# Introduction

Thank you for considering Sticky3D Controller for your game or project. With this asset we endeavour to save you many hours of development time and to help you solve common single-player game play problems.

#### What is it?

Sticky3D Controller, or S3D for short, is a kinematic first- and third-person character controller for the Unity engine. S3D can be considered a "capsule" controller in that the character's model will mostly occupy an area that has a capsule-like shape.

Although S3D uses many aspects of Unity's in-built Physics features including a rigidbody, it does not fully rely on them for movement and interaction with other physics-based elements in a scene.

### What does it do?

Many features can be enabled or disabled. This is by design as most features will incur some amount of performance overhead. Only enabling what you need can let you devote more resources to say rendering which is typically resource hungry. Here are just some of the main features:

- Stick to moving and rotating objects while performing "regular" actions
- Be controlled by player with Sticky Input Module
- Act as an NPC and be controlled by your game
- Be controlled by a NavMesh Agent
- Switch between first person and third person zoomable cameras
- Walk, sprint, strafe, jump, crouch, crawl and lie down
- Jet Pack with 6 degrees of freedom
- Configurable third person zoom
- Conditionally send data to your animator controller with no coding required
- Be configured and controlled via code using our API methods
- Interact / push dynamic rigidbody objects
- Be pushed by other objects
- Walk up and down steps and slopes
- Footstep sounds and surface actions
- Align to ground normal
- React to configurable gravity
- Override configuration based on zones within scene
- Perform custom actions and animations based on player input
- Work with your own character humanoid models
- Work with your own humanoid animations
- Take input from (new or legacy) Unity Input System, keyboard & mouse, or Rewired
- Look at objects or other S3D characters with Head IK
- Display information like messages or gauges in a UI for the player
- Look at, touch, grab, drop, equip, socket, stash, activate, read, lay on, sit on, and/or select interactive objects
- Interactive objects, including weapons and magazines, can react to custom gravity
- Replace animation clips at runtime
- Pooling system for generic objects
- · Popup menus for interactive-enabled objects
- Supports first-person Virtual Reality (continuous move, snap turn, teleportation and interaction)
- Use hand-held projectile and laser-beam weapons
- Display facial emotions and sync visemes to audio speech if model has blendshapes

### What doesn't it do or include?

Obviously, our asset cannot solve all game play challenges, otherwise we'd have written your game for you; where is the fun in that?! Unless we mention it in what S3D can do, please assume it cannot do something. If in doubt, ask us. Here are a few things that we DO NOT do or include currently.

- Create character animations
- Move the character with Unity Physics (we use our own algorithms)
- Generally, you'll need to supply your own character model (or buy one from the Asset Store)
- It doesn't include a full game-ready weapon system (there many animated and non-animated weapons on the Asset Store and our weapon system is extendable)
- It doesn't include a full inventory system (although you can call your own code to pick-up, use, and put down items using our Sticky Input Module)
- We do not include the Rewired asset (although we support using it). Rewired is a 3<sup>rd</sup> party asset and can be purchased separately if you want to use it with S3D. It is not required to use S3D.
- We do not include a preconfigured Rewired setup (as Rewired does not support creating one in code)
- We do not include multi-player functionality. Although technically possible, it would take considerable effort for you to write code and make modifications to create a multi-player game.
- We do not include any melee animations, components, or weapons. You could "probably" configure melee with your own animation controller and send data to it using the Animate tab on a S3D character.
- We do not create the blendshapes on your model for use with our Shapes Module.
- We do not generate the speech audio file. i.e., this is not a Text-To-Speech (TTS) service.
- We do not create your game you still need to put in effort to make a game.

### What versions of Unity do we support?

We follow a sliding window which roughly matches the versions supported by Unity. We currently support Unity 2022.3.24+ LTS, 6000.0 (6.0), and 6000.2 (6.2). We recommend using Unity Editor LTS or Release versions.

## Other Compatible SCSM Products

We support using Sticky3D with any of these other SCSM products.

Name	URL
LB Seamless	https://assetstore.unity.com/packages/slug/313303?aid=1011lq44k
Sci-Fi Ship Controller	https://assetstore.unity.com/packages/tools/physics/sci-fi-ship-controller-134914?aid=1011lq44k
Landscape Builder	https://assetstore.unity.com/packages/tools/terrain/landscape-builder-55463?aid=1011lq44k
SSC Expansion Pack 1	https://assetstore.unity.com/packages/slug/286185?aid=1011lq44k
SSC Seamless (aka SSC Expansion Pack 2)	https://assetstore.unity.com/packages/slug/303624?aid=1011lq44k
LB Environment Pack 1	https://assetstore.unity.com/packages/slug/123567?aid=1011lq44k
Landscape Builder and Environment Pack	https://assetstore.unity.com/packages/tools/level-
Bundle	design/landscape-builder-bundle-180245?aid=1011lq44k

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# **Getting Started**

S3D comes bundled with several demo scenes and prefabs to get you started quickly. The demo scenes are set up with a character controller and (legacy) keyboard input, to allow you to simply open the scenes in the Unity editor and hit play.

WASD for movement and arrow keys or mouse for changing where you look. Check out the Sticky Input Module attached to the Sticky Control Module gameobject for other keyboard input like Jump, Crouch, Jet Pack, first/third person view toggle etc.

We'd suggest adding one of the character prefabs to your scene (e.g., PlayerAmy), then creating a new original prefab from our prefab. That way you can modify the settings to see how it all works without them getting overridden when you apply a new S3D update or patch.

If you don't have time to read the whole manual, browse through it so that you can come back to at any time to clarify what a particular setting does. Most of the settings in S3D have brief editor tooltips.

The "Common Issues" chapter is regular updated and is a good place to go if your run into problems. If you can't find a solution, ask on our Unity forum or the Discord channel (see Support at end of this manual for details).

# **Support Policy**

For free support we will investigate reproducible bugs in our code. We may ask you to provide a simple scene with clear instructions on how to repro the issue. We can provide an upload area for the project files.

If this issue is critical to an announced game release date, we give it high priority. We also help with fleshing out new features that can improve gameplay and that we could add to a new version. In addition, we offer customer support for discovering existing features and how to configure them, both in our <u>Unity Forum</u> or on our <u>Discord Channels</u>.

To add "polish" to a game or general help with implementing our products (and even writing custom game-play code) we negotiate a flexible hourly rate which can be time-boxed to fit the studio or indie budget.

You can back us on Patreon (https://www.patreon.com/scsmmedia) to help us improve our products.

We may alter this support policy from time to time without notice.

# What's Changed

If you have issues with collisions or physics in general with Unity 2022.3 or Unity 6, try changing the new Project Settings, Physics, Fast Motion Threshold to a value like say 100, rather than Infinity.

#### Version 1.2.5

[NEW] StickyXRInteractor - support for StickySockets

[NEW] StickyInputModule - GetCustomInputDK, Rewired and UIS APIs

[NEW] StickyInputModule - HMD Inputs Only option for VR

[FIXED] XR Hands have incorrect y-axis position if Follow Head no enabled

[FIXED] StickyShapesModule - may not react after StartReacting() is called

[IMPROVED] StickyMoveModule VR compatibility

[IMPROVED] Increase Phonetics default audio priority

#### Version 1.2.4

[NEW] SSCInputBridge - Pause on Init

[NEW] Callback on change reference frame

[NEW] Parent XR Hands to Sci-Fi Ship Controller ships

[NEW] Support for LockPosition (seated) in VR

[FIXED] Look VR may have rotation limited to first person values

[FIXED] Look VR camera may not initialise if character starts disabled

[FIXED] Footstep SFX can be triggered while position is locked

[IMPROVED] XR Camera - set a default height with New Button

[IMPROVED] Revised and updated VR sections of the manual

[IMPROVED] StickyUIRaycaster - Error messages

[IMPROVED] StickyInteractive - Error messages for Readable objects

#### Version 1.2.3

[NEW] StickyControlModule - Instant Look for VR

[NEW] StickyInputModule - XR Add Actions

[FIXED] RemoveListeners does not clean up onDisabled or onEnabled

[FIXED] Footsteps - Can not play a disabled audio source

[FIXED] StickyControlModule - look update type should be auto in VR

[FIXED] StickyInputMoudule - UIS Action and Control Type order in editor

[FIXED] StickyInputMoudule - XR Action and Control Type order in editor

[FIXED] StickyInteractive may become unstable when parented on grabbed

[IMPROVED] Prone is out of Technical Preview

[IMPROVED] Unity XR and Look VR are out of Technical Preview

[IMPROVED] UIS actions for common Custom Inputs

[IMPROVED] UIS new Add Actions cater for 10x mouse speed

[IMPROVED] SampleXRData2Popup - delta move options

[IMPROVED] XR Hands are children of XR Camera Offset transform

[IMPROVED] StickyXRInteractor - warning if no EventSystem in the scene

### Version 1.2.2

[NEW] StickyZone - pre and post enter and exit callbacks

[NEW] TelePortToCurrent API

[NEW] StickyControlModule - On Disabled and On Enabled events

[NEW] StickyControlModule - Collide tab, TelePort on Re-Enable

[NEW] Compatible with RCCP Entry-Exit system

[FIXED] SSCOutputBridge - Recentre on Config fails if Pause on Init is true

[FIXED] SSCOutputBridge - levers and joystick rotation may change when paused

[IMPROVED] StickyControlModule - added IsPlayer()

[IMPROVED] StickyControlModule - init ref frame can use existing ref frame

[IMPROVED] StickyTaskModule - GetLieTask, GetSitTask error messages

For the full change log, see Version History at the end of the manual.

# Videos and Tutorials

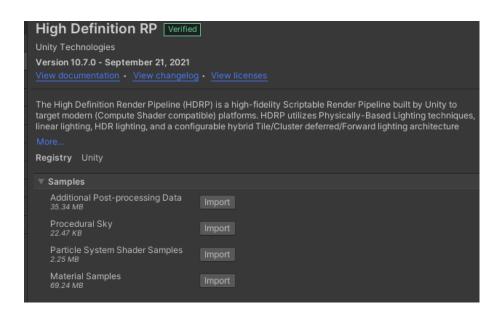
Name	URL
Sticky3D – Get Started Tutorial	https://youtu.be/XGPzSQ61oMM
Reference Frames Tutorial	https://youtu.be/LwC0AQa7AcM
Add Your Model Tutorial	https://youtu.be/w7o17d7hcpc
Mixamo <sup>1</sup> Tutorial	https://youtu.be/an9qFX-i8xI
Sit Tutorial	https://youtu.be/UxlyJCFiuTQ
Interactive Basics Tutorial	https://youtu.be/azgpsSKD8
Find Interactive Objects Tutorial	https://youtu.be/HOMX7WncYC0
Holster Weapon Tutorial	https://youtu.be/tuZAEi7XVTo
Socket Basics Tutorial	https://youtu.be/D5ibiYZv1D0
Blendshape Basics Tutorial	https://youtu.be/ZHcH-oCrNSc
Secret Project (with QA Office)	https://youtu.be/0ibClAVIt4w
VR Flight Setup with SSC + S3D	https://youtu.be/m1OdRGvDOS0
VR Flight Setup (Unity 6.2)	https://youtu.be/WcjjOMhM3Xk
Short object Interaction video	https://youtu.be/ol4r7MteVCc
Promo 5 Trailer	https://youtu.be/ZiTZ0OObk9U
Promo 6 Trailer	https://youtu.be/FO0YOu2ilJE
Integration with SSC Seat Animator	https://youtu.be/-JzLLFnwmtY
In-game joystick Setup	https://youtu.be/0T1VLAAwnVg
Mars NPC and AI Landing	https://youtu.be/6Qhz2tlc4vs
Cut scene action blending like Star Wars Outlaws	https://youtu.be/aZd185tTdvo
Sit and Lie Mechanics	https://youtu.be/-8r-8GE18WI
Sit and Lie Tutorial	https://youtu.be/UWXJrluZhEU
Per Object Animations Tutorial	https://youtu.be/tTN-7MApT2s
Realistic Car Controller integration for Entry / Exit system.	https://youtu.be/5r1jamoGsVk

# HDRP and URP Scriptable Render Pipelines

When using HDRP and URP with our demo assets, you will need to apply the SRP packages included in the SCSM\Sticky3DController\SRP folder. This folder contains a readme.txt file which you should check out before proceeding.

For HDRP, we use Legacy particle shaders. This is because, out-of-the-box, HDRP unfortunately doesn't include any. You can, however, download them from the Package Manager and modify our demo particle materials.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Mixamo and Adobe are either registered trademarks or trademarks of Adobe in the United States and/or other countries.



In your versions of HDRP and URP, you may also wish to tune the lighting to your taste in the various demo scenes. Lighting can change between different versions of the render pipelines. This is a Unity thing and outside our control.

## Demos

For Demo Scripts, look in the "Runtime and API" chapter later in this manual.

Our demo systems were created for Built-in Render Pipeline (BiRP). If using URP or HDRP, see the "S3D\_SRP\_Readme" text file in the SRP folder and apply the correct SRP package.

Our demos are set up to work with the (legacy) input system is enabled. In newer versions of Unity, when you enable the (new) Unity Input System, by default the legacy system is disabled. Your options are:

- Try the demo scenes in a project with the legacy input system enabled
- In the Unity editor under Player settings, set "Active Input Handling" to "Both"
- Setup a character with the new Input System and use it in the demo scenes.

#### Demo Characters

We have included several pre-configured character prefabs. The older characters (Jane, Bob, and Rod) are placeholder characters with various configuration. The newer characters (Amy, Bryce, Kate, and Jeff) are higher quality game-ready characters with more polished animations. The later also include facial emotions and make use of our Sticky Shapes module for controlling blendshapes.

### Cottage Camera Demo

This simple demo shows how to switch camera control between non-S3D control and S3D character control. Once the user gets control of the character, they can toggle between first and third person cameras at will.

# **Gravity Shooter Demo**

Walk and/or jump between moving and rotating platforms. This scene shows the use of Sticky Moving Platforms with Sticky Zones. "Standard" WSAD moment keys apply as well as space key for jumping and "c" for crouching. Hold the "shift" key down to sprint.

You can fire the weapon with the left mouse button at the targets. If you hit them close enough to the centre they will be dislodged from their positions. The fire button is configured through a Custom Input on the Sticky Input Module. As this is a first person "game" we have disabled the "Switch Look Button" and configured the player to start with Third Person turned off.

NOTE: This demo does not use the new Weapon System which was added in version 1.1.0.

### NavMesh Demo

This scene shows how a Non-Player Character (NPC) can be used with a NavMesh to patrol while also looking for the player in the scene.

You can pick up a weapon by looking at it, then when the reticle goes green, indicating it as an interactive-enabled object, press the F key. To drop the weapon, press F again. To fire the weapon, use the left mouse button. Right mouse button will toggle aim on/off.

### NPC Look at Demo

This scene shows how you can get Non-Player Characters (NPC) to use Head IK to look at a player and optionally approach them. The "Sample NPC Play Anim" component is used to trigger an animation. The NPC JaneRM character has a child transform, called "Proximity", which includes the "Sample Look At Player" component and a sphere collider which allows it to look at, and walk toward the player.

### Playground Demo

This includes a collection of objects that you can use to test out your S3D character. To prevent the platform from rotating, under the Environment gameobject, on the Platform, change the Rigidbody to "Is Kinematic".

By default, the seesaw is turned off because the hinge joint configuration does not work correctly when the platform is rotating. To test the character with the seesaw, change the Platform Rigidbody to "Is Kinematic" before enabling the seesaw.

## Metrics in Games

When building games, we'd encourage you to consider what metrics will be used throughout your environments. Sticky3D works best when things are "regular" sizes.

For example, when making interactive objects like seats and beds, it is useful if they all have the same height. We typically use a height of 450mm (0.45). We have various techniques to switch out character animations for different scenarios, however, you can save yourself a lot of work if you have pre-defined metrics for objects.

This is why AAA titles sometimes go as far as making all character models the same height (e.g. Star Citizen).

You might not have thought about it yet, but even walking up to things and interacting with them can present some challenges when simple items like seats, tables, bench tops, beds etc have different metrics from one another. So, if you are making (or buying) five tables, make sure they all have the same height.

# Sticky Control Module

This module is the primary component or brain of the controller. It is responsible for:

- Character movement
- Camera movement
- Interaction with other physical bodies in the scene
- Jet Pack operations
- Animation management

# Move – General Settings

This tab contains settings for most character movement. For Jet Pack movement, see the Jet Pack tab.

When Root Motion (in Technical Preview) is enabled on the Animate tab, speeds are governed by how fast the animations are played rather than the speed settings in this table. You can, however, send this data to the animation controller using the animate tab. When in doubt for Root Motion, try a value of 1.0 first.

Property (General)	Description
Initialise on Awake	If enabled, Initialise() will be called as soon as Awake() runs. This should be disabled
	if you want to control when the Sticky Control Module is enabled through code.
Non-Player Character	Is this a non-player character? Set when you want to drive input via code.
Walk Speed	The speed at which the character can walk in metres per second. If you have a walk animation, you can also head over to the Animate tab settings to send the move speed to your animation using Animate Actions. If the feet slide forward, try increasing the Walk Speed. If the feet lag behind the characters forward motion, decrease the Walk Speed. If you think the character should be moving at this speed, you can adjust the Animate Actions.  The average walk speed is 1.43m/s (male), 1.34m/s (female).
Sprint Speed	The speed at which the character can sprint or run in metres per second.
	The average run speed is 2.64m/s (male), 2.23m/s (female).
Strafe Speed	The speed at which the character can strafe left or right in metres per second.
Jump Speed	The initial speed added to the character when jumping in metres per second
Jump Delay	The number of seconds the character delays jumping upward. This is useful when a
	jump animation includes an initial movement when the feet are still on the ground.
Prone Jump Speed	The initial speed added to the character when jumping while prone in metres per second.
Crawl Speed	The speed at which the character will crawl while in the prone position.
Crawl Strafe Sped	The speed at which the character can strafe left or right while prone in metres per
·	second. This has no effect if crawl speed is 0.
Crouch Speed The speed at which the character can walk while crouching in metres per second	
Crouching Speed	The speed at which the character can crouch or stand from a crouch.
Max Acceleration	The maximum character movement acceleration in metres per second per second. For humanoids, we'd suggest a value between 20 and 25.
Max Step Offset	The maximum height of an object the character can step up onto or over without jumping. It must be less than half the height of the character.
Step Up Speed	The speed at which the character rises up a step.
Step Up Bias	Dynamically changes the step-up speed while sprinting up steps. Default value is 1.0 which makes the step-up speed directly proportional to the sprinting speed. It has no effect when walking up steps or going down steps.
Max Slope Angle	The maximum slope in degrees, that the character can walk up
Align to Ground Normal	Will the character's up direction attempt to align with the ground normal? If enabled, Vertical Rotation Rate will apply.
Vertical Rotation Rate	How quickly, in degrees per second, the character will attempt to match the target Up direction. Used for reference frame normal and ground normal matching.

Dranarty (Canaral)	Description
Property (General)	Description
Turn Rotation Rate	How quickly, in degrees per second, the character will attempt to match the Free
	Look camera direction.
Allow Movement in Air	Whether movement is allowed while in the air (while jumping)
Allow Sprint Backward	Can the character sprint or run backward?
Gravity	The gravitational acceleration, in metres per second per second, that acts downward
	for the character
Arcade Fall Multiplier	This can add a retro feel to your player when values are greater than 0. Values less
	than 0 can give the character a parachute-like feel when falling.
Stuck Time	The amount of time that needs to elapse before a stationary character is considered
	stuck. When the value is 0, a stationary character is never considered stuck.
Stuck Speed Threshold	The maximum speed in m/sec the character can be moving before it can be
	considered stuck.
Move Update Type	The update loop or timing to use for moving the character.

# Move – Climbing

This feature is currently in **Technical Preview** and its behaviour may change without notice with each release to correct issues or to address particular scenarios. If you see a problem, please contact us on our Unity forum or on our Discord channel.

Currently this feature is in the early days of development and is best used with near vertical walls. Overhangs are not supported but the aim is to provide this in a future release.

Property (Climbing)	Description
Climbing	Is the character able to climb walls?
Climb Speed	The speed at which the character can climb, in metres per second.
Min Slope Angle	The minimum slope, in degrees, that the character can climb. It has no effect if it is
	less than the general walkable Min Slope Angle.
Max Slope Angle	The maximum slope, in degrees, that the character can climb.
Max Grab Distance	The maximum distance in-front of the character that they can reach out to grab a
	climbable surface when not climbing.
Face Surface Rate	The rate at which the character turns to face the surface they are climbing.
Top Detection	Detect when the characters shoulders have reached the top of a climbable object.
	Shoulder height is set on the Collide tab.
Climbable Layer Mask	The character can climb objects (colliders) in the scene that are in one of these Unity
	Layers if they are also in the Collision Mask Layer on the Collide tab. If most objects
	in your scene are climbable, it may be better to create a "Unclimbable" Unity Layer
	and just exclude that from this Layer Mask.

## Move - Footsteps

Footsteps can be configured to use the speed the character is moving, or it can use when the feet are placed on the ground.

Property (Footsteps)	Description
Footsteps	Is the character using footstep sounds and/or effects?
Use Move Speed	Rather than using foot placement, use the character moving speed
Walk Frequency	This controls the relative footstep frequency assuming the walk speed is 1.0
Sprint Frequency	This controls the relative footstep frequency assuming the sprint speed is 1.0
Left Foot	The (child) left foot transform of the character (applies when "Use Move Speed" is not enabled).
Right Foot	The (child) right foot transform of the character (applies when "Use Move Speed" is not enabled).

Audio Source	The audio source containing the clips to play when the footsteps are used. Must be a child of the character gameobject.
Default Footstep Sound	The default footstep sound when the walking surface is unknown
Overall Footstep Volume	The overall volume of footsteps. Individual footstep surface action volumes are relative to this overall volume. For example, if a relative volume is 0.5, and the overall volume is 0.5, the volume set will be 0.25 (half of the 0.5 overall volume).
Known Surface Types	A shared Scriptable Object in the Project containing a list of common surface types. See the "Sticky Surface" chapter for more details.

Footsteps can have optional "Surface Actions". These can include one or more audio clips that override the default footstep sound.

Property (Surface Action)	Description
Min Volume	The relative minimum volume of the audio clips
Max Volume	The relative maximum volume of the audio clips
Min Pitch	The minimum pitch of the audio clips
Max Pitch	The maximum pitch of the audio clips
Mesh Surface Types	A list of Surface Types from the "Known Surface Types" scriptable object. Walking on a collider that has a matching Surface Type set on the Sticky Surface component attached to that object, will trigger one of the Audio Clips to play.
Terrain Textures	The case-sensitive (albedo) terrain texture names and the minimum relative weight at a terrain position required to trigger a hit. These are hashed for runtime optimisation so make sure they EXACTLY match the texture names. When in doubt, cut and paste.
Audio Clips	A list of one or more audio clips (chosen at random) to override the Default Footstep Sound.

## Move - Prone

These settings allow the character to lie face down and crawl.

For Prone collider settings, see the Collide tab. For Prone events, see the Events settings on the Engage tab.

Property (Footsteps)	Description
Is Available	Is prone available for use with this character?
Prone from Crouch	Can the character go from the prone position to crouching and likewise, go from crouch to prone position?
Crouch Post Prone	If crouch is attempted while prone but the character does not fit into that space, should the character crouch when possible?
Prone to Stand Duration	The time, in seconds, it takes the character to transition from prone to stand and vis. versa. This should be approx. the same duration as your prone animation transitions. It is assumed that crouch to prone is approx. the same duration. To detect prone animation timings, see Samples->Prone Detector.

If you wish to act, like drop, equip, or stash interactive items (like weapons) when going to or from prone, see the SampleProneDetector script and the prone events. For example, if carrying a rifle, you might want the character to equip it on their back before entering the prone position. Then, hold the weapon when standing up from being prone.

# Look – First and Third Person

This tab contains settings for the first and third person modes. First person settings are visible when "Third Person" is selected, otherwise Third Person settings are show. At runtime, it is possible to switch between First and Third Person modes, if they have been correctly configured.

Property (Common)	Description
Look on Initialise	Is look enabled when the module is first initialised? This will only take effect if the Look Camera is configured.
Third Person	Is this in 3rd person controller mode?
Free Look	Is the free look mode enabled?
	NOTE: When enabled, Orbit settings in third person have no effect.
	This currently is not supported when Root Motion is enabled.
Look VR Mode	Is the VR mode enabled? This only works when Sticky Input Module is set to "UnityXR".
Horizontal Speed	The speed or rate the character can look left or right
Horizontal Damping	The amount of damping applied when starting or stopping to look left or right
Vertical Speed	The speed or rate the character can look up or down
Vertical Damping	The amount of damping applied when starting or stopping to look up or down
Show Cursor	Show the screen cursor or mouse pointer
Auto-hide Cursor	Automatically hide the screen cursor or mouse pointer after it has been stationary for a fixed period of time. Automatically show the cursor if the mouse if moved.
Hide Cursor Time	The number of seconds to wait until after the cursor has not moved before hiding it
Max LoS Field-of-View	Maximum line-of-sight field-of-view is the angular range that objects are in sight of
	the character.
SSC Update Celestials	If Sci-Fi Ship Controller is installed and the Celestials (stars) are in the scene, have
	Sticky3D rotate the stars to match the S3D camera. This can overcome an issue
	where the stars lag the S3D camera.
	On the SSC celestials component, ensure Timing Type is set to Manual.

Property (First Person)	Description
Look Transform	The parent transform used for Look direction. Anything that should have its position or orientation modified by look direction should probably be parented to this transform
Look Camera	The main first-person camera which is a child of the controller
Auto Camera Height	Automatically adjust the 1st person camera to the average eye height, based on the height of the player
Follow Head Position	If the relative head bone position changes, the first-person camera will move relative to it.  NOTE: In VR, this currently only applies when sitting with lock to position.
Follow Head when Prone	While prone, the first-person camera will move relative to the head bone position.
Horizontal Limit	The horizontal limit for looking left or right in degrees. Max for humans is typically 80 degrees.
Pitch Up Limit	The pitch limit for look upward direction in degrees. This has no effect when lying down as pitch up is locked.
Pitch Down Limit	The pitch limit for look downward direction in degrees
Anti Shoulder Clip	Increasing this will reduce the chance of the first person camera clipping through the shoulders.

Property (Third Person)	Description
Look Camera	The main third person camera which should not be a child of, or attached to, the
	controller

	Sticky3D Controller 1.2.3
Property (Third Person)	Description
Camera Offset	The camera offset or distance from the character when in third person mode.
	Clicking the (G)izmos button will show a small green dot in the scene view with the
	desired offset (currently this is a non-clickable gizmo).
Focus Offset	The local space point on the character where the third person camera focuses
	relative to the origin or pivot point of the character prefab. Clicking the (G)izmos
	button will show a small blue dot in the scene view with the desired focus point
	(currently this is a non-clickable gizmo).
Follow Head Position	If the relative head bone position changes, the third person camera will move
	relative to it.
Pitch Up Limit	The pitch limit for look upward direction in degrees (Free Look only)
Pitch Down Limit	The pitch limit for look downward direction in degrees (Free Look only)
Orbit Duration	The time, in seconds, to fully orbit the character
Unorbit Delay	The delay, in seconds, before orbiting camera starts to return to the default position
Orbit Damping	The amount of damping applied when starting or stopping camera orbit in third
	person.
Orbit Min Angle	The minimum anticlockwise angle to rotate the camera around the character
Orbit Max Angle	The maximum clockwise angle to rotate the camera around the character
Max Shake Strength	The maximum strength of the third person camera shake. Smaller numbers are
	better.
Max Shake Duration	The maximum duration (in seconds) the third person camera will shake per incident.
Clip Objects	Adjust the camera position to attempt to avoid the camera flying through objects
	between the character and the camera. This has performance overhead, so disable if
	not needed.
Min. Camera Move Speed	The minimum speed the camera will move to avoid flying through objects between
	the character and the camera. High values make clipping more effective. Lower
Min Facus Distance	values will make it smoother. This has no effect if Lock to Target Position is enabled.
Min. Focus Distance	When "Clip Objects" is true, the minimum distance the third person camera can be
Min. Character Offset	from the focus point.  When "Clip Objects" is true, the minimum offset the third person camera can have
wiin. Character Offset	from the character on the x-z plane. This helps to prevent the camera clipping into
	the character when avoiding close objects to the character.
(Clip) Responsiveness	The responsiveness to changes in the clipping distance. When 1.0, it will depend on
(Clip) hespolisivelless	the Min Move Speed and the Camera Move Speed. Reducing the responsiveness can
	stabilise clipping when the character is moving erratically or on a vehicle that is.
Clip Object Layers	Only attempt to clip objects in the following Unity Layers
Clip Object Layers	only attempt to one objects in the following office Layers

### Look – Interactive

This allows your character to look around the scene and discover interactive-enabled objects that have a Sticky Interactive component attached. To be seen, interactive-enabled objects must have a non-trigger collider on the same gameobject as the StickyInteractive component or use StickyInteractiveChild components. See the chapter called "Sticky Interactive" for more details.

To look at and interact with Interactive-enabled objects in VR, see the chapter called "Sticky XR Interactor".

To get the character to take action, for players, typically you will want to add a Custom Input on the Sticky Input Module and call one of the extensive Interactive APIs. Some of these can be seen in the SampleHandInteract script.

Property	Description
Layer Mask	The non-trigger colliders and characters in these Unity layers can be seen when Look
	Interactive is enabled.

Property	Description
Max Distance	When look interactive is enabled, how far away from the camera can the character see objects with a StickyInteractive component? Try to keep this distance as short as possible to avoid hitting too many colliders in front of the camera. When "Look VR" is enabled, set this on the StickyXRInteractor component for each hand.
Lock to Camera	Instead of using the mouse or cursor position, always look in the direction the camera is facing.
Update Looking Point	When true, GetLookingAtPoint is updated. This is the point in world space where the user is currently aiming or targeting. It could be an interactive-enabled object.
Exit Delay (Stop Looking)	The number of seconds to delay stop looking at an interactive object. When an interactive object is a child of a moving object, setting this to a small value (like 0.2) may prevent it continually triggering onHoverEnter and onHoverExit events. If looking at an interactive-enabled object, stop looking at it before updating the ExitDelay duration.

To test if your character can "see" interactive-enabled object, in play mode in the Unity editor, with "Maximize On Play" not set in the Game view, click on your S3D character in the Hierarchy and click "Debug Mode" on the Sticky Control Module. As the character looks around the scene you will be able to monitor the "Looking At" field.

### Look – VR Mode

This feature is currently in **Technical Preview** and its behaviour may change without notice with each release to correct issues or to address various scenarios. If you see a problem, please contact us on our Unity forum or on our Discord channel.

These properties let you change how the character looks and turns when configured for VR. See also the "Unity XR - Overview" section of the chapter on "Sticky Input Module" and the "Sticky XR Interactor" chapter.

Property (VR)	Description
Match Human Height	When Look VR is enabled, the character Height will be modified to match the approximate height of the human player based on the starting head-mounted device position above the floor.
Human Posture	The posture or starting position of the human player when wearing a VR head-mounted device. E.g., Sitting or Standing. This assumes that the VR device has been calibrated with the human player in the given posture.
Room Scale	Enable the character to (only) move around when the Head Mounted Device moves.
Snap Turn	When enabled with UnityXR input, left and right turn will be incremented by the Snap Turn Amount.
Snap Turn Amount	The number of degrees turned with each snap movement.
Snap Turn Interval	The minimum amount of time required between snap turns.
Instant Look	Instantly rotate the camera to match the headset rotation, otherwise, use the Vertical Rotation Rate from the Move tab. Enabled by default.

If you have a character model, you may wish to adjust the "Look Transform" from "Look General Settings" or adjust the XR Camera parent gameobject. Bring it forward on the z-axis so you cannot see the inside of the character's head. You may also need to adjust the Camera near "Clipping Planes".

When Room Scale is NOT enabled, you might want to allow the character to teleport around the scene using the Sticky XR Interactor in Teleport "Look Mode", and/or use Continuous movement with the Horizontal Move Input and Vertical Move Input Axis on the Sticky Input Module.

# Look - Sockets

This allows the character to see or detect objects with a StickySocket component. See the "Sticky Socket" chapter for more information.

Property	Description
Layer Mask	The trigger colliders in these Unity layers can be seen when Look Sockets is enabled.
Max Distance	When Look Sockets is enabled, how far away from the camera can the character see objects with a StickySocket component? Try to keep this distance as short as possible to avoid hitting too many colliders in front of the camera.
Lock to Camera	Instead of using the mouse or cursor position, always look in the direction the camera is facing.
Active Material	The (custom) material used to highlight a socket in the scene. If not set, one will be created at runtime.
Auto Show	Attempt to automatically show (and hide) the highlighter when looking at a socket
Exit Delay	The number of seconds to delay stop looking at a socket. When a socket is on a moving object, setting this to a small value (like 0.2) may prevent it flickering on and off and triggering onHoverEnter and onHoverExit events.  If looking at a socket, stop looking at it before updating the ExitDelay duration.

# Look - Zoom

This allows the first or third-person camera to zoom in or out, making objects appear closer or further away.

Property	Description
Zoom Duration	The time, in seconds, to zoom fully in or out
Unzoom Delay	The delay, in seconds, before zoom starts to return to the non-zoomed position
First Person Only	
Zoomed FoV	The camera field-of-view when the first-person camera is fully zoomed in.
Un-zoomed FoV	The camera field-of-view when no zoom is applied to the first-person camera.
Third Person Only	
Zoom Out Factor	The relative amount the camera can zoom out. [Default 1]

# Collide

The collide tab is used to help configure how the character interacts with the other objects in the scene.

Property	Description
Height	The height of the character collider in metres
Radius	The radius of the character collider in metres
Pivot to Centre Y	The distance, in the up direction, from the pivot point to the centre of the model. If
	the pivot point is at the feet, this will be half the height.
Crouch Height	The height of the character when crouching.
Crouch Radius	The radius of the character when crouching.
Prone Length	The length of the character from head (or hands) to toe when in the prone position.
Prone Radius	The radius of the character when in the prone position.
Sit Height	The height of the character when sitting. Should be approx. 0.8 x height.
Max Sweep Iterations	The maximum number of sweep iterations allowed per frame
Sweep Tolerance	The tolerance allowed for sweeps and grounded checks in metres
Collision Layer Mask	The layer mask used for collision testing for the character. If your project doesn't
	have a layer 29, S3D will automatically create one called "Interactable" when the
	demo scenes are imported into your project.
On Trigger Enter/Exit	Call OnTriggerEnter or Exit when character enters or exits a Trigger Collider in the
	scene. This must be enabled if using StickyZones.

Property	Description
On Trigger Stay	Call OnTriggerStay EVERY FRAME while the character is inside a Trigger Collider. If you don't need this, keep it turned off.
Trigger Collider	Rather than disabling the capsule collider at runtime, it is converted to a trigger collider so that it can be detected by raycasts.
React to Sticky Zones	When entering or exiting a Sticky Zone, allow configuration changes based on zone settings. NOTE: Reference Update Type must be Automatic First or Manual.
Interaction Layer Mask	The character will attempt to interact with dynamic rigidbodies in these layers. Default: Nothing. If the character collides with a lighter dynamic rigid body, the other object may be pushed away from the character. Generally, should NOT include any layer from the Reference Layer Mask.
Reference Layer Mask	The Unity Layers used to test if the object under the character is a suitable Reference Frame
Reference Update Type	Determines how the reference frame is updated. Manual = via your code or a StickyZone. When type is Automatic, S3D will detect the collider under the character. If the collider under the character changes AND it is not a child object of the current Reference Frame, the Reference Frame will be changed. AutoFirst will automatically detect the object under the character when initialised, then will allow you to change it manually in code or via a StickyZone.
Initial Ref Frame	Initial or default reference frame transform the character will stick to.
Use RBody Ref Frame	When Reference Update Type is Automatic or AutoFirst, when detecting a collider that is attached to or a child of a rigidbody, the reference frame will be set to the transform of the rigidbody rather than the transform of the collider.
Teleport on Re-Enable	If the character gameobject is disabled, then re-enabled after the character is initialised, it will be teleported to its new position. This could be useful when you cannot call our DisableCharacter, EnableCharacter, and TelePort APIs.  For example this is useful when integrating with Realistic Car Controller Pro's Entry/Exit system.

### Reference Frames Explained

The character uses a Reference Frame transform to determine relative movement. When the Reference Frame moves, S3D moves too. Movement is relative to the Reference Frame. You can still walk, sprint, jump, crouch etc. as if the object you are riding on is not moving and/or rotating.

Your character can move between different objects that can move independently from one another. Consider your character walking around in a spaceship, docking with a space station, then walking around in the space station. Another scenario is climbing onto a vehicle moving in one direction, then transferring to say a train moving along railway lines. Reference Frames are the "magic" that makes this possible without the character having to be made a child of the moving object. The character is still able to move around the moving or stationary vehicles and perform all the regular actions your character can normally do.

You can set the Reference Frame using Sticky Zones in your scene, via your game code, or set it as "Automatic".

#### Jet Pack

The jet pack feature enables the character to take off from the ground and hover. Using familiar controls, the character can then fly around.

The jet pack can have from zero to six visible thrusters. These optional particle effects are made children of the main character prefab. They have no direct influence on the actual character movement but can provide more visual elements to your character. As a starting point, they can be quickly placed in the correct place relative to the character position by clicking the "Auto" button next to each thruster in the inspector. They can then be moved manually in the editor to align them exactly with your character's jet pack model (assuming you have one).

Property	Description
Is Available	Is the Jet Pack feature selectable by the player?
Is Enabled	Is the Jet Pack currently engaged?
Fuel Level	The amount of fuel available to power the Jet Pack
Fuel Burn Rate	The rate fuel is consumed per second. If rate is 0, fuel is unlimited
Max Speed	Maximum speed the jet pack can propel the character
Max Acceleration	The maximum jet pack acceleration in metres per second per second.
Damping Force	The inertia damping force applied to slow down movement when no input is received
Ramp Up Duration	The number of seconds it takes for this jet pack to go from minimum to maximum power.
Ramp Down Duration	The number of seconds it takes for this jet pack to go from maximum to minimum power.
Audio Source	The audio source containing the clip to play when the jetpack is used. Must be a child of the character gameobject.
Health of Jet Pack	Health value of the jet pack. 0 = no health, 100 = full health. A damage jet pack will burn the same amount of fuel but will produce less thrust.
Min Effects Rate	The 0.0-1.0 value that indicates the minimum normalised amount of any particle effects that are applied when a non-zero jet pack input is received. Default is 0. If the full particle emission rate should be applied when any input is received, set the value to 1.0.
Push Forward	The parent gameobject for the backward-facing (particle) thruster effect for the jet pack. Must be a child of the character gameobject.
Push Backward	The parent gameobject for the forward-facing (particle) thruster effect for the jet pack. Must be a child of the character gameobject.
Push Up	The parent gameobject for the downward-facing (particle) thruster effect for the jet pack. Must be a child of the character gameobject.
Push Down	The parent gameobject for the upward-facing (particle) thruster effect for the jet pack. Must be a child of the character gameobject.
Push Right	The parent gameobject for the left-facing (particle) thruster effect for the jet pack. Must be a child of the character gameobject.
Push Left	The parent gameobject for the right-facing (particle) thruster effect for the jet pack. Must be a child of the character gameobject.

## Animate - Overview

This tab helps you hook up your character animations to the S3D Controller.

NOTE: S3D does not create the animation clips for you, nor does it configure the Unity Animator. We assume that the character you have made or have purchased, comes with a pre-configured animation controller and clips.

The aim of this tab is to let you configure S3D to tell your animation controller what to do when. S3D will work with "standard" Unity Animator states and/or Blend Trees.

Property or Button	Description
Animator	The Unity animator component that will control animations for this character.
Aim IK	Aim Inverse Kinematics (or Aim IK for short), is used when holding weapons. It helps the weapon face the potential target. See the "Animate – Aim IK" section below for details.
Head IK	Head Inverse Kinematics (or Head IK for short), helps make a humanoid character's head look towards a target position or object in the scene. See the "Animate –Head IK" section below for details.

	·
Property or Button	Description
Hand IK	Hand Inverse Kinematics (or Hand IK for short), helps move a humanoid character's hand towards a target position or object in the scene. See the "Animate – Hand IK" section below for details.
Foot IK	Foot Inverse Kinematics (or Foot IK for short), helps place a humanoid character's feet on the ground. See the "Animate – Foot IK" section below for details.
Root Motion	Is Animation Root Motion used to influence character position and rotation? Some animations for third parties use "Root Motion" to move the character. See the "Animate – Root Motion" section below for details.
Refresh Button	Refresh the Parameter Names from the Animator Controller. This is useful if you have changed the parameters in your Animator Controller or the S3D GameObject was disabled and you have re-enabled it.
Hand VR	This helps to animate hands when using Virtual Reality. See the "Animate – Hand VR" section below for details.
Actions	Actions send conditional data to your character animation controller. These enable you to animate your character without writing code.
+ Button	Add a new Animate Action to then end of the list.
- Button	Remove (delete) the last Animate Action from the end of the list.

### Animate – Actions

Each Animate Action is used to send data from the S3D Controller to your character animation controller. Sometimes you may need multiple Animate Actions to perform a single activity. E.g., To make your character walk with in-place animations, you might need to tell your character it is Grounded AND it should have a MoveSpeed. This would be done using two Animate Actions.

To get started, look at the animation controllers for the PlayerAmy or PlayerKate characters, and then at the Animation Actions created for those characters. These are located in the Demos\Prefabs\Characters folder.

Action Property	Description
Standard Action	This is the action that happens that causes the animation to take place. It helps you remember why you set it up.  Custom Actions can be controlled via code or user input. For more information see Animate – Custom Input and Actions below.
Parameter Type	The type of animation parameter, if any, used with this action
Parameter Name	The parameter name from the animation controller that applies to this action
Invert	Works with bool types. When the value is true, use false instead. When the value is false, use true instead. Not compatible with Toggle
Toggle	Works with bool custom anim actions to toggle the existing parameter value in the animator controller. Not compatible with Invert or "Reset After Use".
Bool Value	The real-time Boolean value from the Sticky3D Controller that will be sent to the model's animation controller
Float Value	The real-time float value from the Sticky3D Controller that will be sent to the model's animation controller
Trigger Value	The real-time trigger value from the Sticky3D Controller that will be sent to the model's animation controller
Integer Value	FUTURE – let us know if you have a use-case and we can add support for it!
Float Multiplier	A value that is used to multiple or change the value of the float value being passed to the animation controller. This is useful if you want to modify the speed at which an animation clip is played. DEFAULT: 1.0
Damping	The damping applied to help smooth transitions, especially with Blend Trees. Currently only used for floats. Used with Float values only. DEFAULT: 0.1. For quick transitions to the new float value use a low damping value, for the slower transitions use more damping.

Action Property	Description
Reset After Use	Only uses with Custom bool types (see below). By default, this is true and sets Boolean values back to false after animate actions are processed each frame. If you notice that your values are returning to say false in your animator controller when you expect them to be true it may be a timing issue between user input and when fixed update runs. Try setting this to false, and see if it corrects the behaviour.

When determining which values to send to your animation controller, it can be helpful to determine what type of data you need. There are three key types:

- In-motion values which typically have "ing" in their name. E.g., MovingSpeed, MovingDirectionX,
   SprintingSpeed, etc.
- Input values which typically have "Input" in their name. E.g., MovementInputX, MovementInputZ, LookVerticalInput, LookZoomInput, etc.
- Values you configure in the editor or at runtime e.g., WalkSpeed, SprintSpeed, StrafeSpeed, JumpSpeed, etc.

Conditions can be added to an Animate Action to instruct S3D to only send instructions when certain conditions are met. An example could be you don't want your character to be animated when in Jet Pack mode, so you place a condition of Is Grounded for the Move Speed.

Condition Property	Description
AND/NOT	This Animate Action only happens when the following IS or IS NOT true
Property	The property or variable in S3D to check

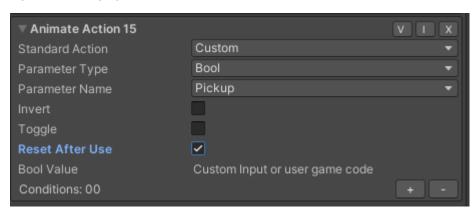
Conditions can be helpful to restrict what data gets sent each frame. Some conditions like HasLanded and HasJumped can help to identify a specific frame in which an animation should start. These two examples only occur on the frame the event happened rather than something like IsGrounded which typically occurs over multiple frames. This type of condition is useful when say using a Jump or Landing Trigger parameter in an animation.

**NOTE:** When setting up conditions consider that some Parameters in your animator controller may need to be always set – for example IsGrounded or MovingSpeed.

### Animate – Custom Input and Actions

Sometimes you may wish to animate your character when the user presses a particular button on the gamepad or the keyboard. At the same time, you may want to perform some kind of action in the game like pick up or drop an object or maybe throw an object like a spear or javelin.

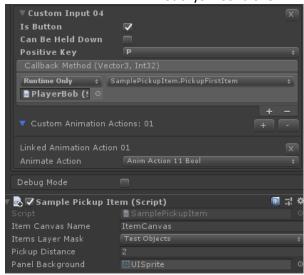
Custom Actions are like other Standard Actions in that they change Parameter values in your Unity Animator. However, instead of getting the real-time value from data inside StickyControlModule, they get it from either a user input (via StickyInputModule) or via an S3D API method like SetCustomAnimActionBoolValue(..).



If this is a human player, on the StickyInputModule, you would create a Custom Input and have it call your custom code. In the example to the right, we are picking up the first item that are in front of the player.

When the user presses the button, the StickyInputModule will tell the StickyControlModule to set the parameter called "Pickup" on your Animator to true. If you have an animation for pickup, and you have configured your Animator Controller correctly, the pickup animation will also play.

If you have an NPC character, you can call our Animate API methods to achieve a similar result.



### Animate – Aim IK

Aim Inverse Kinematics (or Aim IK for short), helps rotate the character, and the bones of the character, to aim a held weapon at a potential target.

In First Person for a player character, Hand IK will also be used to adjust the hand positions to match the weapon hand hold positions.

Property or Button	Description
When Not Aiming	If a weapon is held, will it always attempt to face the target using Aim IK? Otherwise, it will only do this when weapon IsAiming is true.
Aim Camera Offset TPS	The camera offset or distance from the character when in third person weapon aiming mode.
Anim IK Pass Layer	The zero-based layer in the animator controller that has the IK Pass enabled for Aim IK. If this layer (not layer 0) has an avatar mask for fingers, it needs to be above the layer than includes the character aim animation. e.g., aim ik layer = 1 and layer with animations is 2.
Aim Down Limit	The maximum rotation, in degrees, each bone for Aim IK can pitch down.
Aim Up Limit	The maximum rotation, in degrees, each bone for Aim IK can pitch up.
Aim Left Limit	The maximum rotation, in degrees, the held weapon can point left.
Aim Right Limit	The maximum rotation, in degrees, the held weapon can point right.
Aim Turn-Look Rate	How quickly, in degrees per second, the character will attempt to turn (or look) toward the aim target.
Bone Weight FPS	The overall bone weight when holding a weapon in first-person. Adjust this if the bones pitch up or down at a different rate to the first-person camera. This can be most noticeable when holding a weapon but not aiming it and Free Look is disabled.
Aim Bones	The (spine) bones used when aiming at a target. Add at least one of the spine bones (E.g., Spine, Chest, Upper Chest, Neck) to help a held weapon point toward where the character is looking. Adjust the weight of each bone to determine how much it influences where the weapon is pointing.  If holding a weapon with both hands, it can be helpful to add say a LeftShoulder bone with "Is Paired" enabled, and to give that the majority of weight (say up to 80% of the overall weight). Shoulders can make the bone animation look more
	natural. Currently, shoulders are ignored in First Person.

