CANADA

Province of Québec District of Mont-Laurier La Macaza, Tuesday April 4th 2017

# CLAIM OF ROYAL RIGHTS

WHEREAS: Canada is founded on principles that recognize God's Supremacy and the Rule of Law. The Constitution is the supreme document of Canada.

WHEREAS: Canada is a Sovereign State, based on the Constitutional Monarchy, historically inherited from the Imperial Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Scotland, as well as the British Empire.

WHEREAS: Elisabeth II, alias of Elisabeth Mary Alexandra of Windsor, a.k.a. Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, as Queen of Canada, was decreed by an Act of the Parliament of Canada, pursuant to the Parliament Act, R. R. (1985) c. P-1, article 2. The article reads as follows: The devolution of the Crown does not have the effect of interrupting or dissolving the Parliament, which can continue to function as if there had been no devolution . SPECIAL NOTE: This law has no legal or lawful validity.

WHEREAS: Canada has graciously received its Constitution and its independence by Act of Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (U.K.) from the Parliament of the British Empire or the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Scotland, in the year of 1982.

WHEREAS: The Constitution of Canada is a set of documents included since the British North America Act of 1867, until 1982, known as the Constitution of Canada or officially as the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (U.K.). Also included in these documents are the Acts of the British Empire Parliament relating to good government, prior to or subsequent to the 1867 BNA Act. This includes, but is not limited to, the Bill of Right (1689), Act of Settlement (1701), and the *Magna Carta Libertatum* (1215).

WHEREAS: The Monarchy of Canada or Sovereign of Canada, as well as the Constitutional Monarchy of Canada, has not legally, lawfully or constitutionally designated an official successor, named or by hereditary inheritance of Royal Rights, Royal lineage of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Scotland.

WHEREAS: The Province of Quebec, having refused to sign the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (U.K.): such inaction is an offense against public order and good governance of the Nation of Canada. Such inaction had the effect of immediately dissolving any delegate, without limits, under the authority of the Sovereign of Canada.

WHEREAS: the act described above constitutes an offense against public order and the good government of Canada, in contradiction with the law, the law or the customs and customs in force in Canada.

WHEREAS: Good government requires that public policy be based on the Supreme Law of the Constitution of Canada, which renders inoperative any contrary provision.

WHEREAS: Treason, high treason, revolt, rebellion, or revolution against the Crown, or against the constitutional state of the law, are prohibited acts under criminal law in Canada and therefore punishable on conviction in summary proceedings.

WHEREAS: The Government of Canada, as well as Provinces or Territories under its authority, are founded, thus governed by free and informed consent, under the direction of the Royal Sovereign, according to the Constitution.

WHEREAS: The People of Canada as a whole, Superior in fact as well as in Law, is and remains the owner-beneficiary of the Sovereign of Canada, delegated in trust, through the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK) as Royal Sovereign of Canada or King of Canada, all constituting the Nation of Canada.

WHEREAS: The Royal Sovereign of Canada, or King of Canada is a public servant, and all federal, provincial or territorial delegates appointed by Him to ensure public order and good governance of Canada, are subject to the Constitution of Canada.

WHEREAS: Canada Act 1982, c. 11(UK) is currently invalid, pending signature, by lack of consent from the Province of Quebec. Only valid legal acts, still constitutional and legitimate, preceding this absence of consent, are lawful. By law, by custom, historical fact, or by popular tradition, no consent is required to validate the inalienable fact that Canada has legally been a Constitutional Monarchy since its creation or before. The Province of Quebec has not complied with the Canada Act 1982, c. 11(UK), as such is not legally a Province of Canada, is in illegal rebellion against the Canada Act 1982, c.11(UK).

WHEREAS: The Constitutional Conferences on Canada at Meech Lake and Charlottetown, subsequent to 1982, have failed to gain consent, by signature, free and voluntary, as required by the Constitution.

WHEREAS: The absence of a signature to the Constitution has the automatic and inevitable effect of invalidating the legality, legitimacy or constitutionality of the Royal Sovereign of Canada, or of the delegates appointed by Him to ensure public order and the good governence of Canada.

