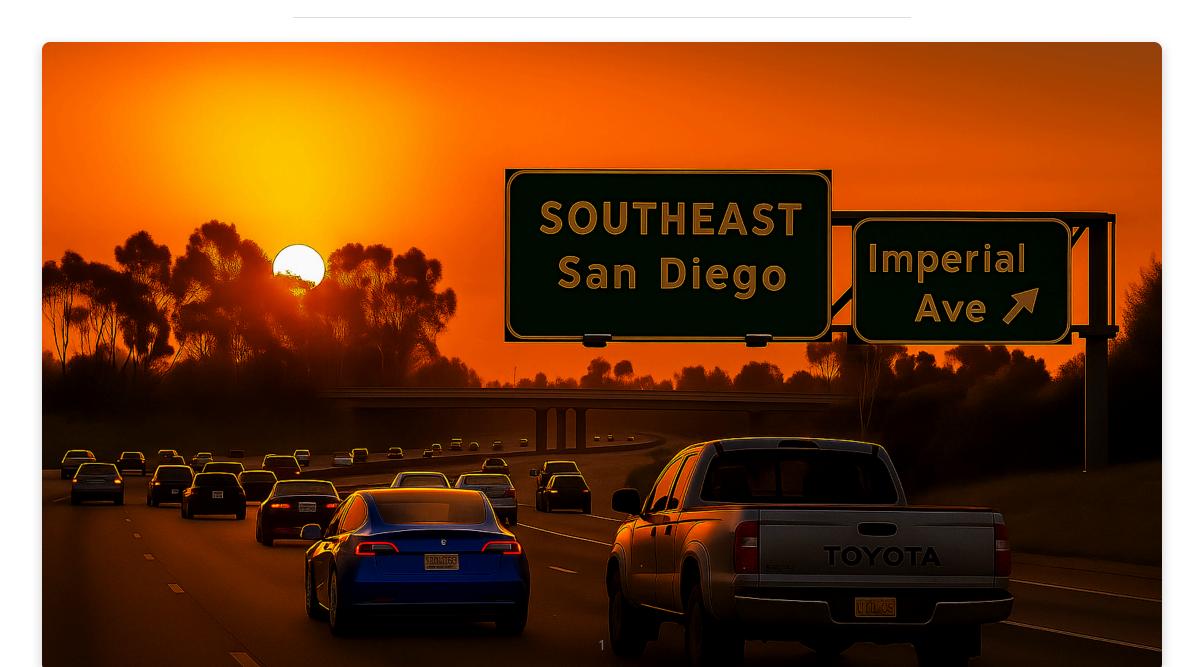
## Hold The Hill: A Vision for Equity



#### From Vision to Park: The Flow of Action

#### **Build the Core Team**

Assemble a committed group with broad competencies — organizing, outreach, design, finance, legal.

#### Ignite Public Enthusiasm

Simultaneously inform and inspire residents citywide — especially in D4 — to believe in the project's doability despite City obstacles.

#### From Vision to Park: The Flow of Action (continued)

#### Secure Institutional Partner

Partner with an institution with gravitas (too early to telegraph who that might be) to draft a credible skeletal proposal with cost stages and projections. Adds the needed credibility to get meetings and investment in initial review by donors.

#### **Attract Sponsors & Funders**

Use the credible proposal and visible support to gain backing — public, private, philanthropic, or developer.

#### **Build the Park!**

Transform the Hill into a symbol of equity, beauty, and opportunity for all of San Diego.

"Deep public support makes it advantageous for officials and funders to align with the project — and reassures them that no hidden backlash (as seen with Footnote 7) lies ahead."

