LEVEL 2—Sleep Disturbance—Adult*

*PROMIS—Sleep Disturbance—Short Form

Age: ____

Date:_____

Name: _____

f the	measure is being completed by an informar	nt, what is you	r relationship	with the indiv	idual receivin	g care?	
ı a t	ypical week, approximately how much time	do you spend	with the indi	vidual receivinį	g care?		hours/we
ast ll" a he i	uctions to patient: On the DSM-5-TR Level 12 weeks you (the individual receiving care) had a mild or greater level of severity. The quest ndividual receiving care) have been bothered ing (or x) one box per row.	ave been both stions below a	ered by "pro sk about thes	blems with sle e feelings in m	ep that affect ore detail and	ed your sleep d especially h	o quality over ow often you
							Clinician
In	the past SEVEN (7) DAYS						Use
		Not at all	A little bit	Somewhat	Quite a bit	Very much	
1.	My sleep was restless.	1	2	□ 3	4	 5	
2.	I was satisfied with my sleep.	□ 5	4	□ 3	2	1	
		1		1			
3.	My sleep was refreshing.	□ 5	4	□ 3	2	1	
		T		ı			
4.	I had difficulty falling asleep.	1	2	□ 3	4	1 5	
ln	the past SEVEN (7) DAYS						
		Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Often	Always	
5.	I had trouble staying asleep.	1	2	□ 3	4	 5	
		T		I			
6.	I had trouble sleeping.	1	2	3	4	5	
		T 5 -					
7.	I got enough sleep.	 5	4	3	2	1	
	In the past SEVEN (7) DAYS						
		Very Poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Very good	
8.	My sleep quality was	□ 5	4	3	1 2	1	
					Total/Partial	Raw Score:	
				P	rorated Total	Raw Score:	
						T-Score:	

©2008-2012 PROMIS Health Organization (PHO) and PROMIS Cooperative Group. This material can be reproduced without permission by clinicians for use with their patients.

Any other use, including electronic use, requires written permission of the PHO.

Instructions to Clinicians

The DSM-5-TR Level 2—Sleep Disturbance—Adult measure is the 8-item PROMIS Sleep Disturbance Short Form that assesses the pure domain of sleep disturbance in individuals age 18 and older. The measure is completed by the individual prior to a visit with the clinician. If the individual receiving care is of impaired capacity and unable to complete the form (e.g., an individual with dementia), a knowledgeable informant may complete the measure as done in the DSM-5 Field Trials. However, the PROMIS Sleep Disturbance Short Form has not been validated as an informant report scale by the PROMIS group. Each item asks the patient (or informant) to rate the severity of the patient's sleep disturbance <u>during the past 7 days</u>.

Scoring and Interpretation

Each item on the measure is rated on a 5-point scale (1=never; 2=rarely; 3=sometimes; 4=often; and 5=always) with a range in score from 8 to 40 with higher scores indicating greater severity of sleep disturbance. The clinician is asked to review the score on each item on the measure during the clinical interview and indicate the raw score for each item in the section provided for "Clinician Use." The raw scores on the 8 items should be summed to obtain a total raw score. Next, the T-score table should be used to identify the T-score associated with the individual's total raw score and the information entered in the T-score row on the measure.

Note: This look-up table works only if <u>all items</u> on the form are answered. If 75% or more of the questions have been answered; you are asked to prorate the raw score and then look up the conversion to T-Score. The formula to prorate the partial raw score to Total Raw Score is:

(Raw sum x number of items on the short form)
Number of items that were actually answered

If the result is a fraction, round to the nearest whole number. For example, if 6 of 8 items were answered and the sum of those 6 responses was 20, the prorated raw score would be $20 \times 8/6 = 26.67$. The T-score in this example would be that T-score associated with the rounded whole number raw score (in this case 27, for a T-score of 57.3).

The T-scores are interpreted as follows:

Less than 55 = None to slight 55.0—59.9 = Mild 60.0—69.9 = Moderate 70 and over = Severe

Note: If more than 25% of the total items on the measure are missing the scores should not be used. Therefore, the individual receiving care (or informant) should be encouraged to complete all of the items on the measure.

Frequency of Use

To track change in the severity of the individual's sleep disturbance over time, the measure may be completed at regular intervals as clinically indicated, depending on the stability of the individual's symptoms and treatment status. For individuals with impaired capacity, it is preferred that completion of the measures at follow-up appointments is by the same knowledgeable informant. Consistently high scores on a particular domain may indicate significant and problematic areas for the individual that might warrant further assessment, treatment, and follow-up. Your clinical judgment should guide your decision.

Short Forn	n Conversion	n Table				
Raw Score T-score SE*						
8	28.9	4.8				
9	33.1	3.7				
10	35.9	3.3				
11	38.0	3.0				
12	39.8	2.9				
13	41.4	2.8				
14	42.9	2.7				
15	44.2	2.7				
16	45.5	2.6				
17	46.7	2.6				
18	47.9	2.6				
19	49.0	2.6				
20	50.1	2.5				
21	51.2	2.5				
22	52.2	2.5				
23	53.3	2.5				
24	54.3	2.5				
25	55.3	2.5				
26	56.3	2.5				
27	57.3	2.5				
28	58.3	2.5				
29	59.4	2.5				
30	60.4	2.5				
31	61.5	2.5				
32	62.6	2.5				
33	63.7	2.6				
34	64.9	2.6				
35	66.1	2.7				
36	67.5	2.8				
37	69.0	3.0				
38	70.8	3.2				
39	73.0	3.5				
#40 =Standard E	76.5	4.4				

©2008-2012 PROMIS Health Organization (PHO) and PROMIS Cooperative Group.