

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

MOUNT OLIVE

IL1170700

Annual Water Quality Report for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2023

This report is intended to provide you with important information about your drinking water and the efforts made by the water system to provide safe drinking water.

The source of drinking water used by MOUNT OLIVE is Purchased Surface Water

For more information regarding this report contact:

Name Chris Horstmann

Phone 618-973-0633

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre el agua que usted bebe. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

Source of Drinking Water

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.

- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.

- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.

- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.

- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population.

Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

Mount Olive Source Water Information

| Source Water Name | Type of Water | Report Status | Location |
|--------------------|---------------|---------------|----------|
| CC01-MASTERMETER 1 | SW | _____ | _____ |

Mount Olive Source Water Assessment

We want our valued customers to be informed about their water quality. If you would like to learn more, please feel welcome to attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. The source water assessment for our supply has been completed by the Illinois EPA. If you would like a copy of this information, please stop by City Hall or call our water operator at 618-973-0633. To view a summary version of the completed Source Water Assessments, including: Importance of Source Water; Susceptibility to Contamination Determination; and documentation/recommendation of Source Water Protection Efforts, you may access the Illinois EPA website at <http://www.epa.state.il.us/cgi-bin/wp/swap-fact-sheets.pl>.

Source of Water: LITCHFIELD Illinois EPA considers all surface water sources of public water supply susceptible to potential pollution problems. Hence the reason for mandatory treatment of all public water supplies in Illinois. Mandatory treatment includes coagulation, sedimentation, filtration and disinfection. Primary sources of pollution in Illinois lakes can include agricultural runoff, land disposal (septic systems) and shoreline erosion.

2023 Mount Olive Regulated Contaminants Detected

Lead and Copper

Definitions:
Action Level Goal (ALG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. ALGs allow for a margin of safety.
Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

| Lead and Copper | Date Sampled | MCLG | Action Level (AL) | 90th Percentile | # Sites Over AL | Units | Violation | Likely Source of Contamination |
|-----------------|--------------|------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------|-----------|---|
| Copper | 2023 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 0.187 | 0 | ppm | N | Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing systems. |
| Lead | 2023 | 0 | 15 | 7 | 0 | ppb | N | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits. |

Water Quality Test Results

| | |
|--|--|
| Definitions: | The following tables contain scientific terms and measures, some of which may require explanation. |
| Avg: | Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples. |
| Level 1 Assessment: | A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system. |
| Level 2 Assessment: | A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions. |
| Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL: | The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology. |
| Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG: | The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety. |
| Maximum residual disinfectant level or MRDL: | The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants. |
| Maximum residual disinfectant level goal or MRDLG: | The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants. |
| na: | not applicable. |
| mrem: | millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body) |
| ppb: | micrograms per liter or parts per billion - or one ounce in 7,350,000 gallons of water. |
| ppm: | milligrams per liter or parts per million - or one ounce in 7,350 gallons of water. |
| Treatment Technique or TT: | A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water. |

Mount Olive **Regulated Contaminants**

| Disinfectants and Disinfection By-Products | Collection Date | Highest Level Detected | Range of Levels Detected | MCLG | MCL | Units | Violation | Likely Source of Contamination |
|--|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|----------|-------|-----------|--|
| Chloramines | 2023 | 1.7 | 0.2 - 2.9 | MRDLG = 4 | MRDL = 4 | ppm | N | Water additive used to control microbes. |
| Haloacetic Acids (HAA5) | 2023 | 31 | 4.76 - 38.1 | No goal for the total | 60 | ppb | N | By-product of drinking water disinfection. |
| Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) | 2023 | 45 | 25.3 - 70.3 | No goal for the total | 80 | ppb | N | By-product of drinking water disinfection. |
| Inorganic Contaminants | Collection Date | Highest Level Detected | Range of Levels Detected | MCLG | MCL | Units | Violation | Likely Source of Contamination |
| Barium | 04/20/2022 | 0.024 | 0.024 - 0.024 | 2 | 2 | ppm | N | Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits. |
| Fluoride | 04/20/2022 | 0.84 | 0.84 - 0.84 | 4 | 4.0 | ppm | N | Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories. |
| Manganese | 04/20/2022 | 4 | 4 - 4 | 150 | 150 | ppb | N | This contaminant is not currently regulated by the USEPA. However, the state regulates. Erosion of natural deposits. |
| Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen] | 04/20/2022 | 0.33 | 0.33 - 0.33 | 10 | 10 | ppm | N | Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits. |
| Sodium | 04/20/2022 | 16 | 16 - 16 | | | ppb | N | Erosion from naturally occurring deposits. Used in water softener regeneration. |

