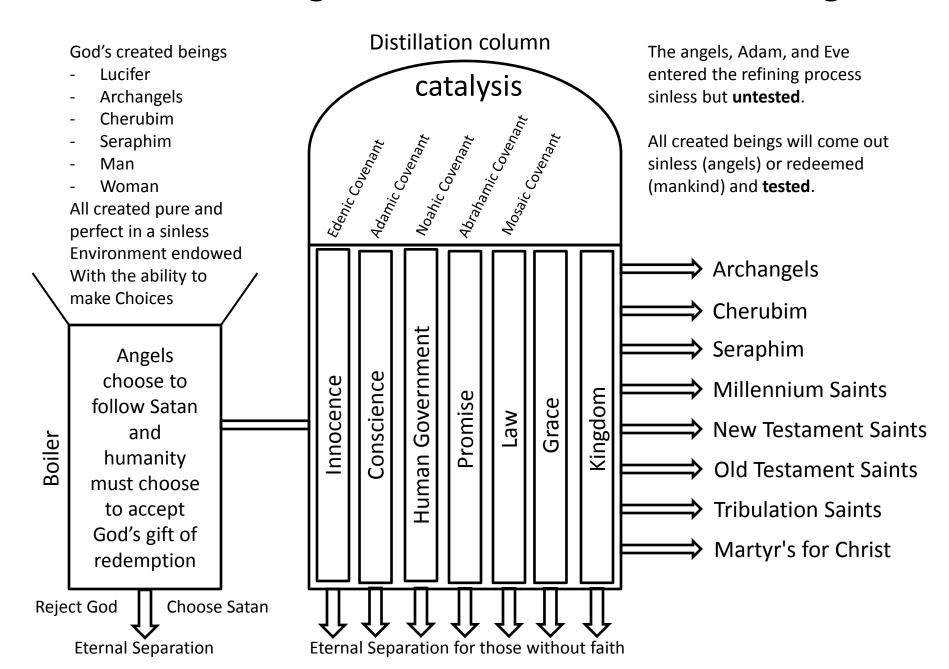
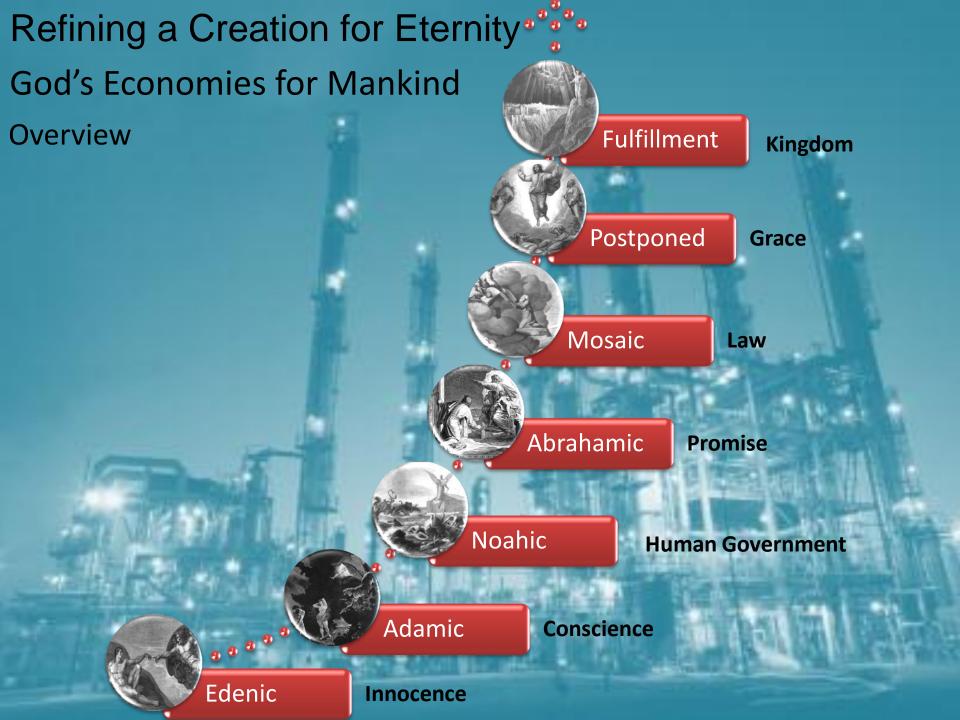
The Revealed Plan of God from Eternity Past to Eternity Future

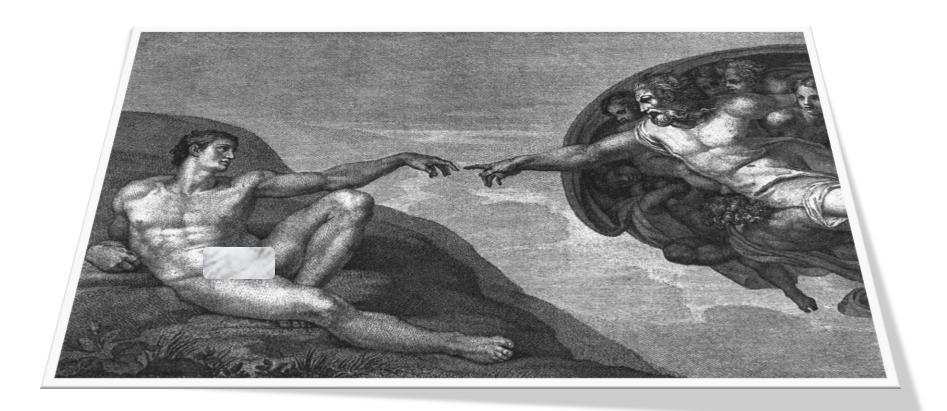


## God's Refining Process for His Created Beings





The First Economy



# Review of past lessons

Edenic Covenant (Gen 1:28-30; 2:15-17; Hos 6:7)

#### Parties to the Covenant

God and Adam

#### Conditions of the Covenant

- Be fruitful, multiply, fill the earth
- Subdue the Earth
- Rule over the animal kingdom
- Plants are for food (vegetarian)
- Defined roles
- Guard the garden
- Not eat from one tree
- Penalty for violating the commands is death

#### Token of the Covenant

• Tree of Life



## Review of past lessons

### **Dispensation of Innocence**

#### Man's Responsibilities

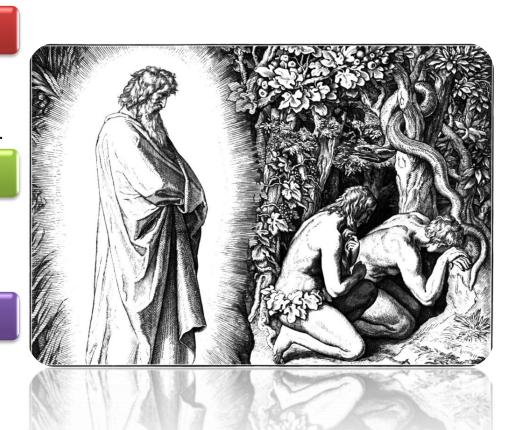
 Man's responsibilities in the garden were to fulfill the Edenic Covenant, essentially to multiply and fill the Earth and subdue it. Mankind was forbidden to eat from the tree of the knowledge of good and evil.

#### Man's Failures

 Man's failure was to eat of the fruit of the Tree of Knowledge of Good and Evil. It is important to note that while the woman was deceived, the man made a conscious decision to disobey God.

### The Resulting Judgment

 Pain in childbirth, Authority struggle, Earth antagonistic to man, Man irresponsible to animals, Plants of the field for food, Expelled from Eden, Spiritual and physical death



## Review of past lessons

### **Approaching God in the Dispensation of Innocence**

#### God walked with man

- Genesis 2:15 Then the LORD God took the man and put him into the garden of Eden to cultivate it and keep it.
- Genesis 3:8 They heard the sound of the LORD God walking in the garden in the cool of the day,

#### God spoke to man

 Genesis 2:16 - The LORD God commanded the man, saying, "From any tree of the garden you may eat freely;

#### God had fellowship with man

 Genesis 2:19 - Out of the ground the LORD God formed every beast of the field and every bird of the sky, and brought them to the man to see what he would call them; and whatever the man called a living creature, that was its name.



The Second Economy



## Review of past lessons

### Adamic Covenant (Gen 3:14 – 3:21)

#### Parties to the Covenant

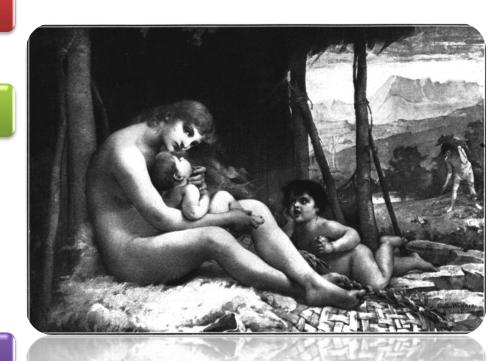
God and Adam as the representative for mankind

#### Conditions of the Covenant

- Transformation of the animal kingdom
- Protevangelium (first gospel) and promise of Satan's defeat
- Woman cursed in area of assigned duties
- Man cursed in area of assigned duties
- Physical death (return to ground)
- Man remains a vegetarian

### Token of the Covenant

Spiritual death



# Review of past lessons

## Dispensation of Conscience (Gen 3:9 to Gen 8:14)

#### Man's Responsibilities

 Man's responsibilities, having been ejected from the garden, was to fulfill the Adamic Covenant, essentially to multiply and fill the Earth. Mankind was to respond to God through the prompting of his conscience and as evidence of his faith in the promised seed, to bring an acceptable blood sacrifice as God had instructed them to do.

#### Man's Failures

 Mankind, having been given the ability, through their conscience, to desire a relationship with God and the provision, through blood sacrifices, to approach God, failed to due so and instead followed after their own evil lusts. The wickedness and evil became so great and widespread, God decided to let mankind start anew.

#### The Resulting Judgment

 God, being true to His word, spared the only faithful humans and a small remnant of air breathing creatures and started over in order to fulfill his promise of redemption



# Review of past lessons

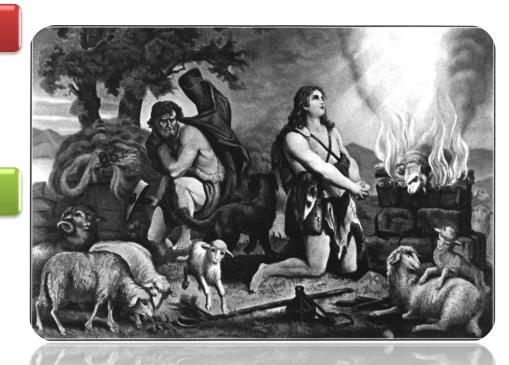
### **Approaching God in the Dispensation of Conscience**

#### Approach God by Faith

 Hebrews 11:4 - By faith Abel offered to God a better sacrifice than Cain, through which he obtained the testimony that he was righteous, God testifying about his gifts, and through faith, though he is dead, he still speaks.

#### Blood sacrifice as example of faith

- The test then becomes "with a conscience, guided by that conscience, will man choose to do good and approach God by means of sacrifice as the example of the sacrifice that God indicated".
- Leviticus 17:11 'For the life of the flesh is in the blood, and I have given it to you on the altar to make atonement for your souls; for it is the blood by reason of the life that makes atonement.'



# Review of past lessons

### At The End Of The Second Economy

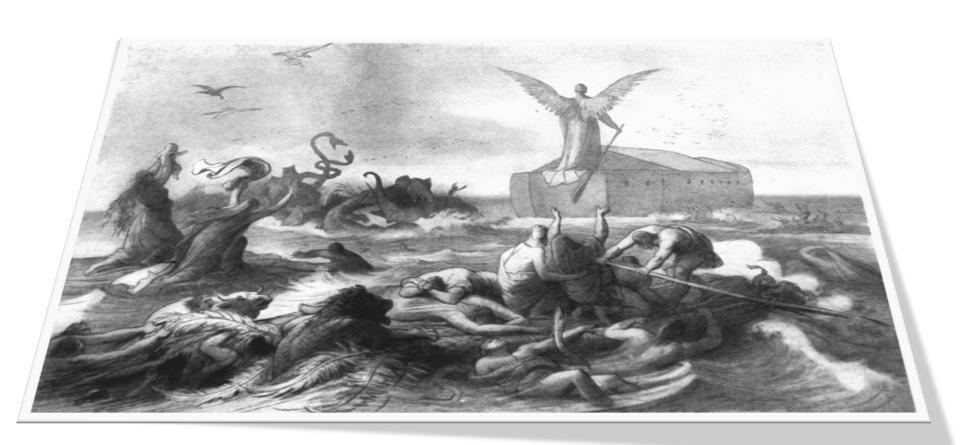
### Promise of Redemption Maintained - Genesis 6:8-9, 18; 7:1

- But Noah found favor in the eyes of the LORD. These are the records of the generations of Noah. Noah was a righteous man, blameless in his time; Noah walked with God.
- "But I will establish My covenant with you; and you shall enter the ark—you and your sons and your wife, and your sons' wives with you.
- Then the LORD said to Noah, "Enter the ark, you and all your household, for you alone I have seen to be righteous before Me in this time.

### Angelic Conflict - 2 Peter 2:4; Jude 6

- For if God did not spare angels when they sinned, but cast them into hell and committed them to pits of darkness, reserved for judgment;
- And angels who did not keep their own domain, but abandoned their proper abode, He
  has kept in eternal bonds under darkness for the judgment of the great day,

The Third Economy



## Review of past lessons

### Noahic Covenant (Genesis 8:20 – 9:17)

#### Parties to the Covenant

God and Noah as the representative for mankind

### Conditions of the Covenant

- Be fruitful, multiply and fill the earth
- Man to be feared by animals
- Mankind allowed to eat meat
- Mankind not to eat or drink blood
- Institution of capital punishment
- Never again a universal flood

### Token of the Covenant

Rainbow



# Review of past lessons

## Dispensation of Human Government (Genesis 9:1 to 11:32)

#### Man's Responsibilities

Man's responsibilities were to fulfill the Noahic covenant.
 Mankind was to be fruitful, multiply, and fill the earth.
 Mankind was to govern itself with the full authority of capitol punishment.

#### Man's Failures

 Failure to govern successfully appeared on the scene almost immediately, for Noah became drunk and incapable of ruling. The people, instead of obeying God's command to scatter and fill the earth, conceived the idea of staying together and building the tower of Babel to help achieve their aim. Fellowship with man replaced fellowship with God.

#### The Resulting Judgment

 As a result, God sent the judgment of the tower of Babel and the confusion of languages. He also graciously intervened in that He did not utterly destroy the nations but chose to deal graciously with Abraham and his descendants.



## Review of past lessons

### Small Remnant of Righteous – The Example of Job's Theology

### God's sovereignty – Job 1:21

 He said, "Naked I came from my mother's womb, And naked I shall return there. The LORD gave and the LORD has taken away. Blessed be the name of the LORD."

### God's justice – Job 13:15–16

"Though He slay me, I will hope in Him.
Nevertheless I will argue my ways before Him.
"This also will be my salvation, For a godless man may not come before His presence.

### God's promise of salvation – Job 19:25

• "As for me, I know that my Redeemer lives, And at the last He will take His stand on the earth.



## Review of past lessons

### At The End Of The Third Economy

## Promise of Redemption Maintained - Genesis 12:1-3

• Now the LORD said to Abram, "Go forth from your country, And from your relatives And from your father's house, To the land which I will show you; And I will make you a great nation, And I will bless you, And make your name great; And so you shall be a blessing; And I will bless those who bless you, And the one who curses you I will curse. And in you all the families of the earth will be blessed."