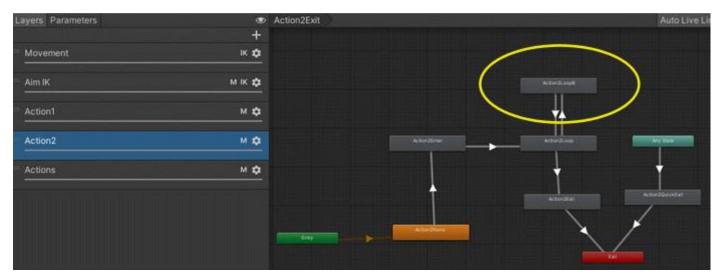
### Aim IK First Person Setup

In first person, the hands hold the weapon using some of the character Hand IK settings and the weapon Interactive Hand Hold positions. You should read the "Animate – Hand IK" section to be become familiar with how Hand IK works.

You could set the Aim IK "Pass Layer" to the same as the one used in "Hand IK" or you could choose a different layer if say you wish to retain the finger rotations set in your weapon-based character animations. For more information see "Sticky Weapon – Animate Properties". Character animations for a weapon are set in "Weapon Anim Sets".

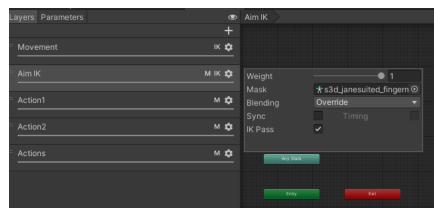
Say you have created an animation for your character holding a particular weapon. See Demos\Animations\ s3d\_jane\_suited\_ik.controller. You have an animation that plays when the weapon is being held or is aiming. This animation includes finger position and rotations so that the fingers are gripping the weapon. E.g., s3d jane suited p320 aim1.

Typically, when Hand IK is used, it changes the position and rotation of the hands. However, it also (by default) sets the fingers back to their default orientation. To resolve this, we need to create a separate animator layer (we've called this "Aim IK", in the example given).

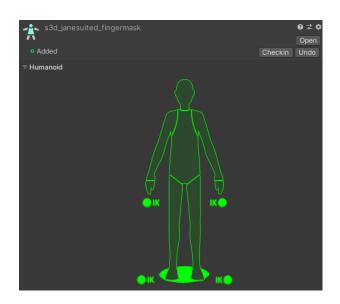


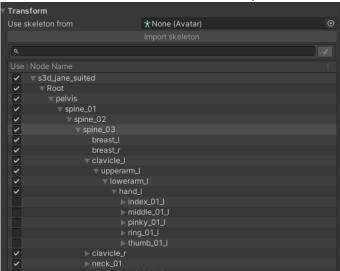
We enable the "IK Pass" property, and we assign an Avatar Mask to not update the fingers when the Hand IK is applied.

This enables us the position the hands correctly to grip the weapon (while aiming in first person), and allow our aim animation to correctly place the fingers.



In the standard "Humanoid" Avatar Mask settings, only the whole hands can be disabled which isn't particularly helpful. However, we can use the "Transform" settings to turn off just the fingers on each hand. This way, when our Aim IK runs on the "Aim IK" layer we created, the finger rotations will not be changed when the hands are rotated to target or grab the weapon hand hold positions.





For more information on Avatar Masks see:

https://docs.unity3d.com/Manual/class-AvatarMask.html

### Animate - Head IK

Head Inverse Kinematics (or Head IK for short), helps make a humanoid character's head look towards a target position or object in the scene. The character must be rigged as a Humanoid character and must include an animation controller with an IK Pass layer.

Property or Button	Description
Anim IK Pass Layer	The zero-based layer in the animator controller that has the IK Pass enabled for Head IK
Head Move Speed	The rate at which the character's y-axis position is adjusted for foot IK placement.
Damping	The amount of damping to apply when starting or stopping to turn the character's head toward a target position.
Look Down Limit	The maximum rotation, in degrees, the head can be tilted down.
Look Up Limit	The maximum rotation, in degrees, the head can be tilted up.
Look Left Limit	The maximum rotation, in degrees, the head can look left.
Look Right Limit	The maximum rotation, in degrees, the head can look right.
Eyes Weight	How much the eyes are used to look towards the target.
Head Weight	How much the head is used to look towards the target.
Body Weight	How much the body is used to look towards the target.
Look at Eyes	When the Head IK target is a character, look toward their eyes.
Look at Interactive	When look interactive and Update Looking Point are enabled in the Look tab, while the character is stationary, should the head face either the interactive enabled object being looked at, or in the direction the character is looking?
Adjust for Velocity	When the character or the target is moving quickly this may help the head adjust quickly to the rapidly changing positions. This may impact performance so only enable when required.
When Climbing	If Head IK is enabled, the head (also) turns towards the target while climbing.
When Move Disabled	If Head IK is enabled, the head can turn towards the target while the character movement is disabled. For example, when the character is seated.
Consider Behind	Will the character's look direction be affected if the target is behind them?

In your animation controller, ensure "IK Pass" is enabled on your main movement layer.

For testing in your scene, this can be combined with the SampleHeadIKTarget or SampleLookAtPlayer scripts.

For an example setup, see the NPCLookAtDemo scene.

NOTE: If you want the head to follow the mouse point or HUD reticle (when say "Free Look" is enabled under "General Look Settings" on the "Look tab), you should:

- 1) On the "Look" tab, enable "Interactive" and "Update Looking Point"
- 2) On the "Animate" tab, enable "Head IK" and "Look at Interactive"

### Using with Optimize Game Objects.

On the model FBX, "Rig" tab in the Unity Inspector, if you have "Optimize Game Objects" enabled, you will need to enable the head bone. If you don't, a couple of warnings will appear in the Unity editor console window at runtime. To find the head bone name, go into "Configure" on the FBX Rig tab. Once you have the bone name (e.g., Spine.05), enable it under "Extra Transforms to Expose" in the FBX Rig tab.

#### Animate – Hand IK

Hand Inverse Kinematics (or Hand IK for short) helps move a humanoid character's hand towards a target position or object in the scene. The character must be rigged as a Humanoid character and must include an animation controller. Typically, you will use it in conjunction with Sticky Interactive objects.

Property or Button	Description
Hand IK	Are the hands moved using Inverse Kinematics for Humanoid rigged characters?
Anim IK Pass Layer	The zero-based layer in the animator controller that has the IK Pass enabled for Hand IK
Hand Move Speed	The maximum rate at which the character's hands move toward the target position.
Hand Radius	How close an object must be to a hand before it is considered to be touching it.
Gizmo Colour	The colour of the gizmos shown in the scene view at runtime
When Move Disabled	The hands can move while the character movement is disabled. For example, when the character is seated or stationary.
Left / Right Hand	
(F)ind button	Find / highlight the palm of the hand in the scene view
(G)izmo button	Toggle on/off the gizmos for this hand in the scene view
Palm Offset	The local space offset the palm, or centre, of the hand is from the hand bone position
Palm Rotation	The local space hand palm rotation from the hand bone stored in degrees. The palm normal, stored as a rotation.
Max In Rotation (left)	The Hand IK left hand (wrist) max rotation (to the right) in degrees
Max In Rotation (right)	The Hand IK right hand (wrist) max rotation (to the left) in degrees
Max Out Rotation (left)	The Hand IK left hand (wrist) max rotation (to the left) in degrees
Max Out Rotation (right)	The Hand IK right hand (wrist) max rotation (to the right) in degrees
Max Up Rotation	The Hand IK hand or wrist max rotation up in degrees
Max Down Rotation	The Hand IK hand or wrist max rotation down in degrees
Inward Limit (left)	The Hand IK left hand inward movement (to the right) limit in degrees. Has no effect when aiming a weapon.
Inward Limit (right)	The Hand IK right hand inward movement (to the left) limit in degrees. Has no effect when aiming a weapon.
Outward Limit (left)	The Hand IK left hand outward movement (to the left) limit in degrees. Currently the left hand cannot reach behind the character. Has no effect when aiming a weapon.
Outward Limit (right)	The Hand IK right hand outward movement (to the right) limit in degrees. Currently the right hand cannot reach behind the character. Has no effect when aiming a weapon.
Max Reach Dist.	The maximum distance the hand will attempt to reach for an object.
Elbow Hint	These should be at approximately elbow height to the left (LeftHand) or right (RightHand) of the character. An x value closer to the character will tuck the elbow

Property or Button	Description
	closer to the character body. Z should be local space 0 or slightly in front of the spine. The transform can be attached to one of the spine bones in the prefab. At runtime, you can move the transform to get the optimal position, copy the component position, then past it back into the prefab out of play mode.
Rapid Reach	When the hand starts reaching for a new transform or interactive target, should this occur very quickly?
Rapid Recoil	When the hand stops reaching for a transform or interactive target, should this occur very quickly?

In your animation controller, ensure "IK Pass" is enabled on the layer that animates the hands and arms.

The palm offsets and rotations can be updated with the Inspector values in the table above or they can be changed by selecting, then moving the gizmos around in the scene view while not in play mode.

We have also included an extensive runtime API with many methods and properties that can be set and called from your own game code. See the "Runtime and API" chapter later in this manual for details.

#### Animate - Foot IK

Foot Inverse Kinematics (or Foot IK for short) helps place a humanoid character's feet on the ground. The character must be rigged as a Humanoid character and must include an animation controller and the appropriate animations (idle, walk, sprint etc).

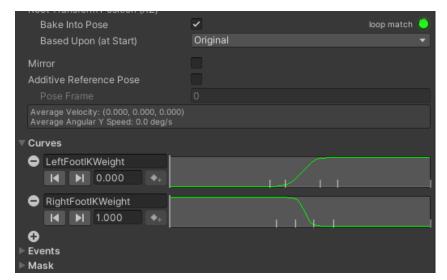
This feature uses Unity's in-built IK system. A side effect of this, is that the knees may be slightly bent even when the legs should be straight in the animation. You can observe this behaviour by placing a character (e.g., PlayerAmy) on a flat surface and observing them in idle mode. Then toggle Foot IK on/off in the editor.

We suggest that you either backup your animation clips or duplicate your existing clips and modify the duplicates with "Curves" as explained below.

Foot IK is an advanced option and requires a bit of setup, including creating animation weight curves for animation clips. The high-level steps include:

- 1. In your animation controller, create 2 new float parameters (e.g., LeftFootIKWeight and RightFootIKWeight)
- 2. In your animation controller, ensure "IK Pass" is enabled on your main movement layer.
- 3. On the S3D controller, go to the Animate tab, with "Foot IK" enabled, set the Left and Right Foot Weight parameters. If the new parameters are not in the drop-down lists, click "Refresh" next to "Animation Actions".
- 4. On your animation clips, expand "Curves" and add a new one. Set the name to the left foot parameter that was created in step 1 (they must match exactly). Change the curve (add keys as required) so that the value of the curve is 1 when the foot is on the ground, and 0 when the foot is off the ground in the animation.
- 5. Repeat step 3 for the right foot.

Sticky3D Controller 1.2.5



You will probably want some sloped transition between grounded and not-grounded feet to reduce the effect of "popping".

To copy curves from one animation to another, right click on the animation curve, and click "Copy". Then in the other animation, create the curve and right-click and "Paste" to update it.

Property or Button	Description
Anim IK Pass Layer	The zero-based layer in the animator controller that has the IK Pass enabled for Foot IK
Body Move Speed Y	The rate at which the character's y-axis position is adjusted for foot IK placement.
Adjust Position Only	Only adjust the position of the feet. Do not modify the rotation.
Max Foot Inward Roll	The maximum rotation, in degrees, the foot can roll or rotate inward.
Max Foot Outward Roll	The maximum rotation, in degrees, the foot can roll or rotate outward.
Max Foot Pitch	The maximum rotation, in degrees, the foot can pitch forward or back.
Slope Tolerance	The minimum slope that is required before the feet will be rotated to match the slope under the character. This can allow the character to use foot rotations from the animation when standing or moving on relatively flat surfaces.
Toe Distance	The distance, in metres in the forward direction, from the foot bone to the end of the toes or the front of the foot.
Default Weight (no parm)	If there is no LeftFootIKWeight or RightFootIKWeight parameter and Foot IK is enabled, this is the default foot IK weight used. Defaults to 1.0 for backward compatibility.
Left Foot Weight param	The name of the float parameter in the animator controller used for left foot IK blending.
Right Foot Weight param	The name of the float parameter in the animator controller used for right foot IK blending.

Known Problems – When Foot IK is enabled, the character can sometimes hover above a step. We are currently investigating this issue.

## Animate - Ragdoll

This feature is currently in **Technical Preview** and its behaviour may change without notice with each release to correct issues or to address particular scenarios. If you see a problem, please contact us on our Unity forum or on our Discord channel. See also the Common Issues – Animate (Ragdoll) chapter below.

A ragdoll is often used when you want your character to collapse, like when it's health decreases to 0. Ragdolls require a Unity Animator AND a rigged humanoid model.

To add ragdoll features to your character:

- 1. Go to the Animate tab on the Sticky Control Module
- 2. Expand Ragdoll
- 3. Click "Get Bones" (you should get a list of approximately 15 bones)

- 4. Check that all the bones match the name of the bone on the left
- 5. Click "Generate" to add rigidbodies, colliders and joints to the correct bones (they can be removed again by clicking the "Remove" button. NOTE: Remove only works with the list of displayed bones).
- 6. Run the scene (with the game view not maximized so the inspector is still visible)
- 7. Click the "Test" button to enable the ragdoll
- 8. Optionally click the "Test" button again to turn off ragdoll mode.

To enable the ragdoll when the character reaches 0 health, go to the "Engage" tab, expand "Respawn Settings" and click "Ragdoll on Destroy".

#### Animate – Root Motion

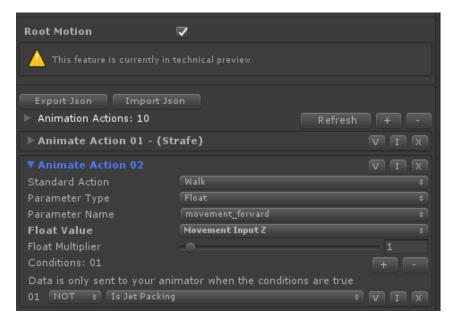
This feature is currently in **Technical Preview** and its behaviour may change without notice with each release to correct issues or to address scenarios. If you see a problem, please contact us on our Unity forum or on our Discord channel. See also the Common Issues – Animate (Root Motion) chapter below. Root Motion can present several challenges when characters are on moving objects.

The Unity Animator component has an option to "Apply Root Motion" which allows the root bone transform to be controlled by the animation clip rather than by an external controller like Sticky3D. When enabled on the Unity Animator, Unity will attempt to calculate the position of the avatar using its physics engine.

In Sticky3D, if using Root Motion, we want to still have some control over position and rotation of the avatar as we use a combination of Unity physics and our own internal physics calculations.

Right now, we don't consider our implementation of Root Motion to be "production-ready".

Walk/Sprint/Strafe Speed on the Move tab will have no effect when "Root Motion" is enabled unless your Animator Controller uses these values to modify the speed of animations. That is because the amount and direction your character travels will mostly be driven by your animation clips rather than speed and acceleration on the Move tab.



Typically, you will want to pass the Movement Input float values to the Animator Controller, rather than the Moving Forward Back Speed like you might do without Root Motion.

Movement Input comes from either the user pressing a button or using a gamepad joystick via the Sticky Input Module, or via an NPC script instructing the character to move.

Property or Button	Description
Anim Drives Turning	Do animations drive turn left or right? Input can be sent to the animator controller via Anim Actions, and S3D reads the rotation from the avatar.
Idle Threshold	When root motion is enabled, velocity below this level will be considered idle. Some idle animations move the character around a little. Increasing this value will make IsIdle more stable. Default: 0.0001.

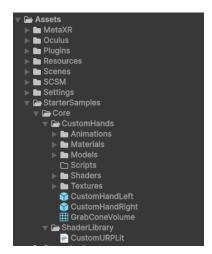
Known Problems – In this Technical Preview, the character can sometimes rebound from stairs or slopes when Root Motion is enabled. Currently, the only workaround is to disable Root Motion.

### Animate - Hand VR

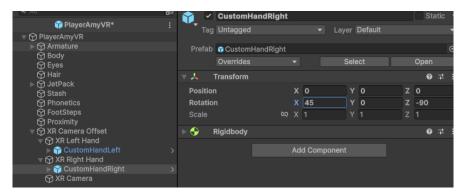
This feature allows you to control your own hand models and animator controller. You can also use third party hands. Currently, we don't include any hand models in the asset.

Hand VR in S3D requires Unity 2022.3 LTS+ and Unity XR. To get started, first configure the Sticky Input Module for Unity XR. See the next chapter for details.

- Download the Oculus starter pack as a code ZIP file from https://github.com/oculus-samples/Unity-StarterSamples
- 2. Extract the Assets\StarterSamples\Core\CustomHands and ShaderLibrary folders
- 3. Delete the CustomHands\Scripts folder
- 4. Add a StarterSamples\Core folder to the Assets folder of your project.
- 5. Copy the CustomHands and ShaderLibary folders into the StarterSamples\Core folder

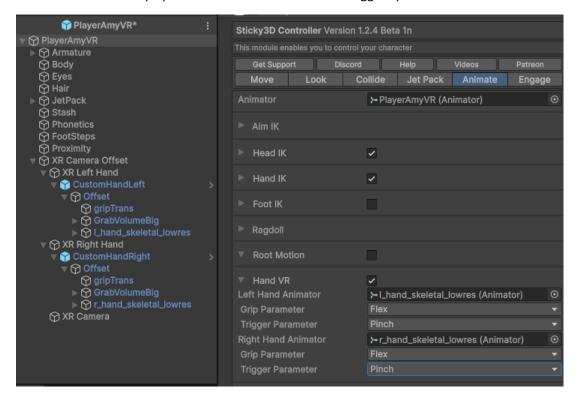


- 6. In the Project pane, open the StarterSamples, Core, CustomHands, CustomHandLeft prefab. Remove the OVR Grabber script and/or missing Script components. Save the prefab.
- 7. Repeat with CustomHandRight prefab.
- 8. If using URP, update the Hands\_solid material to use the Universal Render Pipeline Lit shader.
- 9. To use the Hands\_Transparent shader I had to replace the #include "../../ShaderLibrary/CustomURPLit.hlsl" with #include "..\..\ShaderLibrary\CustomURPLit.hlsl"
- 10. On your S3D character prefab, XR Camera Offset, XR Left Hand, add the CustomHandLeft prefab from Oculus to "XR Left Hand" gameobject. Set rotation to 45, 0, 90.
- 11. Add the CustomHandRight to the XR Right Hand gameobject, making the rotation 45, 0, -90.



12. On the Animate tab of Sticky3D Control Module, tick "Hand VR"

- 13. Under CustomHandLeft, add "I\_hand\_skeletal\_lowres" to the "Left Hand Animator" slot.
- 14. Under CustomHandRight, add "r\_hand\_skeltal\_lowres" to the "Right Hand Animator" slot.
- 15. Set the Animator "Grip" parameters to "Flex" and the "Trigger" parameters to "Pinch".



Hand VR Property	Description
Left Hand Animator	The animator used to animate a Virtual Reality left hand
Right Hand Animator	The animator used to animate a Virtual Reality right hand
Grip Parameter	The (float) parameter name from the animation controller for the grip action
Trigger Parameter	The (float) parameter name from the animation controller for the trigger action

### Engage – General Settings

This tab contains general settings for how the character will engage with other things in the scene that do not apply to the more specific tabs like Move, Look, Collide, Jet Pack, or Animate.

General Property	Description
Character Health	Overall health value of the character. 0 = no health, 100 = full health. Health will affect the speed the character can move.
Max Selectable in Scene	This set the maximum number of Selectable Interactive-enabled objects can be selected by this character at the same time. See also the chapter on "Sticky Interactive".
Engage Colour	The colour associated with engaging with an interactive-enabled object in the scene.  Typically used by the StickyDisplayModule reticle when is hovering over an object.  See Events, On Look At Changed
Non-engage Colour	The colour associated with not engaging with an interactive-enabled object in the scene. Typically used by the StickyDisplayModule reticle when not hovering over an object. See Events, On Look At Changed
Interactive Tags	The Scriptable Object containing a list of 32 tags. You should only need one per project. They help to identify which interactive objects can be added to particular Equip Points. To create custom tags, in the Project pane, click Create->Sticky3D->Interactive Tags.

General Property	Description
Lasso Speed	The rate at which an interactive object is pulled toward or pushed away from a character when interacting with objects. Currently works with socketed objects. When 0, objects are instantly snapped into position.

# Engage – Damage Region Settings

This feature is currently in **Technical Preview** and its behaviour may change without notice with each release to correct issues or to address particular scenarios. If you see a problem, please contact us on our Unity forum or on our Discord channel. See also the Common Issues – Engage chapter below.

Damage regions can define areas of a character that you want to receive individual damage. All characters have a main damage region that applies to the whole "body" of the character.

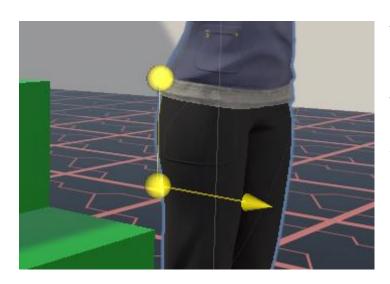
Damage Region Property	Description
Starting Health	The starting health value of this damage region.
Is Invincible	When invincible, it will not take damage however its health can still be manually decreased.
Use Shielding	Whether this damage region uses shielding. Up until a point, shielding protects the damage region from damage. You could also use this to indicate the region has some kind of body armour.
Damage Threshold	Damage below this value will not affect the shield or the damage region's health while the shield is still active (i.e., until the shield has absorbed damage more than or equal to the Shield Amount value from damage events above the damage threshold).
Shield Amount	How much damage the shield can absorb before it ceases to protect the damage region from damage.
Recharge Rate	The rate per second that a shield will recharge (default = 0)
Recharge Delay	The delay, in seconds, between when damage occurs to a shield and it begins to recharge.
Col. Damage Resistance	Value indicating the resistance of the damage region to damage caused by collisions. Increasing this value will decrease the amount of damage caused to the damage region by collisions.
Damage Multipliers	The relative amount of damage a Type A-F projectile or beam will inflict on the character. When the Damage Type is Default, the damage multipliers are ignored.  When projectiles (or beams) with different "Damage Types" hit the character, you can apply a relative amount of damage (based on the damage a projectile can normally inflict). For example, if a projectile can normally do 20 health points of damage, if that projectile had a damage type of say "Damage Type B" and your character is pretty resilient to Type B projectiles, you could set the Damage Type B multiple for the character to say 0.5 (50%). So, when the projectile hits the character, it only does 10 health points of damage (20 points * 0.5 = 10 points of damage).

### Engage – Equip Settings

These are used for placing visible inactive interactive objects on the body of a character. Typically, items will be parented to a humanoid bone so that they can move correctly with the character.

Property (Equip)	Description
Min Drop Distance	The minimum distance on the local x or z axis an equipped object can be dropped
	from the character capsule collider.

Max Drop Distance	The maximum distance on the local x or z axis an equipped object can be dropped from the character capsule collider.
Equip Points	
Name	A description of the location or purpose for the equip point. e.g., right weapon holster
Parent Transform	The transform, typically a bone, that will the objects will be parented to.
Relative Offset	The local space offset from the parent transform.
Relative Rotation	The local space rotation, in Euler angles, from the parent transform.
Max Items	The maximum number of items to equip at this point.
Permitted Tags	The interactive-enabled objects that are permitted to be attached to this Equip
	Point. See the S3DInteractiveTags scriptableobject under Engage General Settings.



The gizmo in the scene view for the equip point has a small sphere above it which indicates the local space up direction.

The regular Move and Rotate tools can be used to adjust the location and rotation of the equip point.

You can also edit the Relative Offset and Relative Rotation values directly in the Inspector.

Engage – Event Settings

Events are used to act when certain things occur on the character.

Event Property	Description
On Initialised Event Delay	The number of seconds to delay firing the onlnitialised event methods after the S3D character has been initialised.
On Initialised	These are triggered by a S3D character after the character is initialised. This enables you to call your own methods or other S3D API methods after the character is initialised.
On Disabled	These are triggered when the (initialised) S3D character become disabled in the scene.
On Enabled	These are triggered after the (initialised) S3D character becomes enabled and active in the scene.
On Destroyed	These are triggered when the character is destroyed or when it reaches 0 health.
On Look At Changed	These are triggered by a S3D character when they start or stop looking at an interactive-enabled object in the scene. For code-free setup, drag a StickyDisplayModule from the scene into a new event, and set the Function to "Dynamic" StickyDisplayModule.InteractiveLookAtChanged.
	On the Look tab, "Interactive" must also be enabled. On StickyDisplayModule (if you have a HUD in the scene) consider enabling "Lock Reticle to Cursor" in Display Reticle Settings.
On Pre Start Aim	These are triggered by a S3D character immediately before they start aiming a weapon.
On Post Start Aim	These are triggered by a S3D character immediately after they start aiming a weapon.

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Event Property	Description
On Pre Stop Aim	These are triggered by a S3D character immediately before they stop aiming a weapon.
On Post Stop Aim	These are triggered by a S3D character immediately after they stop aiming a weapon.
On Pre Start Hold Weapon	These are triggered by a S3D character immediately before they start holding a weapon.
On Post Stop Hold Weapon	These are triggered by a S3D character immediately after they stop holding a weapon.
On Pre Start Prone	These are triggered by a S3D character immediately before prone is enabled.
On Post Enter Prone	These are triggered by a S3D character immediately after has completed becoming prone. It takes into consideration the Prone to Stand Duration. It does not consider any exit prone animations. See the SampleProneDetector script for how to achieve this.
On Pre Stop Prone	These are triggered by a S3D character immediately before prone is disabled.
On Post Stop Prone	These are triggered by a S3D character immediately after prone is fully disabled. It takes into consideration the Prone to Stand duration. It does not consider any exit prone animations. See the SampleProneDetector script for how to achieve this.
On Respawning	These are triggered when the character is about to be respawned.
On Respawned	These are triggered when the character has just been respawned.

## Engage – Identification Settings

These properties help you identify and distinguish between different characters in your scene. At runtime, you can also use the StickyID property to uniquely identify an individual character.

Property (Identification)	Description
Faction ID	The faction or alliance the character belongs to. This can be used to identify if a character is friend or foe. Neutral = 0.
Model ID	The type, category, or model of the character. Can be useful if you have a group of characters with similar attributes.  Characters with the same rig and/or animation controller could all have the same Model ID. For your own models, use numbers above 100 as numbers 1 to 99 are reserved for Sticky3D models.

Identity information can be used in filters on Sticky Zones, in Weapon Anim Sets, and/or in your own game code.

### Engage – Respawn Settings

These properties help you determine what happens when your character runs out of health. For example, you might have an NPC robot that is shot multiple times by the player. Does the NPC get automatically respawned after 5 seconds at a pre-determined location or does it simply get destroyed? What happens if it is holding a weapon or has items stashed? There are several options to choose from.

There are also Engage Events (see above) you can configure or callbacks to setup in your own game code (see Runtime and API chapter).

Property	Description
Unlimited Lives	The character never runs out of lives.
Start Lives	The number of the lives the character has when it is initialised.
Max Lives	The maximum number of lives that the character can have.
Respawn Mode	How respawning happens if the character has unlimited or at least 1 spare life.
Respawn Time	How long the respawning process takes (in seconds). Only relevant when Respawn
	Mode is not set to "Don't Respawn" OR "Ragdoll on Destroy" is enabled.

Respawn Position	Where the character respawns from in world space when Respawn Mode is set to "Respawn From Specified Position".
Respawn Rotation	The Euler rotation angles the character respawns from in world space when Respawn Mode is set to "Respawn From Specified Position".
Drop Held on Destroy	Should the character attempt to drop any held interactive objects when health reaches 0?
Drop Equip on Destroy	Should the character attempt to drop any equipped interactive objects when health reaches 0?
Drop Stash on Destroy	Should the character attempt to drop any stashed interactive objects when health reaches 0?
Ragdoll on Destroy	Should the ragdoll be enabled when health reaches 0?

### Engage – Stash Settings

Players and NPCs can stash interactive-enabled items in an invisible "Stash" or inventory. They are stored in the character hierarchy under a parent "Stash Parent" transform.

We have several Stash API methods that can be used at runtime in your game to manage adding and removing items from the "Stash".

Property	Description
Stash Parent	The child Transform under which all items are stashed
Min Drop Distance	The minimum distance on the local x or z axis a stashed object can be dropped from the character capsule collider.
Max Drop Distance	The maximum distance on the local x or z axis a stashed object can be dropped from the character capsule collider.

## Engage – Stashing Objects

A player may wish to explore an environment, look at, and "stash" those items. They may also have an item in their hand that they wish to stash (or drop).

To configure a player to look at, then optionally stash it:

- 1. On the player "Sticky Control Module", go to the "Sticky Input Module".
- 2. Add a new "Custom Input"
- 3. Configure the button to use to look at and stash interactive-enabled objects. E.g., "L" button on the keyboard
- 4. Add a new event (Callback Method) and drag the "Sticky Control Module" from the Hierarchy into the "Object" field. For the "Function", select "StickyControlModule.StashLookedAtInteractiveNoReturn"
- 5. On the S3D "Look" tab, enable "Interactive"
- 6. If you have a StickyDisplayModule (a.k.a. "HUD") in your scene, on the "Engage" tab of the S3D character, expand "Event Settings", add a new event to "On Look At Changed" and drag the "StickyDisplayModule" from the scene into the "Object" field. Set the "Function" to "StickyDisplayModule" (Dynamic) InteractiveLookAtChanged.
- 7. Now your character should be able to walk around, look at a weapon or magazine and grab it into their right hand.

To configure a player to look at, then optionally grab the item (from a distance), then stash it:

- 1. Ensure the interactive-enabled object is setup up to be Grabbable and Stashable (see the StickyInteractive chapter for more details).
- 2. On the player "Sticky Control Module", go to the "Sticky Input Module".
- 3. Add a new "Custom Input"

- 4. Configure the button to use to look at and grab interactive-enabled objects. E.g., "G" button on the keyboard
- 5. Add a new event (Callback Method) and drag the "Sticky Control Module" from the Hierarchy into the "Object" field. For the "Function", select "StickyControlModule.ToggleHoldInteractive" (the checkbox would use the left hand)
- 6. Optionally, you could configure a Custom bool Anim Action with Toggle enabled on the Animate tab to send data to your animation controller to play a "Grab and hold" animation. To send the data whenever the player presses the "G" button, on the same "Custom Input", add a "Custom Animation Action" and select the "Animate Action" from the drop-down list.
- 7. On the "Sticky Input Module" add another Custom Input.
- 8. Configure the button to use to stash the held item. E.g., "I" button on the keyboard
- 9. Add a new event (Callback Method) and drag the "Sticky Control Module" from the Hierarchy into the "Object" field. For the "Function", select "StickyControlModule.StashItemFromHand" (the checkbox would stash items in the left hand).
- 10. If you added the optional "Custom Animation Action" to the (G)rab event above, add it to the (I)nventory event here also so that your "grab and hold" animation is turned off when the item is stashed.
- 11. On the S3D "Look" tab, enable "Interactive"
- 12. If you have a StickyDisplayModule (a.k.a. "HUD") in your scene, on the "Engage" tab of the S3D character, expand "Event Settings", add a new event to "On Look At Changed" and drag the "StickyDisplayModule" from the scene into the "Object" field. Set the "Function" to "StickyDisplayModule" (Dynamic) InteractiveLookAtChanged.
- 13. Now your character should be able to walk around, look at a weapon or magazine and grab it into their right hand.

## Debug

The Debug option can be used at runtime in the Unity Editor to help determine why a particular behaviour is being observed. Certain S3D values can be seen at runtime. These values can help you to determine why a something is or is not happening.

## Sticky Input Module

The Sticky Input Module is a component that should be attached to the parent gameobject of your character along with the Sticky Control Module. It receives input from devices and sends this data to the Sticky Control Module.

Property	Description
Initialise on Awake	If enabled, Initialise () will be called as soon as Awake () runs. This should be disabled
	if you want to control when the Sticky Input Module is enabled through code.
Enable on Initialise	Is input enabled when the module is first initialised? See also EnableInput() and
	DisableInput() in Runtime And API – Sticky Input Module.
Input Mode	The system used to collect the input from the input device(s).

The module can receive input for the following items:

- Horizontal Move Input Axis (left and right movement)
- Vertical Move Input Axis (forward and backward movement)
- Sprint Button
- Jump & Jet Pack Up Button
- Crouch & Jet Pack Down Button
- Jet Pack Enable Button (enable or disable the Jet Pack feature)
- Horizontal Look Input Axis (look left or right)
- Vertical Look Input Axis (look up or down)
- Toggle Prone
- Switch Look Button (switches between 1<sup>st</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> person view)
- Zoom Input Axis (zoom in or out when in third-person)
- Orbit Input Axis (orbit around the character when in third-person without Free Look)

You can also configure S3D to receive data from Custom Input (see below) and call your own runtime C# methods and/or API methods that are in-built.

The Sticky Input Module is very flexible and can take input from multiple sources including:

- Direct Keyboard (and mouse)
- Legacy Unity (input system)
- Unity Input System
- Rewired

#### **Unity Input System**

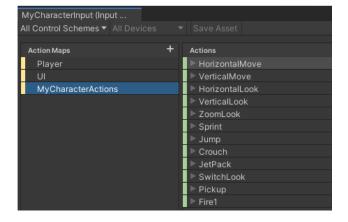
Sometimes referred to as the "New" Input System, v1.0.0 was first available in Unity 2019.1. Installed via the Unity Package Manager, this is an easy to setup, flexible system that supports many devices out of the box. To get started by performing the following tasks:

- 1. Install Input System v1.0.0 or newer with the Unity Package Manager
- 2. Restart the Unity Editor
- Add the Sticky Input Module component to the S3D character and change the Input Mode to "Unity Input System".
- 4. If prompted, click "Fix" to add the UIS Player Input.
- 5. On the UIS Player Input component, click "Create Actions..."
- 6. Give it a name and save the asset when prompted (e.g., MyCharacterInput)
- 7. The asset editor should be displayed. If not, select the new actions asset (e.g., MyCharacterInput) and click "Edit asset".
- 8. Add a new Action Map (e.g., MyCharacterActions)
- 9. Delete the "New Action" to avoid errors.
- 10. Save the asset from the asset editor (and/or close it and save if prompted)
- 11. On the "Player Input" component attached to your character prefab, set the Default Map to the one you just added (e.g., MyCharacterActions) If the Actions says "None (Input Action Asset)" drag the asset (e.g., MyCharacterInput) into the slot first. Then set the Default Map.
- 12. On the Sticky Input Module (attached to the same character), resolve any configuration issues detected by the Sticky Input Module (this could include changing the default "Behaviour" on the Player Input component.
- 13. On the Sticky Input Module click "Add Actions" Now configure the various Input Axis in the Sticky Input Module like you would with any other Input Mode.

9 ‡ # Sticky Input Module (Script) ~ Enable on Initialise Unity Input System Setup the attached Player Input component, refresh the Available Actions, then configure the Input Axis as required. Refresh Add Actions Sprint Button Jump & Jet Pack Up Button Jet Pack Enable Button ▶ Custom Input 01 Debug Mode Player Input MyCharacterInput (InputActionAssel ⊙ Auto-Switch UI Input Module None (Input System UI Input Module) Camera None (Camera) Behavior Invoke Unity Events Events Open Input Settings Open Input Debugger

Actions in the Sticky input Module, map to Actions stored in a Unity Input Action asset (e.g., MyCharacterInput) that are stored in the Project. The Player Input component, not to be confused with Sticky3D Controller's Sticky Input Module, contains a link to the Unity Input Action asset. Double-clicking on this will open the Unity Input Action editor. This is part of the (new) Unity Input System and is not part of S3D.

The Default Map setting (e.g., MyCharacterActions) in the Unity Player Input component will determine which Actions are visible to the S3D Sticky Input Module. The Unity Input System can have multiple sets of Actions in what Unity calls "Maps". The S3D Sticky Input System will only use one of those maps.



For more information on the Unity Input System see:

#### https://github.com/Unity-

Technologies/InputSystem/blob/develop/Packages/com.unity.inputsystem/Documentation~/index.md

When using the "Add Actions" button, the mapping the following table is created. You are free to modify this as you wish. It is included as a quick setup option.

S3D Action	Xbox One Controller	Sony Dual Shock 4	Keyboard & Mouse
Horizontal Move	Left Stick X	Left Stick X	D, A
Vertical Move	Left Stick Y	Left Stick Y	W, S
Horizontal Look	Right Stick X	Right Stick X	Right, Left Arrow (or Mouse move left-right **)
Vertical Look	Right Stick Y	Right Stick Y	Up, Down Arrow (or Mouse move up-down **)
Jump	Right Shoulder	Right Shoulder	Space
Crouch	Left Shoulder	Left Shoulder	С
Sprint	A Button	Cross Button	Left SHIFT
Jet Pack	X Button	Square Button	J
Toggle Prone			Left CTRL
Switch Look	Y Button	Triangle Button	V
Zoom Look	D-Pad Y	D-Pad Y	[and] or Mouse Scroll Wheel
Fire or Pickup	B Button	Circle Button	Left Mouse Button (Fire) or G (Pickup)

<sup>\*\*</sup> On Windows, the default mouse speed is 10x. From version 1.2.3+ when adding actions with the "Add Actions" button, a scale processor of 0.1 will be added to compensate.

#### Rewired

This popular 3<sup>rd</sup> party package supports a vast array of input controllers. To use Rewired with S3D you need to have separately purchased it from the Unity Asset Store and imported it into your project.

For more information on Rewired see:

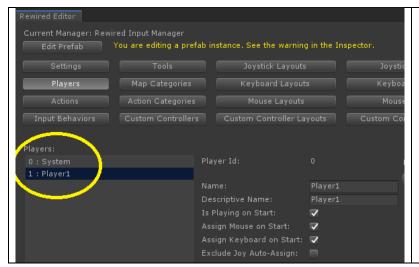
https://assetstore.unity.com/packages/tools/utilities/rewired-21676

Before configuring the Sticky Input Module with Rewired, you first need to setup the Rewired Input Manager in the scene.

If you are not familiar with Rewired, here are the basic steps.

- 1. Add Rewired Input Manager to scene
- 2. Open Input Manager
- 3. Add a Player (and note the zero-based number in the list e.g., 1, 2, 3 etc System is typically 0)
- 4. Add Action Categories (e.g., S3D\_Actions)
- 5. Add Actions to those Categories
- 6. Add Joystick Maps (for gamepad use [T] Gamepad Template see below)
- 7. Add Keyboard Maps
- 8. Add Joystick Maps to a Player (ensure one is set to Start Enabled)

- 9. Add Keyboard Maps to a Player (ensure one is set to Start Enabled)
- 10. For the Player, ensure Assign Keyboard on Start is enabled
- 11. In the Sticky Input Module, set the Player Number to the player "number" from step 3 (0 mean unassigned).



**IMPORTANT**: Don't forget to create a Player and assign the "Player Number" in the Sticky Input Module.

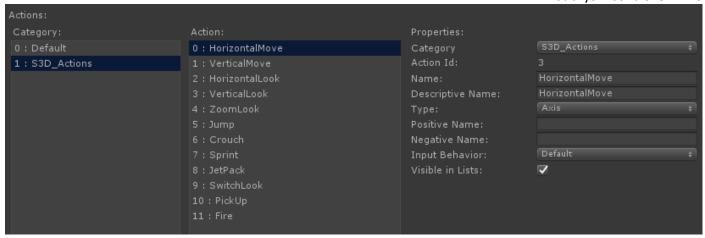
If you leave the Player Number as 0, your character will not be able to move.

For PC with some kind of gamepad (e.g., Xbox One, Sony Dual Shock 4), we'd suggest setting up a Gamepad Template like in the table below.

S3D Action	[T] Gamepad Template	Xbox One Controller	Sony Dual Shock 4	Keyboard & Mouse
Horizontal Move	Left Stick X	Left Stick X	Left Stick X	D, A
Vertical Move	Left Stick Y	Left Stick Y	Left Stick Y	W, S
Horizontal Look	Right Stick X	Right Stick X	Right Stick X	Right, Left Arrow
Vertical Look	Right Stick Y	Right Stick Y	Right Stick Y	Up, Down Arrow
Jump	Right Shoulder 1	Right Shoulder	Right Shoulder	Space
Crouch	Left Shoulder 1	Left Shoulder	Left Shoulder	С
Sprint	Action Bottom Row 1	A Button	Cross Button	SHIFT
Jet Pack	Action Top Row 1	X Button	Square Button	J
Switch Look	Action Top Row 2	Y Button	Triangle Button	V
Zoom Look	D-Pad Y	D-Pad Y	D-Pad Y	[ and ] or Mouse Scroll Wheel
Fire or Pickup	Action Bottom Row 2	B Button	Circle Button	Left Mouse Button (Fire) or G (Pickup)

In the below image we have added two more actions to our Rewired configuration (PickUp and Fire). We could use them with Custom Inputs to call our own code when the user presses one of these buttons.

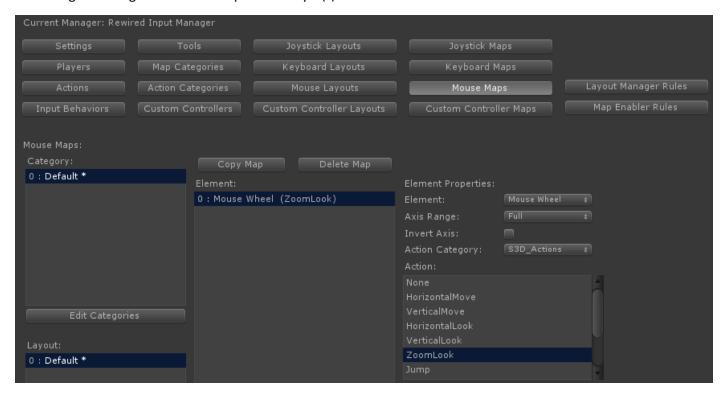
Sticky3D Controller 1.2.5



The Sticky Input Module works for both Axis and Button input. It has been tested with Keyboard Maps and Joystick Maps in Rewired. If you see any issues, please let us know.

To use the mouse scroll wheel for say Zoom Look, create a new Mouse Map in Rewired and assign the ZoomLook action that you created earlier.

Don't forget to assign the Mouse Map to the Player(s) in Rewired.



#### Unity XR - Overview

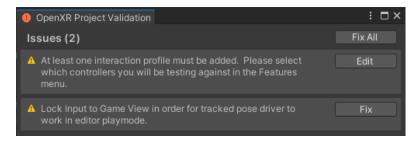
Unity has a framework for XR - Virtual Reality (VR), Augmented Reality (AR) and Mixed Reality (MR). This system uses a XR Plug-in Framework and is built on top of a Unity XR SDK.

The action-based system uses the "new" Unity Input System which is automatically installed during the basic setup steps provided below.

If you want to automatically create and add our suggested default Input Actions to an Input Actions Asset, then either install XR Interaction Toolkit using PackageManager or copy SectorInteraction.cs and CardinalUtility.cs files from another project and click the "Add Actions" button.

Here are the basic setup steps if using the Oculus Quest 2 headset:

- 1) In "Build Settings" ensure you have switched to the Android platform and "Texture Compression" (Player Settings) is ASTC (the Oculus Quest 2 is an Android device).
- 2) Project Settings->XR Plugin Management
- 3) Install XR Plugin Management
- 4) Tick Open XR (Oculus, Windows Mixed Reality, Unity Mock HMD etc) you may need to be on the "standalone tab"
- 5) If setting up for a Quest headset, install Meta XR Core SDK 78.0+ from the Unity Asset Store.
- 6) Click "Yes" to enable the Input System when prompted (after a few moments the editor will restart)
- 7) If Open XR is not ticked on the Android tab, tick it now.
- 8) If there is a small yellow warning beside "OpenXR", click it.



- 9) Click "Fix" next to Lock Input to Game View (and arm64). Leave the other one for now.
- 10) Project Settings, XR Plug-in Management->OpenXR->Android tab
  - a. Interaction Profiles, "+", Oculus Touch Controller Profile.
  - b. OpenXR Feature Groups, Meta Quest Support
  - c. Meta XR Foveation (which can improve performance by lowering the resolution of textures near the edge of your vision)
- 11) If you want to play the scene through the editor while connected with an Oculus Link cable (Oculus Rift mode), you will also need to add an Interaction Profile on the "PC, Mac & Linux Standalone" tab like you did for the Android tab above and optionally set the "Play Mode OpenXR Runtime" to Oculus (or Oculus Open XR).
- 12) From Package Manager, install the XR Interaction Toolkit (XRI). If you don't want XRI in your project, install XRI in your project, install it in a temporary project and copy the FallbackComposite.cs from the XR Interaction Toolkit, Runtime, Inputs, Composites package cache to your project (right-click on file and select Show in Explorer to copy the file).
- 13) On the player S3D character in the scene, locate the Sticky Input Module and change the Input Mode to "Unity XR".
- 14) Using the Unity Input System, create an Input Action Asset scriptableobject in the Project pane.
- 15) Add the Input Action Asset to the Sticky Input Module in the slot provided.
- 16) Click "Add Actions", which will add some default actions to your new Input Action Asset and set them up in the Sticky Input Module.
- 17) In StickyControlModule, on the Look tab, turn off "Third Person", and under "General Look Settings", enable "Free Look".
- 18) Enable "Look VR Mode"
- 19) If there is an existing first-person camera, remove it (also disable or remove the camera from the character in the scene).
- 20) On the Collide tab, check that the Height looks correct
- 21) Under "General Look Settings", click "New" next to "Camera"
- 22) On Move tab, "General Move Settings", set the Move Update Type to "Before Render" or "Update and Before Render".
- 23) In StickyInputModule, click "New" next to Left and Right Hands.
- 24) Configure the Input Axis settings in the StickyInputModule editor. See the table below for suggestions.

25) Optionally, add your own hand meshes and scripts under XR Left Hand and XR Right Hand gameobjects. These should be child objects of the transforms. To set up animated hands, see "Animate – Hand VR" in the chapter on "Sticky Control Module".

Suggested setup using the modified XRI default actions.

