## Breast Health History

Imaging Center\_\_\_\_\_

Name:	_Age: Date of Scan:
Date of Birth:	_Sex: F □ M □ Initial Scan □ Follow-up Scan □
Describe any current breast concerns such as lumps	, pain, skin changes, radiographic findings or other concerns:
MARK THE AREA OF ANY CURRENT CO	ONCERN ON THE DIAGRAM:
R	
Last Physical Breast Examination by a Health Care F	Provider: □ None
Date: Results:	ther
Last Mammogram: ☐ None	
Date: Results: Normal Other	
Last Breast Ultrasound: ☐ None	
Date: ☐ Right ☐ Left ☐ Both Results: ☐ Normal Other	
Last Breast MRI: ☐ None	
Date: ☐ Right ☐ Left ☐ Both Results: ☐ Normal Other	
Breast Biopsy: ☐ None  Date: ☐ Right ☐ Left ☐ Both  Results: ☐ Benign ☐ Pre-Cancer ☐ Cancer	

Section 1: Breast Cancer   None   Left   Likight   Liboth   Date of Diagnosis.						
Cancer Treatment:						
☐ Lumpectomy: Date: ☐ Mastectomy: Date: ☐						
□ Reconstruction: Date: □ Radiation treatment: Date of last treatment						
Other treatment						
Section 2: General						
Benign Breast Surgery: ☐ None Lumpectomy: Date: ☐ Right ☐ Left						
Implants: Date: Reduction: Date:						
Fibrocystic breasts, Breast Cysts, or General Breast Lumpiness □Yes □No						
Other benign breast conditions:						
Currently Breast feeding: ☐ No ☐ Yes - Last Breast Nursed: ☐ Right ☐ Left Breast Most Favored: ☐ Right ☐ Left						
Pregnant: ☐Yes ☐ No - current cycle day (# of days since 1st day of period):						
Menopause: ☐ No ☐ Yes - Age of last menses:						
Currently experiencing symptoms of:   Menopause   Perimenopause   Neither						
Both ovaries removed: ☐ Yes - Check only if both have been removed ☐ No						
Family history of breast cancer: ☐ Yes ☐ No						
Past injury to the breasts: ☐None ☐ Right ☐ Left ☐ Both ☐ Date of Injury:						
Section 3: Selected Hormones and Factors Effecting Them						
Current Hormones:   None						
☐ Estrogen ☐ Progesterone ☐ Testosterone ☐ Thyroid hormone						
Current supplements to support the following:   None						
☐ Breast Health ☐ Hormonal Balance ☐ Inflammation ☐ Thyroid Function						
Are you currently engaged in any lifestyle activities or diet designed to: ☐ None						
☐ Promote breast health ☐ Reduce inflammation ☐ Promote hormonal balance						
PLEASE DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SECTION						
Tech:F LaboratoryTemp:C						

