# Resources for Earth/Env. Science Teachers from Anne Skinner, Cowan Museum of History and Science

#### **Erosion Model:**

NISE Net Land Cover Activity Guide

https://www.nisenet.org/sites/default/files/exsci space land facilitator.pdf

NISE NET Land Cover Facilitator Guide

https://www.nisenet.org/sites/default/files/exsci\_space\_land\_facilitator.pdf

NISE Net Land Cover description and all files

https://www.nisenet.org/catalog/exploring-earth-land-cover



# Exploring Earth: Land Cover | NISE Network

This activity models some of the ways natural processes, such as erosion and sediment pollution, affect Earth's landscape. Data collected from satellites, such as the joint NASA/USGS Landsat satellites, help improve our understanding of Earth's land cover.

www.nisenet.org

### Transpiration/pores in leaves:

"Leaf It to Me" – lesson on transpiration from the National Weather Service https://www.weather.gov/jetstream/II leaf

The Story in the Stomata

https://evolution.berkeley.edu/evolibrary/article/mcelwain 03

# The story in the stomata - Understanding Evolution

It works like this. Stomata control a tradeoff for the plant: they allow carbon dioxide in, but they also let precious water escape. A plant that could get enough carbon dioxide with fewer stomata would have an advantage since it would be better able to conserve its water.

evolution.berkeley.edu

#### Guard Cells - Quick Guide

https://www.cell.com/current-biology/pdf/S0960-9822(01)00358-X.pdf

# Alistair Hetherington - Cell

R588 Current Biology Vol 11 No 15 What are guard cells? A pair of guard cells surrounds each stoma on the leaf surface. Stomata are important because they regulate the uptake of www.cell.com

## Water cycle/soil:

Sponge Model from Dr. Dirt

https://www.doctordirt.org/teachingresources/sponge/

# The Sponge Model | Dr. Dirt

Models are representations of concepts, objects, or systems, some of which can be excellent teaching tools. A household sponge will be used to demonstrate several characteristics of the relations of soil and water. www.doctordirt.org

# **Weather/Atmosphere:**

Tips from the Cowan Museum of History and Science:

- Here are ways to make your own weather instruments.
  - You can follow these directions to make a home-made thermometer:
     <a href="https://www.wikihow.com/Make-a-Thermometer">https://www.wikihow.com/Make-a-Thermometer</a> (written directions with video clips) or <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EbrVwQpgEmc">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EbrVwQpgEmc</a> (video)
  - You can follow these directions to make a home-made rain-gauge:
     <a href="https://www.education.com/science-fair/article/DIY-rain-gauge/">https://www.education.com/science-fair/article/DIY-rain-gauge/</a> (written directions) or <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vkgvT8HrlNg">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vkgvT8HrlNg</a> (video)
  - You can follow these directions to make a home-made cup anemometer:
     https://sercc.com/education\_files/anemometer.pdf (written directions with precise steps and info on how to use anemometer to determine wind speed) or <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Af0LB3abBsk">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Af0LB3abBsk</a> (video)
  - You can follow these directions to make a home-made wind vane:
     https://www.clearwaycommunitysolar.com/blog/science-center-home-experiments-for-kids/measuring-the-direction-of-wind-with-a-homemade-wind-vane/ (written directions)
    - or <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cnZ5LYI19Vo">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cnZ5LYI19Vo</a> (video)
  - You can follow these directions to make a home-made barometer:
     http://www.stormthecastle.com/science projects/how to make a barometer.
     htm (written directions)
    - or https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m VFxqM41EM (video)
- Here are workarounds if you don't have weather instruments or the supplies to make them:

- If you don't have a thermometer or supplies to make one, describe how hot or cold it feels. Perhaps you could compare the temperature today to some other day or time of year, like "cooler than any day last week" or "as warm as on Memorial Day".
  - Fun Fact: Did you know male crickets chirp faster when the temperature is rising?
    You can find the temperature by counting the number of chirps in 15 seconds and adding 37.
- If you don't have a rain gauge or supplies to make one, describe how much it rained recently (a lot, a little, etc.) and include some observations like whether the water level is higher or lower than usual in gutters, ponds, ditches, streams, rivers, etc.
- If you don't have an anemometer or supplies to make one, estimate the wind speed using the chart below.

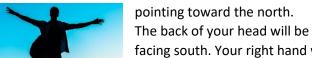
0 mph	Smoke rises
1-3 mph	Smoke drifts
4-7 mph	Flags stir
8-12 mph	Leaves move
13-18 mph	Tree branches move
18-24 mph	Trees sway
25-31 mph	Flags beat
32-38 mph	Flags extend



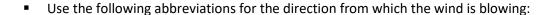




- If you don't have a wind vane or supplies to make one, use a piece of cloth, a scarf, or a tissue. Hold it up and see which way the wind blows it. The wind is blowing <u>from</u> the opposite direction, and that is the direction you'll want to record.]
  - If you don't have a compass, you can use your body as one. Stand with your arms straight out with your right hand pointing to where the sun rises and your left hand pointing to where the sun sets. Your face will be



facing south. Your right hand will be pointing east, and your left hand will be pointing west.



