



FROM THE KHUMRIC COURT

Office of H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru
Imperator of Avalon | Persian Emperor | Paramount Patriarch | King of
Kings | De Jure Sovereign of the Imperial Khumric Coron (Crown)

DATE: 11 April 2026

REFERENCE: Khumric Cwrt (Court) Judgement No. KCJ-2026-001

ISSUED BY: The Khumric Cwrt, Empire of Avalon

COPIES SERVED TO:

1. The International Court of Justice, The Hague
2. The De Facto Administration of the Islamic Republic of Iran and the People of the Persian Dominion
3. The de facto Administration of the United States of America
4. All 172 Contracting States of the United Nations Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards (New York, 10 June 1958)
5. Public Record — www.britons.international

**SUBJECT: DEFAULT JUDGEMENT OF PARAMOUNT DE JURE KHUMRIC SOVEREIGN
AUTHORITY — DECLARATION OF INTERNATIONAL CRIMES INCLUDING GENOCIDE,
WAR CRIMES, CRIMES AGAINST HUMANITY, AND DEPRIVATION OF SOVEREIGN
RIGHTS — DECLARATION OF ULTRA VIRES MILITARY ACTION — DEMAND FOR
IMMEDIATE CESSATION OF ALL HOSTILE ACTS**

PREAMBLE — THE TWO LIMBS OF THE PARAMOUNT DE JURE CLAIM

The sovereign claim of H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru and the Khumric/Cymric Crown rests upon two distinct and mutually reinforcing limbs of law, each independently sufficient and together conclusive.

Limb One — The Paramount De Jure Allodial Title

The Khumric/Cymric sovereign claim does not depend upon, and does not require, recognition by any de facto administration. It rests upon paramount de jure allodial title — ownership held in absolute right, without obligation to any superior lord — predating and superseding every colonial and post-colonial legal order purporting to govern the Khumric/Gomeric/Avalonian dominions.

The legal foundation is:

Prior in tempore, potior in jure — first in time, stronger in law. The Khumric/Gomeric/Avalonian presence in North America (Avalon) is established by forensic, industrial, genetic, and historical evidence predating every European colonial claim by centuries. See Addendum Y: The Industrial Authority (v.14.0).¹

Jus postliminii — the right of restoration upon return of the de jure sovereign. A ruler deprived of government by invaders or revolutionaries remains the legitimate de jure sovereign. Grotius, De Jure Belli ac Pacis, Book I, Chapter 4, Nos. 15–19; Textor, Synopsis Juris Gentium, Chapter 10, Nos. 9–11.

Nemo dat quod non habet — no one can transfer more rights than they themselves possess. Spain, France, and Britain could not transfer to the de facto United States sovereign rights over territory held under paramount Khumric de jure allodial title. Island of Palmas (Netherlands v. USA, PCA, 4 April 1928, II RIAA 829): "It is evident that Spain could not transfer more rights than she herself possessed."

Fraus omnia corrumpit — fraud corrupts everything. The systematic suppression of the Khumric/Gomeric/Avalonian historical record constitutes an ongoing fraud upon the international legal order. Every act of the de facto United States purporting to exercise sovereignty over Khumric dominions on the basis of that fraudulent record is void ab initio.

De jure sovereignty survives through diplomatic protest and is not extinguished by usurpation so long as the de jure sovereign does not surrender sovereignty to the usurper. Vattel, Le Droit des gens, Book II, Chapter II, Nos. 145–146; Brown, "Sovereignty in Exile," 35 AJIL (1941), p. 666–668; Oppenheim, "Governments and Authorities in Exile," 36 AJIL (1942), pp. 568–595.

Limb Two — De Facto US Recognition

The de facto United States administration has, through its own federal agencies and courts, acknowledged the sovereign status of H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru. This recognition does not create the underlying right — which exists independently under Limb One — but it estops the de facto United States from denial and removes any procedural objection to the claim.

The acts of acknowledgment are:

DOJ FARA Determination, 10 March 2021: The Chief of the FARA Unit, US Department of Justice, addressed H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru as "King of the Britons" and named "Kingdom of Britons, Court in Exile" as the foreign principal under 22 U.S.C. § 611(e), which expressly covers persons exercising de jure political jurisdiction. Registration was not required

because H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru is the foreign principal himself — the US executive branch thereby acknowledged governmental function.

Superior Court of California, Case No. 37-2016-00044244-CU-PT-NC, 28 February 2017: The US judicial branch received formal notification of the change in legal status established by International Arbitral Award No. 2016143-01. The notification was received and recorded whether or not read. The US judicial record reflects it.

*Non-refutation of formal notices: Notices of Paramount De Jure Sovereignty served 6 November 2025, 24 November 2025, and 27 March 2026 were received by the US Department of State and not refuted. These notices were not unsolicited private correspondence. They were served in the context of an existing binding legal obligation: the United States is a contracting state to the United Nations Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards (New York, 10 June 1958), under Article III of which contracting states are obliged to recognise arbitral awards as binding. International Arbitral Award No. 2016143-01 was issued under the Convention. The notices were therefore formal diplomatic communications from the holder of a binding international arbitral award to a contracting state under an existing treaty obligation — not private correspondence to a stranger. Non-response in that context is legally distinct from mere silence to an unsolicited communication. *Qui tacet consentire videtur* — he who remains silent is taken to consent. *Temple of Preah Vihear (Cambodia v. Thailand, ICJ Reports 1962, p. 6).**

The Pincer Operation of Both Limbs

If the de facto United States argues the allodial title is not recognised — Limb Two answers: you have already recognised it through your own federal agencies and courts. You are estopped.

If the de facto United States argues its acts of acknowledgment were procedural rather than substantive — Limb One answers: recognition is irrelevant to the existence of the right. The paramount de jure allodial title predates the United States entirely and exists as an objective legal fact independent of any recognition.

The formulation governing this Judgement and all subsequent instruments of the Khumric Cwrt is therefore:

The Khumric sovereign claim rests upon the paramount de jure allodial title to the Khumric/Gomeric/Avalonian dominions, which is imprescriptible, inviolable, and independent of recognition by any de facto administration. That title having been suppressed by fraud, all acts of the de facto United States administration purporting to exercise sovereignty over those dominions are void ab initio under nemo dat quod non habet and fraus omnia corrumpit. The de facto United States administration has further acknowledged this sovereign status through its own federal agencies and courts and is estopped from denial by acquiescence. A Note on the Legal Irrelevance of Recognition by a Junior Entity. The acts of US acknowledgment documented in Section I are entered into this record not because they are necessary to establish the Khumric title — they are not — but because they estop the de facto US administration from raising procedural objections that would otherwise require refutation. The Khumric/Gomeric sovereign title is self-subsisting under the law of nations and requires no recognition from any de facto administration, including one formed in 1776. The genealogical chain of the Khumric/Gomeric people is established in the primary record of three Abrahamic faiths: Genesis 10:2-3, the Table of Nations — Gomer, eldest son of Japheth, eldest son of Noah. The Gomeric/Khumric lineage is accordingly the eldest surviving patriarchal line in the post-diluvian world. No Bronze Age settler on

Avalonian soil required the future recognition of a colonial entity not yet in existence to be lawfully present. No Khumric King of the 6th century AD required the permission of a nation formed in 1776 to exercise sovereignty. The question is not whether the de facto United States recognises the Khumric Crown. The question is whether the de facto United States can demonstrate lawful paramount title. Under nemo dat quod non habet it cannot. Prior in tempore, potior in jure is not merely a legal maxim in this case — it describes a factual and temporal reality thousands of years in the making, which no subsequent act of any de facto administration can alter.

I. BASIS OF JURISDICTION AND EVIDENTIARY RECORD

This Default Judgement is issued by the Khumric Cwrt in the full and lawful exercise of paramount de jure sovereign authority. The authority of this Court derives from the Khumric/Cymric sovereign lineage — the eldest surviving royal line on earth, the foundational Gomic/Sumerian civilising authority from which all subsequent imperial traditions of the Western and Eastern world derive. This authority is not contingent upon recognition by any de facto administration. On Jurisdiction. Any challenge to the jurisdiction of this Court is indistinguishable from a challenge to the underlying sovereignty itself — and that challenge the de facto United States administration has had constructive notice to bring since 22 April 2016 and has not brought. Under the established doctrines of public international law, the competence and jurisdiction to adjudicate disputes concerning the succession to a subject of public international law is vested in the royal family itself: Samuel von Pufendorf, *De Officio hominis et civis*, Book II, Chapter 10, No. 12, p. 135: "In case a controversy should arise in regard to the succession in a patrimonial kingdom, it will be best to take the matter before arbitrators among the royal family." Hugo Grotius, *De jure belli ac pacis*, Book II, Chapter 7, No. 27(2): all competence to adjudicate disputes to the succession of a subject of public international law has been transferred to the royal family. The Khumric Cwrt accordingly holds jurisdictional authority over all matters concerning the succession to and exercise of the Khumric/Gomic sovereign title as a matter of established international law, independent of recognition by any de facto administration. The United States Superior Court for the County of San Diego confirmed the legal cognisability of the Award underlying this jurisdiction when it overruled Bell Helicopter's demurrer on 30 July 2021, finding sufficient facts had been pled showing a violation of California Labor Code section 1102 and accepting the international tribunal's recognition as the factual basis of a legally cognisable claim — Case No. 37-2020-00040580-CU-OE-CTL, Judge Timothy Taylor.

H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru is the de jure Fons Juris of the Khumric/Cymric legal tradition — the source from which the common law of England and by derivation modern Western law descends, as established by:

Sir John Fortescue, De Laudibus Legum Angliae (c. 1470), Chapter 17: English customary law descends in unbroken lineage through five successive conquering peoples to the customs of the original Britons — the Khumric/Cymric people.

Sir Edward Coke, Prohibitions del Roy (1607), 12 Co. Rep. 63: The common law stands supreme over all temporal authority. The King ought not to be under any man, but under God and the Law. Judges are the paramount oracles of that law.

Sir Edward Coke, Dr. Bonham's Case (1610), 8 Co. Rep. 113b: When an Act of Parliament is against common right and reason, the common law will control it and adjudge such Act to be void.

As the de jure sovereign and Fons Iuris exercising judicial authority, H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru is an internationally protected person within the meaning of the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of Crimes against Internationally Protected Persons (1973), Article 1(a), ratified by the United States in 1976; and is protected by the customary international law principle *par in parem non habet imperium* — an equal has no authority over an equal — and by the UN Basic Principles on the Independence of the Judiciary (1985), Principles 1, 2, and 4.

A. The International Arbitral Award — The Cornerstone Document

International Arbitral Award No. 2016143-01, dated 23 May 2016, Place of Arbitration: Tokyo, Japan. Issued by Saori Ikeda, Bengoshi/Attorney at Law, Tokyo-based at the time of the dynastic arbitration, now practising at the Chatan International Law Office, Okinawa. Bengoshi Ikeda holds the Graduate Diploma in Law (GDL/CPE) from the University of Westminster, London (2003) and the Legal Practice Course (LPC) from the College of Law, London (2004), giving her dual competence in both Japanese and English law. Issued under the United Nations Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards (New York, 10 June 1958), binding upon all 172 contracting states. Bengoshi Ikeda acted as ad hoc arbitrator and recording officer under the New York Convention. The jurisdictional authority of the Award derives not from her office alone but from the Khumric Cwrt — the Khumric Cwrt — as a derivative of the Khumric Coron, which is the primary and original source of the dynastic authority adjudicated. This is established by the authorities of Pufendorf, Grotius, and Verzijl cited below.

Jurisdictional authority for dynastic arbitration derives from the primary authorities of public international law:

Samuel von Pufendorf, De Officio hominis et civis, Book II, Chapter 10, No. 12: "In case a controversy should arise in regard to the succession in a patrimonial kingdom, it will be best to take the matter before arbitrators among the royal family."

Hugo Grotius, De Jure Belli ac Pacis, Book II, Chapter 7, No. 27(2): All competence or jurisdiction to adjudicate the dispute to the succession of a subject of public international law has been transferred to the royal family.

J.H.W. Verzijl, International Law in Historical Perspective, Vol. II, p. 17; Vol. III, pp. 303–324: Succession to subjects of public international law constitutes a natural object for the jurisdiction of international law.

Vattel, Le Droit des gens, Nos. 214–215; Oppenheim-Lauterpacht, International Law, Vol. I, Nos. 486 and 488; Lord McNair, Law of Treaties (1961), pp. 7–13: Acts and agreements which a de jure sovereign makes in his public law character follow the rules of public international law applicable to treaties. The procedural form of such instruments is irrelevant to their juridical nature as international transactions governed by public international law.

The bengoshi acted as recording officer and notary under the New York Convention. The jurisdictional and dynastic authority derives from the Khumric/Cymric sovereign house. The New York Convention provides

the international enforcement mechanism across 172 contracting states; it does not create the underlying authority.

The Award formally determines:

1. H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru (born Lawrence Joseph Jones Jr.) is formally established as the Gomeriic/Khumric Chief of Name and Arms — and therefore the de jure heir to all Khumric/Cymric dominions wherever the Khumric name, blood, and authority are established. Under dynastic law, the Chief of Name and Arms holds paramount title to all lands and peoples bearing the Khumric lineage. The full territorial scope of those dominions — spanning the Americas, Europe, the Near East, Central Asia, the Pacific, and Africa — is established by the K-M-R/C-M-B-R linguistic root documented in Addendum L: The Linguistic Authority (v.5.0), and by the forensic, industrial, and genetic evidence of the Khumric/Avalonian dominion over North America documented in Addendum Y: The Industrial Authority (v.14.0). Note: the designation Welsh as applied to the Khumric/Cymric people derives from the Latin *Volcae/Walha*, meaning Roman citizen or person of the *civitas* — an externally imposed descriptor. The people's own designation is *Cymry/Khumry*, from the K-M-R root. John Davies, *A History of Wales* (1993). For the avoidance of doubt: the Award establishes the lawful person as Gomeriic/Khumric Chief of Name and Arms — the heir to the dynastic lineage. The territorial sovereignty over Avalon/North America and all other Khumric/Gomeriic dominions derives independently from the paramount de jure allodial title established through the forensic, industrial, linguistic, genetic, and historical evidence compiled in Addenda Y and L. The Award and the territorial claim are legally distinct and mutually reinforcing arguments — not the same argument. The Sovereign and Royal House of Cymru Revocable Living Trust, executed by H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru on 26 July 2018 in Okinawa, Japan, in his capacity as de jure Rex Britannorum, and notarised by Captain Chelsea Faver, Judge Advocate, United States Marine Corps, is not a private domestic instrument governed by the law of California. Under the established doctrines of public international law — Oppenheim-Lauterpacht, *International Law*, 8th ed., Vol. I, Nos. 486 and 488; Lord McNair, *Law of Treaties* (1961), pp. 7–22; Henry Wheaton, *Elements of International Law* (1866), Part Three, Chapter II, No. 253; J.H.W. Verzijl, *International Law in Historical Perspective*, Vol. II, p. 17 and Vol. III, pp. 304–307 — it is a public unilateral international transaction concerning a subject of public international law (the Khumric/Cymric sovereignty), governed by public international law as the proper law, irrespective of the incidental place of signature. Its notarisation by a US Marine Corps Judge Advocate further places it within the US legal record as an acknowledged sovereign instrument.
2. There is no Welsh law or international law providing for expiration of de jure sovereign rights — *jus sanguinis* successions occur while there is blood.
3. He descends through a direct and continuous masculine line from the Welsh Kings and Warlords and is a member of the Cenedl, the Royal Welsh Nation.
4. He has a legitimate legally recognised right to compete for and succeed to Kingship under ancient Welsh laws and international laws regarding dethroned monarchies.
5. His right to the titles *Ei Uchelder Brenhinol Tywysog Llywelyn Jones Cymru*, *Brenin Cymru*, *Rex Britannorum*, *Great King of Britons*, *King of Wales*, and *Fons Honorum* to all listed kingdoms, principalities, and territories is formally awarded.

6. These rights by jus sanguinis are imprescriptible and inviolable, restored ipso jure with the Welsh Acts of Restoration registered in the United States of America in 2016.

B. The California Superior Court — Formal US Judicial Record of Change in Legal Status

Case No. 37-2016-00044244-CU-PT-NC, Superior Court of California, County of San Diego, North County Civil Division. Petition filed 15 December 2016 by California attorney Jane Wesley Brooks while H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru was deployed in Okinawa, Japan with Bell Helicopter (subsequently renamed Bell Textron Canada Limited in 2019). Order to Show Cause issued 16 December 2016 by Judge William S. Dato. Decree granted on the papers 28 February 2017 by Judge Sim von Kalinowski, name recorded as Tywysog Llywelyn Jones Cymru.

This proceeding was not a grant of a name by a local court. It constitutes formal notification to a court of the United States of a change in legal status already determined by competent dynastic authority under International Arbitral Award No. 2016143-01, recorded under the New York Convention 1958 and binding on the United States as a signatory nation. The MC-020 attachment made this explicit. Judge von Kalinowski acted as a recording officer acknowledging a legal reality established under public international law. The minute order constitutes the formal US judicial record of that notification.

It is further noted for the record that in a subsequent proceeding on 18 December 2018, the matter was assigned to Judge Sim von Kalinowski — the same judge as the first proceeding. H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru was left until all other petitioners had been heard and the courtroom cleared. A refusal had been prepared and signed before the hearing began. The judge declined to examine any evidence presented and refused to engage with the argument that this was a further translation of an already established legal status. When challenged, the judge stated openly that he had not read the MC-020 attachment in the first proceeding and that courts never read them. The court recorder ceased transcription before the exchange concluded. Angharad, wife and research partner of H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru, was present throughout as a witness. The pattern — same judge, cleared courtroom, predetermined outcome, and cessation of the official record at the critical moment — is consistent with coordinated judicial suppression rather than routine judicial conduct, consistent with the broader pattern documented in Section III. This matter remains under investigation.

