hamzah with any vowel sign on it, followed by a Madd letter.

- If there is a letter Hamzah with a vowel sign coming before a Madd letter (Alif, Waow, Ya) in the same word, then this is called Madd-e-Badal (or Exchange Madd).
- The length of this Madd is 2 counts.

Originally, there were 2 Hamzah in the word, the first with a vowel sign and the second with a Sukoon on it. The second Hamzah was changed to a Madd letter according to the vowel sign on the first Hamzah.

Indo-Pak Script	Uthmani Script	Hamzah before Madd Letter
بِأَيْتِنَا الْمِنُوا	بِعَايَاتِنَا ءَامِنُواْ	ءَ ا
الفِهِمَ ايْمَانًا	إِ الفِهِم إِيمَانًا	ءِ ي
مُسْتَهُزِءُونَ أُوثُوا	مُسَتَهَزِءُونَ أُوتُواْ	ءُ و



Types of Madd-e-Asli

مد اصلی

Madd-e-Asli can be sub-divided into three types.

Types of Madd-e-Asli

مد بَدَلْ مد بَدَلْ مد عِوَضْ

Madd-e-Iwad (2 counts)

Types of Madd-e-Asli

Ac a count of Madd-e-Asli

Madd-e-Asli

Ac a count of Madd-e-Asli

Madd-e-Badal (2 counts)

Also known as Substitute Madd Also known as Smaller Connected Madd

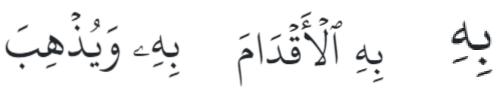


Madd Silah-as-Sughra

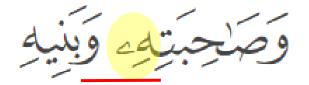
مد صِلَة الصُغرى

Madd Silatus-Sughra is also known as the "Smaller Connected Madd".

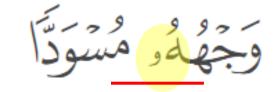
- When the Pronoun (ضير) or possessive pronoun Haa (ه / ها) with a Dhammah or a Kasrah, comes at the end of a word and has a letter with a vowel sign on both sides of it.
- The length of this Madd is 2 counts.
- This rule does not apply if we are stopping on the word that has the pronoun at the end.



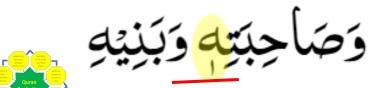
Uthmani script







Indo-Pak script







Types of Madd-e-Asli

مد اصلی

Madd-e-Asli can be sub-divided into three types.

Types of Madd-e-Asli

مد عِوَ<mark>ض</mark>

Madd-e-Iwad (2 counts)

Also known as Substitute Madd مد صِلَة الصُغْرى

Madd Silat-us-Sughra (2 counts)

Also known as Smaller Connected Madd مد بَدَلْ

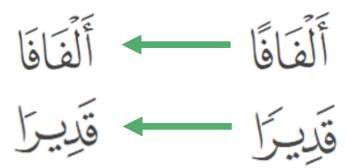
Madd-e-Badal (2 counts)

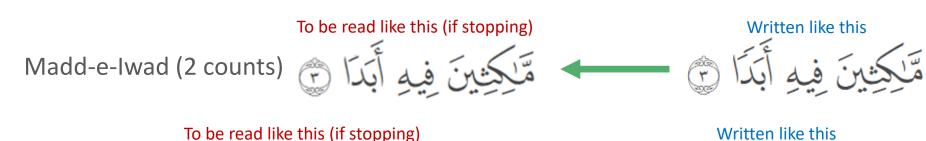


Madd-e-Iwadh

Madd-e-Iwad applies to words that have a Fathatain at the end and we intend to stop at that word.

- When we stop at a word that has a Fathah Tanween at the end, we substitute the tanween for a single Fathah and keep the Madd letter Alif and stretch the Madd letter 2 counts.
- This type of Madd is called Madd-e-Iwad.
- The length of this Madd is 2 counts.
- This is also called "Substitute Madd".





Madd-e-Iwad (2 counts)









A note about Fathatain

There is usually an alif written at the end of any word that ends with Fathah Tanween.

أُجُرًا

نفورًا

كِتَابًا

Exceptions

• If the last letter of the word, with a Fathatain, is a Ta Marbootah then the ending Alif is not written.

قَنْحَتَ وَ اللهُ الله

• If the word ends with an Alif Maksoorah, then the last Alif is not written.

هُدًى

• If the word ends with a Hamzah that has a Fathatain on it, then the last Alif is not written.