WHEREAS: to the extent possible, the *DEFACTO* offenders have been formally identified, so strongly implicated by the following: "Her Majesty the Queen charges and commands all persons being assembled immediately to disperse and peaceably to depart to their habitations or to their lawful business on the pain of being guilty of an offence for which, on conviction, they may be sentenced to imprisonment for life. GOD SAVE THE QUEEN." Ref: criminal code of Canada, section 67.

WHEREAS: The legal and legitimate command of public order and good government has been ignored by the *DEFACTO* offenders concerned.

WHEREAS: this Royal Right claim does not constitute a rebellion, a revolt or a revolution, nor an unlawful or criminal opposition. This Act does not constitute in any way the revocation of the Royal right to the rightful claimant. This act does not constitute an infringement on the previous Royal Person nor does it infringe on any act resulting from a prohibited or criminal act. The present claim of Royal

Right public act is presented with a view to redressing wrong, for public order and good governence.

## **PUBLIC NOTICE:**

Elizabeth II, previous Queen of Hereditary Rights or Legitimate Canada Sovereign, or any other person having Rights in the Order of Succession, has not expressed any desire, or wish, to resume the role of Royal Sovereign of Canada, entrusted by the People, after the official devolution (Act of Parliment, 1985), subsequent to the repatriation of the Constitution of the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK), to this day. This absence alone justifies the present claim of Royal Law. *DEJURE* political legitimacy reinforces the legal validity for DENIS FIRST in regard to the actual Royal claim of Rights, of the title and functions of King of Canada. The twenty (20) years of an acquired right in relation to the independence of Canada have passed, thus undoubtedly removing any right that would have been acquired by hereditary or past legitimacy.

For the reasons mentioned above, the Royal Sovereign of Canada or the legal, legitimate and constitutional government is *DEFACTO*, absent or illegal. Therefore: The Royal Sovereign of Canada, or the government and the title of King of Canada / Queen of Canada, or the Throne of Canada remain empty. The Great Seal of Canada remains legally unused to endorse the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK).

Repatriation or act by the Imperial Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Scotland, the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK), is and remains the last legal act committed in Canada to date, invalidating any subsequent action on behalf of the Royal Sovereign of Canada. The Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK), is awaiting official signature, to validate it, and the resulting acts, previous or subsequent.

The Government of Canada, currently *DE FACTO*, illegally in the name of the Sovereign, in the Parliament of Canada or any other building of the Provincial, Municipal, or Territorial Legislature, is not the public government of lawful, legal or constitutional jurisdiction within the meaning of the Act on Canada 1982, c. 11 (UK). As described above, constituting an unlawful *DE FACTO* act, is contrary to the lawful *DE JURE* government as described by the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK). Any member of this *DE FACTO* group is, therefore, in a conflict of interest, automatically unable to judge the nature and quality of *DE JURE* act, therefore unable to legally oppose the current claim of Royal Rights.

The acts of the *DE FACTO* government, or other organizations of similar private interest, having conspired, are not valid, in any form, in the totality. Said group having voluntarily (*mens reas*) ignored to inform (the people of Canada) since 1982 or earlier, about the current unlawful legal situation under the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK). In addition, having illegally devolved the Crown or the title of Royal Sovereign of Canada, as well as its own functions, for its own benefit or having accepted that prohibited acts, take place in facts. The whole said group actions or ignorance, constituting a large amount of criminal acts, prior or subsequent to Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK), as an organized group.

Any human being entitled can claim the Royal Rights for himself if he has a legal, legitimate and constitutional reason to do so, under his full and entire personal responsibility.

