## THIRTEEN ASSERTIONS ABOUT CHRIST IN COLOSSIANS 1:15-20

## Constable's Notes https://planobiblechapel.org/constable-notes/

- 1. He is the image of the invisible God (v. 15).
  - The word "image" (eikon) suggests the idea of representation and manifestation.
  - Jesus is essentially and absolutely the perfect expression and representation of God the Father.
  - He is the visible representation and manifestation of God to created beings.
- 2. He is the first-born over all creation (v. 15).
  - The word "first-born" (prototokos) comes from two words.
    - One is the word (protos) which means first.
    - O The second word (tikto) means to beget.
  - The word is used of Christ in his relationship to the Father.
    - o It expresses his priority to, and preeminence over, creation.
  - This word does not suggest the first to be born.
  - Jesus was before all creation, and he produced creation.
    - o It suggests superiority of position.
- 3. He is the originator of creation (v. 16).
  - By "all things" Paul really means all things. There is not anything made that He did not make.
- 4. He is the agent of creation (v. 16).
  - All creation owes its origin to the Son of God.
  - He was not simply instrumental in the creation; He was the cause for creation.
- 5. He is the goal of creation (v. 16).
  - All things were created for Him and His glory.
- 6. He is the antecedent (originator) of creation (v. 17).
  - All things visible and invisible originate from the Father, through the Son, and by the Holy Spirit.
  - The word "before" (progonos) is a word which means forefather.
  - Jesus is the parent of this world.

- 7. He is the sustainer of creation (v. 17).
  - The word "consist" or "hold together" (*sunistemi*) mean to set one person or thing with another.
  - The word "consist" or the words "hold together" come from two words.
    - o The first is the word (sun) means "with." It means to set together.
    - o The second word, (histemi) means to stand.
  - Jesus causes all things to stand with one another.
  - This means that he is the sovereign ruler of everything.
- 8. He is the head of the church (v. 18).
  - We see here that both the Church and the universe are under one divine administration.
  - He who is King of kings and Lord of lords King of the earth and all creation is the Head of the true Church.
- 9. He is the first-born from the dead (v. 18).
  - This is the same word (prototokos) as is used in V15.
  - This word does not suggest the first to be raised from the dead.
  - He has the original prototype eternal body we will also have someday.
- 10. He is the preeminent One (v. 18).
  - He is to have first place in everything.
- 11. He is the fullness of God (v. 19).
  - The entire fullness of divine power and authority—all the attributes of God—are in Christ.
- 12. He is the reconciler of all things to Himself (v. 20).
  - Christ has called back what was once alienated into union and friendship.
  - He has restored to friendship or favor after hostility.
  - Through Christ's atoning work on the cross, He has reconciled all things.
- 13. He is the maker of peace (v. 20).
  - Through the violent action of the cross, Jesus has built a means of peace between God and man.