## Angelic Conflict - Job 1:6-12; 2:1-7

 God allows Satan to persecute the faithful that He knows are mature enough to endure the trials. This strengthens the faithful and allows God to show His grace, mercy, and love. God also demonstrates that His righteousness and justice are compatible with His love.

The Fourth Economy



## Review of past lessons

### **Abrahamic Covenant (Genesis 12:1-3)**

### Parties to the Covenant

 God and Abram as the father of the Jewish race

## Conditions of the Covenant

 Fourteen provisions including the token of circumcision

### Token of the Covenant

Circumcision



## Review of past lessons

## Promises made to Abraham

Father of great nation (Israel)

Possess the Promised Land

Father of other nations

Many descendants became kings

Receive personal blessings

Be a blessing to others

Name to become great

## Promises made to Israel

Become a great nation

Become innumerable

Possess the Promised Land

Victory over enemies

# Promises to Gentiles

Blessings for blessing Israel Cursing's for cursing Israel Spiritual blessings through the seed of Abraham – The Messiah

# Review of past lessons

## Dispensation of Promise (Genesis 11:10 to Exodus 18:27)

#### Man's Responsibilities

• The responsibility of the patriarchs was simply to believe and serve God, and God gave them every material and spiritual provision to encourage them to do this. The Promised Land was theirs, and blessing was theirs as long as they remained in the land. The people of the promise; Abraham, Isaac, Jacob, and the children of Jacob (Israel) were to stay separate from the nations around them.

#### Man's Failures

 Abraham, Isaac, Jacob and his twelve sons continued to intermingle with the Canaanites and surrounding nations.

#### The Resulting Judgment

 God sent the family down to Egypt where the surrounding Egyptians would not associate with them.
 Soon after they would be enslaved.



## Review of past lessons

### **Approaching God in the Dispensation of Promise**

### Approach God by Faith

Genesis 15:5–7 And He took him outside and said, "Now look toward the heavens, and count the stars, if you are able to count them." And He said to him, "So shall your descendants be."
 Then he believed in the LORD; and He reckoned it to him as righteousness. And He said to him, "I am the LORD who brought you out of Ur of the Chaldeans, to give you this land to possess it."

### Blood sacrifice as example of faith

 Genesis 31:54 Then Jacob offered a sacrifice on the mountain, and called his kinsmen to the meal; and they ate the meal and spent the night on the mountain.



## Review of past lessons

### At The End Of The Fourth Economy

## Promise of Redemption Maintained - Exodus 15:18–19

• "The LORD shall reign forever and ever." For the horses of Pharaoh with his chariots and his horsemen went into the sea, and the LORD brought back the waters of the sea on them, but the sons of Israel walked on dry land through the midst of the sea.

## Angelic Conflict - Job 1:6-12; 2:1-7

• Paganism continued to spread throughout the world. The populations were coming together as powerful nations were formed. God's chosen, the Israelites, were in the protective womb of Egypt yet Satan influenced the first cycle of young Jewish boys to be put to death in an attempt to block the birth of the Messiah.

The Fifth Economy



## Review of past lessons

**Mosaic Covenant (Exodus 20:1 – Deuteronomy 28:68)** 

#### Parties to the Covenant

God and Israel with Moses acting as a representative

### Conditions of the Covenant

 Law of Moses which contained a total 613 commandments. Being a conditional covenant, it provided blessings for obedience and curses for disobedience. (Ex. 15:26) The key element of the entire Mosaic Law was the blood sacrifice. (Lev. 17:11)

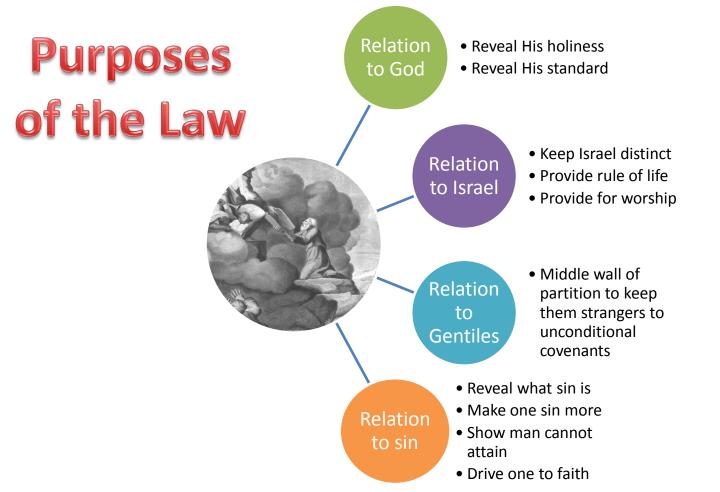
### Token of the Covenant

Sabbath



## The Fifth Economy

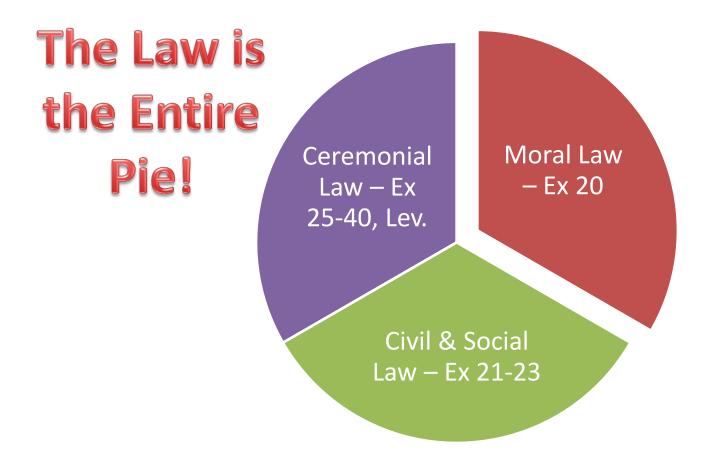
Mosaic Covenant (Exodus 20:1 – Deuteronomy 28:68)



Fruchtenbaum, A. G. (2001). Israelology: The missing link in systematic theology. (p. 574). Tustin, CA: Ariel Ministies.

## The Fifth Economy

Mosaic Covenant (Exodus 20:1 – Deuteronomy 28:68)



## Review of past lessons

## Dispensation of Law (Exodus 19:1 – Acts 1:26)

### Man's Responsibilities

• The responsibility of the Nation of Israel along with Gentile proselytes was to keep the Mosaic Law.

#### Man's Failures

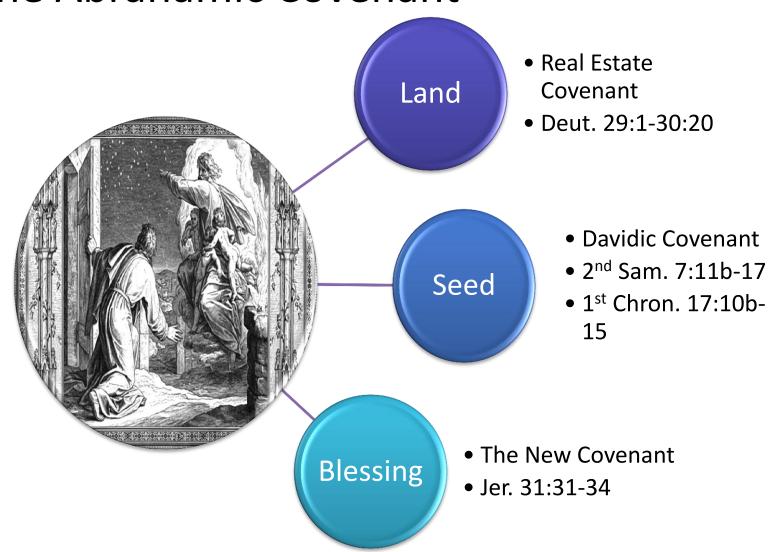
 The Nation of Israel was continually disobedient and God continued to bring them back through discipline. They continued to reject the ordinances of God. (2nd Kings 17:7-23)

### The Resulting Judgment

• As a result, there were many judgments throughout this long period. The ten tribes were carried into Assyrian captivity; the two tribes were carried into Babylonian captivity; and later, because of their rejection of Jesus of Nazareth, the people were dispersed into all the world (Matt. 23:37–39).



## The Abrahamic Covenant



# Review of past lessons

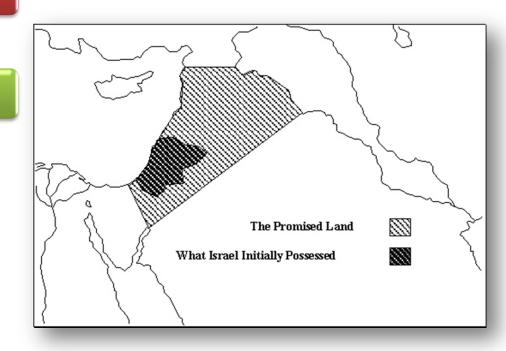
### **Land Covenant (Deuteronomy 29:1 – 30:20)**

#### Parties to the Covenant

 God and Moses as the representative of National Israel

#### Conditions of the Covenant

- The nation will be plucked off the land for its unfaithfulness (Deut. 30:1-3)
- There will be a future repentance of Israel (Deut. 30:1-3)
- The Messiah will return (Deut. 30:3-6)
- Israel will be restored to the land (Deut. 30:5)
- Israel will be converted as a nation (Deut. 30:4-8)
- Israel's enemies will be judged (Deut. 30:7)
- The nation will then receive her full blessing. (Deut. 30:9)



## Review of past lessons

### Seed (Davidic) Covenant (2 Sam. 7:10-14)

#### Parties to the Covenant

 God and David as the representative for the House of Israell

#### Conditions of the Covenant

- David's child, yet to be born, shall succeed him and establish his kingdom.
- This son, Solomon, shall build the temple instead of David.
- The throne of his kingdom shall be established forever.
- The throne will not be taken away from him (Solomon).
- David's house, throne, and kingdom shall be established forever.



# Review of past lessons

### Blessing (New) Covenant (Jeremiah 31:31-34)

#### Parties to the Covenant

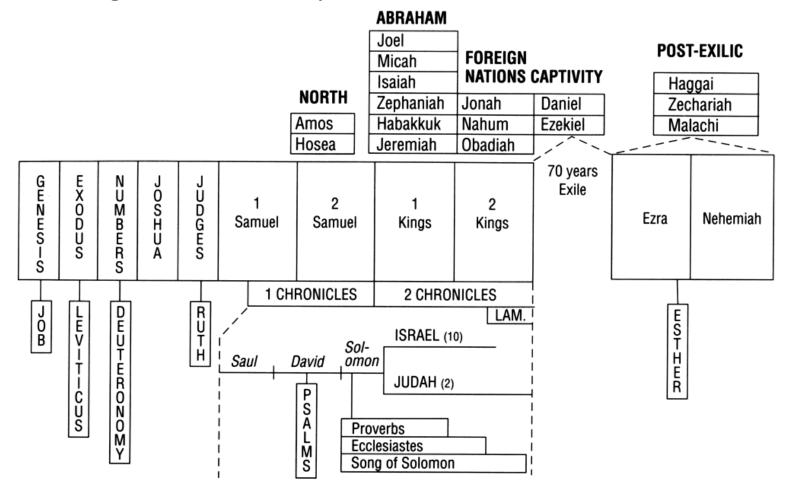
• God and the houses of Israel and Judah

#### Conditions of the Covenant

- The new covenant is an unconditional, grace covenant resting on the "I will" of God.
- The new covenant is an everlasting covenant.
- The new covenant also promises the impartation of a renewed mind and heart which we may call regeneration.
- The new covenant provides for restoration to the favor and blessing of God.
- Forgiveness of sin is also included in the covenant.
- The indwelling of the Holy Spirit is also included.
- The teaching ministry of the Holy Spirit will be manifested, and the will of God will be known by obedient hearts.
- As is always the case when Israel is in the land, she will be blessed materially in accordance with the provisions of the new covenant.
- The sanctuary will be rebuilt in Jerusalem.
- War shall cease and peace shall reign according to Hosea 2:18.
- The blood of the Lord Jesus Christ is the foundation of all the blessings of the new covenant.

## The Fifth Economy

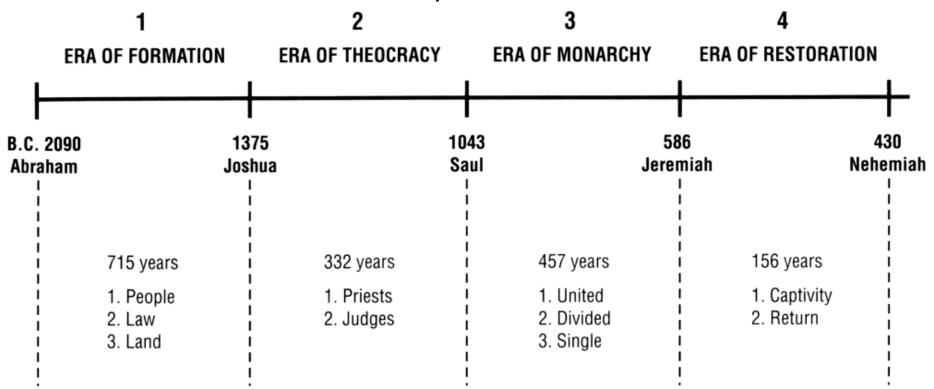
Chronological Relationships of Old Testament Books