## **PUBLIC NOTICE OF ROYAL RIGHT CLAIM:**

To this cause, in order to ensure public order and good governance of Canada, according to the Constitution of Canada, within the meaning of the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK), the full Royal Right of the Royal Sovereign of Canada is legitimatly claimed through this act. All without legal, legitimate or constitutional opposition and a claim for the Title of KING OF CANADA, administered by and for the People of Canada, through the not-for-profit Society of the Royal Public Society of Canada (or SRPC-Later in the text), named DENIS PREMIER, human alias Denis Paiement. The said corporation is not currently an agency of the Government of Canada and not registered as a business.

The S.R.P.C. form the official, lawful and constitutional Government of Canada by consent and authorization of the People of Canada, under the Great Seal of Canada, by the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK). All other legal positions of the Government of Canada of lower rank are to be filled, according to the criteria of the functions in question, based on the needs of the people of Canada.

The lack of clarity, or valid law in Canada, of the provisions of the Royal Rights Claim automatically validates, by right in and of itself, the manner in which this Authentic Deed is made and the manner of applying the said claim of Royal Rights. The present deed will be noted also by Notarial Act and published in the office of the Advertising of the Rights, even if it is neither required nor necessary. There is no precedent for such a Royal Rights claim in Canada, so there is no agreed upon method.

Any human opposition to this Royal Rights claim must be submitted in writing in the form of ordinary mail sent to the address of the person concerned within ten(10) consecutive calendar days, thus explaining in detail the legal, legitimate or constitutional reasons for such opposition. As well, as justifying these reasons, which will be studied for debate. Anyone legally entitled, by inheritance, order of succession, Divine Rights of Kingship, political legitimacy or by the right of conquest may also oppose the present in the same manner. Otherwise, it will be found, without further formality, that the present constitutes an Authentic, Legal, Legitimate and Constitutional Act. No approval of the *DE FACTO* government is necessary that the present Authentic Act be deemed true. Ignorance of this claim alone is not sufficient reason for opposition. The opposition of a corporation, enterprise or corporation of private interests in various forms or other commercial organizations is not admissible, in any form or for any reason, since it does not represent the People of Canada. Any opposition presented by any of these parties, whether admitted or hidden, will be ignored in its entirety or considered guilty of High Treason, also conspiracy for High Treason.

In the event that no real opposition, from the People of Canada or from the Legal and Constitutional Rightful Claimant, is received within the ten (10) consecutive calendar days following the signature; it will be admitted that DENIS PREMIER, a.k.a. Denis Paiement, will be officially, legally, legitimately and constitutionally King of Canada, replacing the current void, which will officially enter as the legal government of Canada on July 1 of the year of Grace two-thousand-seventeen.

## PUBLIC NOTICE OF CLAIM OF RIGHT TO REIGN:

DENIS PREMIER is a legal fiction, in the form of sole corporation named Royal Public Corporation of Canada (or SRPC later in the text) which is unregistered, created and administered solely by Denis Paiement on behalf of the Sovereign of Canada, for the administration of the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK).

The SRPC, acting on behalf of the Sovereign, for the Crown of Canada, having DENIS PREMIER, a.k.a. Denis Paiement, as King of Canada is valid for two (2) consecutive calendar years from the date known as the 1st of July of the year of Grace 2017. At this date the SRPC will be recognized as the sole legal entity in Canada, as a legal *DE JURE* government to assist or correct all other parts of the *DE FACTO* government to comply with the lawful, legal and constitutional rule of law under the Canada Act 1982, ch. 11 (UK), or dissolve these in the impossibility of conformity as a contrary provision.

A simple procedure, by decision of the SRPC, will be put in place in order to proceed to the abdication of the right to reign, as well as for the subsequent inheritance of the responsibilities or functions of the Sovereign of Canada, as well as for the title of King of the Canada.

The date of the beginning of the claim of the Right to Reign is the first day of July of the year of Grace 2017, which will automatically expire at the deadline of two (2) consecutive years, on the first day of July of the year of Grace 2019, according to the conditions subsequent to the present claim of the Right to Reign, established by the SRPC alone. At that date, the Sovereign of Canada will be offered, as well as everything related to the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK), to the next rightful holder.

