

# **Derivatives of functions**

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## Derivatives of algebraic functions

$$\frac{d x^n}{dx} = nx^{n-1}$$

## Derivatives of exponential and logarithmic functions

$$\text{i) } \frac{d(e^x)}{dx} = e^x$$

$$\text{ii) } \frac{d(a^x)}{dx} = a^x \log_e a$$

$$\text{iii) } \frac{d(\log x)}{dx} = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\text{iv) } \frac{d(\log_a x)}{dx} = \frac{1}{x \log_e a}$$

## Derivatives of Trigonometric Functions

$$\text{i) } \frac{d(\sin x)}{dx} = \cos x$$

$$\text{ii) } \frac{d(\cos x)}{dx} = -\sin x$$

$$\text{iii) } \frac{d(\tan x)}{dx} = \sec^2 x$$

$$\text{iv) } \frac{d(\cot x)}{dx} = -\operatorname{cosec}^2 x$$

$$\text{v) } \frac{d(\sec x)}{dx} = \sec x \tan x$$

$$\text{vi) } \frac{d(\operatorname{cosec} x)}{dx} = -\operatorname{cosec} x \cot x$$

## Derivatives of Inverse Trigonometric Functions

$$\text{i) } \frac{d(\sin^{-1}x)}{dx} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(1-x^2)}} \quad ; |x| \leq 1$$

$$\text{ii) } \frac{d(\cos^{-1}x)}{dx} = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{(1-x^2)}} \quad ; |x| \leq 1$$

$$\text{iii) } \frac{d(\tan^{-1}x)}{dx} = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$$

$$\text{iv) } \frac{d(\cot^{-1}x)}{dx} = \frac{-1}{1+x^2}$$

$$\text{v) } \frac{d(\sec^{-1}x)}{dx} = \frac{1}{|x|\sqrt{(x^2-1)}} \quad ; |x| \geq 1$$

$$\text{vi) } \frac{d(\cosec^{-1}x)}{dx} = \frac{-1}{|x|\sqrt{(x^2-1)}} \quad ; |x| \geq 1$$

## Derivatives of Hyperbolic functions

$$1) \frac{d(\sinh x)}{dx} = \cosh x \quad \text{for } x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$2) \frac{d(\cosh x)}{dx} = \sinh x \quad \text{for } x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$3) \frac{d(\tanh x)}{dx} = \operatorname{sech}^2 x \quad \text{for } x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$4) \frac{d(\coth x)}{dx} = -\operatorname{cosech}^2 x \quad \text{for } x \neq 0$$

$$5) \frac{d(\operatorname{sech} x)}{dx} = -\tanh x \operatorname{sech} x \quad \text{for } x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$6) \frac{d(\operatorname{cosech} x)}{dx} = -\coth x \operatorname{cosech} x \quad \text{for } x \neq 0$$

# Derivatives of Inverse Hyperbolic functions

$$\text{i) } \frac{d(\sinh^{-1}x)}{dx} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} \quad \text{for } x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\text{ii) } \frac{d(\cosh^{-1}x)}{dx} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-1}} \quad \text{for } |x| > 1$$

$$\text{iii) } \frac{d(\tanh^{-1}x)}{dx} = \frac{1}{1-x^2} \quad \text{for } |x| < 1$$

$$\text{iv) } \frac{d(\coth^{-1}x)}{dx} = \frac{1}{x^2-1} \quad \text{for } |x| > 1$$

$$\text{v) } \frac{d(\operatorname{sech}^{-1}x)}{dx} = \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} \quad \text{for } |x| < 1$$

$$\text{i) } \frac{d(\operatorname{cosech}^{-1}x)}{dx} = \frac{1}{|x|\sqrt{1+x^2}} \quad \text{for } x \in \mathbb{R}$$