S3D Action	Action Map	Action	Action Type	Data Slot	Binding Path
HMD Position	XRI HMD	Position	Value	N/A	<xrhmd>/centerEyePosition</xrhmd>
Left Hand Position	XRI LeftHand	Position	Value	N/A	<xrcontroller> {LeftHand}/pointerPosition</xrcontroller>
Left Hand Rotation	XRI LeftHand	Rotation	Value	N/A	<xrcontroller> {LeftHand}/pointerRotation</xrcontroller>
Right Hand Position	XRI RightHand	Position	Value	N/A	<xrcontroller> {RightHand}/pointerPosition</xrcontroller>
Right Hand Rotation	XRI RightHand	Rotation	Value	N/A	<xrcontroller> {RightHand}/pointerRotation</xrcontroller>
Horizontal Move	XRI LeftHand	Move	Value	Slot1	<xrcontroller> {LeftHand}/Primary2DAxis</xrcontroller>
Vertical Move	XRI LeftHand	Move	Value	Slot2	<xrcontroller> {LeftHand}/Primary2DAxis</xrcontroller>
Look Turn	XRI RightHand	Turn	Value	Slot1	<xrcontroller> {RightHand}/Primary2DAxis</xrcontroller>
Look HMD	XRI HMD	Rotation	Value	Slot1	<xrhmd>/centerEyeRotation</xrhmd>
Jump or Jet Pack Up	XRI RightHand	RightHandA	Button	Slot1	<xrcontroller> {RightHand}/secondaryButton</xrcontroller>
Crouch or Jet Pack Down	XR RightHand	RightHandB	Button	Slot1	<xrcontroller> {RightHand}/primaryButton</xrcontroller>
Sprint	XR LeftHand	LeftHandX	Button	Slot1	<xrcontroller> {LeftHand}/primaryButton</xrcontroller>
Jet Pack Enable	XR LeftHand	LeftHandY	Button	Slot1	<xrcontroller> {LeftHand}/secondaryButton</xrcontroller>
Switch Look					Currently only first person is supported for XR.
Zoom Look					Currently not supported in XR
Fire or Pickup	XRI RightHand	Activate	Button	Slot1	<xrcontroller>{RightHand}/ triggerPressed</xrcontroller>

## Unity XR – Properties

These are the properties available when Unity XR Input Mode is selected.

Property	Description
Input Action Asset	A scriptableobject asset containing Unity Input System action maps and control
	schemes.

	Sticky3D Controller 1.2.5
Property	Description
Left Hand	The transform of the XR left hand.
Right Hand	The transform of the XR right hand.
Parent Hands to SSC Ship	If the reference frame is a Sci-Fi Ship Controller (SSC) craft, this can help the
	hands interact with objects attached to the ship.
	(Only available if SSC is also installed in this project).
HMD Position Input Axis	The position input from the VR head-mounted device. This should return a
	vector3. E.g., <xrhmd>/centerEyePosition</xrhmd>
Left Hand Position Input Axis	The position input from the VR left hand controller. This should return a vector3.
	E.g., <xrcontroller>{LeftHand}/pointerPosition</xrcontroller>
Left Hand Rotation Input Axis	The rotation input from the VR left hand controller. This should return a
	quaternion. E.g., <xrcontroller>{LeftHand}/pointerRotation</xrcontroller>
Right Hand Position Input Axis	The position input from the VR right hand controller. This should return a
	vector3. E.g., <xrcontroller>{RightHand}/pointerPosition</xrcontroller>
Right Hand Rotation Input Axis	The rotation input from the VR right hand controller. This should return a
	quaternion. E.g., <xrcontroller>{RightHand}/pointerRotation</xrcontroller>
Horizontal Move Input Axis	Left or right movement when Room Scale is OFF
Vertical Move Input Axis	Forward or backward movement when Room Scale is OFF
Sprint Button	Sprint or run
Jump & Jet Pack Up Button	Jump or move up when Jet Pack is enabled.
Crouch & Jet Pack Down	Crouch down or move down when the Jet Pack is enabled.
Button	
Jet Pack Enable Button	Toggle the Jet Pack on or off.
Look Turn Input Axis	Look or turn left or right. This should return a quaternion. E.g.,
	<pre><xrcontroller>{RightHand}/Primary2DAxis</xrcontroller></pre>
Look HMD Input Axis	Look in any direction using the VR headset. This should return a quaternion. E.g.,
	<xrhmd>/centerEyeRotation</xrhmd>
Switch Look Button	Switch between first- and third-person view.
Zoom Input Axis	Zoom the camera in or out.
Left Fire1 Button	Fire the primary weapon mechanism.
Left Fire2 Button	Fire the secondary weapon mechanism.
Right Fire1 Button	Fire the primary weapon mechanism.
Right Fire2 Button	Fire the secondary weapon mechanism.

If you experience jitter when looking left or right, there are currently two different workarounds.

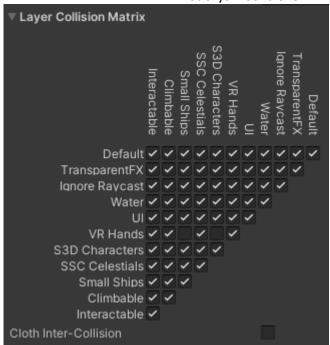
- In Project Settings->Time, set the Fixed Timestep to match your target framerate (0.0138889 = 72 fps, 0.011111 = 90 fps, 0.00833 = 120 fps). You may also need to disable VSync.
- If the above doesn't work, set the Fixed Timestep back to 0.02 and on the Sticky Control Module Move tab, General Move Settings, change Move Update Type to "Update".

## Unity XR – Hands and Physics Collisions

Typically, you don't want your XR hands to collide with the character itself. If the hands have colliders and rigidbodies, they will push the character. That's not what you want.

Essentially, this is what you need to do:

- Place your player characters into a separate Unity Layer (say 21 "S3D Characters"). On the prefab, change the "Layer" in the Unity Editor to "S3D Characters" and click "Yes, change children".
- 2. If you don't have one already, create a new Unity "Layer" in the Unity Editor called say 20 "VR Hands".
- 3. Find "XR Hands Offset" which should be a child of the player character and change the Layer to "VR Hands". Again click "Yes, change children" when prompted.
- 4. If you have a "Stash" gameobject under the character, set that to say the "Default" Layer. Again, click "Yes, change children" on those objects too.
- 5. As a final step, in the Unity Editor, go to "Project Settings..." and find "Physics". Now uncheck the intersection between "S3D Characters" and "VR Hands". This will allow your XR hands to interact with everything in your scene, except the character itself.



On the hand rigidbodies, assuming they are Kinematic, set the "Collision Detection" to "Continuous Speculative". Do the same for your interactive-enabled levers and joysticks that are attached to any moving vehicles.

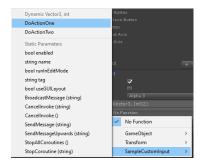
## **Custom Input**

Each of the supported Input Modes (Direct Keyboard, Legacy Unity, Unity Input System, and Rewired), can take input from their various devices, and push that data to your own custom C# method. Example of how you might use this feature include:

- Call your own code when the player presses a button on a controller
- Call your own menu code
- Perform a custom action like change the camera position
- Get the value from say a controller trigger
- Modify a character variable or setting at runtime

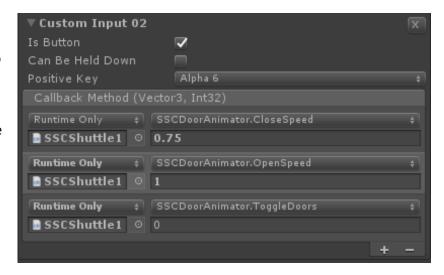
To use this in your own game code:

- 1. Create a new C# public method in your own game code (ensure it takes a Vector3 and int parameter if you want to get the input value and the input type) \*\*
- 2. In Sticky Input Module Inspector, add a "Custom Input"
- 3. Select the button or controller input. If you are using Legacy Unity, Unity Input System, or Rewired you may need to configure this in the current input system first.
- 4. In Sticky Input Module, under the new Custom Input, add a Callback Method event.
- 5. Drag the gameobject from the scene that includes your game code script onto the empty Object field.
- 6. Configure the event function by selecting the method you created in item #1 above which should be under "Dynamic Vector3 int" in the popup menu.



For examples, see Demos\Scripts\SampleCustomInput.cs.

\*\* You can also use "static parameters" or just call a method that takes no parameters. For example, you may wish to simply perform an action when the player presses a button on a controller or the keyboard. Or you may wish to always pass a certain parameter to a method when the user presses a button. Static Parameters only support a single parameter. On the right, is an example of setting the door opening and closing speeds before toggling the door(s) open or closed.



## **Custom Input and Animation**

User input can drive animation within your Unity Animator Controller. For example, when a player wants to bend down and pick up an object by pressing a button on their device or gamepad, you may wish to set parameters in the Animator Controller.

For more information, see Sticky Control Module – Animate – Custom Input and Actions.

## Overriding Player Input Module in Code

Although you can write your own version of an input module and send input to a character with stickyControlModule.SendInput(..), you may wish to do a combination of both. For example, maybe you wish to have the player control everything except forward and backward motion. This could be achieved by overriding the Vertical Move input axis.

In the Sticky Input Module's editor, you can choose to "Override in Code" each axis. You can also set this value yourself in code. Then in C# code, you could control the forward and back movement. This is demonstrated in the SampleInputOverride.cs script which is included in the Demos\Scripts folder.

## Sticky Display Module

The Sticky Display Module can be used to display information to the player.

This feature is currently **NOT SUPPORTED with VR** because Unity does not support screen space overlay in VR.

A prefab is included in the Demos\Prefabs\visuals folder that can be dropped into a scene. If you plan to modify the prefab, we suggest creating a copy or "original" prefab from this one to work with. Otherwise, when you next update Sticky3D Controller you may overwrite your changes.

When making changes to a HUD prefab, ensure you edit in the scene OR "Open Prefab" when using 2019.1 or newer. If you attempt to make changes when the prefab is not open or in the scene you will receive many errors and warnings in the console which may leave the HUD prefab in an inconsistent state.

The Sticky Display Module is a UnityEngine.UI or canvas-based solution. Currently it does not use any custom shaders and therefore should work wherever the UI canvas and components are supported. If you see any platform-centric issues, please let us know.

The module currently has the following feature areas:

- Auto-hide cursor
- Reticle selection
- Display Messages
- Display Targets
- API for integration with your own project

Our plan is to add new features over time based on typical user requirements. Where possible, we endeavour to add core features that have widespread appeal. We believe stable low-level features are more important than visual or graphical elements. That's because we know you will have very particular look and feel requirement which will set you game or project apart from others. Essentially, we want to empower you rather than restrict you.

Don't feel compelled to use this module. If you want to design a totally different display you can still do so and use our extensive API to pull data from the characters etc.

**WARNING:** Do not manually change the size, anchor points or settings of the display elements in the scene. This could lead to unpredictable results.

## Sticky Display Module – Extending

As the module is constructed on top of the standard Unity UI and has its own built-in API, you should be able to extend its functionality without too much fuss.

We'd recommend the following approach:

- 1. Create a custom monobehaviour script in your own namespace
- 2. Attach this component to the same gameobject as the StickyDisplayModule component
- 3. In your script get a reference to both the StickyDisplayModule and the Canvas.
- 4. Call any StickyDisplayModule API methods as required
- 5. Add UI elements giving them unique names on the same canvas.
- 6. Update your UI elements as required

### Sticky Display Module – General Settings

Many of these properties can be adjusted in real-time in the editor at runtime to see the effect they have.

Property	Description
Initialise on Start	If enabled, the Initialise () will be called as soon as Start () runs. This should be
	disabled if you are instantiating the display through code.
Show on Initialise	Show the display when it is first Initialised
Show Overlay	Show the overlay image on the display.
Auto Hide Cursor	Automatically hide the screen cursor or mouse pointer after it has been stationary
	for a fixed period of time. Automatically show the cursor if the mouse if moved
	provided that the Display Reticle is on shown.
Hide Cursor Time	The number of seconds to wait until after the cursor has not moved before hiding it
Main Camera	The main camera used to perform calculations with the heads-up display. If blank
	will be auto-assigned to the first camera with a MainCamera tag.
Display Width	The head-up display's normalised width of the screen. 1.0 is full width, 0.5 is half
	width. To see the effect of this outside play mode, enable Show Display Outline and
	look in the scene view.
Display Height	The head-up display's normalised height of the screen. 1.0 is full height, 0.5 is half
	height. To see the effect of this outside play mode, enable Show Display Outline and
	look in the scene view.
Display Offset X	The head-up display's normalised offset between the left (-1) and the right (1) from
	the centre (0) of the screen. To see the effect of this outside play mode, enable
	Show Display Outline and look in the scene view.

Property	Description
Display Offset Y	The head-up display's normalised offset between the bottom (-1) and the top (1) from the centre (0) of the screen. To see the effect of this outside play mode, enable
	Show Display Outline and look in the scene view.
Primary Colour	Primary colour of the heads-up display. This changes the colour of the overlay image. This are affected by Brightness. Calibrate when Brightness = 1.
Brightness	This is the overall brightness of the display relative to its initial state at runtime.
Canvas Sort Order	The sort order of the canvas in the scene. Higher numbers are on top.
Show Display Outline	Show the display as a yellow outline in the scene view [Has no effect in play mode]. Click Refresh if screen has been resized. This can help to gauge the overall size of the display without going into play mode.

## Sticky Display Module – Display Reticle Settings

Many of these properties can be adjusted in real-time in the editor at runtime.

Property	Description
Show Active Reticle	Show or render the active Display Reticle on the display. [Has no effect outside play mode]
Active Display Reticle	The currently selected or displayed reticle. This is used to help aim at things in front of your character.
Reticle Offset X	The Display Reticle's normalised offset between the left (-1) and the right (1) from the centre (0) of the screen.
Reticle Offset Y	The Display Reticle's normalised offset between the bottom (-1) and the top (1) from the centre (0) of the screen.
Reticle Colour	The colour of the active Display Reticle
Lock Reticle to Cursor	Should the Display Reticle follow the cursor or mouse position on the screen?
Sprite (for each Reticle)	The sprite (texture) to be displayed in the display for this reticle. Samples of these are provided in the Textures\Display folder. They should be 64x64, white with a transparent background, and have a Texture Type of Sprite (2D and UI).

To create a custom reticle you can perform the following tasks:

- 1. In an image editor like Photoshop, Corel Paintshop Pro or Gimp, create a new image with a transparent background that has dimensions of 64x64 pixels.
- 2. Draw your reticle in white (RGBA 1,1,1,1) you can colour the reticle inside the Sticky Display Module.
- 3. Import the image into Unity (we have used PNG but the format should not matter)
- 4. Change the Texture Type to "Sprite (2D and UI)"
- 5. Use this sprite in your Display Reticle.

## Sticky Display Module – Display Message Settings

Display Messages are used to present information to the player. They are displayed and can also be created, shown, hidden, moved or scrolled at runtime via our extensive API. See "Runtime and API" for more details.

At runtime, messages are stacking on the UI canvas in the order they appear in the Sticky Display Module Inspector list. The first item is on placed on the canvas first, and then the second message, and so forth. You can re-order the list by using the small "V" move button.

Many of these properties can be adjusted in real-time in the editor at runtime.

Property	Description
Show Message	Show the message on the display. When a message is created, this is off by design.
	[Has no effect outside play mode]
Message Name	The name or description of the message. This can be used to identify the message.

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Property	Description
Message Text	The text to display in the message. It can include RichText markup. e.g., <b>Bold</b>
	Text
Offset X	The Display Message's normalised offset between the left (-1) and the right (1) from
	the centre (0) of the screen.
Offset Y	The Display Message's normalised offset between the bottom (-1) and the top (1)
	from the centre (0) of the screen.
Display Width	The Display Message's normalised width. 1.0 is full screen width, 0.5 is half width.
Display Height	The Display Message's normalised height. 1.0 is full screen height, 0.5 is half height.
Show Background	Show the Display Message background
Text Colour	Colour of the Message text
Text Alignment	The position of the text within the Display Message panel
Is Best Fit	Is the text font size automatically changes within the bounds of Font Min Size and
	Font Max Size to fill the panel?
Font Min Size	When Is Best Fit is true will use this minimum font size if required
Font Max Size	The size of the font. If isBestFit is true, this will be the maximum font size it can use.
Scroll Direction	The direction (if any) the text should scroll across the screen.
Scroll Speed	Speed or rate at which the text will scroll across the display.
Is Scroll Fullscreen	Scroll full screen regardless of message width and height.

## Sticky Display Module – Display Gauge Settings

These simple measuring bars and gauges can be used to let players know the status of things in your game. Some examples include:

- The health of the character
- Fuel level in the jet pack
- The amount of charge in a weapon
- The distance to your destination
- Your game score
- Number of times the player can respawn
- The percentage of enemies left to destroy



Gauges are typically constructed by using a different foreground and background sprite (UI texture). There are several examples included in the Textures\Display folder to get you started. Examples include:

- SSCUICircle1BGnd
- SSCUICircle1FGnd
- SSCUICircle2BGnd
- SSCUIFilled
- SSCUIStripeH1Border (has a transparent border)
- SSCUIStripeH1NoBorder
- SSCUIStripeH2Border
- SSCUIStripeH2NoBorder
- SSCUIStripeV1Border
- SSCUIStripeV1NoBorder
- SSCUIStripeV2Border
- SSCUIStripeV2NoBorder

To build custom background and/or foreground sprites, follow the following basic steps:

1. In an image editor like Photoshop, Corel Paintshop Pro or Gimp, create a new image with a transparent background that has dimensions of 64x64 or 256x256 pixels.

- 2. Draw your sprite details in white (RGBA 1,1,1,1) you can colour the sprite inside the Ship Display Module. For darker areas use a grey scale. Don't forget to test how they look when the colours are changed in the display module AND the brightness is modified in the General Settings. This is the primary reason why you draw the sprite using white.
- 3. Import the image into Unity (we have used PNG but the format should not matter). Typically, you will want to place the new sprite in your own folder within the project (not within the Sticky3DController folder).
- 4. Change the Texture Type to "Sprite (2D and UI)"

There are many API methods that can help you manage and update gauges at runtime.

Many of these properties can be adjusted in real-time in the editor at runtime.

Property	Description
Show Gauge	Show the gauge on the display. When a gauge is created, this is off by design. [Has
	no effect outside play mode].
Gauge Name	The name or description of the gauge. This can be used to identify the gauge.
Gauge Value	The current amount or reading on the gauge. Value must be between 0.0 (empty/min) and 1.0 (full/max).
Offset X	The Display Gauge's normalised offset between the left (-1) and the right (1) from the centre (0) of the screen.
Offset Y	The Display Gauge's normalised offset between the bottom (-1) and the top (1) from the centre (0) of the screen.
Display Width	The Display Gauge's normalised width. 1.0 is full screen width, 0.5 is half width.
Display Height	The Display Gauge's normalised height. 1.0 is full screen height, 0.5 is half height.
Value Affects Colour	Does the colour of the foreground change, based on the value of the gauge?
Foreground Colour	Colour of the gauge foreground when the value does not affect the colour.
Foreground Low Colour	Colour of the Gauge foreground when value is 0.0
Foreground Medium Colour	Colour of the Gauge foreground when value is 0.5
Foreground High Colour	Colour of the Gauge foreground when value is 1.0
Foreground Sprite	The sprite (texture) for the foreground of the gauge
Background Colour	Colour of the gauge background.
Background Sprite	The sprite (texture) for the background of the gauge
Fill Method	Determines the method used to fill the gauge foreground sprite when the gaugeValue is modified.
Keep Aspect Ratio	Keep the original aspect ratio of the foreground and background sprites. Useful when creating circular gauges.
Text Colour	Colour of the Gauge text
Text Alignment	The position of the text within the Display Gauge panel
Text Direction	The direction of the text within the Display Gauge panel
Text Style	The style of the text within the Display Gauge panel
Is Best Fit	Is the text font size automatically changes within the bounds of Font Min Size and Font Max Size to fill the panel?
Font Min Size	When Is Best Fit is true will use this minimum font size if required
Font Max Size	The size of the font. If isBestFit is true, this will be the maximum font size it can use.

#### Sticky Display Module – Display Target Settings

These are used to show potential friendly or enemy targets to the player. They can also be used with Sticky XR Interactor to show interactive-enabled objects being pointed at with hands in VR.

Like the "Active Display Reticle", they use the Reticles from the list that is available in the Display Reticle Settings section of the editor.

Display Targets can be created, shown, hidden or moved at runtime via our extensive API. See "Runtime and API" for more details.

Many of these properties can be adjusted in real-time in the editor at runtime.

Property	Description
Show Viewport Outline	Show the rendering limits as a red outline in the scene view [Has no effect in play mode]. Click Refresh if screen has been resized.
Viewport Width	The width of the clipped area in which Targets are visible. 1.0 is full width, 0.5 is half width.
Viewport Height	The height of the clipped area in which Targets are visible. 1.0 is full height, 0.5 is half height.
Viewport Offset X	The X offset from centre of the screen for the viewport
Viewport Offset Y	The Y offset from centre of the screen for the viewport
Targeting Range	The maximum distance in metres that targets can be away from the ship
Per Target Settings	
Show Target	Show the target reticle on the HUD. When a target is created, this is off by design. [Has no effect outside play mode]
Display Reticle	The Display Reticle to use for this Target. To add more Reticles, see the list in the Display Reticle Settings section.
Reticle Sprite	This is what the target will look like on the HUD before colour and brightness is applied.
Reticle Colour	The colour of the active Display Reticle for this Target
Max. Number of Targets	The maximum number of these DisplayTargets that can be shown on the HUD at any one time.

Debug Mode is used at runtime to show useful information that can help with troubleshooting.

## **Proximity Component**

This component let you call your game code, many S3D API methods, and/or set properties on gameobjects when an object with a collider enters or exits an area of your scene. Essentially, it saves you time from having to write collider trigger code. There is also an option to check the object's Unity tag.

If no tags are provided, all objects can affect this area. NOTE: All tags MUST exist.

A typical use case is when a character enters an area, and you want to perform some kind of custom task or make something particular happen in your game. It could be something as simple as turning on/off a light as the character enters or exits a room.

To add one to the scene, use the 3D Object -> Sticky3D Controller menu to create a new gameobject with either a sphere or box trigger collider.

# Sticky Anim Replacer

This component can be added to your S3D character (Sticky Control Module), to allow you to replace one or more animation clips at runtime. The component uses S3DAnimClipSets which are ScriptableObjects that are created in your Project.

To create an S3DAnimClipSet:

- 1. In the Project panel of the Unity Editor, in an Assets folder, Create (right-click or "+" dropdown), Sticky3D -> Anim Clip Set
- 2. Give the highlighted Anim Clip Set a unique name (e.g., MyCharacter Anim Clip Set1)
- 3. Add an Anim Clip Pair

- 4. Find the original animation clip used in your Animator Controller and drop it into the "Original" slot
- 5. Find the animation clip that you want to replace it with and drop it into the "Replacement" slot
- 6. Repeat steps 3-6 for any additional pairs you want to replace at the same time.
- 7. Optionally restrict the Anim Clip Set to only working with one or more characters by adding Model Id to the "Character Model IDs" array.

Each Anim Clip Set represents a set of animation clips that should be replaced at the same time. For some examples of Anim Clips Sets, see the Sticky3DController\Demos\AnimClipSets folder.

To use the Sticky Anim Replacer component, add one or more Anim Clip Sets to the component (there is also an API to add them at runtime if required).

Call the Sticky Anim Replacer API methods from your C# game code, your Visual Scripting engine, or from a Sticky3D Input Module Custom Input.

Eg., ReplaceAnimClipSet(1), RestoreAnimClipSet(1), ToggleAnimClipSet(1).

# Sticky Beam Module

Every Weapon that fires a beam requires a prefab with a Sticky Beam Module script attached. For details on using beam weapons see the chapter called "Sticky Weapon" in this manual.

#### How to Create Beam Prefabs

To create a new Beam prefab:

- 1. In a scene, using the 3D Object Menu, select Sticky3D Controller -> Sticky Beam
- 2. Rename the StickyBeam. E.g., MyBeam1
- 3. Optionally, set the Unity Layer to "Ignore Raycast", and click "Yes, change children" when prompted. This would allow you to then set weapon scope cameras to not include the "Ignore Raycast" layer in the "Culling Mask".
- 4. Create a prefab from the gameobject by dragging the parent gameobject into a folder in the Project pane
- 5. Reset the prefab parent transform position and rotation to 0,0,0
- 6. Delete the gameobject from the scene

# Sticky Effects Module

This is a poolable particle and/or sound effect used when something is hit, damaged or destroyed. It also has a special "Sound FX" type which can be used with audio clip replacement at runtime.

This component inherits from StickyGenericModule which is managed by StickyManager.

### How to Create Effects Prefabs

To create a new Effects Module prefab:

- 1. In a scene, using the 3D Object Menu, select Sticky3D Controller -> Sticky Effects Object
- 2. Rename the StickyEffectsObject. E.g., MyEffects1
- 3. Create a prefab from the gameobject by dragging the parent gameobject into a folder in the Project pane
- 4. Update the particle system and/or the Audio Source as required.
- 5. When including an Audio Source, ensure "Play on Awake" is NOT enabled.
- 6. Reset the prefab parent transform position and rotation to 0,0,0

#### How to Create Sound FX Prefabs

To create a new Sound FX prefab:

- 1. In a scene, using the 3D Object Menu, select Sticky3D Controller -> Sticky Sound FX
- 2. Rename the StickySoundFX. E.g., MySoundFX1

- 3. Ensure "Play On Awake" is NOT enabled on the Audio Source.
- 4. Create a prefab from the gameobject by dragging the parent gameobject into a folder in the Project pane
- 5. Reset the prefab parent transform position and rotation to 0,0,0

## Sticky Effects – Properties

Property	Description
Effects Type	Most effects modules will have the Default type. Sound FX is for items that
	specifically require a Sound FX rather than a general Sticky Effects Module.
Min Pool Size	The starting size of the pool.
Max Pool Size	The maximum allowed size of the pool.
Despawn Time	The object will be automatically despawned after this amount of time (in seconds)
	has elapsed.
Is Reparented	Does this object get parented to another object when activated? If so, it will be
	reparented to the pool transform after use.

# Sticky Foot

This is a small optional component added to the feet of a character to detect collisions with the ground. It is typically used when you want more accurate footstep sounds and effects.

In your characters prefab, you should first attach a small sphere, or box collider onto the transform of the left and right foot bones. Then, on to the same transforms, attach a StickyFoot component. Now, in the StickyControlModule, on the Move tab, expand the Footsteps section, make sure "Use Move Speed" is not enabled, and add the Left and Right Foot transforms.

## Sticky Interactive

This component can be used to make objects in your scene interactive-enabled. It will be possible to make objects in your scene Activable, Readable, Selectable, Sittable, Stashable, Touchable, and/or Grabbable. For example, you might have a panel or button that your character needs to press to cause some action like open a door, turn on a light, or reveal some hidden key.

You can also get the objects to call your own game code and/or S3D APIs when certain things happen. For example, when a character starts looking at or stops looking at an interactive-enabled object. Or maybe when one (or more) are selected in the scene, or when an object is picked up (grabbed) or dropped by a character.

To be seen, interactive-enabled objects should have a non-trigger collider or rigidbody on the same gameobject as the StickyInteractive component. When there are multiple colliders on the same gameobject, Unity creates compound colliders at runtime which may produce behaviour you are not expecting. If you need to place the colliders on child objects, but still want them to be discoverable by the characters, add a StickyInteractiveChild component to the child gameobject(s) containing the colliders, and drag in the parent StickyInteractive component.

Any player or non-player character (NPC) can activate or deactivate the Activable objects in the scene.

Each player or NPC can contain its own list of Selectable objects in the scene. The number selectable at one time are set on the Engage tab of each S3D character. The same object can be selected by one character, while not be selected by another character.

Sticky Interactive can be used with either Hand IK to animate hands, or Sticky XR Interactor in VR games.

For Grabbable objects, you'll need to setup both Hand IK on the S3D character, and the at least the Hand Hold Primary Relative Position on the Interactive object.

To help with testing, we have included a StickyInteractiveTester component that can be added to an empty gameobject in the scene. You can hook this up to any event on an interactive-enabled object to check when those

events are fired during game play in the editor at runtime. After testing, you can hook up your own methods in your code and delete the tester from the scene.

# Sticky Interactive – General Properties

Property or Button	Description
Initialise on Start	If enabled, Initialise() will be called as soon as Start() runs. This should be disabled if
	you want to control when the Sticky Interactive component is enabled through
	code.
Is Activable	Can this item be activated? Typically used with grabble objects. If an object is also
	grabbable, it must be grabbed to be activated. Non-grabbable objects can be useful
	when machinery needs to be activated or deactivated without being picked up.
Auto Deactivate	When the item is activated, it is automatically deactivated making it a single on and
	off action. Only the OnActivated events are triggered.
Deactivate on Drop	When a grabbable and activable object is dropped while activated, it will be
	deactivated. Both Deactivate and OnDropped events are triggered.
Priority over Grab	When Is Activable and Is Grabbable is true, Activable will be considered before Grab
	when EngageLookAtInteractive() is called. This can be helpful when you want to
	display a popup which could include an option to Grab.
Priority over Touch	When activable and Is touchable is true, activable will be considered before touch
	when EngageLookAtInteractive() is called.
Is Equippable	Can the item be attached to the character body (typically a bone). When
	"equipped", interactive-enabled objects become dormant or inactive. The objects
	remain visible. See also "Is Grabbable" and "Is Stashable".
Equip Offset	The local space equip position offset from a character equip point.
Equip Rotation	The local space rotation, stored in degrees, around a character equip point.
Equip from Held Delay	The amount of time, in seconds, that a held object will delay being parented to the
	equip point. This could be used to allow time for say a weapon holster animation to
	run before the equip operation is completed.
Re-parent on Drop	Attempt to reparent the interactive-enabled object to the original parent
	Gameobject when it was equipped, grabbed or stashed.
Is Grabbable	Can this item be grabbed or held?
Carry in Hand	When grabbed, the interactive-enabled object will be held in the palm of the hand.
	Turn this off for objects like levers with a non-kinematic (dynamic) rigidbody which
	you do not want the character to carry. Currently, should always be on unless using
	VR and StickyXRInteractors.
Parented on Grab	When grabbed, the interactive-enabled object will be parented to the hand of S3D
	character.
	NOTE: Parenting infers the object will be carried in the palm of the hand.
Re-parent on Drop	Attempt to reparent the interactive-enabled object to the original parent
	Gameobject when it was equipped, grabbed or stashed.
Disable Regular Colliders	When grabbed, non-trigger colliders on this interactive-enabled object will be
	disabled. Unless this is a Weapon or Magazine, when dropped, they will NOT be
	enabled. To enable them add EnableNonTriggerColliders() to OnDropped.
Disable Trigger Colliders	When grabbed, trigger colliders on this interactive-enabled object will be disabled.
	Unless this is a Weapon or Magazine, when dropped, they will NOT be enabled. To
	enable them add EnableTriggerColliders() to OnDropped.
Remove Rigidbody on	When grabbed, if there is a rigidbody attached, remove it.
Grab	
Is Lyable	
Bed Target Offset	The local space relative offset that the character should aim for when getting ready
	to lie down. When "Is Sittable" is also enabled, typically you should make the "Sit
	Target Offset" and "Bed Target Offset" the same values.

Adj. Target Offset Adj. Starget Rotation Bed Target Rotation The local space relative Euler rotation angles that the character should aim for when getting ready to lie down. When "is Sittable" is also enabled, typically you should make the "sit Target Rotation" and "Bed Target Rotation" the same values.  Bed Prone Offset The local space relative offset position where the character will be on the bed. Max. Look Horz. Limit be local space relative offset position where the character when lying on this bed. If the character already has a lower limit, this will have no effect.  Lock Position When lying on this bed, should the character position only be modified when the reference frame object moves?  Is Bed Allocated If the object is lyable, is the bed allocated (or reserved)? Typically, used when reserving a bed for a character to lie on. If "is Sittable" is also enabled, allocating the bed will automatically allocate the seat, and vis versa.  Is Readable Can values be read from this object? This is typically used for reading the position of a virtual in-game lever or joystick. See DemosyPrefabs/Props/S3D_Level1 for an example.  If you own Sci-Fi Ship Controller and are using VR, check out the SSCInputBridge component.  The interactive-enabled object must have a kinematic rigidbody attached.  Switteable Can pivot values be updated on the object? This is typically used for rotating a virtual in-game joystick or lever based on some external data. If you own Sci-Fi Ship Controller, check out the SSCOutputBridge component.  Writeable objects must also be readable. If your character will be using Hand IK to grip the joystick or lever, the attached kinematic rigidbody on the object may need Interpolate set to "Interpolate" and Collisson Detection set to "Continuous Speculative".  Readable Pivot The point where the readable lever or joystick pivots around.  Dead Z		Sticky3D Controller 1.2.5
and the expected character radius.  The local space relative Euler rotation angles that the character should aim for when getting ready to lie down. When "is Sittable" is also enabled, typically you should make the "Sit Target Rotation" and "Bed Target Rotation" the same values.  Bed Prone Offset  The local space relative offset position where the character will lie on the bed.  Max. Look Horz. Limit  bed. If the character already has a lower limit, this will have no effect.  Lock Position  When lying on this bed, should the character position where offect.  When lying on this bed, should the character position only be modified when the reference frame object moves?  Is Bed Allocated  If the object is lyable, is the bed allocated (or reserved)? Typically, used when reserving a bed for a character to lie on. If "is Sittable" is also enabled, allocating the bed will automatically allocate the seat, and vis versa.  Is Readable  Can values be read from this object? This is typically used for reading the position of a virtual in-game lever or joystick. See Demos/Prefabs/Props/S3D_Level1 for an example.  If you own Sci-Fi Ship Controller and are using VR, check out the SSCInputBridge component.  The interactive-enabled object must have a kinematic rigidbody attached.  Is Writeable  Can pivot values be updated on the object? This is typically used for rotating a virtual in-game joystick or lever based on some external data. If you own Sci-Fi Ship Controller, check out the SSCOutputBridge component.  Writeable objects must also be readable. If your character will be using Hand Ik to grip the joystick or lever, the attached kinematic rigidbody on the object may need interpolate set to "Interpolate" and collison Detection set to "Continuous Speculative".  Readable Pivot  The point where the readable lever or joystick pivots around.  The normalised amount the pivot can move before values are updated.  Invert X  Invert Le -axis value (forward and backward) from the readable pivot.  Inix I (left)  The maximum angle, in degr	Property or Button	Description
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Sit Scale Radius The relative amount to scale the radius of the character when sitting on the	Sit Temp. Height	When "Sit Scale Height" is Fixed, the temporary height to assign to the character
-		when sitting on this interactive-enabled object.
interactive-enabled object. It might be useful to scale down the character radius to	Sit Scale Radius	-
		interactive-enabled object. It might be useful to scale down the character radius to

	Sticky3D Controller 1.2.5
Property or Button	Description
	say 0.5 of the original character collider radius when sitting with knees under a desk,
	table or console.
Sit Target Offset	The local space relative offset that the character should aim for when getting ready
	to sit down. When "Is Lyable" is also enabled, typically you should make the "Sit
	Target Offset" and "Bed Target Offset" the same values.
Adj. Target Offset	Adjust the sit target offset based on the difference between the character radius
raj. raiget onset	and the expected character radius.
Sit Target Rotation	The local space relative Euler rotation angles that the character should aim for when
on ranger notation	getting ready to sit down. When "Is Lyable" is also enabled, typically you should
	make the "Sit Target Rotation" and "Bed Target Rotation" the same values.
Lock Position	When sitting on this seat, should the character position only be modified when the
LOCK F OSITION	reference frame object moves?
Is Seat Allocated	If the object is sittable, is the seat allocated (or reserved)? Typically, used when
is seat Allocated	
	reserving a seat for a character to sit on. If "Is Lyable" is also enabled, allocating the
Mala Tana Baf Farma	seat will automatically allocate the bed, and vis versa.
Make Temp. Ref. Frame	Should the character set this this interactive object as a temporary reference frame
	when interacting with it? Enable this if you want the character to move with the seat
	like when it has a SSC Seat Animator.
SSC Seat Animator	If Sci-Fi Ship Controller is installed, this can link to a SSC Seat Animator component
	used for a multi-stage seating operation. For example, animating a chair before and
	after sitting.
Is Socketable	Can this item be attached to a StickySocket?
Socket Offset	The local space position offset which will snap to the StickySocket.
Socket Rotation	The local space rotation, stored in degrees, around a StickySocket point.
Is Stashable	Can this item be stashed in the inventory of a character?
Re-parent on Drop	Attempt to reparent the interactive-enabled object to the original parent
·	Gameobject when it was equipped, grabbed or stashed.
Is Touchable	Can this item be touched by a character? Typically used with Hand IK or Sticky XR
	Interactor.
Hand Hold Relative	The gizmos show where the hand would be placed on the object. The arrow points
Positions	in palm direction. The sphere is in the thumb up direction. Fingers show where they
. 65.4.6.1.6	would face.
(LH) Left Hand	The gizmos will show the left-hand position.
(F)ind	Select (find) the hand hold position in the scene view
(G)izmo	Toggle the gizmo for this hand hold position in the scene view
Hold 1 Offset	The first or primary local space hand hold offset – you can modify the value in the
Hold I Offset	
Hald 4 Datation	Inspector or move the gizmo in the scene view.
Hold 1 Rotation	The first or primary local space hand hold rotation stored in degrees – you can
	modify the value in the Inspector or rotate the gizmo in the scene view. Arrow gizmo
	points in direction hand palm is facing. Sphere points towards thumb direction.
Hold 1 Flip for LH	For the first or primary hand hold, flip the rotation for left hand when using Sticky
	XR Interactor. This can be useful when the hand hold position is on a symmetrical
	handle like a bat, racket, or spear.
Hold 2 Offset	The second or secondary local space hand hold offset – you can modify the value in
	the Inspector or move the gizmo in the scene view.
Hold 2 Rotation	The second or secondary local space hand hold rotation stored in degrees – you can
	modify the value in the Inspector or rotate the gizmo in the scene view. Arrow gizmo
	points in direction hand palm is facing. Sphere points towards thumb direction.
Hold 2 Flip for LH	For the second or secondary hand hold, flip the rotation for left hand when using
	Sticky XR Interactor. This can be useful when the hand hold position is on a
	symmetrical handle like a bat, racket, or spear.

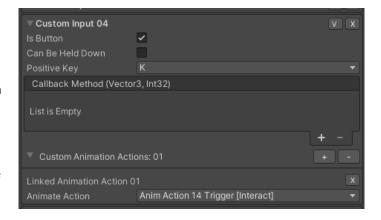
Property or Button	Description
Popup Interval	The minimum interval, in seconds, between when popups should be shown associated with this interactive-enabled object.
Popup Offset	The default local space offset a StickyPopupModule appears relative to the interactive-enabled object.
Popup Relative Up	Use the relative up direction to apply default Popup Offset. This can be useful if you want a popup to appear "above" the interactive object. Only applies when "Use Gravity" is enabled.
Interactive Tags	This is a Scriptable Object containing a list of 32 tags. Typically, you will only need one per project.  To create custom tags, in the Project pane, click Create->Sticky3D->Interactive Tags.
Tag	The interactive tag used to determine compatibility with things like StickySockets, character Equip Points, or Animf Conditions

## Sticky Interactive – Animate Properties

Animate setting allows you to control character animations. Your humanoid character most likely already is set up with idle, walk, and run animations. When your character grabs an interactive-enabled object, you probably want to use different animations. For example, when idle, the character might want to hold a coffee cup in front of them. Object Anim Sets help you replace existing character animations to match the object they grab (without you writing any code). They can also send Sticky Interactive data to the animation controller on a character.

An example is "Sticky3D Obj Anim Set Jeff Cup1" in the Demos\AnimClipSet folder. Jeff already has drink grip, held and ungrip animations in the s3d\_jeff\_ik animation controller on the Action1 animator layer. When held, we want the isAction1 bool parameter on the animation controller to be set. On the Actions layer, we want to replace the default interact1 animation with a sip animation.

A custom input on the StickyInputModule will get Jeff to sip his coffee (see image to the right).



#### Object Anim Sets (for characters)

These are scriptable objects you create in the Unity Editor Project pane. You will probably require different animation for your characters when they hold different interactive-enabled objects. You might also need different sets of animations for different characters holding the same objects.

Object Anim Sets allow you to achieve this without writing code (although you'll still need to have a way of making or obtaining the different animations required – sorry, we can't do everything for you).

Some sample Object Anim Sets are included in the project Demos\AnimClipSets folder.

To create an Object Anim Set:

- 1. In the Unity Editor Project pane, find a suitable folder for your game, click "+" menu, and Sticky3D -> Object Anim Set. Typically, we don't recommend adding content to the Sticky3DController folder.
- 2. Give the new scriptable object a meaningful name. e.g., MyCharacter Object Anim Set1 Cup1
- 3. Decide which animations you want to replace for this object when used by your character.
- 4. Click "+" next to the Anim Clip Pairs
- 5. Add the original animation clip from the character's animation controller.
- 6. Add the replacement animation clip that you want the character to use when using the interactive object.
- 7. Add extra pairs to cater for all animations you want to use for this object for your character.

8. If you want your character to play animations when say holding the object, you can add some Anim Actions. These will send data from your interactive object directly to the character's animation controller.

Although you can achieve similar outcomes with many different Animation Controller setups, there are two main approaches to playing animations when holding a StickyInteractive object in Sticky3D.

Anim Set Property	Description
Skip Parameter Verify	Should anim action parameter name verification be skipped when the set is applied to a StickyInteractive object? It can be faster but will cause errors if parameter names don't exist in the character's animator. Once you have it all working correctly, you could turn this off to improve performance.
Apply to All Characters	Should this be applied to all characters?
Character Model IDs	An array of Sticky3D Controller Module Model IDs. A Model ID (found on the Engage tab) groups characters with similar attributes together. E.g., Same rig or animation controller.
Clip Revert Delay	The number of seconds to delay reverting animation clips for a character to their originals when the object is dropped.
Anim Clip Pairs	
Original	The original animation clip from the character's animation controller. This will also be the one restored when the object is dropped or stashed.
Replacement	The replacement animation clip that you want the character to use when using the interactive-enabled object
Anim Actions	
Object Action	This is the action that happens that causes the animation to take place on the character. It helps you remember why you set it up.  Custom Actions can be controlled via code, by creating a new (custom)  StickyInteractive class and overriding the AnimateCharacterCustomAction() method.
Parameter Type	The type of animation parameter, if any, used with this action
Parameter Name	The parameter name from the animation controller that applies to this action
Is Exit Action	Used for StickyInteractive actions like dropped, equipped, socketed or stashed to trigger an immediate exit from an Animation Layer while holding an object. For example, when equipping a held object, you might want the hold animation to run to completion (with say a transition Exit Time set to 0.99 in the Animator Controller) but immediately exit when the object is dropped or socketed.  For a similar example, see "StickyWeapon – Weapon Anim Sets (for characters)" and the "Is Exit Action" property in the table.
Invert	Works with bool types. When the value is true, use false instead. When the value is false, use true instead. Not compatible with Toggle
Toggle	Works with bool custom anim actions to toggle the existing parameter value in the animator controller. Not compatible with Invert or "Reset After Use".
Bool Value	The real-time Boolean value from the StickyInteractive that will be sent to the model's animation controller
Float Value	The real-time float value from the StickyInteractive that will be sent to the model's animation controller
Trigger Value	The real-time trigger value from the StickyInteractive that will be sent to the model's animation controller
Integer Value	FUTURE – let us know if you have a use-case and we can add support for it!
Float Multiplier	A value that is used to multiple or change the value of the float value being passed to the animation controller. This is useful if you want to modify the speed at which an animation clip is played. DEFAULT: 1.0
Damping	The damping applied to help smooth transitions, especially with Blend Trees.  Currently only used for floats. DEFAULT: 0.1. For quick transitions to the new float value use a low damping value, for the slower transitions use more damping.

Anim Set Property	Description
Reset After Use	Only uses with Custom bool types. By default, this is true, and you should set Boolean values back to false after animate actions are processed each frame.
State Name (optional)	The optional name of the State in the character animation controller. This will be run immediately before the parameter is sent to the controller which could be useful if you want to run a non-entry point state in a layer.
State Transition	The transition time, in seconds, from the previous state when the optional state is played.

When using Anim Actions with the same parameter names as ones that appear in the Animate list on characters can lead to some (resolvable) issues. If you notice that the parameter is set in the animator controller but immediately returns to its previous state, then it is likely the Object Anim Set Anim Action is being overwritten by the character Animate tab entry in the next frame. To correct this, add an additional condition to the Animate Action entry.

Choose a suitable condition that matches when you Object Anim Set is being applied. The example on the left caters for two different scenarios. The first is when the character is holding a weapon that uses Weapon Anim Sets.

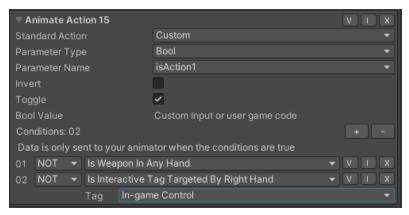
The second scenario is when a character is reaching for say an in-game Joystick control with their right hand.

A variation on this is being more specific about the type of interactive object that is being reached for (targeted).

Here we select the In-game Control from the Interactive tags collection.

On the character, see General Engage settings. On StickyInteractive objects, see "Interactive Tags".





### Sticky Interactive – Character Properties

These include settings pertaining to the S3D character that is interacting with the object.

Property	Description
Expected Character Radius	When calculating an offset from the interactive-enabled object what is the expected
	radius of the character?

### Sticky Interactive – Gravity Properties

This includes information and settings about how the object responds to gravity.

Property	Description
Use Gravity	The object is affected by gravity
Gravity Mode	The method used to determine in which direction gravity is acting.

Property	Description
Gravity	The gravitational acceleration, in metres per second per second, that acts downward
	for the object
Gravity Direction	The world space direction that gravity acts upon the object when Gravity Mode is
	Direction.
Drag	The amount of drag the object has. A solid block of metal would be 0.001, while a
	feather would be 10.
Angular Drag	The amount of angular drag the object has
Interpolation	The rigidbody interpolation
Collision Detection	The rigidbody collision detection mode
Mass (KG)	The mass of the object in kilograms. Can be useful when the object is dropped.
Initial Reference Frame	Initial or default reference frame transform the object will stick to when Use Gravity
	is enabled and Gravity Mode is ReferenceFrame.
Inherit Gravity	If gravity is enabled and Gravity Type is Reference Frame, when an object is
	dropped, it will inherit the reference frame from the character.

## Sticky Interactive - Events

Interactive events are triggered when certain things happen. When these happen, you can call your own game code, call S3D APIs, and/or set some properties on other Unity objects in the scene. By using APIs and Unity object properties, you may not even need to write any code yourself.

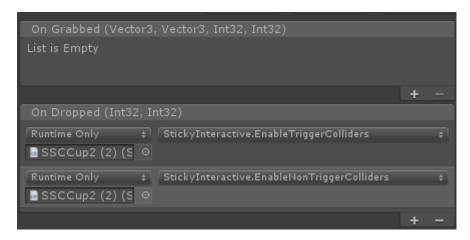
Event Property	Description
On Activated	These are triggered by a S3D character when they activate this interactive object.
On Deactivated	These are triggered by a S3D character when they deactivate this interactive object.
On Grabbed	These are triggered by a S3D character when they grab this interactive object.
On Dropped	These are triggered by a S3D character when they drop this interactive object.
On Hover Enter	These are triggered by a S3D character when they start looking at this interactive object.
On Hover Exit	These are triggered by a S3D character when they stop looking at this interactive object.
On Post Equipped	These are triggered by a S3D character immediately after they equip this interactive object.
On Post Grabbed	These are triggered by a S3D character immediately after they grab this interactive object.
On Post Init Event Delay	The number of seconds to delay firing the onPostInitialised event methods after the interactive object has been initialised. This can be useful when other objects in the scene that are used in the On Post Initialised event, are also initialised during Start() and may be called by Unity AFTER this component is initialised.
On Post Initialised	These are triggered immediately after the interactive-enabled object is initialised.
On Post Stashed	These are triggered by a S3D character immediately after they stash (place in inventory) this interactive object.
On Readable Value Changed	These are triggered when the value of the joint position changes if the interactive object is readable.
On Selected	These are triggered when this interactive object is selected via the API.
On Unselected	These are triggered when this interactive object is unselected via the API.
On Touched	These are triggered by a S3D character when the interactive object is first touched via the API. Touch events only occur when a character is intentionally attempting to touch (target) an object using Hand IK that has "Is Touchable" enabled. They do not occur via casual contact.
On Stopped Touching	These are triggered by a S3D character when the interactive object is no longer being touched via the API.