Any human opposition to this claim to the Right to Reign must be submitted in writing in the form of ordinary mail sent to the address of the person concerned within ten(10) consecutive calendar days, thus explaining in detail the legal, legitimate or constitutional reasons of opposition as well as justifying these reasons, which will be studied for debate. Anyone legally entitled, by inheritance, order of succession, Divine Rights of Kingship, political legitimacy or by the right of conquest may also oppose the present in the same manner. Otherwise, it will be found, without further formality, that the present constitutes an Authentic, Legal, Legitimate and Constitutional Act. No approval of the *DE FACTO* government, is necessary that the present Authentic Act be deemed true. Ignorance of this claim alone is not sufficient reason for opposition. The opposition of a corporation, enterprise or corporation of private interests in various forms or other commercial organizations are not admissible, in any form or for any reason, since it does not represent the People of Canada. Any opposition presented by any of these parties, whether admitted or hidden, will be ignored in its entirety or considered guilty of High Treason, also conspiracy for High Treason.

In the event that no real opposition, from the People of Canada or from the Legal and Constitutional Rightful Claimant, is received within the ten (10) consecutive calendar days following the signature; it will be admitted that DENIS PREMIER, a.k.a. Denis Paiement, will officially, legally, legitimately and constitutionally be King of Canada, replacing the current void, which will officially enter as the legal government of Canada on July 1 of the year of Grace two-thousand-seventeen.

#### **ROYAL CLAIM DECLARATION:**

And I have, legally, constitutionally claimed, in the presence of witnesses, for DENIS FIRST the Royal Rights, including the title of King of Canada, full and complete under Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK).

I swear that I reside geographically and historically, such as my ancestors, at a place called Canada, that I am of the People, having legally, in the sense of valid law, never been convicted of an indictable offense, for which I would not have been absolved.

I swear that all that is represented by the present claim does not constitute normality, it is made by extraordinary recourse, as a matter of urgency, in assistance to person in danger, under the law of the good Samaritan act in order to defend the People and the nation of Canada, through the application of the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK). I swear I have no personal interest in doing so, that I act in good faith in order to redress wrong doing.

I swear the truth of all the facts alleged to the best of my knowledge in order to justify this claim. I swear allegiance to the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (R.U.). I signed freely and voluntarily, by Denis Paiement.

On this fourth day of April in the year of Grace two thousand seventeen, in the Town Hall of the Municipality of La Macaza, Canada.

### DECLARATION OF CLAIM OF RIGHT TO REIGN:

And I have lawfully, constitutionally claimed, in the presence of witnesses, for DENIS FIRST the Right to Reign, including the title of King of Canada, full and complete under Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK).

I swear that I reside geographically and historically, such as my ancestors, at a place called Canada, that I am of the People, having legally, in the sense of valid law, never been convicted of an indictable offense for which I would not have been absolved.

I swear that all that is represented by the present claim does not constitute normality, is made by extraordinary recourse, as a matter of urgency, in assistance to person in danger, under the law of the good Samaritan act in order to defend the People and the nation of Canada, through the application of the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK). I swear I have no personal interest in doing so, that I act in good faith in order to redress wrong doing.

I swear the veracity of all the facts alleged to the best of my knowledge in order to justify this claim. I swear allegiance to the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK). I signed freely and voluntarily, by Denis Paiement.

On this fourth day of April in the year of Grace two thousand seventeen, in the Town Hall of the Municipality of La Macaza, Canada.

## PUBLIC NOTICES OF PROCLAMATION OF ROYAL ORDERS:

BY EXTRAORDINARY REMEDY, UNDER MEASURE OF EMERGENCY, IN ASSISTANCE TO PERSON IN DANGER, UNDER THE LAW OF GOOD SAMARITAN.