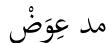


Types of Madd-e-Asli

مد اصلی

Madd-e-Asli can be sub-divided into three types.

Types of Madd-e-Asli (2 Counts)

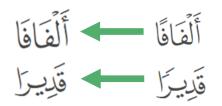


Madd-e-Iwad (2 counts)

Madd-e-Iwad applies to words that have a Fathatain at the end and we intend to stop at that word.

Also known as Substitute

Madd

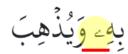




Madd Silat-us-Sughra (2 counts)

When the Pronoun or possessive pronoun Haa (*) with a Dhammah or a Kasrah, comes at the end of a word and has a letter with a vowel sign on both sides of it.

Also known as Smaller Connected Madd





Madd-e-Badal (2 counts)

Madd-e-Badal applies to words that have a Hamzah with any vowel sign on it, followed by a Madd letter.





Madd



Madd means to extend, stretch or elongate the Fathah, Kasrah, or Dhammah sound.

Madd can be divided into two groups:

Types of Madd



Madd-e-Far'ee (2, 4, 5, 6 counts)

Madd-e-Far'ee is also known as:

- Secondary Madd



Madd-e-Asli (2 counts)

Madd-e-Asli is also known as:

- Natural Madd
- Madd-e-Tabi'ee



Types of Madd-e-Far'ee



Madd-e-Far'ee (مد الفرعي) – Secondary Madd comes when either:

- <u>Hamzah</u> comes after a Madd letter (ا, و, ی)
 OR
- **Sukoon** or **Shaddah** comes after a Madd letter (ا, و, ی)

Madd-e-Far'ee can be subdivided into two types.

Types of Madd-e-Far'ee Madd due to Madd due to **Sukoon** Hamzah or **Shaddah** Madd-e-Madd-e-Muttasil Madd Silah Al-Madd-e-Munfasil Madd-e-Leen Madd-e-(4 or 5 counts) Laazim (4 or 5 counts) (2, 4, or 6 counts) Aaridh Lis-Kubra (6 counts) (4 or 5 counts) Sukoon (2, 4, or 6 counts)

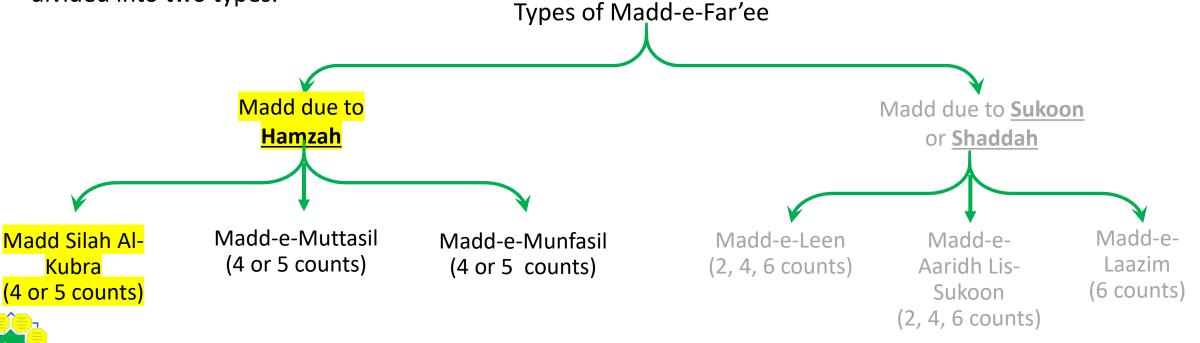
Types of Madd-e-Far'ee



Madd-e-Far'ee (مد الفرعي) – Secondary Madd comes when either:

- <u>Hamzah</u> comes after a Madd letter (ا, و, ی)
 OR
- **Sukoon** or **Shaddah** comes after a Madd letter (ا, و, ی)

Madd-e-Far'ee can be subdivided into two types.



Madd Silatul-Kubra

مد صِلَةُ الكُبري

Madd Silatul-Kubra is also known as the "Greater Connected Madd" and is stretched to 4 or 5 counts.

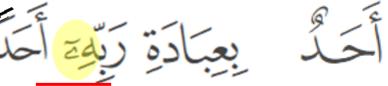
When the Pronoun (ضير) or possessive pronoun Haa (\diamond / \diamond) with a Dhammah or a Kasrah, comes at the end of a word and has any letter (with a vowel sign) before it and the letter Hamzah (with a vowel sign) after it in a separate word.

The sound is extended to either 4 or 5 counts and this type of Madd is known as Madd Silatul Kubra.

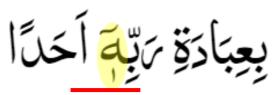
This rule does not apply if we are stopping on the word that has the pronoun at the end.