## Sticky Interactive – Dropping Objects

To drop an interactive-enabled object from the hand of a S3D character, it must be Grabbable. If it has colliders attached to it, and they were disabled when the object was grabbed (via setting the Disable Regular/Trigger Colliders settings, the colliders are NOT automatically re-enabled. This is to prevent the scenario where they appear inside the collider(s) of the character.

If it is safe to do so, you could re-enable the colliders by adding the appropriate API calls to the OnDropped event. E.g.

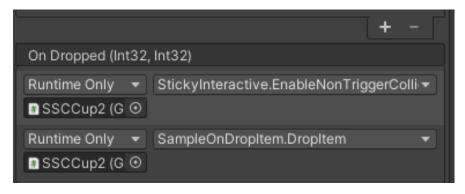
- 1. Click + below OnDropped to add an event
- 2. Drag the Sticky Interactive gameobject into where it says "Runtime Only"
- 3. Set the Function to "StickyInteractive.EnableTriggerColliders" or "StickyInteractive.EnableNonTrigggerColliders"

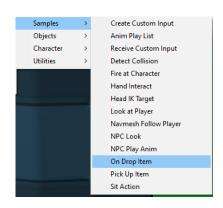


We have included a sample drop component (On Drop Item) that can be attached to a Grabbable interactive-enabled object. This can easily be configured in the On Dropped events.

Alternatively, it can be configured without disabling the Rigidbody.

- 1. Add a non-Kinematic Rigidbody to the object and enable "Use Gravity"
- 2. Set the Rigidbody "Interpolate" to "Interpolate". Set the "Collision Detection" to "Continuous Dynamic"
- 3. On the StickyInteractive component, untick "Remove Rigidbody on Grab"
- 4. Untick "Disable Regular Colliders"





Alternatively, you might want to write some game code to do things like:

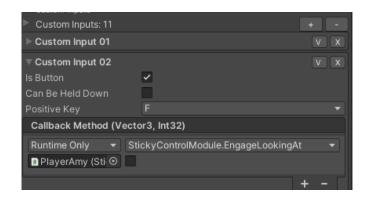
- Move the object below the character's hand or out of its grasp
- Call the enable collider APIs as mentioned above
- Add a rigidbody with gravity so the object falls to the ground

• Call this custom game code method from the On Dropped event. Don't forget to write this custom method in your own namespace and not any of the Sticky scripts.

To perform the pickup and drop action there are several options:

#### Option 1:

- On a player character, setup up "Sticky Interactive -Looking at Objects" below
- 2. On the Sticky Input Module, add a Custom Input to call EngageLookingAt for the right hand. This will allow the player to press "F" when looking at a grabbable object to pick it up.
- Add another Custom Input using the '' (Back Quote) button which calls StickyControlModule DropInteractive of the right hand.



#### Option 2:

- 1. On a player character, setup up "Sticky Interactive Looking at Objects" below
- 2. On the Sticky Input Module, add a Custom Input to call EngageLookingAt for the right hand. This will allow the player to press "F" when looking at a grabbable object to pick it up.
- 3. On a player character, add a (sample) Equip Grab Stash Popup script. Configure it with the instructions at the top of the script file (no coding required).
- 4. On a player character, add a (sample) Drop Popup component and configure using the instructions at the top of the script file (no coding required).

#### Sticky Interactive – Looking at Objects

It is helpful to give players visual feedback when looking at interactive objects in the scene. This can be controlled in code (see Demos\Scripts\SampleHandInteract.cs) or by setting up a few things in the editor.

For code-free setup perform the following task:

- 1. If you don't already have a StickyDisplayModule (HUD), in your scene, add the Demos\Prefabs\Visuals\ StickyDisplay1 to your scene Hierarchy. For more information on configuring the HUD, see the "Sticky Display Module" chapter.
- 2. In "Display Reticle Settings", consider enabling "Lock Reticle to Cursor".
- 3. On your S3D character, go to the "Look" tab and enable "Interactive".
- 4. On your S3D character, go to the "Engage" tab, and expand "Event Settings"
- 5. Add a new "On Look At Changed" event
- 6. Drag the StickyDisplayModule from the scene into a new event object and set the Function to "Dynamic" StickyDisplayModule.InteractiveLookAtChanged.
- 7. Under "General Engage Settings" you can adjust the "Engage Colour" and "Non-engage Colour" as required.

Now, when your character starts or stops looking at an interactive-enabled object, the on-screen reticle will change colour to help the player visually identify interactive-enabled objects.

Make sure your object contains an enabled non-Trigger collider on the same gameobject as the StickyInteractive component OR it has a Rigidbody, and a non-Trigger collider which can be on a child gameobject OR add a StickyInteractiveChild component to child non-trigger colliders. Avoid using trigger and non-trigger colliders on the same gameobject as the StickyInteractive component. Ensure the character has clear line-of-sight to the interactive-enabled object in the scene. Enable debugging on the StickyControlModule at runtime in the editor to check where the character is looking.

## Sticky Interactive – Operating Stationary Machinery

There are multiple ways you could configure stationary machinery to be operated by a S3D character. For these examples, we're going to be using some non-Sticky3D assets to control doors. You could simply add a box trigger collider to some doors, that get triggered to automatically open or close when the S3D character enters or exits the collider area. However, that's not very interactive and doesn't involve any gameplay. For example, what if the door is locked what happens if I'm say lowering an outer door and ramp on a spaceship? Maybe, as the player, I want to sometimes leave the doors open after leaving the collider area.

To make the experience feel a little more interactive and purposeful, we're going to add a Sticky Interactive component.

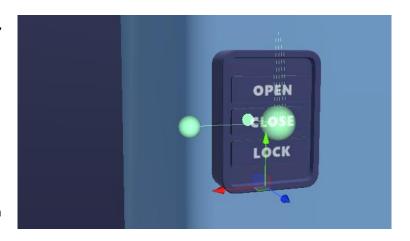
#### Interactive Door Scenario 1

In this scenario we are using a "SSC Door Control" component from "Sci-Fi Ship Controller" (an asset available on the Unity Asset Store). We want out character to reach out and touch the physical door control panel to operate it.

So, we'll make the interactive-enabled object in our scene "Is Touchable".

The Hand Hold Primary Relative Position and rotation will have the hand positioned flat against the control when we reach out and touch it.

Our 3<sup>rd</sup> party asset has a Toggle open/close method, so we'll add that to our Sticky Interactive OnTouched event. That way, when our character reaches out and touches the panel, the doors will (in this case) open or close the doors.





Sticky3D Controller 1.2.5

Once our character is configured to look at interactive-enabled objects (see "Sticky Interactive – Looking at Objects" above), we can add a Custom Input on the "Sticky Input Module" to engage with our control panel in the scene just by looking at it and clicking say the F key.

Hand IK need to be configured and enabled for the character to reach out and touch interactiveenabled objects.

The character to the right, PlayerAmy, from the Demos\Prefabs\Characters folder, comes preconfigured with this. As do PlayerBryce, PlayerKate, and PlayerJeff. They all call "EngageLookingAt" when the F key is pressed.



#### Interactive Door Scenario 2

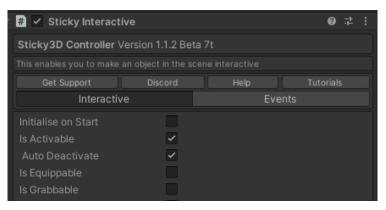
This next scenario requires a bit of custom C# code, but it provides a more flexible and dynamic solution.

In this scenario we are also using the "SSC Door Control" component from "Sci-Fi Ship Controller".

However, here, we want to activate a rear door and ramp on our spacecraft when the player popups up a set of options and selects that one that is appropriate. So, we'll make it "Is Activable" and immediately deactivate it once the operation has been actioned.

In the OnActivated event of the interactiveenabled, we'll call a custom method in our gamecode to open a pooled StickyPopupModule using the StickyManager in the scene.

This will configure the available options (depending on if the ramp is open, closed or locked). When the player points to and selects the appropriate option, this will call another custom method in our game which will call SelectOpen or SelectClose on our 3rd party "SSC Door Control" script.





#### Interactive Door Scenario 3

In this scenario we modified some scripts that came with a 3<sup>rd</sup> party art asset. We added a StickyZone to the elevators so that when our character walks into an elevator, it is assigned as the reference frame. This allowed our character to seamlessly ride up and down between floors.

In this scenario we are using a modified Elevator controller from the 3<sup>rd</sup> party "QA Office and Security Room" asset.

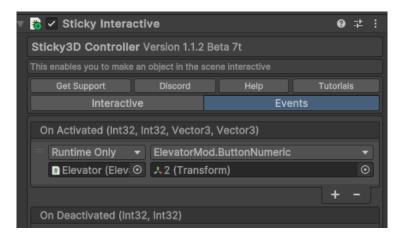
We'll add a StickyInteractive component to both the up and down buttons. We'll make it "Is Activable" and immediately deactivate it once the operation has been actioned.

In the OnActivated event of the interactive components, we'll call a ButtonOpen method we've exposed in the modified 3<sup>rd</sup> party Elevator script.

Inside the elevator there is a panel of floor numbers. We can add a StickyInteractive component to each of those and hook the OnActivated event to call a ButtonNumeric method.

Each button takes its own transform as a parameter for ButtonNumeric().





## Sticky Interactive – Popups

There are multiple ways to use StickyPopupModules with interactive objects. For a general coding guide, see the samplePopupOption.cs script in the Demos\Scripts folder.

We also include a premade component for displaying a popup over a bed or seat. Some of our player characters (Amy, Bryce, Kate and Jeff) come with a StickyTaskModule component. This works with a StickyPopupModule prefab and a Lyable and/or Sittable StickyInteractive object. See the StickyTaskModule chapter for setup instructions.

If you want to know how to code your own solution, there is a SampleSitActionPopup component. To set that up:

- 1. Attach the SampleSitActionPopup to your S3D character parent gameobject which includes the StickyControlModule component.
- 2. Add an interactive component to your seat object (which must have a collider)
- 3. Enable IsSittable on the seat interactive object
- 4. Set the Sit Target Offset to be in front of the seat at ground level e.g. x: 0, y: 0, z: 0.5
- 5. At an On Hover Enter event to the interactive object
- 6. Drag in the character from the scene to the new event. Select the SampleSitActionPopup.ShowPopup function.
- 7. Drag the seat interactive object from the scene into the ShowPopup parameter slot.

- 8. On the character Sticky Input Module, add a Custom Input
- 9. Add a button (say Y key) to the Custom Input and add an event
- 10. Drag the seat interactive object from the scene into event
- 11. Select the SampleSitActionPopup.StandUp function.

#### Sticky Interactive with VR

To use Sticky Interactive objects when the character is using Unity XR, add Sticky XR Interactor components to the character hand transforms. See the chapters on "Sticky XR Interactor" and "Sticky Input Module" (Unity XR section) for more information. For API methods, see "Sticky XR Interactor Methods" in the "Runtime and API" chapter.

To use interactive objects with other assets, see "Sticky Interactor Bridge" and "SSC Input Bridge".

Readable joysticks and levers require a Kinematic RigidBody.

## Sticky Interactor Bridge

This feature is currently in **Technical Preview** and its behaviour may change without notice with each release to correct issues or to address various scenarios. If you see a problem, please contact us on our Unity forum or on our Discord channel.

This component enables a non-Sticky3D character object or hand to interact with Sticky Interactive-enabled objects.

This could be helpful if you had another asset, like say Sci-Fi Ship Controller (SSC), and you wanted the SSC XR hands in a VR game to activate, touch, or grab interactive-enabled objects without using the Sticky3D (character) Controller. This might be useful when a Sticky3D character gets into the cockpit of a ship, and you switch control over to SSC.

This component should be added to the hand gameobject of a non-Sticky3D character. The gameobject should include a trigger collider.

For related components, see the chapters called "Sticky Interactive", "Sticky XR Interactor", and "SSC Input Bridge".

General Property	Description
Initialise on Start	If enabled, Initialise() will be called as soon as Start() runs. This should be disabled if you want to control when the Sticky Interactor Bridge component is enabled through code.
Is Left Hand	Is this being used for the left hand? (Otherwise assume right hand)

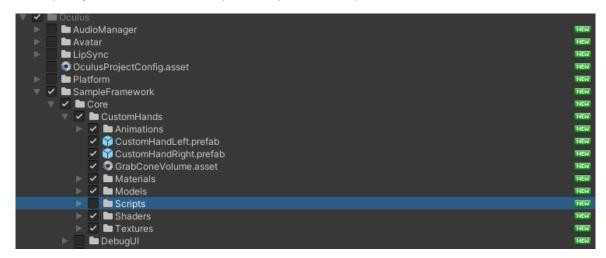
Interactive Property	Description
Can Activate	Can this item activate an interactive-enabled Activable object?
Can Grab	Can this item grab an interactive-enabled Grabbable object?
Auto Drop	Automatically drop (let go of) an object that goes outside the hand collider range. If
	disabled, and the player releases the grip on the hand controller, the held object will
	be dropped (let go of).
Auto Grab	The component will attempt to automatically grab an interactive-enabled Grabbable
	object when it is in range. If this is disabled and the player presses the grip on the
	hand controller, when in range of an interactive object, it will be grabbed.
Palm Transform	The z-axis (forward) should point in the direction of the palm is facing. This is the
	palm "normal". The x-axis (right) is towards the direction of the index finger and, for
	the right hand, the y-axis (up) is in a thumbs-up direction.
Can Touch	Can this item touch an interactive-enabled Touchable object?

The non-Sticky3D hands can be animated if you have animations for them. For example, you may be using the Oculus animated hands with your rig.

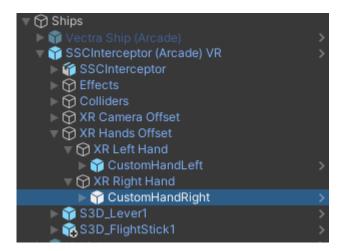
If you own Sci-Fi Ship Controller, you can configure XR Hands using "UnityXR – Overview" instructions found in the "Player Input Module" chapter of the SSC manual. Then, follow these additional steps:

1. Import part of Oculus Integration package from Asset Store (select only SampleFramework, Core, CustomHands folder and untick "Scripts" subfolder). We tested with version 33.0 (30 Sept 2021), version 42.0 (20 Jul 2022), and 57.0.1 (10 Oct 2023).

You can also get this from: https://developer.oculus.com/downloads/package/unity-integration/ or as part of https://github.com/oculus-samples/Unity-StarterSamples



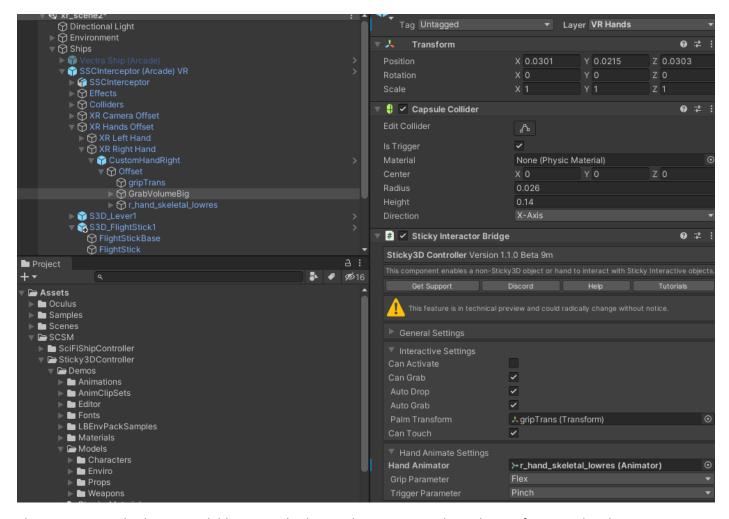
- 2. In the Project pane, open the Oculus, SampleFramework, Core, CustomHands, CustomHandLeft prefab. Remove the two missing Script components. Save the prefab.
- 3. Repeat with CustomHandRight prefab.
- 4. In scene, under your SSC ship, XR Hands Offset, XR Left Hand, add the CustomHandLeft prefab from Oculus to "XR Left Hand" gameobject.



- 5. In the scene Hierarchy panel, expand "XR Hands Offset", "XR Right Hand", "CustomHandRight", "Offset" and select "GrabVolumeBig" (see image below).
- 6. Ensure the Capsule Collider has "Is Trigger" set.
- 7. Add the "StickyInteractorBridge" component (Component menu -> Sticky3D Controller -> Utilities -> Sticky Interactor Bridge)
- 8. In "General Settings" of the component enable "Initialise on Start" (leave "Left Hand" off for the right hand)
- 9. In "Interactive Settings", enable "Can Grab" and add the "gripTransform" to the "Palm Transform" slot.

- 10. If you want the user to manually grab and release objects (like a flight stick or a lever), untick "Auto Drop" and "Auto Grab".
- 11. From the scene, add "r\_hand\_skeltal\_lowres" to the "Hand Animator" slot.
- 12. Set the Animator "Grip" parameters to "Flex" and the "Trigger" parameters to "Pinch".
- 13. Repeat steps 5 to 11 for the left hand.

Hand Property	Description
Hand Animator	The animator used to animate a Virtual Reality left or right hand
Grip Parameter	The (float) parameter name from the animation controller for the grip action
Trigger Parameter	The (float) parameter name from the animation controller for the trigger action



This component also has overridable API methods. See the Runtime and API chapter for more details.

# SSC Input Bridge

This component can be used for sending Readable Interactive-enabled object data to a Sci-Fi Ship Controller (SSC) ship or space craft. The most common scenario is when you want to send data from a lever or joystick in VR to a ship you want to fly. If using SSC XR Hands, read the above "Sticky Interactor Bridge" chapter before continuing.

NOTE: SSC is not included and is a separate asset available from the <u>Unity Asset Store</u>.

If you want to read data from an SSC ship and send it to a lever or joystick, use SSC Output Bridge instead.

The basic setup is:

- 1. Add a readable interactive lever or joystick to your SSC ship. See Demos\Prefabs\Props\S3D\_Lever1. Make sure it is not inside another collider within the ship (you ship cabin should be hollow don't use a single convex mesh collider for your ship model).
- 2. Attach this component to a lever or joystick on the same gameobject as the StickyInteractive component (the StickyInteractive component is on a child gameobject of the S3D\_Level1 in the scene this component must be attached to that same child gameobject).
- 3. Tick "InitialiseOnStart" or call Initialise() from your code.
- 4. Drag your Sci-Fi Ship Controller ship or craft into the shipGameObject or configure it in your game code by calling sscInputBridge.SetShip()
- 5. Configure the InputAxis. e.g., InputAxisZ to Longitudinal to control forward and back ship movement.
- 6. On your prefab or on the ship gameobject In the scene, expand the S3D\_Lever1 gameobject and locate the "Lever" child object which contains the "StickyInteractive" component.
- 7. On the interactive enabled object, go to the Events tab, and add a new "On Readable Value Changed" event.
- 8. Drag the Lever game object (which contains StickyInteractive and SSC Input Bridge components) into the "Object" field of the event.
- 9. Set the "Function" to be SSCInputBridge.OnInputChanged.

Description
If enabled, Initialise() will be called as soon as Start() runs. This should be disabled if
you want to control when the component is enabled through code.
Pause the Input Bridge immediately when it is initialised.
The player ship from your scene which should contain a ShipControlModule on the
same gameobject. It must contain a Player Input Module.
Interactive Readable left-right data, to be send to the input axis of the Sci-Fi Ship
Controller player ship. Currently we don't support changing this at runtime as it
could cause issues with other components.
Interactive Readable forward-back data, to be send to the input axis of the Sci-Fi
Ship Controller player ship. Currently we don't support changing this at runtime as it
could cause issues with other components.

Before you attempt to fly your ship, using the SSC Input Bridge, check out the section called "Unity XR – Hands and Physics Collisions" in the "Player Input Module" chapter of the **Sci-Fi Ship Controller manual**.

# SSC Output Bridge

This component can be used for getting Sci-Fi Ship Controller (SSC) input data from a ship or space craft and sending it to a writeable Interactive-enabled object. The most common scenario is when you want an in-game lever or joystick to move as the ship is getting input data from a S3D player or AI module.

If you want to read data from a lever or joystick and send it to an SSC ship, then use SSC Input Bridge instead.

NOTE: SSC is not included and is a separate asset available from the <u>Unity Asset Store</u>.

#### The basic setup is:

- 1. Add a writeable interactive lever or joystick to your SSC ship. Make sure it is not inside another collider within the ship (you ship cabin should be hollow don't use a single convex mesh collider for your ship model).
- 2. Ensure the lever or joystick starts in the centred position.
- 3. On the StickyInteractive component, set the Readable Pivot. This is most likely the same gameobject that also has the StickyInteractive component attached.
- 4. The interactive lever or joystick must have a kinematic rigidbody.

- 5. If your character will be using Hand IK to grip the joystick or lever, the kinematic rigidbody on the interactive object may need Interpolate set to "Interpolate" and Collison Detection set to "Continuous Speculative".
- 6. Add a SSCOutputBridge component to the lever or joystick on the same gameobject as the StickyInteractive component. If the StickyInteractive component is on a child gameobject, this component must be attached to that same child gameobject.
- 7. Drag the Ship's gameobject into the slot provided.
- 8. Configure the OutputAxis. e.g., OuptAxisZ to Longitudinal
- 9. Ensure the ship and the lever or joystick are on different Unity Layers and that they don't collide with each other. This can be configured in Player Settings -> Physics from the Unity Editor. If the configuration is incorrect, you will see warning errors in the Unity console at runtime.

Property	Description
Initialise on Start	If enabled, Initialise() will be called as soon as Start() runs. This should be disabled if you want to control when the component is enabled through code.
Enable Collider on Init	If the interactive collider is not enabled when initialising, enable it.
Pause on Init	Pause the Output Bridge immediately when it is initialised.
Recentre on Configure	When the ship is assigned or an axis is changed, automatically recentre the object in the next frame.
Update Pos when Paused	When paused, keep sending position only data to the writeable interactive-enabled object. This is recommended when the object is connected to an object (like a spaceship) that is moving while the output bridge is paused.
Force Update	Force the writeable interactive object to update the object even when the value has not changed since the last frame. It might be useful if you find the writeable object is unstable or moves from its pivot position. If all is well, leave it disabled.
Ship GameObject	The ship from your scene which should contain a ShipControlModule on the same gameobject.
Output Axis X	Interactive Writeable left-right data, to be read from the input axis of the Sci-Fi Ship Controller ship.
Output Axis Z	Interactive Writeable forward-back data, to be read from the input axis of the Sci-Fi Ship Controller ship.
Timing Type	When the data is sent to the interactive-enabled object. Set to Manual if you want to call SendData() from your own gameplay loop.

To monitor the data used for an Output Axis, at runtime in the editor use either:

- Debug Mode for the ShipControlModule and enable "Ship Input".
- Debug Mode for the StickyInteractive component and examine the "IsReadable" data.

# Sticky Magazine (a.k.a. "Clip")

This is an interactive-enabled container that holds ammo for a weapon. See also "Sticky Weapon". Magazines, also known as "Clips", fit into a weapon and typically contain multiple bullets (we call these "Projectiles" because in a Sci-Fi setting, they could be bursts or pulses of "energy" from some futuristic weapon).

A magazine can be attached to a weapon, or it can be lying around a scene waiting for a character to discover. It could be full of ammo, empty, or somewhere in between. Magazines can be picked up (grabbed) or dropped.

For a magazine to be compatible with a weapon, the "Mag Type" must match the Firing Button "Magazine Type" in the "Ammo Settings" on the Weapon tab of the Sticky Weapon. ALSO, the "Ammo Type" that the magazine holds, must match one of the "Compatible Ammo Types" of the weapon's firing button.

#### Sticky Magazine – Interactive Properties

See the "Sticky Interactive" chapter for a description of these properties.

## Sticky Magazine – Magazine General Properties

Property	Description
Available Ammo Types	All weapons and magazines in your scene should use the same (common) set of ammo types. You could use our Demo Ammo Types scriptable objects OR create your own unique set by going to the Project pane, clicking "+" then Sticky3D -> Ammo Types. You can then give them custom names and properties to suit your game.
Available Mag Types	All weapons and magazines in your scene should use the same (common) set of magazine types. You could use our Demo Mag Types scriptable objects OR create your own unique set by going to the Project pane, clicking "+" then Sticky3D -> Magazine Types. You can then give them custom names to suit your game.
Mag Capacity	The amount of ammo the magazine can hold.
Magazine Type	The type of magazine. Magazines with the same type can fit the same weapons.
Ammo Type	The ammo type that can be placed in this weapon. Only one type of ammo can be used in a magazine at any point in time.
Ammo Count	The amount of ammo currently in the magazine. It cannot exceed the Mag Capacity.
Disable Regular Colliders	Disable regular colliders when equipped (attached) to a weapon.

# Sticky Magazine – Events

Events are triggered when certain things happen to the magazine. When these happen, you can call your own game code, call S3D APIs, and/or set some properties on other Unity objects in the scene. By using APIs and Unity object properties, you may not even need to write any code yourself.

Event Property	Description
On Grabbed	These are triggered by a S3D character when they grab this magazine.
On Dropped	These are triggered by a S3D character when they drop this magazine.
On Hover Enter	These are triggered by a S3D character when they start looking at this magazine.
On Hover Exit	These are triggered by a S3D character when they stop looking at this magazine.
On Post Grabbed	There are triggered by a S3D character immediately after they grab this magazine.
On Post Stashed	These are triggered by a S3D character immediately after they stash (place in inventory) this magazine

# Sticky Manager

This feature is currently in **Technical Preview** and its behaviour may change without notice with each release to correct issues or to address particular scenarios. If you see a problem, please contact us on our Unity forum or on our Discord channel.

The manager is used to centrally manage multiple objects in the scene. It includes a pooling system which can make your game more performant.

The Sticky Manager can be added to the scene via the editor (GameObject->3D Object->Sticky3D Controller->Sticky Manager) or via code (see "Sticky Manager Methods" in the "Runtime and API" chapter).

Property	Description
Startup Beam Modules	The list of beam modules added to the pool at start-up. Beam modules can also be
	added via code

Property	Description
Startup Decal Sets	The list of decal sets added to the pool at start-up. Decals can also be added via code. Each set can contain multiple StickyDecalModule prefabs.
Startup Dynamic Modules	The list of dynamic modules added to the pool at start-up. Dynamic objects can also be added via code.
Startup Effects Modules	The list of effects modules added to the pool at start-up. Effects can also be added via code.
Startup Projectile Modules	The list of projectile modules added to the pool at start-up. Projectile Modules can also be added via code.
Startup Generic Modules	The list of generic modules added to the pool at start-up. Generic modules can also be added via code. See Demos\SampleGenericTextModule.cs for an example.

Currently there are two general purpose components that can be used to make your objects poolable. Other poolable components include:

- Sticky Beam Module
- Sticky Decal Module
- Sticky Dynamic Modules
- Sticky Effects Module
- Sticky Projectile Module

### StickyGenericModule

This component is used with the Sticky Manager to make an object in your scene poolable. Instead of instantiating and destroying an object multiple times, the object is pooled and enabled or disable as required.

The component can be added to a prefab to make it poolable. You can extend the behaviour by creating a new component that inherits from the StickyGenericModule class.

Property	Description
Min Pool Size	The starting size of the pool.
Max Pool Size	The maximum allowed size of the pool.
Despawn Time	The object will be automatically despawned after this amount of time (in seconds) has elapsed.
Is Reparented	Does this object get parented to another object when activated? If so, it will be reparented to the pool transform after use.

## StickyPopupModule

This component inherits from StickyGenericModule and can be used to display a clickable popup menu over an interactive-enabled object. Sample scripts (Demos\Scripts\SamplePopupOptions and SampleEquipGrabStashPopup) are included to help you with integration into your own game.

You can create your own popup prefabs to suit the visual style of your game. The StickyPopupModule uses the default UI.Text components, however, you could create a new class and inherit from StickyPopupModule and add new variables and override virtual methods to use say Text Mesh Pro components. Some test popup prefabs have been included in Demos\Prefabs\Visuals to get you started.

Property	Description
Min Pool Size	The starting size of the pool.
Max Pool Size	The maximum allowed size of the pool.
Despawn Time	The popup will be automatically despawned after this amount of time (in seconds) has elapsed.

	Sticky S South offer 11213
Property	Description
Is Reparented	Does this popup get parented to another object when activated? If so, it will be reparented to the pool transform after use.
Button Colour For Text	This can be useful when button has no background image and the Text should change colour based on button transition tint colours.
Pause Weapons Firing	If a character is assigned to the popup, any held weapons will not fire while the popup is shown.
Unpause Weapons Delay	When the popup is closed and it was initiated from a character (directly or indirectly), delaying the unpausing of weapons by a small amount can help to prevent unintentional weapon firing. Smaller delays are typically better. Try 0.1 seconds to start with and increase if required.
Messages	0, 1 or more messages can be added to a popup.
Show Message	Show the message on the popup. [Has no effect outside play mode]
Message Name	The name or description of the message. This can be used to identify the message. It is not displayed in the popup.
Message Label Text	The text to display in the message label. It can include RichText markup. e.g., <b>Bold Text</b>
Message Value Text	The text to display in the message. It can include RichText markup. e.g., <b>Bold Text</b>
Message Panel	The UI Panel that holds the label and value RectTransforms.
Message Label Panel	The UI Panel for the message label.
Message Value Panel	The UI Panel for the message value text.

When using popups in VR, see the example Demos\Prefabs\Visuals\StickyPopup[n]VR prefabs. You may notice that they have a Sticky Graphic Raycaster (VR) component rather than the default Graphic Raycaster. This is to enable StickyXRInteractor components, that you would attach to VR hands, to point at, and click, buttons within your UI.

See also "Sticky Manager Methods" in the "Runtime and API" chapter.

# Sticky Move Module

This module helps move a character to a destination. This is NOT a pathfinding or AI module but can help do simple move or rotate operations. For regular player movement, you do not need this module. Instead, use the PlayerInputModule. If you've used the SampleMoveTo script, this is a supported replacement with some new features.

When a Sticky Task Module is attached to a character, this module is automatically added and initialised at runtime.

At runtime, "Debug Mode" can be selected when the gameobject is selected in the editor. This provides some additional information that can help you determine what is happening in your scene.

#### Sticky Move – General

This tab provides general settings for the Sticky Move Module.

Property	Description
Initialise on Awake	If enabled, Initialise() will be called as soon as Awake() runs. This should be disabled
	if you want to control when the component is enabled through code.
Max. Step Offset	The character max step-up height during move or rotate procedure.

### Sticky Move – Move

This tab provides settings to instruct the character to move.

Property	Description
Target Dist. Threshold	How close to the target is deemed at the target.
Slow Dist. Threshold	The distance from the target that the character will approach more slowly.
Update Type	In which update loop move operations should occur.
Debug Target	At runtime, show a point where the move target is located. Don't forget to turn off in the release version!

When instructed to move toward a target, the turn rate will be determined by the "Horizontal Speed" on the character Look tab. This applies to players and NPCs alike. If your character has trouble walking to a target, it could be that the target is either fully or partially obscured by a collider (thus blocking the path) and/or that the character cannot turn quickly enough.

If the character is standing close to the target, but off to one side, and their target (like an offset from a bed or seat) is close to the object's collider, increasing the Look "Horizontal Speed" may help.

## Sticky Move – Rotate

This tab provides rotate to instruct the character to rotate.

Property	Description
Target Angle Threshold	How close to the target rotation is deemed facing the target direction.
Turn Angle Threshold	Angles below this threshold will reduce the turning speed. The value needs to be more than 10.
Update Type	In which update loop rotate operation should occur.

#### Sticky Move - Event

This tab provides a place to set up events for the module.

There are also delegates that you can subscribe to in your own code. See the Runtime and API chapter.

Event Property	Description
On Move Cancelled	These methods are called when move is cancelled before completion.
On Reached Move Target	These methods are called when the character reaches the target location.
On Rotate Cancelled	These methods are called when rotate is cancelled before completion.
On Reached Rotate Target	These methods are called when the character rotates to the target rotation.

# Sticky Moving Platform

This module helps you control the movement and rotation of a platform. You can optionally add a Sticky Zone to the platform and override the "Reference Frame" to the Moving Platform's transform. When the S3D character encounters the Sticky Zone, it will move relative to the Moving Platform. If "Restore Default Ref." is enabled on the Sticky Zone, when the character steps off the platform, it will stop moving relative to the platform.

Property	Description
Initialise on Start	If enabled, Initialise () will be called as soon as Start () runs. This should be disabled if
	you want to control when the platform is enabled through code.
Move	Does the platform move?
Relative Positions	Use positions relative to the initial gameobject position, rather than absolute world
	space positions.
Average Move Speed	Average movement speed of the platform in metres per second
Wait Time	The time the platform waits at each position
Movement Profile	The *profile* of the platform's movement. Use this to make the movement smooth.
Rotate	The starting rotation of the platform in degrees

Property	Description
Starting Rotation	Does the platform rotate?
Rotation Axis	The axis of rotation of the platform.
Rotation Speed	The rotational speed of the platform in degrees per second.
Positions	A list of 3D positions that the platform will move between. By default, they are in world-space. When "Relative Positions" is enabled, they are relative to the initial position and orientation of the platform.

# Sticky Parts Module

This module enables you to configure individual parts on a character. For example, you the character may have a helmet that they wish to take on or off.

Property - General	Description
Initialise on Start	If enabled, Initialise() will be called as soon as Start() runs. This should be disabled if
	you want to control when the Sticky Parts Module is enabled through code.

Each part on your character you wish to configure, is defined by a transform.

Property - Part	Description
Part Transform	The child Transform on the character for this part
Enable on Start	Should the part be enabled (or disabled) when the module is initialised?

# Sticky Projectile Module

This is a poolable projectile that can be fired from a StickyWeapon.

This component inherits from StickyGenericModule which is managed by StickyManager.

## How to Create Projectile Prefabs

To create a new Projectile Module prefab:

- 1. In a scene, using the 3D Object Menu, select Sticky3D Controller -> Sticky Projectile
- 2. Rename the StickyProjectile. E.g., MyProjectile1
- 3. Create a prefab from the gameobject by dragging the parent gameobject into a folder in the Project pane
- 4. Reset the prefab parent transform position and rotation to 0,0,0
- 5. It is assumed that the projectile mesh is pointing forward in z-axis direction. If it is not, you'll need to update the Model Rotation property. For example, if your projectile model is pointing upward (toward the y-axis), you will need to rotate it 90 degrees around the local x-axis. So, set "Model Rotation" to 90, 0, 0.

### Sticky Projectile – Properties

Property	Description
Start Speed	The speed the projectile starts traveling in metres per second. Is Ignored for Raycast weapons.
Damage Type	The type of damage the projectile does when hitting a character. The amount of damage dealt to a S3D upon collision is dependent on the character's resistance to this damage type. If the damage type is set to Default, the character's damage multipliers are ignored i.e., the damage amount is unchanged.
Damage Amount	The amount of damage this projectile does to the character or object it hits. NOTE: Non-character objects need a Sticky Damage Receiver component.
Model Rotation	The projectile should point forward on the z-axis. If it, say, points upward (y-axis), it needs to be rotated 90 degrees here around the x-axis.
Min Pool Size	The starting size of the pool.

Property	Description
Max Pool Size	The maximum allowed size of the pool.
Is Reparented	Does this object get parented to another object when activated? If so, it will be reparented to the pool transform after use.
Despawn Time	The object will be automatically despawned after this amount of time (in seconds) has elapsed.
Effects Object	The default particle and/or sound effect prefab that will be instantiated when the projectile hits something. This would typically be a non-looping effect.
Default Decal Set	The default set of Sticky Decal Module prefabs used to select a random decal when the projectile hits an object. To configure different decals for different objects, see the chapter called "Sticky Surface".

# Sticky Shapes Module

This module lets you configure blendshapes, typically, for facial expressions. It also enables your character to subtlety move their eyes and move their lips and change facial expressions while a voice-over audio clip is playing.

For this module to work, your character model needs to include blendshapes. Sticky3D does NOT create the blendshapes for you.

This is NOT a text-to-speech (TTS) system. That's up to you. Sorry.

Although you "could" code the use of blendshapes yourself, this component will help automate some of the things you might want to do with blendshapes.

This module includes an extensive API with which you can control it using your own game code. See the "Runtime and API" chapter for more information.

### Sticky Shapes – General Settings

Property or Button	Description
Initialise On Start	If enabled, the Initialise() will be called as soon as Start() runs. This should be disabled if you are instantiating the zone through code.
Non S3D Controller	The character is NOT using a Sticky3DController. i.e., it is using a 3rd party character controller.
Get Skinned Mesh Renders	Attempt to find the mesh renderers that contain the blendshapes.
Skinned Mesh Renderers	A list of skinned mesh renderers that contain the blendshapes on your model.
Get Eyes	Attempt to find the eye bone transforms on the humanoid model.
Left Eye Transform	The left eye bone transforms on the humanoid model.
Right Eye Transform	The right eye bone transforms on the humanoid model.

### Sticky Shapes – Blendshapes

This tab contains a list of all the blendshapes discovered from the mesh renderers from the General tab.

Property or Button	Description
Get Blendshapes	Attempt to find the blendshapes based on the list of Skinned Mesh Renderers from the General tab.
Blend Shapes	The list of blendshapes on the model.

## Sticky Shapes – Emotions (Blink Settings)

Humans blink naturally. You'd also expect fictious humanoid characters to do the same. These settings can help to make your character to look more realistic, even if you are going for a cartoonish look. Default settings are based on normal human blink patterns.

Property	Description
Enable on Init	Should the eyes start blinking when this component is initialised?
Simple Blink	A lower-quality simplified blink action that is more performant.
Blink Duration	The time, in seconds, the blink takes to occur.
Blink Min. Interval	The minimum time, in seconds, between each blink.
Blink Max. Interval	The maximum time, in seconds, between each blink.
Blend Shapes	The list of blendshapes that make the eyes blink. Typically, there will be a single blendshape that performs the blinking action.
Blend Shape	The blendshape to blink the eyes.
Max Weight	The normalised weight to be applied to the blendshape.

## Sticky Shapes – Emotions (Eye Movement Settings)

When humans look straight ahead, their eyes will wonder slightly. When the eyes are fixed straight ahead, the character will look unrealistic. Subtle eye movements can improve the overall realism of your character.

Property	Description
Enable on Init	Should the eyes start moving when this component is initialised?
Move Left-Right	The angle to move left or right. Lower absolute values typically look better.
Move Down-Up	The angle to move down and up. Lower absolute values typically look better.
Gaze Duration	When Eye Movement is enabled, the time, in seconds, the character is gazing in the same direction.
Move Speed	Human eyes can turn at around 700 degrees per second! However, this is over very short distances. Start with a speed of around 10.

### Sticky Shapes – Emotions (List of Emotions)

Emotions in this module are essentially any blendshapes, or combination of blendshapes that do not involve lip movement for speech. They can be anything from a frown, a smile, to raised eye brows, or puffed-up cheeks. They can be faded in or out via our API (i.e., from your C# game-code) or automatically played when the character is talking.

Emotions can be described by intensity. There are four sliders with "opposite" traits from left to right. For example, on the Joy slider, all the way to the left (-1) is "sad", while to the right is "joy", with neutral (0) in the middle.

Property or Button	Description
SYN	Attempt to (re)synchronize all emotions with the defined blendshapes.
Name of Emotion	The descriptive name of the emotion.
Fade-In Duration	The time, in seconds, it takes the emotion to reach its full strength.
Fade-Out Duration	The time, in seconds, it takes the emotion to stop affecting the character.
VOX Emotion	Is this emotion randomly used while a speech audio clip is playing? See the
	Phonemes tab.
Anger Intensity	The emotion's anger intensity ranging from fear (-1) to anger (1). Default is neither
	fear nor anger (0).
Joy Intensity	The emotion's joy intensity ranging from sad (-1) to joy (1). Default is neither sad nor
	joy (0).
Surprise Intensity	The emotion's surprise intensity ranging from anticipation (-1) to surprise (1).
	Default is neither anticipation nor surprise (0).

Property or Button	Description
Trust Intensity	The emotion's anger intensity ranging from disgust (-1) to trust (1). Default is neither disgust nor trust (0).
Blend Shapes	The list of blend shapes to be used with this emotion.
Blendshape	The blendshape.
Max Weight	The normalised weight to be applied to the blendshape.

## Sticky Shapes – Phonetics (Settings)

The Phonetics tab, relates to when your character is speaking.

Property	Description
Audio Source	The audio source used to play speech audio clips. Typically, this will be a child
	component on your character's prefab.

# Sticky Shapes – Phonetics (Phonemes)

A phoneme is a distinct sound that can, when combined with others, produce a spoken word or phrase. Technically, you might call them "phones" but that is too confusing for our purposes.

A viseme is the visual representation of the phoneme on the character.

Property or Button	Description
Pre	Preview the Viseme on the character.
Name of Phoneme	The name or title of the phoneme. E.g., AA, OW, TH, AY etc.
Duration	The time, in seconds, that the phoneme will be active on the character. A short phoneme is 40-80ms.
Frequency	The number of times the phoneme would be spoke in a sequence of 100 phonemes.
Blend Shapes	
Blendshape	The blendshape.
Max Weight	The normalised weight to be applied to the blendshape.

# Sticky Shapes – Phonetics (Speech Audio Clips)

Speech Audio clips contain the spoken words you want to character to say as an audio file. These settings contain information about how those files should be played.

Property or Button	Description
Speech Audio Clips	The list of speech audio clips used for this character.
Pre	Play the audio clip and preview visemes and VOX-enabled emotions on the character.
Auto Clip	Audio clip that holds the sound of the character speaking.
Speech Speed	The speed to play back the phonemes, relative to the phoneme timings set on the character.
Volume	The relative playback volume of the audio clip.
Silence Threshold	Volume below this level will be considered as silence.
Emotions Ignore Silence	Do emotions with "VOX Emotion" enabled, play through silent sections of the audio clip?
Emotion Interval	The interval between VOX emotions playing when "Emotions Ignore Silence" is true.
Emotion Fade on Silence	Should the emotion immediately start fading out when there is silence in the audio and "Emotions Ignore Silence" is false? Emotions may never reach their maximum set weight; however, it may look a little more random.
Clip Offset	The normalised offset from the beginning of the clip when it will start and end.
OnStopped	These are triggered immediately after the speech audio is stopped.

Although we don't include a text-to-speech audio generator, you can generate your own with any TTS free or paid service (e.g. ElevenLabs) and then add them to the Audio Clip property.

Windows 11 comes with Narrator. You can install voices with language packs. You could use something like Windows Narrator with say notepad or something like https://voicegenerator.io which can use the installed voices. Software like Audacy can be used to record, edit, and save the voices.

Alternatively, use Microsoft Clipchamp (requires splitting audio from exported video file but has decent voices and features). TTSMaker is yet another option.

### Sticky Shapes – Engage (React)

Located on the Engage tab, the React Settings are used to control how the character reacts to others in the scene. For example, when an NPC sees a friendly character, they could smile. However, if they see an enemy, they could frown. This can contribute to general emersion in your game.

For S3D characters to react to others, the "Trigger Collider" option needs to be enabled on the Collide tab of the StickyControlModule.

#### **Engage React Settings**

Property or Button	Description
Enable on Init	Should the character get ready to react when this component is initialised?
No Notify Duration	The number of seconds, after initialisation, that reactions will not be triggered by a character entering or exiting the area. This can be useful if you do not want a character within the collider area to immediately trigger reactions when the component is initialised.
React Distance	The distance at which the character starts to react to others in the scene.
Proximity Collider	The trigger collider used to detect nearby characters. It must be on a child gameobject within the prefab.

#### Reactions

Reactions can be configured for different scenarios. For Example, you might want NPCs to give a fearful or angry emotion when it encounters an enemy (foe). Or maybe give a friendly smile when meeting a player in the same faction.

An enter or exit reaction can only be in use by one nearby character at any one time. That is, if your character is using say Reaction 1 to react to a nearby character, that same reaction cannot be used to perform a reaction until that reaction has been completed. Reactions are NOT queued.

Property or Button	Description
Name of Reaction	The descriptive name so that you can remember what the intention is for this reaction.
React To	
Any	React to any other character that is within the React Distance of this character.
Friendly	React to character with the same faction or has a neutral faction (0)
FriendOnly	React to only characters with the same faction.
Foe	React to characters with a different faction. Does not react to neutral (0) characters.
NeutralOnly	Only react to neutral (0) characters.
Nobody	Does not react to any characters. Useful for temporarily disabling a reaction.
Models to Include (qty)	An optional array of model IDs that will further limit which characters to react to. The quantity can be changed to increase or decrease the size of the array. Model ID of a Sticky3D character is found on the Engage tab of the StickyControlModule, under Identification Settings.

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Property or Button	Description
Auto Button	Automatically populate the list of Enter/Exit from the Emotions tab based on
	emotion intensities and the "React To" setting of the reaction.
Pre Button	Preview the reaction on the character at runtime in the editor.
Enter Settings	
Enter Emotions	An emotion from this list will be randomly played when another character enters
	the proximity area. If "Auto" is enabled, at runtime, the list will be populated from
	the Emotions tab based on emotion intensities and the "React To" setting.
Emotion nn	The name of the emotion to be randomly triggered from the Emotions tab.
Hold Duration	The length of time, in seconds, the enter emotion stays at fully active before fading back out.
Enter Events	
On Pre Enter	These are triggered immediately before reacting to when another character come nearby.
On Post Enter	These are triggered immediately after reacting to when another character come
	nearby. If there are no Enter Emotions or Speech Audios, this will be called
	immediately after the On Pre Enter events.
Enter Speech Audios	A speech audio clip from this list will be randomly played when another character
	enters the proximity area.
Exit Settings	
Exit Emotions	An emotion from this list will be randomly played when another character leaves the proximity area. If "Auto" is enabled, at runtime, the list will be populated from the Emotions tab based on emotion intensities and the "React To" setting.
Emotion nn	The name of the emotion to be randomly triggered from the Emotions tab.
Hold Duration	The length of time, in seconds, the enter emotion stays at fully active before fading
	back out.
Exit Events	
On Pre Exit	These are triggered immediately before reacting to when other characters stop being nearby.
On Post Exit	These are triggered immediately after reacting to when other characters stop being nearby. If there are no Exit Emotions or Speech Audios, this will be called
	immediately after the On Pre Exit events.
Exit Speech Audios	A speech audio clip from this list will be randomly played when another character leaves the proximity area.

# Sticky Socket

This component can be used to attach or snap interactive-enabled objects to a gameobject. It requires a trigger collider. Be sure to check out the "Socket Basics Tutorial" video.

To attach objects to a character, use the Sticky Control Module Equip Points or Stash, or use a Sticky Parts Module.

S3D characters can interact with StickySockets in the scene using the "Sockets" settings on the "Look" tab.