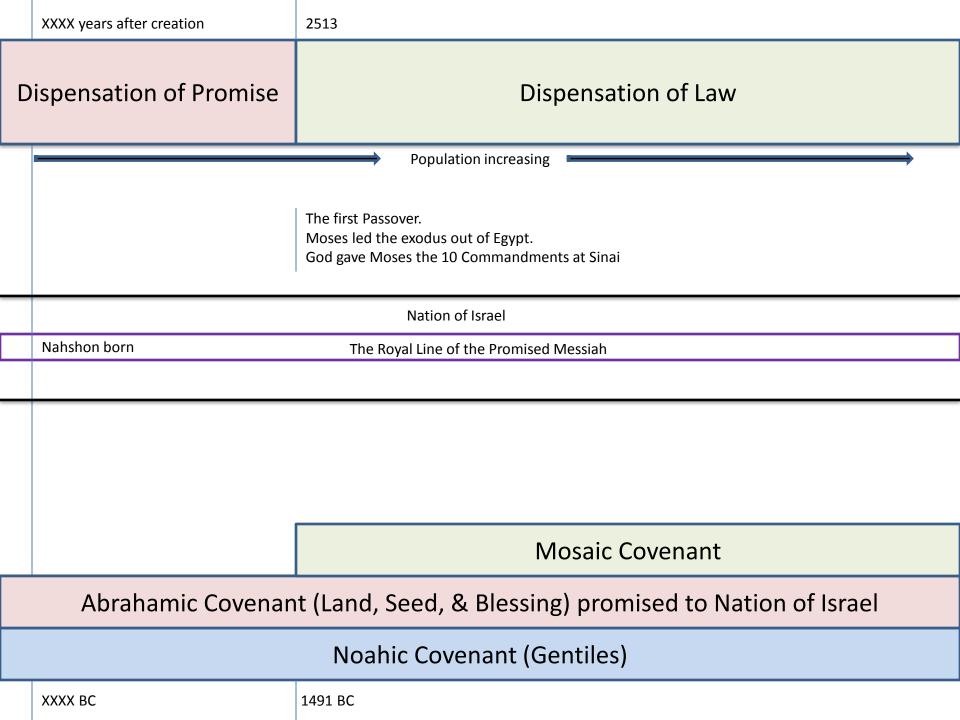


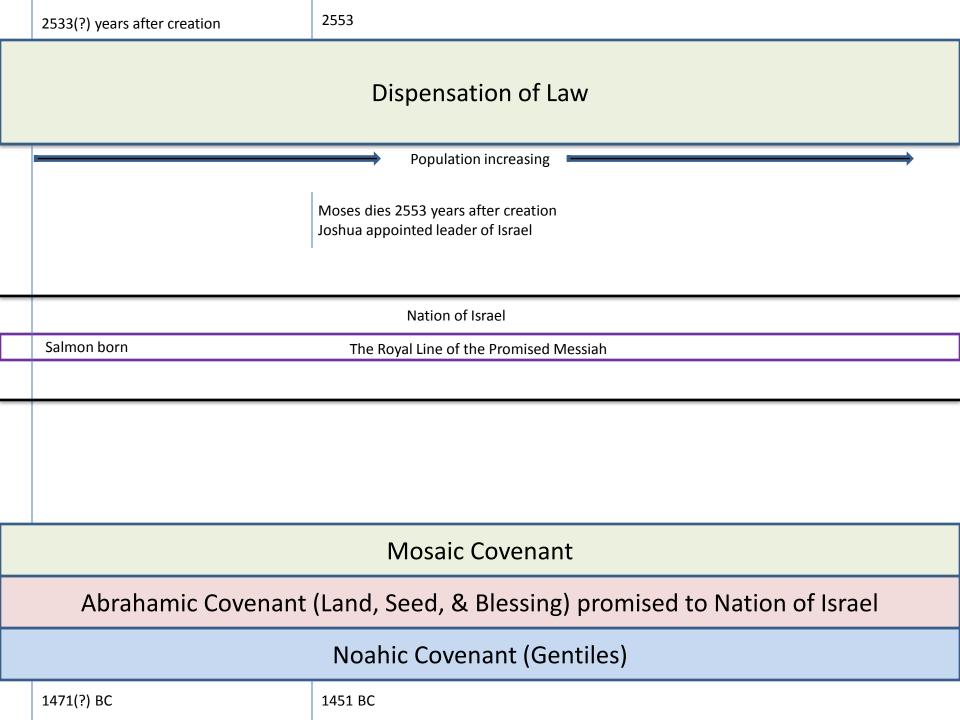
Benware, P. N. (1993). Survey of the Old Testament (Revised). Everyman's Bible Commentary (22). Chicago: Moody Press.