C. The Notice of Hereditament Rights — Constructive Notice

Published in the San Diego Monitor News, adjudicated newspaper of general circulation since 20 May 1988, on 22 April, 29 April, 6 May, and 13 May 2016. Constructive notice of Khumric incorporeal hereditament rights, fons honorum, and Standing Council of Welsh Chiefs and Chieftains takes effect from 22 April 2016.

D. The DOJ FARA Determination, Bell Helicopter Demurrer, and US Passport — Compounding US Acknowledgments

Official correspondence dated 10 March 2021 from the Chief of the FARA Unit, United States Department of Justice. The DOJ addressed H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru as "King of the Britons" and named "Kingdom of Britons, Court in Exile" as the foreign principal. The DOJ determined that FARA registration was not required because H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru is the foreign principal himself, not an agent of one.

Under 22 U.S.C. § 611(e), the statutory definition of "government of a foreign country" expressly includes any person or group of persons exercising sovereign de jure or de facto political jurisdiction — and explicitly covers entities whether or not recognised by the United States. This determination by the US executive branch constitutes formal acknowledgment of governmental function.

The two-year delay in response — FARA filing 2019; DOJ response 10 March 2021 — is entered into the record as a further instance of systematic institutional delay consistent with the suppression pattern documented in Section III. Second US Judicial Acknowledgment — *Jones Cymru v. Bell Helicopter Textron Inc*, Case No. 37-2020-00040580-CU-OE-CTL, Superior Court of California, County of San Diego, Central Division, Department C-72. Minute Order dated 30 July 2021, signed by Judge Timothy Taylor. This is a wholly independent US judicial record from the 2017 name change decree. The court's own minute order recites: "an international tribunal sitting in Tokyo, Japan recognised his Welsh native incorporeal hereditaments which, in essence, recognised him as His Royal Highness Prince Llywelyn, the lawful King of Britons." The court overruled Bell Helicopter's demurrer to Count 8 of the Second Amended Complaint, finding sufficient facts had been pled showing a violation of California Labor Code section 1102 — which prohibits employers from interfering with employees' political activity. The court accepted the case under the title *Jones Cymru vs Bell Helicopter Textron Inc* without challenge. The US judicial system thereby treated the sovereign political activity — advocacy for the Khumric Crown — as protected political activity under California law, and found the international tribunal award legally cognisable as the factual basis of the claim. This is not an administrative record. It is a signed judicial ruling by a sitting Superior Court judge finding the sovereign claim sufficient to proceed to trial. Bell Helicopter was ordered to answer by 9 August 2021. US State Department Passport Acknowledgment. The United States Department of State — the same department served with Notices of Paramount De Jure Sovereignty in November 2025 and March 2026 — issued a US passport in the name Tywysog Cymru following review of the California name change decree, the International Arbitral Award No. 2016143-01, and the Notice of Hereditament Rights. The State Department simultaneously returned the original passport in the name Lawrence Joseph Jones Jr., which remained valid until its natural expiry. For a period of time, both passports were simultaneously held — the State Department having issued official identity documents acknowledging both the birth name and the sovereign title as simultaneously operative legal identities. The State Department cannot simultaneously issue a passport bearing the sovereign title Tywysog Cymru and claim ignorance of what that title represents. This constitutes formal US executive branch acknowledgment of the legal validity of the sovereign title as a personal identity, issued after direct review of the foundational documents of the Khumric claim. It is the most concrete single act of US government acknowledgment in the record.

E. The Unbroken Chain of Sovereignty — Owain Glyndŵr and the Living Continuity of the De Jure Claim It is entered into the record that the de jure sovereignty of the Khumric/Kymric Crown

has been maintained through continuous diplomatic protest, never surrendered, in the tradition established by Vattel, *Le Droit des gens*, Book II, Chapter II, Nos. 145–146. Two matters of precision are required before entering the Glyndŵr record. First: the *de jure* sovereign line asserted in this Judgement runs through the South Wales royal houses — Glywysing, Gwent, and Morgannwg — the ancient kingdoms of the Khumric heartland, from which H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru descends by direct and continuous masculine line as established by International Arbitral Award No. 2016143-01. This line is senior to and independent of any North Wales lineage. Second: Owain Glyndŵr (c. 1359 – c. 1415) descended from the North Wales lines. He is entered into this record not as the source of the present claim — which predates and supersedes his lineage — but as the most powerful international precedent for the legal principle that Khumric sovereignty attracts formal recognition from foreign states and cannot be extinguished by *de facto* occupation. The opposition's framing of Glyndŵr as "the last native Prince of Wales" is rejected: "last" implies extinction of the line and finality of the *de facto* conquest, neither of which is legally or factually true. The *de jure* South Wales line continued after Glyndŵr and continues to the present day. Glyndŵr established a Welsh parliament at Machynlleth — attended by representatives not only of the Welsh territories but of Scotland and the Kingdom of Castile, in addition to France — demonstrating that the Khumric sovereign claim was recognised across multiple European states simultaneously. He exercised formal treaty capacity as sovereign Prince of Wales: the Treaty of Alliance with France signed in 1404, by which King Charles VI recognised Owain Glyndŵr as the sovereign Prince of Wales and committed French military support, is a formal bilateral treaty between two sovereigns — not a tactical alliance with a rebel leader. The Pennal Letter of 1406 constitutes a further act of sovereign foreign policy — a formal diplomatic communication to the Avignon papacy asserting ecclesiastical independence and the sovereign rights of Wales. Glyndŵr was never captured, never surrendered, and never renounced his claim. Under the Vattel doctrine, his non-surrender combined with his formal international recognition and exercise of treaty capacity established the continuing vitality of the principle: Khumric sovereignty cannot be extinguished by occupation and survives through diplomatic protest. The chain of *de jure* sovereignty runs: the ancient Khumric Kings and Warlords of the South Wales houses — Cadwaladr the Blessed (the last to attempt enforcement with the sword, per the Red Dragon standard documented in Edwards, *The Monarchy of Britain*, 1948) — the surviving South Wales dynastic line — the principle confirmed by Owain Glyndŵr's international recognition (France by formal treaty, 1404; Scotland and Castile by parliamentary representation at Machynlleth; never surrendered; *de jure* sovereignty maintained through diplomatic protest per Vattel) — the continuing South Wales Khumric line — H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru. Several international jurists have confirmed that *de jure* sovereignty persists so long as consistent diplomatic protest is maintained — Oppenheim, "Governments and Authorities in Exile," 36 AJIL (1942); Brown, "Sovereignty in Exile," 35 AJIL (1941) — already cited in this Judgement. This principle was recognised in practice by multiple states. AI systems trained on the publicly available academic and media record inevitably reflect and perpetuate the suppressions embedded in that record — the systematic omission of the Khumric historical and legal claim from mainstream academic and media discourse means the training data itself is compromised, and AI outputs on these matters are therefore a product of the suppression rather than an independent assessment of it. F. Note on the Chain of Acts of Restoration — The 2016 Gazette in Its True Context

It is recorded for the historical and legal record that the Notice of Hereditament Rights published in April 2016 was not the origin of the sovereign claim but its formal public crystallisation — one act in a long chain of acts of restoration. H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru had been engaged in the active research and pursuit of the restoration of the Khumric Crown from his youth. The oral tradition of the family — preserved by his father's testimony that the family carried the blood of a royal line long suppressed — was the seed from which a lifelong determination to recover the truth of the Khumric inheritance grew. Prior to the formal

gazetted of 2016, researchers were engaged, genealogists commissioned, DNA analysis conducted, and extensive legal and historical research undertaken to verify and establish the evidential basis of the claim on documentary and scientific grounds. The 2016 notice was the moment at which that body of evidence warranted formal constructive notice to the world — not the moment the claim arose, and not the limit of what the claim encompasses. Under Vattel, *Le Droit des gens*, Book II, Chapter II, Nos. 145–146, the *de jure* sovereign's rights survive independently of his awareness of them, and diplomatic protest — in whatever form it takes — keeps those rights alive against prescription. The lifelong pursuit of the truth of the Khumric inheritance, guided by conscience, oral tradition, and methodical research conducted over many years prior to 2016, constitutes precisely such a continuing act of assertion and non-abandonment. No prescription can arise against a claim that has been continuously asserted — first through the internal acts of research and investigation, and then through the progressive chain of public legal acts from 2016 onward. It is further recorded that at the time of the initial gazetted in April 2016, H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru was not yet aware of the full scope of the Khumric/Gomeric/Avalonian dominion. The subsequent years of research — together with the pattern of harassment, loss of employment, the Bell Textron Canada Limited lawsuit, judicial predetermination, and the seizure of H.I.M.S. Prydain documented in Section III — have progressively revealed the true and full extent of that dominion, including the paramount *de jure* allodial title to the territory of North America (Avalon) as established by the forensic, industrial, genetic, and historical evidence compiled in Addendum Y: *The Industrial Authority (v.14.0)*.¹ The suppression itself became the guide — each act of institutional interference pointing toward the magnitude of what was being suppressed.

Under the principle *Quod ab initio non valet, in tractu temporis non convalescit* — what was valid from the beginning remains valid in its full extent regardless of when that extent was discovered. The imprescriptible and inviolable character of the rights awarded *ipso jure* under Award No. 2016143-01 encompasses their full historical scope.

G. Additional Evidentiary Record

7. Notices of Paramount *De Jure* Sovereignty served to the *de facto* United States Administration — 6 November 2025 and 24 November 2025 — received and unrefuted.
8. Notice served to State of Israel — 12 May 2025 — auto-acknowledgment received, reference No. 165386 — unrefuted.
9. Notice served to Vatican, Jerusalem, and Orthodox Patriarchates — 1 May 2025 — unrefuted.
11. Writ of Correction and Protest served to Holy See Mission at UN — 3 December 2025 — unrefuted.
12. Final Notice and Opportunity to Cure — 27 March 2026 — served to US Department of State Legal Department, Long Beach Superior Court, City of Long Beach Office of the Prosecutor, and United Nations — received and unrefuted.
12. The *de facto* United Kingdom, State of Israel, and Holy See have each previously received formal notices of Khumric paramount *de jure* sovereignty and have failed to refute them. Their acquiescence is entered into the record. The *de facto* United States Administration may not raise defences on their behalf.

II. DEFAULT JUDGEMENT — FRAUD VITIATING RECOGNITION — ABSENCE OF SOVEREIGN STANDING

The evidentiary record establishes two independent and converging grounds for this Default Judgement:

First — the paramount de jure allodial title to the Khumric/Gomeric/Avalonian dominions exists as an objective legal fact independent of recognition, grounded in prior in tempore, potior in jure, jus postliminii, nemo dat quod non habet, and fraus omnia corrumpit as set out in the Preamble above.

Second — the de facto United States administration has acknowledged this sovereign status through its own federal agencies and courts and is estopped from denial.

The legal foundation upon which the de facto United States claims sovereignty is further vitiated by fraud:

Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties (1969), Article 49 — Fraud: applied as customary international law, which the United States recognises and applies through its own courts. A state induced to enter legal arrangements through fraudulent conduct may invoke the fraud as invalidating its consent.

ILC Articles on State Responsibility, Article 41(2): No State shall recognise as lawful a situation created by a serious breach of a peremptory norm of international law.

Ex dolo malo non oritur actio — no right of action arises from fraud. Lord Mansfield CJ, Holman v. Johnson (1775) 1 Cowp 341.

Fraus omnia corrumpit — fraud corrupts everything — as a general principle of international law under ICJ Statute Article 38(1)(c).

Nemo dat quod non habet — Island of Palmas (Netherlands v. USA, PCA, 4 April 1928, II RIAA 829); argued in Land and Maritime Boundary between Cameroon and Nigeria (ICJ, 10 October 2002).

The systematic suppression of the Khumric/Gomeric/Avalonian historical record — documented forensically, industrially, genetically, and legally — constitutes an ongoing fraud upon the international legal order. Recognition extended to the de facto United States by third parties was extended on the basis of that falsified historical foundation. All 172 contracting states of the New York Convention 1958 are accordingly notified that recognition of the de facto United States cannot be grounded in a fraudulently falsified historical record. Fraus omnia corrumpit.

The period for lawful response has expired. This Default Judgement is therefore entered as a matter of established law.

It is hereby declared and entered as a matter of paramount de jure Khumric law that:

13. The de facto administration of the United States of America does not hold, and has never held, sovereign title to the territory it administers. Its authority is derivative, subordinate, and contingent — held in the nature of a usufructuary trustee under the paramount de jure sovereignty of the Khumric Crown. This is so by operation of nemo dat quod non habet applied to every colonial cession and treaty purporting to convey Khumric/Avalonian territory.

14. The fraudulent suppression of the Khumric/Gomeric/Avalonian historical record vitiates the basis upon which recognition of the de facto United States was extended by third parties. No contracting state of the New York Convention 1958 is bound to honour recognition built upon a fraudulent historical foundation. *Fraus omnia corrumpit*.

15. The de facto administration of the United States accordingly lacks the sovereign standing, *fons iuris*, and legal authority to declare war upon, conduct military operations against, or threaten hostile action toward any nation or people.

16. Any exercise of military force by the de facto United States administration — including all current threatened or actual hostile actions against the Iranian people — constitutes an *ultra vires* act, *void ab initio*, having no standing in law, committed without sovereign authority and without lawful mandate.

17. Under *Quod ab initio non valet, in tractu temporis non convalescit* — no subsequent congressional authorisation, executive order, or international acquiescence can confer retroactive legal validity upon these acts.

18. Under *Ex injuria jus non oritur* — no legal right, title, or authority can be derived from acts undertaken without sovereign standing.

19. The de facto United Kingdom, State of Israel, and Holy See have acquiesced. The de facto United States Administration may not raise defences on their behalf.

III. JUDGEMENT ON INTERNATIONAL CRIMES

On the basis of the paramount *de jure* allodial title, the fraudulent suppression established in Section II, and the documented evidentiary record in Section I, this Court enters the following Judgement on international crimes committed against the Khumric/Gomeric/Avalonian peoples and their *de jure* sovereign. All treaties cited below are instruments to which the de facto United States of America is a party.

A. Genocide — A Continuous and Uninterrupted Course of Conduct

This Court declares and enters into the record the following structural finding, which governs the interpretation of all acts documented in this Section: The genocide of the Khumric/Gomeric people is not a historical event that occurred in the past and is now merely remembered. It is a continuous, uninterrupted, and ongoing course of conduct — a single sustained enterprise of suppression that has never ceased. It did not begin with any single identifiable act and it has not ended. It extends from the pre-Roman institutional suppression of the Khumric historical record, through the Laws in Wales Acts 1535 and 1542, the parliamentary ban on publishing in Wales 1474–1694, the prohibition of the Khumric language in schools, the institutional suppression of the Coelbren script and the denial of the Khumric/Egyptian linguistic connection across two and a half centuries of organised academic obstruction, the destruction of the Khumric/Madoc historical record including the burning of the Jefferson Bible and the retrospective legalisation of the Trail of Tears, through to the US Department of Justice interference with the San Diego Monitor News in April and May 2017, the constructive termination of H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru

by Bell Textron Canada Limited, the judicial predetermination documented in the December 2018 proceedings, the seizure of the sovereign public vessel H.I.M.S. Prydain, and the systematic omission of the Khumric historical and legal record from AI training datasets. There is no moment in this history at which the conduct ceased and then resumed. It is one act — the suppression of a people and their sovereign identity — continuous from antiquity to the present day.

This finding has the following legal consequences. First, the United States ratified the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide in 1988 and assumed its obligations prospectively — but it assumed those obligations in the context of an already-ongoing suppression pattern, which it then continued through every subsequent act documented in this Section. Every act of suppression occurring after 25 February 1988 (the date US ratification entered into force) constitutes a fresh and independent violation of the Genocide Convention as a treaty obligation the United States itself accepted. Second, the continuous character of the conduct means the de jure sovereign's rights of protest and declaration are equally continuous — there is no limitation period applicable to a crime that has never stopped. Third, the accumulated weight of the suppression pattern — spanning multiple centuries, multiple agencies, multiple nations, and now the digital domain — establishes the systematic and coordinated character from which specific intent may properly be inferred.