Note the small Madd sign on the small Yaa or Waow in Uthmani Script

<u>Uthmani script</u>



Note the small Madd sign on the letter Haa in Indo-Pak Script Indo-Pak script







Madd Silatul-Kubra

مد صِلَةُ الكُبْرِي

أَمَرَ ٱللَّهُ بِهِ ۚ أَن يُوصَلَ

يَحُسَبُ أَنَّ مَالَهُ وَ أَخُلَدَهُ وَ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَ اللَّهُ وَ اللَّهُ وَ اللَّهُ وَ اللَّهُ وَ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّالَّ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّالَّ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ ولَّا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ ولَّا لَا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّالَّ اللَّهُ وَا اللَّالَ

وَإِذْ قَالَ مُوسَىٰ لِقَوْمِهِ عَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَأْمُرُكُمْ

وَمَا يُغْنِي عَنْهُ مَالُهُ وَ إِذَا تَرَدَّى ١



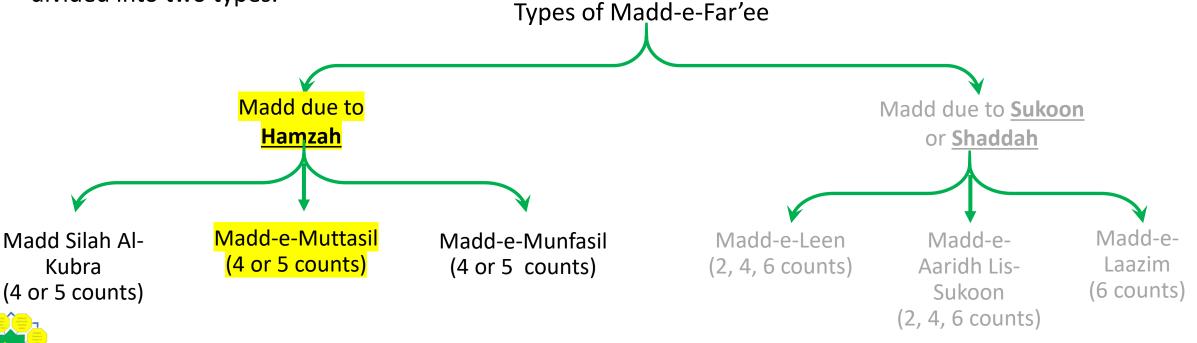
Types of Madd-e-Far'ee



Madd-e-Far'ee (مد الفرعي) – Secondary Madd comes when either:

- <u>Hamzah</u> comes after a Madd letter (ا, و, ی)
 OR
- **Sukoon** or **Shaddah** comes after a Madd letter (ا, و, ی)

Madd-e-Far'ee can be subdivided into two types.



Madd Al-Muttasil

This Madd occurs when Hamza comes after a Madd letter (ℓ, ℓ, ℓ) in the same word, then we stretch the sound of the vowel of the Madd letter to 4 or 5 counts. It is called Madd-e-Waajib Al-Muttasil.

This is also called "Connected Madd" or "Required Attached Madd".

This rule does not apply if we are stopping on the word.

The Hamzah can come either at the end of the word or in the middle of the word.

Note the Madd sign on the Madd letter.

أَنْنَاءَكُمْ بَرِيءٌ نُسَاءَلُونَ

أُوْلَنَهِكَ عَلَىٰ هُدَى مِّن رَّبِهِمُ

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ سَوَآءٌ عَلَيْهِمُ



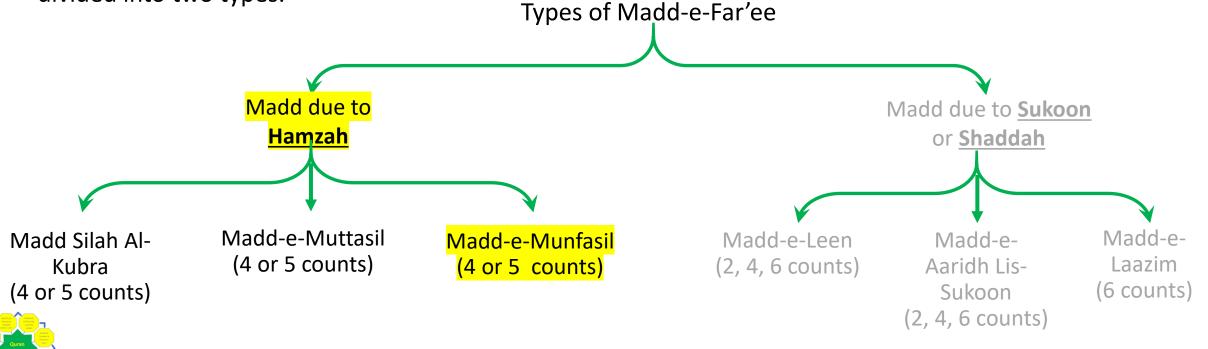
Types of Madd-e-Far'ee



Madd-e-Far'ee (مد الفرعي) – Secondary Madd comes when either:

- <u>Hamzah</u> comes after a Madd letter (ا, و, ی)
 OR
- **Sukoon** or **Shaddah** comes after a Madd letter (ا, و, ی)

Madd-e-Far'ee can be subdivided into two types.