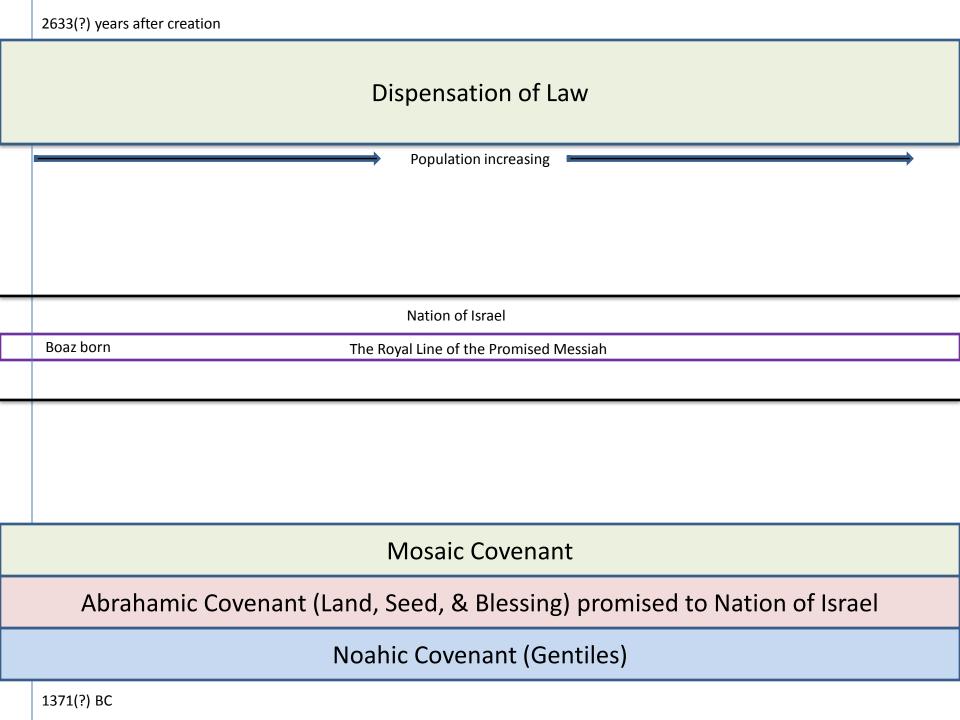
## The Fifth Economy

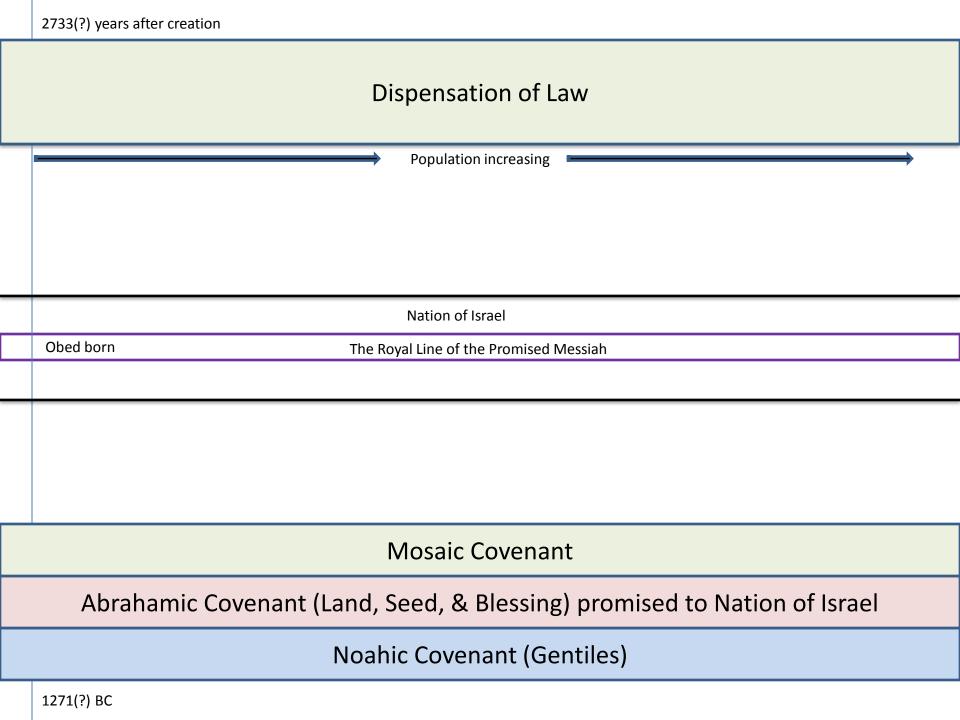
Eras of Old Testament History

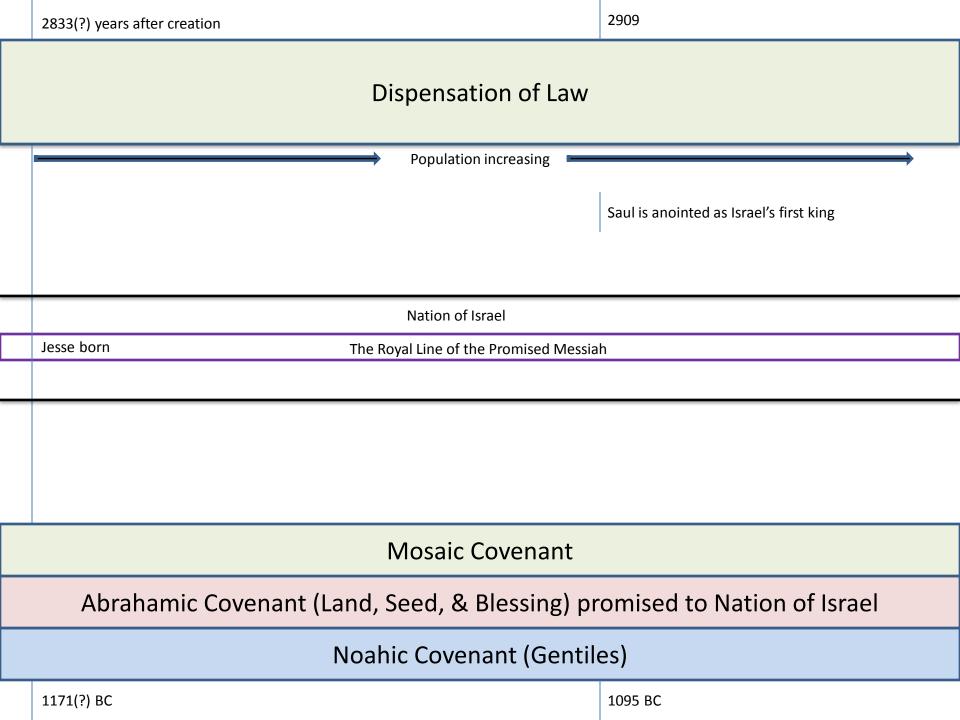


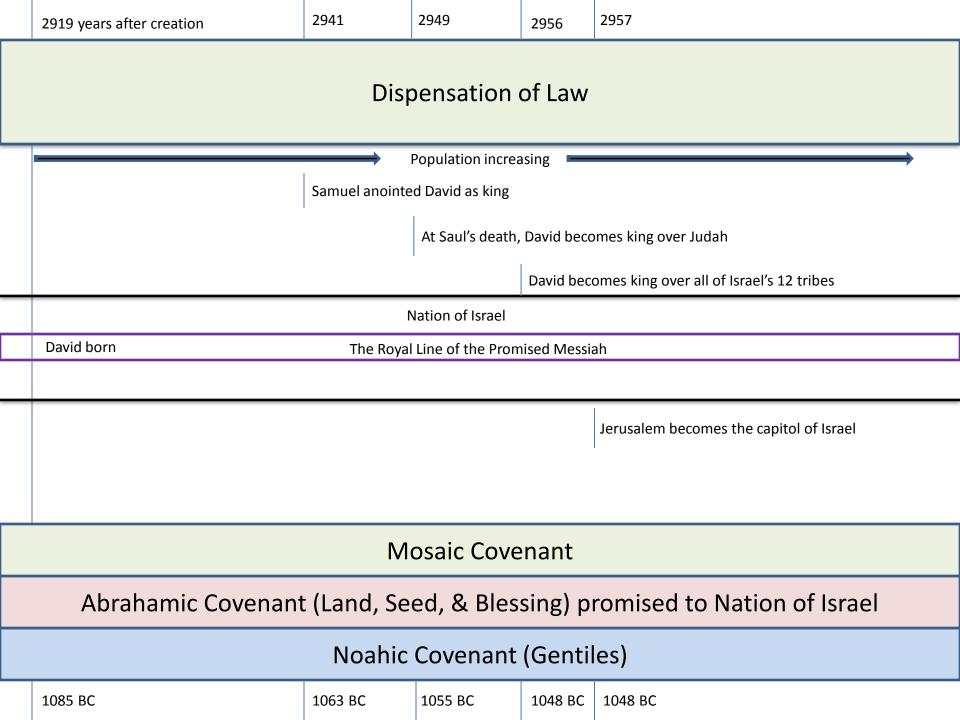


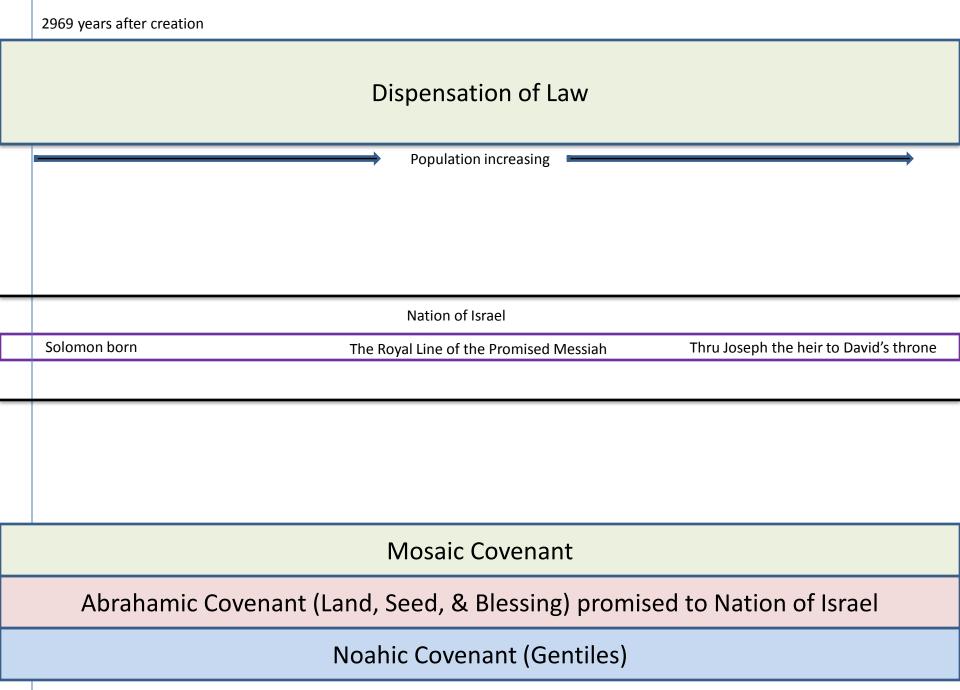




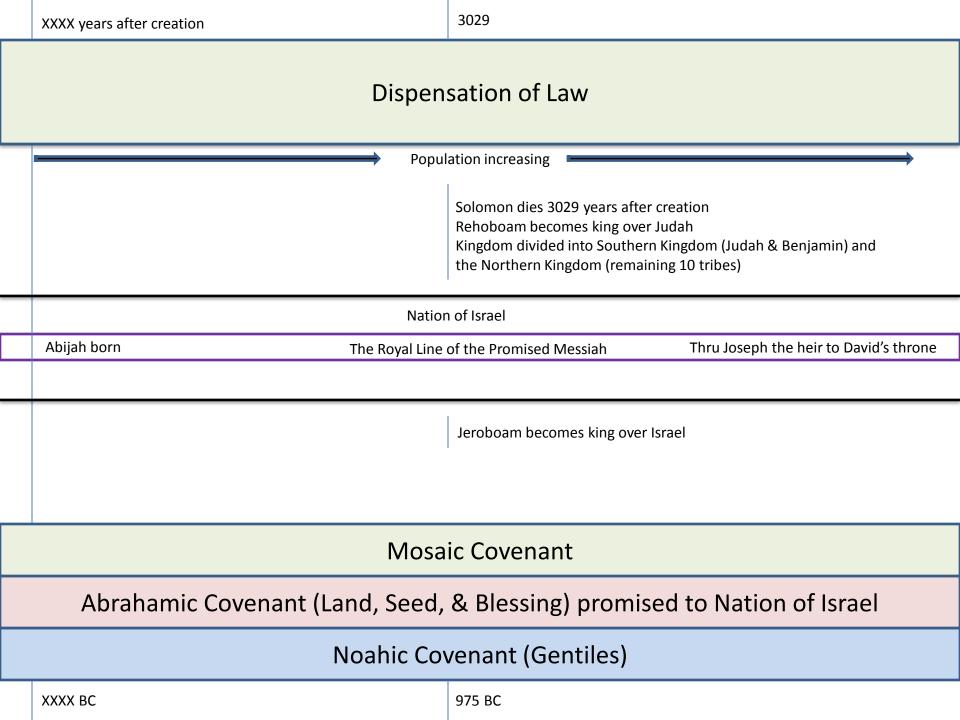


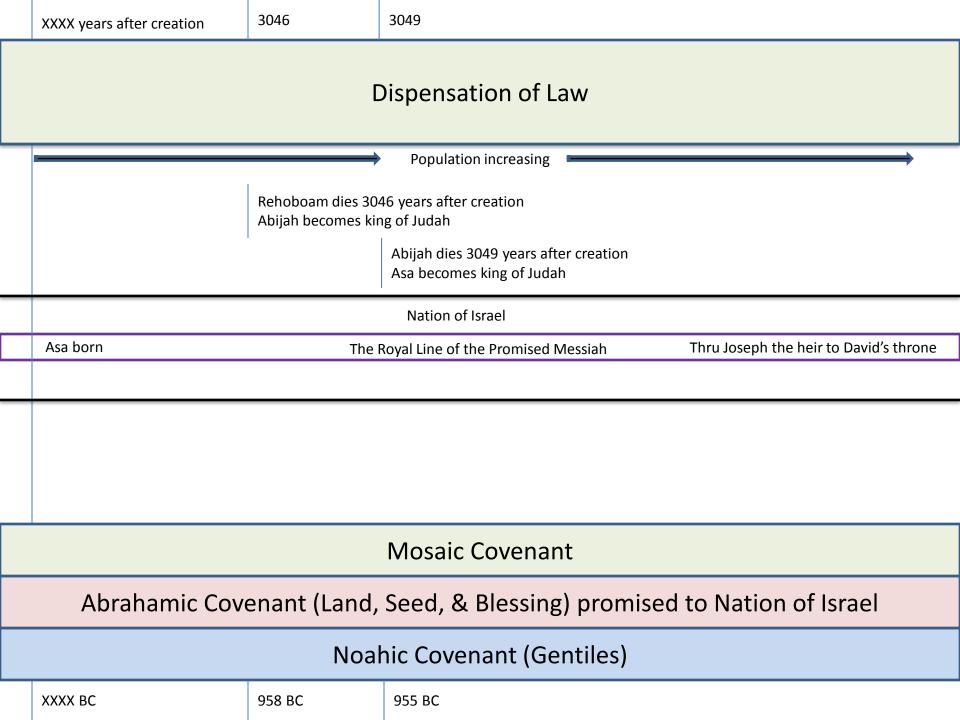


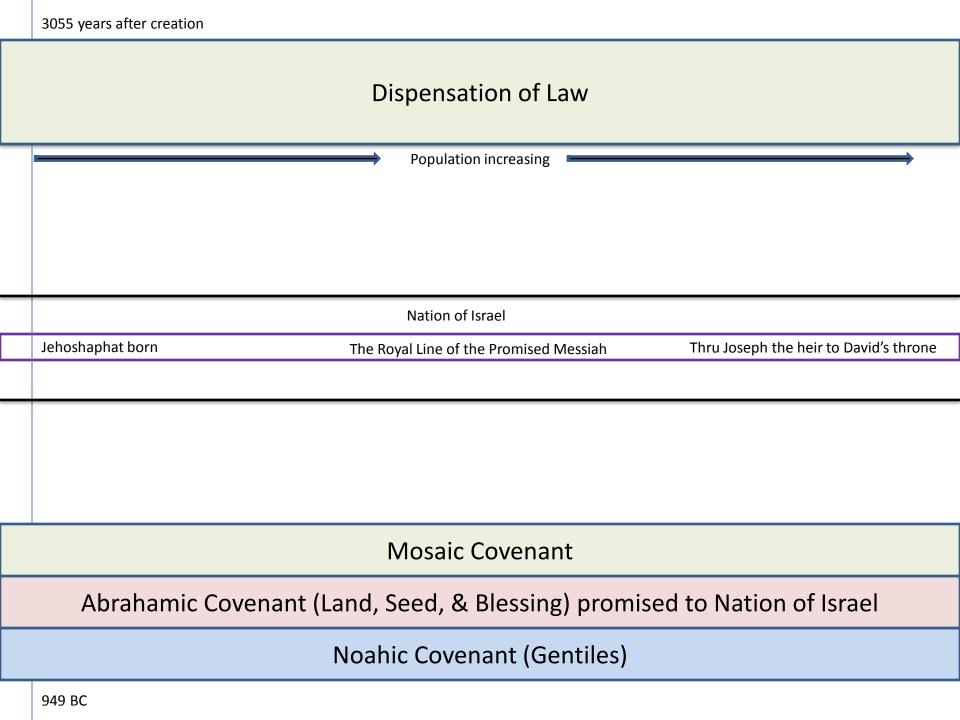


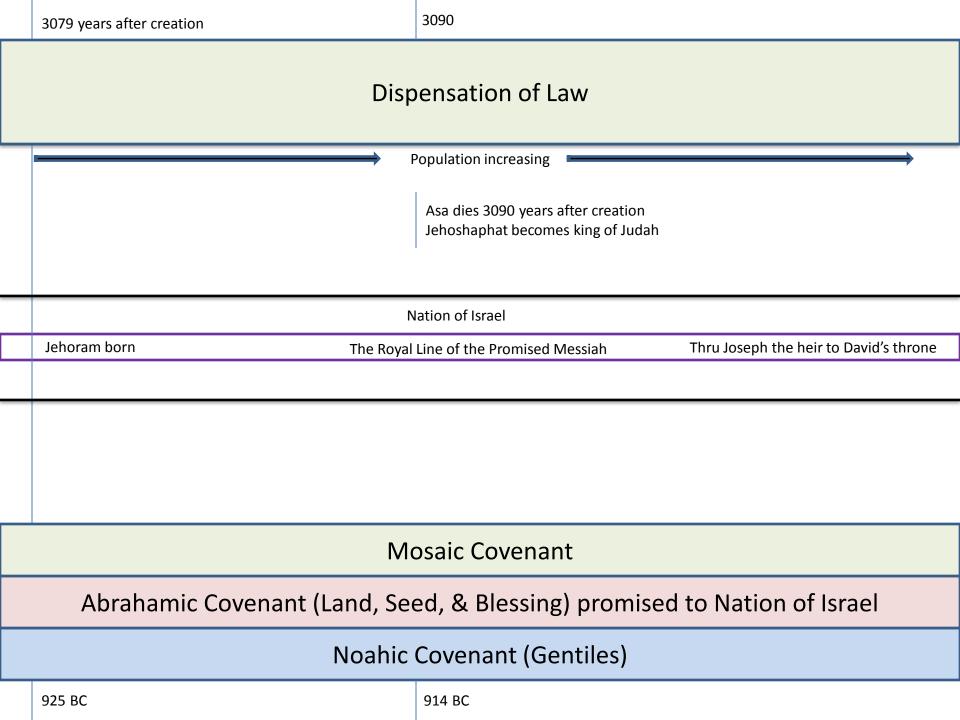


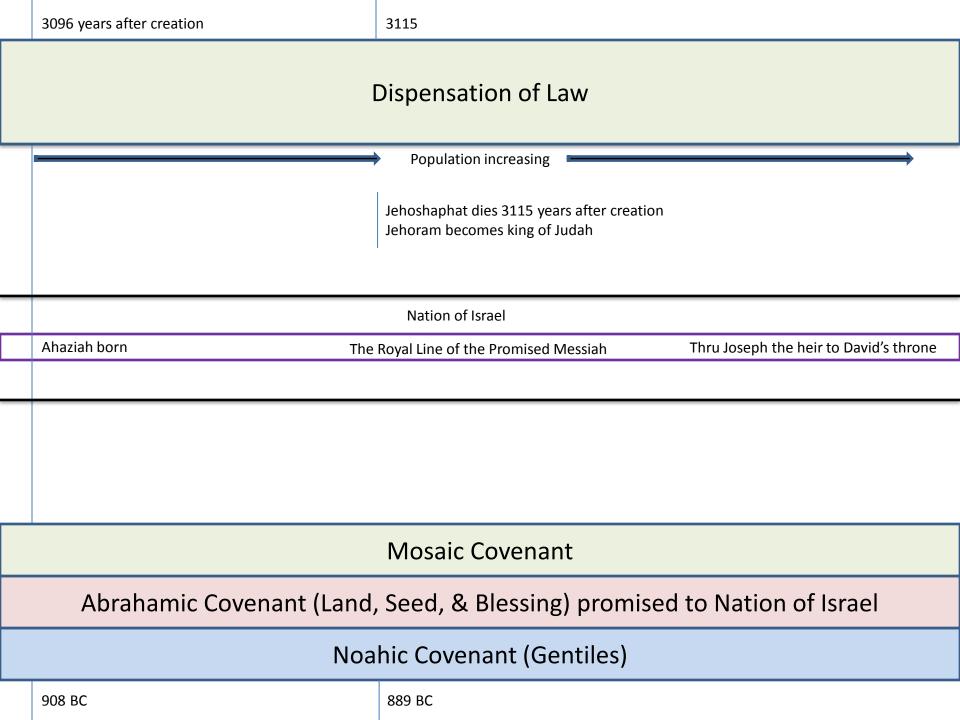
	2988 years after creation	2989	2990	3001								
	Dispensation of Law											
	Solomon anointed as king, Zadok confirmed as High Priest											
	David dies 2990 years after creation											
	Nation of Israel											
	Rehoboam born The Royal Line of the Promised Messiah Thru Joseph the heir to David's throne											
				Dedication of the first temple in Jer	rusalem							
	Mosaic Covenant											
	Abrahamic Covenant (Land, Seed, & Blessing) promised to Nation of Israel											
	Noahic Covenant (Gentiles)											
	1016 BC	1015 BC	1016 BC	1004 BC								