To Whom It May Apply: For Immediate Release, Valid on July 1, 2017:

BY ROYAL ORDER: For Public Order and Good Governance: By Lawful Order, DENIS FIRST: Sovereign of Canada, on behalf of the People of Canada, King of Canada declares and orders as follows: Universal Declaration of Peace for Canada, to anyone, with immediate effect on the date mentioned above. The status of Universal Peace has the immediate and irrevocable effect of putting an end to any war or similar act in which Canada is involved, legally or otherwise. Any war or act of war committed by the subsequent Canada is illegal, punishable on conviction. This does not have the effect of prohibiting Canada's self-defense, in case of aggression or disturbance of public order or good government, following this declaration.

BY ROYAL ORDER: for public order and good government: DENIS PREMIER, King of Canada declares: the People of Canada, composed of living humans, with free will and powers of self-government, superior in fact and in law.

BY ROYAL ORDER: for public order and good government: the Constitutional Monarchy of Canada is legally established, according to the law, according to the historical truth, by authentic public deed of DENIS PREMIER, King of Canada as provided by the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK).

BY ROYAL ORDER: For Public Order and Good Government: The lawful, legitimate and constitutional Government of Canada, as defined in the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK). thus entrusted to the S.R.P.C. and to the Sovereign of Canada, DENIS PREMIER, King of Canada.

BY ROYAL ORDER: for public order and good governance: by this legal order DENIS PREMIER, King of Canada declares: that any public servant, under the jurisdiction of the Parliament of Canada, regardless of rank or position, is legally ordered to comply fully and immediately with the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK) or to resign from office in the name of the illegal, illegitimate and unconstitutional *DE FACTO* government.

BY ROYAL ORDER: For Public Order and Good Governance: The Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK) constitutes the Supreme Law of Canada and renders inoperative any contrary provision. The Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK) belongs to the people, not to the Parliament of Canada or the provincial legislatures, it is in it that the people of Canada will find protection.

BY ROYAL ORDER: For Public Order and Good Governance: DENIS FIRST, Sovereign of Canada, King of Canada is bound by the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK), as well as all his delegates, serving the People of Canada as trustee for the Royal Public Corporation of Canada (SRPC).

BY ROYAL ORDER: for the public order and the good government: *ad interim*, all the jobs will be maintained, or any other *DE FACTO* occupations of the current illegal structure, representing the Government of Canada, until the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK) is recognized as true and applied as indicated in the act. This, for the maintenance of social peace, public order and good government. Any

public servant who conspires against or who contravenes this order in any way whatsoever shall be declared guilty of High Treason.

BY ROYAL ORDER: for public order and good government: any derogation by a public servant to these Royal Orders or to the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK), on conviction will be considered High Treason.

BY ROYAL ORDER: for public order and good government: the following are immediately reinstated, according to the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK), or before, the King's Bench and the People's Grand Jury according to the tradition or custom of the People of Canada. Both instances are superior in fact and in law, above any other state court, directly under the authority and jurisdiction of the Sovereign of Canada. DENIS FIRST; King of Canada, responsible for the restoration, by Him or His delegates of this important legal measure of protection essential for the People of Canada against tyranny. This, through the full responsibility of the Department of Justice Canada, as soon as possible after compliance with the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK). The formation of both of these tribunals, currently non-existent, is under the sole discretion of the decision of the S.R.P.C.. The King of Canada, Sovereign of Canada, as trustee, is subject to the decision of the King's Bench or Grand Jury, which can not refuse to hear a legitimate cause of claim against the State, after all other remedies have been exhausted, by a free human of the People of Canada. The conditions for recovery of such tribunals remains to be established in practice, which will subsequently be communicated.

BY ROYAL ORDER: for public order and good government: DENIS PREMIER, King of Canada proclaims that the Government of Canada as a whole, does not have authority or jurisdiction over the People of Canada, can not issue order to do so, except in the case of breaking peace, in order to protect the people or other resources (including property) against various disturbances contrary to public order; which includes revolt, revolution, rebellion, as well as for any act covered by the duty of the Government of Canada. The duties, responsibilities and strict supervision of the legal government as described or limited by the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK).