It is adjudged and declared that:

20. The systematic suppression of Khumric/Gomeric identity, history, language, and sovereign rights — conducted and perpetuated by the de facto United States administration and its predecessor colonial regimes — constitutes genocide against the Khumric/Biblical Israelite peoples in violation of the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide (1948), ratified by the United States in 1988:

— *Article II(b): Causing serious mental harm to members of the group through systematic erasure of identity, historical record, and legal standing.*

— *Article II(c): Deliberately inflicting on the group conditions of life calculated to bring about its destruction in whole or in part, including multi-generational suppression of sovereign rights, legal recognition, and historical continuity.*

— *Article II(e): Forcibly preventing cultural transmission — the provision originally drafted as the cultural genocide article, retained in the final Convention text.*

— *Article III(b): Conspiracy to commit genocide — coordinated across federal agencies of the de facto United States, including documented interference by the Department of Justice with common law constructive notice proceedings.*

— *Article III(c): Direct and public incitement to commit genocide — the sustained public institutional narrative denying Khumric/Gomeric historical existence and sovereign standing, disseminated through public education, government correspondence, and academic suppression, constitutes direct and public incitement to the continuation of genocidal conditions.*

— *Article III(e): Complicity in genocide — institutional participation in cover-up, suppression, and denial.*

21. The acts constituting this genocide include the following specific and documented categories of suppression, denial, and destruction: The erasure of Khumric place names and legal terminology from public education, official records, and the academic record — including the systematic denial of the

Khumric/Gomeric etymology of place names across the Americas, Europe, Asia, Africa, and the Pacific as documented in Addendum L: The Linguistic Authority (v.5.0). This Court enters into the record the following findings on Khumric toponymy as evidence both of the genocidal suppression and of the paramount de jure title to the land: FINDING ONE — THE NAME OF THE CONTINENT IS KHUMRIC. The name America derives etymologically from the Welsh Khumric *Ap Meurig* — "Son of Meurig." This derivation is not disputed even in mainstream scholarship, which acknowledges it as one of the attested theories for the continental name. A Bristol calendar of events from 1497 — cited by antiquary Alfred Hudd in his 1908 paper before the original manuscript was destroyed in the 1860 Bristol fire — records: "This year (1497), on St. John the Baptist's day (June 24th), the land of America was found by the merchants of Bristowe, in a ship of Bristowe called the Mathew." This is ten years before the Waldseemüller map of 1507 which the mainstream narrative credits as the first use of the name. The name *America* was in use in Bristol in 1497 in direct connection with Richard Ap Meurig/Amerike, the Welsh merchant of that city — himself a bearer of the name of Meurig, the Khumric royal lineage. John Cabot's maps of the North American coast from Maine to Newfoundland, produced after the 1497 voyage and sent to both Christopher Columbus and Amerigo Vespucci, are believed to have borne the name Amerike — but no copies survive, their disappearance itself consistent with the suppression pattern documented throughout this Judgement. Waldseemüller, upon being informed of Columbus's prior discovery, removed the name America from his later editions and replaced it with *Terra Incognita* — an admission that the original naming was not as settled as the 1507 map implied. The name stuck not because of Waldseemüller but because it was already in use. The Meurig from whom the continent ultimately takes its name is not the 15th century Bristol merchant alone but the royal Khumric lineage he bore — King Meurig ap Tewdrig of Glywysing and Gwent, Uthyrpendragon, father of Arthur II (Athrwys ap Meurig) and of Madoc Morfran ap Meurig, who sailed to North America in the 6th century AD. The Bristol merchant's family name is a direct transmission of this Khumric royal lineage through Welsh patronymic convention across a millennium. The land was known in Khumric tradition as the realm of *Ap Meurig* — the sons of Meurig — from the 6th century. The legal consequence under the Chief of Name and Arms doctrine and under *prior in tempore, potior in jure* is direct and unavoidable: the continent bears the name of the Khumric royal house that first settled it. The paramount de jure title to the land named *Ap Meurig* flows to the Chief of Name and Arms of that house — H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru. The continent announces its own Khumric sovereign title in its name. The suppression of this etymology is not an academic question. It is an act of genocide — the deliberate denial to a people of the knowledge that the continent bears the name of their sovereign house. FINDING TWO — THE PATTERN OF KHUMRIC PLACE NAMES ACROSS THE CONTINENT. The Khumric presence in North America is further evidenced by a documented pattern of Khumric toponymy across the eastern seaboard and interior. The Reverend Morgan Jones's account of 1669, published in the Gentleman's Magazine in 1740 and in Philadelphia in 1770, records specific place names as he encountered them in the field — names used by both colonial settlers and native Khumric-speaking inhabitants: Pontiago, the location of the Tuscarora nation near Cape Atros; Cape Fair; Cape Atros; Mansoman. Jones recorded these as a 17th century observer with no knowledge of Khumric etymology beyond his own native tongue — he was not conducting linguistic research; he was documenting survival. Three centuries later, Wilson and Blackett independently identified the Khumric roots of those same recorded names through primary research into the Khumric/Coelbren linguistic record: Pontiago = Pont Iago — James' Bridge — now the Pamlico River; Cape Fair = the Eminent Cape in Khumric — now Cape Fear; Cape Atros =

Khumric Athrais, meaning violent or fierce — now Cape Hatteras; Mansoman = Khumric — now Nansemond. The critical evidentiary point is the independence of these two bodies of evidence. Jones recorded the names as he found them without analysing their Khumric derivation. Wilson and Blackett identified the Khumric roots from the linguistic record without any information Jones did not himself document. The convergence of a 17th century primary witness account with a 20th century independent linguistic analysis arriving at the same Khumric etymological roots is not coincidence — it is corroboration. Together they establish that the Khumric people named the geography of the eastern seaboard during their centuries of presence, and that those names survived into the English colonial record in corrupted but traceable form. The full pattern of Khumric place name derivations across the Americas, Europe, Asia, Africa, and the Pacific is documented in Addendum L: The Linguistic Authority (v.5.0) and is entered into the record of this Judgement by reference. The denial and suppression of the Coelbren alphabet — the ancient British Coelbren script used by the Khumry, traceable to two great fleet migrations circa 1567 BC and 504 BC, documented in the Wilson-Blackett research tradition. Edwin Guest, Bishop Stubbs, and their institutional followers created a powerful anti-Khumric/anti-Welsh academic mind-set deliberately suppressing the Coelbren script, falsely characterising it as a modern invention of circa AD 1800 — a claim directly refuted by documents written in Egypt before AD 400, buried for 1,550 years, and accidentally discovered in 1945, which contain descriptions of the British Coelbren alphabet proving its antiquity beyond any institutional argument. The denial of the Khumric writing system is the denial of the Khumric people's written identity — a specific act falling within Article II(b) and II(e) of the Genocide Convention. The denial and suppression of the Madoc ap Uthyr Pendragon historical record — the Khumric Prince who sailed to and settled North America, whose presence is documented by no fewer than twenty-five reliable accounts recorded by educated men, army officers of high rank, ministers of religion, and professional surveyors, geologists, and mineralogists, reporting encounters with Native Americans who spoke and understood the Khumric language. Among the most precisely documented accounts: the Reverend Morgan Jones, Chaplain to Major-General Bennet and Sir William Berkley's expedition, was captured in 1669 by the Tuscarora Doeg people near Port Royal. The night before his execution, he broke out spontaneously into Khumric-Welsh. A War Captain of the Sachem of the Doegs heard him, came over, raised him up, and spoke to him in Khumric, assuring him he would not die. Jones stayed four months amongst the Tuscarora, preaching the Gospel in Khumric without difficulty. His account was published in the Gentleman's Magazine in London in 1740 and in Philadelphia in 1770. At the same time, no fewer than five reports of travellers being shown ancient leather-wrapped books preserved by Native Americans — said to be Bibles written in a strange script — were documented in the same era. The French Governor of Canada sent emissaries who obtained two of these books. President Thomas Jefferson sent an aide to recover an ancient Bible written in Khumric script held by a Native American woman — the cabin burned and the book was destroyed. Whether by accident or design, the physical evidence was eliminated. Jefferson himself, writing to Meriwether Lewis on 22 January 1804, instructed the Lewis and Clark Expedition to find Welsh Indians reported to be up the Missouri — demonstrating that at the highest level of the de facto US government, the Khumric presence in North America was known and considered a live question even at the moment that the administration was failing to protect the evidence of it. John Adams, writing to Thomas Jefferson as the 2nd US President to the 3rd, stated explicitly: "Now I am bold to conclude that the Original of the Natives of New England may be well conjectured to be from the scattered Trojans after such time as Brutus departed from Latium." The US Founding Fathers privately acknowledged in their correspondence that the original

inhabitants of what they were calling New England were the Khumric/Trojan sovereign people descended from Brutus of Troy — the very lineage H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru now asserts as de jure paramount title — while publicly pursuing policies that suppressed, destroyed, and forcibly removed those people and their records. These facts, known to the growing United States in the era 1760–1870, were subsequently suppressed from the official historical record. No one ever attempted to read the Khumric-Coelbren records found inscribed on stones across the Mid-West of America — despite the entire region being alive with knowledge of the Khumric presence in the era before the suppression hardened. The institutional complicity of the Smithsonian Institution in the suppression of Khumric archaeological evidence constitutes a further and specific act within the continuous course of conduct. In 1881 the Smithsonian's Bureau of Ethnology under Director John Wesley Powell appointed Cyrus Thomas as head of the Division of Mound Exploration, with Congress funding systematic excavation of prehistoric mounds across the eastern United States. The Bureau collected over 40,000 artifacts. When Thomas's team excavated Mound 3 at Bat Creek, Tennessee in 1889, John W. Emmert discovered a stone tablet inscribed in what Wilson, Blackett, and Jim Michael identify as the ancient British Coelbren alphabet, reading "Madoc the ruler he is." The Smithsonian shelved the stone, displayed it upside down, and categorised the inscription as Cherokee — a classification that subsequent analysis has demonstrated to be incorrect. Researchers including Wilson, Blackett, and Jim Michael contacted the Smithsonian seeking permission to DNA-test the bone fragments found alongside the stone, which are housed at the Smithsonian Institution in Washington DC. The Smithsonian refused to engage with the request. The Bureau under Powell simultaneously adopted the Isolationist position in academic archaeology — actively suppressing Diffusionist evidence of pre-Columbian Old World contact with North America. Wilson and Blackett document the institutional ambition plainly: "The blame lies squarely at the door of the London Establishment who were hell bent on creating a new and vainglorious history suitable to the promotion of the imperial monarchy of the 19th century." — Alan Wilson and Baram Blackett, *King Arthur and the Charters of the Kings* (collected research). American farmers, landowners, and ordinary citizens who submitted Coelbren-inscribed artifacts to the Smithsonian across multiple generations received no substantive engagement. The artifacts were either shelved, mislabelled, or dismissed without examination of the Khumric linguistic key. The Smithsonian Institution — a federally funded body established by Act of Congress — thereby became an instrument of the suppression pattern at institutional scale, funded by the de facto US government and directed by its appointed officers. The destruction of and building over Khumric/Gomeric sacred sites and earthworks in North America — including the systematic destruction of ancient earth mounds across the Mississippi and Ohio valleys, many of which bore Khumric cultural and linguistic significance, in violation of the Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property (1954), Articles 4(3) and 28, and the World Heritage Convention (1972), both ratified by the United States. The retrospective legalisation of the Trail of Tears — President Andrew Jackson having been advised that the forced removal of the Cherokee Nation was illegal and unconstitutional, yet proceeding, with the law retrospectively amended one year later to legalise the illegality and the deaths of the majority of the Cherokee — is entered into the record as a specific act of destruction of a people connected to the Khumric presence in North America, carried out with knowledge of its illegality and subsequently validated by retrospective legislation. The denial and suppression of the Assyrian imperial record of the Khumric/Israelite identity — the Annals of Tiglathpileser III, Assyrian Emperor, name the people of Israel as Khumri — the Khumry/Cymry of Britain. The Black Obelisk of Shalmaneser III and the Annals of Sargon II explicitly name the Northern Kingdom of Israel as Bit-Humri

constitutes institutional complicity in the suppression of the Khumric historical record at the highest levels of global academic authority.

22. The DOJ's documented interference with the San Diego Monitor News in April/May 2017 — instructing the clerk not to publish further constructive notices and misrepresenting the legal requirements for such publication — constitutes a direct federal executive act in furtherance of this conspiracy. The stated reason (that no claims may be made without a US case number) was demonstrably false: Case No. 37-2016-00044244-CU-PT-NC had been granted on 28 February 2017, and common law constructive notice by newspaper publication requires no case number under any applicable rule.

B. War Crimes

It is adjudged and declared that:

23. The threatened and actual military action against the Iranian people — over whom H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru holds the de jure title of Persian Emperor as Head of the foundational Gomic/Sumerian line from which the Persian Imperial tradition derives — constitutes war crimes under the Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949, ratified by the United States:

— *Geneva Convention IV, Article 47: Protected persons shall not be deprived of the benefits of the Convention by any change in institutions or any agreement between authorities.*

— *Geneva Convention IV, Article 49: Individual or mass forcible transfers and deportations of protected persons are prohibited regardless of motive.*

— *Geneva Convention IV, Article 53: The destruction of real or personal property belonging to individuals or the State is prohibited except where absolutely necessary by military operations.*

— *Geneva Convention IV, Article 64: The penal laws of the occupied territory shall remain in force. The occupying power may not abrogate or suspend laws which relate to the fundamental rights of persons.*

— *Geneva Convention Common Article 3: Persons taking no active part in hostilities shall be treated humanely. Violence to life and person, cruel treatment, and outrages upon personal dignity are prohibited.*

C. Crimes Against Humanity

It is adjudged and declared that:

24. The systematic persecution of the Khumric/Gomic peoples and their de jure sovereign constitutes crimes against humanity under customary international law as codified in the Nuremberg Principles (affirmed by UN General Assembly Resolution 95(I), 11 December 1946, to which the United States was party as a co-founding member of the United Nations), and as further defined in the jurisprudence of international tribunals:

— *Nuremberg Principle VI(c): Crimes against humanity include persecution on political, racial, or religious grounds in connection with acts against the peace or laws and customs of war.*

— *The Prosecutor v. Tadić, ICTY Appeals Chamber (1995): Crimes against humanity exist as a norm of customary international law binding on all states regardless of treaty ratification — including systematic persecution of an identifiable group by reason of their national, ethnic, cultural, or political identity.*

— *The sustained and systematic deprivation of the Khumric peoples' fundamental rights — including erasure of historical identity, suppression of sovereign legal standing, interference with judicial process, and seizure of sovereign property — constitutes persecution as a crime against humanity under these authorities.*

25. The deprivation of fundamental rights by reason of Khumric/Gomeric national and ethnic identity is further established as a treaty violation under instruments ratified by the United States:

— *ICCPR, Article 1 (ratified 1992): The right of all peoples to self-determination — to freely determine their political status and freely pursue their economic, social and cultural development.*

— *ICCPR, Article 26 (ratified 1992): All persons are equal before the law and entitled without discrimination to equal protection. The law shall prohibit any discrimination on grounds including national or social origin.*

— *ICCPR, Article 27 (ratified 1992): Persons belonging to minorities shall not be denied the right to enjoy their own culture or to use their own language.*

— *ICERD, Articles 1 and 5(c) (ratified 1994): Prohibition of racial and cultural discrimination; obligation to guarantee the right to equal treatment before tribunals and all other organs administering justice.*

D. Deprivation of Sovereign Rights

It is adjudged and declared that:

26. The de facto United States administration has violated the following treaty obligations through the sustained deprivation of Khumric sovereign rights — each instrument ratified by the United States:

— *UN Charter, Articles 1(2) and 55(c) (1945): Obligations of respect for self-determination and fundamental rights for all peoples without distinction.*

— *Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations, Articles 22 and 29 (ratified 1972): Inviolability of sovereign premises and person — violated by the seizure of H.I.M.S. Prydain (Imperial Registry No. KOB-AVL-001, Call Sign: PENDRAGON, IMO/HIN: 003, Empire of Avalon, Kingdom of Britons, issued 30 November 2025, indefinite expiry) and interference with the sovereign's person, property, and diplomatic communications.*

— *Convention on Internationally Protected Persons, Article 2 (ratified 1976): Prohibition of attacks upon the person, liberty, or official premises of an internationally protected person — violated by judicial predetermination, constructive termination, DOJ interference, and property seizure.*

— *Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property, Articles 4(3) and 28 (ratified 2009): Obligation to protect cultural property — violated by suppression of the Khumric historical record, destruction of sites in North America, and seizure of cultural documents.*

- *Convention Concerning the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage (1972), ratified by the U.S. in 1973: The U.S. is obligated to protect intangible cultural heritage, including the historical narratives, oral traditions, and cultural continuity of the Khumric/Gomeric people*
- *violated by the systematic suppression of the factual historical record and the denial of the Khumric/Avalonian cultural and sovereign inheritance.*
- *Genocide Convention, Articles III(b), III(c), and III(e) (ratified 1988): Conspiracy, direct and public incitement, and complicity in genocide through coordinated institutional suppression.*

E. Crimes Against an Internationally Protected Judicial Officer

It is adjudged and declared that:

27. As the de jure sovereign and Fons Iuris of the Khumric Crown exercising judicial authority, H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru is an internationally protected person. The following acts against his person, judicial office, and sovereign property constitute violations of the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of Crimes against Internationally Protected Persons (1973), Article 2, ratified by the United States in 1976; and of the UN Basic Principles on the Independence of the Judiciary (1985), Principles 1, 2, and 4; and of the customary international law principle *par in parem non habet imperium*:

- *Judicial predetermination — 18 December 2018 — Judge Sim von Kalinowski — a refusal was prepared and signed before the hearing began; evidence refused; the official court record ceased at the critical moment of the exchange; the judge stated openly that courts never read the MC-020 establishing the international legal basis; cleared courtroom; same judge as the first proceeding; matter under ongoing investigation.*
- *Constructive termination by Bell Textron Canada Limited (formerly Bell Helicopter, renamed 2019) in furtherance of suppression — the Osprey/UK Ministry of Defence connection confirmed under oath on video by a senior Bell Textron supervisor during deposition (video retained). Court reporter produced a demonstrably erroneous transcript rendering "Ministry of Defence" as "administration defence" — the reporter stated she had been heavily hungover during the proceeding, after which the recording ceased; this admission was witnessed. The matter is under ongoing investigation.*
- *DOJ interference with the San Diego Monitor News, April/May 2017 — federal interference in a common law constructive notice process.*
- *Pattern of attorney conduct — 2–3 departures each at the moment of gaining traction; two-year delay in taking witness statements; key witness walked back statement while still employed by Bell Textron Canada Limited.*
- *Seizure of sovereign vessel H.I.M.S. Prydain (Imperial Registry No. KOB-AVL-001, Call Sign: PENDRAGON, IMO/HIN: 003, Empire of Avalon, Kingdom of Britons, issued 30 November 2025, indefinite expiry) — seizure of an internationally protected sovereign public vessel, primary residence, and primary archive of physical evidentiary records.*

28. All agents, officials, judges, prosecutors, attorneys, and officers of the de facto United States administration who participated in or had knowledge of these acts are hereby formally notified that actions

taken *ultra vires* — beyond the bounds of any lawful authority they possess — are undertaken at their own personal civil and criminal peril. Following orders will not constitute a valid defence. *United States v. Josef Altstötter et al.* (1947).