# Sticky Socket – General Properties

Property or Button	Description
Initialise on Start	If enabled, Initialise() will be called as soon as Start() runs. This should be disabled if you want to control when the Sticky Socket component is enabled through code.
Max Items	The maximum number of items to attach to this socket.
Disable Regular Colliders	When adding, non-trigger colliders on interactive-enabled objects will be disabled. When removed, they will be re-enabled.

Property or Button	Description
Disable Trigger Colliders	When adding, trigger colliders on interactive-enabled objects will be disabled. When removed, they will be re-enabled.
Interactive Tags	The Scriptable Object containing a list of 32 tags. Typically, only one would be used for all interactive objects as the text is only used to help you remember what each number from 1-32 represents. To create custom tags, in the Project pane, click Create->Sticky3D->Interactive Tags.
Permitted Tags	The interactive-enabled objects that are permitted to be attached to the socket. See the S3DInteractiveTags scriptableobject.
Default Popup Offset	The default local space offset a StickyPopupModule appears relative to the socket.
Default Popup Prefab	The default StickyPopupModule to display when a character engages with this socket.
Empty Popup Offset	The local space offset a StickyPopupModule appears relative to the socket when the socket is "empty" or has no interactive objects attached.
Empty Popup Prefab	The StickyPopupModule to display when a character engages with the socket and the socket is "empty" or has no interactive objects attached.

## Sticky Socket - Events

Socket events are triggered when certain things happen. When these happen, you can call your own game code, call S3D APIs, and/or set some properties on other Unity objects in the scene. By using APIs and Unity object properties, you may not even need to write any code yourself.

Event Property	Description
On Hover Enter	These are triggered by a S3D character when they start looking at this socket.
On Hover Exit	These are triggered by a S3D character when they stop looking at this socket.
On Pre Add	These are triggered near the start of the AddItem process for a StickyInteractive object.
On PostAdd	These are triggered immediately after a StickyInteractive object has been added to the socket.

# Sticky Surface

This small component can be added to any collider to help the character determine what type of surface they are stepping on. It is used with the "Footsteps" option on the Sticky Control Module "Move" tab.

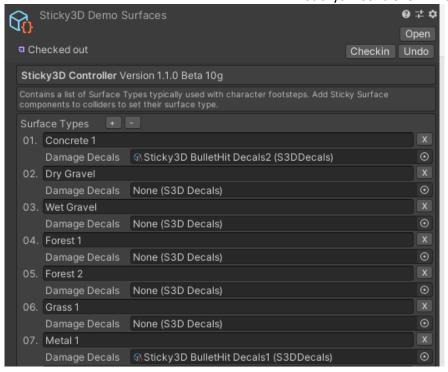
It can also be used with the weapon system, to determine what type of surface was hit by a projectile.

[NOTE: If you want to know how to make a character "stick" to an object, see "Reference Frames Explained" in the Sticky Control Module – Move section of this manual].

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It contains a reference to a shared Scriptable Object that can be created in your Project pane in the Unity Editor. An example is provided in the Demos\Surfaces folder.

To avoid having your Surfaces Scriptable Object being overwritten during a S3D update, we suggest either creating your own (using Create, Sticky3D, Surfaces) or duplicating the Demo version and making your modifications. Don't forget to move your Scriptable Object outside the Sticky3DController folder.

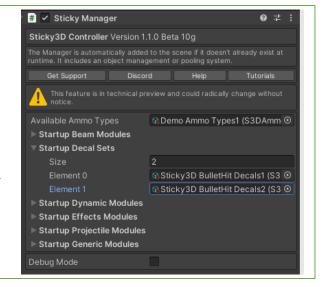


Property	Description
Is Terrain	Is this object a Unity terrain rather than a regular mesh?
Surface Types	A shared Scriptable Object in the Project containing a list of common surface types
Surface Type	The surface type for this collider. Used to trigger things like footstep sounds for a
	Sticky3D character or which kind of decals to deploy when hit by a projectile.

When you use Decals with Sticky Surface components, unlike "Default Decal Sets" in the "Sticky Projectile Module", they are not automatically pooled when your game launches.

By default, a pool is created the first time a different decal is required.

To pre-allocate your decal sets used with the Sticky Surface components, add the Damage Decal sets from your "Sticky3D Services" scriptable object asset to the "Sticky Manager" under "Startup Decal Sets".



# Sticky Task Module

This component enables a character to perform tasks or activities as a sequence of steps.

#### Sticky Task Module – General

This tab provides general settings for the Sticky Task Module.

Property	Description
Initialise on Start	If enabled, Initialise() will be called as soon as Start() runs. This should be disabled if you want to control when the component is enabled through code.
Single Popup Only	Only show one popup at a time for the character.
Interrupt Warnings	When should interrupt debug warnings be output? These occur when a task step should not be interrupted.
Task Cancel Messages	When should cancel task messages be output? These occur when a task is cancelled. This can help debug when and why a task is cancelled.
Step Cancel Messages	When should cancel task step messages be output? These occur when a task step is cancelled. This can help debug when and why a step is cancelled.
Step Start Messages	When should start task step messages be output? These occur when a task step is started.

# Sticky Task Module – Lie

This tab provides general settings for lie down task and steps.

## Lie Task Events

This tab provides a place to set up events for this task. There are also delegates that you can subscribe to in your own code. See the Runtime and API chapter.

Event Property	Description
On Pre Begin	These are triggered immediately after initial checks but before the first task step executes.
On Cancelled	These are triggered immediately after a task is cancelled.
On Post Finish	These are triggered immediately after the task stops executing.

## Lie Notify Events

These events are only triggered if a Notify task step indicates it should be called. There are also delegates that you can subscribe to in your own code. See the Runtime and API chapter.

Event Property	Description
On Obstacle	These are triggered if a Notify task step indicates they should be called. Use this after a failed CheckObstacle task step.
On Lain	These are triggered if a Notify task step indicates they should be called. Use this at the end of a lie down sequence.
On Seated	These are triggered if a Notify task step indicates they should be called. Use this at the end of a lie to sit sequence.
On Stood Up	These are triggered if a Notify task step indicates they should be called. Use this at the end of a stand-up sequence.

#### Lie Task Properties

Property	Description
Hover Popup	The sticky popup prefab to display when hovering over the lyable (or sittable) interactive object.
Popup Action Text	The selectable text displayed in the hover popup to begin the lie or sit-down sequence.
Popup Action Item	When the hover popup is shown, which item, from the bottom, displays the Lie text? Numbers begin at 1.
Popup Cancel Text	The selectable text displayed in the hover popup to cancel or close the popup.
Wait Interval	The number of seconds to wait before checking if the task still needs to wait.

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Property	Description
Max. Wait Duration	The maximum time, in seconds, the task will wait on an external activity to
	complete. This is a failsafe to avoid the task endlessly waiting [Default: 30 seconds].
Stand Step Name	The name of the first step to run when the character is to stand up.
Lie Instantly Step Name	The name of the first step to run when the character is to lie down instantly.
Lie to Sit Step Name	
Sit to Lie Step Name	
Run Finish Events	The condition under which the Finish events are called.
Task Steps	The list of steps for this lie task. These are pre-configured for player or NPCs and
	should work in most scenarios. However, feel free to modify them with your own
	character prefabs. If they don't seem to work with your game, feel free to contact us
	on Discord to discuss.

### Sticky Task Module – Sit

This tab provides general settings for sit task and steps.

#### Sit Task Events

This tab provides a place to set up events for this task. There are also delegates that you can subscribe to in your own code. See the Runtime and API chapter.

Event Property	Description
On Pre Begin	These are triggered immediately after initial checks but before the first task step executes.
On Cancelled	These are triggered immediately after a task is cancelled.
On Post Finish	These are triggered immediately after the task stops executing.

### Sit Notify Events

These events are only triggered if a Notify task step indicates it should be called. There are also delegates that you can subscribe to in your own code. See the Runtime and API chapter.

Event Property	Description
On Obstacle	These are triggered if a Notify task step indicates they should be called. Use this after a failed CheckObstacle task step.
On Seated	These are triggered if a Notify task step indicates they should be called. Use this at the end of a sit-down sequence.
On Stood Up	These are triggered if a Notify task step indicates they should be called. Use this at the end of a stand-up sequence.

When adding Notify task steps, typically you will want to set the "May Interrupt" to true. This is so that you can perform another task operation (if you wish) from your custom code that is called by the event.

### Sit Task Properties

Property	Description
Hover Popup	The sticky popup prefab to display when hovering over the sittable (only) interactive object. If the object is lyable and sittable, the Hover Popup on the Lie tab will be used.
Popup Action Text	The selectable text displayed in the hover popup to begin the sit-down sequence.
Popup Action Item	When the hover popup is shown, which item, from the bottom, displays the Sit text? Numbers begin at 1.
Popup Cancel Text	The selectable text displayed in the hover popup to cancel or close the popup.
Wait Interval	The number of seconds to wait before checking if the task still needs to wait.

	,
Property	Description
Max. Wait Duration	The maximum time, in seconds, the task will wait on an external activity to complete. This is a failsafe to avoid the task endlessly waiting [Default: 30 seconds].
Stand Step Name	The name of the first step to run when the character is to stand up.
Sit Instantly Step Name	The name of the first step to run when the character is to sit instantly.
Run Finish Events	The condition under which the Finish events are called.
Task Steps	The list of steps for this sit task. These are pre-configured for player or NPCs and should work in most scenarios. However, feel free to modify them with your own character prefabs. If they don't seem to work with your game, feel free to contact us on Discord to discuss.

#### Sticky Task Module – Event

This tab provides a place to set up general events for the module. For task-specific events, see the various task tabs.

There are also delegates that you can subscribe to in your own code. See the Runtime and API chapter.

Event Property	Description
On Initialised Event Delay	The number of seconds to delay firing the On Initialised event methods after the module has been initialised.
On Initialised	These are triggered by a module after it is initialised.
On Destroyed	These are triggered immediately before the component is destroyed.

# Sticky Task Module – Steps

Each task should contain one or more steps. This is a sequence of actions that are performed to complete a task. A task may contain several phases which can be run, starting at a particular step. For example, the sit task can begin with the first step, or it can start at the Stand-Up step, or it can start at the "Sit Instantly" step.

The available properties are determined by the Step Type. The relevant properties are displayed in the inspector when a Step Type is selected. A good way to determine which types should be used is to examine the preconfigured tasks on our demo Amy, Bryce, Kate or Jeff player character or NPC prefabs.

The following properties are common to all but the Label Step Type.

Common Property	Description
Step Name	The descriptive name of the Task Step.
Step Type	The primary purpose of the Task Step.
Condition	The condition that must be met for the step to be performed.
May Interrupt	Should an external action be able to interrupt this step? e.g. Can the character start standing during a sit-down animation or can they abort the sitting sequence while walking toward a seat?
Cancel Action	What should happen after the task step is cancelled?
End Action	What should happen after the task step has completed (but not been cancelled)?

The following properties are used by one, two, or more Step Types. They are sorted in alphabetic order.

Property	Description
Anim End State Name	The name of the animator State which is running when the character has finished the animation step.
Anim Layer	The zero-based animation layer on the character animation controller that contains the Anim State.
Anim Param Name	Animation parameter name (if any) in the animation controller on the character.

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Property	Description
Anim Param Value	The Boolean value to set for the animation parameter in the animation controller on the character.
Anim State Name	The name of the animator State (if any) to run in the animation controller on the character.
Anim State Transition	The transition duration, in seconds, when playing the Anim State in the animation
Amin State Transition	controller on the character.
Bone Offset	Used with CheckObstacle Step Type. The local space offset from the position of
	bone1.
Cancel Task (Prev	Used with the Notify Step Type. If the previous step was cancelled, cancel the task.
Cancelled)	This is useful with Notify steps that call delegates and events when the previous step was cancelled.
Disable Follow Head FP	Should first-person follow head be disabled when this step begins?
Disable Follow Head TP	Should third person follow head be disabled when this step begins?
Disable Lock Pos to	Used with the General Step Type. If Enable Lock Pos to RefFrame was previously set,
RefFrame	should this be disabled?
Disable Look Movement	Used with the General Step Type. Should look movement be disabled when this Task
	Step begins?
Disable Movement	Used with the General Step Type. Should character movement be disabled when this
	step begins?
Distance	Used with CheckObstacle Step Type. The distance to look for an obstacle.
Enable Follow Head FP	Used with the General Step Type. Should third person follow head be enabled when
	this step begins?
Enable Follow Head TP	Used with the General Step Type. Should first-person follow head be enabled when
	this step begins?
Enable Lock Pos to	Used with the General Step Type. Should the characters position become
RefFrame	synchronised with the reference frame? Can be useful when seated.
Enable Look Movement	Used with the General Step Type. Should look movement be enabled when this Task Step begins?
Enable Movement	Used with the General Step Type. Should character movement be enabled when this step begins?
Max Duration	Use with any step type that can be run over time. The maximum the time the step will run before being cancelled. If 0, this step executes in a single frame.
Max Step Offset	The character maximum step up height during this taskstep. Typically used during
Max Step Offset	MoveTo or RotateTo task steps to prevent character stepping up onto an object.
On Lain	Used with the Notify Step Type. Should the On OnLain events and delegates be called?
On Obstacle	Used with the Notify Step Type. Should the On Obstacle events and delegates be called?
On Seated	Used with the Notify Step Type. Should the On Seated events and delegates be called?
On Stood Up	Used with the Notify Step Type. Should the On StoodUp events and delegates be called?
Property Name	Used with the Set Property Step Type. The boolean property to set on the character.
,	If you'd like to see other properties on the character as options, chat with us on Discord.
Property Type	Used with the Set Property Step Type. The type of property to set. Currently only
	Boolean is available. Chat with us on Discord if you'd like other options like float, or
	integer.
Property Value	Used with the Set Property Step Type. The value of the character property. For
	Boolean properties, this would be on or off (true or false).
Relative Radius	Used with the Scale Radius Step Type. The temporary relative radius of the character
	collider.

	Sticky5D controller 1.2.5
Property	Description
Scale Height	Used with the Scale Height Step Type. The height to scale the character to. Options include Full, Fixed, Knee, Shoulder, Sit, or InteractiveSit. If using an Interactive height, the interactive-enabled object will be used to determine the scaling.
Scale Radius	Used with the Scale Radius Step Type. The radius to scale the character to. Options include Full, Fixed, or Interactive. If the later, the interactive-enabled object will be used to determine the radius of the character.
Slow Dist. Threshold	Used with MoveTo Step Type. The distance from the target that the character will approach more slowly.
Source Bone	Used as a reference point when checking for obstacles.
Target Angle Threshold	Used with RotateTo Step Type. How close the character must align to the interactive-enabled object rotation (in degrees) before completing the Task Step.
Target Dist. Threshold	Used with MoveTo Step Type. How close the character must be to the interactive- enabled object (in metres) before completing the Task Step.
Target Position	Used with MoveTo Step Type. The target position when the Position Type is WorldSpace or CharacterLocalSpace.
Target Position Type	Used with MoveTo Step Type. BedOffset and SeatOffset will attempt to get the target position from the interactive-enabled object, like a bed or a seat.
Target Rotation	Used with RotateTo Step Type. The target rotation when the Rotation Type is WorldSpace or CharacterLocalSpace.
Target Rotation Type	Used with RotateTo Step Type. The type of rotation. BedOffset and SeatOffset will attempt to use the rotation setting on the interactive-enabled bed or seat.
Temporary Height	Used with the Scale Height Step Type. The temporary height of the character collider.
Turn Angle Threshold	Used with RotateTo Step Type. Angles below this threshold will reduce the turning speed. The value needs to be more than 10.

#### Sticky Task Module with NPCs

There is a SampleNPCBed script (Component->Sticky3D Controller->Samples->Bed Interaction NPC) which you can attach to an NPC to test the module.

#### To setup the sample:

- 1) Add an NPC (e.g. Demo\Prefabs\Characters\NPC\_Amy, NPC\_Bryce, NPC\_Jeff or NPC\_Kate)
- 2) Attach this component to the NPC
- 3) In the scene add an interactive-enabled object (your bed should have a StickyInteractive component)
- 4) Set it to be Lyable and Sittable.
- 5) Set the Bed Target Offset e.g., 0.1, 0, 0.625
- 6) Enable (Lyable) Adj. Target Offset
- 7) Set the Bed Prone Offset e.g., -0.02, 0.45, -0.53
- 8) Set the Sit Scale Height to Sit
- 9) Set the Sit Target Offset e.g., 0, 0, 0.625
- 10) Enable (Sittable) Adj. Target Offset
- 11) On the StickyTaskModule, select Lie task, under Lie Notify Events add a On Lain event
- 12) From the scene, drag the NPC (e.g. Amy\_NPC) into the event object
- 13) Set the Function as SampleNPCBed HasLainDown.
- 14) Add a On Seated event (also on the Lie tab), setting the Function to SampleNPCBed HasSatDown.

#### Sticky Task Module – Interaction and Control

For player characters, you will typically add a On Hover Enter event to each interactive bed and/or seat in the scene.

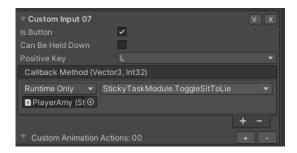
This event will call the ShowPopup function on the character. If you can switch between different player characters in your game, simply add an entry for each character. Only active characters will show the popup.

Alternatively, you could create a function in your own game code that is called by the On Hover Enter, passing in the StickyInteractive object. Your code could determine which is the current player and call the ShowPopup function on that character's StickyTaskModule.

On player characters that wish to switch between lying down and sitting or vis versa, you "could" use the same popup (with more options) OR use a Sticky Input Module "Custom Input" key or button. On PC, we'd recommend this later approach as a popup may not be so easy to use while sitting or lying down.

For NPCs, call our APIs directly from your game code.





# Sticky Weapon System

### Weapon System Overview

This feature is currently in **Technical Preview.** Some aspects of it **may not be production or game ready**. Its behaviour may change without notice with each release to correct issues or to address scenarios. If you see a problem, please contact us on our Unity forum or on our Discord channel.

The weapon system consists of several key components.

- Sticky Weapons
- Sticky Magazines (a.k.a. "Clips")
- Sticky Control Module (a.k.a. Characters)
- Sticky Beam Module (for configuring ray or laser beams)
- Sticky Projectile Module (for configuring projectiles or "ammo")
- Sticky Manger (for managing pooling for projectiles, beams, and effects)

The system is designed with a Sci-Fi flavour and is not meant to fully simulate a present-time real-world combat system. Although it can be used with models that depict RL weapons, that isn't our focus.

#### Setup consists of:

- Configuring Sticky Weapons (which are special kinds of Sticky Interactive object) See "Sticky Weapon Setup Basics"
- 2. Configuring Sticky Magazines (which are also special Sticky Interactive objects)
- 3. Configuring a S3D character to be able to "Grab" (pickup) interactive objects (you might have already done this for other objects)
- 4. Configuring Sticky Input Module so character can fire (Left/Right Fire Button) and aim (with a Custom Input)
- 5. Configuring the S3D character so they can "Stash" interactive objects
- 6. Configuring the S3D character so they can switch weapons.

### Grabbing and Dropping Weapons and Ammo

You player will probably want to wander around the scene and pickup weapons and magazines (which contain "hopefully" ammo that can be used in your weapon).

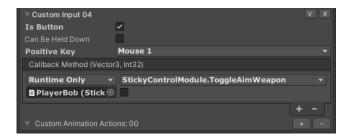
- 1. On the player "Sticky Control Module", go to the "Sticky Input Module".
- 2. Add a new "Custom Input"
- 3. Configure the button to use to grab and drop weapons and magazines. E.g., "G" button on the keyboard
- 4. Add a new event (Callback Method) and drag the "Sticky Control Module" from the Hierarchy into the "Object" field. For the "Function", select "StickyControlModule.ToggleHoldInteractive"
- 5. On the S3D "Look" tab, enable "Interactive"
- 6. If you have a StickyDisplayModule (a.k.a. "HUD") in your scene, on the "Engage" tab of the S3D character, expand "Event Settings", add a new event to "On Look At Changed" and drag the "StickyDisplayModule" from the scene into the "Object" field. Set the "Function" to "StickyDisplayModule" (Dynamic) InteractiveLookAtChanged.
- 7. Now your character should be able to walk around, look at a weapon or magazine and grab it into their right hand.

## Aiming Weapons

When using a weapon with a player character, they may wish to have more precise aiming. This can be achieved by enabling or disabling aiming on a held weapon.

For example, you could call stickyControlModule ToggleAimWeapon(..) from a "Custom Input" on the "Sticky Input Module" attached to your player.

Here the player would use the right mouse button to toggle aiming on and off.



A weapon is an interactive-enabled object and can be held by a player (see "Grabbing and Dropping Weapons and Ammo above).

When aiming in first-person, the held weapon is always parented to the player's first-person camera. When coming out of aim mode, the weapon reverts to being parented to the S3D character's hand. The weapon offset is set in the "Weapon Anim Set" for the character-weapon pair.

When switching between first and third person, aiming is always turned off. Aiming is also turned off if the weapon is dropped.

In third person, there is an option to use the first-person camera for aiming. This style is popular with several popular third-person shooter games. If you don't wish to use first-person outside of aiming, simply disable the "Switch Look Button" on the player's "Sticky Input Module". See the "TP Aim uses FP Camera" option under "Weapon Anim Sets" for more details.

First-person aiming uses Hand IK to help align the hands with the weapon as the currently running animation may not match the weapon offset.

When a character starts or stops aiming a held weapon, you can call Sticky3D APIs and/or call your own code. See the Sticky Control Module Engage tab (Events) for more information.

#### Switching Weapons

Weapons for a character can be easily switched between a hand and the character "Stash" (inventory).

1. Configure at least two weapons to be Grabbable (see Sticky Weapon – Setup Basics).

- 2. Make sure you can grab and drop weapons in play mode.
- 3. Configure the "Engage Stash Settings" on the character.
- 4. On the player "Sticky Control Module", go to the "Sticky Input Module".
- 5. Add a new "Custom Input"
- 6. Configure the button to use to switch weapons. E.g., "Z" button on the keyboard
- 7. Add a new event (Callback Method) and drag the "Sticky Control Module" from the Hierarchy into the "Object" field. For the "Function", select "StickyControlModule.SwitchStashedWeapon". Leave the bool field unchecked if you are using the right hand.

# Sticky Weapon

A sticky weapon is an interactive-enabled object that can be grabbed, dropped, equipped, socketed, stashed, fired, and reloaded. It extends the features of a Sticky Interactive object. However, only the relevant properties are exposed in the Unity Inspector.

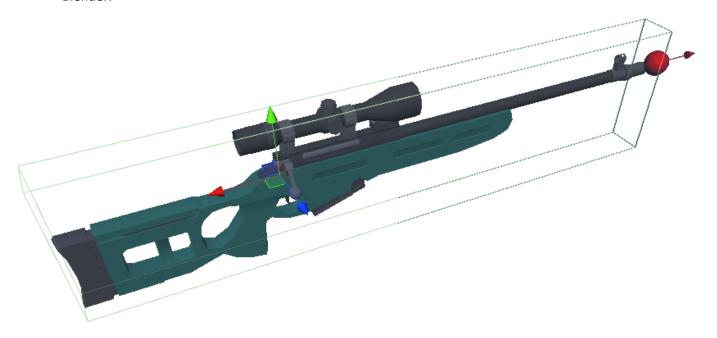
A weapon can have two firing mechanisms (Fire Button 1 and 2), although most weapons will only have a primary fire button. Unless this is a custom weapon, both firing mechanisms must match the Weapon Type.

There are two demo weapons included in the pack, a projectile P320 handgun, and the B43A1 laser rifle (which has a projectile pulse rifle variant). However, you should be able to configure your own weapon models, or those available from a third party.

# Sticky Weapon – Setup Basics

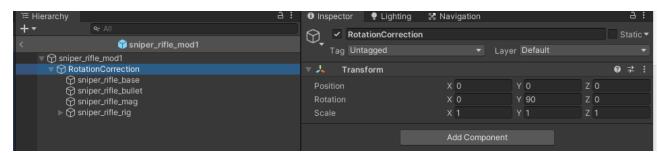
Here are the basics of setting up a weapon. For details on each property, see the appropriate section below in this chapter.

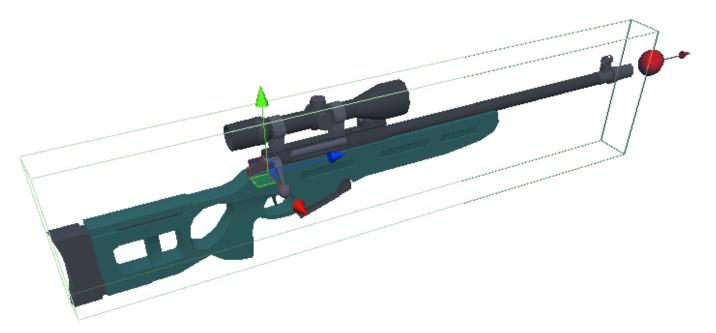
- 1. First, you'll need a weapon model, which is usually an FBX file. This may, or may not, include weapon animations like "firing" or "reloading" and a basic animation controller. You can find a wide variety of free and paid versions on the Unity Asset Store.
- 2. Add the weapon model as a child of an empty gameobject. Make sure you don't rotate the child transform of the model, otherwise aiming may not work correctly. **The 3**<sup>rd</sup> **party weapon below (not included in this pack)**, is incorrectly setup as the parent transform is not facing in the direction of the barrel (the blue z-axis should be pointing in the firing direction, but instead is pointing to the right). This is because the base of the rifle is rotated -89.98 degrees on the x-axis mostly like as a result of it being imported directly from Blender.



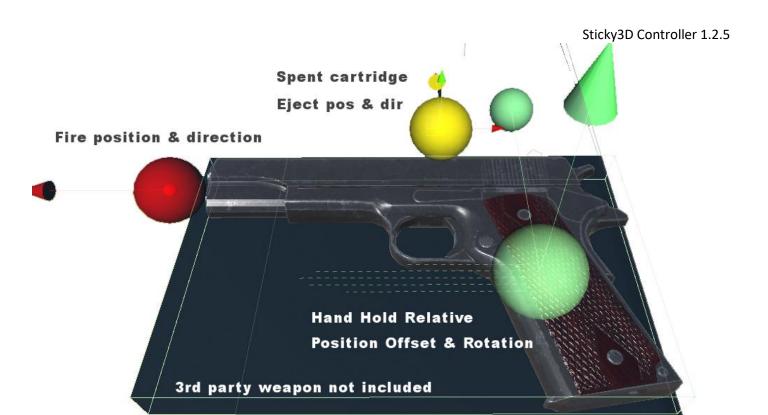
To correct the above weapon FBX, there are a few options. The best is to re-export the FBX correctly, so the model has zero rotation. If you don't have access to the original model files, you could create an empty gameobject under the FBX parent (you might need to first "Unpack Prefab") and drag all the other weapon objects under the new child gameobject. Then, rotate the new child gameobject by say 90 on y-axis to make the weapon face in the correct direction. You can see the corrected prefab below.

You can now see that the blue z-axis points in the same direction the weapon is going to fire.





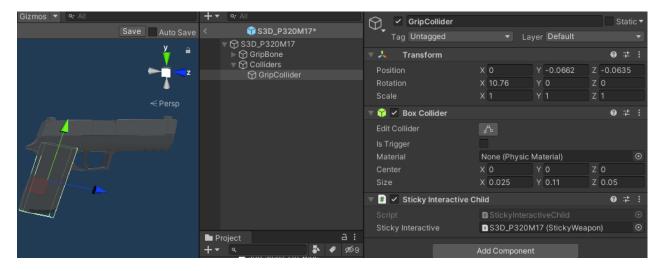
- 3. Rename the empty gameobject. E.g., "My Weapon"
- 4. Add a StickyWeapon component to the parent empty gameobject
- 5. On the "Interactive" tab, you'll typically want to enable "Initialise on Start", "Is Grabbable", "Carry in Hand", "Parented on Grab", "Re-parent on Drop", "Disable Regular Colliders", and "Remove Rigidbody on Grab"
- 6. If you want to be able to Stash this weapon in a character's "Stash" (inventory), enable "Is Stashable".
- 7. On the "Interactive" tab, configure at least the "Hand Hold Primary Relative Position".
- 8. Optionally configure "Gravity Settings"
- 9. On the "Weapon" tab, set the "Weapon Type"
- 10. Under "General Settings", configure the "Fire Direction" (default forward on the z-axis) and "Relative Fire Position".



- 11. Add the appropriate Projectile or Beam prefab.
- 12. Set the Firing Button 1, button, type and interval (most weapons will only use firing button 1)
- 13. If you don't already have a Scriptable Object for "Ammo Types" used for weapons in your scene, create one now in the Project pane of the Unity Editor, by finding a suitable game folder, and clicking "+" then Sticky3D -> Ammo Types. You can then give them custom names and properties to suit your game. You only need one Ammo Type scriptable object as it is shared by all weapons. Typically, we don't recommend adding game content directly to the Sticky3DController folder.
- 14. If you don't already have a Scriptable Object of "Mag Types", create one now in the Project pane of the Unity Editor, by finding a suitable game folder, and clicking "+" then Sticky3D -> Mag Types. You only need one Mag Types object as it is shared by all weapons.
- 15. Under "Ammo Settings", add in your Ammo Types and Mag Types scriptable objects.
- 16. For Firing Button 1, add at least one compatible Ammo Type (use the + and buttons next to "Refresh").
- 17. For Firing Button 1, select the Magazine Type.
- 18. Configure the reload settings.
- 19. Under "Animate Settings", if your weapon comes with animations, add the "Weapon Animator" and any "Weapon Actions"



- 20. If you have any S3D character animations that need to be used when characters hold or use this weapon, create one or more "Weapon Anim Set" scriptable objects in the Unity Editor Project pane. For more information see "Sticky Weapon Animate Properties", "Weapon Anim Sets (for characters)" later in this chapter.
- 21. On the Weapon, under "Attachment Settings", if you want a laser sight, if one doesn't already exist, create a transform as a child of the weapon near the end of the barrel where the "Laser Sight" should shine from. Add this to the "Laser Sight" setting in the weapon inspector.
- 22. If you want a Scope to get a zoomed in-view of distant objects, configure that using the instructions in the "Sticky Weapon Attachments" section below.
- 23. If you want your weapon to heat up (and cool down) because of firing, under the "Health and Heat Settings" make the appropriate changes.
- 24. If you want muzzle effects when firing, under "Muzzle FX Settings", add one or more Sticky Effects Module prefabs. As a starting point, make the Muzzle FX Offset the same as the "Relative Fire Position" you configured in "General Settings".
- 25. Optionally configure the "Smoke Settings". If this is a projectile weapon, you could use our "Sticky3D Smoke Effects Set1".
- 26. If you want to see spent or used ammo cartridges ejected from the weapon when fired, under "Spent Cartridge Settings" add a "Sticky Dynamic Module" prefab with a model of your empty ammo cartridge.
- 27. Create at least one primitive non-trigger collider for the weapon.
- 28. If the non-trigger colliders are children of the StickyWeapon transform, rather than on the same transform, add a Sticky Interactive Child component and hook them up with the parent StickyWeapon component.



#### Sticky Weapon – Interactive Properties

See the "Sticky Interactive" chapter for a description of these properties.

#### Sticky Weapon – General (Common) Properties

Property	Description
Weapon Type	The type or style of weapon e.g., Projectile Raycast/Standard, Beam etc. We do not
	support changing the weaponType after it has been initialised.
Fire Direction	The local space direction in which the weapon fires [Default: Forward]
Relative Fire Position	The local space fire position aligned to the end of the barrel.
Fire Position Offsets	An array of local space fire position offsets from the relative fire position. Typically, only used for a weapon with multiple barrels.
Max Range	The maximum range the weapon can shoot.
Firing Button 1	The main trigger for the weapon to fire e.g. None, Manual, AutoFire. Set to None by default so that weapon doesn't automatically fire when a weapon is added at runtime.

Property	Description
Fire Type 1	The main firing type of this weapon. Semi-Auto fires single shots but automatically loads the next projectile if there is available ammo. Full-Auto can continuously fire while there is available ammo.
Only Fire When Aiming 1	Fire button 1 can only fire when the weapon is being aimed.
Firing Button 2	The second trigger for the weapon to fire e.g. None, Manual, AutoFire. Set to None by default so that weapon doesn't automatically fire when a weapon is added at runtime. Most weapons will only use the first firing button or trigger.
Fire Type 2	The secondary firing type of this weapon. Semi-Auto fires single shots but automatically loads the next projectile if there is available ammo. Full-Auto can continuously fire while there is available ammo.
Only Fire When Aiming 2	Fire button 2 can only fire when the weapon is being aimed.
Hit Layer Mask	When fired, the weapon can hit any objects in these Unity Layers.
Only Use When Held	The weapon can only fire, reload, or be animated, when it is held by a character.

## Sticky Weapon – General (Beam Standard) Properties

Property	Description
Beam Prefab	Prefab of the beam fired by this weapon. Beam prefabs need to have a Sticky Beam Module script attached to them.
Charge Amount	The amount of charge or power the beam weapon has.
Recharge Time	The time (in seconds) it takes the fully discharged beam weapon to reach maximum charge.

# Sticky Weapon – General (Projectile Standard) Properties

Property	Description
Projectile Prefab	Prefab of the projectiles fired by this weapon. Projectile prefabs need to have a Sticky Projectile Module script attached to them. For more details look at the
	chapter for that module.

# Sticky Weapon – General (Projectile Raycast) Properties

Property	Description
Projectile Prefab	Prefab of the projectiles fired by this weapon. Projectile prefabs need to have a
	Sticky Projectile Module script attached to them. For more details look at the
	chapter for that module.

# Sticky Weapon – Aiming and Reticle Properties

Reticles are small sprites placed on the screen to assist a character to look or aim in a certain direction. When a weapon is held by a player, these are typically shown on a Sticky Display Module (a.k.a. HUD). If a HUD is found in the scene, the appropriate reticle for this weapon will be displayed. There are also options to NOT display a reticle under certain conditions.

Property	Description
Aim First Person FoV	When aiming the held weapon, this is the character first person camera field of
	view.
Aim Third Person FoV	When aiming the held weapon, this is the character third person camera field of
	view unless "TP Aim uses FP Camera" is enabled in the "Weapon Anim Set".
Aim Speed	The rate at which the transition between aiming and not aiming will progress.
Default Reticle	The reticle (sprite) used when the weapon is held by a S3D player

Aiming Reticle	The reticle (sprite) used when the weapon is held by a S3D player and aiming. If none, it will fall back to defaultReticleSprite unless No Reticle when "Aiming the Weapon [FPS/TPS]" is true.
No Reticle When:	
Aiming the Weapon FPS *	Do not display a reticle on the StickyDisplayModule (HUD) when the weapon is aiming with first-person camera. Only applies if weapon is held by a player (non-NPC) character and there is an active StickyDisplayModule in the scene.
Aiming the Weapon TPS *	Do not display a reticle on the StickyDisplayModule (HUD) when the weapon is aiming with third-person camera. Only applies if weapon is held by a player (non-NPC) character and there is an active StickyDisplayModule in the scene.
Held by a Player *	Do not display a reticle on the StickyDisplayModule (HUD) when the weapon is held. Only applies if weapon is held by a player (non-NPC) character and there is an active StickyDisplayModule in the scene.
Held with Free Look OFF *	Do not display a reticle on the StickyDisplayModule (HUD) when the weapon is held and Free Look on the character is NOT enabled. Only applies if weapon is held by a player (non-NPC) character and there is an active StickyDisplayModule in the scene.

<sup>\*</sup> When the Reticle is not shown, the default pointer (cursor) may be visible. To prevent the pointer appearing in place of the Reticle, ensure "Auto-hide Cursor" is NOT enabled on the character "Look" tab or the HUD "General Settings".

## Sticky Weapon – Ammo Properties

These are the properties that apply to projectile weapons. It includes:

- Types of compatible ammo
- Weapon reloading
- Magazine (a.k.a. clip) details for magazine attach points, see Attachment Settings below.

There are two possible firing button mechanisms: primary (1), and secondary (2). Almost all weapons will only have a primary firing button. The second firing button is mainly for use with custom weapons which require a decent amount of programming knowledge to create a class which inherits from StickyWeapon.cs.

Property	Description
Available Ammo Types	All weapons and magazines in your scene should use the same (common) set of ammo types. You could use our Demo Ammo Types scriptable objects OR create your own unique set by going to the Project pane, clicking "+" then Sticky3D -> Ammo Types. You can then give them custom names and properties to suit your game.
Available Mag Types	All weapons and magazines in your scene should use the same (common) set of magazine types. You could use our Demo Mag Types scriptable objects OR create your own unique set by going to the Project pane, clicking "+" then Sticky3D -> Magazine Types. You can then give them custom names to suit your game.
Compatible Ammo Type	Each Firing Button can use one or more types of ammo. For example, the primary firing button (1) could use standard 9 mm and 9 mm hollow point ammo.
Magazine Type	The type of Magazine that can fit this weapon primary (Firing Button 1) or secondary mechanisms. Most weapons only use Firing Button 1.
Is Sticky Mag Required	Does the firing mechanism require a StickyMagazine to be attached before it can fire? See also "Weapon Mag Setup" under the "Sticky Weapon – Attachments" section later in this chapter.
Unlimited Ammo	Can this projectile weapon keep firing and never run out of ammunition? This does not apply when "Is Sticky Mag Required" is true, as the amount of ammo is determined by the amount of ammo in the current StickyMagazine attached to the weapon (if any).

Property	Description
Ammunition	The quantity of projectiles or ammunition available for this weapon. This is read- only and automatically updated when "Is Sticky Mag Required" is true.
Reload Type	The method for reloading the button mechanism.
[Manual Only]	The firing mechanism (primary [1], or secondary [2]) can only be reloaded by calling: stickyWeapon.Reload (weaponButtonNumber)
fa . 5 1	It can be called either in code or via a Sticky Input Module, Custom Input.
[Auto Reserve]	Get the spare (full) magazines from an invisible "reserve". The number in "reserve" is controlled by the "Mags in Reserve" property.  NOTE: If "Is Sticky Mag Required" is true, the weapon can only be reloaded with a mag from the character's hand or stash (not from the invisible "reserve").
[Auto Stash]	Stash used mags when reloading. Get the first compatible magazine from either the character's hand or Stash (inventory) that has at least 1 piece of compatible ammo in it. This has no effect if the weapon is not held by a S3D character.
[Auto Stash With Drop]	Drop used mags when reloading. Get the first compatible magazine from either the character's hand or Stash (inventory) that has at least 1 piece of compatible ammo in it. This has no effect if the weapon is not held by a S3D character.
Reload Delay	The short delay, in seconds, between when the button mechanism fired, and it attempts to reload.
Reload Equip Delay	The delay during reloading, in seconds, between when the mechanism unequips the old mag and starts to equip the new mag.
Reload Duration	The time, in seconds, it takes the firing mechanism to reload (including any Equip Delay).
Reload Sound FX	The Sound FX for the firing mechanism used when the weapon begins reloading. The Effects Type must be "SoundFX". See the Sticky Effects Module chapter for more details.
Reload Equip Sound FX	The Sound FX for the firing mechanism used when the weapon equips a new mag during reloading. The Effects Type must be SoundFX. This can be useful if you want a separate sound for when reloading starts (Reload Sound FX above) and then another sound when the new mag is equipped or fitted to the weapon. See the Sticky Effects Module chapter for more details.
Mag Capacity	The amount of ammo the primary firing mechanism magazine (clip) can hold. Becomes read-only when "Is Sticky Mag Required" is true. It is automatically updated when a magazine is retrieved from Stash.
Unlimited Mags	Is there an unlimited number of magazines with which to keep reloading? This is not available when the Reload Type is "Auto Stash".
Mags In Reserve	The number of additional magazines available for the firing mechanism. This is read- only and automatically updated when Reload Type is Auto Stash.
Fire Empty Effects Set*	The set containing one or more StickyEffectsModules to be randomly selected when attempting to fire with no available ammo on fire button 1. Ensure "Is Reparented" is NOT selected on each prefab.

<sup>\*</sup> To create an Effects Set, perform the following tasks:

- 1. In the Unity Editor Project pane, find a suitable folder for your game, and click "+" then Sticky3D -> Effects Set. Typically, we don't recommend adding your own content to the Sticky3DController folders.
- 2. Give the new scriptable object a meaningful name. e.g., Weapon Empty Fire Effects Set1
- 3. Click the "+" button on the new Effects Set
- 4. Drag an existing StickyEffectsModule prefab into the new slot. E.g., "StickyEmptyFireFX1" from the Demos\Prefabs\Effects folder.
- 5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 for additional empty fire effects that you want to include in the set.

### Sticky Weapon – Animate Properties

Weapon animate setting allow you to control weapon and/or character animations. For example, you might want to animate the weapon model when it fires. Some 3<sup>rd</sup> party weapons (like ones you purchase from the Unity Asset Store), come with an animator and animations. Otherwise, you can configure your Unity Animator and make some animations using the Unity Animation editor.

We have included the S3D\_P320M17 projectile handgun that has a firing animation. See the project Demos\Prefabs\Weapons folder.

Your humanoid character most likely already is set up with idle, walk, and run animations. When your character grabs a weapon, you probably want to use different idle, walk and run animations. For example, when idle, the character should be holding the weapon out in front of them. Weapon Anim Sets help you replace existing character animations to match the weapon they grab (without you writing any code). They can also send weapon data to the animation controller on a character.

Property	Description
Weapon Animator	The animator that will control animating the weapon. This should be attached to, or a child of, the weapon gameobject
Weapon Actions	The animate actions that interact with your weapon animation controller.
Weapon Anim Sets (for	These can replace animations on your S3D character and can also send weapon data
characters)	to the character animation controller.

#### Weapon Actions

Each Weapon Animate Action sends data from your StickyWeapon component to the weapon animation controller.

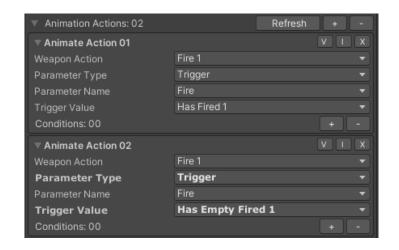
Action Property	Description
Weapon Action	This is the action that happens that causes the animation to take place. It helps you remember why you set it up.  Custom Actions can be controlled via code. For more information see Custom Actions below.
Parameter Type	The type of animation parameter, if any, used with this action
Parameter Name	The parameter name from the animation controller that applies to this action
Invert	Works with bool types. When the value is true, use false instead. When the value is false, use true instead. Not compatible with Toggle
Toggle	Works with bool custom anim actions to toggle the existing parameter value in the animator controller. Not compatible with Invert or "Reset After Use".
Bool Value	The real-time Boolean value from the weapon that will be sent to the model's animation controller
Float Value	The real-time float value from the weapon that will be sent to the model's animation controller
Trigger Value	The real-time trigger value from the weapon that will be sent to the model's animation controller
Integer Value	FUTURE – let us know if you have a use-case and we can add support for it!
Float Multiplier	A value that is used to multiple or change the value of the float value being passed to the animation controller. This is useful if you want to modify the speed at which an animation clip is played. DEFAULT: 1.0
Damping	The damping applied to help smooth transitions, especially with Blend Trees. Currently only used for floats. Used with Float values only. DEFAULT: 0.1. For quick transitions to the new float value use a low damping value, for the slower transitions use more damping.
Reset After Use	Only uses with Custom bool types (see below). By default, this is true and sets Boolean values back to false after animate actions are processed each frame. If you notice that your values are returning to say false in your animator controller when

Action Property	Description
	you expect them to be true it may be a timing issue between user input and when
	fixed update runs. Try setting this to false, and see if it corrects the behaviour.

If your weapon has an animation for firing, you could create two actions. One for when it has fired (Has Fired 1) and one when there was no ammo available when the character attempted to fire (Has Empty Fired 1).

Note, that "Has Fired 1" only occurs when there is ammo available on the primary (1) firing mechanism.

For this weapon, we want it to run the "Fire" animation in both cases.



#### **Custom Actions**

Custom Actions are like other Weapon Actions in that they change Parameter values in your Unity Animator. However, instead of getting the real-time value from data inside StickyWeapon, they get it from via an S3D API method like stickyWeapon.SetCustomAnimActionTriggerValue (..) or SetCustomAnimActionFloatValue(..).

For an example, see Demos\Scripts\SampleWeaponCustomAnimAction.cs.

#### Weapon Anim Sets (for characters)

These are scriptable objects you create in the Unity Editor Project pane. You will probably require different animation for your characters when they hold different weapons. You might also need different sets of animations for different characters holding the same weapons.

Weapon Anim Sets allow you to achieve this without writing code (although you'll still need to have a way of making or obtaining the different animations required – sorry, we can't do everything for you).

Some sample Weapon Anim Sets are included in the project Demos\AnimClipSets folder.

To create a Weapon Anim Set:

- 9. In the Unity Editor Project pane, find a suitable folder for your game, click "+" menu, and Sticky3D -> Weapon Anim Set. Typically, we don't recommend adding content to the Sticky3DController folder.
- 10. Give the new scriptable object a meaningful name. e.g., Enemy NPC Weapon Anim Set1
- 11. Decide which animations you want to replace for this weapon when used by the Enemy NPC.
- 12. Click "+" next to the Anim Clip Pairs
- 13. Add the original animation clip from the character's animation controller.
- 14. Add the replacement animation clip that you want the character to use when using the weapon.
- 15. Add extra pairs to cater for all animations you want to use for this weapon for the Enemy NPC.
- 16. If you want your character to play animations when say firing or reloading a weapon, you can add some Anim Actions. These will send data from your weapon directly to the character's animation controller (you can also animate the weapon itself by using "Weapon Actions" discussed earlier in this section.

Although you can achieve similar outcomes with many different Animation Controller setups, there are two main approaches to playing animations when holding a weapon in Sticky3D.

#### Sticky3D Controller 1.2.5

#### Option 1:

Replace all your "regular" animations with ones specifically designed for the character and weapon pair.

An example is the "Sticky3D Weapon Anim Set Bob P320". This is used when Bob picks up a P320M17 handgun.

In this example, the Bob model (Model ID 1) needs to have 12 animations replaced.

### Option 2:

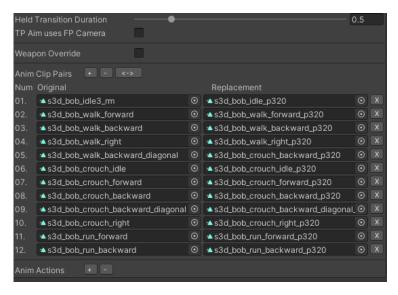
An example is the "Sticky3D Weapon Anim Set Jane Suited P320". This is used when the Suited Jane character picks up a P320M17 handgun.

It uses a separate Animator Layer within the Animation Controller with an upper body mask. Only a few animations are used to control arm, head and hand positions.

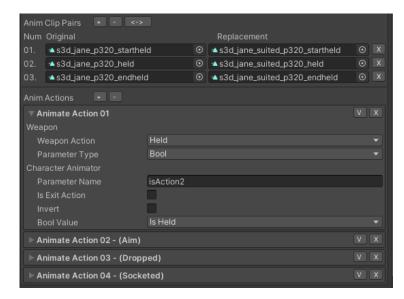
Some character Animate Actions to tell the Animator what to do when a weapon is held.

This is the approach taken with our newer characters (Amy, Bryce, Jeff and Kate) with the P320 and B43A1 demo weapons as it caters for more scenarios than option 1.