BY ROYAL ORDER: For Public Order and Good Governance: The Devolution of the Crown made by the Parliament Act, R.C. (1985) c. P-1 is invalid, has no effect on current Royal Orders as well as any similar act. Any other act, on behalf of the Sovereign of Canada, according to this law or any other text relating to the *DE FACTO* government, is otherwise invalid.

BY ROYAL ORDER: for public order and good government: all past laws, acts or decisions of the *DE FACTO* government are maintained *ad interim* for evaluation, until legally valid under the Canada Act 1982, ch. 11 (UK).

BY ROYAL ORDER: for public order and good government: all current laws, acts or decisions of the *DE FACTO* government, under the authority of the Parliament of Canada without distinction as to rank or function, are no longer authorized in any manner, up to the validity of elections can be legally ensured, according to the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK). Also, the functions of the *DE FACTO* government are temporarily maintained *ad interim* for evaluation, until the validity of the election is legally assured, according to the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK).

BY ROYAL ORDER: For Public Order and Good Governance: Through the legal absence of the Government of Canada, the SRPC, an unregistered public corporation, will act temporarily as the

governing body of Canada, Sovereign of Canada, to establish in the simplest way possible the true government elected by the people of Canada, according to the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK). The members of the S.R.P.C. are volunteers, free, voluntary or otherwise, working in the name of public order and for the good government of Canada, directly under the authority and jurisdiction of the Sovereign of Canada, by DENIS PREMIER, King of Canada, as the Federal equivalents, subject to the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK) such as any other public servant.

BY ROYAL ORDER: for public order and good government: by this legal order, DENIS PREMIER, King of Canada or his delegates of the legal liability government of Canada, through the SRPC, is responsible for enforcing the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK). In this way, encourage the establishment or revocation, if necessary, of any contrary provision, contravening the law. This Order also applies to any public servant of the Government or Parliament of Canada, subject to the administration, authority and jurisdiction of the SRPC.

BY ROYAL ORDER: for public order and good governance: the SRPC will have a limited life of two (2) years following the signing of the Claim of Royal Rights, commencing on the date indicated in the Claim of Royal Rights. During this period, the SRPC undertakes to enforce the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK). After this period, the SRPC will automatically cease to exist, which includes the Right to Reign and Royal Claim of Rights for DENIS PREMIER, Sovereign of Canada, as King of Canada, who will automatically abdicate, without other forms. The above includes the claim of Royal Rights, the Right to Reign, the management of the Crown through the SRPC, the Throne or any other role serving Canada or the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK), which will be passed to the next owner. Such measure will be put in place at a later date. All members of the SRPC are personally liable for their own acts, protected under extraordinary recourse, as a matter of urgency, in assistance to person in danger, by the Law of the Good Samaritan act. The SRPC is an unregistered public corporation, created by Denis Paiement for DENIS PREMIER, on behalf of the Sovereign of Canada, servant of the People of Canada pursuant to the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK).

BY ROYAL ORDER: For Public Order and Good Government: DENIS PREMIER, King of Canada, declares: rebellion, revolt or other form of conspiracy against the People of Canada, or the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK) will not be tolerated.

BY ROYAL ORDER: for public order and good government: by this legal order: DENIS PREMIER, King of Canada, orders: to the armed forces, militia, naval or air forces, peace officers, police officers or other executive agents with power of violence, of any rank or function without distinction, in the service of the current *DE FACTO* government, moreover illegal, not to disturb the peace, not to violate the public order or the good government, not to interfere with the proper conduct of justice and to protect the People of Canada under the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK), as well as to protect DENIS PREMIER, King of Canada, Sovereign of Canada Legitimate, Legal and Constitutional.

BY ROYAL ORDER: for public order and good government: by this legal order: DENIS PREMIER, King of Canada, orders: to the various magistrates of the Departments or Divisions of the Department of Justice of Canada, or under the authority of the Attorney General of Canada, of any rank or function without distinction, in the service of the current *DE FACTO* government, moreover illegal, not to disturb the peace, not to violate the public order or the good government, not to interfere in the good progress of justice as well as to protect the People of Canada according to the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK), as well as to protect DENIS PREMIER, King of Canada, Sovereign of Canada Legitimate, Legal

and Constitutional.