Total Organic Carbon

The percentage of Total Organic Carbon (TOC) removal was measured each month, and the system met all TOC removal requirements set, unless a TOC violation is noted in the violations section.

Mt. Olive Violations Table

Consumer Confidence Rule

The Consumer Confidence Rule requires community water systems to prepare and provide to their customers annual consumer confidence reports on the quality of

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|--|
| CCR ADEQUACY/AVAILABILITY/CONTENT | 07/01/2023 | 2023 | We failed to provide to you, our drinking water customers, an annual report that adequately informed you about the quality of our drinking water and the risks from exposure to contaminants detected in our drinking water. |
| CCR REPORT | 07/01/2023 | 07/18/2023 | We failed to provide to you, our drinking water customers, an annual report that informs you about the quality of our drinking water and characterizes the risks from exposure to contaminants detected in our drinking water. |

Lead and Copper Rule

The Lead and Copper Rule protects public health by minimizing lead and copper levels in drinking water, primarily by reducing water corrosivity. Lead and

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| FOLLOW-UP OR ROUTINE TAP M/R (LCR) | 07/01/2023 | 02/23/2024 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |
| LEAD CONSUMER NOTICE (LCR) | 11/30/2022 | 01/31/2023 | We failed to provide the results of lead tap water monitoring to the consumers at the location water was tested. These were supposed to be provided no later than 30 days after learning the results. |

Special Notice for Availability of Unregulated Contaminant Monitoring Data

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER

Availability of Monitoring Data for Unregulated Contaminants for Mount Olive

Our water system has sampled for a series of unregulated contaminants. Unregulated contaminants are those that don't yet have a drinking water standard set by EPA. The purpose of monitoring for these contaminants is to help EPA decide whether the contaminants should have a standard. As our customers, you have a right to know that these data are available. If you are interested in examining the results, please contact Chris Horstmann at 618-973-0633 or 215 East Main St., Mt. Olive, IL 62069.

This notice is being sent to you by [water system name]. State Water System ID#: IL1170700.

Date distributed: 6/7/2024.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER

Monitoring Requirements Not Met for the City of Mount Olive

Our water system violated several drinking water standards over the past year. Even though these were not emergencies, as our customers, you have a right to know what happened and what we did to correct these situations.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring is an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. During January 1 to January 31, 2024 monitoring period we did not monitor for Chlorine and E. Coli. contaminants and therefore cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during that time.

What should I do?

There is nothing you need to do at this time.

The table below lists the contaminants we did not properly test for during the last year, how often we are supposed to sample for this contaminant, how many samples we are supposed to take, how many samples we took, when samples should have been taken, and the date on which follow-up samples were taken.

| Contaminant | Required sampling frequency | Number of samples taken | When all samples should have been taken | When samples were taken |
|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| CHLORINE | 3 per Month | 2 | 01-01-2024 to 01-31-2024 | 02-05-2024 |
| E. COLI | 3 per Month | 2 | 01-01-2024 to 01-31-2024 | 02-05-2024 |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

What happened? What is being done?

The contract operator, Certop Inc, had a miscommunication with their scheduling. The issue has since been resolved and sampling will continue regularly.

more information, please contact Chris Horstmann @ 618-973-0633

Please share this information with all other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, schools, and or businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

Monitoring Violations Annual Notice Template

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER

Monitoring Requirements Not Met for Mount Olive

Our water system violated several drinking water standards over the past year. Even though these were not emergencies, as our customers, you have a right to know what happened and what we did to correct these situations.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. During 2023 we failed to provide to you an annual report that adequately informed you about the quality of our drinking water and the risks from exposure to contaminants detected in our drinking water.