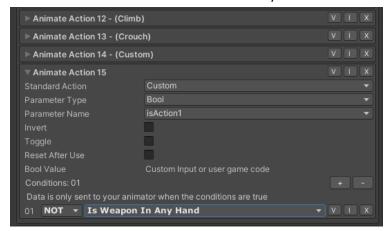




IMPORTANT: Weapon Anim Sets directly update the character's animation controller.

When using "Anim Actions" in a Weapon Anim Set, care must be taken not to cause conflict with existing "Anim Actions" on the "Animate" tab of a character.

This can be achieved by placing a condition on the potentially conflicting "Anim Action" on the character's Animate tab.



Anim Set Property	Description
Skip Parameter Verify	Should anim action parameter name verification be skipped when the set is applied to a weapon? It can be faster but will cause errors if parameter names don't exist in the character's animator. Once you have it all working correctly, you could turn this off to improve performance.
Apply to All Characters	Should this be applied to all characters?
Character Model IDs	An array of Sticky3D Controller Module Model IDs. A Model ID (found on the Engage tab) groups characters with similar attributes together. E.g., Same rig or animation controller.
Aim IK When Not Aiming	When the weapon is held by a character, it will always use Aim IK, even when it is not specifically being aimed.
Aim IK Turn Delay	The time, in seconds, to delay the character turning to face the target when aiming starts. This allows time for to transition from a held animation to an aiming animation.
Aim IK Near Clipping	The first-person camera near clipping plane when aiming.
Aim IK Weapon Offset	The weapon local space offset from the first-person camera when aiming
Clip Revert Delay	The number of seconds to delay reverting animation clips for a character to their originals when the weapon is dropped.
Free Look When Held	If a non-NPC character has Free Look enabled before the weapon is held (but not aimed), does Free Look remain enabled? Useful when a weapon is held in a relaxed pose not pointing forward.
Held Transition Duration	When grabbing a weapon, this is the time, in seconds, it takes the animation to play that transitions from not holding, to holding the weapon. You can get this time from your Animation Controller in the Unity Editor, or from the animation duration itself. If in doubt, use a short time like 0.5 seconds. This DOES NOT change the animation duration or transition time.
TP Aim uses FP Camera	In third-person games, it can be a challenge to precisely aim a weapon. This option, provided the character has a first-person camera configured, will switch to first-person when the character is aiming the weapon. This is particularly useful if the weapon is equipped with a scope.
Weapon Override	Should weapon settings be overridden when the character picks up this weapon?
Only Fire When Aiming 1	Fire button 1 can only fire when the weapon is being aimed
Only Fire When Aiming 2	Fire button 2 can only fire when the weapon is being aimed
Anim Clip Pairs	
Original	The original animation clip from the character's animation controller. This will also be the one restored when the weapon is dropped or stashed.
Replacement	The replacement animation clip that you want the character to use when using the weapon
Anim Actions	

	Sticky3D Controller 1.2.
Anim Set Property	Description
Weapon Action	This is the action that happens that causes the animation to take place. It helps you
·	remember why you set it up.
	Custom Actions can be controlled via code, by creating a new (custom) weapon class
	and overriding the AnimateCharacterCustomAction() method.
Parameter Type	The type of animation parameter, if any, used with this action
Parameter Name	The parameter name from the animation controller that applies to this action
Is Exit Action	Used for weapon actions like dropped, equipped, socketed or stashed to trigger an
13 LAIL ACUUII	immediate exit from an Animation Layer while holding a weapon. For example, when equipping a held weapon in a holster, you might want the holster animation to run to completion (with say a transition Exit Time set to 0.99 in the Animator Controller), but immediately exit when the weapon is dropped or socketed. To achieve this, you'd set the Exit Time in the Animator transition to 0.99, but add two Animate Actions to the Sticky Weapon Anim Set.
	04. ▲s3d_jane_suited_p320_aim1 ⊙ ▲s3d_jane_suited_b43a1_; ⊙ X
	Anim Actions + -
	► Animate Action 01 - (Held)
	► Animate Action 02 - (Aim)
	► Animate Action 03 - (Dropped)
	▼ Animate Action 04
	Weapon
	Weapon Action Socketed ▼
	Parameter Type Trigger   Trigger
	Character Animator
	Parameter Name Action2Exit
	Is Exit Action
	See the weapon anim set "Sticky3D Weapon Anim Set Jane Suited B43A1" and the
	"s3d_jane_suited_ik" animator for an example.
Invert	Works with bool types. When the value is true, use false instead. When the value is false, use true instead. Not compatible with Toggle
Toggle	Works with bool custom anim actions to toggle the existing parameter value in the animator controller. Not compatible with Invert or "Reset After Use".
Bool Value	The real-time Boolean value from the weapon that will be sent to the model's animation controller
Float Value	The real-time float value from the weapon that will be sent to the model's
	animation controller
Trigger Value	The real-time trigger value from the weapon that will be sent to the model's animation controller
Integer Value	FUTURE – let us know if you have a use-case and we can add support for it!
Float Multiplier	A value that is used to multiple or change the value of the float value being passed
·	to the animation controller. This is useful if you want to modify the speed at which
	an animation clip is played. DEFAULT: 1.0
Damping	The damping applied to help smooth transitions, especially with Blend Trees.
	Currently only used for floats. DEFAULT: 0.1. For quick transitions to the new float value use a low damping value, for the slower transitions use more damping.

Anim Set Property	Description
Reset After Use	Only uses with Custom bool types. By default, this is true, and you should set
	Boolean values back to false after animate actions are processed each frame.

### Sticky Weapon – Attachments

This includes information and settings about items that attach to the weapon.

### Weapon Attachment Properties

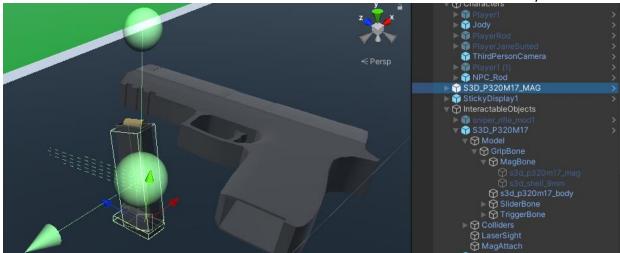
Property	Description
Laser Sight	The child transform that determines where the laser sight aims from.
Laser Sight On	Should the laser sight beam be showing?
Laser Sight Auto On	Should the laser sight beam automatically turn on when it is equipped?
Laser Sight Colour	The colour of the laser sight beam.
Mag Attach Point 1	The child Transform where the primary magazine (clip) attaches to the weapon.
Mag Attach Point 2	The child Transform where the secondary magazine (clip) attaches to the weapon.
Scope On	Should the Scope currently be used for more precise visual aiming?
Scope Camera	The camera used to render the scope display
Scope Renderer	The child mesh renderer to project the Scope Camera onto. Use the "F" button to highlight the demo prefab weapons folder where we have some examples. In your weapon prefab, make sure the Scope Renderer does not have a collider, else you'll see an error at runtime.
Scope Auto On	Should the Scope be automatically turned on when grabbed by a character? Essentially, it will stay on all the time the weapon is held.
Scope Allow NPC	Allow NPCs to use the Scope. Typically, you don't want to enable this as each Scope used in the scene requires the whole scene to be rendered again which has a significant performance overhead.
Torch	TODO

#### Weapon Mag Setup

You may wish your weapon to have interactive magazines (also known as a "clips"). This allows your character to find mags in your scene, pick them up, stash them, reload weapons, and drop them.

#### The steps include:

- 1. Configure the magazine as an interactive item (See chapter "Sticky Magazine")
- 2. On the weapon prefab, in the "Ammo Settings" section on the "Weapon" tab, ensure "Is Sticky Mag Required" is enabled for the firing button
- 3. Set the "Reload Type" to "Auto Stash" or "Auto Stash with Drop"
- 4. In the "Attachment Settings" section on the "Weapon" tab, set the "Mag Attach Point"
- 5. If your weapon model includes a magazine mesh, ensure it is disabled (as this won't be used with this setup)



6. If you want the weapon to start with a mag, add the magazine prefab under the Mag Attach Point transform within the weapon prefab. When the weapon is initialised, the weapon will recognise the magazine. Ensure your StickyMagazine "Mag Type" matches the weapon's "Magazine Type".

#### Weapon Scope Setup

To add a Scope to an existing weapon prefab, perform the following tasks:

- 1. Open the weapon prefab
- 2. Add a scope display prefab as a new child object inside the prefab from Demos\Prefabs\Weapons. Click "F" button in the inspector for a shortcut to the demo folder. E.g., S3D\_Scope\_Display64mm (there is also a smaller 32mm version if this is too big).
- 3. Remove the Box Collider from the S3D Scope Display child object (it is only included in the prefab to comply with Asset Store publishing rules)
- 4. Position the new child object behind the scope on the weapon. The child object should be facing "backward" on the weapon. That is, facing the character when the weapon is held.
- 5. If the display is too big for your scope, try changing it for a smaller one of our prefabs. If it is still too big, scale the child gameobject (e.g., S3D\_Scope\_Display32mm) on the X and Y axis.
- 6. On the "Weapon" tab of the Sticky Weapon component, expand "Attachment Settings" and either hook up the "Scope Camera" or click "New".
- 7. The S3D\_Scope\_Display64mm prefab material uses a render texture (Demos\Textures\Weapons\s3d scope1). Add this to the Scope Camera "Target Texture".
- 8. Optionally, uncheck the "Ignore Raycast" Unity layer in the camera "Culling Mask". If you've set Sticky Beam Module prefabs to the "Ignore Raycast" Unity layer, this will prevent the beam from appearing in the scope when firing (which may look a little odd).
- 9. Save and exit with weapon prefab.
- 10. On your Sticky3D player character(s), go to the Sticky Input Module, add a new Custom Input, configure a new button (like Mouse 1 for right mouse button), add a new event, drag the character parent object in the Object field, and set the function to "StickyControlModule.ToggleAimWeapon". For the weapons held in the right hand, leave the bool field unticked.

Scope display prefabs have a child S3DUIScope overlay which sits slightly in-front of the render texture. You could duplicate an existing prefab, copy it to your game project folder, and replace the S3DUIScope sprite with another one from the Demos\Textures\Scopes folder. Be sure to copy the child transform position and scale onto the new S3DUIScope child object before deleting the original, otherwise it will not render correctly.



Property	Description
Health	The overall health of the weapon. Must be in the range 0 to 100.
Heat Level	The heat of the weapon - range 0.0 (starting temp) to 100.0 (max temp).
Heat Up Rate	The rate heat is added per second for beam weapons. For projectile weapons, it is
	inversely proportional to the firing interval. If rate is 0, heat level never changes.
Cool Down Rate	The rate heat is removed per second. This is the rate the weapon cools when not in
	use.
Overheat Threshold	The heat level that the weapon will begin to overheat and start being less efficient.
	Beam weapons loose charge up to twice as fast when they are overheating.
Burnout on Max Heat	When the weapon reaches max heat level of 100, will the weapon be inoperable
	until it is repaired?
Firing Paused	Is firing paused? This can be useful when only wanting to prevent the weapon from
	firing like when displaying a Sticky popup.

### Sticky Weapon – Muzzle FX Properties

This includes information and settings about muzzle effects that occur when the weapon primary mechanism fires.

Property	Description
Muzzle FX Offset	The distance in local space that the muzzle Effects Object should be instantiated from the weapon firing point. Typically, only the z-axis will be used.
Effects Objects	An array of randomly selected Sticky Effects Modules spawned when the weapon fires. Beams should use looping particle systems.

## Sticky Weapon – Recoil Properties

This includes information and settings for optional recoil actions that occur when the weapon primary or secondary mechanism fires.

This feature currently only works with in first-person with player characters while aiming. It is our intention to have this work for most if not all scenarios.

Property	Description
Recoil Speed	The rate at which the weapon recoils when fired. NOTE: Currently only applies to
	FPS players when aiming.
Return Rate	The rate at which the weapon returns to its stable position.
Fire Button 1 or 2	The settings for the primary (1) or secondary (2) firing mechanism
Recoil Angle X	The angle the weapon pitches up when the firing.
Recoil Angle Y	The maximum angle the weapon rotates around the local y-axis when firing.
Recoil Angle Z	The maximum angle the weapon rotates around the local z-axis when firing.
Recoil Kick Back	The maximum distance, in metres, the weapon will kick back on the local z-axis
	when firing.

## Sticky Weapon – Smoke Properties

This includes information and settings about smoke effects that occur when or slightly after the weapon fires. Smoke is fired from the

Property	Description
Max Active Smoke FX	The maximum number of smoke effects that can be active at any time on this
	weapon.

Property	Description
Smoke Effects Set 1	The set containing one or more StickyEffectsModules to be randomly selected when primary mechanism is fired.
Smoke Effects Set 2	The set containing one or more StickyEffectsModules to be randomly selected when secondary mechanism is fired.

Typically, each StickyEffectsModule prefab used in the sets, should have:

- Effects Type set to Default
- Is Reparented enabled
- A non-looping particle system with an optional Start Delay. Generally, a delay isn't required as the particle system takes a moment to get under way.

#### To create a Smoke Effects Set:

- 1. In the Unity Editor Project pane, find a suitable folder for your game, and click "+" then Sticky3D -> Effects Set. Typically, we don't recommend adding your own content to the Sticky3DController folders.
- 2. Give the new scriptable object a meaningful name. e.g., Weapon Smoke Effects Set1
- 3. Click the "+" button on the new Effects Set
- 4. Drag an existing StickyEffectsModule prefab into the new slot. E.g., "StickySmokeFX1" from the Demos\Prefabs\Effects folder.
- 5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 for additional smoke effects that you want to include in the set.

## Sticky Weapon – Spent Cartridge Properties

This includes information and settings about spent cartridges that can be ejected when the weapon primary mechanism fires.

Property	Description
Spent Cartridge Prefab	The dynamic object prefab for the spent or empty cartridge that is ejected from the weapon after it fires. It must have a StickyDynamicModule component on the parent gameobject.
F (gizmo) Button	Located on the right of the inspector, this will "Find" (select) the gizmo in the scene view that is used to edit the Spent Eject Position and Direction.
G (gizmo) Button	Toggle the Spent Eject gizmo on/off in the scene view.
Spent Eject Position	The local space position on the weapon from which the spent cartridge is ejected.
Spent Eject Direction	The local space direction the spent cartridge is ejected
Spent Eject Rotation	The local space rotation, in Euler angles, of the spent cartridge when ejected. This is not shown by the gizmos in the scene view.
Spent Eject Force	The force used to eject the spent cartridge from the weapon in the Spent Eject Direction.

### Sticky Weapon – Events

Events are triggered when certain things happen to the weapon. When these happen, you can call your own game code, call S3D APIs, and/or set some properties on other Unity objects in the scene. By using APIs and Unity object properties, you may not even need to write any code yourself.

Event Property	Description
On Grabbed	These are triggered by a S3D character when they grab this weapon.
On Dropped	These are triggered by a S3D character when they drop this weapon.
On Hover Enter	These are triggered by a S3D character when they start looking at this weapon.

Event Property	Description
On Hover Exit	These are triggered by a S3D character when they stop looking at this weapon.
On Post Grabbed	There are triggered by a S3D character immediately after they grab this weapon.
On Post Stashed	These are triggered by a S3D character immediately after they stash (place in inventory) this weapon.

## Sticky Weapon – Conversion from Beam to Projectile

If you have already set up a weapon as a "Beam Standard" weapon but now wish to make a "Projectile Standard" variation, the process is quite simple. In this example we will convert the S3D\_B43A1 to a pulse firing laser rifle.

- 1. In the Project panel, locate the prefab (S3D\_B43A1) and duplicate it.
- 2. Rename the new prefab (e.g., S3D\_B43A1\_LaserPulse)
- 3. On the Weapon tab of the prefab, change the "Weapon Type" to "Projectile Standard".
- 4. Next to "Projectile Prefab", click the "F"ind button, expand the highlighted demo "Projectiles" folder and drag in the StickyProjectile3 prefab (see the "Sticky Projectile Module" chapter to create your own projectile prefabs).
- 5. Close the "General Settings" section on the "Weapons" tab.
- 6. You may have noticed two warnings above the "Ammo Settings" section. We'll fix that now. Expand the "Ammo Settings" section.
- 7. To the right of the "Available Ammo Types", click the selection icon and chose "Demo Ammo Types1" or your custom Ammo Types scriptable object.
- 8. To the right of the "Available Mag Types", click the selection icon and select and chose "Demo Mag Type1 or your custom Mag Types scriptable object.
- 9. Under "Fire Button 1", set the "Compatible Ammo Type" to "laser pulse 1" (if using our demo ammo types)
- 10. This laser pulse rifle doesn't have a separate removable mag (a.k.a. "clip"), so we're don't need to configure the Magazine settings. For an example of a projectile weapon that uses a removable mag, see the demo "S3D\_P320M17B" prefab.
- 11. Close the "Ammo Settings" and open the "Muzzle FX Settings" section.
- 12. Set "Effects Objects" to 1
- 13. Add the "StickyMuzzleFX6" from the Demos\Effects folder.

#### Sticky Weapon – Custom Weapons

Custom weapons are an advanced subject for developers familiar with creating classes that inherit from parent classes (in this case StickyWeapon.cs and StickyWeaponEditor.cs).

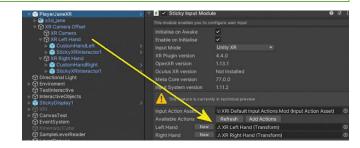
Feel free to reach out to us on our Discord channel if you get stuck creating custom weapons.

## Sticky XR Interactor

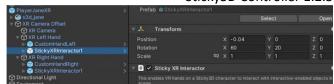
This feature is currently in **Technical Preview** and its behaviour may change without notice with each release to correct issues or to address various scenarios. If you see a problem, please contact us on our Unity forum or on our Discord channel.

This component enables VR hands on a Sticky3D character to interact with interactive-enabled objects in the scene. It can also teleport the character around the scene. The Sticky XR Interactor prefab should be added as a child object to one or both Left- and Right-Hand transforms.

These transforms can be configured in the Sticky Input Module when the Input Mode is "Unity XR".



You may need to adjust the offset and rotation to ensure interactor points in the same direction as the straight index finger.



There is a prefab called "StickyXRInteractor1" included in the Demos\Prefabs\Visuals folder.

## Sticky XR Interactor - Properties

General Property	Description
Initialise on Start	If enabled, Initialise() will be called as soon as Start() runs. This should be disabled if you want to control when the Sticky Interactive component is enabled through code.
Sticky Control Module	The Sticky3D character this interactor is a child of.
Beam Width	The width of the beam or ray displayed in the scene.
Interactor Type	Left or right hand
Look Mode	The method the interactor uses to interact with objects in the scene. The options are "Interactive" or "Teleport".
Max Distance	Maximum distance the interactor can see ahead.
Default Beam Colour	The default colour gradient of the StickyXRInterctor beam or display target
Active Beam Colour	The colour gradient of the StickyXRInteractor beam or display target when it is interacting with an object in the scene.
Point Weapon Held	Is pointing permitted when a weapon is held? By default, this is disabled so that the same button can be configured for both pointing and firing a weapon. For example, a controller trigger.

IMPORTANT: When in "Interactive" mode, this will only work if "Interactive" is also enabled on the Look tab of the Sticky Control Module. This is by design.

Interactive Property	Description
Palm Transform	This needs to be a child transform of the hand. The z-axis (forward) should point in the direction of the palm is facing. This is the palm "normal". The x-axis (right) is towards the direction of the index finger, and, for the right hand, the y-axis (up) is in a thumbs-up direction.
Point to Grab	When LookMode is Interactive, the Target sprite or beam can be pointed at a grabbable interactive-enabled object. This enables you to grab or pick up objects that is out of reach.
Point to Touch	When LookMode is Interactive, the Target sprite or beam can be pointed at a touchable interactive-enabled object. This enables you to "touch" objects from a distance. For example, you might want to touch a button that is out of reach.
Throw Strength	When an interactive-enabled object is dropped, the velocity of the hand is applied to it. The strength of the throw applies velocity to the object. This enables your character to have more strength in one hand that the other.
Target Sprite	The sprite that will be used instead of the pointer beam when the Point Mode is "Target".
Default Target Colour	The default colour of the pointer reticle when the Point Mode is Target
Active Target Colour	The colour of the StickyXRInteractor Target when it is interacting with an object in the scene
Target Offset	When the Point Mode is Target, this is the normalised distance the Target sprite is moved toward the hand away from the object or obstacle to help prevent clipping.

Interactive Property	Description
Point Mode	The visual pointing mode used with a LookMode of Interactive. E.g., Beam or Display
	Target.

Teleport Property	Description
Teleport Reticle	This is the prefab that is instantiated in the scene and is enabled and disabled during Teleport activities. There is a sample prefab called "S3D_XR_TelePort1" in the Demos\Prefabs\Props folder. You can also create your own and even use custom shaders if you want a particular effect.
Show Reticle Normal	Should the teleporter reticle show the destination ground normal?
Auto Disable Teleporter	Is teleporting disabled after the character is teleported to a new location?
Teleport Obstacle Check	When teleporting, check if the character would fit into the space above the location. Currently does not check for S3D characters at that location.

#### Sticky XR Interactor - Teleporting

Teleporting has several API methods that can be invoked from a Custom Input on the Sticky Input Module. These are listed in the "Sticky XR Interactor Methods" section of the "Runtime and API" chapter. A simple scenario would be to turn on the teleporter, teleport to a new location, then disable the teleporter after use. To configure this, perform the following tasks:

- 1. Locate or create an action in your "Input Action Asset" to enable teleporting. E.g., XRI LeftHand, Teleport Mode Active
- 2. On Sticky Input Module, add a Custom Input, and configure the button action from the previous step.
- 3. Add a "Callback Method" to the Custom Input, drag in the Sticky XR Interactor from the left hand of the character, and select "StickyXRInteractor.ToggleTeleportOn" for the function.
- 4. Locate or create an action in your "Input Action Asset" to select the new teleport location. E.g., XRI LeftHand, Teleport Select
- 5. On Sticky Input Module, add a Custom Input, and configure the button action from the previous step.
- 6. Add a "Callback Method" to the Custom Input, drag in the Sticky XR Interactor from the left hand of the character, and select "StickyXRInteractor.SelectTeleportLocation" for the function.

When teleporting, we currently check if there are any obstacles at the teleport location. However, we do not check for S3D characters. Let us know if you need to be able to do this in your project.

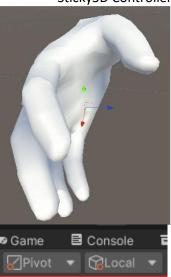
When teleporting is enabled, you may wish to disable "Vertical Move Input Axis" on Sticky Input Module to prevent the character moving forward or backward with continuous move. Similarly, disable "Horizontal Move Input Axis" for continuous left or right movement.

#### Sticky XR Interactor – Grabbing

To grab objects in your VR scene you need the following:

- 1. A grabbable Sticky Interactive object (see "Sticky Interactive" chapter)
- 2. A Sticky3D character configured for VR
- 3. A Sticky XR Interactor component as a child gameobject of a hand transform (the hand transforms are added using the Sticky Input Module when in UnityXR mode)
- 4. A transform on the hand that depicts the palm position and direction
- 5. A Sticky Input Module Custom Input to turn on the Interactor beam or target reticle
- 6. A Sticky Input Module Custom Input to perform the grab or drop action

The VR hands require a transform that indicates the direction the palm is facing. The z-axis (forward) should point in the direction of the palm is facing. This is the palm "normal". The x-axis (right) is towards the direction of the index finger, and, for the right hand, the y-axis (up) is in a thumbs-up direction.



To grab an interactive-enabled object, you need to either touch the object (so, the Sticky Interactive object would need to have IsTouchable enabled and the VR hands would need a Sticky XR Touch component with a trigger collider) or you need to be looking at the object (so, you'd need to be able to toggle Look interactive on/off).

To grab items to that are being looked at, configure a button to toggle Look at interactive on/off.

There are two applicable toggle options.

ToggleInteractiveOn and

ToggleInteractiveOrActivateOn. The later also
enables you to use additional features on an
interactive-enabled object that is being held. Both
will allow you to look at, then grab objects.

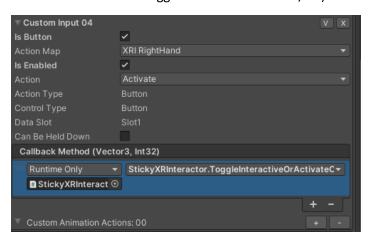
Here we use the XRI RightHand Activate action. <XRController>{RightHand}/triggerPressed

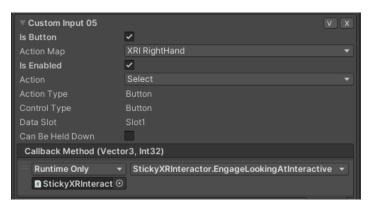
To perform the grab action, the Sticky Input Module Custom Input can call EngageInteractive, EngageWith, EngageLookingAtInteractive, or GrabLookedAtInteractive methods. The Engage methods will examine the interactive-enabled object and take the most appropriate action.

In the example to the right, the XRI RightHand Select action is used:

<XRController>{RightHand}/gripPressed

To grab touchable and/or looked at interactive objects, we'd recommend using EngageInteractive. If also using StickySockets, use EngageWith.



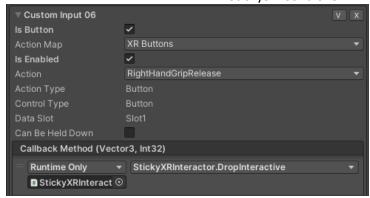


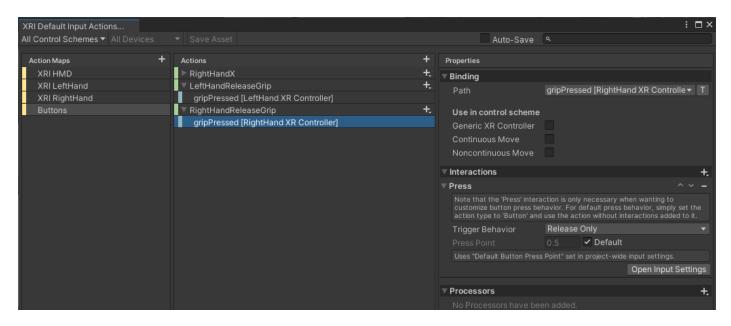
Sticky3D Controller 1.2.5

To release your grip on an interactive-enabled object, and drop or throw it, you can setup a separate button action for the hand-held controllers or create a "Release Grip" action. Then link the action to a "Custom Input" on the Sticky Input Module.

Use a pressable button when you want to hold objects for long periods of time.

See next image for Input Action setup.





#### Sticky XR Interactor and UI

When interacting with UI (canvas) elements in a scene, the standard Unity Graphic Raycaster assumes pointing originates with the camera. In VR, this will not be the case when you point at things with your hands. Therefore, on a canvas, you need to replace the Graphic Raycaster with our Sticky Graphic Raycaster component. This will let you point at (in Interactive Mode) and click with the left or right controller to activate a button on the UI.

If using Quest 2 controllers, the click buttons are most likely the Triggers.

## Sticky Zone

This is a component that works with a trigger collider to override setting on a StickyControlModule when it enters the zone or area in the scene. The zone is defined by a trigger collider that is attached to the same gameobject as the Sticky Zone component.

NOTE: If the gameobject also contains another collider, we'd recommend moving the script component and the trigger collider onto a child gameobject. The reason for this, is that when multiple colliders exist on a single gameobject, Unity creates a compound collider at runtime which can produce strange results for trigger colliders.

For characters that should react to a Sticky Zone in the scene, "On Trigger Enter/Exit" or "Trigger Collider" must be enabled on the Sticky Control Module. "React to Sticky Zones" must also be enabled. These settings are found on the "Collide" tab.

Sticky Zones should cover either the whole area an override should be in effect, or a doorway leading to/from the area. Sometimes, placing a zone in a doorway, can be effective for overriding the Reference Frame of a S3D

Controller. If the S3D Controller is leaving the area through the doorway, there Reference Frame won't change if the Reference Frame is already set to the current zone (unless Restore Default Ref. is ticked). However, when the S3D Controller enters the area via the doorway it will be changed.

Sticky Zones can be used to define areas where different animation clips are used for a character. For example, different sets of sitting animation clips may apply to seats of a different height.

If you want a character to be recognised within a zone when the scene first starts, disable the collider on the StickyZone and tick "Enable Colliders".

Property	Description
Initialise on Start	If enabled, Initialise () will be called as soon as Start () runs. This should be disabled if you want to control when the Sticky Zone is enabled through code.
Enable Colliders	Enable any disabled trigger colliders on initialise. If you are adding the zone or initialising it at runtime, you may wish to start with the trigger colliders disabled, so that when the zone initialises, it detects the initial characters within the zone.
Exit Delay	The delay (in seconds) before the zone exit action is taken. A character re-entering within the time will be like it never left the zone. This can be useful when placing zones on moving objects.
Reference Frame	When enabled, the reference frame of a S3D Controller entering the zone (depicted by the collider attached to the zone) will be overridden and set to the "Reference Transform" supplied if the character's "Reference Update Type" is "Auto First" or "Manual" (see Sticky Control Module – Collide tab for more details).
Reference Transform	The reference transform to be used while a Sticky3D Controller is within the collider zone
Restore Default Ref.	If enabled, the default (or initial) reference frame for the S3D Controller will be restored when the controller exits the zone area.
Restore Previous Ref.	Should the previous Reference Frame transform be restored when the Sticky3D Controller exits the zone? If the previous is null, the initial or default one is restored. NOTE: Currently nesting zones within zones several layers deep will not work.
Look First Person	If enabled, when entering the zone area, set Look to First Person on the Sticky3D Controller, by turning off Third Person.
Look Third Person	If enabled, when entering the zone area, set Look to Third Person on the Sticky3D Controller.
Gravity	Does the zone override the gravity of Sticky3D Controllers entering it?
Gravitational Acceleration	If overridden, the gravitational acceleration to apply to Sticky3D Controllers entering the zone.
Animation Clips	Does the zone override some animation clips of the Sticky3D Controllers entering it?
Restore Clips on Exit	Should the original clips be restored when the Sticky3D Controller exits the zone?
Anim Clip Sets	One or more Anim Clip Set scriptable objects that contain original and replacement animation clip pairs. We include a few samples in Demos\AnimClipSets. You can create your own (preferably in your own game folder), by clicking Create -> Sticky3D -> Anim Clip Set in the Unity editor Project window.  Each Anim Clip Set can optionally be restricted to one or more character Model Ids.
Factions to Filter	An optional array of Faction IDs that will limit which characters this zone applies to.
Models to Filter	An optional array of Model IDs that will limit which characters this zone applies to.
THOUGH TO THICH	7.11 Optional array of Model 123 that will little willen characters this zone applies to.

# Virtual Reality

### Getting Started with VR

Sticky3D can be configured to work with VR headsets. In-house, we test with Oculus Quest 2 headsets and Oculus Touch handheld controllers, but it should also work with other equipment that supports Open XR.

Configuration consists of three main items:

- 1. Sticky Input Module Unity XR mode
- 2. Sticky Control Module Look VR mode
- 3. Sticky XR Interactor component

Read through the sections of the manual that pertain to the items mentioned above. This will give you a better understanding of how VR configuration works with Sticky3D.

Our VR setup assumes that the pivot point for the character is at the feet. Don't forget to set the "Pivot to Centre Y" on the Move tab to half the height.

If you run into trouble, check the chapter called "Common Issues and How-to Advice".

For coders, we have an extensive chapter called "Runtime and API" which includes methods and properties used in VR applications.

If you own Sci-Fi Ship Controller, be sure to check out the "SSC Input Bridge" and "Sticky Interactor Bridge" components which are included with Sticky3D.

## Configuring Hand Models

Sticky3D can work with animated hand models. Currently, you'll need to supply your own models, animation controller, and animations. You could also use third-party hands like those included in the Oculus Integration pack.

To configure animated hands, see the "Animate – Hand VR" section in the "Sticky Control Module" chapter.

#### **VR Comfort Settings**

Motion sickness or dizziness can occur then the vision or environment moves in the VR game but in the real world the player's physical body does not.

A common occurrence of this is when continuous (smooth) movement is in use, and/or continuous (smooth) turning is configured. You might want to offer:

- Snap Turn (see Sticky Control Module, "Look" tab, "Look VR Mode" settings)
- Teleporting (see Sticky XR Interactor)

### Common Issues and How-to Advice

This chapter helps you resolve common setup or configuration issues.

#### Common Issues – General

- 1. In the demo scenes everything is pink. If in URP or HDRP, did see the "S3D\_SRP\_Readme" text file in the SRP folder and apply the correct SRP package?
- 2. There is a massive amount of lag in the editor at runtime. This can be caused by having the Unity Animator editor window open and the character selected in the hierarchy. Solution: close the Animator window.
- 3. I keep getting "StickyControlModule initialReferenceFrame cannot be null. Did you forget to configure it on [mycharacter]?" when the scene starts. On the "Collide" tab, try setting "Reference Update Type" to "Auto First" (see also the "Reference Frames Explained" section of the "Sticky Control Module" chapter). If that doesn't work, you might not have correctly configured the Height and "Pivot to Centre Y" values on the "Collide" tab. With most humanoid characters, the pivot point is at the feet, so "Pivot to Centre Y" would typically be half the characters height.
- 4. When the scene first starts my character suddenly flies off in one direction then goes into what looks like a falling animation. Check that the character doesn't start inside another non-trigger collider or a mesh collider. Check that another active non-trigger collider isn't connected to the character. If your character needs to carry an object with a collider, talk to us on Discord about this scenario as we do have APIs to exclude certain colliders, or you can add them to a Unity Layer not affected by collisions.

#### Common Issues - Movement

- 1. My character doesn't stop quick enough. On the Move tab, increase the "Max Acceleration".
- 2. How can the user freeze character movement but still be allowed to look around in 3<sup>rd</sup> person mode? Create a Custom Input, configure a Button, and add a "Callback Method" to StickyControlModule.ToggleEnableMovement().
- 3. My character can't walk up steps greater than a certain height. On the "Move" tab, increase the "Max Step Offset".
- 4. My character aligns to the ground normal when "Align to Ground Normal" is turned off. On the Collide tab, you may have "Reference Update Type" set to "Automatic". If the different meshes in your scene are not children of the first object your character comes in contact with, the reference frame will change as the character walks on those objects. You can see this at runtime in the editor, by clicking on the "Debug Mode" for the StickyControlModule, and watching the "Current Reference Frame" as the character walks around over different mesh objects. To correct this, either make all the meshes a child of a single "environment" parent gameobject (don't put your character in this group) and set the Reference Frame to that gameobject, OR manually set the Reference Frame to the mesh with the desire "up" direction. See also "Reference Frames Explained" in the "Sticky Control Module" chapter.
- 5. My character jitters when it walks. On the "Look" tab, try changing the "Update Type".
- 6. When "Root Motion" is enabled on the Animate tab, my character won't move forward. Check that the Animate Actions are set up correctly. See the "Animate Root Motion" section in the "Sticky Control Module" chapter.
- 7. My character sometimes gets stuck on slopes less than the Max Slope Angle or when crossing ground collider boundaries. On the Collider tab, try increasing (slightly) the Sweep Tolerance. Values of 0.05 or 0.07 should work well with a Max Sweep Interactions value of 3.
- 8. If I disable the character gameobject, move it somewhere else, then re-enable it, the character moves back to the original position. After enabling the gameobject, call stickyControlModule.TelePortToCurrent().

#### Common Issues – Look

- 1. Zoom doesn't work with the mouse scroll wheel when using an Input Mode of Legacy Unity on the Sticky Input Module. Make sure you have an Axis of "Mouse ScrollWheel" set up in the Unity Input Manager AND the sensitivity is 1. The Type in the Unity Input Manager should be "Mouse Movement" and the Axis "3rd Axis (Joysticks and Scrollwheel)"
- 2. My environment seems to jitter when things are moving. Try setting the rigidbody "Interpolate" settings to "Interpolate".
- 3. My third person camera drops through the ground when I start the scene. Did you add it to the current character when "Third Person" is enabled on the Look tab in the editor? The demo ThirdPersonCamera has a rigidbody attached to it. If it isn't configured or controlled by a character, it will naturally fall due to the effects of Unity gravity.
- 4. How can I raise the level of the Third Person Camera? On the Look tab, with "Third Person" enabled, increase the Camera Offset Y value.
- 5. How can I place the Third Person camera behind the player? On the Look tab, with "Third Person" enabled, make the "Camera Offset" z value a negative number. The values are in metres.
- 6. When I'm using the mouse, the cursor keeps turning back on. On the Look tab, turn off "Auto-hide Cursor". Optionally, on the Sticky Input Module of the player, add a "Custom Input", assign a button to toggle the cursor on/off, add "Callback Method", drop the character gameobject from the scene into the "Runtime Only" slot provided, and select StickyControlModule.ToggleCursor() for the function. Alternatively, you could call the ShowCursor() and HideCursor() methods in your game code.
- 7. Auto-hide cursor and/or the cursor APIs don't work in the editor. This is a known problem with some versions of Unity and is outside the control of S3D. However, it should always work in a build.
- 8. "Look rotation viewing vector is zero" appears in the Unity console. It is most likely that you forgot to set the Third Person "Camera Offset" value on the Look tab. If this is set, please report this to us in our Unity forum or on Discord.

- 9. How can the player switch between a back and front view of the character? Create a Custom Input, configure a Button, and add a "Callback Method" to StickyControlModule.ToggleThirdPersonLookZ().
- 10. How can the player reset or cancelled the Third Person Orbit? Create a Custom Input, configure a Button, and add a "Callback Method" to StickyControlModule.SetLookOrbitAmount(). Leave the parameter as 0.
- 11. In Third Person with Free Look enabled, my character turns too slowly (or too quickly) when they start to move. On the Move tab, adjust the "Turn Rotation Rate".
- 12. My character cannot see StickyInteractive objects in the scene. See "Sticky Interactive Looking at Objects" in the "Sticky Interactive" chapter.
- 13. In third person, my camera clips walls and/or is obscured by objects. On the Look tab, with "Third Person" enabled, enable "Clip Objects". Set a short "Minimum Distance". Start with a value like 0.1 and adjust accordingly. Set the third person camera's "Near Clipping Plane" to a small value like 0.01. Start with a "Responsiveness" of 1.0 and reduce it as required.
- 14. Clip Objects is not shown in the inspector on the Look tab. This is not shown when in First Person mode. Click "Third Person" and "Clip Objects", then toggle the fold out triangle if required to show the settings.
- 15. When my character is in First-Person, and they run or the head position in the animation changes, I can see inside the character's head. On the "Look" tab, under "General Look Settings" when "First Person" is ticked, try enabling "Follow Head Position".
- 16. How do I lock the third-person camera to a particular point in world space? Call stickyControlModule.(Un) LockThirdPersonCameraPosition(..) at runtime when in third-person. In code, you have the option of passing in the new world-space position or using the existing camera position.
- 17. When the Celestials (stars) from Sci-Fi Ship Controller are installed in the scene, the stars can lag when the S3D camera rotates quickly from left to right. This can occur if Unity updates the stars before it updates the S3D character look rotation. On the character, go to the Look tab, General Settings, and enable "SSC Update Celestials". Then go to the SSC Celestials component in the scene and set "Timing Type" to "Manual".

#### Common Issues – Collide

- 1. Character is not pushed by other objects that hit it. The other object must have a collider. On the Collide tab of S3D, "Trigger Collider" must be enabled.
- 2. My character falls through a platform that moves up and down like a lift. The platform must have a collider and on the S3D Collide tab, "Trigger Collider" must be enabled.
- 3. When the moving platform moves left or right, the S3D character falls off the platform. See the sections "Sticky Moving Platform" and "Sticky Zones" for how to overcome this issue. See also "Reference Update Type" in the Collide tab.
- 4. My character walks right through other characters. On the Collide tab of the other S3Ds, "Trigger Collider" must be enabled.
- 5. My character cannot interact with other rigidbody objects. Create a new Unity Layer and add the other object to that layer. On the Collide tab, of your S3D character, make sure the Unity Layer for the other object is added to the Interaction Layer Mask. Turn on "Tigger Collider" on the Collide tab.
- 6. When my character walks over an object, it should not make that object the current reference frame. On the Collide tab, either don't set the "Reference Update Type" to "Automatic" or place those objects in their own Unity Layer(s) and exclude them from the "Reference Layer Mask".
- 7. My character doesn't get detected when entering a trigger collider area in my scene. On the Collide tab, enable either "On Trigger Enter/Exit" or "Trigger Collider".

#### Common Issues – Jet Pack

1. When the Jet Pack Up button is pressed, my character moves a small distance up then stops. To resolve this, on the Sticky Input Module, under "Jump & Jet Pack Up Button", enable "Can Be Held".

## Common Issues – Animate (General)

1. The list of Parameter Names is either empty or does not match the parameters in my Animator Controller. Ensure you have the "Animator" component attached to the gameobject or a child of the S3D character. Ensure

- the component is added in the slot provided on the Animate tab. Ensure the S3D character gameobject is enabled. Click the "Refresh" button on the Animate tab. If that doesn't work, try entering Play mode in the editor for a few seconds.
- 2. When walking or performing a repetitive action, my character only does it once. In the animation clip settings in the FBX importer, ensure "Loop Time" is enabled. In the Animation Controller, make sure the animation transition setting "Has Exit Time" is unchecked.
- 3. My character animation suddenly goes from walk to idle or idle to walk and it looks too rigid. On the "Animate" tab, where you set the walk speed, try adjusting the "Damping" value.
- 4. How do I replace one or more animation clips at runtime? This can be done with Anim Clip Sets. See the chapters on Sticky Anim Replacer and Sticky Zones.

#### Common Issues – Animate (Aim IK)

- 1. When holding a weapon in first-person, and looking up and down, the hands holding the weapon pitch up and down at a different rate. On the Sticky Control Module, go to the "Animate" tab, expand "Aim IK" and adjust the "Bone Weight FPS".
- 2. Third person aiming or holding a weapon when Free Look is disabled, is NOT supported when the character Animator component has "Update Mode" set to "Unity Physics". As a workaround, set the "Update Mode" to "Normal". If you need this functionality, chat with us on Discord and mention log #486.

#### Common Issues – Animate (Head IK)

- 1. Head IK is enabled but it doesn't work. In your animation controller, ensure IK Pass is enabled on the main movement layer and the "Anim IK Pass Layer Index" on the S3D Animate tab matches that layer. Also, try testing it with "Sample Head IK Target" script and a simple cube or sphere in your scene. At runtime in the editor, click "Debug Mode" on the Sticky Control Module, and check that "Is Head IK Enabled" is true, and the "Target Position" is updated as you move the target cube or sphere around in the scene view (you will need to Lock the inspector of the S3D character to allow you to see the Debug inspector while moving the target object).
- 2. My player character has Head IK enabled, but the head doesn't look where the mouse or the HUD reticle is pointing. On the Look tab, insure "Interactive" and "Update Looking Point" are enabled. Now, on the Animate tab, under "Head IK", enable "Look at Interactive". These can also be set at runtime in code.
- 3. When the character or target object is moving quickly, the head can take some time to react. Turn on "Adjust for Velocity".
- 4. Head IK doesn't work when my character is seated. On the Animate tab, under "Head IK", enable "When Move Disabled". This can also be set at runtime by setting s3dCharacter.headIKWhenMovementDisabled.

#### Common Issues – Animate (Hand IK)

1. Hand IK is enabled but it doesn't work. In your animation controller, ensure IK Pass is enabled on the layer that animates hand and arm bones, and the "Anim IK Pass Layer Index" on the S3D Animate tab matches that layer.

## Common Issues – Animate (Foot IK)

- 1. When Foot IK is enabled, with some animation clips, the feet don't touch the ground. Check that the animation clips have 2 "Curves" configured. See the "Animate Foot IK" section of the manual in under "Sticky Control Module".
- 2. When standing on a non-kinematic rigidbody, the feet can slowly move away from underneath the body. This can happen when the reference frame has a rigidbody that isn't being updated. In this state the physics location of the collider(s) is not updated by Unity as the object "drifts" in world space. To confirm this is the trouble, in the Unity editor while in play mode, select the reference frame object in the scene, go to its rigidbody, under "Constraints", toggle one of the Freeze Position axes on/off. If the characters feet snap back to their correct position, then this is your problem. To fix, either set your reference frame object to kinematic, or regularly update its rigidbody position, rotation etc.
- 3. When character is on a moving or rotating object, the legs can jitter. Try reducing the Fixed Timestep in Project Settings, Time. E.g., if your game runs at 60fps, set the Fixed Timestep to 0.01667.

## Common Issues – Animate (Ragdoll)

There are no known issues with the ragdoll feature – but please report any on our Discord channel if you see any.

#### Common Issues – Animate (Root Motion)

- 1. With Root Motion enabled, at idle, my character jitters all over the place. Ensure that the idle animation, on the FBX import settings, has "Root Transform Position (XZ), Bake Into Pose" enabled.
- 2. My root motion animation should rotate the character but does not. This is a known issue and will be resolved before this feature comes out of Technical Preview.
- 3. When transitioning from/to idle my character moves left or right. This is a known issue and is being investigated.
- 4. With Root Motion enabled, sometimes my character launches up or backward when either on a slope or up against a step. This is a known issue and is being investigated. Please let us know if you have a reproducible scenario that we can troubleshoot.
- 5. With Root Motion enabled, my character doesn't move. Firstly, you'll need an Animation Controller that uses Root Motion animations (in the animation the character actually moves, rather than performing the action while remaining stationary). You'll also need to send Movement Input data to the Animation Controller but setting this up on the Animate tab in S3D. See "Sticky Control Module, Animate Root Motion" for more details.
- 6. With Root Motion enabled, my character just walks on the spot but doesn't go anywhere. It is possible that your animation clip is a non-Root Motion one. Play the animation in the Unity Inspector to see if it moves forward correctly.
- 7. With Root Motion enabled, my character doesn't walk in a straight line. On the FBX import settings, try enabling "Root Transform Rotation, Bake Into Pose", with "Based Upon" set to "Original".

## Common Issues – Animate (Hand VR)

- 1. How do I configure animated hands for the Oculus Quest 2? Follow the instructions to setup Sticky Input Module for Unity XR. Now follow the instructions for Oculus Hand Animation in the "Animate Hand VR" section of the chapter on "Sticky Control Module".
- 2. My VR hands of my Oculus Quest 2 don't appear directly in front of the character. While in the game, select the Oculus button on the right Oculus Touch Controller, point to and click "Reset view". Click any controller button to reset the view.

#### Common Issues – Animate (Actions)

1. In the editor at runtime, I get erratic or low frame rate when the Actions are expanded. This is a known issue if there are a lot of actions. To avoid this issue, either collapse (hide) the Actions or maximise the game view window at runtime.

#### Common Issues – Engage (Damage Regions)

1. I've set the Damage Multipliers, but they have no effect. Ensure your Sticky Projectile or Beam Module prefabs have a non-Default Damage Type.

### Common Issues – Engage (Equip)

- 1. ToggleEquipGrabWeapon(..) API method doesn't grab an item equipped on the back or front of my character. If grabbing an equipped item with the left hand, the equip point must be toward the left side of the character. Check the "x" value of the "Relative Offset" of the Equip Point. The "x" value would need to be -ve for a left-hand grab, or +ve for a right-hand grab. If the "Relative Offset" x value is 0 (like in the centre of the character's back), then the object will not be grabbed from the Equip Point. Give the x value a small negative or positive offset (e.g., 0.001 for a right-hand grab from the Equip Point).
- 2. How can I equip a held weapon when going into prone mode? See the SampleProneDetector script.