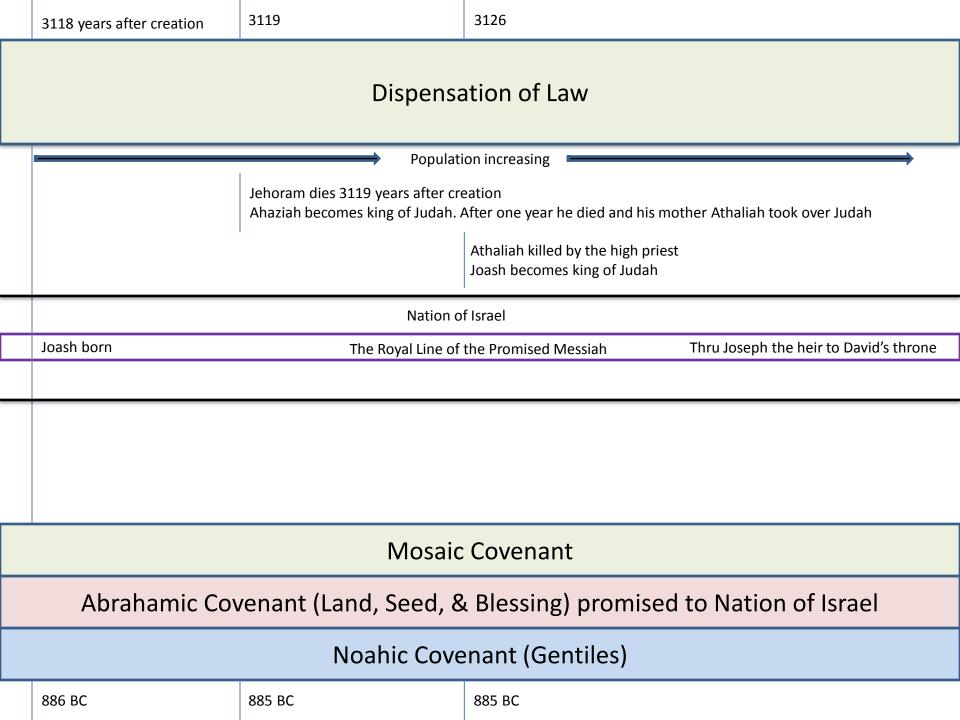


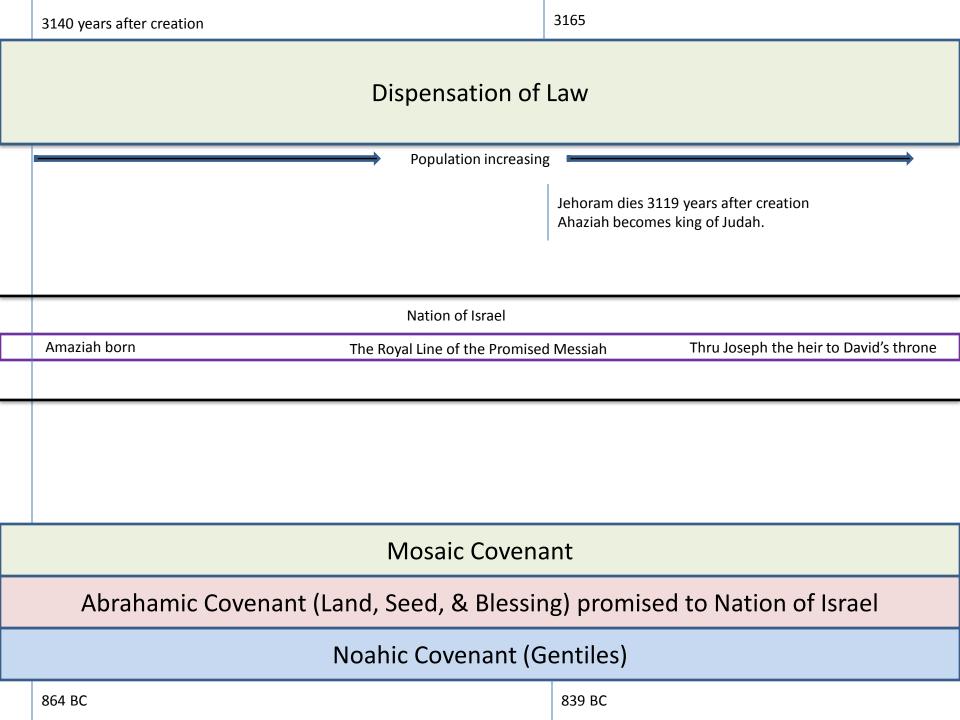


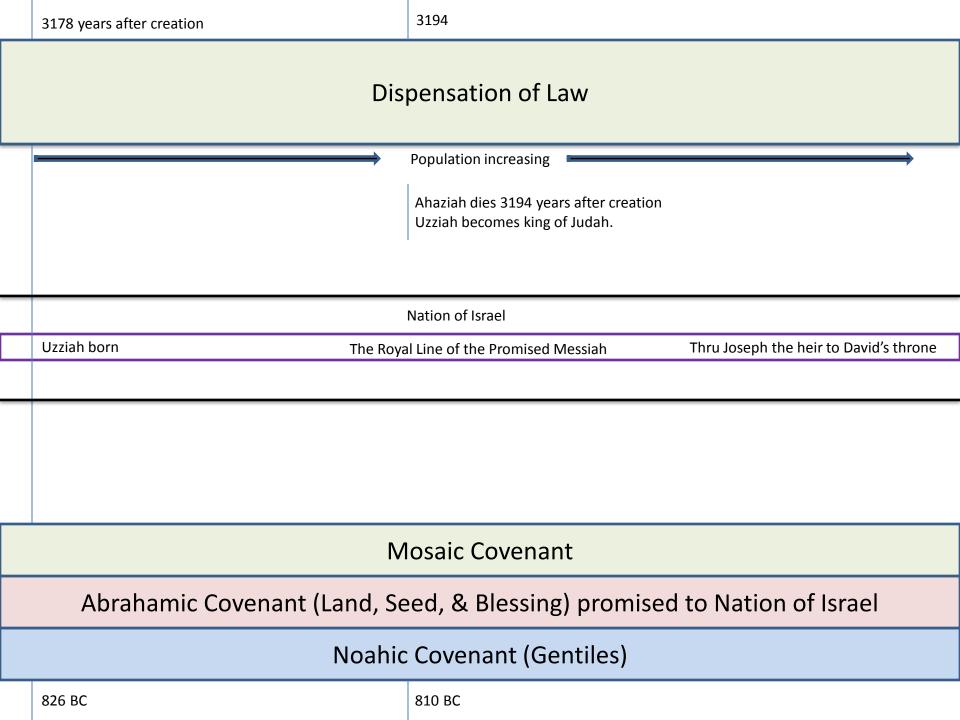


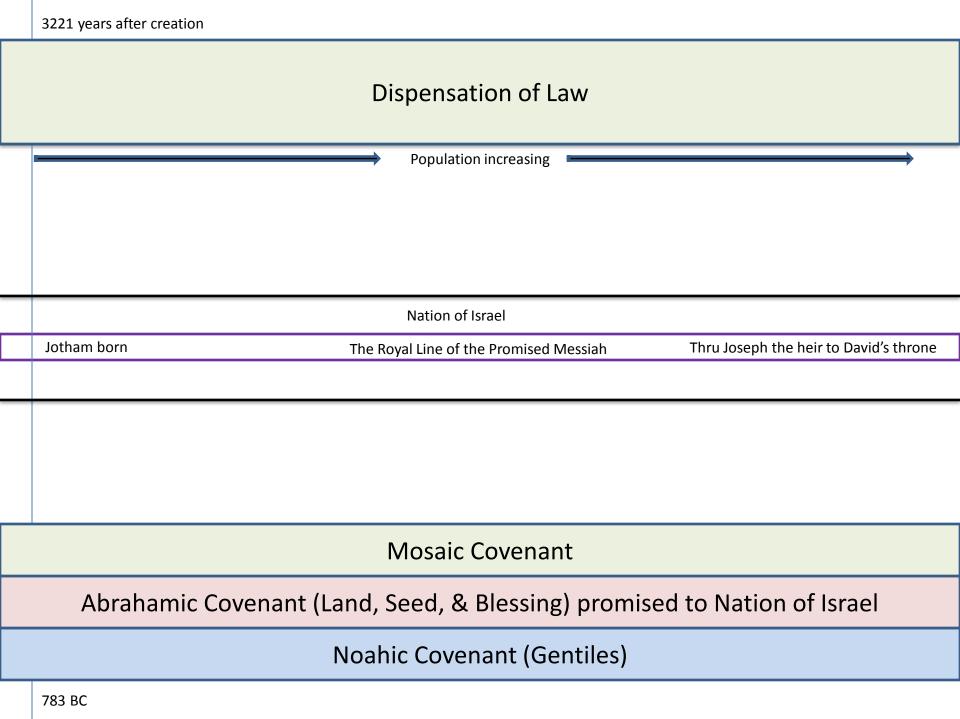


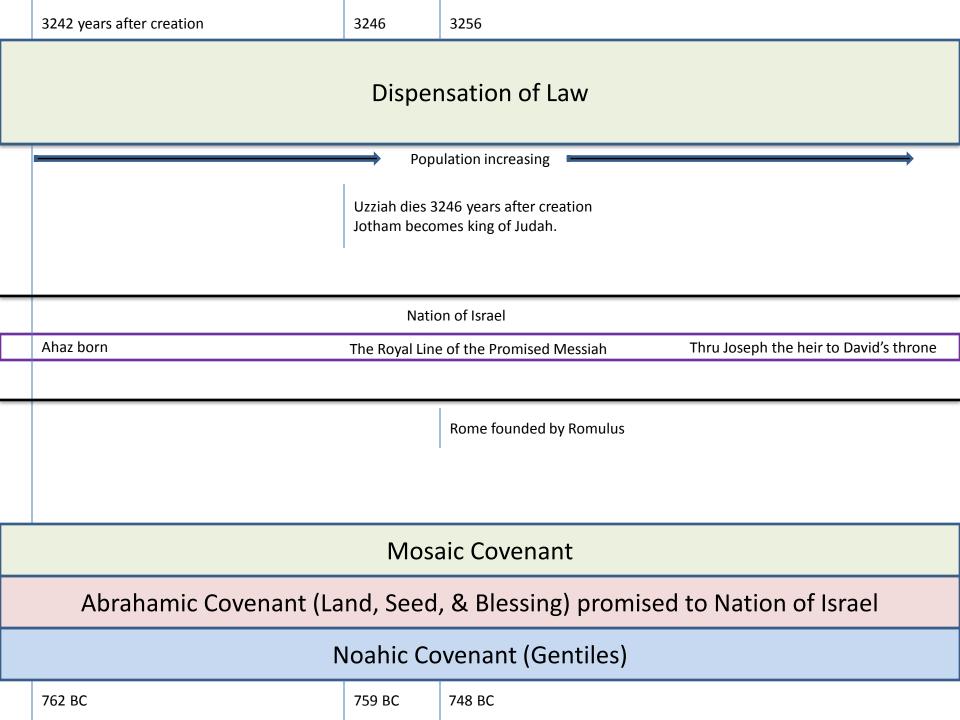


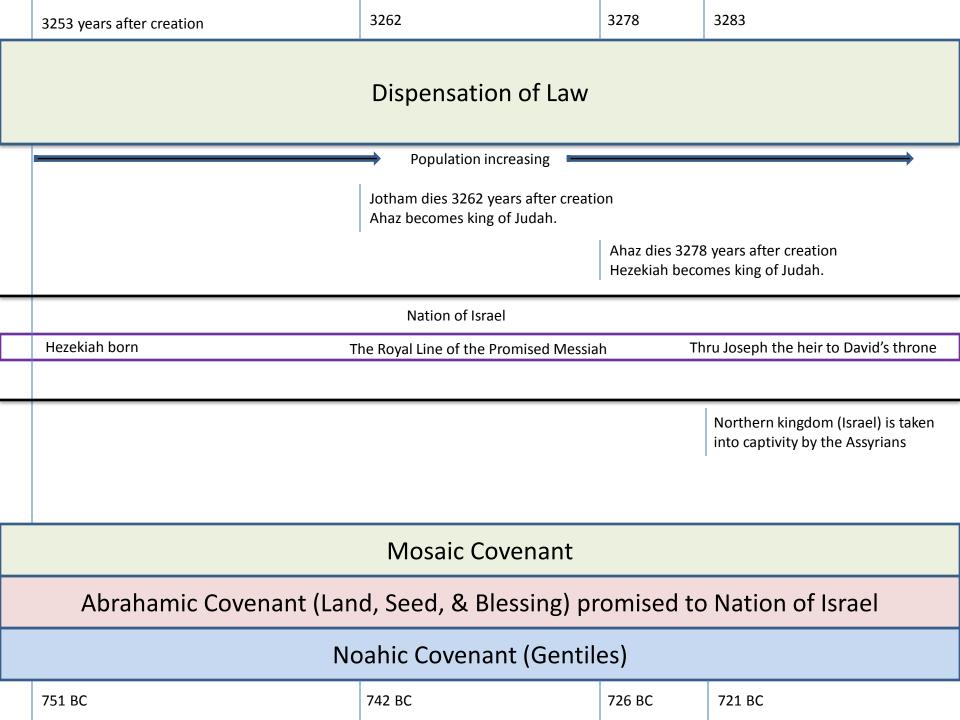


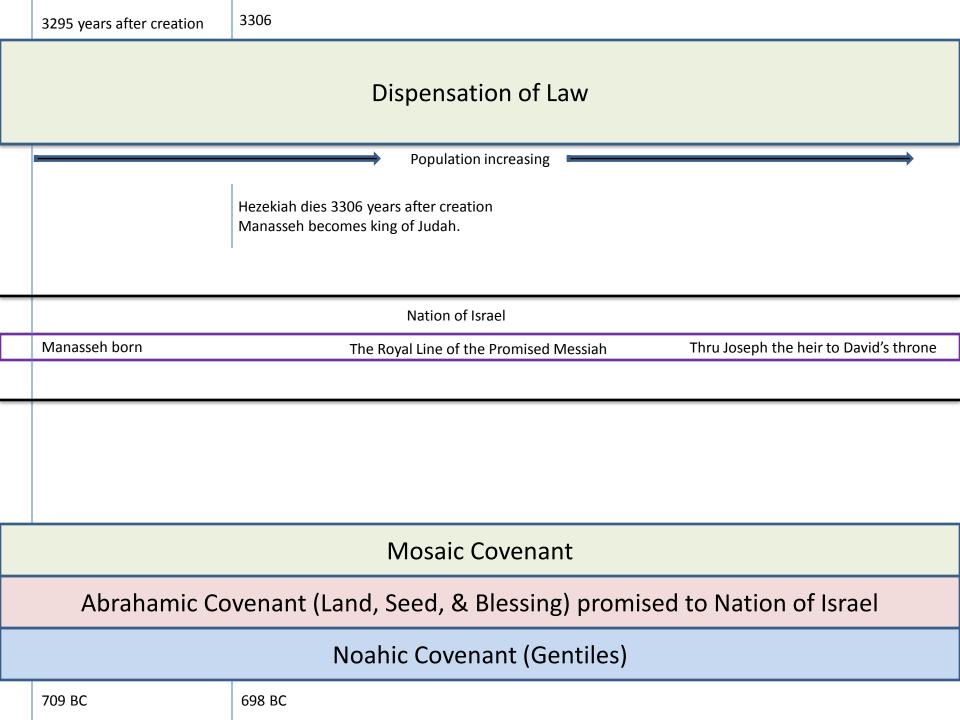


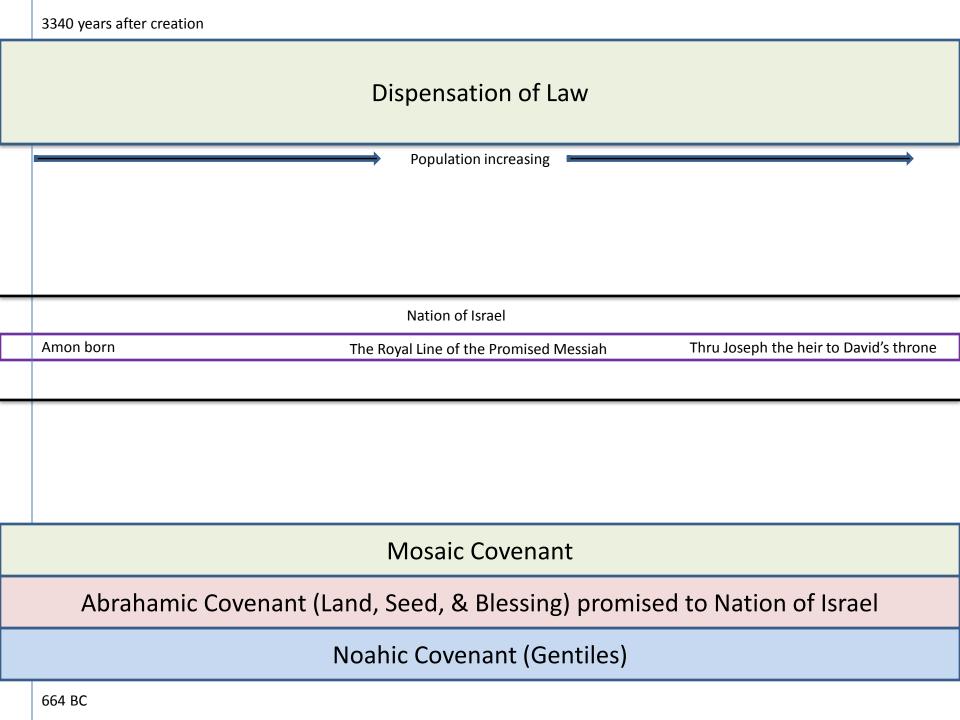


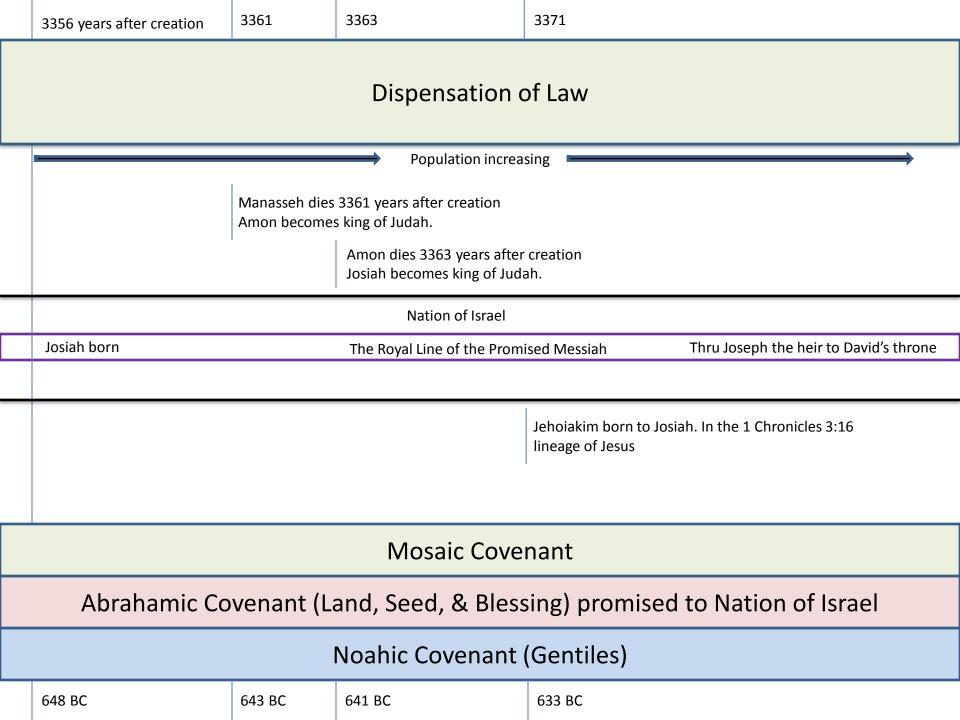


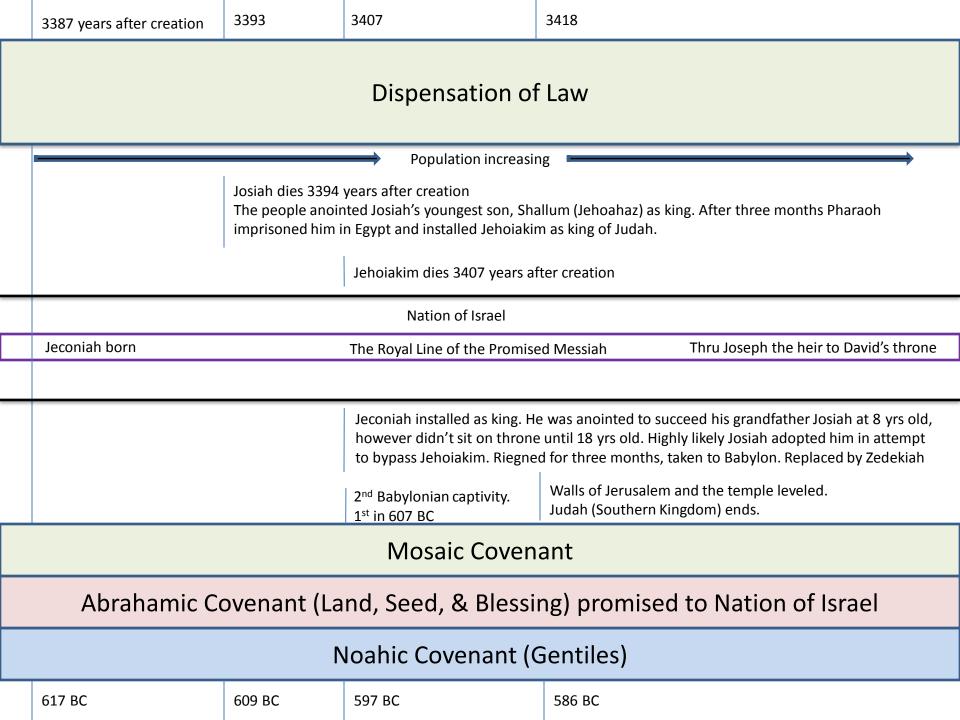


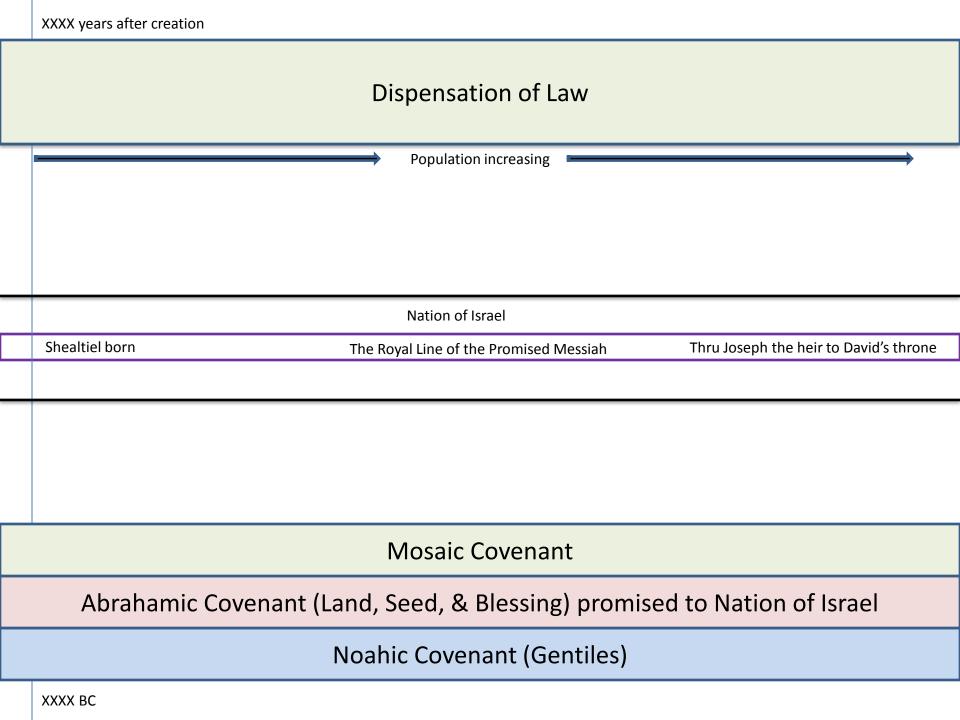


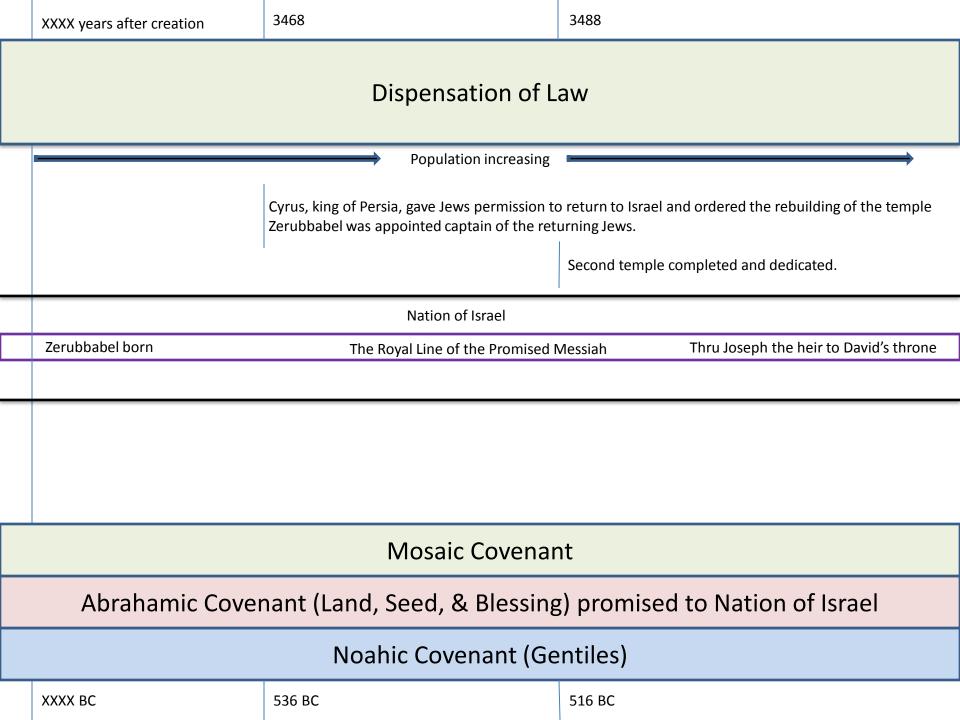


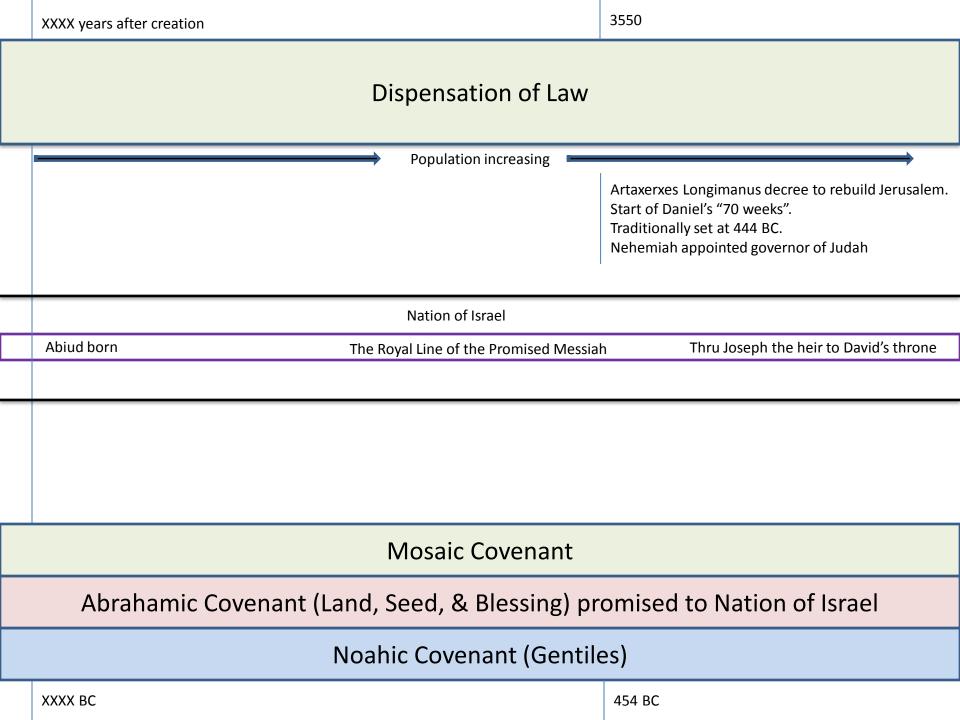


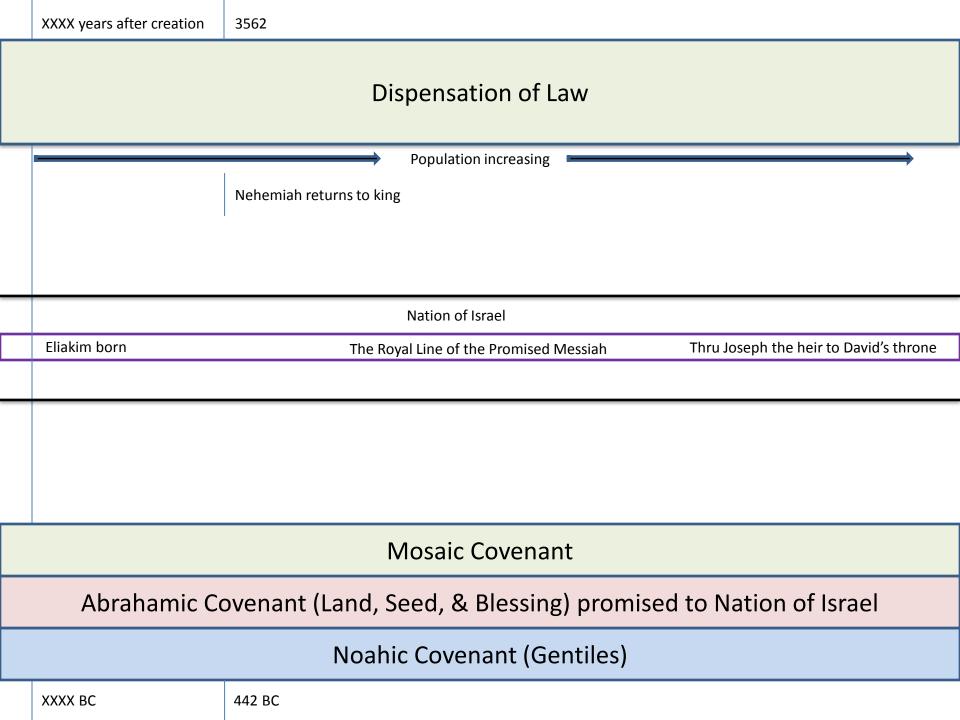


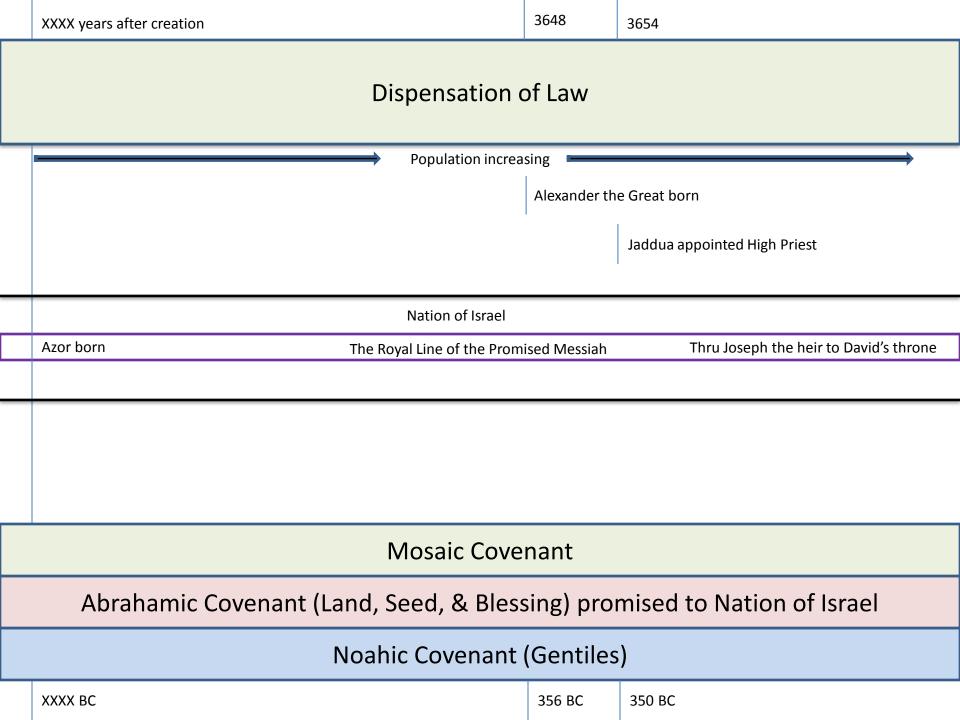


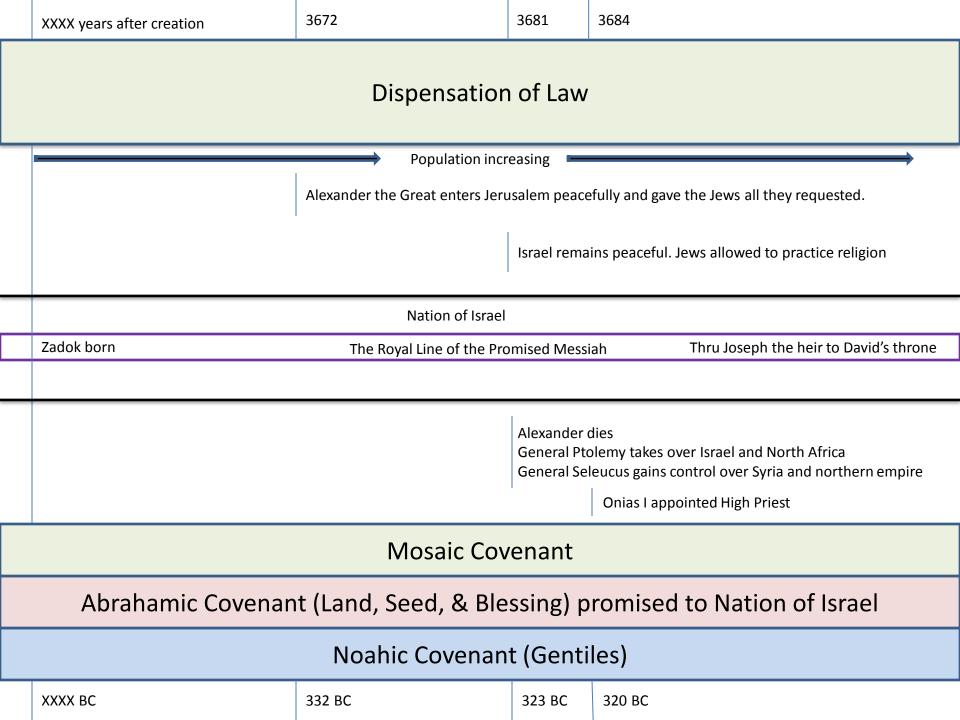


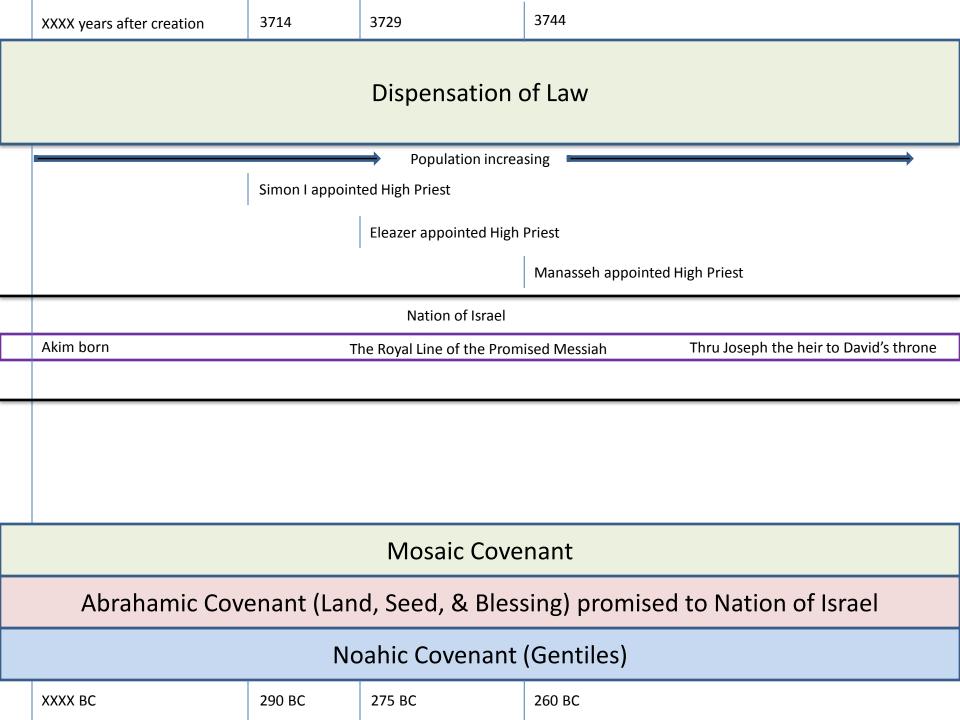


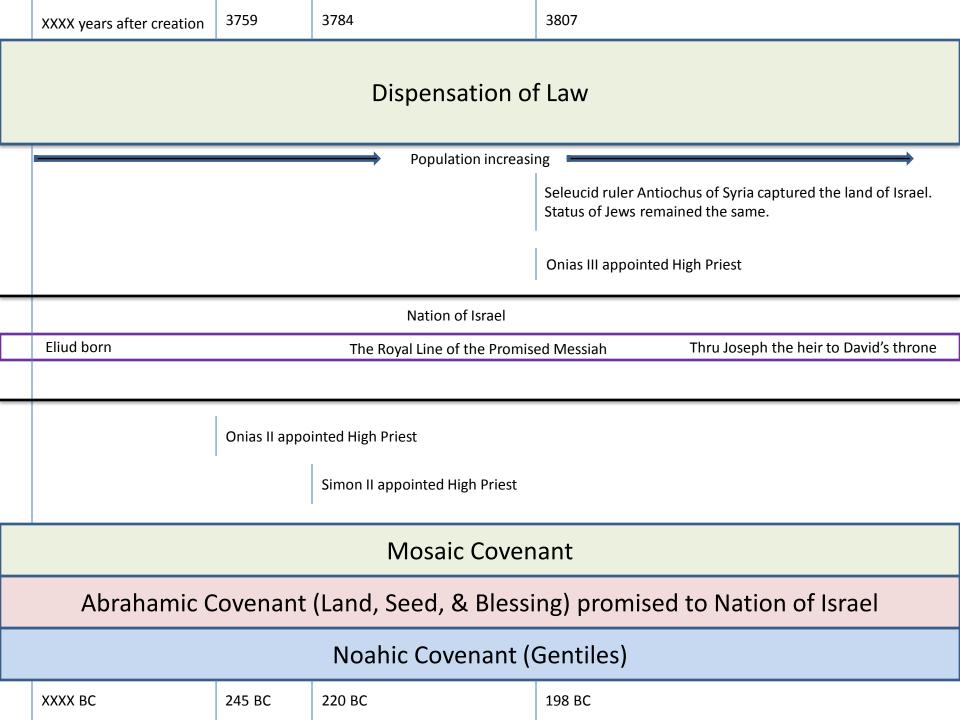


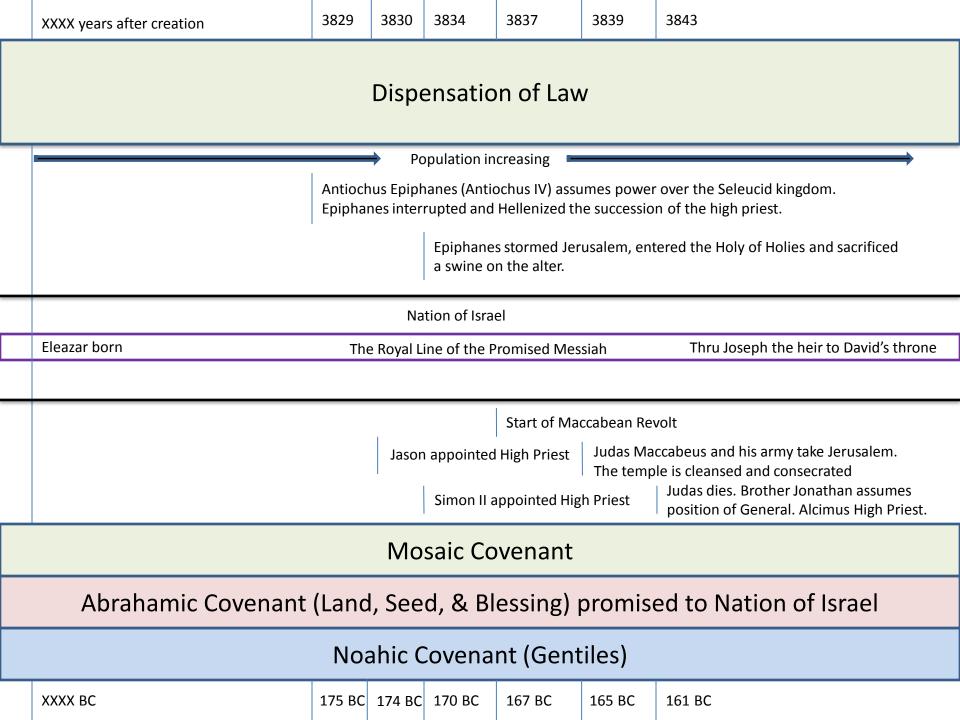


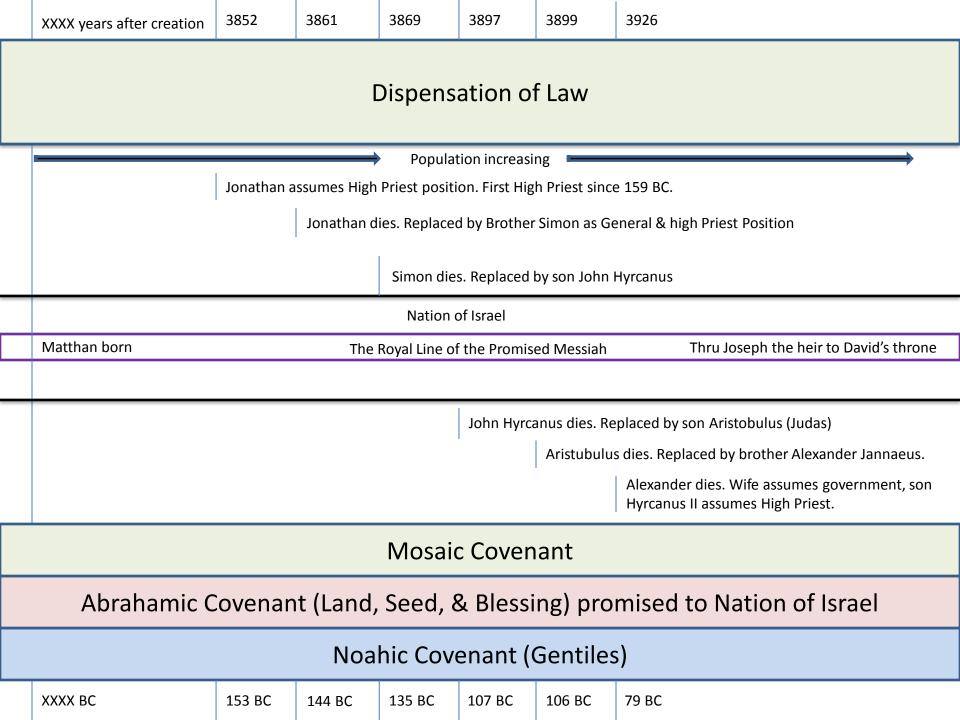




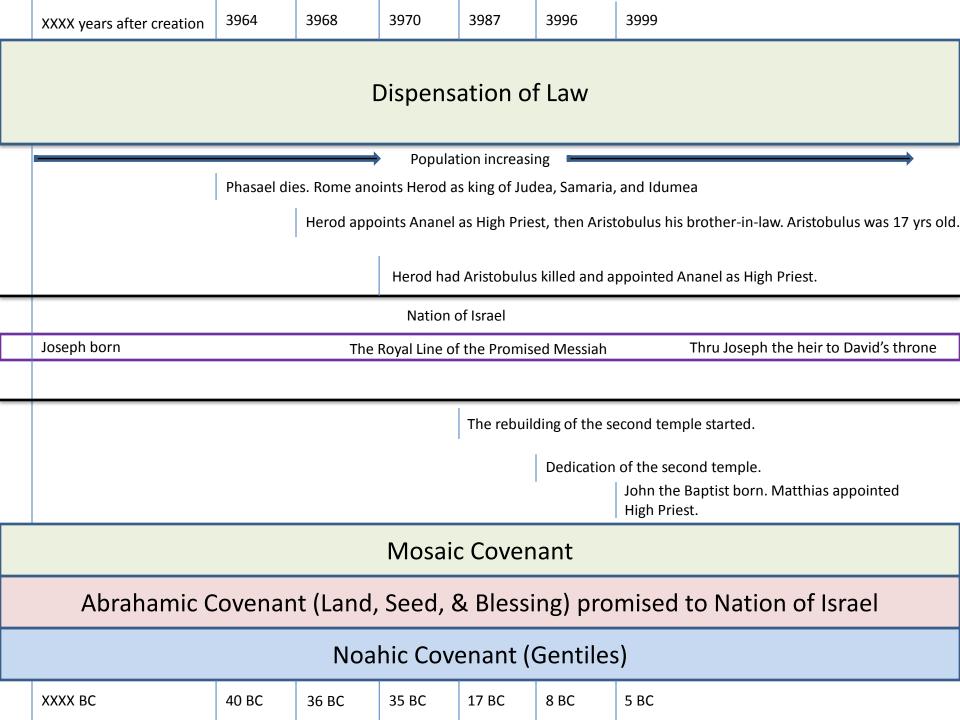