N = North

NE = Northeast

E = East

SE = Southeast

S = South

SW = Southwest

W = West

NW = Northwest



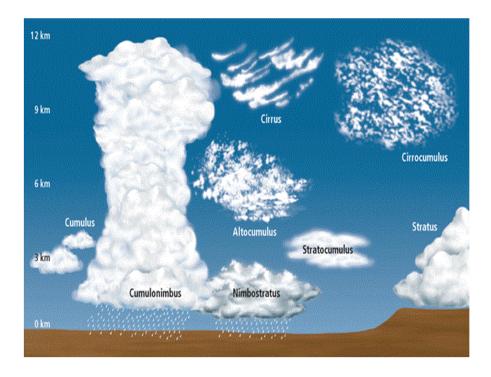
o If you don't have a barometer or supplies to make one, use plants to help you predict



whether the air pressure is dropping, and stormy weather is likely to occur. If grass has dew on it in the morning, rain is less likely. If grass is dry at sunrise, then clouds, strong breezes, and rain are more likely. Winds bringing stormy weather often toss leaves on trees about, so the leaves show their lighter-colored undersides. In low pressure conditions

before it rains, plants often release wastes gases that smell like compost, swamps release more methane, and flowers release stronger fragrances.

- Here are ways to identify clouds and understand what they can tell us about the weather.
  - Here is a chart that shows different types of clouds.



- Clouds with "nimbus" in the name (cumulonimbus, nimbostratus) bring rain. Cumulus clouds are known as fair weather clouds. To find out what type of weather is associated with each type of cloud, click on this link:
  - https://www.sciencelearn.org.nz/resources/628-observing-clouds-and-weather
- o "Cumulus" means pile or heap. "Stratus" means layered or spread out. "Cirrus" means curl and refers to curved, wispy clouds. "Nimbus" means rain-bearing.
- Watch the 7-minute video "Cool Clouds" by NASA to learn more about clouds and see a scientist make a cloud and some fog in the laboratory. Click on this link: https://www.youtube.com/embed/7MnxnOHCCic

Make your own CloudSpotter Wheel by clicking on the link below from the National Weather Service, printing the pages, cutting along the lines, and fastening the two circles together with a brass fastener.



https://www.weather.gov/media/jetstream/clouds/cloudwheel.pdf

#### **IMAGE SOURCES**

Cricket – https://www.premiumtpc.com/cricket-control

Smoke rising from fire – <a href="https://ecology.wa.gov/Air-Climate/Air-quality/Smoke-fire/Outdoor-residential-burning">https://ecology.wa.gov/Air-Climate/Air-quality/Smoke-fire/Outdoor-residential-burning</a>

Flag beating in the wind – <a href="https://abcnews4.com/news/local/south-carolina-town-honors-black-wwii-vet-7-decades-after-brutal-beating">https://abcnews4.com/news/local/south-carolina-town-honors-black-wwii-vet-7-decades-after-brutal-beating</a>

Compass – <a href="http://www.nglish.com/spanish/en/compass">http://www.nglish.com/spanish/en/compass</a>

Person with outstretched arms – <a href="https://www.pxfuel.com/en/free-photo-qwmvk">https://www.pxfuel.com/en/free-photo-qwmvk</a>

Compass directions - <a href="https://www.pinterest.com/pin/561190803561428446/">https://www.pinterest.com/pin/561190803561428446/</a>

Dew on grass – <a href="https://www.goodfon.com/download/trava-zelen-makro-rosa-na-trave-avtorskoe-foto-elena-anikina/1920x1080/">https://www.goodfon.com/download/trava-zelen-makro-rosa-na-trave-avtorskoe-foto-elena-anikina/1920x1080/</a>

Cloud chart -

http://www.loving2learn.com/SuperSubjects/SuperScience/LifeScience/Weather/CloudChart.aspx

CloudSpotter - <a href="https://www.weather.gov/jetstream/ll-headclouds">https://www.weather.gov/jetstream/ll-headclouds</a>

# **Inexpensive Magnifiers**

Single 5X magnifiers

https://www.rainbowresource.com/product/000357/Private-Eye-Loupe-5X.html?trackcode=googleBase&utm\_source=google&utm\_medium=cpc&adpos=&scid=scplp0 00357&sc\_intid=000357&gclid=Cj0KCQjwzYGGBhCTARIsAHdMTQwMV1\_KcXCBL7-SXu337y\_-TeoHGjK6x9PIw-ADAET\_za\_XLC5yKUAaAq

Set of 10 5X magnifiers

https://www.rainbowresource.com/product/011034/Loupe-Only-set-of-10.html?

Varied number of 5X magnifiers

https://www.theprivateeyestore.com/products/the-private-eye-loupe