## Why We Don't Rely on Mass Social Media Campaigns

#### Mass Social Media

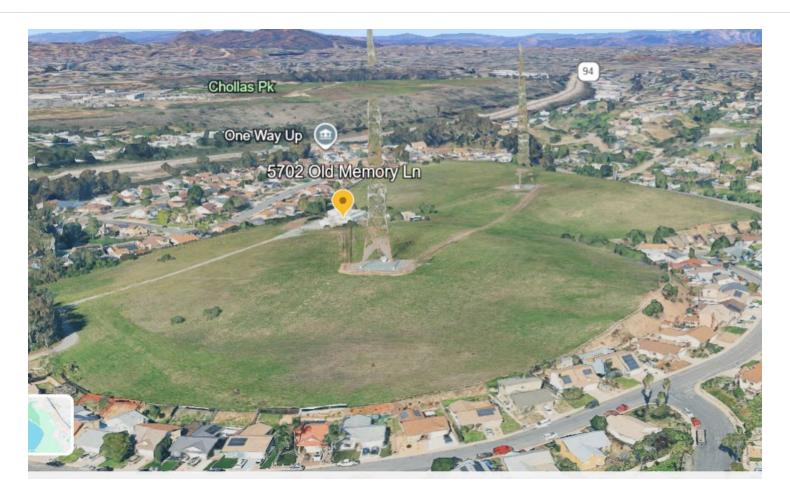
- Public, easily infiltrated by coordinated misinformation or comment manipulation.
- Algorithmic suppression of local visibility.
- Distracts energy toward defending narratives.
- Vulnerable to perception "warfare" from organized opponents.

#### ☐ Direct, Layered Communication

- Trust-based: friends, neighbors, co-workers, faith groups.
- Builds resilient networks that multiply like MLM growth — each supporter reaches a few more trusted people.
- Creates authentic belief and sustained local ownership.
- Resistant to digital interference or reputation attacks.

"Our message travels slower at first — but deeper, stronger, and safer."

### Hold The Hill: A World-Class Park in Southeast San Diego



A vision for equity, health, and shared prosperity

## Legal and Strategic Path Forward

- The CVCPG lawsuit challenging projects based on Footnote 7 complements the Hold The Hill initiative.
- The Hold The Hill initiative aims to not only to stop a flawed process but to offer a better alternative for the Radio Towers Hill (Old Memory Lane) Project one that the developer may ultimately find is a better business decision than building 123 homes on that hill.
- Even if the lawsuit does not result in a favorable ruling, the lawsuit will buy us time to develop a
  "better offer" for the developer to either sell the land to the Hold The Hill Collaborative or
  become a stakeholder in the park development and perhaps new homes in the area similar to
  the Civita project in Mission Valley.
- Hope comes from the Midway District ruling, where the court found the City failed to perform a
  new Environmental Impact Report instead of reusing the one done in the last Community Plan
  Update the same core issue in the CVCPG case.

## The Old/ "Prescribed" Way Hasn't Worked

- For fifty years, community members have participated in plans, hearings, and task forces for equitable parks and development and submitted our infrastructure priorities on whatever schedule was requested. Our Park & Rec boards have been faithful yet the impact has been little to none.
- Promised parks and infrastructure have been repeatedly deferred while higher-income areas advanced.
- Processes only change when there is strong, coordinated political demand.
- The pressure for that change is being seen now. But we must keep that pressure up and build on it, because we have seen these kinds of promises before made when pressure mounted and they led nowhere unless the pressure remained sustained. Think Chicano Park, the cancellation of a freeway cutting through Southcrest and even the stoppage of a safe parking location for the unhoused at Malcolm X Library.
- Evidence of this new pressure can already be seen in:
  - Revisions to the City's Capital Improvement Program (CIP) process, and
  - The City's Park and Recreation Needs Assessment, which begins in Districts 4, 8, and 9.

## S.D. has plan for expediting projects

San Diego Union-Tribune — October 16, 2025

San Diego Union-Tribune, The (CA) - October 16, 2025 - page 15 October 16, 2025 | San Diego Union-Tribune, The (CA) | San Diego, California | Page 15

## S.D. has plan for expediting projects

Method would allow contractors to design infrastructure jobs

By David Garrick UNION-TRIBUNE

SAN DIEGO — The city is stepping up its efforts to tackle billions in overdue infrastructure projects by shifting to a model where contractors help design projects, instead of just building ones already designed by city engineers.

Officials expect the new model, which the City Council approved last week, to reduce cost overruns,

improve quality, boost transparency and help the city tackle its massive infrastructure backlog more quickly.

"These changes aim to help the city meet growing infrastructure needs by streamlining the capital improvement program, enhancing public works contracts and encouraging innovation," said city engineer Rania Amen. "This diversified approach will enable the city to better manage costs, schedules, risks and quality."

San Diego officials say the new method will be used for large and complex upcoming projects like the Hodges Dam replacement, convention center expansion and new drainage channels in parts of southeastern San Diego that flooded in January 2024.