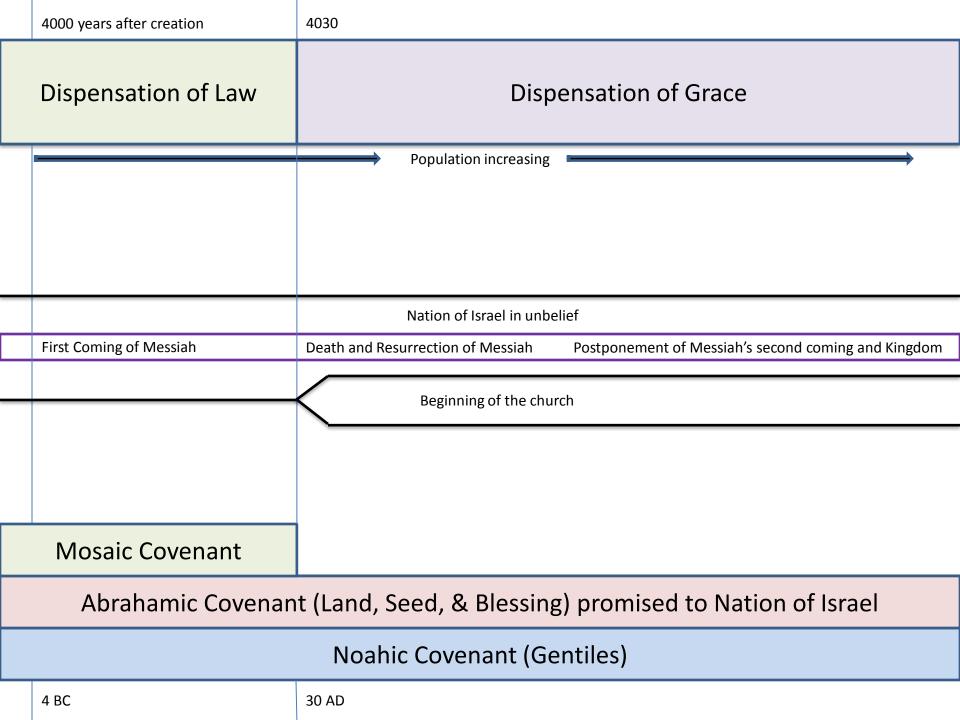






	XXXX years after creation	3935	3938	3941	3957	3961	3963				
Dispensation of Law											
	Alexandrea dies. Replaced by Hyrcanus II.										
	Aristobulus, Hyrcanus II's brother, takes kingdom and High Priest position.										
	Rome takes Jerusalem. Installed Hyrcanus II as non-crown king and High Priest										
	Nation of Israel										
	Jacob born The Royal Line of the Promised Messiah Thru Joseph the heir to David's throne										
	Antipater appointed governor of Judea. Son Phasael as governor of Jerusalem and Herod prefect of Galilee.										
	Antipater dies. Herod avenges his fathers death										
							Phasael & Herod appointed as Tetrarchs over Judea				
	Mosaic Covenant										
	Abrahamic Covenant (Land, Seed, & Blessing) promised to Nation of Israel										
	Noahic Covenant (Gentiles)										
