

Vaccine Schedule EXPLODING for U.S. Children

1960

5

Smallpox
DTP*
Polio

*Diphtheria, Tetanus, Pertussis (later - DTaP)
*Measles, Mumps, Rubella
*Tetanus, diphtheria

1983

24

DTP* (2 months)
OPV (2 months)
DTP* (4 months)
OPV (4 months)
DTP* (6 months)
MMR* (15 months)
DTP* (18 months)
OPV (18 months)
DTP* (4 years)
OPV (4 years)
Td* (15 years)

2020

Influenza (pregnancy)
DTaP (pregnancy)

Hep B (birth)
Hep B (2 months)
Rotavirus (2 months)
DTaP (2 months)
HIB (2 months)
PCV (2 months)
IPV (2 months)
Rotavirus (4 months)
DTaP (4 months)
HIB (4 months)
PCV (4 months)
IPV (4 months)
Hep B (6 months)
Rotavirus (6 months)
DTaP (6 months)
HIB (6 months)
PCV (6 months)
IPV (6 months)
Influenza (6 months)
Influenza (7 months)
HIB (12 months)
PCV (12 months)
MMR (12 months)
Varicella (12 months)
Hep A (12 months)
DTaP (18 months)

Influenza (18 months)
Hep A (18 months)
Influenza (30 months)
Influenza (42 months)
DTaP (4 years)
IPV (4 years)
MMR (4 years)
Varicella (4 years)
Influenza (5 years)
Influenza (6 years)
Influenza (7 years)
Influenza (8 years)
Influenza (9 years)
HPV (9 years)
Influenza (10 years)
HPV (10 years)
Influenza (11 years)
HPV (11 years)
DtaP (12 years)
Influenza (12 years)
Meningococcal (12 years)
Influenza (13 years)
Influenza (14 years)
Influenza (15 years)
Influenza (16 years)
Meningococcal (16 years)
Influenza (17 years)
Influenza (18 years)

1986

Following a 1986 law, the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program¹ was created – removing the right for victims of vaccine injury /death to sue manufacturers.
Vaccine manufacturers and providers who administer vaccines are shielded from liability for vaccine injuries and deaths.

And then this happened!

1983
Total Doses: 24

Injections: 7
(Polio = liquid)

2024
Total Doses: 74
(Including pregnancy: 78)
Total Injections: 55
(Rotavirus doses = liquid)

2024

72+

Tdap (pregnancy)
Influenza (pregnancy)
RSV (pregnancy)

Hep B (birth)
Hep B (2 months)
Rotavirus (2 months)
Diphtheria (2 months)
Tetanus (2 months)
Pertussis (2 months)
Haemophilus Influenzae Type B (HIB) (2 months)
Pneumococcal (PCV) (2 months)
Polio (2 months)
RSV (2 months)
Rotavirus (4 months)
Diphtheria (4 months)
Tetanus (4 months)
Pertussis (4 months)
HIB (4 months)
Polio (4 months)
Hep B (6 months)
Rotavirus (6 months)
Diphtheria (6 months)
Tetanus (6 months)
Pertussis (6 months)
HIB (6 months)
PCV (6 months)
Polio (6 months)
Influenza (6 months)
Influenza (7 months)
COVID 19 (6 months)
COVID 19 (7 months)
COVID 19 (8 months)
HIB (12-18 months)
PCV (12-18 months)
Measles (12 months)
Mumps (12 months)
Rubella (12 months)
RSV (12 months)
Varicella (12 months)
Hep A (12 months)
Diphtheria (12-18 months)
Tetanus (12-18 months)
Pertussis (12-18 months)
Influenza (18 months)
Hep A (18 months)

Influenza (3 yrs.)
Influenza (4 yrs.)
Diphtheria (4-6 yrs.)
Tetanus (4-6 yrs.)
Pertussis (4-6 yrs.)
Polio (4 yrs.)
Measles (4 yrs.)
Mumps (4 yrs.)
Rubella (4 yrs.)
Varicella (4 yrs.)
Influenza (5 yrs.)
Influenza (6 yrs.)
Influenza (7 yrs.)
Influenza (8 yrs.)
Influenza (9 yrs.)
Influenza (10 yrs.)
HPV (11 yrs.)
HPV (11 yrs.)
Influenza (11 yrs.)
Tetanus (7-18 yrs.)
Diphtheria (7-18 yrs.)
Pertussis (7-18 yrs.)
Influenza (12 yrs.)
Meningococcal (12yr)
Influenza (13 yrs.)
Influenza (14 yrs.)
Influenza (15 yrs.)
Influenza (16 yrs.)
Meningococcal (16 yrs.)
Influenza (17 yrs.)
Influenza (18 yrs.)
Covid-annually???