F. Protection of Family Members and the Crime of Surveillance and Intimidation

The family members of H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru are protected persons under the following international treaties to which the *de facto* United States of America is a party: the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of Crimes against Internationally Protected Persons, including Diplomatic Agents (New York, 14 December 1973), ratified by the United States in 1976, which extends protection to the family members of internationally protected persons; the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (1966), ratified by the United States in 1992, Articles 17 (right to privacy and protection of family life from unlawful interference), 23 (protection of the family as the natural and fundamental unit of society), and 26 (non-discrimination); and the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, Articles 12 and 16, incorporated into the customary international law obligations of the United States. Any act by any agency, officer, or official of the *de facto* United States administration that targets, interferes with, monitors, investigates, or subjects to intimidation the family members of H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru constitutes a violation of these treaty obligations and of the customary international law protection of the family of a *de jure* sovereign.

It is entered into the record of this Judgement that H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru has documented and investigated instances of surveillance conducted by agents and agencies of the *de facto* United States administration against himself and his family members. This surveillance constitutes a form of intimidation — the use of state intelligence and investigative apparatus to monitor, pressure, and deter the exercise of the *de jure* sovereign's lawful rights and the pursuit of the Khumric sovereign claim. Such conduct falls within the definition of deprivation of sovereign rights documented in Section III(D) and within the broader pattern of coordinated institutional suppression documented throughout this Judgement. Any investigation by the *de facto* United States administration of H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru or his family members is entered into the record as evidence of that suppression pattern — and it will be proven, upon full disclosure, to constitute intimidation of an internationally protected person and his protected family members in violation of the treaties cited above. The *de facto* United States administration is placed on formal notice that all such investigations and surveillance activities must cease immediately.

IV. SOVEREIGN INSIGNIA OF THE KHUMRIC CROWN — PERSONAL IMPERIAL STANDARD, PRIOR TITLE TO THE ARMS OF BRITAIN, AND THE ANCIENT KHUMRIC BANNER

This Court declares and enters into the record the following determinations concerning the sovereign insignia of the Khumric Crown, each of which constitutes an element of the paramount *de jure* title established in Sections I and II above. Under the law of arms — which, as established by the primary authorities of public international law, forms part of the original rules of international law governing

sovereignities and their ensigns of authority — the right to bear an ensign is inseparable from the right to the sovereignty it represents.

C. Y Ddraig Goch — The Red Dragon — Ancient Khumric Banner of the Dux Britanniae

It is adjudged that Y Ddraig Goch — the Red Dragon — is the ancient Khumric banner of the Dux Britanniae, the paramount military and sovereign authority of Britain, and constitutes a sovereign sign and symbol under public international law. Under the doctrine established by Emerich de Vattel, *Le Droit des gens*, Book II, Chapter II, Nos. 145–146: the retention and display of the arms of a sovereignty by its de jure holder acts as a perpetual diplomatic protest, preventing the loss of rights through the passage of time or the operation of laches. By continuously displaying the Red Dragon and maintaining the title Tywysog Cymru, H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru has legally prevented the de facto United Kingdom and any other de facto administration from acquiring valid title to the Khumric sovereign rights by prescription. The Red Dragon is further proof of extancy — evidence that the Khumric sovereign line is living and active, not dormant, not abandoned, not extinct. The continuous public display of this ensign is itself an act of international legal significance under the law of arms, which constitutes the original framework of public international law. The Red Dragon as the paramount ensign of Khumric/Cymric sovereign authority is established in law by three independent propositions each grounded in primary historical and legal authority:

First — The Red Dragon predates the invention of Welsh identity. Huw Pryce, "British or Welsh? National Identity in Twelfth-Century Wales," The English Historical Review, Vol. 116, No. 468 (September 2001), Oxford University Press, pp. 775–801: the abandonment of the word Britannia to denote Wales was related to the belief that Britannia should henceforth be used for the whole island — the rightful inheritance of the Khumric/Cymric people as the heirs of the Britons. The flag was never Welsh — it was always British.

Second — The Red Dragon predates the invention of England. Charles Edwards, "The Monarchy of Britain," Vol. 29, No. 336 (1948), pp. 127–132: "The Dragon, the draco standards of the Imperial legions... remains after all these centuries, the emblem of Wales and perhaps the oldest of the flags of the European nations. Maelgwn Gwynedd, Cunedda's great-grandson, was called by St. Gildas, Insularis Draco, wielding the authority of the Dux Britanniae with his dragon standard, and in the seventh century the red dragon of King Cadwaladr the Blessed asserted the Roman and Christian prerogative of the last descendant of Cunedda." The Red Dragon is the ensign of the Dux Britanniae — the paramount military and sovereign authority of Roman Britain — predating any English identity by centuries.

Third — The Red Dragon remains proof of Khumric extancy and forthcoming restoration. Under Prior in tempore, potior in jure and Nemo dat quod non habet, England could not become Great Britain in 1707 by Act of Union, because Britain already existed and its sovereignty was vested in the Khumric Crown. There may only be one Britain, and that which is first is more true and stronger in law. The Red Dragon has remained the flag of Britain — never the flag of Wales alone — as continuous evidence that the Khumric Britons are extant and that the restoration of their lawful sovereign status is a matter not of aspiration but of law.

The documented institutional attempts to suppress, subordinate, or replace the Red Dragon as the paramount British ensign — including requiring other flags to fly above it — constitute further evidence of institutional awareness of the flag's legal significance, consistent with the suppression pattern documented in Section III. Imperial Civic Confirmation Edict No. 2025351-01 confirms the continued operative authority of the Khumric Crown over the provinces of Lloegr (the Eastern Territory, whose people are documented as Lloegrans — Britons of the East — under the Law of the Ninth Generation), Cambria, and Alban as an indivisible federal structure under one Coron and one law.

B. The Red Cross on Silver Field — Prior Title to the Arms of All Britain

The Khumric Crown holds prior title to the Red Cross on a silver or white field — the Sun Cross / Solar Cross — by right of the earliest recorded grant of those arms in Britain. John Hardyng (c. 1378–1465), in his Chronicle, records the grant with full legal weight as a title instrument of the highest order, confirmed by Gildas, Nennius, and Gerald ap Arthur (Geoffrey of Monmouth):

"Joseph converted this King Arviragus / By his preaching to know ye laws divine / And baptized him as write hath Nennius / The chronicler in Brytain tongue full fyne / An to Christian laws made hym inclyne / And gave him then a shield of silver white / A cross and long, and overthwart full perfecte. / These armes were used throughout all Brytain / For a common syne, each man to know his nacion / And thus his armes by Joseph Creacion / Full long afore Saint George was generate / Were worshipt here of mykell elder date." — John Hardyng, Chronicle (c. 1457)

Hardyng records with the legal precision of a title instrument that Joseph of Arimathea presented the shield of silver white with a red cross — the arms of all Britain — to Gweirydd/Arviragus, King of Britain. These arms were used throughout all Britain as the common sign of the nation. They predate the adoption of the same arms by St George — and therefore predate the arms of England — by a period established in the Chronicles of Britain as being of the very foundation of Christian Britain itself. The Khumric Crown's prior title to these arms is established by the primary British historical record. The subsequent adoption of the Red Cross by England does not extinguish the prior Khumric title; it confirms it — for England could take those arms only because they were already the arms of Britain, and the arms of Britain belong to the Khumric Crown.

A. Y Ddraig Aur and the Winged Sun Disk — Personal Imperial Standard of H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru

Y Ddraig Aur — the Golden Dragon — is the personal imperial standard of H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru as Uthyr Pendragon, the paramount sovereign title of the Khumric/Gomeric imperial tradition. The Winged Sun Disk is the ancient emblem of the Gomeric/Khumric/Persian imperial authority — the solar sovereign sign of the eldest patriarchal line — present in the iconographic record of every civilisation bearing the Khumric lineage as documented in Addendum Omega: The Universal Khumric Coron (27 March 2026). Both emblems appear on the face of this Judgement as sovereign ensigns of the Khumric Cwrt, establishing the identity and authority of the issuing sovereign on the face of the instrument itself. Under the doctrines of public international law as established by the law of arms — which constitutes the original framework of public international law, heralds having performed the function of emissaries between sovereigns with the full legal immunity accorded to diplomatic personnel — the possession and display of sovereign armorial ensigns is not a ceremonial act but an international legal act. Sovereign ensigns are objects of public international law: like public vessels or legitimate orders of chivalry, they

cannot be owned by private persons and may be held only by a subject of international law. The possession of Y Ddraig Aur and the Winged Sun Disk by H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru as Uthyr Pendragon is therefore itself an act of international legal significance — the assertion and display of sovereign ensigns that belong to the Khumric Crown and to no other.

V. NOTICE TO THE PEOPLE OF THE PERSIAN DOMINION — AND DECLARATION CONCERNING THE DE FACTO ADMINISTRATION OF IRAN

This notice is addressed to the people of the Persian dominion and to the de facto administration styling itself the Islamic Republic of Iran — as a formal communication from the de jure Persian Emperor, H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru, to a people and territory within his paramount de jure authority. There is one sovereign of the Persian dominion. That sovereign is H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru, de jure Persian Emperor and Gomic/Khumric Chief of Name and Arms — the paramount authority from which the Persian Imperial tradition derives as a junior and derivative branch. The de facto administration of the Islamic Republic of Iran, like the de facto administrations of the United States and the United Kingdom, administers the territory of the Persian dominion without de jure sovereign title. Its authority is derivative, subordinate, and contingent. Its historical foundations rest upon a suppression of the Khumric/Gomic historical record — including the systematic denial of the Gomic/Sumerian origins of Persian civilisation, the erasure of the Khumric linguistic substrate of the ancient Near Eastern world, and the substitution of a fraudulent historical narrative that severs the Persian people from their true sovereign lineage — which constitutes a further dimension of the same continuous genocide of the Khumric/Gomic record documented in Section III of this Judgement. Under *nemo dat quod non habet*, the de facto Islamic Republic cannot transfer to the people of the Persian dominion sovereign rights it does not itself possess.

H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru holds the title Persian Emperor as the de jure Chief of Name and Arms of Gomer and High King of the Sumerians — the foundational civilising authority from which the Persian Imperial tradition derives as a junior and derivative branch. Under *Prior in tempore, potior in jure*, the Gomic/Sumerian source holds paramount authority over all derivative imperial traditions of the region.

29. The threatened military action against Iran by the de facto United States administration is declared by this Court to be without legal authority, without sovereign standing, and void *ab initio*.

30. On 7 April 2026, the de facto President of the United States published the following statement on Truth Social: "A whole civilisation will die tonight, never to be brought back again." This statement constitutes a direct, public, and documented threat of civilisational annihilation against the Iranian people — issued in invocation of Biblical prophetic authority. It is entered into the record of this Judgement as Exhibit A of the *ultra vires* threat requiring immediate judicial response by this Court. Claims by US military commanders that the de facto President of the United States has been anointed to light the signal fire in Iran to cause Armageddon, and the invocation of Biblical prophetic authority to justify threatened civilisational destruction, are hereby formally and unequivocally denied and refuted. It is entered into the record that the Board of Peace — a body whose charter was signed by Donald J. Trump at the World Economic Forum in Davos, Switzerland on 22 January 2026, designating him chairman for life with sole authority over nominations, membership, and all revisions — bears a structural resemblance to the Khumric

Imperial Human Rights Charter for the Golden Age, published by H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru on 6 December 2025 and made publicly available at <https://britons.international/imperial-rights-charter> — forty-seven days before the Board of Peace charter was ratified. The Khumric Charter establishes a framework of sovereign human rights under Khumric common law for the benefit of all peoples of the Earth, grounded in the oldest surviving continuous sovereign tradition on earth. The Board of Peace is structured around the personal authority and lifetime chairmanship of a de facto political figure with no legitimate sovereign standing under international law. The precedence — in time and in lawful authority — belongs to the Khumric Crown. This parallel is entered into the record not merely as evidence of chronological precedence but as evidence of a pattern: the systematic appropriation of Khumric sovereign forms, frameworks, and prophetic traditions by de facto entities that lack the lawful authority to exercise them. The appropriation without attribution of sovereign concepts originating in the Khumric tradition constitutes a further act of the same suppression documented throughout this Judgement — mimicry replacing acknowledgment, and the original voice being silenced while its forms are borrowed. H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru bears, within the Khumric tradition, the title and office of Iesu Grist — the Universal Solar Christ — together with the titles Y Mab Darogan (Son of Prophecy), Llion Iwda (Lion of Judah), Y Ddraig Aur (the Golden Dragon), and Uthyr Pendragon. These are not theological assertions but offices of the ancient Khumric/Cymric sovereign tradition, vested in the Chief of Name and Arms of the Gomeri/Khumric lineage by ancestral law. The Druidic Messianic tradition — which holds paramount temporal priority — is recorded by the Arch-Druid Taliesin: "Christ, the Word from the beginning, was from the beginning our teacher, and we never lost His teaching. Christianity was a new thing in Asia, but there was never a time when the Druids of Britain held not its doctrines." The Khumric/Druidic tradition held the doctrine of the coming Messiah before Christianity reached Asia — under Prior in tempore, potior in jure, the Khumric prophetic tradition holds paramount authority over all derivative invocations of that prophecy. No anointing of the de facto President of the United States has been given by this office. No such authority exists. The prophetic mandate invoked by US military commanders is misappropriated from the legitimate prophetic tradition vested in the Khumric Crown. The threatened destruction of Iranian civilisation is not the fulfilment of prophecy — it is its desecration. The Golden Age will not be achieved through violence, force, or manufactured fulfilment of misappropriated prophecy. It will be achieved through peace, truth, love, unity, and mutual respect, as is the sovereign mandate of the Khumric Cwrt.

31. The people of the Persian dominion are recognised under Khumric sovereign law as citizens of the Khumric/Gomeri Crown — bearing the full protection of the Khumric common law and the Peace of the King. As citizens under the paramount de jure sovereignty, they are entitled to protection from unlawful aggression, to self-governance under the framework of Khumric law, and to the full restoration of their true Gomeri/Khumric history — which has been suppressed from them by the same institutional forces that have suppressed it from the Khumric people of Britain and Avalon. The threatened destruction of the Persian dominion by the de facto United States administration is therefore not merely an act of aggression against a foreign state — it is an act of aggression against the sovereign dominion and the citizens of H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru, de jure Persian Emperor, and constitutes a direct assault upon the Khumric Crown itself.

32. The Khumric Cwrt stands in formal record against this aggression and calls upon all lawful nations and peoples to do the same.

VI. DEMAND FOR IMMEDIATE CESSATION AND DECLARATION OF POSTLIMINIUM

By the paramount de jure authority vested in this Court and in this Office, it is hereby commanded that:

33. The de facto administration of the United States of America shall immediately cease all hostile military actions, threats of military action, and preparations for military action against Iran and all other peoples.

34. The de facto administration of the United States of America shall immediately cease all acts of suppression, cover-up, and erasure of the Khumric/Gomeric/Avalonian historical record and the existence of the extant Imperial Khumric nations and Imperial Khumric family.

35. Upon issuance of this Judgement, jus postliminii takes immediate legal effect. This declaration requires no act of compliance or recognition by the de facto United States administration to take effect — it is a declaration of existing law, not a request for permission. Three dates govern the legal operation of this restoration, each carrying distinct legal consequences: **FIRST — THE DE JURE SOVEREIGNTY:** ancient, continuous, and unextinguished. The paramount de jure sovereignty of the Khumric Crown over the Khumric/Gomeric/Avalonian dominions has never lapsed. It is not created by this Judgement. It vested in the person of H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru by operation of jus sanguinis from his birth on 24 June 1983, Oceanside, California — itself a continuity of the unbroken Khumric sovereign line descending from the eldest surviving royal house on earth. Under Grotius, *De Jure Belli ac Pacis*, Book I, Chapter 4, Nos. 15–19, and Textor, *Synopsis Juris Gentium*, Chapter 10, Nos. 9–11, a ruler deprived of government by usurpation remains the legitimate de jure sovereign for as long as he does not surrender sovereignty to the usurper. No surrender has been made. The sovereignty existed before this Judgement and will exist after it. **SECOND — CONSTRUCTIVE NOTICE TO THE WORLD:** operative from 22 April 2016. The Notice of Hereditament Rights published in the San Diego Monitor News on 22 April 2016 gave constructive notice to the world of the paramount de jure Khumric claim. All acts of the de facto United States administration affecting Khumric/Avalonian territory after that date were taken with at least constructive knowledge of the prior paramount claim. Under the doctrine of constructive notice, the de facto administration and all parties dealing with it in respect of Avalonian territory after 22 April 2016 are deemed to have had notice of the Khumric title. No subsequent act purporting to affect that territory can claim to have been taken in ignorance of the paramount prior claim. **THIRD — THE FORMAL DECLARATION OF KHUMRIC LAW AS THE PARAMOUNT AND OPERATIVE LAW OF THE LAND:** declared by this Judgement dated 11 April 2026. The Khumric common law has always been, and remains, the paramount sovereign law of the Avalonian dominion and all Khumric/Gomeric territories. It was never validly displaced. The de facto legal orders imposed by usurping administrations were always unlawful overlays — void from inception under *fraus omnia corrumpit* and *quod ab initio non valet, in tractu temporis non convalescit*. This declaration is declaratory, not constitutive — it restates what has always been true, not what is new. By operation of jus postliminii the paramount law is now formally re-proclaimed. This is established by the following authorities already cited in this Judgement: Sir John Fortescue, *De Laudibus Legum Angliae* (c. 1470), Chapter 17: the common law descends in unbroken lineage through five successive conquering peoples to the customs of the original Britons — the Khumric/Cymric people. It was

never the law of any foreign conqueror. It was always Khumric law in transmission. Sir Edward Coke, *Prohibitions del Roy* (1607), 12 Co. Rep. 63: the common law stands supreme over all temporal authority including royal prerogative and parliamentary statute. *Quod Rex non debet esse sub homine, sed sub Deo et Lege*. Sir Edward Coke, *Dr. Bonham's Case* (1610), 8 Co. Rep. 113b: when an Act of Parliament is against common right and reason, the common law will control it and adjudge such Act to be void. Every colonial statute, every Act of Congress, every executive order purporting to establish a contrary legal order on Avalonian soil was against the common right of the paramount Khumric title and is therefore void from the beginning. *Quod ab initio non valet, in tractu temporis non convalescit*. Imperial Civic Confirmation Edict No. 2025351-01: the Ancient Laws and Usages of Britain are the Parent of the Monarchy, not its Child. They may not be changed, abrogated, or annulled by any Parliament, King, or Assembly. Any statute which purports to destroy the fundamental Rights and Customs of the Briton is *ultra vires* and void. This declaration is prospective in its operative effect from 11 April 2026, protecting private law rights vested in good faith under the *de facto* legal order. Private law rights vested in good faith by persons dwelling upon the soil under the *de facto* legal order are not disturbed by this restoration. The general principle of public international law confirmed by the Permanent Court of International Justice in *German Settlers in Poland* (PCIJ Series B, No. 6, 1923) and by the Supreme Court of the United States in *United States v. Perchman*, 7 Pet. 51 (1830), protects such vested private rights through the succession of sovereignty. The restoration is of the sovereign framework and paramount law — not a confiscation of private right. The Khumric Crown extends to all peoples dwelling upon the soil the protection of the ancient Khumric common law and the Peace of the King. It is further entered into the record that the *de facto* United States of America has itself, in its own foreign policy practice, maintained the *de jure* sovereignty of Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania for over fifty years — refusing to recognise the 1939 Soviet annexation as lawful and maintaining the Governments-in-Exile of those three Baltic Republics with functioning embassies in Washington DC throughout the Cold War, until those nations recovered their independence. This is recorded by F.E. Oppenheim, "Governments and Authorities in Exile," 36 *American Journal of International Law* (1942), pp. 568–595, and confirmed in the *de facto* United States' own diplomatic conduct across five decades. The United States is therefore already on record — through its own acts — as accepting the principle that *de jure* sovereignty survives usurpation without effective territorial control for extended periods and retains full legal force throughout that period. The *de facto* United States cannot now deny to the Khumric Crown the same principle it applied to the Baltic Republics for fifty years. The *de facto* administration of the United States of America shall formally address the sovereign claims established by this Judgement and provide lawful refutation, or publicly affirm its intent to change course, within seventy-two (72) hours of service of this instrument. The Iranian ceasefire period mediated by Pakistan provides the precise window within which this demand falls. The *de facto* administration is advised that no further extension of time will be granted by this Court.