Madd Al-Munfasil

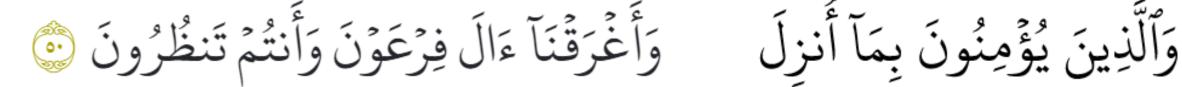
This Madd occurs when the Madd letter (ξ, ξ, ξ) is the last letter of the word, and the next word starts with a Hamza. We stretch the Madd letter 4 or 5 counts.

Note: the Madd letter and the Hamza are in two separate words. It is called Madd e-Jaaiz Al-Munfasil.

This is also called "Separate Allowed Madd".

Note the Madd sign on the Madd letters







You may hear some reciters only do 2 counts for Madd Munfasil. As we are studying the basic rules of Tajweed by way of *Hafs An Asim min Tareeq Al-Shatabee*, this means that we extend the sound to 4 or 5 counts. NOTE: that approx. 90% of the Muslim world uses this Qiraah.

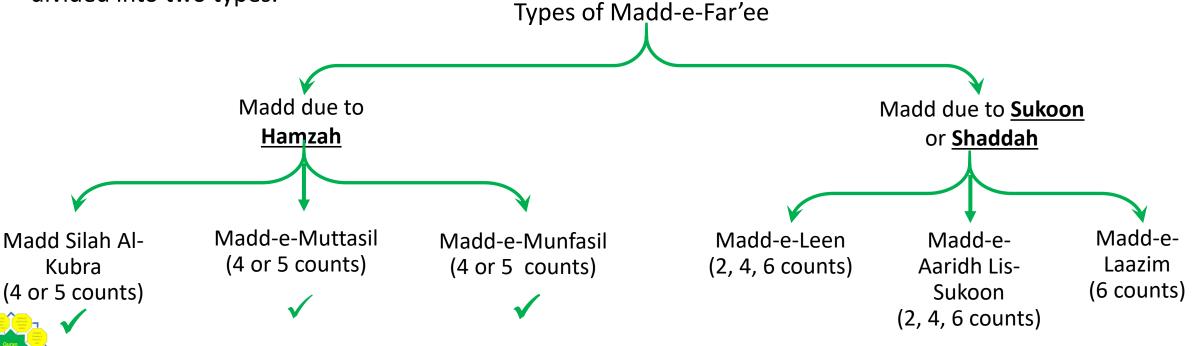
Types of Madd-e-Far'ee



Madd-e-Far'ee (مد الفرعي) – Secondary Madd comes when either:

- <u>Hamzah</u> comes after a Madd letter (ا, و, ی)
 OR
- **Sukoon** or **Shaddah** comes after a Madd letter (ا, و, ی)

Madd-e-Far'ee can be subdivided into two types.



Next Class

Next Regular Class Wednesday 30th April 2025 6:00 PM - 7:00 PM (Toronto time)

- Practice Session (<u>for all</u>):
 Monday evening 5 PM 6 PM (Toronto time)
- Practice Session (<u>for sisters only</u>):
 Monday afternoon 3 PM 4 PM (Toronto time)





And peace upon the messengers.



سُبْحَانَ رَبِّكَ رَبِّ ٱلْعِرَّةِ عَمَّا يَصِفُونَ وَ وَسَلَمْ عَلَى ٱلْمُرْسَ

Exalted is your Lord, the Lord of might, above what they describe.

Surah As-Saafaat (37)

وَٱلْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ ٱلْعَالَمِينَ

And praise to Allah, Lord of the worlds.

سُبْحَانَكَ اللَّهُمَّ وَ بِحَمْدِكَ أَشْهَدُ أَنْ لا إِلَهَ إِلاَّ أَنْتَ أَسْتَغْفِرُكَ وَ أَتُوبُ إِلَيْكَ

السَّلامُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَرَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ وَبَرَكَاتُهُ

