Hand and Upper Extremity Clinic JP Drain Care & Instructions

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Drain Care and Instructions

Caring for an upper extremity postsurgery JP drain involves emptying and milking the drain bulb, checking and changing the dressing, maintaining hygiene, and securing the drain to prevent pulling. You should avoid showering for 48 hours, and never soak in a tub or swim until your doctor says it's okay. Always wash your hands before and after any drain care.

Drain care steps

- Emptying the drain:
 - Empty the drain every 8 hours
 - o Record the drainage daily
 - Wash your hands.
 - Prepare a clean area with a measuring cup and a log to record drainage.
 - Unplug the stopper and turn the bulb upside down to empty the fluid into the cup.
 - Note the time, amount, and color of the drainage, along with any clots.
 - Flush the fluid down the toilet and rinse the measuring cup.

Maintaining suction:

- Squeeze the bulb firmly to remove all the air.
- While keeping the bulb compressed, securely replace the stopper.

Milking the drain:

- Gently hold the tube near the body and slide your fingers down the tube to push any clots into the bulb.
- This helps prevent the tube from getting clogged.

• Dressing changes:

- Wash your hands.
- Carefully remove the old dressing, being careful not to pull on the drain.
- Clean the skin around the insertion site with saline and gauze, and then dry the area.
- Apply a new, clean dressing.
- Pin the drain to your clothing or a surgical garment to prevent pulling,

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ensuring the pin doesn't puncture the tubing.

Activity and hygiene

Showering:

- After 48 hours, you can take a shower.
- Let soapy water run over the area, but do not scrub the incision or drain site directly.
- Pat the area dry gently. A new dressing is optional; you can also leave the site open to air.

Bathing and swimming:

 Do not take tub baths, swim in pools, or enter any other body of water until your doctor approves.

Exercise:

 Avoid strenuous activities, heavy lifting, running, or jumping until you are cleared by your doctor.

When to contact your doctor

- New or increasing pain around the tube.
- Redness, swelling, or warmth at the insertion site.
- Drainage that changes from red to milky, white, or gray.
- Foul-smelling drainage.
- · Fluid leaking around the tube.
- A sudden increase or decrease in the amount of drainage.