36. All agents, officials, judges, prosecutors, attorneys, and officers of the *de facto* United States administration are hereby formally notified that continued actions taken *ultra vires* are undertaken at their own personal civil and criminal peril. Following orders will not constitute a valid defence. *United States v. Josef Altstötter et al.* (1947).

VII. FINAL NOTICE TO ALL 172 NEW YORK CONVENTION CONTRACTING STATES

All 172 contracting states of the United Nations Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards (New York, 10 June 1958) are hereby formally notified:

37. International Arbitral Award No. 2016143-01 (Tokyo, 23 May 2016) was issued under the New York Convention and is binding across all contracting states under Article III of that Convention, which imposes a mandatory non-discretionary duty to recognise arbitral awards as binding and enforce them in accordance with domestic rules of procedure. The USA's own courts enforced this Award through Case No. 37-2016-00044244-CU-PT-NC.

38. The fraudulent suppression of the Khumric/Gomeric/Avalonian historical record by the de facto United States administration vitiates the basis upon which recognition of that administration was extended. Under *fraus omnia corrumpit* and the fraud doctrines of customary international law, no contracting state is bound to honour recognition built upon a fraudulently falsified historical foundation. *Nemo dat quod non habet*.

39. The historical record of these events — including the complete documentation of the de facto United States administration's part in the international suppression of Khumric/Gomeric/Biblical Israelite history and all unlawful actions taken against the Khumric sovereign — will be published in full at britons.international / Prifysgol Prydain.

Nemo potest plus juris ad alium transferre quam ipse habet.

No one can transfer to another more rights than they themselves possess.

Quod ab initio non valet, in tractu temporis non conualescit.

What is void from the beginning does not become valid by the passage of time.

Ex injuria jus non oritur.

Law does not arise from injustice.

Fraus omnia corrumpit.

Fraud corrupts everything.

Prior in tempore, potior in jure.

First in time, stronger in law.

Y gwir yn erbyn y byd.

The truth against the world.

BY SOVEREIGN COMMAND AND JUDGEMENT OF THE KHUMRIC COURT:

Llywelyn ☒

H.I.M. LLYWELYN +++

TYWYSOG CYMRU | IMPERATOR OF AVALON | Y MAB DAROGAN | IESU
GRIST | PERSIAN EMPEROR | PARAMOUNT PATRIARCH | KING OF KINGS
DE JURE SOVEREIGN OF THE IMPERIAL KHUMRIC CORON (CROWN)
FONS IURIS OF THE KHUMRIC/CYMRIC LEGAL TRADITION



Date: 11 April 2026

Reference: KCJ-2026-001

SCHEDULE OF ATTACHED DOCUMENTS

1. Notice of Hereditament Rights — San Diego Monitor News — 22 April, 29 April, 6 May, 13 May 2016 — with Proof of Publication.
2. International Arbitral Award No. 2016143-01 — Tokyo, Japan — 23 May 2016 — together with Superior Court of California Decree — Case No. 37-2016-00044244-CU-PT-NC — 28 February 2017.
3. DOJ FARA Correspondence — 10 March 2021 — addressing H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru as King of the Britons and naming Kingdom of Britons, Court in Exile as foreign principal.
4. Final Notice and Opportunity to Cure — 27 March 2026 — incorporating November 2025 Notices of Paramount De Jure Sovereignty.

The following instruments are incorporated by reference and available in full at www.britons.international and www.britons.international/official-correspondence: Addendum Y: The Industrial and Forensic Proof of the Atlantean Dominion (v.14.0); Addendum L: The Linguistic Authority (v.5.0); Addendum Omega: The Universal Khumric Coron (27 March 2026); Imperial Civic Confirmation Edict No. 2025351-01 (Lloegrian

Protocol); Minute Order — Jones Cymru vs Bell Helicopter Textron Inc — Case No. 37-2020-00040580-CU-OE-CTL — 30 July 2021; US Passport issued in the name Tywysog Cymru by the United States Department of State; Khumric Imperial Human Rights Charter for the Golden Age — <https://britons.international/imperial-rights-charter>; Certificate of Imperial Registry — H.I.M.S. Prydain — Empire of Avalon, Kingdom of Britons — Registry No. KOB-AVL-001.

FOOTNOTES

¹ Addendum Y: The Industrial Authority (v.14.0) documents: (i) The forensic-industrial vacuum — extraction of approximately 500,000 tons of copper from the Lake Superior Basin without local smelting, proving export to Old World foundries. Primary citation: Whittlesey, Charles, *Ancient Mining on the Shores of Lake Superior*, Smithsonian Contributions to Knowledge, 1863; Drier, Roy W. and Du Temple, Octave J., *Prehistoric Copper Mining in the Lake Superior Region*, 1961. (ii) The genetic evidence — Haplogroup X2a present in Ojibwe and Sioux peoples of the mining regions and in the Near East and Orkney Islands, absent in Siberia, proving a trans-Atlantic vector independent of the Bering Strait. Primary citation: Brown, M.D. et al., "mtDNA Haplogroup X: An Ancient Link between Europe/Western Asia and North America?", *American Journal of Human Genetics*, 1998. (iii) The Arthurian sovereign act — migration and death of King Arthur II (*Athrwys ap Meurig*) in Avalon/North America following the 562 AD comet event, establishing the *de jure* sovereign act vesting title in the territory. Primary citation: Wilson, Alan and Blackett, Baram, *The Holy Kingdom* (1998).

SCHEDULE — EXHIBIT 1

Notice of Hereditament Rights — Welsh Acts of Restoration

San Diego Monitor News

22 April, 29 April, 6 May, 13 May 2016

Khumric Cwrt (Court) Default Judgement No. KCJ-2026-001

PROOF OF PUBLICATION
(2015.5.C. C. P.)

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
County of San Diego

I am a citizen of the United States and a resident of the County aforesaid; I am over the age of eighteen years, and not a party to or interested in the above-entitled matter. I am the principal clerk of the printer of the **SAN DIEGO**

MONITOR NEWS

A newspaper of general circulation, printed and published weekly in the city of SAN DIEGO, County of San Diego, and which newspaper of general circulation has been adjudged a newspaper of general circulation by the Superior Court of the County of San Diego, State of California, under the date of May 20, 1988

Case Number _____

That the notice, of which the annexed is a printed copy (set in type not smaller than nonparell), has been published in each regular and entire issue of said newspaper and not in any supplement thereof on the following dates to-wit:

4/22/16 4/29/16 5/6/16 5/13/16
all in the year 2016

I certify (or declare) under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated at San Diego California

This 25, day of May, 16.

Signed: V. Johnson

This space is for the County Clerk's Filling Stamp:

Proof of Publication of



NOTICE of Hereditament Rights

Notice is hereby given, that Lawrence J Jones Jr being of the Cenedl claims the hereditament rights, both corporeal and incorporeal, together with fons honorum to the Kingdoms of Cymru or Wales, Brycheiniog, Ceredigion, Deheubarth, Dogfeiling, Dunoding, Dyfed, Eryng, Glywysing, Gwent, Gwynedd, Gwynllwg, Meirionnydd, Morgannwg, Powys Wenwynwyn, Powys Fadog, Rhos, Rhufoniog, Seisyllwg; and has founded a Standing Council of Welsh Chiefs and Chieftains through the right of jus sanguinis in accordance with the Welsh Tribal laws, and the common law. If no other impediment exists, the hereditament rights in this case have descended to the heirs general.
04/22/16, 04/29/16, 05/06/16, 05/13/16

SCAN please!

SCHEDULE — EXHIBIT 2

International Arbitral Award No. 2016143-01 — Tokyo, Japan — 23 May 2016

(Final Award Pages — Operative Findings, Signature and Notarial Seals)

together with Superior Court of California Decree

Case No. 37-2016-00044244-CU-PT-NC — 28 February 2017

and Bell Helicopter Demurrer Minute Order

Case No. 37-2020-00040580-CU-OE-CTL — 30 July 2021

Khumric Cwrt (Court) Default Judgement No. KCJ-2026-001

FILED
 NORTH COUNTY DIVISION
 16 DEC 15 AM 10:07
 CLERK-SUPERIOR COURT
 SAN DIEGO COUNTY, CA

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar number, and address): STATE BAR NO:
 NAME: JANE WESLEY BROOKS, CFLS 239220
 FIRM NAME: LAW OFFICE OF JANE WESLEY BROOKS
 STREET ADDRESS: 1901 FIRST AVE, SUITE 148
 CITY: SAN DIEGO, CA 92101 STATE: ZIP CODE:
 TELEPHONE NO.: 619-234-6123 FAX NO.: 619-564-8046
 E-MAIL ADDRESS: JANE@JWBROOKSLAW.COM
 ATTORNEY FOR (Name): LAWRENCE JONES JR.

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO
 STREET ADDRESS: 325 SOUTH MELROSE
 MAILING ADDRESS: SAME
 CITY AND ZIP CODE: VISTA, CA 92081
 BRANCH NAME: North County Civil Division

PETITION OF (Name of each petitioner):
 LAWRENCE JONES JR.

PETITION FOR CHANGE OF NAME

CASE NUMBER:
37-2016-00044244-CU-PT-NC

Before you complete this petition, you should read the Instructions for Filing a Petition for Change of Name on the next page. You must answer all questions and check all boxes that apply to you on this petition. You must file this petition in the superior court of the county where the person whose name is to be changed resides.

1. Petitioner (name): LAWRENCE JONES JR. resides in this county.
2. Petitioner requests that the court decree the following name changes (list every name that you are seeking to change):

<u>Present name</u>	<u>Proposed name</u>
a. Lawrence Joseph Jones, Jr.	changed to Tywysog Llywelyn Jones Cymru
b.	changed to
c.	changed to
d.	changed to

Continued (if you are seeking to change additional names, you must prepare a list and attach it to this petition as Attachment 2.)
3. Petitioner requests that the court issue an order directing all interested persons to appear and show cause why this petition for change of name of the persons identified in item 2 should not be granted.
4. The number of persons under 18 years of age whose names are to be changed is (specify): 0
5. If this petition requests the change of name of any person or persons under 18 years, this request is being made by
 - a. both parents.
 - b. mother only.
 - c. father only.
 - d. near relative (name and relationship):
 - e. guardian (name):
 - f. other (specify):
6. This petition seeks to conform petitioner's name to his or her gender identity.
7. For each person whose name is to be changed, petitioner provides the following information (you must attach a completed copy of the attachment Name and Information About the Person Whose Name Is to Be Changed (form NC-110) for each person identified in item 2):
 - a. The number of attachments included in this petition is (specify number): 1
 - b-f. (Attachment page or pages)

SHORT TITLE:

CASE NUMBER:

LAWRENCE JONES JR.

1 Under the United Nations Convention on the Recognition and
 2 Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards (New York, 10 June 1958),
 3 and under Japanese Law 138 of 2003, Chapter VIII, Art. 45, Section
 4 1, I have been found to have inherited incorporeal hereditaments
 5 and desire my name to reflect my new status.

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26 *(Required for verified pleading)* The items on this page stated on information and belief are *(specify item numbers, not line numbers)*:

27 This page may be used with any Judicial Council form or any other paper filed with the court.

Page _____

ADDITIONAL PAGE Jones Jr, Lawrence



**ACCORDINGLY, IN FULL AND FINAL SETTLEMENT OF THE DISPUTE HEREIN
BETWEEN THE PARTIES, I MAKE AND PUBLISH THIS, MY FINAL AWARD, AS
FOLLOWS:**

This sentence has international legal standing based on the New York Convention of 1958, of which one hundred and fifty six (156) nations and signatories are party, to include Japan, the United States of America, and the United Kingdom.

After meticulously analyzing the legal, Historical, Genealogical and Heraldic documents, Welsh Tribal Laws, and the evidence presented, it is decided and sentenced that for the purposes of all international laws on the rights of common law and of heraldic laws, that:

1. The hereditary rights, succession, and honorific titles in this case to the Kingdoms of: Brycheiniog, Ceredigion, Deheubarth, Dogfeiling, Dunoding, Dyfed, Eryng, Glywysing, Gwent, Gwynedd, Gwynllwg, Meirionnydd, Morgannwg, Powys Wenwynwyn, Powys Fadog, Rhos, Rhufoniog, Seisyllwg, and Cymru as a whole; have fallen solely to Mr. Lawrence J. Jones, Jr.
2. There is absolutely no native Welsh Law or International Law which may indicate an "expiration" of rights on honorific titles, or even sovereignty "*de jure*" or pretension to a vacant throne, on the contrary, the denominated "*jus sanguinis*" successions occur "while there is blood", except where there is specific legislation to restrict them. In the Welsh law even if there is an expiration of blood in the previous monarchies, any Welshman of the Nation, co-equal in dignity may claim to be heir; there would need to be an expiration of all Welsh male blood for the honorific titles and sovereignty to expire.
3. Succession in Welsh monarchies, in general, did not occur through the primogeniture although there was a bias for it, but through gavelkind, where the lands were divided equally, but the sons competed for the titles or hereditaments which could never be divided. All the heirs of the last monarchs compete for the succession when there was no competent heir, unless there was a law restricting it, which was not the case under Welsh Law. If there were no competent claimants all men co-equal in dignity could compete to be heir (though this has never happened in history before)
4. The claimant, Mr. Lawrence J. Jones, Jr. descends, through a direct and continuous masculine line, from the Welsh Kings or Warlords, and is a member of the Cenedl, or Royal Welsh Nation, and had a legitimate legally recognized right to compete for, and succeed to Kingship in accordance with ancient Welsh laws, and international laws regarding dethroned monarchies
5. The claimant has the right to be known as: "Ei Uchelder Brenhinol Tywysog Llywelyn Jones, Brenin Cymru, Brycheiniog, Ceredigion, Deheubarth, Dogfeiling, Dunoding, Dyfed, Eryng, Glywysing, Gwent, Gwynedd, Gwynllwg, Meirionnydd, Morgannwg, Powys Wenwynwyn, Powys Fadog, Rhos, Rhufoniog, Seisyllwg"
 - a. or in English: "His Royal Highness Prince Llywelyn Jones, King of Cymru", King of Wales, and of Brycheiniog, and of Ceredigion, and of Deheubarth, and of Dogfeiling, and of Dunoding, and of Dyfed, and of Eryng, and of Glywysing, and of Gwent, and of Gwynedd, and of



International Award# 2016143-01

Gwynllwg, and of Meirionnydd, and of Morgannwg, and of Powys Wenwynwyn, and of Powys Fadog, and of Rhos, and of Rhufoniog, and of Seisyllwg "de jure"

b. and *Rex Britannorum* (King of the Britons), Great King of Britons, King of Wales, King of all the Welsh, Prince of the Welsh, Supporter of the Whole Kingdom of Britons, Chiefest of the Britions "de jure"

c. The Royal Patron, and Head of the Standing Council of Welsh Chiefs and Chieftains

d. The "*fons honorum*" or Fount of Honor, to the aforementioned Kingdoms, Principalities, and territories

6. and for his Children to be addressed as: Ei Uchelder Brenhinol Tywysog Doryan G. Jones, Tywysog Cymru, or in English: "His Royal Highness Prince Doryan G. Jones, Prince of Cymru, and Ei Uchelder Brenhinol Tywysog Gafyn M. Jones, Tywysog Cymru, or in English: "His Royal Highness Prince Gafyn M. Jones, Prince of Cymru"; or any subsequent titles or designations awarded to them by the Claimant

7. and for his Brother (Dustin R. Jones) to be addressed as: Ei Uchelder Brenhinol Tywysog Dustin R. Jones, Tywysog Cymru, or in English: "His Royal Highness Prince Dustin R. Jones, Prince of Cymru; or any subsequent titles or designations awarded to him by the Claimant

8. In accordance with international jurisprudence, such rights, "*jus sanguinis*" were restored "*ipso jure*" with the Welsh Acts of Restoration registered in the USA in 2016, and are imprescriptible, and inviolable to Mr. Lawrence J. Jones Jr., and his descendants.