BY ROYAL ORDER: for public order and good government: by this legal order: DENIS PREMIER, King of Canada, orders: to the different *DE FACTO* provincial legislatures or to the Parliament of Canada, under the authority of the Canada Act 1982, . 11 (UK), of any rank or function without distinction, in the service of the current *DE FACTO* government, moreover illegal, not to disturb the peace, not to violate public order or good government, not to interfere in the proper course of justice and protect the People of Canada according to the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK), as well as to protect DENIS PREMIER, King of Canada, Sovereign of Canada Legitimate, Legal and Constitutional.

BY ROYAL ORDER: for the public order and the good government: by this legal order: DENIS PREMIER, King of Canada, orders: to the various companies, corporations or any other form of society of private interests, under authority of the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK), of any rank or function without distinction, having licensed or incorporated by the current *DE FACTO* government, moreover illegal, not to disturb the peace, not to violate public order or good government, not to interfere with the proper conduct of justice and Protect the people of Canada under the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK), as well as to protect DENIS PREMIER, King of Canada, Sovereign of Canada Legitimate, Legal and Constitutional.

BY ROYAL ORDER: for public order and good government: DENIS PREMIER, King of Canada declares: to have no responsibility, in any way, for the actions of the *DE FACTO* government, which is illegal: for the present, past or future.

BY ROYAL ORDER: for public order and good government: by authority of DENIS PREMIER, King of Canada declares: the DE FACTO or DE JURE government of Canada, regardless of function or rank, under the authority of the Parliament of Canada, is responsible only for any monetary commitment, or other limitless commitment, related to public order and good governance of Canada, as in the Canada Act 1982, c. 11 (UK).

BY ROYAL ORDER: for public order and good government: by authority of DENIS PREMIER, King of Canada declares: all the previous orders apply, for the duration of two consecutive years, valid on the day indicated above, for the King of Canada or His legal, legitimate and constitutional delegates or for violators of public order or good government.

#### DECLARATION OF GOOD FAITH:

I, Denis Paiement, declare under honor and in good faith the following: I claim the Royal Right as well as the Right to Reign after my private rightful claim, respecting the law (LATMP) against the state in general, the CNESST in particular.

This private company, the CSST, then CNESST, has failed to uphold their responsabilities toward me, for more than fifteen years, while their crimes against the state of Canada and the People who compose it, continue to this day, as illegally endorsed by the national state of Quebec, unlawful and unconstitutional.

It was after the Grand Jury's investigation, entrusted by the People in 2015, that I discovered that Quebec is no longer a legal part of Canada, which is a coup d'etat made by a particular group. It is criminal and illegal, like the entire *DE FACTO* government and its servants, who are accomplices to varying degrees.

I have nothing to do with these people, I am not responsible for their actions at any level. My claim of Royal Rights does not include that I would someday, in any way, be liable for their actions and that within the framework of the Government, under the Constitution of Canada, at the time I take such responsibilities, including to correct the situation.

My private claim is related to my claim for Royal Rights, since the latter derives from this first. On the other hand; none of my private interests conflict with my claim to Royal Rights, nor do I have any connection whatsoever other than one inheriting its legitimacy from the other. My private interests can not be jeopardized or put in responsibility according with the claim of Royal Rights.

The government and the country belong to the People, I am a member of the People. I have noticed that the government is not at all legal, and therefore in rebellion. I did not wish to be King of Canada, I readily admit that I have no experience in this work and that this situation is truly extraordinary, and abnormal. That is why I would do my best, that I promise nothing to anyone, and that it is in the general interest of acting, since the government is illegal, it needs someone.

If anyone, human, before I claimed it, the Crown was free for more than 40 years, and especially if those who are already in place, wanted to do the right things, I would instead take care of my own private business and not of the Public matters. The country of Canada needs its People, and I call on them to help me put the legal government in place, or live with the illegal *DE FACTO* government.

Denis Paiement