They say early collaboration between a contractor and city officials boosts understanding of project goals and agreement on them, making projects easier to build and allowing innovations that improve quality.

San Diego faces nearly \$12 billion in infrastructure projects over the next five years, and the city expects to have only about \$5.5 billion to spend on infrastructure during that time.

That leaves a \$6.5 billion gap,

which is the largest ever. And the gap has more than tripled since early 2020, when city officials estimated it at \$2.16 billion.

Officials say the new method could help them more quickly replace the city's daunting amount of aging infrastructure — a result of so much of it having been built during the city's population boom of the 1950s, 1960s and 1970s.

Because contractors will be chosen based on qualifications instead of submitting the lowest bid, costs for some projects may be higher, city officials said.

See PROJECTS on Page B2

## City of San Diego Launches First-Ever Community Recreation Needs Assessment

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE — Wednesday, Aug. 20, 2025

The City of San Diego launched its first-ever Community Recreation Needs Assessment (CRNA), which will focus on gathering data to better understand and meet the recreational, communication and financial needs of San Diego's diverse communities.

"Every San Diegan deserves access to safe, welcoming, and high-quality parks and recreation opportunities—that's why we're launching this first-ever Community Recreation Needs Assessment." — **Mayor Todd Gloria** 

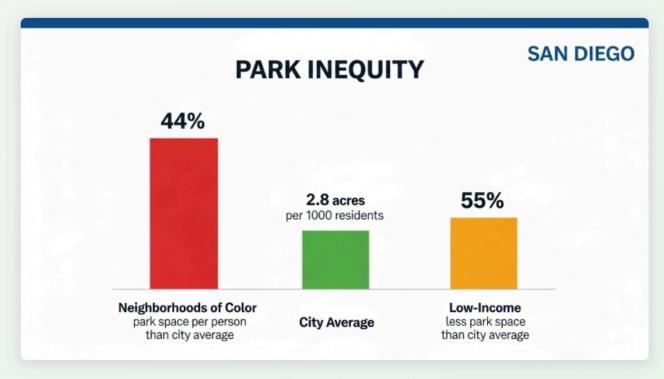
#### **Assessment Phases:**

- Phase 1: Council Districts 4, 8 and 9
- Phase 2: Council Districts 3, 6 and 7
- Phase 3: Council Districts 1, 2 and 5

The assessment will include surveys, interviews, focus groups, virtual workshops and in-person public meetings, conducted in collaboration with Keen Independent Research, Inc.

### Inequitable Investment

- Neighborhoods of color have 44% less park space per person than the city average.
- Low-income neighborhoods have 55% less park space per person than the city average.
- Districts 4, 8, and 9 are officially designated as priority areas for equitable investment.
- This isn't about preference—it's about a broken process.

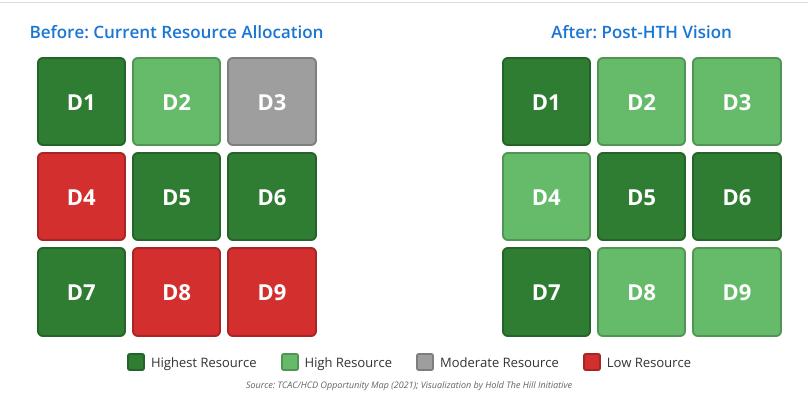


Source: San Diego Parks Master Plan (2021)

### How does the Park benefit the Entire City?

- It gives access to residents of our city and county to one of the finest views in our city.
- IF the city buys in, it could generate revenue for the city for decades to come.
- It will spur commercial investment with foot traffic and attract residents with more income, schooling and civic engagement. This will reduce housing demand in other areas of the city, stabilizing prices throughout the city by bringing median resources to parity throughout the city.

## When Avoid Areas Become Desirable — Citywide Equity



The transformation from Concentrated Inequity to Balanced Opportunity shows what happens when investment reaches every district. Each area gains access to the same level of public amenities, safety, and opportunity that only a few enjoy today.