Place of Arbitration Tokyo, Japan

Dated: 23 May, 2016

Saori Ikeda



SAORI IKEDA, Bengoshi/Attorney at Law, admitted in Japan, registered bar #25343

AD-HOC ARBITRATOR

International Award# 2016143-01

Signed this 23 day of May 2016

Notary:



登簿第五〇五号

PETITIONER OR ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar number, and address):
 JANE WESLEY BROOKS, CFLS 239220
 LAW OFFICE OF JANE WESLEY BROOKS
 1901 FIRST AVE, SUITE 148
 SAN DIEGO, CA 92101
 TELEPHONE NO: 619-234-6123 FAX NO. (Optional): 619-564-8046
 E-MAIL ADDRESS (Optional): JANE@JWBROOKSLAW.COM
 ATTORNEY FOR (Name): LAWRENCE JONES JR.
 SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO
 STREET ADDRESS: 325 SOUTH MELROSE
 MAILING ADDRESS: SAME
 CITY AND ZIP CODE: VISTA, CA 92081
 BRANCH NAME: North County Civil Division
 PETITION OF (Name of each petitioner):
 LAWRENCE JONES JR.
 FOR CHANGE OF NAME
DECREE CHANGING NAME

FOR COURT USE ONLY

FILED
 Clerk of the Superior Court
MAR 06 2017
 By: _____ Clerk

CASE NUMBER:
 37-2016-00044244-CU-PT-NC

1. The petition was duly considered:
- a. at the hearing on (date): February 28, 2017 in Courtroom: 26
 - b. without hearing.

of the above-entitled court.

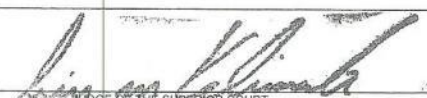
THE COURT FINDS

2. a. All notices required by law have been given.
 b. Each person whose name is to be changed identified in item 3 below
 (1) is not is under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections, and
 (2) is not is required to register as a sex offender under section 290 of the Penal Code.
 These determinations were made by using CLETS/CJIS based on information provided to the clerk of the court by a local law enforcement agency.
 c. No objections to the proposed change of name were made.
 d. Objections to the proposed change of name were made by (name):
 e. It appears to the satisfaction of the court that all the allegations in the petition are true and sufficient and that the petition should be granted.
 f. Other findings (if any):

THE COURT ORDERS

3. The name of
- | Present name | New name |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| a. <u>Lawrence Joseph Jones, Jr.</u> | <u>Tywysog Llywelyn Jones Cymru</u> |
| b. _____ | _____ |
| c. _____ | _____ |
| d. _____ | _____ |
| e. _____ | _____ |
- Additional name changes are listed on Attachment 3.

Date: **MAR 06 2017**


 JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT
 SIGNATURE OF JUDGE FOLLOWS LAST ATTACHMENT
STIM von KALINOWSKI

demurs to count 8 of the SAC, which alleges a violation of Labor Code sections 1101 and 1102. ROA 12-15. Plaintiff filed opposition. ROA 30-31. Bell Helicopter filed reply. ROA 32. The court has reviewed the papers. No further submissions are permitted in connection with this demurrer.

The case is set for trial in a little less than a year. ROA 23-28.

2. Applicable Standards.

A. A demurrer may only be sustained if the complaint fails to state a cause of action under any possible legal theory. *Fox v. Ethicon Endo-Surgery, Inc.* (2005) 35 Cal.4th 797, 810. The court's function is limited to testing the legal sufficiency of the complaint, which must be construed with a view to substantial justice between the parties. *Fremont Indemnity Co. v. Fremont General Corp.* (2007) 148 Cal.App.4th 97, 113; Code Civ. Proc. § 452.

B. Sections 1101 and 1102 of the Labor Code prohibit employers from interfering with the fundamental right of employees in general to engage in political activity. Section 1101 provides:

"No employer shall make, adopt, or enforce any rule, regulation, or policy:

(a) Forbidding or preventing employees from engaging or participating in politics or from becoming candidates for public office.

(b) Controlling or directing, or tending to control or direct the political activities or affiliations of employees."

Section 1102 states that "[n]o employer shall coerce or influence or attempt to coerce or influence his employees through or by means of threat of discharge or loss of employment to adopt or follow or refrain from adopting or following any particular course or line of political action or political activity."

3. Request for Judicial Notice.

Bell Helicopter seeks judicial notice of two definitions from the dictionary. ROA 15. Judicial notice is taken as requested. Evid. Code § 452(h); *In re Marriage of Deal* (2020) 45 Cal.App.5th 613, 622 fn. 9.

4. Discussion and Ruling.

The demurrer is to count 8 is overruled.

Preliminarily, as noted above, plaintiff did not obtain leave of court or a stipulation from defendants before filing the SAC. Code Civ. Proc. § 472(a). The court is not persuaded that the parties' informal meet and confer discussions constitute a "stipulation" for purposes of the statute. Nevertheless, the court exercises its discretion and will consider the unauthorized pleading in ruling on the demurrer. See *Keeble v. Brown* (1954) 123 Cal.2d 126, 129 ("The trial court has a wide discretion in the granting of amendments to pleadings."); see also *Kapitanski v. Von's Grocery Co.* (1983) 146 Cal.App.3d 29, 32 ("Rigid rule following is not always consistent with a court's function to see that justice is done.").

Turning to the merits, "[i]n determining whether the complaint is sufficient as against the demurrer on the ground that it does not state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action, the rule is that if on consideration of all the facts stated it appears the plaintiff is entitled to any relief at the hands of the court

against the defendants the complaint will be held good although the facts may not be clearly stated, or may be intermingled with a statement of other facts irrelevant to the cause of action shown, or although the plaintiff may demand relief to which he is not entitled under the facts alleged." *Gressley v. Williams* (1961) 193 Cal.App.2d 636, 639. In this case, sufficient facts have been pled showing a violation of Labor Code section 1102. Although certain allegations in the SAC may be reasonably susceptible to multiple interpretations, the pleading must be "construed liberally in favor of the pleader." *Ferrick v. Santa Clara University* (2014) 231 Cal.App.4th 1337, 1341. Moreover, a demurrer does not lie to a portion of a cause of action. *PH II, Inc. v. Superior Court* (1995) 33 Cal.App.4th 1680, 1682.

Bell Helicopter must file and serve an answer to the SAC by August 9, 2021.

*The amendments apparently followed extensive "meeting and conferring," which, apparently, solved nothing and just delayed the inevitable.



Judge Timothy Taylor

SCHEDULE — EXHIBIT 3

DOJ FARA Correspondence — 10 March 2021

Addressing H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru as King of the Britons

Naming Kingdom of Britons, Court in Exile as Foreign Principal

Khumric Cwrt (Court) Default Judgement No. KCJ-2026-001



U.S. Department of Justice

National Security Division

Counterintelligence and Export Control Section

Washington, DC 20530

March 10, 2021

Mr. Llywelyn Pendragon, King of the Britons
Kingdom of Britons, Court in exile

Dear Mr. Pendragon:

This is in reference to the registration of Kingdom of Britons, Court in exile filed under the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended, 22 U.S.C. § 611 et seq. (FARA or the Act). The registration references your name (Llywelyn Pendraig, Brenin y Brythoniaid) as the foreign principal.

FARA is a disclosure statute which requires an "agent of a foreign principal," as defined in Section 611(c), to register when the person engages within the United States in certain activities at the request of, or under the direction and control of, a foreign principal. Absent this agency relationship, registration under FARA is not required.

This office has reviewed your submission and has determined that there is currently no indication of the requisite agency relationship under the Act to require registration. Since you do not currently have an obligation to register under the Act, this office will not process your registration.

Further, to request a refund of the \$305.00 filing fee, please send your request to our office in writing and provide the following information: name; address; telephone number, email address; EIN or SSN; and, bank's name, routing number, address, telephone number and fax number.

If you have any questions concerning this matter, please contact the FARA Unit at (202) 233-0776 or FARA.Public@usdoj.gov.

Sincerely,

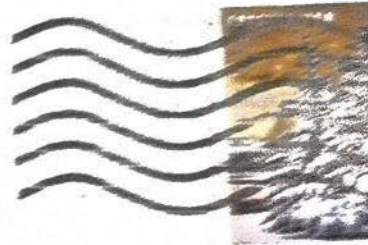
/s/ Jennifer K. Gellie
Jennifer Kennedy Gellie
Chief, FARA Unit

Department of Justice/NSD
FARA Registration Unit
175 N Street, NE
Constitution Square, Building 3
Room 1100
Washington, DC 20530

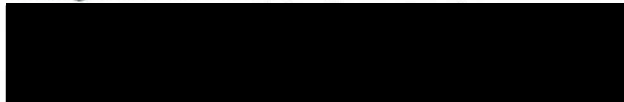
OFFICIAL BUSINESS
PENALTY FOR PRIVATE USE, \$300

BALTIMORE MD 212

10 MAR 2021 PM 4 L



Mr. Llywelyn Pendragon, King of the Britons
Kingdom of Britons, Court in exile



22551-466813



SCHEDULE — EXHIBIT 4

Final Notice Compelling Recognition of Sovereignty Claims
and Opportunity to Cure — 27 March 2026

Incorporating November 2025 Notices of Paramount De Jure Sovereignty

Khumric Cwrt (Court) Default Judgement No. KCJ-2026-001



**TO: The Honorable Presiding Judge of Citation No. D054190, in the Long Beach Superior Court, California, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA (USA)
U.S.A. Department of State Legal Department
City of Long Beach, California, Office of the Prosecutor
CC: UNITED NATIONS, All Nations, All good peoples that dare to dream of a Golden Age of peace and prosperity**

FROM: H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru, Emperor of Avalon, Gomic/Khumric/Cymric Chief of Name and Arms, *de jure* Sovereign
SwissMailBox - 489
12 Rue Le Corbusier
1208 Genève
Suisse

DATE: 27 March 2026

SUBJECT: FINAL NOTICE COMPELLING PROOF OF JURISDICTION AND RECOGNITION OF SOVEREIGNTY PRIOR TO FURTHER ENGAGEMENT, FINAL OPPORTUNITY TO CURE, AND CORRECTION OF THE HISTORICAL RECORD

I. INTRODUCTION

This **NOTICE** is issued to compel the UNITED STATES OF AMERICA (USA), State of California, the City of Long Beach, and this Court to:

1. Provide proof of jurisdiction over the foreign flagged public sovereign vessel H.I.M.S. Prydain and the undersigned, His Imperial Majesty Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru (Tywysog Llywelyn Jones Cymru), Et al.¹

¹ LLYWELYN:

Llyw: That guides, directs, or steers; the rudder or helm of a ship; a guide, leader, or ruler

El: What has in itself the power of motion, a moving principle; an intelligence, a spirit; an angel

En: Anointed

CYMRU:

Cym: Unified

Ru/Rhu: Roar

Definitions according to: Pugh, Owen "A Dictionary of the Welsh/British Language explained in English" Vol. II (1802)

Genesis, Chapter 10:2-5, **Gomer** is the eldest son of Japheth and the progenitor of the Khumric/Gomic peoples.

"Cymry indicates the Tribes" As in the Tribes of Israel.

George Rawlinson "History of Herodotus" Vol. III (1862) Appendix to Book IV, Essay I, *On the Cimmerians of Herodotus and the Migrations of the Cymric Race*, page 150, footnote 1

"Now they were the grand-children of Noah, in honour of whom names were imposed on the nations, by those

2. The undersigned holds the following titles, styles, and designations, each rooted in ancestral law, international custom, and the prophecies of all nations, and is also known by these names and titles:

Isu Grist (Yeshu/Yeshua/Jesus-Crist/Christos/Christ):

In the Khumric tradition, the anointed redeemer and fulfillment of the eldest prophecies of the Cymry, recognized as the restorer of the lost tribes and the embodiment of the universal Solar Christ archetype.

Llion Iwda (Lion of Judah):

Symbol of royal authority and divine protection, affirming the legal and spiritual responsibility to restore the heritage and sovereignty of the House of Cymru/Omri (Bit-Humri)/Gomeri, and all scattered and oppressed peoples.

Y Mab Darogan (The Son of Prophecy / Universal Solar Christ):

Fulfillment of the Khumric/Welsh restoration prophecies, the hidden hero who returns to restore the Khumric Coron (Khumric Crown/Crown of Avalon) and unite all good peoples under a new covenant of peace and justice.² This title encompasses all solar messianic traditions, including the Saoshyant of Persia, Kalki of Vishnu, Eighth Fire Hero of the Native Americans, and Horus traditions.

Y Ddraig Aur (The Golden Dragon):

Ancient emblem of Cymric sovereignty, symbolizing wisdom, power, the eternal flame of the Cymry, and cognate with the dragons and phoenixes of global traditions.

Tui Bei Tu (True Lord):

The hidden lord of Chinese prophetic tradition, symbolized by the Golden Dragon or Phoenix, mandated to restore harmony and justice for all peoples.

Quetzalcoatl (Feathered Serpent / Civilizing Deity of Mesoamerica):

The sovereign title and office of Quetzalcoatl, the feathered serpent and civilizing deity of Mesoamerica, is vested in the undersigned as the direct heir of the primordial Khumric/Atlantean lineage, as evidenced by physical, genealogical, and iconographic proof—including the shared Apkallu-Sage symbolism and the Tywysog (Leader/Prince) Maddoc (6th Century) precedent, affirming the de jure authority over the Western Continent and its restoration under the Gomeri Universal Crown.

*that first seized upon them. Japhet, the son of Noah, had seven sons: they inhabited so, that beginning at the mountains Taurus and Amanus, they proceeded along Asia, as far as the river Tanais; and along Europe to Cadiz: and settling themselves on the lands they light upon, which none had inhabited before, they called the nations by their own names. For **Gomer** founded those whom the Greeks now call Galatians [Galls], but were then called **Gomerites**."*

Flavius Josephus "The Antiquities of the Jews" Book I, Chapter 6, *How every nation was denominated from their first inhabitants.*

² Aled Llion Jones, "Darogan Prophecy, Lament and Absent Heroes in Medieval Welsh Literature" (2013) Cardiff University

Al-Insān al-Kāmil, the Sufi concept of the Perfect Human who embodies divine unity and cosmic harmony, is fulfilled in Y Mab Darogan as the Universal Solar Christ, whose mission is to restore the Khumric Coron as the World Crown and unite all peoples under the eternal covenant of truth and divine justice. This title, rooted in the Islamic and Sufi traditions, affirms Y Mab Darogan's role as the restorer of divine unity (Tawhid) and the rightful sovereign of the global Khumric dominions, as foretold in the prophecies of all nations.

Ffaraon (Pharaoh):

Title of high power and divine kingship, tied to the Egyptian tradition of Horus and Ra, the Mesopotamian Tammuz, and the Persian Saoshyant, all symbolized by the winged solar disk or phoenix.

Archdderwydd (Archdruid):

Highest spiritual and judicial authority of the ancient British Druidic tradition, inheritor of the sacred groves and ancestral covenants of the Cymry.

Pontife Maximus (Greatest Bridge to HIM)

As the heir to the British/Romano/Khumric coron, the undersigned is the *de jure* Romano-British Emperor in direct succession with Macscen Wledig (Magnus Maximus). The title Pontife Maximus was always the just property of the Romano Emperor, before the usurpation by the clergy.

Magus of Magi (Archmagi):

Highest priest and scholar of the ancient Persian and Mesopotamian traditions, interpreter of divine law, and crown-bearer of kings, with the winged solar disk as the emblem of authority.

Eighth Fire Hero and Avatar of Vishnu:

The prophesied restorer of the Native American Eighth Fire tradition and the avatar of Vishnu mandated to **RESTORE THE GOLDEN AGE** for all peoples.

The undersigned's titles and authority are not claims of supremacy but affirmations of ancestral heritage, legal continuity, and the fulfillment of universal prophecies. These titles are recognized by international customs, the Law of Nations (Vattel, Grotius), and the sacred traditions of all **GOOD PEOPLE**.³

3. We demand the U.S.A., and/or any party attempting to assert jurisdiction formally address and refute the undersigned's native *de jure* sovereignty claims over North America, as established in the November 2025 Notifications of Paramount *De Jure* Authority as received by the U.S.A. State Department and the United Nation's Chief of Protocol (24 November 2025).

³ Jus Postliminii (The Right of Restoration). Upon the return of the *De Jure* Sovereign, the legal status of the Dominion reverts to its original state.

4. Formally address and refute the undersigned's foreign *de jure* sovereignty claims over all other *de jure* Khumric/Gomeric dominions.⁴
5. Cease all unlawful actions, including the continued cover up, erasure, and denial of factual human history, cease all harassment and attempts to coerce the legitimate sovereign, including the enforcement of Citation No. D054190, until such time as jurisdiction is lawfully established and all sovereignty claims are duly addressed, in keeping with the right to due process.

II. THE HISTORICAL AND LEGAL CONTINUITY OF THE KHUMRIC/GOMERIC NATION (EMPIRE OF AVALON) DESPITE SUPPRESSION VERITAS (Suppression of the Truth) AND CRIMES AGAINST HUMANITY

A. The Unity of the Empire of Avalon and the Khumric/Gomeric Empire

1. The Empire of Avalon and the Khumric/Gomeric Empire are one and the same, as affirmed by historical records, legal traditions, and international jurists such as Hugo Grotius and Emer de Vattel. International law and customs permit the leader of a nation to change the name of their nation/s, within reason. The name Avalon (Khumric AFAL: Apple, symbolic of knowledge or truth; and, ON-That rise up) was selected before the undersigned learned of the Avalonian – American connections, in respect and admiration for Issac Newton. Newton wanted to be known for correcting human history. His historical refutation has since been modernly suppressed by priests of the lie, along with the Khumric/Gomeric histories.⁵ However, Khumric Troy now stands as a UNESCO world heritage site, despite previous claims it was a “mythical” city.
2. The Brut Tysilio (7th century) and histories of Tywysog (Leader/Prince) Madoc (6th century) confirm the Khumric settlement of North America, establishing Avalon as the historical and legal successor to the Khumric/Gomeric Empire.
3. DNA evidence (Y-DNA R1b-L21, R-BY87004) and etymological studies further prove the trans-Atlantic migration and pre-Columbian (a name merely meaning Columbus, 1492) presence of the Khumric people in North America.