	XXXX BC	70 BC	67 BC	64 BC	47 BC	43 BC	41 BC				





## Refining a Creation for Eternity The Fifth Economy

Life Under the Law

How to approach God – Israel

The Ark of the Covenant (Exodus 25:10–22)

Exodus 25:21-22 (NASB95)

"You shall put the mercy seat on top of the ark, and in the ark you shall put the testimony which I will give to you. "There I will meet with you; and from above the mercy seat, from between the two cherubim which are upon the ark of the testimony, I will speak to you about all that I will give you in commandment for the sons of Israel.

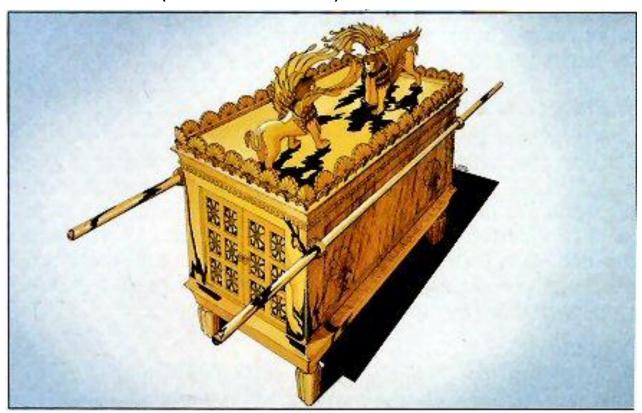
## Refining a Creation for Eternity

## The Fifth Economy

Life Under the Law

How to approach God – Israel

The Ark of the Covenant (Exodus 25:10–22)



Easley, K. H. (2002). Holman QuickSource guide to understanding the Bible (84). Nashville, TN: Holman Bible Publishers.