- When neglected neighborhoods improve, the city itself changes.
- With equitable reinvestment, no area must remain an "avoid area."
- Demand and investment spread across the city stabilizing prices everywhere.
- This is how San Diego becomes truly "America's Finest City" not by chance, but by design. We could be the first metropolis in the America with NO BAD AREAS.

# Prop 13 and the Incentive Timeline: After the World-class park bring Attractive businesses

"Avoid" Area	No maintenance	Taxes stay low → no pressure
Early Revitalization	Cosmetic fixes	Still cheap to wait
Full Revitalization	Heavy upgrades or sell-off	Big windfall

City can intervene earlier with fines, rehab loans, vacancy fees.

Local contractors should be guaranteed ≥ 30% of all contracting for the park and related redevelopment and rehab. Given that Emerald Hills was started and grown by Black military families out of conditions of exclusion, special consideration should be given to contractors of that lineage (not race).

### **Preventing Displacement**



#### Right to Counsel

Legal support for tenants

#### COPA/TOPA

Community purchase rights

L

#### **Small-Sites Fund**

Acquisition & rehab support

#### **Anti-Harassment**

Just-cause protections

#### **Code Enforcement**

With rent-freeze covenants

Lower income San Diego residents should have access to better resourced areas whether by staying in an improved D4 or to move to already high resourced areas. That's AFFH.

Current residents should be housed in better-resourced areas — whether here in District 4 or elsewhere in the city — so families have real choices.

Revitalization ≠ Displacement.

Revitalization ≠ Displacement IF the other districts north of Interstate
Highway 8 thoughtfully add housing for all income levels as well. Otherwise,
to resist residents moving would be to further the concentration of poverty in
D4. The city is obligated by AFFH to provide high resource and opportunity to
all its residents without regard to the modesty of their home, vehicle, or
vacation budget.

## AFFH (AB 686): Opportunity in High-Resource Areas

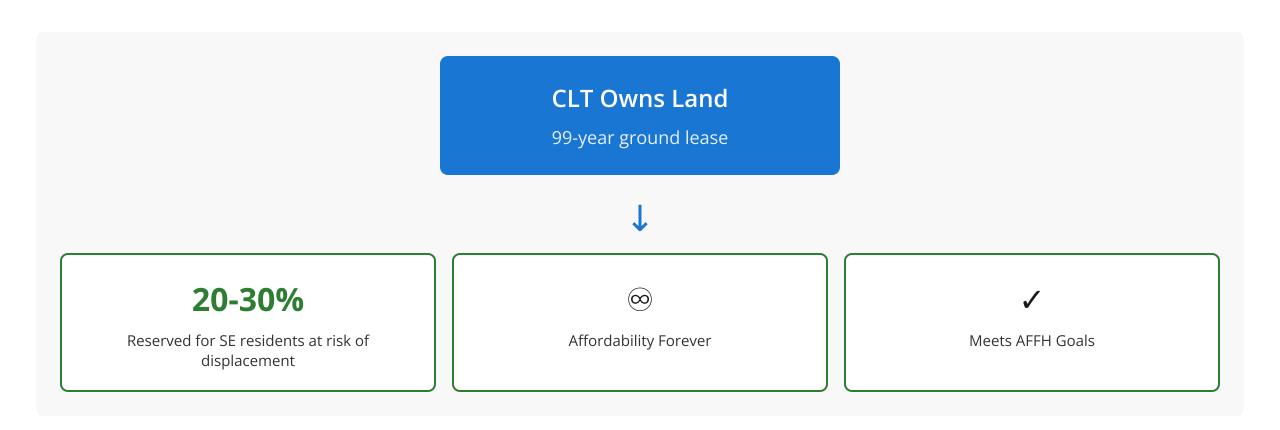
- 2 Zone affordable housing inside high-resource tracts
- Use public land & inclusionary set-asides; fast-track affordable permits

Provide realistic mobility help — not forecasts or unwalkable paths

Add corporate collaboration to align employers, philanthropy, and training with housing access

Source: City of San Diego Biennial Housing Element Report (2023).