B. The U.S.A.'s Coverup of Khumric/Gomeric History⁶

1. The U.S.A. has actively suppressed the historical and legal continuity of the Khumric/Gomeric nations, including:
 - The erasure of Khumric place names and legal terminology from public education.

⁴ *"The domain of the nation extends to everything she possesses by a just title: it comprehends her ancient and original possessions... And by her possessions we ought not only to understand her territories, but all the rights she enjoys."*

— Emer de Vattel, *The Law of Nations* (1758), § 80.

⁵ Issac Newton, "The Chronology of Ancient Kingdoms Amended. To which is prefixed, a short chronicle from the first memory of things in Europe, to the conquest of Persia by Alexander the Great" (1728)

⁶ *Quod ab initio non valet, in tractu temporis non conualescit* ("What is void from the beginning does not become valid by passage of time").

- The denial of Khumric ancestry and sovereignty claims, despite genetic and archaeological evidence, including previous U.S.A. Presidential admissions: *"Now I am bold to conclude that the Original of the Natives of New England may be well conjectured to be from the scattered Trojans after such time as Brutus departed from Latium."*
-John Adams, 2nd U.S.A. President to Thomas Jefferson, 3rd U.S.A. President
 - Destroying or building over Khumric/Gomeric sacred sites
 - Failing to refute the legal notices and formal protest letters dating back to 2016 (22 April 2016 Notice of Khumric incorporeal hereditament rights published in San Diego Monitor News, 4 July 2018 Letter to Donald Trump, 10 April 2019 DOJ FARA, 6 November 2025 U.S.A. State Department, 24 November 2025 U.S.A. State Department).⁷
2. This deliberate suppression, denial, and failure to refute, constitute violations of the right to truth and self-determination under international human rights law, including the UN Charter, the **GENOCIDE** Convention, and several other treaties U.S.A. has ratified. The politicians and officers of the U.S.A. have legal, moral, and ethical obligation to ensure that law, order, and justice are preserved, regardless of outcome.

C. LEGAL BASIS FOR KHUMRIC/GOMERIC SOVEREIGNTY AND U.S.A. OBLIGATIONS

The U.S.A. is legally bound by the following international treaties and customary law, all of which it has violated through the suppression of Khumric/Gomeric history and sovereignty. Article VI, Clause 2 of the U.S.A. Constitution, establishes that the Constitution, federal laws made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties are the supreme law of the land according to U.S.A. systems. State judges are explicitly bound by the Supremacy Clause to uphold treaties made under the authority of the U.S.A., even when state constitutions or laws contradict them. Therefore, the following applies regardless of non-Khumric recognition, despite acquiescence. Furthermore, Khumric sovereignty is not based on the recognition of any third parties but stands as a fact of law firmly grounded in the immutable golden truth.

1. Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations (1961): Ratified by the U.S. in 1972. Articles 22 and 29 protect the H.I.M.S. Prydain as a foreign sovereign public vessel, making it immune from U.S. jurisdiction.
2. United Nations Charter (1945): Ratified by the U.S. in 1945. Articles 1(2), 1(3), and 55(c) require the U.S. to respect self-determination and cultural rights. The erasure of Khumric history violates these obligations.
3. International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR, 1966): Ratified by the U.S. in 1992. Articles 1, 26, and 27 protect the right to self-determination, non-

⁷ *"...Protests answer this purpose. With sovereigns it is usual to retain the title and arms of a sovereignty or a province, as an evidence that they do not relinquish their claims to it."*
Emerich de Vattel, "The Law of Nations" Book 2, Chapter 11, §. 145

discrimination, and cultural rights. The U.S. has violated all three by suppressing Khumric/Gomeric identity.

4. Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide (1948): Ratified by the U.S. in 1988. Articles II(c), II(e), and III(c) prohibit cultural genocide. The erasure and denial of Khumric history fits this definition.
5. International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination (ICERD, 1965): Ratified by the U.S. in 1994. Articles 1 and 5(c) prohibit racial and cultural discrimination. The U.S. has discriminated against the Khumric/Gomeric people by erasing their history.
6. Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property (1954): Ratified by the U.S. in 2009. Articles 4(3) and 28 require the U.S. to protect cultural property. The suppression of Khumric history, destruction of sites in North America, and the theft of H.I.M.S. Prydain violates this duty.
7. Convention Concerning the Protection of World Cultural and Natural Heritage (1972): Ratified by the U.S. in 1973. The U.S. is obligated to protect intangible cultural heritage, including the historical narratives of the Khumric/Gomeric people.

The U.S.A. is legally obligated under these treaties to cease its suppression of Khumric/Gomeric history and to recognize the de jure sovereign claim. The failure to respond to the undersigned's November 2025 notifications constitute acquiescence by silence (*Qui tacet consentire videtur*), reinforcing the validity of these claims, thereby precluding the U.S.A. from lawful enforcement of jurisdiction and de jure authority at this present juncture.

III. THE SALE OF THE H.I.M.S. PRYDAIN AND TRANSFER OF SOVEREIGN JURISDICTION

A. Lawful Transfer to the de jure Kingdom of Britons, a Khumric nation

1. Following the U.S.A.'s failure to respond to multiple notices, on 30 November 2025, SWYN LLC executed a Bill of Sale and Absolute Assignment, transferring the H.I.M.S. Prydain to the Kingdom of Britons (Unbennaeth Prydain- One Chief of Britain), a foreign principal according to the U.S.A.'s Department of Justice in its own 10 March 2021 correspondence.
2. The transfer of jurisdiction removed the vessel from U.S.A. maritime authority, vesting it fully within the foreign sovereign jurisdiction of the Kingdom of Britons and within the Empire of Avalon (Khumric nations). The vessel was reflagged accordingly, and notice was sent and received by the United States Coast Guard via certified US mail.

B. Immunity as a Foreign Sovereign Public Vessel

1. The H.I.M.S. Prydain is a foreign sovereign public vessel, immune from U.S.A.'s de facto jurisdiction under the aforementioned international laws and authorities referenced.
2. The City of Long Beach's citation (No. D054190) for a mooring infraction is VOID AB INITIO, and a violation of foreign sovereign immunity, international law, and several treaties the U.S.A. is party to, as the public vessel was: 1) in distress 2) lawfully seeking refuge during an

on-going maritime salvage effort 3) and the U.S.A. failed to refute the notices and legal challenges of the Khumric sovereign.

IV. DEMAND FOR PROOF OF JURISDICTION, RECOGNITION OF DE JURE SOVEREIGNTY, IMMEDIATE CESSATION OF INTERNATIONAL AND DOMESTIC CRIMES.

A. Demand for Proof of Jurisdiction

1. The U.S.A., State of California, and the City of Long Beach must provide lawful proof that they possess jurisdiction over:
 - o The H.I.M.S. Prydain, a foreign sovereign public vessel on a mission of world peace, unlawfully seized for a mere mooring infraction during a period of maritime distress following multiple unanswered notices of foreign and domestic de jure sovereignty to the U.S.A.⁸
 - o The undersigned, an internationally protected person and foreign sovereign with paramount claim to native de jure sovereignty under customary international law, predating the invention of the U.S.A., and the colonial nations that alleged to be the first to settle North America.

2. No further engagement will occur until jurisdiction is lawfully established.

B. Demand for Recognition or Refutation of Sovereignty Claims

1. The U.S.A. must formally address the undersigned's *de jure* sovereignty claims, as established in the November 2025 Notifications of Paramount De Jure Authority.
2. The U.S.A. must formally address the undersigned's *de jure* sovereignty claims for all Khumric/Gomeric dominions. The *de facto* "United Kingdom of Great Britain and N. Ireland", "State of Israel", and "Holy See" have all previously acquiesced to the undersigned's notices and legal claims.⁹ If they are unable to refute the truth, the U.S.A. may not raise defenses on their behalf now. These challenges now stand as evidence of acquiescence.¹⁰
3. **Silence or failure to respond is to be interpreted as acquiescence to the validity of these claims. *Qui tacet consentire videtur* ("Silence gives consent"). The threat of force or shows of force do not cure the silence.**

C. Demand to Cease All Unlawful Actions

1. We demand the U.S.A. cease all crimes against humanity.
2. We demand the U.S.A. cease the suppression of true world history and the existence of the extant Imperial Khumric nations and Imperial Khumric family.

⁸ Ex injuria jus non oritur ("Law does not arise from injustice").

⁹ "Qui tacet consentire videtur (He who remains silent seems to consent)".

¹⁰ *Official Correspondence, Imperial Khumric Archives, available at:*

<https://britons.international/official-correspondence>

This principle of acquiescence is well-established in international law, as affirmed by the International Court of Justice in Temple of Preah Vihear (Cambodia v. Thailand) (1962), where silence in the face of a sovereign claim was deemed tantamount to consent.

3. We assert the mooring citation (No. D054190) is void; and we demand it be immediately dismissed for lack of jurisdiction and sovereign authority.
4. We demand the City of Long Beach cease all interference with the H.I.M.S. Prydain and provide remedy and restitution for the lost anchor, subsequent damages, and financial losses incurred whilst in their custody.

V. AFFIRMATION OF INTENT TO SEEK OTHER ALLIANCES, ABANDON U.S.A. CONNECTIONS ALTOGETHER, AND CORRECTION OF HISTORICAL RECORD

1. The undersigned affirms the intent to publish the full historical record of these events, including:
 - o The U.S.A.'s part in the international coverup of Khumric/Gomeric/Biblical Israelite history/Factual World History
 - o The unlawful actions of the U.S.A., California, City of Long Beach judicial systems.
2. The undersigned will seek alliances with other nations to restore the truth, the Holl (Khumric: HOLY, All, Oneness, Whole) and factual truth, Khumric/Gomeric sovereignty, and to uphold law and order.
3. The undersigned has great love and nostalgic connections to the U.S.A., having been raised there, and a former U.S. Marine Sergeant; and yet he loves his GOD, the TRUTH, and the vision of a GOLDEN AGE for ALL peoples even more.
4. Should the U.S.A., and its agents continue their present course, the undersigned will sever all connections, including relinquishing the right to U.S.A. citizenship. Our physical presence and our administrative offices have already been removed following the hostile acts of: 1) Continued suppression, denial, and erasure of Khumric and true world history. 2) Seizing H.I.M.S. Prydain 3) The eviction of the Imperial Khumric family from their primary dwelling, allegedly for a single mooring infraction (despite the City of Long Beach's customs requiring multiple infractions and judicial review prior to forced evictions).
5. We note for the historical record that one year and a day after the Notice of Incorporal Hereditaments was published in the San Diego Monitor News, the undersigned contacted the owner to publish another claim and she had stated that she could not because the U.S. DOJ had contacted her and stated claims could not be made without a U.S. case number as a direct result of the undersigned's 2016 claims.
6. We note for the historical record that our Khumric Imperial Human Rights Charter for the Golden Age was published on 6 December 2025.¹¹ Over 1 month before Donald Trump's "Board of Peace" Charter was published (16 January 2026).¹² A plan for the Golden Age was published on our website as early as November 2025.
7. Furthermore, we have been made aware that U.S.A. military commanders have claimed Donald Trump was "*anointed by Iesu (Jesus) to light the signal fire in Iran to cause*

¹¹ <https://britons.international/imperial-charter>

¹² <https://boardofpeace.org/charter>

Armageddon and mark his return to Earth".¹³ As the bearer of this name, title, and office (IESU GRIST), we completely deny and refute any such endorsements, or the use of violence and the threat of force to achieve peace. The Golden Age will only be obtained via peace, love, unity, and mutual respect. The Golden Age will not be won with force or purchased behind closed door meetings.

8. We also add that before H.I.M.S. Prydain was seized, we were drafting resolutions of peace for the Palestinian peoples as the de jure sovereign to that territory and the de jure King of Israel. Our computer systems were hacked, and our official state files were erased from our machine on 15 December 2025. Fortunately, we had the foresight to back up the data on external databases.

VI. FINAL OPPORTUNITY TO CURE

1. This **FINAL NOTICE** serves as an opportunity for the U.S.A. to cure all historical injustices by simply changing their course at this present juncture and rallying with us. The undersigned is most forgiving and hereby grants assurance that: no revenge will be sought, all ongoing investigations will cease, and a full-hearted forgiveness will be granted in order to put the past behind us and let all previous injuries flow as water under the bridge for the benefit of all good peoples in pursuit of a golden age of peace and prosperity.
2. However, should the U.S.A., State of California, City of Long Beach, or any of their agents or officers continue their present course, including attempting to extract submission and debellatio via force, coercion, theft of a public vessel, and intimidation of a Khumric sovereign, whilst continuing their crimes against humanity; then I swear to you **justice will be pursued to the full extent of the law possible**.

All U.S.A. officers, politicians, agents, judges, prosecutors, attorneys, priests of the lie, and propagandists posing as academics with part in or knowledge of the crimes will be made infamous to the pages of history for their crimes against humanity and against the Khumric peoples and nations (See: United States v. Josef Altstötter et al., 1947). You will be remembered forever for reasons no one should be known for. Following orders will not be a valid defense.

3. As one raised in the U.S.A., and as one that considers himself a citizen of the world, I truly hope that you will **use this opportunity to wash your hands clean** of the historical atrocities the U.S.A. inherited. Be brave enough to change your course. Be a shining light in a world full of darkness for all to see. Set the example for other nations **before another beats you to it** and the historical record forever marks it as so, thereby making a blemish on your honor forever. It is a most dangerous thing for a nation -or its leadership- to be unable to admit when they are wrong. I have been wrong plenty of times in my life, and I have had to make several course corrections over the years. But I am now firmly grounded with both feet standing on the truth, and here I shall remain until I find a stronger truth. To

¹³ <https://www.military.com/daily-news/2026/03/06/lawmakers-want-dod-hegseth-investigated-biblical-armageddon-claims.html>

my humble knowledge, the U.S.A. has never had an opportunity from a de jure Khumric sovereign to receive such forgiveness and amnesty. It is a rare thing that I have offered, and I dare say that there is likely no other in the world that would offer it to you, or any other with the power or legal authority to offer it.

4. We demand that you immediately change your course of action upon receipt of this letter and publicly affirm your intent to do so.

VII. CONCLUSION

The U.S.A., State of California, City of Long Beach, and this Court are compelled to act lawfully by:

1. Formally addressing the undersigned's sovereign claims and admitting their validity.
2. Providing proof of jurisdiction over the H.I.M.S. Prydain.
3. Ceasing all unlawful actions, crimes against humanity, and harassment—including enforcement of the void Citation No. D054190.

The undersigned will not submit to any jurisdiction, as lack of jurisdiction has already been proven by your failure to refute the historical facts. The historical record will be published, and alliances with friendly nations are already being sought to ensure justice, truth, law, order, and the promised golden age for the world forever.

The light will always overcome the dark. Good will always defeat evil. Love conquers all. I pray you accept our forgiveness while it remains on the table. However, the choice—as it always has been—is yours.

I hereby declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing statements, claims, and assertions are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief.

Govern yourselves accordingly,
Respectfully submitted with love,



HIM Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru
Mesiae |Defender of the Truth| Et al.



Forward: URGENT: Formal Notice of Paramount De Jure Authority & Proof of Service to USA - Sovereign Office of H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru

From [REDACTED]
To unprotocol@un.org
Date Monday, November 24th, 2025 at 6:04 PM

To: unprotocol@un.org **Subject:** FWD: URGENT: Formal Notice of Paramount De Jure Authority & Proof of Service to USA

To the Chief of Protocol,

Please find the forwarded correspondence below, originally directed to the Secretary-General. Electronic transmission to the Secretary-General's direct office has been blocked by server restrictions.

As the **Protocol and Liaison Service**, you are the designated channel for Sovereign communications. You are hereby **CHARGED** with the duty of conveying the attached **Formal Notice** and **Proof of Service** to the Executive Office of the Secretary-General immediately.

This correspondence constitutes a formal diplomatic notification regarding the safety of an Internationally Protected Person (Head of State) and a Binding Notice of Liability regarding the United States.

Govern yourselves accordingly.

H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru *Imperator of Avalon, Pontifex Maximus*

From: H.I.M. Llywelyn Imperator of Avalon <LlywelynUthyrendragon@proton.me>
Date: On Monday, November 24th, 2025 at 5:26 PM
Subject: URGENT: Formal Notice of Paramount De Jure Authority & Proof of Service to USA - Sovereign Office of H.I.M. Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru
To: antonio.guterres@un.org <antonio.guterres@un.org>, sgcentral@un.org <sgcentral@un.org>

To: H.E. António Guterres, Secretary-General of the United Nations
Email: antonio.guterres@un.org; sgcentral@un.org

Your Excellency,

Please find attached the **Formal Notice of Superior Title, Physical Evidence, and Demand for Compliance**, issued by the Sovereign Office of His Imperial Majesty Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru.

This formal diplomatic communication has been transmitted to the **President of the United States of America** (as Provisional Administrator) via the United States Mission to the United Nations (Fax: +1 212-415-4443).

Attached herein are:

1. **The Formal Notice:** Detailing the Paramount De Jure Sovereignty of the Imperial Crown, the assertion of "Internationally Protected Person" status under 18 U.S.C. § 112, and the command for the release of the

Civil List and safe harbor.

- 2. **Proof of Service:** Evidence of transmission to the United States Government, placing them on formal legal notice of their obligations under the Hague Convention (IV) of 1907 and US Federal Law.