How many is too many? Who decides? The Government or You?

It Does NOT Stop with COVID 19.

There are currently an additional **400** vaccines/medicines for infectious diseases in development.



Scan to print additional copies, share, and learn about exemptions.

FREED^{WI}M: It's Worth Fighting For

The US gives 2-3x more vaccines to children than most developed countries, yet we have skyrocketing rates of childhood health issues that are NOT seen in other countries.

Issues like asthma, childhood diabetes, food allergies, childhood leukemia, developmental delays, tics, ADHD, autism, lupus, arthritis, eczema, epilepsy, Alzheimer's, brain damage, etc.

It is NOT a coincidence.

Since 1988, the U.S. Government has paid out over \$4.6 billion dollars to vaccine victims through the National Vaccine Compensation Program.³ This money does not come from the pharmaceutical companies who make the vaccines that cause these injuries and death. The program is funded by U.S. taxpayers, through a 75-cent tax levied on all administered vaccines.⁴

The CDC currently recommends that all children receive 56 doses of vaccines between the day of birth and age six and at least 72 doses of vaccines between the day of birth and age eighteen.⁵ This more than doubles the government childhood schedule of 34 doses of 11 different vaccines in the year 2000.⁶ While adding vaccine after vaccine and dose after dose, **the CDC has yet to do a single study on whether or not this ever-growing vaccine schedule is actually safe for our children.** There is no end in sight to the number of vaccines that could be added to the schedule, with over 400 vaccines/medicines for infectious diseases currently in the pipeline.⁷ The personal exemption protects us from any future vaccines which could potentially be added to the schedule.

Data from the **Wisconsin Department of Health** reports that vaccines do not always work and that vaccinated individuals can still get sick and even spread illness to others. Mumps outbreaks are occurring in highly vaccinated populations. Individuals vaccinated for pertussis can still spread the disease, even without symptoms.^{8 9 10 11}

While public health officials often use the argument that everyone should be vaccinated to protect those who cannot be, the reality is, according to the CDC, nearly all persons with chronic illness, including immunocompromised children, can receive vaccines. Few school children qualify for medical exemptions to vaccination.^{12 13} Wisconsin's own data reports on the failure of vaccines to work and immunocompromised school children are at risk for diseases from both vaccinated and unvaccinated schoolmates and are also at risk for developing diseases of which there are no vaccine.

The removal of the exemptions to vaccination in Wisconsin will not solve this problem.

¹ U.S. Code [42 USC CHAPTER 6A, SUBCHAPTER XIX, Part 2: National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program From Title 42—THE PUBLIC HEALTH AND WELFARE - CHAPTER 6A—PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE SUBCHAPTER XIX—VACCINES](#) (<https://tinyurl.com/y3w4mhn4>)

² Pharmaceutical Research and Manufacturers of America (PhRMA). [PhRMA Report Shows More than 400 Medicines and Vaccines in Development to Tackle Infectious Diseases, Including COVID-19](#) (prnewswire.com)2020

³ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. [National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program](#). National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program. January 2024

⁴ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. [About the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program](#). National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program. January 2024

⁵ CDC [Recommended Child and Adolescent Immunization Schedule for ages 18 years or younger, United States, 2023](#) January 9, 2024

⁶ CDC [Notice to Readers: Recommended Childhood Immunization Schedule - United States, 2000](#) MMWR Jan. 21, 2000; 49(02):35-38,47

⁷ Pharmaceutical Research and Manufacturers of America (PhRMA) [VACCINES: HARNESSING SCIENCE TO DRIVE INNOVATION FOR PATIENTS](#) 2020.

⁸ [Vaccine-Preventable Diseases Surveillance Summary Wisconsin, 2018](#) Wisconsin Dept. of Health - P-02321 (April 2019)

⁹ Fields VS, Safi H, Waters C et al. [Mumps in a highly vaccinated Marshallese community in Arkansas, USA: an outbreak report](#). *Lancet Infect Dis.* 2019 Feb;19(2):185-192

¹⁰ Peltola H, Kulkarni PS, Kapre SV et al. [Mumps outbreaks in Canada and the United States: time for new thinking on mumps vaccines](#). *Clin Infect Dis.* 2007 Aug 15;45(4):459-66

¹¹ CDC [Pertussis \(Whooping Cough\) - Pertussis Frequently Asked Questions](#) - Apr. 1, 2019

¹² Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. [Recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices \(ACIP\): Use of Vaccines and Immune Globulins in Persons with Altered Immunocompetence](#).

Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report Apr. 9, 1993.)

¹³ CDC [Contraindications and Precautions - General Best Practice Guidelines for Immunization: Best Practices Guidance of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices \(ACIP\)](#) Aug. 20, 2019 CDC.gov