#### Common Issues – Engage (Events)

1. When I create a custom method to get notification when "On Look At Changed", my method is never called. Ensure you method takes the correct parameters. See S3DEngageEvt2 class. On the "Look" tab, ensure "Interactive" is enabled.

## Common Issues – Engage (Respawn)

There are no known issues with the respawn feature – but please report any on our Discord channel if you see any.

## Common Issues – Engage (Stash)

1. How can I equip a held weapon when going into prone mode? See the SampleProneDetector script.

### Common Issues – SSC Output Bridge

1. The joystick or lever jitters when the Output Axis is set to "Longitudinal" for the Sci-Fi Ship Controller ship. It possible that the data coming from the ship is not stable. For example, on a player ship, check if the Player Input Module has "Auto Cruise" enabled. If it is, try turning it off and see if the problem persists. On the Sticky Interactive component, at runtime in the editor, turn on "Debug Mode" and look at the "IsReadable" data. This is the same data used by the SSC Output Bridge.

#### Common Issues – NPCs

- 2. How do I configure an NPC? First, look at our sample NPCs in Assets/SCSM/Sticky3DController/Demos/Prefabs/ Characters. On the Move tab, under "General Move Settings", enable "Non-Player Character". On the Look tab, untick "Look on Initialise". An NPC should not have a StickyInputModule attached. NPCs should either not have a first-person camera, or it should be disabled. A third-person camera should not be configured. We're not saying you can't have a first-person camera on an NPC, as sometimes you might want to view the world through the eyes of an NPC. Our demo NPCs don't have an audio listener as there can only be one in any scene.
- 3. How do I get my character to follow, walk besides, and/or look at a player? Add a child gameobject to the NPC character with a trigger sphere collider. Then add a SampleLookAtPlayer (Component menu, Sticky3D Controller, Samples, Look at Player).
- 4. How can I get my NPC to move? If using a navmesh, see the NavMeshDemo scene and the SampleNavMeshFollowPlayer script. Otherwise, see the SampleLookAtPlayer and SampleMoveTo scripts for general ideas and methods of sending input data to your NPCs.

### Common Issues – Sticky Display Module

- 1. When I change the Active Display Reticle and then enter play mode in the Unity Editor, the reticle changes back to the previous one. From the list of Display Reticles, delete the one that is does not remain selected when entering play mode. Add it back into the list and add the appropriate Sprite. Optionally, move it in the list using the "V" buttons. Set the Active Display Reticle again.
- 2. In a Windows build, whenever I move the cursor, the pointer arrow keeps appearing. After a few seconds of inactivity it disappears, but re-appears when the mouse if moved again. If you only want the reticle, and not the pointer, to be shown, on the Sticky Display Module, under General Settings, ensure "Auto-hide Cursor" is NOT enabled. Also go to the player Sticky Control Module, select the "Look" tab, and ensure "Auto-hide Cursor" is turned off there too.
- 3. In a Windows build, the windows pointer appears when the reticle is shown for the Sticky Display Module (a.k.a. HUD). On the player Sticky Control Module, go to the "Engage" tab, expand "Event Settings", set "On Initialised Event Delay" to a small value (e.g., 0.2), add a new event, drag in the StickyDisplayModule gameobject from the scene, and set the "Function" to "StickyDisplayModule.HideCursor".

#### Common Issues – Sticky Input Module (General)

- 1. There is a lot of jitters in the scene. The S3D character rigidbody has the Interpolate set to "Interpolate" when the scene starts if it is currently set to None. You could also set it to "Extrapolate" in the Inspector if that works better for your scene setup. Other objects in your scene that are "near" the character should also have their rigidbody "Interpolate" set to the same as your character.
- 2. How do I animate my character by pressing a button? For example, how can I pick up an object? See the "Animate Custom Input and Actions" section of the StickyControlModule chapter.
- 3. When using the (new) "Unity Input System" I see "InvalidOperationException while resolving binding 'Rotation:QuaternionFallback' in action map..." or similar errors. This is most likely because you have copied an

- Input Action Map file from another project and either haven't installed "XR Interaction Toolkit" or copied over the "FallbackComposite.cs" file. Search this manual for "Fallback" for more information.
- 4. How do I get my player to fire a weapon that isn't setup as a StickyWeapon? (For information on our weapon system, see the "Sticky Weapon System" chapter). Create a public method in your own gameplay C# code that instantiates projectiles that are fired from your weapon. In Sticky Input Module, add a new "Custom Input". Turn on "Is Button" and "Is Enabled". Select an input button (see the Sticky Input Module chapter for more details). Add your "fire weapon" method as a "Callback Method" to the Custom Input. See the "Custom Input" section in the "Sticky Input Module" chapter for more information on configuring Custom Inputs.
- 5. Look Input default values are very fast with "Unity Input System". This is because the default is the legacy Input System. On the StickyControlModule Look tab, try decreasing the Horizontal and Vertical Speed from say 5 to 0.2 or 0.3.

## Common Issues – Sticky Input Module (UnityXR)

- 1. Black screen when I build a project for Oculus Quest 2 and run it on the device (rather than run it from the Oculus Link (in Rift mode). Ensure you have the Meta XR Core SDK (77.0+ from Asset Store) or Oculus XR Plugin (4.4.0+) installed in Package Manager. You can check it is installed on the Sticky Input Module.
- 2. How can I detect when the user releases the Grip button on a VR controller? In the Unity Input Action Asset, create an action that uses <XRController>{LeftHand}/gripPressed or <XRController>{RightHand}/gripPressed with the "Press" "Trigger Behavior" set to "Release Only". See also "Sticky XR Interactor Grabbing" in the "Sticky XR Interactor" chapter.

#### Common Issues – Sticky Interactive

- 1. My character cannot touch an interactive-enabled object they look at. Make sure your interactive component has IsTouchable enabled and the Primary Handhold Relative Position (offset and rotation) are set. Is the interactive object initialised (at runtime you can check "Debug Mode" on the component)? On the S3D character, is Hand IK enabled on the Animate tab. You can also check "Debug Mode" on the character at runtime.
- 2. I have Hand IK enabled on the character, but the hands never reach towards an interactive-enabled target. Make sure you IK Pass set in your Animation Controller. Ensure you StickyInteractive object has "Is Touchable" enabled. Try setting up a test scene with the Demos\Scripts\SampleHandInteract component (this shows one scenario of how-to setup Hand IK). At runtime in the editor, enable Debug mode on the StickyControlModule and verify Hand IK targets are being set correctly. Try increasing the "Max Reach Dist" on the hand you have set the interactive target for (Animate tab, Hand IK settings).
- 3. My character cannot see StickyInteractive objects in the scene. See "Sticky Interactive Looking at Objects" in the "Sticky Interactive" chapter.
- 4. My character cannot select interactive-enabled objects in the scene. On the S3D character Engage tab, ensure the "Max Selectable in Scene" value is at least 1. At runtime in the editor, enable Debug Mode on the character and verify that the character can "see" the interactive-enabled object. If they cannot, check the previous "Common Issue". On the StickyInteractive component for the object, ensure "Is Selectable" is enabled. It can also be helpful to use the StickyInteractiveTester component (see the chapter on this component) to help troubleshoot this issue.
- 5. I want to use interactive objects in VR. See the chapter on the "Sticky XR Interactor" component.
- 6. When my Grabbable interactive-enabled object is dropped, it doesn't fall to the ground. Either tick "Remove Rigidbody on Grab", add a Sample OnDropItem component and configure it in the On Dropped event OR add a non-Kinematic Rigidbody to the object, and turn off "Remove Rigidbody on Grab". See the "Sticky Interactive Dropping Objects" in the "Sticky Interactive" chapter for more details.
- 7. When different characters grab the same object the rotation and/or position of the object in the hand is incorrect. Set it up correctly for one type of character. Then look at the SampleGrabAdjustByCharacter component. There are instructions in the top of the script.
- 8. When the interactive-enabled object is a child of a moving object (like a spaceship or a vehicle), onHoverEnter and onHoverExit events may be triggered continuously while S3D player is looking (pointing) at it. On the S3D

- player character, select the "Look" tab, expand "Interactive", and set the "Exit Delay" to a small value like 0.2 seconds.
- 9. I want to display a popup when the player engages with an interactive-enabled object in the scene rather than immediately grabbing or reaching out to touch it. See SampleEquipGrabStashPopup component. See also the "Priority over Grab" and "Priority over Touch" properties under "Is Activable" option on a StickyInteractive object.

### Common Issues – Sticky XR Interactor

1. How can I use a controller trigger or button to activate an interactive-enabled object that is either held or being looked at? How can I also use the same trigger or button to turn on or off the Interactor Beam (or Target)? Create an input action for the Trigger or Button in the Unity Input Action Asset. On the Sticky Input Module, add a "Custom Input". Configure it as a button. Add a "Callback Method" to the "Custom Input" and drag in the Sticky XR Interactor for the hand. Set the "Function" to be StickyXRInteractor ToggleInteractiveOrActivateOn.

#### Common Issues – Sticky Zones

- 1. Characters do not react to zones. On the "Collide" tab of the character's StickyControlModule, ensure "On Trigger Entry/Exit" or "Trigger Collider" are enabled. Ensure "React to Sticky Zone" is enabled and set "Reference Update Type" to "Auto-First" or "Manual" (also on the "Collide" tab).
- 2. If the Sticky Zone has Filters, check that the character's identification on the "Move" tab will work with these.
- 3. The animation clip set does not override the default animations in the animator. If the character starts inside the zone area, it may prematurely raise an OnTriggerEnter event before the Sticky Zone has been initialised. Either start the scene with the character outside the Sticky Zone, or disable the Sticky Zone gameobject, and enable it in code a short time after the scene loads. You can do this by creating a method called say "InitialiseStickyZones()" and calling Invoke("InitialiseStickyZones", 0.1f) from Start(). In your new method, write something like:

```
if (!stickyZone.gameObject.activeSelf) { stickyZone.gameObject.SetActive(true); }
if (!stickyZone.lsInitialised) { stickyZone.Initialise(); }
```

4. When the scene first starts, my character ignores any zones that they appear in. Disable the collider on the StickyZone and tick "Enable Colliders".

## Common Issues – Sticky Magazines

- 1. When the S3D character grabs the magazine in the scene, it just stays in the original location and doesn't move with the character. On the Interactive tab of the magazine, ensure "Initialise on Start", "Is Grabbable", "Carry in Hand", and "Parented on Grab" are enabled.
- 2. When the scene starts the magazine just falls through the floor when "Use Gravity" is enabled. Ensure your prefab includes a non-trigger collider. If it has a collider, on the Magazine tab, under "Gravity Settings", set the Collision Detection to "Continuous Dynamic".

#### Common Issues – Sticky Move

1. My character never reaches the target, it just keeps walking on the spot. Check out the "Move" section in the chapter titled "Sticky Move" for reasons why this might occur.

#### Common Issues – Samples

- 1. When I try to pick-up items with SamplePickupItem script I can't find any items in front of the character. Either the "Pickup Distance" is too small, the objects don't have a collider, or they aren't in the correct Unity Layer to match the "Items Layer Mask".
- 2. In the Playground demo scene, when I walk or jump on the swing bridge, it doesn't move. Ensure the swing bridge and the child objects are assigned to a Unity Layer that is included in the S3D character's "Interaction Layer Mask" on the Collide tab. Turn on "Trigger Collider" on the Collide tab. On the rigidbody of the character, make sure it has a "reasonable" mass. E.g., 50 to 100 kg.

## Common Issues – Sticky Popup

1. How do I prevent a held weapon from firing when a Sticky Popup is being displayed? On the StickyPopupModule prefab, enable "Pause Weapon Firing" and set "Unpause Weapons Delay" to a short value like 0.1 seconds.

### Common Issues – Sticky Shapes Module

- 1. When a duplicate Reaction is inserted (with the "I" button) in the editor, the events are not duplicated. This is a known issue with UnityEvents. Currently, you will need to add the events manually in the editor (sorry).
- 2. How can I make an Emotion stay active? When I play an Emotion, like a smile it only stays active briefly. Instead of using PlayEmotion, use StartEmotion.

#### Common Issues – Sticky Sockets

- 1. When a socket is attached to an object containing a rigidbody, how do I prevent interactive-enabled objects that have gravity enabled from being pushed outside the parent colliders? On the StickySocket component, go to the "Socket" tab, and set "Disable Regular Colliders".
- 2. How do I configure Events at runtime in my own C# code?

```
stickySocket.onPreAdd = new S3DSocketEvt2();
stickySocket.onPreAdd.AddListener(delegate { MyCustomMethod(); });
```

In your OnDestroy() method you should also call stickySocket.RemoveListeners() to prevent memory leaks.

- 3. When I grab a weapon from a socket immediately after attaching it to the socket from my character, it gets the wrong weapon held animation. I have a Weapon Anim Set that should always replace the default held animation with the one in the Anim Set. Try going to the Weapon Anim Set for this weapon, and slightly reducing the Clip Revert Delay. If it is 1 second, try making it 0.5 seconds. What might be happening is that when you socket the weapon from the character, it is waiting 1 second before reverting to the default "held" animation. However, before the revert occurs, you grab the weapon and then your held animation is applied. A very short time later, the revert rolls back your desired change.
- 4. When the socket is a child of a moving object (like a spaceship or a vehicle), onHoverEnter and onHoverExit events may be triggered continuously while the pointer is positioned over it. On the S3D player character, select the "Look" tab, expand "Sockets", and set the "Exit Delay" to a small value like 0.2 seconds. NOTE: Currently this must be set in the prefab or at runtime before the character is initialised.

#### Common Issues – Sticky Task Module

- 1. How can I temporarily disable a task step? Set its "Condition" to "Never".
- 2. How can I make my character move with an animate seat? On the StickyInteractive component attached to the seat, under "IsSittable" enable "Make Temp. Ref. Frame". On the Sit task, add a "Set Ref. Frame" task step. If you also own "Sci-Fi Ship Controller", you can use a "SSC Seat Animator" to animate the seat.
- 3. When attempting to move toward a seat, the character cannot turn fast enough. This could be because the Horizontal Speed is too low under "General Look Settings" on the Look tab. A good starting value is 5. If this makes looking left or right too fast on a player character and you are using the Unity Input System, ensure there are scale Processors attached to the HorizontalLook and VerticalLook mouse bindings in the Input Action Asset. Adjust the scale processor as required.

### Common Issues – Sticky Weapons (General)

- 1. How do I get my character to pick up and fire a weapon? See "Weapon System Overview" in the "Sticky Weapon System" chapter.
- 2. When the S3D character grabs the weapon in the scene, the weapon just stays in the original location and doesn't move with the character. On the Interactive tab of the weapon, ensure "Initialise on Start", "Is Grabbable", "Carry in Hand", and "Parented on Grab" are enabled.
- 3. My weapon doesn't fire. Is the weapon being held by a S3D character? (i.e., is the weapon Grabbable?). On the Weapon tab of the weapon, is the Firing Button1 set and does this match the Right (or Left) Fire 1 Button on the Sticky Input Module for your player?

- 4. My projectile weapon won't fire continuously on the Full Auto setting. In the Sticky Input Module for the player, for the fire button being used, ensure "Can Be Held" is enabled. At runtime, check that the weapon has enough Charge Amount.
- 5. How can I stop my weapons firing when trying to select an option from a popup? On the Sticky Popup Module, enable the "Pause Weapons Firing" option.
- 6. Sometimes my weapon won't fire. It seems to be when some popups are being displayed. On the Sticky Popup Module prefabs, inspect the "Pause Weapons Firing" setting.
- 7. When I hold the fire button down for my Beam weapon, it doesn't continue to fire. In the Sticky Input Module for the player, for the fire button being used, ensure "Can Be Held" is enabled.
- 8. When the scene starts the weapon just falls through the floor when "Use Gravity" is enabled. Ensure your prefab includes a non-trigger collider. If it has a collider, on the Weapon tab, under "Gravity Settings", set the Collision Detection to "Continuous Dynamic".
- 9. Also check 'Common Issues Sticky Interactive" as weapons inherit many attributes of interactive-enabled objects.
- 10. When my weapon reloads, it doesn't make any sound. On the Weapon tab of the weapon, ensure the "Reload Sound FX" is using a Sticky Effects Module prefab with an EffectsType of "Sound FX" and the audio source has an audio clip attached to it.
- 11. When my weapon reloads, I can hear it reload, but then I still cannot fire for several seconds. On the Weapon tab of the weapon, go to the "Reload Sound FX" prefab and make sure the length of the audio file matches (or is slightly less than) the "Reload Duration" of the weapon.
- 12. When my weapon reloads, the sound gets cut off before it should do. On the Weapon tab of the weapon, go to the "Reload Sound FX" prefab and make sure the "Despawn Time" is slightly longer than the audio file.
- 13. My weapon cannot fire or be reloaded when it isn't being held by a S3D character. On the StickyWeapon, go to the Weapon tab, under "General Settings", disable "Only Use When Held".
- 14. When aiming, the weapon doesn't aim up or down to face the target. Ensure Aim IK is being enabled either using a Custom Input on the "Sticky Input Module" or aiming is immediately enabled when a weapon is held (see Aim IK on the character Animate tab). Ensure you have at least 1 "Aim Bone" in "Aim IK".
- 15. When aiming, my character spine bones jitters all over the place. This tends to happen when the Animator for the character has the "Update Mode" set to "Animate Physics". If not using Root Motion animations, try setting "Update Mode" to "Normal". This is known problem.
- 16. When a beam weapon fires, the beam flashes within the attached scope (camera) lens and look a little weird. Set the Sticky Beam Module prefab Unity Layer to "Ignore Raycast". Click "Yes, change children" when prompted. On the weapon's scope camera, remove the "Ignore Raycast" from the camera's "Culling Mask".
- 17. How can I get my third-person character to accurately aim a weapon? Setup the first-person camera, then in a "Weapon Anim Set", ensure "TP Aim uses FP Camera" is enabled. See "Weapon Anim Sets (for characters)" in the "Sticky Weapon Animate Properties" section of the "Sticky Weapon" chapter.
- 18. How can I change my third person camera offset when a character picks up a weapon? See Demo\Scripts\SampleWeaponGrabTPS.cs which uses the On Pre Start Hold Weapon and On Post Stop Hold Weapon events. Also, see the "Aim Camera Offset TPS" on the Animate tab for the aiming offset.
- 19. How can I equip or stash a held weapon when going into prone mode? See the SampleProneDetector script.

## Common Issues – Sticky Weapons (Animate)

- How can I use the same weapon with two different characters, but use different character animations or selected settings? Use 2 different Weapon Anim Sets (one for each character Model ID) and add them to the Animate Settings on the weapon.
- 2. When two different characters hold the same weapon, how can I get one to hold it in a relaxed pose while not aiming and allow the character to look around using the character's Free Look option? The other character should have the weapon always pointing forward and Free Look should be disabled? You will need a different held animation for each character and weapon. You can use a Weapon Anim Set for each character and weapon pair. For the character and weapon pair that has the relaxed held pose, enable "Free Look" on the character's

- "Look" tab, and on the Weapon Anim Set, enable "Free Look When Held". On the Weapon Anim Sets, add "Anim Clip Pairs" to replace your default held animation with the appropriate one for that character and weapon pair.
- 3. When my character picks up a weapon, the correct animation doesn't play. Check that you have a Weapon Anim Set that matches the character identification Model ID. Ensure the Anim Clip Pairs section contains both the original animations (in the animation controller for this character) and the ones you want to replace them with when the character picks up (grabs) the weapon. You probably need at least one Animate Action for the weapon that tell the character animation controller when the weapon is held. See the "Sticky Weapon" chapter under "Sticky Weapon Animate Properties", "Weapon Anim Sets (for characters)" for more details.

#### Common Issues – Sticky Weapons (Reticle)

- 1. How can I have two different characters that when holding the same weapon, one shows a reticle while looking around with a relaxed pose, and the other does not show the reticle? Start by setting up two Weapon Anim Sets see Common Issues Sticky Weapons (Animate) #2. On the weapon, in the "Weapon" tab within the "General Settings" section, under "No Reticle When:", enable "Held with Free Look OFF".
- 2. How can I hide the reticle when aiming? Assuming you have a StickyDisplayModule (HUD) in your scene, on the "Weapon" tab of the weapon within the "General Settings" section, under "No Reticle When:", enable "Aiming the Weapon".
- 3. The pointer (cursor) appears, even if "No Reticle When" "Aiming the Weapon" is enabled on a weapon that is being held by the player. On the S3D player holding the weapon, on the "Look" tab, ensure "Auto-hide Cursor" is NOT enabled. On the StickyDisplayModule (HUD) in the scene, ensure "Auto-hide Cursor" is also NOT enabled. If "Auto-hide Cursor" is enabled on the character or the HUD, it will show the pointer when there is mouse movement.

#### Common Issues – VR

- 1. I cannot look at, then grab interactive-enabled objects in VR. See the chapter "Sticky XR Interactor".
- 2. I cannot grab touchable interactive-enabled objects in VR. See "Sticky XR Interactor Grabbing".
- 3. I get jitter when looking left or right. There are three potential workarounds.
  - a. On the StickyControlModule Move tab, under "General Settings", set "Move Update Type" to "Update and Before Render" or "Before Render".
  - b. In Project Settings->Time, set the Fixed Timestep to match your target framerate (0.0138889 = 72 fps, 0.011111 = 90 fps, 0.00833 = 120 fps). You may also need to disable VSync.
  - c. If the above don't work, set the Fixed Timestep back to 0.02 and on the Sticky Control Module Move tab, General Move Settings, change Move Update Type to "Update".
- 4. No IInputInteraction with name 'Sector' (mentioned in 'Sector(directions=12,sweepBehavior=1,pressPoint=0.5)') has been registered. If "Add Actions" was used on the Sticky Input Module for Unity XR, it is likely that you did not install the XR Interaction Toolkit as noted in the button tooltip.
- 5. When playing through the editor, I can't get any input from my hands. If I look in StickyInputModule Debugging, I get HMD Position and Rotation, but nothing from the hands. Go to Player Settings, XR Plug-in Management, OpenXR, and make sure you have at least one Enabled Interaction Profiles for the hand controllers on both the Windows and Android tabs.
- 6. The character may sit facing the wrong direction when using the StickyTaskModule. This is caused by the player not looking straight ahead while the module is checking behind the player for a safe place to sit. On the Sit tab of the StickyTaskModule, expand Task Steps, and drag the "Set Lock Position (if required)" from immediately after "Deactivate Seat (if required)", up to immediately after the first "Rotate" step.

## Runtime and API

### Sample and Demo Scripts

Sample and demo scripts can be found in Demos\Scripts folder.

These scripts would not typically be used directly in your game, as they are likely to change without notice as we release new versions of the product. Instead, they are included so that you can reproduce similar results in your own game code by learning from the techniques used in them.

Setup instructions are typically included at the top of each script.

If you want to modify these scripts, create a new script in your own namespace and copy over the code you need. DO NOT MODIFY these scripts as it will be overwritten when you do the next S3D update.

Script Name	Description
DemoS3DCottageCamera	Used in CottageCameraDemo scene to show a scenario of switch between gameplay camera control and S3D camera control (there are many other possible options).
DemoS3DCycleMaterials	Demo script to cycle through two or more materials on an object.
DemoS3DCycleRenderers	Demo script to cycle (flash) one or more renderers on/off.
DemoS3DFireProjectile	Used in GravityShooterDemo scene to fire a rigidbody projectile from a character.
DemoS3DProjectile	Used in GravityShooterDemo scene. Simple component used when firing projectiles with a collider and rigidbody.
DemoS3DTarget	Simple target that can be hit by a Demo S3D_Projectile (for use with a beam or projectile StickyWeapon, see Demo3DTarget2).
DemoS3DTarget2	Shows how Dynamic Objects can receive fire from a StickyWeapon. See also the SampleHitDynamicObject script.
DemoS3DTextSpawner	This demo script shows how to spawn pooled Mesh Text using a customised StickyGenericModule. This demo script is designed to work with in VR but it could be adapter (in your own code) to work with a non-VR character. See also SampleGenericTextModule.cs.
DemoRotateObject	Use in demo platform rotation scene(s) to help test character setup and configuration. If the rigidbody is set to kinematic, the object won't be rotated.
SampleAnimReplacer	Simple script shows how to use a StickyAnimReplacer to change animations in an Animation Controller at runtime.
SampleAnimPlayList	Simple script to cycle through a list of animations to play for an NPC or Player S3D character.
Sample Anim Play With Offset	Simple script to play an animation state, starting a normalised time from the beginning of the clip. This component can be added to a StickyControlModule or an empty gameobject in the scene.
SampleCreateCustomInput	Sample script to show how to add custom inputs at runtime in your code. This sample assumes the (old) Input Manager is enabled and there is a mouse attached to your computer. However, this method could easily be adapted to any supported input mode.
SampleCustomInput	This simple sample script shows how to receive notification when a custom input action is performed.
SampleDetectCollision	Simple script to detect when another object has collided with this object.
Sample Drop Popup	Simple script to attach to a character to show drop options for interactive- enabled objects held or stashed by the character.
Sample Equip Grab Stash Popup	Simple script to attach to a character to show Equip, Grab or Stash options for an interactive-enabled object.
SampleEquipItemAny	Sample script to equip an interactive object to a character when it is near the object.
SampleFireAtCharacter	Simple script to have a Sticky3D character fire at another character using a ray.
SampleGenericTextModule	Demo script used to show how to create your own custom StickyGenericModule component. See also Demo3DTextSpawner.cs.

Script Name	Sticky3D Controller 1.2.5  Description
SampleGrabAdjustByCharacter	Simple sample script to attach to an interactive-enabled object like a
SamplediabAujustbyCharacter	weapon. It can be used when different characters have different rig setups
	and may incorrectly rotate objects when they are grabbed.
SampleHandInteract	Sample script to demonstrate a Sticky3D character (S3D) interacting with
Samplemandinteract	an interactive-enabled object in the scene using Hand IK.
SampleHitDynamicObject	Simple script to demonstrate how to instantiate a dynamic object and
Sampler nebynamie object	destroy it (return it to the pool) when it has taken too much damage.
SampleInputOverride	This demonstrates how you could override the input from one or more axes
	on the StickyInputModule. It also shows how you could enable or disable
	overrides in your game code or call a delegate method in another class.
SampleLeverValue	Sample script to show reading values from an interactive lever. This
·	example is for VR but you could also use something similar in a non-VR
	project.
SampleLookAtPlayer	Simple script to have a Sticky3D character look at (and optionally walk
	toward) a player character. There is also an option to enable Head IK. This
	script would be attached to a new child gameobject under the character
	parent gameobject. This avoids Unity creating a compound collider on the
	component at runtime.
SampleMoveTo	This is a very simple sample script to show how a Sticky3D character can be
	moved via code. It is NOT meant to be a replacement for a full NPC AI
	system. It doesn't include any kind of path finding or obstacle avoidance.
	For Teleporting - see stickyControlModule.TelePort().
SampleNavMeshFollowPlayer	Simple script to have a Non-Player-Character (NPC) Sticky3D character
	follow another character using a navmesh.
SampleNPCBed	Sample script which shows an NPC lying and sitting on a interactive-enabled
	object.
SampleNPCFireWeapon	Simple script to attach to weapon that an NPC can pick up and shoot.
C. LAIDON A.:	Currently used in NavMeshDemo scene.
SampleNPCPlayAnim	Simple script to have a Sticky3D NPC character play an animation clip when
	the player comes within range. It also shows how to replace an animation clip in your animator controller. This script would be attached to a new
	child gameobject under the character parent gameobject. This avoids Unity
	creating a compound collider on the component at runtime.
SampleOnDropItem	Sample component that can be added to a StickyInteractive-enabled object
Sample Ship to pitelli	in the scene that acts when the item is dropped.
SamplePickupItem	Sample script to show how to pick up one or more items in front of the
Sampler lekapitem	player. A similar technique could be used to drop items from an inventory
	system.
SampleProneDetector	Sample script to attach to a player character to detect and take action
,	when going in and out of prone mode.
SampleSitAction	Simple script to attach to a character to toggle and action (sitting) on or off.
	If you are not trying to write your own custom sit code, use the
	StickyTaskModule instead.
SampleSitActionNPC	Simple script to attach to an NPC character to sit or stand from a sittable
	interactive-enabled object. If you are not trying to write your own custom
	sit code, use StickyTaskModule instead.
SampleSitActionPopup	Simple script to attach to a player character to sit or stand from a sittable
	interactive-enabled object. If you are not trying to write your own custom
	sit code, use StickyTaskModule instead.
SampleWeaponCustomAnimAction	Sample script to have a StickyWeapon run an Animation Action in code
	when a weapon fires. A simpler setup for this scenario is just to use the
	Fire1 Weapon Action without having to write any code. However, here we
	want to show how to do things in code.

Script Name	Description
SampleWeaponCustomReload	Simple sample script to attach to a weapon to perform a custom reload action when the weapon runs out of ammo.
SampleWeaponGrabTPS	Simple sample script to attach to a S3D player character to modify the camera offset when a weapon is held in third person. It uses the onPreStartHoldWeapon and onPostStopHoldWeapon events. This shows how to call APIs when starting to hold or drop a weapon.
SampleXRDataPopup	Sample script which shows a popup in VR when you touch an interactive- enabled object. This example, shows data about a StickyInteractorBridge component.

## SSC Input Bridge - Methods

These methods are typically used when you want to send data from a lever or joystick in VR to a Sci-Fi Ship Controller ship you want to fly. See the "SSC Input Bridge" chapter for more details.

Many of the methods are "virtual" and can be overridden in an inherited class.

Virtual Me	thod	Description
Reconfigure	eAxisData()	Attempt to reconfigure the ship for receiving input. Currently we can only do this
		once and cannot change the overrides at runtime unless we were to reset them all
		- which could cause issues with other input override scripts.

Method	Description
Initialise()	Initialise this component. Either set Initialise on Start in the inspector OR call this
	from your game code. Has no effect if already initialised
Pause()	Pause the Input Bridge.
SetInputAxisX (InputAxis	Attempt to set the InputAxisX. If the component is initialised, it automatically calls
newInputAxisX)	ReconfigureAxisData().
SetInputAxisZ (InputAxis	Attempt to set the InputAxisZ. If the component is initialised, it automatically calls
newOutputAxisZ)	ReconfigureAxisData().
SetShip (GameObject	Set the player ship from your scene which should contain a ShipControlModule on
newShipGameObject)	the same gameobject.
SetShip (ShipControlModule	Set the Sci-Fi Ship Controller player ship or spacecraft from the scene
newShipControlModule)	
UnPause()	Unpause or resume the input bridge.

## SSC Input Bridge - Properties

These properties are typically used when you want to send data from a lever or joystick in VR to a Sci-Fi Ship Controller ship you want to fly. See the "SSC Input Bridge" chapter for more details.

Property	Description
InputAxisX	Get or set the interactive Readable left-right data, to be send to the input axis of the Sci-Fi Ship Controller player ship.
InputAxisY	Get or set interactive Readable forward-back data, to be send to the input axis of the Sci-Fi Ship Controller player ship.
IsInitialised	Has the component been initialised?
IsPaused	Get or set if the output bridge is paused.

## SSC Input Bridge – Call Backs

Event	Description
OnInputChanged (int	This is automatically called by Sticky3D when you hook it up to the lever's
stickyInteractiveID, Vector3	OnReadableValueChanged event on the interactive-enabled object.
currentValue, Vector3	
previousValue, Vector3 notused)	

## SSC Output Bridge - Methods

These methods are typically used when you want an in-game lever or joystick to move as the Sci-Fi Ship Contoller ship is getting input data from a player or Al module. See the "SSC Output Bridge" chapter for more details.

Many of the methods are "virtual" and can be overridden in an inherited class.

Virtual Method	Description
ReconfigureAxisData()	Attempt to prepare the bridge for receiving input from the ship

Method	Description
Initialise()	Initialise this component. Either set Initialise on Start in the inspector OR call this from your game code. Has no effect if already initialised
Pause()	Pause the output bridge.
SetShip (GameObject newShipGameObject)	Set the ship from your scene which should contain a ShipControlModule on the same gameobject.
SetShip (ShipControlModule newShipControlModule)	Set the Sci-Fi Ship Controller player ship or spacecraft from the scene/
SendData (bool isFixedUpdate)	Call this to manually update the writeable sticky interactive object. The Timing Type must be Manual.
SetOutputAxisX (OutputAxis newOutputAxisX)	Attempt to set the OutputAxisX. If the component is initialised, it automatically calls ReconfigureAxisData().
SetOutputAxisZ (OutputAxis newOutputAxisZ)	Attempt to set the OutputAxisZ. If the component is initialised, it automatically calls ReconfigureAxisData().
SetTimingType (TimingType newTimingType)	Change the timing type.
UnPause()	Unpause or resume the output bridge.

## SSC Output Bridge - Properties

These properties are typically used when you want an in-game lever or joystick to move as the Sci-Fi Ship Controller ship is getting input data from a player or Al module. See the "SSC Output Bridge" chapter for more details.

Property	Description
BridgeTimingType	Get or set the Timing Type
IsConfigured	Is the component configured and ready to start receiving input from a Sci-Fi Ship Controller ship?
IsInitialised	Has the component been initialised?
IsPaused	Get or set if the output bridge is paused.
OutputAxisX	Get or set interactive Writeable left-right data, to be read from the input axis of the Sci-Fi Ship Controller ship
OutputAxisZ	Get or set interactive Writeable forward-back data, to be read from the input axis of the Sci-Fi Ship Controller ship.

## Sticky Control Module Methods - General

	Sticky3D Controller 1.2.5
Method	Description
AudioMute ()	Turn off all audio on the character
AudioUnMute ()	Enable audio on the character
AudioToggle ()	Toggle audio on/off for the character
CalculateBottomY()	Calculate the bottom offset from the character position in local space.
CalculateShoulderHeight()	Calculate or estimate the shoulder offset from the feet. See also
- "	GetCurrentShoulderCentre().
CheckSceneChanged()	Check if the character has moved to another scene and if required, update
J	the reference to the StickyManager in that new scene.
DisableCharacter	Disables character movement, look, collision detection, jetpack and
(bool resetVelocity = true)	animation. See also StickyInputModule.DisableInput() and EnableInput().
EnableCharacter	Enables character movement, look (except NPCs), collision detection,
(bool resetVelocity = true)	jetpack and animation. See also StickyInputModule.DisableInput() and
	EnableInput().
GetCurrentBottom()	Returns the current world-space centre bottom position of the character.
GetCurrentBottomProne()	Returns the current world-space centre bottom position of the grone
deteurementation fone()	character. This is where the feet will be when in the prone position.
GetCurrentCentre()	Returns the current world-space centre point of the character.
GetCurrentOffsetFromBottom	·
	Returns the current world-space centre bottom position of the character
(Vector3 localOffset)	with a local space offset.
GetCurrentShoulderCentre()	Returns the current world-space centre of the shoulders of the character.
GetCurrentTop()	Returns the current world-space centre top position of the character.
GetCurrentTopProne()	Returns the current world-space centre top position of the prone character.
	This is where the head will be when in the prone position.
GetCurrentRelativePosition()	Returns the current position relative to the current reference frame.
GetCurrentRelativeRotation()	Returns the current rotation relative to the current reference frame.
GetCurrentRelativeVelocity()	Returns the current velocity relative to the current reference frame.
GetCurrentRelativeAngularVelocity()	Returns the current angular velocity relative to the current reference
	frame.
GetLocalDirection	Get a local space direction relative to the character forward direction.
(Vector3 wsDirection)	
GetLocalPosition	Get a local space position on the character, given a world space position
(Vector3 wsPosition)	(converts a world space position to a local space position on the character).
GetLocalRotation (Quaternion	Get a local space rotation of a rotated object relative to the character.
wsRotation)	(Converts a world space rotation to a local space rotation on the character).
Initialise()	Initialise the Sticky Control Module. Has no effect if called multiple times.
GetWorldPosition	Get a world space position of a local space position on the character
(Vector3 localSpacePosition)	(converts a 3D position from local space to world space).
GetWorldRotation	Get a world space rotation of a local space rotation on the character
(Quaternion localRotation)	(converts a 3D rotation from local space to world space).
GetWorldRotation	Get a world space rotation of a local space Euler angles rotation on the
(Vector3 localRotation)	character (converts a 3D rotation from local space to world space).
PauseCharacter()	Pause the character but keep the look camera enabled if one is available.
	This is useful when pausing a game or scene. See also: DisableCharacter(),
	LockPosition(), UnPauseCharacter().
RefreshManager()	Can be used after moving scenes. Used with LB Seamless and SSC Seamless.
	See also CheckSceneChanged() and ClearManager(). Usage:
	if (stickyControlModule.CheckSceneChanged() {
	stickyControlModule.RefreshManager(); }
ResetInputDamping()	Reset the damping of input values.
SetGravitationalAcceleration	Sets the value of gravitational acceleration for this character in metres per
(float newGravitationalAcceleration)	second per second.
	-

Method	Description
SetMoveUpdateType	Set the update loop used to move the character. Automatically calls
(MoveUpdateType	SetLookUpdateType() as it depends on the moveUpdateType.
newMoveUpdateType)	
SendInput (CharacterInput	Sends input (from a player or AI) to the character for movement, look and
characterInput)	weapon control.
UnpauseCharacter()	Unpause the character. This is useful when unpausing a game or scene. See
	also: EnableCharacter(), UnlockPosition(), PauseCharacter().

# Sticky Control Module Methods - Move

DisableClimbing()         Stop the character from being able to climb.           DisableMovement()         Prevent the character from moving.           DisableMovement (bool resetVelocity)         Disable character movement and reset velocity if you wish           EnableClimbing()         Allow the character to climb.           EnableMovement()         Enable the character to move           EnableMovement (bool resetVelocity)         Enable character movement and reset velocity if you wish           GetIsNPC ()         Is this a Non-Player Character?           LockPostion()         Stop the NPC or Player character from moving but keep its position, and rotation in sync with the reference frame. This can be useful when a character is sitting. To stop all movement, use DisableMovement().           ProneCharacter()         Attempt to enable prone over multiple frames. See also ProneCharacterInstantly(), Unprone() and ToggleProne().           ProneCharacterInstantly()         Attempt to put character in prone mode in this frame. See also ProneCharacter(), Unprone() and ToggleProne().           RefreshFootStepSettings ()         Refresh and validate footstep settings. Call this after changing the audio source or the clips at runtime.           RefreshPosition()         If Hand IK is in use and the interactive touchable target object is moved a significant distance (along with character) the hand may stop touching the object when LateUpdate() runs. This is because the position of the character is trying and interactive traction to the reference frame on the y-axis, to the current relative rotation to the r	Method	Description
DisableMovement (bool resetVelocity)	DisableClimbing()	Stop the character from being able to climb.
Cool resetVelocity    EnableClimbing()	DisableMovement()	Prevent the character from moving.
EnableClimbing() EnableMovement() EnableMovement() EnableMovement (bool resetVelocity)  GetIsNPC () LockPostion() Stop the NPC or Player Character? LockPostion()  ProneCharacter()  ProneCharacter()  Enable Attempt to enable prone over multiple frames. See also ProneCharacterInstantly(), Unprone() and ToggleProne().  RefreshFootStepSettings () RefreshPosition()  EffeshPosition()  EffeshPosition()  EffeshPosition()  EstishItalReRotYtoCurrent (bool isAddLookRotation)  Set the initial relative rotation to the reference frame on the y-axis, to the current relative rotation of the character. This can be useful when a character is sitting. To stop all movement, use DisableMovement().  Attempt to enable prone over multiple frames. See also ProneCharacterInstantly(), Unprone() and ToggleProne().  RefreshFootStepSettings () Refresh and validate footstep settings. Call this after changing the audio source or the clips at runtime.  RefreshPosition()  If Hand IK is in use and the interactive touchable target object is moved a significant distance (along with character) the hand may stop touching the object when LateUpdate() runs. This is because the position of the character is typically not updated until the next FixedUpdate(). Calling this immediately after the move may resolve this.  Set the initial relative rotation to the reference frame on the y-axis, to the current relative rotation of the character. This can be useful with Look VR, when standing up from an in-game seat. It is automatically called from Notify OnStoodUp task steps used by StickyTaskModule.  Set set whether this a Non-Player Character (NPC)?  SettlsCrouchPostProne  If crouch is attempted while prone, but the character does not fit into that space, should the character is lying down.  Set if nexternal component or script is overriding movement data. E.g.,  Sould the character is lying down.  Set if prone is available on this character.  Set if prone is available on this character.  Can the character go from the prone position to crouching and likewis	DisableMovement	Disable character movement and reset velocity if you wish
EnableMovement() EnableMovement (bool resetVelocity) GetIsNPC () LockPostion() Stop the NPC or Player Character? LockPostion() Stop the NPC or Player character from moving but keep its position, and rotation in sync with the reference frame. This can be useful when a character is sitting. To stop all movement, use DisableMovement(). ProneCharacter() Attempt to enable prone over multiple frames. See also ProneCharacter(), Unprone() and ToggleProne().  RefreshFootStepSettings () RefreshPosition() RefreshPosition() RefreshPosition()  If Hand IK is in use and the interactive touchable target object is moved a significant distance (along with character) the hand may stop touching the object when LateUpdate() runs. This is because the position of the character is typically not updated until the next FixedUpdate(). Calling this immediately after the move may resolve this.  Set the initial relative rotation to the reference frame on the y-axis, to the current relative rotation of the character. This can be useful with Look VR, when standing up from an in-game seat. It is automatically called from Notify OnStoodUp task steps used by StickyTaskModule.  Set stelsPronePostProne  If crouch is attempted while prone, but the character does not fit into that space, should the character rouch when possible?  Set if an external component or script is overriding movement data. E.g., StockyMoveModule.  Set if prone is available on this character.  Set if prone position?  Set if the character go from the prone position to crouching and likewise, go from crouch to prone position?  Set if the character is currently sitting down.	(bool resetVelocity)	
Enable Movement (bool resetVelocity)  GetIsNPC ()  LockPostion()  Stop the NPC or Player character from moving but keep its position, and rotation in sync with the reference frame. This can be useful when a character is sitting. To stop all movement, use DisableMovement().  ProneCharacter()  Attempt to enable prone over multiple frames. See also ProneCharacterInstantly(), Unprone() and ToggleProne().  RefreshFootStepSettings ()  RefreshPosition()  RefreshPosition()  If Hand IK is in use and the interactive touchable target object is moved a significant distance (along with character) the hand may stop touching the object when LateUpdate() runs. This is because the position of the character is typically not updated until the next FixedUpdate(). Calling this immediately after the move may resolve this.  SetInitialRelRotYtoCurrent (bool isAddLookRotation)  SetIsNPC (bool isCharacter)  SetIsCrouchPostProne  If crouch is attempted while prone, but the character does not fit into that space, should the character rouch when possible?  SetIsSynoewaniable (bool isNowailable)  SetIsProneAvailable (bool isNowailable)  SetIsProneFroneFrone (bool newValue)  SetIsProneFroneFrone (can the character go from the prone position to crouching and likewise, go from crouch top prone position?  SetIsSitting (bool newValue)  SetIsSitting (bool newValue)  Set if the character is currently sitting down.	EnableClimbing()	Allow the character to climb.
(bool resetVelocity)  GetIsNPC ()  LockPostion()  Stop the NPC or Player character from moving but keep its position, and rotation in sync with the reference frame. This can be useful when a character is sitting. To stop all movement, use DisableMovement().  ProneCharacter()  Attempt to enable prone over multiple frames. See also ProneCharacterInstantly(), Unprone() and ToggleProne().  RefreshFootStepSettings ()  Refresh and validate footstep settings. Call this after changing the audio source or the clips at runtime.  RefreshPosition()  If Hand IK is in use and the interactive touchable target object is moved a significant distance (along with character) the hand may stop touching the object when LateUpdate() runs. This is because the position of the character is typically not updated until the next FixedUpdate(). Calling this immediately after the move may resolve this.  SetInitialRelRotYtoCurrent (bool isAddLookRotation)  SettsNPC (bool steps settings)  SettsNPC (bool isCharacterNPC)  SetIsCrouchPostProne  If crouch is attempted while prone, but the character does not fit into that space, should the character is lying down.  SetIsMovementOverridden Set if the character is lying down.  SetIsProneAvailable (bool isNowAvailable)  SetIsProneAvailable (bool isNowAvailable)  SetIsProneFromCrouch (bool can the character go from the prone position to crouching and likewise, go from cnewValue)  SetIsPsitting (bool newValue)  Set if the character is currently sitting down.	EnableMovement()	Enable the character to move
SetisNPC ()	EnableMovement	Enable character movement and reset velocity if you wish
Stop the NPC or Player character from moving but keep its position, and rotation in sync with the reference frame. This can be useful when a character is sitting. To stop all movement, use DisableMovement()   ProneCharacter()	(bool resetVelocity)	
sync with the reference frame. This can be useful when a character is sitting. To stop all movement, use DisableMovement().  ProneCharacter()  Attempt to enable prone over multiple frames. See also ProneCharacterInstantly(), Unprone() and ToggleProne().  RefreshFootStepSettings ()  Refresh and validate footstep settings. Call this after changing the audio source or the clips at runtime.  RefreshPosition()  If Hand IK is in use and the interactive touchable target object is moved a significant distance (along with character) the hand may stop touching the object when LateUpdate() runs. This is because the position of the character is typically not updated until the next FixedUpdate(). Calling this immediately after the move may resolve this.  Set the initial relative rotation to the reference frame on the y-axis, to the current relative rotation of the character. This can be useful with Look VR, when standing up from an in-game seat. It is automatically called from Notify OnStoodUp task steps used by StickyTaskModule.  Set set shether this a Non-Player Character (NPC)?  SettlsCrouchPostProne  If crouch is attempted while prone, but the character does not fit into that space, should the character is lying down.  Set if the character is lying down.  Set if an external component or script is overriding movement data. E.g., StickyMoveModule.  Set if prone is available on this character.  Set Is ProneAvailable (bool isNowAvailable)  Can the character go from the prone position to crouching and likewise, go from crouch to prone position?  Set if the character is currently sitting down.	GetIsNPC ()	Is this a Non-Player Character?
Unprone() and ToggleProne().  Attempt to put character in prone mode in this frame. See also ProneCharacter(), Unprone() and ToggleProne().  RefreshFootStepSettings ()  Refresh and validate footstep settings. Call this after changing the audio source or the clips at runtime.  RefreshPosition()  RefreshPosition()  If Hand IK is in use and the interactive touchable target object is moved a significant distance (along with character) the hand may stop touching the object when LateUpdate() runs. This is because the position of the character is typically not updated until the next FixedUpdate(). Calling this immediately after the move may resolve this.  Set the initial relative rotation to the reference frame on the y-axis, to the current relative rotation of the character. This can be useful with Look VR, when standing up from an in-game seat. It is automatically called from Notify OnStoodUp task steps used by StickyTaskModule.  Set shelf on Notify OnStoodUp task steps used by StickyTaskModule.  Set whether this a Non-Player Character (NPC)?  SetIsCrouchPostProne  If crouch is attempted while prone, but the character does not fit into that space, should the character rouch when possible?  SetIsMovementOverridden (bool newValue)  Set if the character is lying down.  Set if an external component or script is overriding movement data. E.g.,  StickyMoveModule.  Set if prone is available on this character.  SetIsProneFromCrouch (bool isNowAvailable)  Can the character go from the prone position to crouching and likewise, go from crouch to prone position?  SetIsSitting (bool newValue)  Set if the character is currently sitting down.	LockPostion()	sync with the reference frame. This can be useful when a character is sitting. To
Unprone() and ToggleProne().  RefreshFootStepSettings ()  Refresh and validate footstep settings. Call this after changing the audio source or the clips at runtime.  RefreshPosition()  If Hand IK is in use and the interactive touchable target object is moved a significant distance (along with character) the hand may stop touching the object when LateUpdate() runs. This is because the position of the character is typically not updated until the next FixedUpdate(). Calling this immediately after the move may resolve this.  SetInitialRelRotYtoCurrent (bool isAddLookRotation)  Set the initial relative rotation to the reference frame on the y-axis, to the current relative rotation of the character. This can be useful with Look VR, when standing up from an in-game seat. It is automatically called from Notify OnStoodUp task steps used by StickyTaskModule.  Set whether this a Non-Player Character (NPC)?  SetIsCrouchPostProne  If crouch is attempted while prone, but the character does not fit into that space, should the character crouch when possible?  SetIsMovementOverridden (bool newValue)  Set if the character is lying down.  Set if an external component or script is overriding movement data. E.g., StickyMoveModule.  SetIsProneAvailable (bool isNowAvailable)  Set if prone is available on this character.  Can the character go from the prone position to crouching and likewise, go from crouch to prone position?  Set if the character is currently sitting down.	ProneCharacter()	
the clips at runtime.  RefreshPosition()  If Hand IK is in use and the interactive touchable target object is moved a significant distance (along with character) the hand may stop touching the object when LateUpdate() runs. This is because the position of the character is typically not updated until the next FixedUpdate(). Calling this immediately after the move may resolve this.  Set Initial RelRotYtoCurrent (bool isAddLookRotation)  Set the initial relative rotation to the reference frame on the y-axis, to the current relative rotation of the character. This can be useful with Look VR, when standing up from an in-game seat. It is automatically called from Notify OnStoodUp task steps used by StickyTaskModule.  Set whether this a Non-Player Character (NPC)?  SetIsCrouchPostProne  If crouch is attempted while prone, but the character does not fit into that space, should the character crouch when possible?  SetIsLying (bool newValue)  Set if the character is lying down.  Set if an external component or script is overriding movement data. E.g., StickyMoveModule.  Set if prone is available on this character.  SetIsProneAvailable)  Set if prone is available on this character.  SetIsProneFromCrouch (bool newValue)  Set if the character go from the prone position to crouching and likewise, go from crouch to prone position?  Set if the character is currently sitting down.	ProneCharacterInstantly()	
significant distance (along with character) the hand may stop touching the object when LateUpdate() runs. This is because the position of the character is typically not updated until the next FixedUpdate(). Calling this immediately after the move may resolve this.  SetInitialRelRotYtoCurrent (bool isAddLookRotation)  Set the initial relative rotation to the reference frame on the y-axis, to the current relative rotation of the character. This can be useful with Look VR, when standing up from an in-game seat. It is automatically called from Notify OnStoodUp task steps used by StickyTaskModule.  Set whether this a Non-Player Character (NPC)?  SetIsCrouchPostProne  If crouch is attempted while prone, but the character does not fit into that space, should the character crouch when possible?  SetIsMovementOverridden (bool newValue)  Set if the character is lying down.  SetIsProneAvailable (bool is available on this character.  SetIsProneFromCrouch (bool newValue)  SetIsProneFromCrouch (bool newValue)  SetIsProneFromCrouch (bool newValue)  SetIsProneFromCrouch (bool newValue)  Set if the character is currently sitting down.	RefreshFootStepSettings ()	, e e
(bool isAddLookRotation)  relative rotation of the character. This can be useful with Look VR, when standing up from an in-game seat. It is automatically called from Notify OnStoodUp task steps used by StickyTaskModule.  SetIsNPC (bool isCharacterNPC)  SetIsCrouchPostProne  If crouch is attempted while prone, but the character does not fit into that space, should the character crouch when possible?  SetIsLying (bool newValue)  Set if the character is lying down.  SetIsMovementOverridden (bool newValue)  Set if an external component or script is overriding movement data. E.g.,  StickyMoveModule.  Set if prone is available on this character.  SetIsProneFromCrouch (bool newValue)  Can the character go from the prone position to crouching and likewise, go from crouch to prone position?  SetIsSitting (bool newValue)  Set if the character is currently sitting down.	RefreshPosition()	significant distance (along with character) the hand may stop touching the object when LateUpdate() runs. This is because the position of the character is typically not updated until the next FixedUpdate(). Calling this immediately after the move
isCharacterNPC)  SetIsCrouchPostProne  If crouch is attempted while prone, but the character does not fit into that space, should the character crouch when possible?  SetIsLying (bool newValue)  Set if the character is lying down.  SetIsMovementOverridden (bool newValue)  Set if an external component or script is overriding movement data. E.g., StickyMoveModule.  SetIsProneAvailable (bool is NowAvailable)  SetIsProneFromCrouch (bool newValue)  SetIsProneFromCrouch (bool newValue)  SetIsSitting (bool newValue)  Set if the character is currently sitting down.	(bool is Add Look Rotation)	relative rotation of the character. This can be useful with Look VR, when standing up from an in-game seat. It is automatically called from Notify OnStoodUp task steps used by StickyTaskModule.
should the character crouch when possible?  SetIsLying (bool newValue)  Set if the character is lying down.  SetIsMovementOverridden (bool newValue)  Set if an external component or script is overriding movement data. E.g.,  StickyMoveModule.  SetIsProneAvailable (bool isNowAvailable)  SetIsProneFromCrouch (bool newValue)  Can the character go from the prone position to crouching and likewise, go from crouch to prone position?  SetIsSitting (bool newValue)  Set if the character is currently sitting down.	The state of the s	Set whether this a Non-Player Character (NPC)?
SetIsMovementOverridden (bool newValue)  Set if an external component or script is overriding movement data. E.g.,  StickyMoveModule.  SetIsProneAvailable (bool isNowAvailable)  SetIsProneFromCrouch (bool newValue)  SetIsProneFromCrouch (bool newValue)  SetIsSitting (bool newValue)  Set if an external component or script is overriding movement data. E.g.,  StickyMoveModule.  Set if prone is available on this character.  Can the character go from the prone position to crouching and likewise, go from crouch to prone position?  SetIsSitting (bool newValue)  Set if the character is currently sitting down.	SetIsCrouchPostProne	
(bool newValue)  SetIsProneAvailable (bool isNowAvailable)  SetIsProneFromCrouch (bool newValue)  SetIsSitting (bool newValue)  StickyMoveModule.  Set if prone is available on this character.  Can the character go from the prone position to crouching and likewise, go from crouch to prone position?  Set if the character is currently sitting down.	SetIsLying (bool newValue)	Set if the character is lying down.
isNowAvailable)  SetIsProneFromCrouch (bool newValue)  Can the character go from the prone position to crouching and likewise, go from crouch to prone position?  SetIsSitting (bool newValue)  Set if the character is currently sitting down.		
newValue) crouch to prone position? SetIsSitting (bool newValue) Set if the character is currently sitting down.		Set if prone is available on this character.
	The state of the s	, ,
	SetIsSitting (bool newValue)	Set if the character is currently sitting down.
	StopClimbing()	Stop the character climbing. If they are on a wall, they will fall off.