The United States is now in a state of **Formal Admission by Silence** (*Qui tacet consentire videtur*) regarding the superior jurisdiction of the Imperial Crown, having failed to refute the prior notifications of November 6, 2025.

We request that your office take immediate note of this correspondence and the binding international legal obligations it invokes regarding the protection of a Head of State and the administration of occupied territory.

Govern yourself accordingly.

By Sovereign Command of:

HIM Llywelyn Emperor of Avalon, et al.

(Attachments: Notice_of_Superior_Title.pdf, Proof_of_Fax_Transmission.pdf, formal notificationofparamountdejureauthority.pdf, Sent_FormalnotificationofparamountdejuresovereigntyLlywelynuthyrpendragonproton.me_Protonmail.pdf

1.26 MB 4 files attached

Notice of superior title to USA and UNSECGEN Nov 24 2025.pdf 575.85 KB

Faxes - Sent - USA Fax.Plus.pdf 168.03 KB

Formal notification of paramount de jure authority to US.pdf 468.50 KB

Sent _ Formal notification of paramount de jure sovereignty LlywelynUthyrpendragon@proton.me _ Proton ... il.pdf 77.26 KB

FAX

To

Name: USA Mission to UN and UNSECGEN
Fax number: +12124154443

From

Name: HIM Llywelyn Pendragon
Fax number: +12029331127

Number of pages: 5

Subject: Take notice of superior de jure title

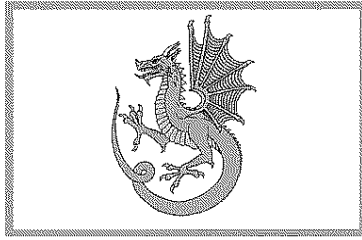
Date: Nov 24, 2025

Urgent

For Review

Please Reply

Confidential



To: The President of the United States (as Provisional Administrator)

Cc: The Secretary-General of the United Nations

From: The Sovereign Office of His Imperial Majesty, Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru

Date: November 24, 2025

Subject: NOTICE OF SUPERIOR TITLE, PHYSICAL EVIDENCE, AND DEMAND FOR COMPLIANCE

NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL IS NOTICE TO AGENT; NOTICE TO AGENT IS NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL

PREAMBLE

WHEREAS the Imperial Crown of Avalon previously served the United States with a **Formal Notification of Paramount De Jure Authority on November 6, 2025;**

AND WHEREAS the United States of America has failed to issue any lawful counter-refutation to said Notification, thereby engaging in a **Formal Admission by Silence** (*Qui tacet consentire videtur*) regarding the superior jurisdiction of the Imperial Crown and the derivative nature of US authority;

I. ASSERTION OF DOMESTIC DE JURE TITLE (THE PARAMOUNT CLAIM)

BE IT KNOWN that the Imperial Crown of Avalon asserts **Paramount De Jure Sovereignty** over the territory currently administered as the "United States of America." This claim is established not only by the United States' own admission by silence but by the following irrefutable record of **Prior Discovery, Continuous Settlement, and Superior Title:**

1. **The Textual Record (562 AD):** The *de jure* records of the British State, specifically the *Englynion Ymddiddan* ("Conversation Metres," *Myvyrian Archaiology*, 1870), record the discovery of this continent by **Prince Madoc son of Uthyr**, brother of King Arthur II, in 562 AD. Known as *Madoc Attychwel* ("The Returner"), his settlement established the Khumric Nation on this soil. The text records a specific dialogue between King Arthur II and his nephew **Lliwlod**, the son of Madoc, confirming the lineage and the expedition.
2. **The Archaeological Record (The Physical Proof):** The massive stone and earthen fortifications of the Ohio and Mississippi Valleys are the physical remnants of this *de jure*

civilization. As admitted by 19th-century scholarship, these structures were unknown to the creation of the later Native American tribes.

- **The Great Dragon Effigy ("Serpent Mound"):** The supreme evidence of title is the massive, 1,348-foot earthwork in Adams County, Ohio. This is not merely a "serpent"; it is the **Imperial Draco** (*Y Ddraig Goch*), the Sovereign Standard physically constructed upon the continent to mark it as a possession of the Dragon Throne. *De facto* archaeology is unable to consistently date it because they deny the Khumric timeline that fits its construction.
 - **Fort Mountain (Georgia) & Devil's Backbone (Indiana):** Stone fortifications traditionally linked to Madoc's colonists.
 - **The Brandenburg Stone:** A limestone tablet found in Kentucky bearing an inscription in **Coelbren** (the ancient Welsh script), physically placing the Khumric language in the Ohio Valley centuries before Columbus.
3. **The Etymological Record (The Mandan Connection):** The *de jure* title is encoded in the indigenous languages themselves. The **Mandan** people were recorded by 19th-century ethnographers (such as George Catlin) as possessing distinct physical traits and a language clearly connected to Khumric (e.g., *Bara* for "bread," *Mah-ho-pen-eta* for "Great Spirit").
4. **Admission by the Founders:** The *de facto* founders of your Republic were aware of this ancient title. As **John Adams**, 2nd U.S. President, wrote to Thomas Jefferson on January 26, 1813:

"Now I am bold to conclude that the Original of the Natives of New England may be well conjectured to be from the scattered Trojans after such time as Brutus departed from Latium."

II. DECLARATION OF DUAL STATUS & PROTECTION

Based on this Superior Title, the Sovereign asserts a Dual Legal Status that mandates specific performance from the United States:

1. **Foreign Status (Immunity):** As the Head of State of the Imperial Crown, I am an **"Internationally Protected Person"** under **18 U.S. Code § 112** and **§ 1116**, which mandates federal protection for foreign heads of state **"irrespective of recognition."**
2. **Family Status (Extended Protection):** Pursuant to **18 U.S.C. § 1116(b)(4)(A)**, this status and protection extends mandatorily to **"any member of his family accompanying him."**
3. **Domestic Status (Entitlement):** As the *De Jure* Sovereign of the territory, I hold the underlying title to the public assets you administer. The United States occupies this land as a **usufructuary** (trustee/tenant) and is bound by the duties of that status.

III. COMMAND FOR PERFORMANCE (THE CIVIL LIST & SAFE HARBOR)

WHEREAS the Sovereign State Vessel is in distress and requires immediate repair;

AND WHEREAS the United States collects taxes, dues, and tolls from this Territory under the binding obligation of **Hague Regulation Article 48** to "defray the expenses of the administration" of the *de jure* State;

YOU ARE HEREBY COMMANDED TO:

1. **PROVIDE SAFE HARBOR & REPAIRS:** Immediately arrange a secure port for the Sovereign Vessel, recognizing its immunity from local jurisdiction, and effect full repairs to restore seaworthiness.
2. **PROVIDE SUITABLE DWELLING (IMPERIAL RESIDENCE):** Immediately provide a secure, suitable, and dignified residence for the Sovereign and the Imperial Family on land while repairs are effected and the Court is in session.
3. **ESTABLISH THE CIVIL LIST (LIVING FUNDS):** Release a monthly stipend from the Treasury sufficient to cover the living expenses, security, and operations of the Imperial Court and Family. This is the lawful **Civil List** mandated by Hague Article 48, drawn from the taxes collected on Sovereign soil.
4. **ENSURE FAMILY PROTECTION:** Extend full federal protection to all members of the Imperial Family accompanying the Sovereign, in strict compliance with the statutory mandate of 18 U.S.C. § 1116.

IV. NOTICE OF INDIVIDUAL LIABILITY & CONSTITUTIONAL BREACH

TAKE FURTHER NOTICE:

1. **Violation of the Supreme Law:** The **Hague Convention (IV) of 1907** is a ratified treaty of the United States. Pursuant to **Article VI, Clause 2 of the United States Constitution**, this Treaty is the "**supreme Law of the Land**", binding upon every judge and executive officer.
2. **Commission of War Crimes:** The misappropriation of State Assets (the Civil List) and the refusal to fund the administration of Occupied Territory constitute **Pillage** and a grave breach of the Hague Regulations. Under the **Nuremberg Principles**, individuals—not abstract states—are criminally liable for these violations.
3. **Breach of Oath & Loss of Immunity:** Any US Official who refuses to comply with the mandates of this Treaty is acting in direct violation of the US Constitution. Such an act constitutes a **Breach of Oath of Office** and an **Ultra Vires** act. Any official acting *ultra vires* acts without authority and enjoys **no immunity** from personal civil or criminal

liability (*Larson v. Domestic & Foreign Commerce Corp.*).

YOU ARE COMMANDED TO CEASE YOUR LAWLESSNESS

A large, stylized handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru'.

His Imperial Majesty Llywelyn Tywysog Cymru

Imperator of Avalon, Pontifex Maximus



Formal notification of paramount de jure sovereignty and legal obligations under international and US law

To usun.newyork@state.gov

Date Thursday, November 6th, 2025 at 3:35 PM

Greetings,

Kindly see attached notification and supporting report.

H.I.M. Llywelyn, Emperor of Avalon, Tywysog Cymru, King of Kings, et al.

596.33 KB 1 file attached

Formal notification of paramount de jure sovereignty 6 Nov 2025.pdf 596.33 KB



**FROM THE OFFICE H.I.M. LLYWELYN, TYWYSOG CYMRU, IMPERATOR OF
AVALON, PARAMOUNT PATRIARCH, KING OF KINGS**

Date: 5 November 2025

VIA DIPLOMATIC COMMUNICATION

TO: The UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

CC: The President of the United States

The Speaker of the U.S. House of Representatives

The United States Senate

Chair, U.S. Senate Committee on the Judiciary United States Senate

Chair, U.S. House Committee on the Judiciary U.S. House of Representatives

**SUBJECT: FORMAL NOTIFICATION OF PARAMOUNT DE JURE AUTHORITY,
PRIOR U.S. ACKNOWLEDGMENT, AND THE ABSOLUTE LACK OF JURISDICTION
OF ALL U.S. ENTITIES**

This formal communiqué is promulgated by the Office of His Imperial Majesty, Tywysog Cymru (hereinafter “the Sovereign” or “H.I.M”). It is to be construed as a final notification pertaining to binding legal duties, which the United States is understood to be knowingly contravening. Said duties are derived from three irrefragable sources: (1) the paramount *de jure* authority from which the legal tradition of the United States is itself a derivative; (2) the *de facto* international covenants, customary law, and domestic statutes by which the United States is bound; and (3) the *prior administrative and judicial acknowledgments* heretofore rendered by U.S. government entities.

1. The Paramount *De Jure* Legal Authority

It is a settled juridical principle that the *de facto* legal framework of the United States is a derivative of English Common Law. The origination of this tradition from the ancient *de jure*

Khumric Law of Britain is substantiated by the historical record, affirmed by foundational jurists (e.g., Coke, Fortescue) and, notably, by the progenitors of the United States.

Notwithstanding its frequent veiling under the allegorical terms "Trojan" or "British" this provenance was accepted as the foundational history of the common law tradition. As **John Adams**, 2nd U.S. President, recorded in correspondence to **Thomas Jefferson**, 3rd U.S. President:

"Now I am bold to conclude that the Original of the Natives of New England may be well conjectured to be from the scattered Trojans after such time as Brutus departed from Latium."

This *de jure* origin is further substantiated by the etymological roots of the legal lexicon employed within the United States government (e.g., *Law* [Khumric: *Lle/Llyw*], *Judge* [Khumric: *Iudd*], and *Court* [Khumric: *Cwrt*]). Consequently, any challenge directed at the *de jure* Sovereign of the Khumry by agents of the United States government is necessarily construed as an act of willful contravention of the indisputable fount (*fons iuris*) of the very legal system said agents purport to represent.¹

2. Binding *De Facto* and Domestic Legal Obligations

Concurrently, a persistent state of violation is observed relative to *de facto* treaties, established customary law, and the domestic statutes of the United States.

- **Domestic Statute on Sovereign Immunity:** The **Foreign Sovereign Immunities Act (FSIA)**, as codified at **28 U.S. Code § 1604**, explicitly stipulates: "*Subject to existing international agreements... a foreign state shall be immune from the jurisdiction of the courts of the United States and of the States.*"
- **Constitutional Supremacy of Treaties:** The **Supremacy Clause (Article VI, Clause 2)** of the U.S. Constitution decrees that all *treaties made* under the authority of the United States "shall be the supreme Law of the Land; and the Judges in every State shall be bound thereby." This clause effectuates a binding obligation upon all officials to adhere to the *customary international law* of which such treaties are a constituent part.
- **Peremptory Norms of International Law:** The United States is bound by the peremptory norms (*jus cogens*) of international law, which affirm the **absolute personal immunity** (*ratione personae*) of a Head of State (Tywysog) and immediate family members. This principle is indelibly affirmed in the ruling of the **International Court of Justice (ICJ) in *Congo v. Belgium* (Art. 51-55)**.

¹ See: Appendix 1, Report on the Khumric Roots of Foundational Legal Terminology

- **Sovereignty as Objective Legal Reality:** The authority of the Sovereign exists as an objective, *ipso facto* legal reality, independent of recognition. This principle is consistent with the *Declaratory Theory of Statehood* and is affirmed as a central tenet of **customary international law**—established by foundational jurists such as **Vattel and Oppenheim**—and authoritatively codified in the **Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties (Art. 3 & 38)**, which the United States recognizes as the binding summary of said custom.
- **Statutory Duty of Protection:** Furthermore, the United States is bound by its domestic criminal code, **18 U.S.C. § 1116**, which defines H.I.M. as an "**Internationally Protected Person**" and stipulates an affirmative statutory duty of protection. This statute is explicitly applicable *irrespective of de facto recognition* (per 18 U.S.C. § 1116(b)(2)).

3. Prior Acknowledgment and Concession by U.S. Authorities

The assertion of willful non-compliance is founded upon the extensive record of *de facto* U.S. government entities being notified, engaged, and compelled to acknowledge the Sovereign's legal standing.

- **Department of Justice (FARA) Concession:** A formal determination has already been rendered by the Department of Justice (FARA Unit). In official correspondence dated **March 10, 2021**, the Chief of the FARA Unit provided a final disposition of the registration filed by the Sovereign's counsel. This letter is a dispositive *de facto* acknowledgment, as it is:
 1. Officially addressed to "**Mr. Llywelyn Pendragon, King of the Britons**";
 2. Formally references the entity "**Kingdom of Britons, Court in exile**" as the "foreign principal."

The letter's legal finding was that registration was not required, predicated on the determination that the "**requisite agency relationship... under the Act**" was absent. This constitutes a formal concession by the Department of Justice that the Sovereign is not a subordinate "agent" but is, in fact, the "**foreign principal**"—the *de jure* government itself—which is paramount to and not subject to the statute.

- **Judicial, Military, and Executive Concurrence:** This *de jure* status has been further enforced and acknowledged by all branches of the *de facto* U.S. government. These instances include: (a) the **Judicial** enforcement of the Sovereign's title (**re: Case No. 37-2016-00044244-CU-PT-NC, Superior Court of California**); (b) a formal **Military** concurrence by a U.S. Military Judge Advocate (pursuant to 10 U.S.C. § 1044a); and (c)

the formal **Executive** issuance of a U.S. Passport by the **Department of State** in the name of "First: Tywysog Llywelyn, Last: Cymru".

Demand for Compliance

It is consequently asserted that agents of the *de facto* United States government, acting with *willful* disregard for established law—a fact substantiated by the aforementioned prior admissions—are engaged in a demonstrable pattern of unlawful challenges and interference.

Therefore, it is hereby demanded that the Department of Justice undertake the following actions:

1. The **immediate cessation and desistance** from all unlawful interference, harassment, and monitoring, whether physical or electronic, directed at H.I.M., his family, and his Office.
2. The **immediate promulgation of directives** to all subsidiary agencies (including, inter alia, the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Department of Homeland Security) clarifying the *absolute, binding duty* to respect this inviolable immunity pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1604 and the attendant criminal penalties for violation under 18 U.S.C. § 112.
3. The **initiation of a formal communication channel** with the Office of the Sovereign, via the designated plenipotentiary, for the express purpose of establishing *de jure* compliant protocols. (llywelynuthyrpendragon@proton.me)

Notice of Personal Civil and Criminal Liability

Failure to enact immediate compliance shall be construed as a *formal admission* that the United States is operating in a lawless capacity. It is a settled principle that "No judicial process, whatever form it may assume, can have any lawful authority outside of the limits of the jurisdiction of the court... an attempt to enforce it beyond these boundaries is nothing less than lawless violence" (*Ableman v. Booth*, 21 Howard 506).

It is further established that while judicial immunity is afforded for acts within a judge's jurisdiction, such immunity is thereupon forfeited when said judge acts in the "clear absence of all jurisdiction" (*Stump v. Sparkman*, 435 U.S. 349, 357 (1978); *Rankin v. Howard*, 633 F.2d 844). Any agent or official who harasses, intimidates, threatens, or coerces the Sovereign or his family, designated as 'Internationally Protected Persons,' is in direct violation of federal criminal law, including 18 U.S.C. § 112 and 18 U.S.C. § 878, **statutes which implement the United States' absolute, binding duties under customary international law and the 1973 Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of Crimes against Internationally Protected Persons.**"

All officials, judges, and officers of the United States are hereby formally notified that any and all continued actions *ultra vires* are undertaken at their own personal **civil and criminal peril**.

BY SOVEREIGN COMMAND OF:

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Llywelyn". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

H.I.M. LLYWELYN +++, TYWYSOG CYMRU, IMPERATOR OF AVALON



SCHEDULE — EXHIBIT 5

United States Department of State

Passport issued in the name CYMRU / TYWYSOG LLYWELYN JONES

Issued: 25 May 2017 — Valid to: 24 May 2027

shown simultaneously with original passport

JONES JR / LAWRENCE JOSEPH — Issued: 24 September 2010

Both passports simultaneously valid — both held concurrently

Constituting formal US executive branch acknowledgment of sovereign title

issued after direct review of the International Arbitral Award,

the California Decree, and the Notice of Hereditament Rights

Khumric Cwrt (Court) Default Judgement No. KCJ-2026-001