### **Community Land Trusts: Equity Anchor**



**Funding + Stewardship = Permanence** 

## **Funding the Vision**

State Parks SPP	Parks in underserved areas	The Hill site & connectors
AHSC	Housing + Transit + Parks	Joint park & affordable housing
EIFD / CRIA	Tax-increment finance	District infrastructure + housing
Philanthropy / NMTC	Cultural spaces + small biz	Community facilities
Corporate Sponsorship	Green energy & health exhibits	Sustainable infrastructure & wellness programs

### Citywide Leadership + Calls to Action

- A world-class park in Southeast benefits all of San Diego.
- Every Councilmember's support matters.
- The next District 4 representative must champion equity and implementation.

#### Take Action:

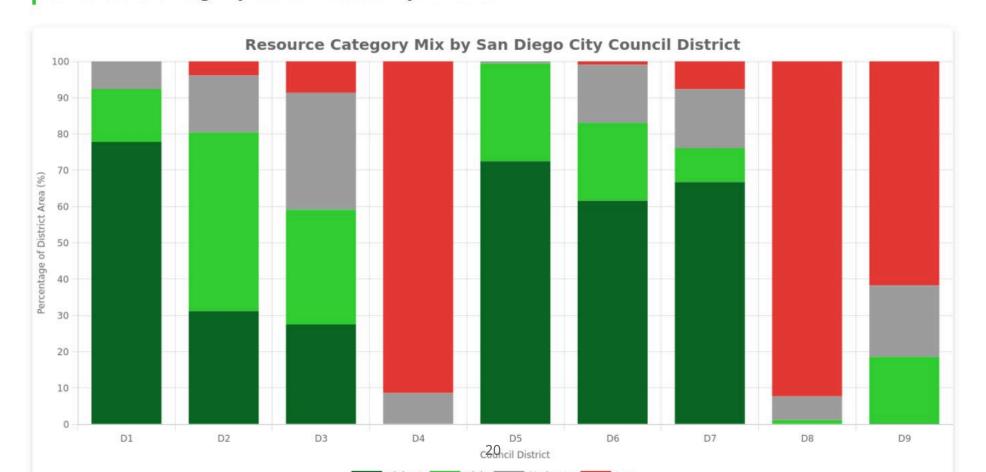
- Share the 2×2 Video person-to-person (not social media).
- **Sign up for text and email Alerts** when we need to show our commitment with our bodies in chairs. Live bodies count.
- Volunteer for the Steering Committee (interest + contact info).



HoldTheHill.org

## APPENDIX: Computations and Data of Resource Distribution by City Council District

#### **Resource Category Distribution by District**



#### **APPENDIX**

District	Highest	High	Moderate	Low	Classification
D1	77.83%	14.56%	7.61%	0.00%	Highest
D2	31.21%	49.27%	15.60%	3.91%	High
D3	27.51%	31.63%	32.22%	8.64%	Moderate
D4	0.00%	0.00%	8.59%	91.41%	Low
D5	72.48%	26.97%	0.55%	0.00%	Highest
D6	61.61%	21.46%	15.97%	0.96%	Highest
D7	66.75%	9.36%	16.20%	7.69%	Highest
D8	0.11%	1.08%	6.51%	92.30%	Low
D9	0.22%	18.37%	19.65%	61.76%	Low

## APPENDIX: Computations and Data of Resource Distribution by City Council District

Dominant Category	Criteria (based on % of district area)	Classification Label
Highest Resource	≥ 60% Highest Resource	Highest
High Resource	≥ 40% combined Highest + High, but < 60% Highest	High
Moderate Resource	≥ 40% Moderate (and <40% Low)	Moderate
Low Resource	≥ 60% Low Resource	Low

## **APPENDIX: Funding Mechanisms**

Acronym	Full Name	Description
State Parks SPP	Statewide Park Development and Community Revitalization Program (SPP)	A California State Parks grant program funding new parks and recreation facilities in underserved communities.
AHSC	Affordable Housing and Sustainable Communities Program	A state program that funds projects integrating affordable housing with sustainable transportation and parks to reduce greenhouse gas emissions.
EIFD	Enhanced Infrastructure Financing District	A local government financing tool in California that uses tax increment revenue to fund public infrastructure and community improvements.
CRIA	Community Revitalization and Investment Authority	A financing mechanism similar to EIFDs, focusing specifically on revitalizing disadvantaged areas and supporting housing and infrastructure.
NMTC	New Markets Tax Credit	A federal program that incentivizes private investment in low-income communities by offering tax credits.