What should I do?

There is nothing you need to do at this time.

What happened? What is being done?

The 2022 Annual Water Quality was sent on July 18th, 2023. The required delivery date is June 30th, 2023.

For more information, please contact Chris Horstmann at 618-973-0633 or 215 East Main St., Mt. Olive, IL 62069

Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

This notice is being sent to you by Mount Olive. Water System ID# IL1170700 Date distributed 6/7/2024

Litchfield Source Water Information

| | | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------|---------------|----------|
| Source Water Name | Type of Water | Report Status | Location |
| INTAKE (58034) LK LOU YEAGER | TOWARDS E END OF DAM | SW | _____ |

2023 Litchfield Regulated Contaminants Detected

Lead and Copper

Definitions:
 Action Level Goal (ALG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. ALGs allow for a margin of safety.
 Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

| Lead and Copper | Date Sampled | MCLG | Action Level (AL) | 90th Percentile | # Sites Over AL | Units | Violation | Likely Source of Contamination |
|-----------------|--------------|------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------|-----------|---|
| Copper | 09/29/2021 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 0.077 | 0 | ppm | N | Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing systems. |
| Lead | 09/29/2021 | 0 | 15 | 3.1 | 0 | ppb | N | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits. |

Regulated Contaminants

| Disinfectants and Disinfection By-Products | Collection Date | Highest Level Detected | Range of Levels Detected | MCLG | MCL | Units | Violation | Likely Source of Contamination |
|---|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|----------|-------|-----------|--|
| Chloramines | 2023 | 2.7 | 2 - 3 | MRDLG = 4 | MRDL = 4 | ppm | N | Water additive used to control microbes. |
| Haloacetic Acids (HAA5) | 2023 | 26 | 17.6 - 32.3 | No goal for the total | 60 | ppb | N | By-product of drinking water disinfection. |
| Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) | 2023 | 44 | 21.7 - 61 | No goal for the total | 80 | ppb | N | By-product of drinking water disinfection. |
| Inorganic Contaminants | Collection Date | Highest Level Detected | Range of Levels Detected | MCLG | MCL | Units | Violation | Likely Source of Contamination |
| Barium | 2023 | 0.038 | 0.038 - 0.038 | 2 | 2 | ppm | N | Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits. |
| Fluoride | 2023 | 0.7 | 0.715 - 0.715 | 4 | 4.0 | ppm | N | Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories. |
| Manganese | 2023 | 7 | 7 - 7 | 150 | 150 | ppb | N | This contaminant is not currently regulated by the USEPA. However, the state regulates. Erosion of natural deposits. |
| Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen] | 2023 | 1 | 1.2 - 1.2 | 10 | 10 | ppm | N | Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits. |
| Selenium | 2023 | 1 | 1.2 - 1.2 | 50 | 50 | ppb | N | Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from mines. |
| Sodium | 2023 | 16 | 16 - 16 | | | ppb | N | Erosion from naturally occurring deposits. Used in water softener regeneration. |

| Synthetic organic contaminants including pesticides and herbicides | Collection Date | Highest Level Detected | Range of Levels Detected | MCLG | MCL | Units | Violation | Likely Source of Contamination |
|---|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------|-----|-------|-----------|--|
| Atrazine | 2023 | 0.48 | 0 - 0.48 | 3 | 3 | ppb | N | Runoff from herbicide used on row crops. |

Turbidity

| | Limit (Treatment Technique) | Level Detected | Violation | Likely Source of Contamination |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| Highest single measurement | 1 NTU | 0.29 NTU | N | Soil runoff. |
| Lowest monthly % meeting limit | 0.3 NTU | 100% | N | Soil runoff. |

Information Statement: Turbidity is a measurement of the cloudiness of the water caused by suspended particles. We monitor it because it is a good indicator of water quality and the effectiveness of our filtration system and disinfectants.

Total Organic Carbon

The percentage of Total Organic Carbon (TOC) removal was measured each month and the system met all TOC removal requirements set, unless a TOC violation is noted in the violations section.

Litchfield Violations Table

2,4,5-TP (Silvex)

Some people who drink water containing silvex in excess of the MCL over many years could experience liver problems.