## INFORMED CONSENT FOR TESTING PROCEDURE

By signing this Statement of Independent Robert L. Kane, D.C., D.A.B.C.T., dba Kar the thermal imaging report and its accompa	ne Thermal Imaging Interpretive Ser		
I understand and agree that Robert L. Kareferred to as "Kane Interpretive Services services solely for the purpose of interpredirector, partner, representative or agent of director, partner, representative or agent of director, partner, representative or agent of your provider and does not oversee or significantly or products used by your provider solely to interpret thermal imaging nor have the right to control, your provide Kane Interpretive Services makes no promin addition, Kane Interpretive Services ow screen provider, no duty to protect or warn mitigate any risks, known or unknown, relamonitor provider's services for my own safe	s") is a California based company ting and reporting thermal imaging of Kane Interpretive Services. Nor is of your provider. Kane Interpretive Supervise your provider's thermograp keting, sale, rental, distribution, instider. Rather, Kane Interpretive Services data and to report the results. Kaner's business, including its equipment isses, warranties or representations, es no duty of care to me in connectme of any actions or inactions of protiting to provider's services. I assume	that contracts with the provider of your scans. Your provider is not an employ Kane Interpretive Services an employ ervices is a wholly separate business by operations. Kane Interpretive Services is an independent contractor him to the Thermal Interpretive Services does to the total express or implied, as to your provider to with provider's services, including ovider and no duty to investigate, commended.	our imaging yee, officer yee, officer entity from vices is not ation of any red by your not control esentations of services. I no duty to municate or
STATEMENT OF INDEPENDENT OPE	RATIONS:		
authorize and consent to thermal imaging  ——————————————————————————————————	Signature	- Date	
By signing below, I hereby acknowledge to opportunity to ask any questions I may be received sufficient information with respectant on guarantee or warranty is be	nave had; (3) any questions I aske at to thermal imaging to make an in	d were answered to my satisfaction; formed decision to undergo the proce	(4) I have edure; (5) I
I confirm that I have followed the written p understand that if I did not receive or follow			
I understand that Thermal Breast Imagin breast examination, mammography, brea or screening. I also understand that the cancer. Nor can it rule out the present changes at the surface of the breasts to thermal imaging revealing a low risk. For breast concerns including but not limited and radiographic findings require evaluate thermography as a stand-alone detection to be detected. Initial	st ultrasound and breast MRI and rmal imaging does not and cannot be of breast cancer since some of be seen with thermography. There that reason, thermal imaging does to skin changes, nipple dischargation by a medical doctor regar	does not replace any other breast endirectly detect or be used to diagrancers do not produce sufficient to before, breast cancer may still be present to replace any other breast example, lumps or other abnormalities, clinical diess of the thermal imaging results.	examination nose breas emperature sent despite nination. Al cal findings tts. Use o
Thermal Breast Imaging (otherwise kr (temperature) occurring at the surfac inflammation or unusual blood vessel ac	e of the breasts. The purpose	of the examination is to detect	t signs o

## **Thermography Risk Scale**

A Thermogram is not a photograph. It is an image produced by the heat radiated from the body. It is non-invasive **Grey Scale (Images)**: White is cool, Black is hot. Best use is for visualizing vessel patterns

Color Scale (Images): Red is hot, blue is cool. Rainbow spectrum. Best for visualizing regional temp. differences

	(Images): Red is hot, blue is cool. Rainbow spectrum. Best for visualizing regional temp. differences			
Grey Scale	Color Scale	Risk Level	Explanations	
		1	TH:1 risk is associated with 99% chance that there is no breast cancer present. The vascular pattern is minimal and there is excellent Rt/Lt thermal symmetry.	
		2	TH:2* risk is associated with a 99% chance that there is no breast cancer present. There is relative symmetry between Rt and Lt and minimal vascular appearance and no hot spots. Nipple temperatures were measured and found to be identical. This patient started as TH:3* See below). Risk improved after a breast health protocol for several months.	
		2-3	The Rt. breast is relatively non-vascular in appearance (B+W) and rather uniform in its temperature distribution (color). The Lt. breast has a hot spot in the upper inner portion. The grey scale shows a vessel in the shape of the letter 'D'. The color image shows more heat (yellow/red) in the Lt. breast.	
		3	This patient started as a TH: 3* but after being on a breast health protocol became a TH: 2 (see the TH:2* image shown above). A TH:3 is generally accepted to be a medium or average risk. Currently the average risk for cancer for a woman in the U.S. is approximately 1 in 7. One study suggests a 40% chance of cancer within the next 5 yrs	
		3	This TH:3 is more vascular than the one above it but the rating remains the same (TH:3). The vascular pattern clearly seen in the grey scale is typical of estrogen dominance. The color scale makes it easier to see that the Rt breast is warmer (lighter blue) than the Lt breast (darker, cooler blue).	
		4	Mild TH:4 is moderate to high risk. Note the heat and strong vascular pattern in the Lt breast. The Lt nipple is much warmer than the Rt. suggestive of increased risk.	
		4	Strong TH:4. Lt breast is warmer than the Rt (seen best in the color image) and it has a much stronger vascular pattern (see B+W image). The speckled (leopard) appearance in the B+W image is a typical estrogen dominance pattern.	
		5	This is a known cancer in the Rt breast (see the red patch in the color image and strong vascular pattern in the B+W image). A TH:5 is associated with 90% chance that cancer is already present. This holds true even if the cancer is only starting as the first cell.	
		5	Known cancer (see the red spot) in the upper Lt breast. The speckled (leopard) appearance in the grey scale is typical of estrogen dominance which raises a woman's risk for developing breast cancer.	