#### The Fifth Economy

Life Under the Law

How to approach God – Israel

The Ark of the Covenant (Exodus 25:10–22)

#### Construction

- Instructions (Ex. 25:10-22)
- Craftsmen: Bezalel and Oholiab (Ex. 31:1-7)
- Specifications: acacia wood overlaid with gold 4' x 2' x 2' (Ex. 37:1-9)
- Furnishing of Tabernacle (Ex. 39:35)
- Covered by shielding curtain (Ex. 40:21) and sea cow hides and blue cloth (Num. 4:4-6)

#### The Fifth Economy

Life Under the Law

How to approach God – Israel

The Ark of the Covenant (Exodus 25:10-22)

#### Pre monarchy Period

- Tablets of the Law inside (Deut. 10:5)
- And jar of Manna and Aaron's rod that budded according to Heb. 9:4; cf. Ex. 16:32-34; Num. 17:8-10
- Levites care for it (Deut. 10:8)
- Led Israel into Canaan (Josh. 3:10-11)
- Parting of the Jordan (Josh. 3:13-17)
- Battle of Jericho (Josh. 6:8-14)
- Residing at Bethel (Judg. 20:27)
- Residing at Shiloh (1 Sam. 1-3)
- Taken into the Battle of Ebenezer by Eli's sons (1 Sam. 4:1-5)

#### The Fifth Economy

Life Under the Law

How to approach God – Israel

The Ark of the Covenant (Exodus 25:10–22)

#### Ark in Exile

- Captured by the Philistines (1 Sam. 4:11)
- Placed in Philistine temple at the feet of Dagon (1 Sam. 5:2)
- Idol of Dagon humiliated (1 Sam. 5:3-5)
- Brought plagues on Philistines (1 Sam 5:6)
- Ark returned to Israel after 7 months (1 Sam. 6:1-12)
- Residents of Beth-Shemesh struck down for looking inside (1Sam. 6:19)
- Residing at Kiriath-jearim at the house of Abinidab 20 years (1 Sam. 6:19)
- Neglected during the reign of Saul (1 Chron. 13:3)

#### The Fifth Economy

Life Under the Law

How to approach God – Israel

The Ark of the Covenant (Exodus 25:10-22)

#### Monarchy in Jerusalem

- Brought from Kiriath-jearim (2 Sam. 6:2)
- Uzzah struck down for mishandling (2 Sam. 6:6-7)
- Residing at the home of Obed-Edom the Gittite 3 months (2 Sam. 6:10-11)
- Brought to Jerusalem (2 Sam. 6:12-17)
- Taken into battle at siege of Rabbah (2 Sam. 11:11)
- Initially brought with David into exile, but returned (2 Sam. 15:24-25)
- Brought into Solomon's Temple (1 Kings 8:3-8)
- Still in Jerusalem at end of 7th century BC (2 Chron. 35:3; Jer 3:16)

#### The Fifth Economy

Life Under the Law

How to approach God – Israel

The Ark of the Covenant (Exodus 25:10–22)

#### No Ark in the Second Temple

• The Ark of the Covenant disappeared off of the pages of history by the time of the Babylonian Captivity. Nothing in the Bible is said about the Ark in the Old Testament after the return from Babylon, but the Apocrypha states that the Ark could not be found when the Jewish people rebuilt the Temple at the time of Ezra and Zechariah. The explanation in the Apocrypha was that Jeremiah hid the Ark in a cave in Mt. Nebo before the Babylonian invasion, and that its location would not be revealed until God was ready for it to be found.

#### The Fifth Economy

Life Under the Law

How to approach God – Israel

The Ark of the Covenant (Exodus 25:10–22)

#### No Ark in the Second Temple (cont.)

• Thus, the Holy of Holies in the Second Temple was an empty chamber, without the Ark of the Covenant. When the Roman General Pompey conquered Jerusalem around 63 B.C., he demanded the privilege of entering the Holy of Holies. When he did, he came out saying that he could not understand what all the interest was about the sanctuary, when it was only an empty room.

#### The Fifth Economy

Life Under the Law

How to approach God – Israel

The Ark of the Covenant (Exodus 25:10–22)

#### No Ark in the Second Temple (cont.)

• The fact that the Ark of the Covenant was not used in the Second Temple has led to the speculation of where the Ark is, or if it still exists on the earth. The Ark was so important in Israel from the time of Moses through the Judges and the First Temple era, that it seems remarkable that nothing is said of it in the Bible after the Babylonian Captivity, until the Letter to the Hebrews and the Book of Revelation in the New Testament. In Hebrews it is described as it was in the original Tabernacle made by Moses; and in Revelation, the Ark is seen by John in heaven. In neither case is the Ark mentioned as something that remains on the earth now.

#### The Fifth Economy

Life Under the Law

How to approach God – Israel

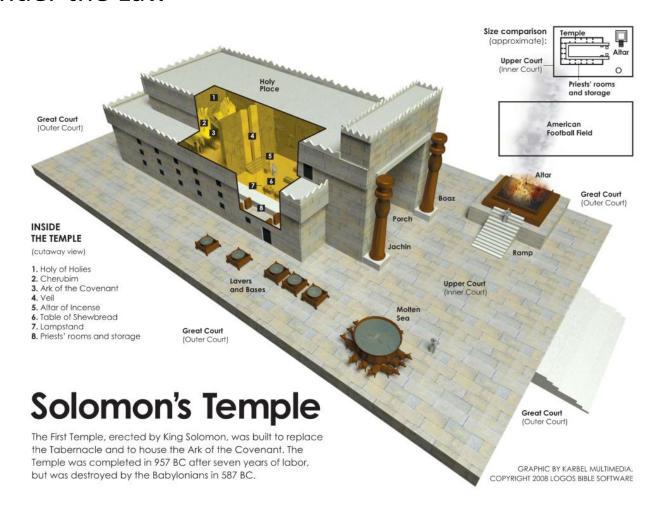
The Temple Solomon Built (1 Chronicles 28:1 – 29:9, 2 Chronicles 3-7)

#### 1 Chronicles 28:2-6

I had intended to build a permanent home for the ark of the covenant of the LORD and for the footstool of our God. So I had made preparations to build *it*. "But God said to me, 'You shall not build a house for My name because you are a man of war and have shed blood." "Yet, the LORD, the God of Israel, chose me from all the house of my father to be king over Israel forever..." Of all my sons...He has chosen my son Solomon to sit on the throne of the kingdom of the LORD over Israel. "He said to me, 'Your son Solomon is the one who shall build My house and My courts; for I have chosen him to be a son to Me, and I will be a father to him.

#### The Fifth Economy

Life Under the Law



#### The Fifth Economy

Life Under the Law

How to approach God – Israel

The Temple Solomon Built Destroyed

#### 2 Kings 25:8-9

Now on the seventh day of the fifth month, which was the nineteenth year of King Nebuchadnezzar, king of Babylon, Nebuzaradan the captain of the guard, a servant of the king of Babylon, came to Jerusalem. He burned the house of the LORD, the king's house, and all the houses of Jerusalem; even every great house he burned with fire.

#### 2 Chronicles 36:18-19

All the articles of the house of God, great and small, and the treasures of the house of the LORD, and the treasures of the king and of his officers, he brought them all to Babylon. Then they burned the house of God and broke down the wall of Jerusalem, and burned all its fortified buildings with fire and destroyed all its valuable articles.

### The Fifth Economy

Life Under the Law

How to approach God – Israel

The Temple Zerubbabel and Jeshua Built (expanded by Herod)

#### Ezra 1:1-3

Now in the first year of Cyrus king of Persia, in order to fulfill the word of the LORD by the mouth of Jeremiah, the LORD stirred up the spirit of Cyrus king of Persia, so that he sent a proclamation throughout all his kingdom, and also put it in writing, saying: "Thus says Cyrus king of Persia, 'The LORD, the God of heaven, has given me all the kingdoms of the earth and He has appointed me to build Him a house in Jerusalem, which is in Judah. 'Whoever there is among you of all His people, may his God be with him! Let him go up to Jerusalem which is in Judah and rebuild the house of the LORD, the God of Israel; He is the God who is in Jerusalem.

#### The Fifth Economy

Life Under the Law

How to approach God – Israel

Chronology of the Postexilic Period

Edict of Cyrus for the return
First return under Zerubbabel
The alter and the temple foundation built





Smerdis 522 BC

Darius I 521-486 BC

Haggai prophesied Zechariah prophesied

The temple completed

Xerxes 485-465 BC

Esther becam queen

Judah Esther became queen

Accusation against



Second return under Ezra

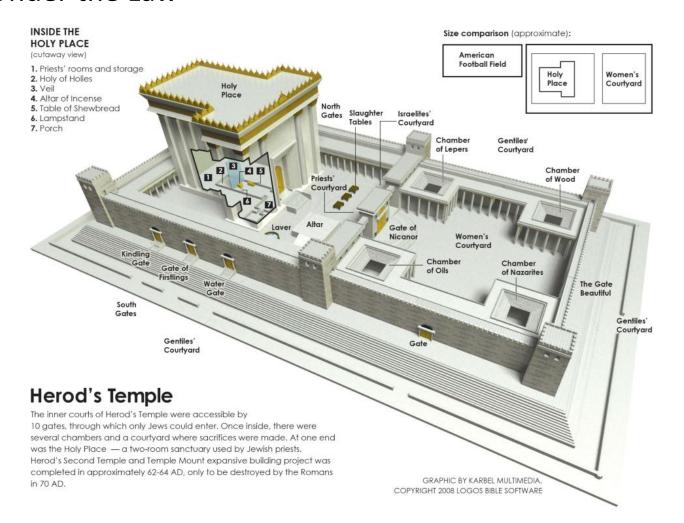
Third return under Nehemiah

Nehemiah's second return

Malachi prophesied

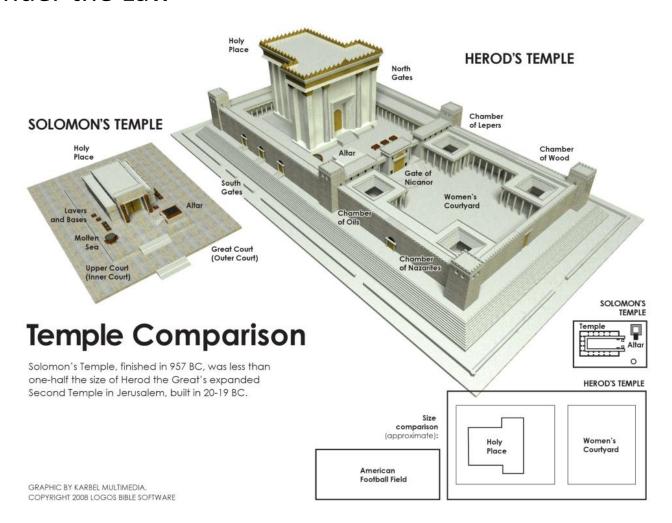
### The Fifth Economy

Life Under the Law



#### The Fifth Economy

Life Under the Law



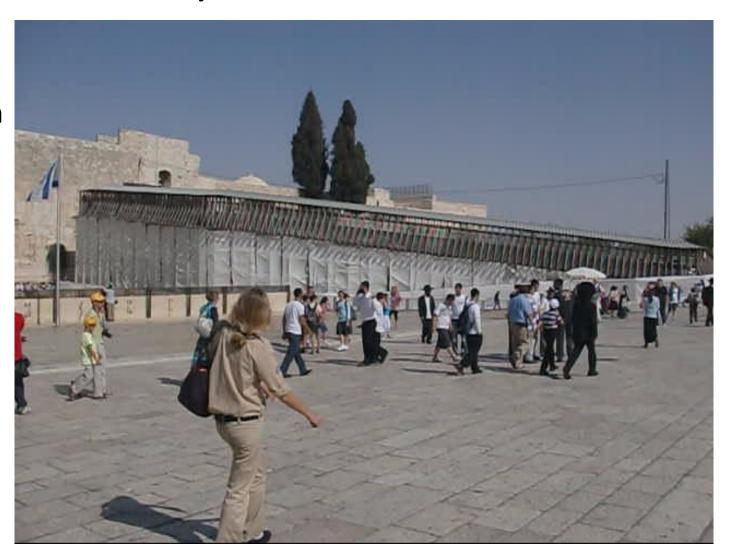
### The Fifth Economy

Modern
day picture
of the Temple
Mount



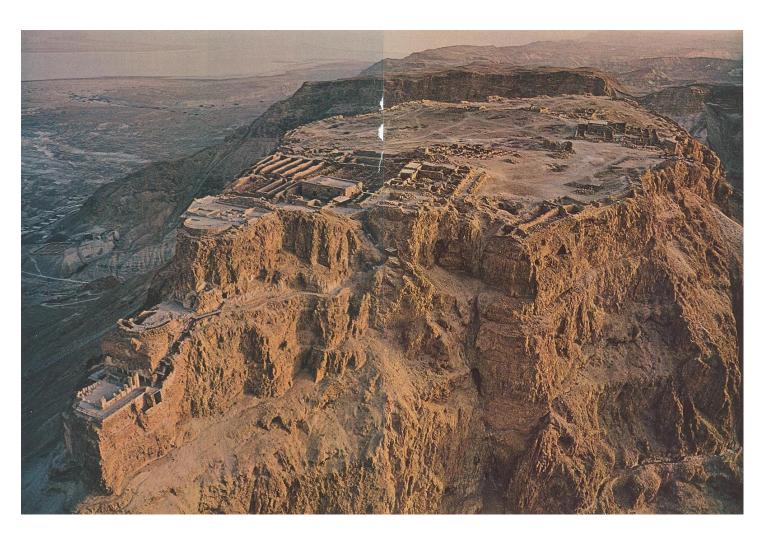
#### The Fifth Economy

Modern day picture of the Western Wall



### The Fifth Economy

Herod's building projects



The Fifth Economy

Herod's building projects



### The Fifth Economy

Herod's building projects



### The Fifth Economy

Herod's building projects



### The Fifth Economy

Herod's building projects



### The Fifth Economy

Herod's building projects



### The Fifth Economy

Herod's building projects



### The Fifth Economy

Herod's building projects



# Refining a Creation for Eternity The Fifth Economy

Life Under the Law

Motivation in life

"To answer briefly: it was faith in divine retribution, and that retribution in the strictest juristic sense. The prophetic idea of the covenant, which God had entered into with the chosen people, was apprehended in the purely juristic sense; the covenant was a legal one, by which both the contracting parties were mutually bound. The people to observe the law given them by God, exactly, accurately and conscientiously: while God was also bound in return to pay the promised recompense in proportion to their performances. And the obligation held good not only with respect to the nation as a whole, but to every individual; performance and recompense always stood in corresponding relations to each other. He who did much had to expect from God's justice the bestowal of much reward; while on the other hand every transgression entailed its corresponding punishment."

### The Fifth Economy

Life Under the Law

Motivation in life (cont.)

"All zeal for education and the family, the school and the synagogue aimed at making the whole people a people of the law. The common man too was to know what the law commanded, and not only to know, but to do it. His whole life was to be ruled according to the number of the law; obedience thereto was to become a fixed custom, and departure therefrom an inward impossibility. On the whole this object was to a great degree attained. Josephus declares: "even if we are deprived of wealth, of towns, and of other possessions, the law remains to us forever. And no Jew will be so far from his native land, nor so much fear a hostile ruler, as not to fear the law more than him." So faithfully did most of the Jews adhere to the law, that they willingly incurred even torture and death itself in consequence. "often already," says Josephus, "have many of the prisoners been seen to endure the rack and all kinds of death in theaters, for the sake of not uttering a word against the law and the other Holy Scriptures."