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

2,4-D

Some people who drink water containing the weed killer 2,4-D well in excess of the MCL over many years could experience problems with their kidneys, liver,

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

Alachlor

Some people who drink water containing alachlor in excess of the MCL over many years could have problems with their eyes, liver, kidneys, or spleen, or

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

Aldrin

Some people who drink water containing excessive aldrin over a long period of time may experience problems with their liver, nervous system, weakened immune

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

Litchfield Violations Table

Atrazine

Some people who drink water containing atrazine well in excess of the MCL over many years could experience problems with their cardiovascular system or

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

Benzo(a)pyrene

Some people who drink water containing benzo(a)pyrene in excess of the MCL over many years may experience reproductive difficulties and may have an increased

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

Carbofuran

Some people who drink water containing carbofuran in excess of the MCL over many years could experience problems with their blood, or nervous or reproductive

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

Chlordane

Some people who drink water containing chlordane in excess of the MCL over many years could experience problems with their liver or nervous system, and may

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

Litchfield Violations Table

Dalapon

Some people who drink water containing dalapon well in excess of the MCL over many years could experience minor kidney changes.

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

Di (2-ethylhexyl) adipate

Some people who drink water containing di (2-ethylhexyl) adipate well in excess of the MCL over many years could experience general toxic effects or

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

Di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate

Some people who drink water containing di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate in excess of the MCL over many years may have problems with their liver, or experience

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

Dibromochloropropane (DBCP)

Some people who drink water containing DBCP in excess of the MCL over many years could experience reproductive difficulties and may have an increased risk of

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

Litchfield Violations Table

Dieldrin

Some people who drink water containing excessive Dieldrin over a long period of time may experience problems with their liver, nervous system, weakened

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

Dinoseb

Some people who drink water containing dinoseb well in excess of the MCL over many years could experience reproductive difficulties.

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

Diquat

Some people who drink water containing diquat in excess of the MCL over many years could get cataracts.

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

Endothall

Some people who drink water containing endothall in excess of the MCL over many years could experience problems with their stomach or intestines.

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

Litchfield Violations Table

Endrin

Some people who drink water containing endrin in excess of the MCL over many years could experience liver problems.

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

Ethylene dibromide

Some people who drink water containing ethylene dibromide in excess of the MCL over many years could experience problems with their liver, stomach,

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

Heptachlor

Some people who drink water containing heptachlor in excess of the MCL over many years could experience liver damage and may have an increased risk of

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

Heptachlor epoxide

Some people who drink water containing heptachlor epoxide in excess of the MCL over many years could experience liver damage, and may have an increased risk

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

Litchfield Violations Table

Hexachlorobenzene

Some people who drink water containing hexachlorobenzene in excess of the MCL over many years could experience problems with their liver or kidneys, or

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

Hexachlorocyclopentadiene

Some people who drink water containing hexachlorocyclopentadiene well in excess of the MCL over many years could experience problems with their kidneys or

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

Lindane

Some people who drink water containing lindane in excess of the MCL over many years could experience problems with their kidneys or liver.

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

Methoxychlor

Some people who drink water containing methoxychlor in excess of the MCL over many years could experience reproductive difficulties.

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

Litchfield Violations Table

Oxamyl [Vydate]

Some people who drink water containing oxamyl in excess of the MCL over many years could experience slight nervous system effects.

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

PCBs [Polychlorinated biphenyls]

Some people who drink water containing PCBs in excess of the MCL over many years could experience changes in their skin, problems with their thymus gland,

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

Pentachlorophenol

Some people who drink water containing pentachlorophenol in excess of the MCL over many years could experience problems with their liver or kidneys, and may

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

Picloram

Some people who drink water containing picloram in excess of the MCL over many years could experience problems with their liver.

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

Litchfield Violations Table

Simazine

Some people who drink water containing simazine in excess of the MCL over many years could experience problems with their blood.

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |

Toxaphene

Some people who drink water containing toxaphene in excess of the MCL over many years could have problems with their kidneys, liver, or thyroid, and may have

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR | 04/01/2023 | 06/30/2023 | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated. |