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Method	Description
StopMoving()	Stop the character moving in a single frame. This does not disable movement.
TelePort	Teleport or move the character by a given offset delta. If applicable, also teleports
(Vector3 deltaPosition)	the third-person camera.
TelePort (Vector3	Teleport or move the character to a new place. If applicable, also teleports the
newPosition, Vector3	third-person camera.
newRotation, bool	
resetVelocity)	
TelePortToCurrent (bool	Attempt to teleport the character to the current transform position and rotation.
isRenewReferenceFrame =	This could be useful if you need to disable the character gameobject and move it
false)	to another locations. Optionally set the reference frame to the collider below.
ToggleEnableMovement ()	If movement is enabled, disable it. If movement is disabled, attempt to enable it.
UnlockPosition()	Enable the NPC or Player character to move again assuming movement has not
	been disabled with DisableMovement().
ToggleProne()	Toggle prone on or off. When enabling prone, attempt it over multiple frames. See
	also ProneCharacter(), ProneCharacterInstantly() and Unprone().
Unprone()	If the character is prone, attempt to stand up again. See also ProneCharacter(),
	ProneCharacterInstantly() and ToggleProne().

# Sticky Control Module Methods - Look

Method	Description
CentreCursor ()	Centre the hardware (mouse) cursor in the centre of the screen.
	WARNING: This will wait until the next frame before it returns.
CheckRestoreFollowHead()	Restore isLookCameraFollowHead (first person) to the state before it was
	saved.
	WARNING: Be careful not to call it multiple times in a row.
CheckRestoreFollowHeadTP()	Restore isLookCameraFollowHead (third person) to the state before it was
	saved.
	WARNING: Be careful not to call it multiple times in a row.
CheckRestoreFreeLook()	If Free Look is off, but should be on, turn it on. Always set savedFreeLook
	back to false. NOTE: This never turns Free Look off.
CheckRestoreLockedReticle	Re-enable locked reticle to cursor if required on the Sticky Display Module
ToCursor()	(HUD).
DisableInstantLookVR()	Disable Instant Look for VR.
DisableLook ()	Disable the Look camera(s) and camera movement
DisableLookInteractive()	The character will no longer be able to see or detect objects with a
	StickyInteractive component
DisableLookMovement ()	Disable the movement of the character camera. This includes camera
	rotation. See also LockThirdPersonCameraPosition(),
D: 11 1 10 1 10	LockThirdPersonCameraRotation(), and FreezeCameraPosition().
DisableLookSockets()	The character will no longer be able to see or detect objects with a
District 7 and	StickySocket component.
DisableLookZoom()	Stop the character camera from zooming in or out. NOTE: This does not
Disable Constitute (DI)	change the current zoom amount.
DisableSnapTurnVR()	Disable Snap Turn for VR.
EnableInstantLookVR()	Enable Instant Look for VR.
EnableLook ()	Enable the Look camera(s) and attempt to enable camera movement
EnableLookInteractive()	The character will be able to see or detect objects with a StickyInteractive component
EnableLookMovement ()	Attempt to enable character camera movement. This may be unsuccessful if
	an appropriate first- or third-person camera hasn't been setup. Returns true if successful.

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Method	Description
EnableLookSockets()	The character will be able to see or detect objects with a StickySocket
	component.
EnableLookZoom()	Enable the character camera to zoom in or out. NOTE: This does not change
	the current zoom amount.
EnableSnapTurnVR()	Enable Snap Turn for VR.
FreezeCameraPosition()	Prevent the third person camera from moving. See also
	DisableLookMovement() and LockThirdPersonCameraPosition().
FreezeCameraPosition	Attempt to snap the third person camera to the world space position and
(Vector3 newPosition)	prevent it from moving. See also UnfreezeCameraPosition().
GetCameraOffsetDistance()	Get the non-zoomed distance between the third person camera and the
	character. If possible, cache this value to avoid the sqrt. Call after changing
	lookCameraOffset at runtime.
GetHMDForwardYFromInit()	Get the y-axis angle the VR headset has rotated since it was initialised.
GetHMDMoveFromOriginLS()	Get how far the head-mounted device (HMD) has moved on x and z axis in
	local space from the starting position which was set
	inRecalculateFloorOffsetVR().
GetHumanPostureVR()	Get the posture or starting position of the human player when wearing a VR
	head-mounted device.
GetLookingAtInteractive()	Get the interactive-enabled object that the character is currently looking
	toward.
GetLookingAtInteractiveId()	Get the unique ID of the interactive-enabled object that the character is
	currently looking toward. If none, StickyInteractive.NoID (0) will be
	returned.
GetLookingAtRay (Vector3	If look is enabled and not an NPC, return a ray from the camera to the
screenPosition)	screen position. Otherwise, return a character forward ray from the eye
	position. The ray is in world space. See also GetAimingRay().
GetLookingAtSocket()	Get the StickySocket that the character is currently looking toward.
GetLookingAtSocketId()	Get the unique ID of the sticky socket that the character is currently looking
	toward. If none, StickySocket.NoID (0) will be returned.
GetLookSocketExitDelay()	Get the number of seconds to delay stop looking at a socket.
GetWorldEyePosition()	Get the current eye-level position for this character. If in third person mode
	or there is no camera setup, the eye position will be estimated.
GetWorldLookDirection()	Get the direction the character is looking.
HideCursor()	Hide the hardware (mouse) cursor. NOTE: This will sometimes fail to turn off
	the cursor in the editor Game View when it doesn't have focus but will work
	fine in a build.
IsInLineOfSight	Is the other character in line of sight of this character? The character
(StickyControlModule	attempts to look at the other character's eye level. NOTE: If it sees the back
otherCharacter)	of its head, it will still return true.
IsInLineOfSight	Check if this character can see the lookTo 3D position. If useEyePosition is
(Vector3 lookTo, bool	false, it uses the centre of the character. Other S3D characters can be
useEyePosition = true, bool	detected if they have "Trigger Collider" enabled on the Collide tab.
debugInSceneView = false)	Optionally draw a blue ray in the scene view for debugging in the Unity
	Editor.
	This will return false when the character is respawning.
LockThirdPersonCamera	Attempt to lock the third-person camera to the current world space
Position()	position, relative to the reference frame. Doesn't work if an NPC, or Aim IK
	is enabled.
LockThirdPersonCamera	Attempt to lock the third-person camera to the given world space position,
Position (Vector3	relative to the reference frame. Doesn't work if an NPC, or Aim IK is enabled.
newWorldCameraPosition)	

	Sticky3D Controller 1.2.5
Method	Description
LockThirdPersonCamera	Attempt to lock the third-person camera to the current world space
Rotation()	rotation, relative to the reference frame. Doesn't work if an NPC, or Aim IK
	is enabled. See also DisableLookMovement() and FreezeCameraPosition().
LockThirdPersonCamera	Attempt to lock the third-person camera to the given world space rotation,
Rotation (Quaternion	relative to the reference frame. Doesn't work if an NPC, or Aim IK is enabled.
newWorldCameraRotation)	
ReinitialiseCameraSettings ()	Call this after changing camera properties OR changing the camera with
	SetLookCamera1()
ReinitialiseCameraTransform()	Call this if you have replaced the camera transform with
	SetLookTransform(newLookTransform) in your own code.
ReinitiliseCameraVR()	This is currently used with room scale VR to determine where the camera
	(or character) was facing, and the character was standing. It gets called from
	stickyInputModule.CalibrateXR()
ResetClipObjectMask()	Reset the clip object mask to their default values
SaveAndSetLockedReticleTo	Save if locked reticle to cursor on Sticky Display Module (HUD). Only is saved
Cursor (bool isLockReticleToCursor)	if it hasn't already been saved. Also sets Lock Reticle to Cursor.
ResetFreeLook()	Attempt to reset FreeLook to default position.
SetFreeLook	Attempt to enable or disable the Free Look mode while in third person. This
(bool isEnabled)	will have no effect if in first person.
SetInitialHMDRotation (Quaternion	Set or update the Initial rotation of the VR head mounted device
newRotation)	· ·
SetLookCamera1 (Camera	Call this when setting or changing the child camera that will be used to look
newLookCamera1, bool	around with the player. Will return false if the camera is null or it is not
isAutoEnableLook)	changed.
SetHumanPostureVR	Set the posture or starting position of the human player when wearing a VR
(HumanPostureVR newPosture)	head-mounted device.
SetLookCameraHeight()	If in first person mode, and isAutoFirstPersonCameraHeight is true, will
<b>.</b>	attempt to set the camera height to the "average" eye height based on the
	player height.
SetLookCamerFocusOffsetTP	Set the local space point on the character where the third person camera
(Vector3 focusOffset)	focuses relative to the origin or pivot point of the character prefab.
SetLookCameraFollowHeadFP (bool	Set if the first-person camera will move relative to the head bone.
isFollowHead)	
SetLookCameraFollowHeadProneFP	Set if while prone, the first-person camera will move relative to the head
(bool isFollowHead)	bone.
SetLookCameraOffsetTP (Vector3	Set the camera offset or distance from the character when in third person
cameraOffset)	mode.
SetLookFirstPerson (Camera	Configure the controller for First Person. Note, this can automatically set
firstPersonCamera, Transform	look movement to true.
firstPersonTransform, bool	
isAutoEnableLook)	
SetLookFollowHead (bool	Set the first-person camera position to react to changes in the head bone
isEnabled)	position of a humanoid character. Has no effect if the character is not
	initialised.
SetLookFollowHeadTP (bool	Set the third person camera to follow the local offset of the head on a
isEnabled)	humanoid character. Currently Follow Head in third-person has no effect
	when Head IK is enabled.
SetLookThirdPerson (Camera	Configure the controller for Third Person. Optionally start at current camera
thirdPersonCamera, bool	position and don't cut directly to the offset position.
isAutoEnableLook, bool	
cutToCamera = true)	

Nathand	Description Sticky3D Controller 1.2.3
Method	Description
SetLookInteractiveExitDelay (float newExitDelay)	Set the number of seconds to delay stop looking at an interactive object. When an interactive object is a child of a moving object, setting this to a small value (like 0.2) may prevent it continually triggering onHoverEnter and onHoverExit events. If looking at an interactive-enabled object, stop looking at it before updating the ExitDelay duration.
SetLookOrbitAmount (float orbitAmount = 0f)	Set the amount of normalised orbit rotation for the third person camera. The range of values is between -1 and 1.0. A value of 0 applies no orbital rotation. Calling SetLookOrbitAmount() will reset the orbit to the Look Camera Offset with no rotation.
SetLookSocketAutoShow	Set if the StickySockets will be highlighted when looked at and Look Sockets is enabled.
SetLookSocketExitDelay (float newExitDelay)	Set the number of seconds to delay stop looking at a socket. When a socket is on a moving object, setting this to a small value (like 0.2) may prevent it flickering on and off and triggering onHoverEnter and Exit events. If looking at a socket, stop looking at it before updating the ExitDelay duration.
SetLookTransform (Transform newLookTransform)	Call this when setting or changing the camera transform that will be rotated when the player looks in a particular direction. For First Person, it must be a child of the player character gameobject. If called directly in your game code, call ReinitialiseCameraTransform() afterward.
SetLookUnorbitDelay (float newValue)	Set the unorbit delay for the third person camera.
SetLookUnzoomDelay (float newValue)	Set the unzoom delay for the first- or third-person camera.
SetLookUpdateType (LookUpdateType newLookUpdateType)	Set the update loop used to move or rotate the camera
SetLookZoom (float zoomAmount)	Set the level of zoom1.0 if fully zoomed out. 1.0 is fully zoomed in. 0 is no zoom. Also resets the unzoom timer.
SetUpdateLookingAtPoint (bool isUpdated)	Should the LookingAtPoint data be updated every frame? This is useful, if you want to know where in world space the user is looking. Currently it is only updated if Look Interactive is also enabled.
ShakeCamera (float duration, float strength)	Shake the camera for specified seconds which the given relative strength or force. If the camera is not enabled or the duration and/or strength are 0 or less, StopCameraShake() will be automatically called and the inputs ignored. Strength should be between 0 and 1.
ShowCursor()	Show the hardware (mouse) cursor. This also restarts the countdown autohide timer if that is enabled.
StopCameraShake()	Stop the camera from shaking
StopLookAtInteractive()	Stop looking at an interactive-enabled object. It does not prevent the character from looking at it again. It will trigger any callbacks or events relevant when no longer looking at the previous object. If you want to stop the character looking at interactive-enabled objects, use DisableLookInteractive() instead.
StopLookAtInteractive (bool isTriggerEventsAndCallback)	Stop looking at an interactive-enabled object. It does not prevent the character from looking at it again.  Decide if you wish to trigger any callbacks or events relevant when no longer looking at the previous object.  If you want to stop the character looking at interactive-enabled objects, use DisableLookInteractive() instead.
StopLookAtSocket()	Stop looking at a StickySocket. It does not prevent the character from looking at it again. It will trigger any callbacks or events relevant when no longer looking at the previous socket.

	Sticky3D controller 1.2.3
Method	Description
	If you want to stop the character looking at Sockets, use
	DisableLookSockets() instead.
StopLookAtSocket (bool	Stop looking at a StickySocket. It does not prevent the character from
isTriggerEventsAndCallback)	looking at it again.
	Decide if you wish to trigger any callbacks or events relevant when no
	In longer looking at the previous socket.  If you want to stop the character looking at Sockets, use
	DisableLookSockets() instead.
ToggleCursor()	Toggle the hardware (mouse) cursor on or off. NOTE: This will sometimes
108810001301()	fail to turn off the cursor in the editor Game View when it doesn't have
	focus but will work fine in a build.
CutToThirdPersonCamera	If in third person, attempt to cut the camera directly to the target position
Target()	and rotation.
ToggleEnableLookMovement ()	If look movement is enabled, disable it. If look movement is disabled,
	attempt to enable it.
ToggleFirstThirdPerson ()	Attempt to toggle between first and third person modes. When switching to
	first-person, it can automatically enable look movement.
ToggleLookInteractive()	Toggle if the character will be able to see or detect objects with a
Taradal and Card ata/)	StickyInteractive component.
ToggleLookSockets()	Toggle if the character will be able to see or detect objects with a StickySocket component.
ToggleThirdPersonLookZ ()	Toggles or inverts the third person camera Z position and cuts directly to
roggierriirar ersonicookz ()	that camera position if in Third Person mode. Useful for switching between
	a front or back view of the character.
UnfreezeCamera	Allow the third person camera to move after having been frozen. See also
Position()	FreezeCameraPosition()
UnLockThirdPerson	Allow the third person camera to move freely again.
CameraPosition()	
UnLockThirdPerson	Allow the third person camera to rotate freely again.
CameraRotation()	

# Sticky Control Module Methods - Collide

Method	Description
AttachCollider (Collider colliderToAttach)	When attaching an object to the character, like when grabbing an object in VR, call this method for each non-trigger collider. This helps with collision detection on the character. When grabbing interactive-enabled objects, this is automatically called by S3D.
AttachColliders (Collider[] collidersToAttach)	When attaching objects to the character, like when grabbing an object, call this method with an array of the active non-trigger colliders. See also AttachCollider().
DetachCollider (int colliderID)	When detaching or removing an object from the character, like when dropping an object in VR, call this method for each non-trigger collider. This is only required if it was first registered with AttachCollider(). When dropping interactive-enabled objects, this is automatically called by S3D. USAGE: DetachCollider (collider.GetInstanceID())
GetKneeHeight()	Get the knee height of the character. If the right lower leg isn't available an estimate is returned.
IsColliderHittableByWeapon (Collider collider)	Is the collider part of this character and hittable by a weapon?

	Sticky3D Controller 1.2.5
Method	Description
IsColliderHittableByWeapon (int	Is the collider part of this character and hittable by a weapon?
colliderInstanceID)	USAGE: bool isHit = IsColliderHittableByWeapon(collider.GetInstanceID());
IsColliderSelf (Collider collider)	Is the collider part of this character? Takes into consideration the capsule
	collider, any feet or damage region colliders, and any attached or held
	objects.
IsColliderSelf (int	Is the collider part of this character? Takes into consideration the capsule
colliderInstanceID)	collider, any feet or damage region colliders, and any attached or held
	objects. It will NOT automatically ignore all trigger colliders associated with
	this character.
Isllit (Vester2 leakErem Vester2	USAGE: bool isSelf = IsColliderSelf(collider.GetInstanceID());
IsHit (Vector3 lookFrom, Vector3 lookDirection, float distance, ref	Fire a ray from the lookFrom position in the lookDirection (which should be normalised) the distance specified. Will return true if the character was hit
RaycastHit raycastHit, bool	and the passed in raycastHit structure will be populated with the hit
debugInSceneView = false, int	information.
objectLayerMask = ~0)	Optionally, draw a ray in the scene view while using the Unity Editor.
objectia, e. masic o,	The optional objectLayerMask enables you to only detect objects in certain
	Unity Layers. Trigger Collider MUST BE enabled on the Collide tab for this to
	work.
IsHitOther (Vector3 lookFrom,	Fire a ray from a position (lookFrom) typically from some point on this
Vector3 lookDirection, float	character, in a lookDirection, a maximum of "distance" metres. The optional
distance, ref RaycastHit	objectLayerMask enables you to only detect objects in certain Unity Layers.
raycastHit, bool	
debugInSceneView = false, int	
objectLayerMask = ~0)	
IsObstacle (Vector3 feetPosition,	Is there an object preventing the character moving into the position
Vector3 characterUpDirection)	indicated? NOTE: Currently does not check for S3D characters.
IsObstacle	Is there an obstacle in the given direction from the character? The obstacle
(float offsetBottomY, float	could be a collider that is in the collisionLayerMask or another S3D character
offsetTopY, Vector3 direction,	that has "Trigger Collider" enabled on the Collide tab.
float distance)	Designation this (abild) collider as an autoproper will impose when fining at with
RegisterWeaponNonHitCollider (Collider collider)	Register this (child) collider as one weapons will ignore when firing at with beams, projectiles etc.
RemoveCollider (Collider collider)	Call this before you destroy a collider that the character may be near or
Kemoveconider (conider conider)	inside, or when you no longer wish to receive Stay or Exit events for. NOTE:
	When the character next enters the trigger collider, new events may be
	created.
ResetScaledRadius()	Reset the scaled radius back to the original radius.
ResetReferenceFrameLayerMask()	Reset the reference frame mask to their default values.
ResetWeaponNonHitColliders()	Clear the list of colliders that weapons cannot fire at and hit on this character.
RestoreDefaultReferenceFrame ()	Attempt to restore the current reference frame, to the initial or default
, ,	setting. This is automatically called when exiting a StickyZone.
RestoreFullHeight()	Attempt to restore the character to full height. If unsuccessful, the character
<b>5</b>	will be in a (forced) crouch. See also RestoreFullHeightFromTemp() and
	ScaleToKneeHeight(),and ScaleToTemporaryHeight().
RestoreFullHeightFromTemp()	Attempt to restore the character to full height if the character has a
	temporary height. See also RestoreFullHeight(), ScaleToTemporaryHeight(),
	and ScaleToKneeHeight().
RestoreFullRadius()	Attempt to reset the radius back to the radius from the inspector.
RestorePreviousReferenceFrame()	Attempt to restore the previous reference frame that was being used before
	what is currently set. NOTE: We do not support nesting.
SetCurrentReferenceFrame (float	Attempt to set the current reference frame by detecting the ground.
detectDistance = 1000f)	Currently used by LB Seamless and SSC Seamless when changing scenes. If it
	fails to find the ground, it will clear the current reference frame.

	Sticky S Controller 1.2.5
Method	Description
SetCurrentReferenceFrame (Transform newReferenceFrame)	Sets the current reference frame.
SetCurrentReferenceFrame (Transform newReferenceFrame, bool isForceUpdate)	Sets the current reference frame with the option to forcefully update it.
SetCrouchRadius (float newRadius)	Attempt to set the radius of the character when crouching.
SetProneLength (float newLength)	Attempt to set a new prone length.
SetProneRadius (float newRadius)	Attempt to set the radius of the character when in the prone position.
SetReferenceFrameFromTemp (Transform newReferenceFrame)	Attempt to set a new reference frame after having set a temporary reference frame. This doesn't affect the reference frame history. See also SetTemporaryReferenceFrame().
SetForcedTemporaryHeight (bool isForcedHeight)	Attempt to return (or not) the temporary height of the character to full height when next possible.
SetTemporaryReferenceFrame (Transform newReferenceFrame)	Attempt to set a short-term reference frame. This does not affect the previous reference frame so has no effect on entering and exiting StickyZones. An example usage is sitting on a movable cockpit seat or riding an elevator while in a flying spaceship. See also SetReferenceFrameFromTemp().
SetReferenceUpdateType (ReferenceUpdateType newRefUpdateType)	Change the way reference frames are determined.
UnregisterWeaponNonHitCollider (Collider collider)	Unregister this (child) collider as one weapons will ignore when firing at with beams, projectiles etc. The collider will now be hittable by weapons.

## Sticky Control Module Methods – Jet Pack

Method	Description
DisableJetPackAvailability ()	Prevent the Jet Pack from being enabled.
EnableJetPackAvailability ()	Allow the Jet Pack to be enabled. NOTE: This does not enable the Jet Pack, but it does allow the Jet Pack to be enabled or disabled.
ResetJetPackSettings()	Call this if changing the Jet Pack audio source or thruster effects. Correct order:  1. RestoreJetPackInitialSettings()  2. Make changes  3. ResetJetPackSettings()
RestoreJetPackInitialSettings ()	Call before making changes to audio source and/or jet pack thrusters. Correct order:  1. RestoreJetPackInitialSettings()  2. Make changes  3. ResetJetPackSettings()
ToggleIsJetPackAvailable ()	Attempt to toggle if the jet pack can be used or not

# Sticky Control Module Methods – Animate (General)

Method	Description
BlendInAnimLayer (int layerIndex)	Blend in an Animator layer over time using the Layer Weight. See also
	SetAnimLayerBlendInDuration().
BlendOutAnimLayer (int	Blend out an Animator layer over time using the Layer Weight. See also
layerIndex)	SetAnimLayerBlendOutDuration().

	Sticky5D Controller 1.2.5
Method	Description
CheckAnimateConditions	Check to see if all the conditions (if any) are satisfied for an animate action.
(S3DAnimAction s3dAnimAction)	Returns true if all conditions are satisfied, else returns false.
Disable Animate()	Disable the sending of animation data to the character animation controller
EnableAnimate()	Enable the sending of animation data to the character animation controller
GetAnimAction	Get an S3DAnimAction class instance using the unique identifier (guidHash)
(int guidHash)	of AnimAction from the list displayed in editor on the Animate tab.
GetAnimAction (int	Attempt to find the first S3DAnimAction with the parameter name hash code
paramHashCode, int	and type.
parameterTypeInt)	USAGE: S3DAnimAction aa =
	s3dCharacter.GetAnimAction(S3DUtils.GetAnimationParamHashCode
	("action1"), (int)S3DAnimAction.ParameterType.Bool);
GetAnimActionByIndex	Get an S3DAnimAction class instance using the zero-based index or
(int animActionIndex)	sequence number in the list which is seen in the editor on the Animate tab.
GetAnimActionHashByIndex	Get the unique guidHash of an S3DAnimAction using the zero-based index or
(int animActionIndex)	sequence number in the list which is seen in the editor on the Animate tab.
GetAnimActionIndex	Get the zero-based index of AnimAction from the list seen in the editor on
(int guidHash)	the Animate tab, using the unique identifier (guidHash) of an AnimAction.
	Returns -1 if not found.
GetAnimActions	Populate a non-null empty list with all S3DAnimActions that match the
(List <s3danimaction></s3danimaction>	supplied StandardAction type with the provided parameter name. Returns
animActionList,	true if it found matching actions, else it returns false.
S3DAnimAction.StandardAction	
standardAction, string	This is NOT the kind of method that you should be calling every frame.
parameterName)	
GetAnimationStateId (string	Return the state Id (hash) given a state in an Animation Controller.
stateName)	NOTE: This does not test if the state exists in any of the layers.
GetAnimLayerData (int layerIndex)	Get the S3D internal data being stored for the Animator zero-based Layer.
GetArmLength (S3Dside side, ref	This is the distance from the upper arm to the hand bone. It does not include
float armLength)	the hand. Typically, you want to cache this value rather than calling it often.
GetBoneBottomOffset	Updates the offset parameter with the local space offset from the bottom of
(HumanBodyBones bone, ref	the (humanoid) character if the bone is found and returns true.
Vector3 offset)	Returns false if there is no valid animator controller, the character rig is not
CatDanaTranafarina	humanoid, or the bone is not found.
GetBoneTransform	Attempt to get the transform for a human body bone.
(HumanBodyBones humanBone)	Charly to and if an IV/Function common out is not visual. If the Animaton is not an
IKCheckEnabler()	Check to see if an IKEnabler component is required. If the Animator is not on the root gameobject of S3D and isFootIK/isHeadIK/isHandIK/isRootMotion is
	enabled, we need the S3DIKEnabler component to send OnAnimatorIK
	events to S3D.
	WARNING: Currently may incur some GC, so use sparingly. If this is an issue,
	please contact us.
ImportAnimateDataFromJson	Import a json file from disk and return as list of S3DAnimAction
(string folderPath, string fileName)	אין
IsValidHumanoid	Does this character look like a valid humanoid? Optionally show errors in the
(bool showErrors = false)	Unity Editor console.
IsAnimatorFixedUpdate (bool	Check if the character Animator is updating in the FixedUpdate loop (aka
forceRefresh)	Unity Physics). If forceRefresh is true, it will check the Animator component
	rather than just returning the last known value.
PlayAnimationState	Play the Animation State in the layer within the Animator Controller. Set the
(int stateId, int layerIndex, float	layerIndex to -1 if you want to play the first matching state (on any layer). If
transitionDuration = 0.2f)	the zero-based layerIndex is set, it will also check if the state exists. For no
	transition, set transitionDuration to 0. For a smoother, but slower transition,
	increase transitionDuration.

	Stickysu Controller 1.2.5
Method	Description
PlayAnimationStateWithOffset	Play the Animation State in the layer within the Animator Controller starting
(int stateId, int layerIndex, float	at a normalised offset from the start of the clip. Set the layerIndex to -1 if
transitionNormalised, float	you want to play the first matching state (on any layer). If the zero-based
The state of the s	
offsetNormalised)	layerIndex is set, it will also check if the state exists.
	An offset of 0.0 starts at the beginning, while 0.9 starts near the end of the
	clip for the animation state.
RefreshAnimateSettings()	Refresh and validate Animate settings. Call this after changing any Animate
NerrestiAmmatesettings()	
	settings.
ReplaceAnimationClip	Replace all instances of the currentClip in the Animator Controller with a
(ref AnimationClip currentClip,	new AnimationClip. Update the reference to the currentClip when it has
AnimationClip newClip)	been replaced. If the clip does not exist, the method may fail silently.
ReplaceAnimationClipNoRef	Replace all instances of the currentClip in the Animator Controller with a
	·
(AnimationClip currentClip,	new AnimationClip.
AnimationClip newClip)	
SetAnimLayerBlendInDuration (int	Set the duration, in seconds, it takes for an animator layer weight to reach
layerIndex, float blendInDuration)	1.0. Set also See also BlendInAnimLayer ().
	T.O. Jet also dee also dictivitiAllitticayet ().
SetAnimLayerBlendOutDuration	
(int layerIndex, float	Set the duration, in seconds, it takes for an animator layer weight to reach
blendOutDuration)	0.0. See also BlendOutAnimLayer ().
SetCustomAnimActionBoolValue	Given the guidHash of a custom S3DAnimAction set its boolean value,
(int guidHash, bool value)	assuming it has a matching ParamaterType and the standardAction is a
	custom action. If Toggle is enabled, attempt to toggle the current value in
	the animation controller.
SetCustomAnimActionBoolValue	Given a custom S3DAnimAction set its boolean value, assuming it has a
	matching ParamaterType and the standardAction is a custom action. If
(S3DAnimAction s3DAnimAction,	
bool value)	Toggle is enabled, attempt to toggle the current value in the animation
	controller.
SetCustomAnimActionFloatValue	Given the guidHash of a custom S3DAnimAction set its float value, assuming
(int guidHash, float value)	it has a matching ParamaterType and the standardAction is a custom action.
SetCustomAnimActionFloatValue	Given a custom S3DAnimAction set its float value, assuming it has a
	·
(S3DAnimAction s3DAnimAction,	matching ParamaterType and the standardAction is a custom action.
float value)	
SetCustomAnimActionIntegerValue	Given the guidHash of a custom S3DAnimAction set its integer value,
(int guidHash, int value)	assuming it has a matching ParamaterType and the standardAction is a
(integaration) interaction	custom action.
SetCustomAnimActionIntegerValue	Given a custom S3DAnimAction set its integer value, assuming it has a
(S3DAnimAction s3DAnimAction,	matching ParamaterType and the standardAction is a custom action.
int value)	
SetCustomAnimActionTriggerValue	Given the guidHash of a custom S3DAnimAction set its trigger (bool) value,
(int guidHash, bool value)	assuming it has a matching ParamaterType and the standardAction is a
	custom action.
SetCustomAnimActionTriggerValue	Given a custom S3DAnimAction set its trigger (bool) value, assuming it has a
(S3DAnimAction s3DAnimAction,	matching ParamaterType and the standardAction is a custom action.
bool value)	71
·	If there is an Danlaco Animatic a Clina Dalay add Amandian accountation at the same
StopRevertAnimClips()	If there is an ReplaceAnimationClipsDelayed() pending completion, attempt
	to stop it. Can be useful if wanting to replace some animations soon after
	another weapon has been dropped or equipped.
VerifyAnimParameter	At runtime, verify if a parameter of the given name and type exists on the
(string parameterName,	animator controller. Returns 0 if no matching parameter is found, else
S3DAnimAction.ParameterType	returns the parameter hashcode.
parameterType)	WARNING: This impacts GC and should never be called in an update loop.
	Use sparingly.

Method	Description
EnableAimAtTarget (bool isEnable,	Enable or disable Aim IK. Called from
bool isSmooth)	stickyWeapon.EnableOrDisableAiming(). Rather than calling this directly,
	devs will typically want to call StartAimingWeapon(),
	StopAimingWeapon() or ToggleAimWeapon().
GetAimingRay()	Get the ray where the character is aiming while holding a weapon. See also
	GetLookingAtRay().
RefreshAimBoneTransforms()	Get the bone transforms for the aimBones array configured in the editor.
	Typically this will only be called once during Initialise().
	NOTE: The list is only populated with bone transforms found on the
	humanoid rig.
SetAimBone (S3DHumanBone	Set (update) an existing aim bone in the current array.
newAimBone, int arrayIndex)	
SetAimBones (S3DHumanBone[]	Set a new array of Aim Bones
newS3DHumanBones)	
SetAimIKWhenNotAiming (bool	If a weapon is held, will it always attempt to face the target? Otherwise, it
newValue)	will only do this when weapon IsAiming is true.

## Sticky Control Module Methods – Animate (Head IK)

Method	Description
DisableHeadIK	Disable Head Inverse Kinematics. SmoothDisable will attempt to blend out
(bool isSmoothDisable)	the change over several frames.
EnableHeadIK	Enable Head Inverse Kinematics. SmoothDisable will attempt to blend the
(bool isSmoothEnable)	change over several frames.
GetHeadIKLookAtEyes()	When the HeadIK target is a Sticky3D character, should this character look at their eyes?
GetHeadIKLookAtInteractive()	When look interactive and Update Looking Point are enabled, while the character is stationary, should the head face either the interactive enabled object being looked at, or in the direction the character is looking?
GetHeadIKTarget ()	Get a reference to the transform (if any) Head IK is targeting. NOTE: This does not check if Head IK is enabled or not.
GetHeadIKTargetPosition ()	Get the world space position of the Head IK target (if any). Otherwise, return 0,0,0.
SetHeadIKLookAtEyes (bool isLookAtEyes)	When the HeadIK target is a Sticky3D character, should this character look at their eyes?
SetHeadIKLookAtInteractive	When look interactive and Update Looking Point are enabled, while the
(bool isLookAtInteractive)	character is stationary, should the head face either the interactive enabled object being looked at, or in the direction the character is looking?
SetHeadIKTarget	Change the object that the head should be looking at. Automatically checks
(Transform targetTransform)	if it is a S3D character.
	EXAMPLE: SetHeadIKTarget (myTargetObject)
SetHeadIKTarget	Change the object that the head should be looking at. The target offset is in
(Transform targetTransform,	the local space of the target. When isReset is true, the head will attempt to
Vector3 targetOffset,	start looking straight ahead.
bool isReset = false,	EXAMPLES:
bool isCharacter = false)	SetHeadIKTarget (myTargetObject, Vector3.zero);
	SetHeadIKTarget (myS3DCharacter, new Vector3(0f, 1.2f, 0f), true);
	SetHeadIKTarget (null, Vector3.zero);

Method	Description
ToggleEnableHeadIK ()	Attempt to turn on or off Head IK (Inverse Kinematics).

# Sticky Control Module Methods – Animate (Hand IK)

Method	Description
ClearLeftHandIKInterativeTarget()	Clear or reset instantly the interactive IK target for the left hand. If
	you want to fire events or callbacks, use
	SetLeftHandIKTargetInteractive(null) or
	SetLeftHandIKTargetInteractiveNull().
ClearRightHandIKInterativeTarget()	Clear or reset instantly the interactive IK target for the right hand. If
	you want to fire events or callbacks, use
	SetRightHandIKTargetInteractive(null) or
	SetRightHandIKTargetInteractiveNull().
DisableHandIK	Disable Hand Inverse Kinematics. SmoothDisable will attempt to
(bool isSmoothDisable)	blend out the change over several frames.
EnableHandIK	Enable Hand Inverse Kinematics. SmoothDisable will attempt to
(bool isSmoothEnable)	blend the change over several frames.
GetLeftHandPalmPosition()	Get the world space palm position, or centre, of the left hand. If the
Catl oft Hand Dalm Potation ()	hand transform is not available, Vector3.zero is returned.  Get the world space rotation of the left-hand palm.
GetLeftHandPalmRotation() GetLeftHandPalmOffset()	Get the world space palm position, or centre, of the right hand. If the
Getterthandrainionset()	hand transform is not available, Vector3.zero is returned.
GetRightHandPalmRotation()	Get the world space rotation of the right-hand palm.
GetRightHandPalmOffset()	Get the local space offset the palm, or centre, of the hand is from the
Gettight fail of iset()	right bone position.
GetLeftHandIKPreviousPosition()	Get the world space left hand IK previous position (if any).
Getzerenandiki reviousi osicion()	Otherwise return 0,0,0.
GetRightHandIKPreviousPosition()	Get the world space right hand IK previous position (if any).
()	Otherwise return 0,0,0.
GetLeftHandIKTarget()	Get a reference to the transform (if any) the left-hand IK is targeting.
	NOTE: This does not check if Hand IK is enabled or not.
GetRightHandIKTarget()	Get a reference to the transform (if any) the right-hand IK is
	targeting. NOTE: This does not check if Hand IK is enabled or not.
GetLeftHandIKTargetInteractive()	Get a reference to the Sticky Interactive object (if any) the left-hand
	IK is targeting. NOTE: This does not check if Hand IK is enabled or not.
GetRightHandIKTargetInteractive()	Get a reference to the Sticky Interactive object (if any) the right-hand
	IK is targeting. NOTE: This does not check if Hand IK is enabled or not.
GetLeftHandIKTargetPosition()	Get the world space position of the left hand IK target (if any).
	Otherwise return 0,0,0.
GetRightHandIKTargetPosition()	Get the world space position of the right hand IK target (if any).
	Otherwise return 0,0,0.
GetLeftHandMaxReachDistance()	The maximum distance the left hand will attempt to reach for an
	object.
GetRightHandMaxReachDistance()	The maximum distance the right hand will attempt to reach for an
Call (full adput 10%)	object.
SetLeftHandPalmOffset	Set the local space offset the palm, or centre, of the hand is from the
(Vector3 newOffset)	left bone position.
SetLeftHandPalmRotation	Set the local space rotation of the palm, relative to the left hand
(Vector3 newRelativeRotation)	bone.
SetRightHandPalmOffset	Set the local space offset the palm, or centre, of the hand is from the
(Vector3 newOffset)	right bone position.

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Method	Description
SetRightHandPalmRotation (Vector3	Set the local space rotation of the palm, relative to the right hand
newRelativeRotation)	bone.
SetLeftHandIKTarget	Change the world space position of where the left hand should be
(Vector3 targetPosition)	reaching toward.
SetLeftHandIKTarget	Change the object that the left hand should reach toward.
(Transform targetTransform)	EXAMPLE: SetLeftHandIKTarget (myTargetObject)
SetLeftHandIKTarget	Change the object the the left hand should reach toward with a local
(Transform targetTransform, Vector3	space offset and rotation from the object.
targetOffset, Vector3 targetRotation, bool	EXAMPLE: SetLeftHandIKTarget (myTargetObject, new Vector3(0f,
isReset = false)	0.5f, 0f), new Vector3(0f, 30f, 0f), false)
SetLeftHandIKTargetLookingAtInteractive	Set the left-hand target to be the interactive-enabled object the
()	character is currently looking toward. If no interactive-enabled object
	is being looked at, the existing target is set to null.
SetLeftHandIKTargetInteractive	Set the left-hand target to be the primary hand hold of an
(StickyInteractive stickyInteractive)	interactive-enabled object in the scene. WARNING: Do not call
, ,	directly or indirectly from stickyInteractive.StopTouchObject, instead
	use SetLeftHandIKTargetInteractive(stickyInteractive, false, false).
SetLeftHandIKTargetInteractive	Set the left-hand target to be an interactive-enabled object in the
(StickyInteractive stickyInteractive, bool	scene. The object must be touchable.
isSecondaryHandHold, bool	WARNING: If this is called directly, or indirectly from
isNotifyStopTouchingOnNull = true)	stickyInteractive.StopTouchObject() you MUST set
is to any other reasons go in tank	isNotifyStopTouchingOnNull as false, to avoid a
	StackOverflowException.
SetLeftHandIKTargetInteractiveNull()	Set the left-hand target to nothing. WARNING: Do not call directly or
Setzert and war arget interactive variety	indirectly from stickyInteractive.StopTouchObject, instead use
	SetLeftHandIKTargetInteractive(null, false, false). Same as
	SetLeftHandIKTargetInteractive(null) but callable from
	StickyInputModule custom inputs.
SetLeftHandMaxReachDistance	Set the maximum distance the left hand will attempt to reach for an
(float newReachDistance)	object.
SetRightHandIKTarget	Change the world space position of where the right hand should be
(Vector3 targetPosition)	reaching toward.
SetRightHandIKTarget	Change the object that the right hand should reach toward.
(Transform targetTransform)	EXAMPLE: SetRightHandIKTarget (myTargetObject)
SetRightHandIKTarget	Change the object the the right hand should reach toward with a
(Transform targetTransform, Vector3	local space offset and rotation from the object.
targetOffset, Vector3 targetRotation, bool	EXAMPLE: SetRightHandIKTarget (myTargetObject, new Vector3(0f,
isReset = false)	0.5f, 0f), new Vector3(0f, 30f, 0f), false)
SetRightHandIKTargetLookingAtInteractive	Set the right-hand target to be the interactive-enabled object the
()	character is currently looking toward. If no interactive-enabled object
V	is being looked at, the existing target is set to null.
SetRightHandIKTargetInteractive	Set the right-hand target to be the primary hand hold of an
(StickyInteractive stickyInteractive)	interactive-enabled object in the scene. WARNING: Do not call
(Stickylliter active Stickylliter active)	directly or indirectly from stickyInteractive.StopTouchObject, instead
SetPightHandI/TargetInteractive	use SetRightHandIKTargetInteractive(stickyInteractive, false, false).
SetRightHandlKTargetInteractive	Set the right-hand target to be an interactive-enabled object in the
(StickyInteractive stickyInteractive, bool	scene. The object must be touchable. WARNING: If this is called directly, or indirectly from
isNotifyStopTouchingOnNull = true)	
	stickyInteractive.StopTouchObject() you MUST set isNotifyStopTouchingOnNull as false, to avoid a
	StackOverflowException.
SotPightHandIKTargotIntoractiveNull()	·
SetRightHandIKTargetInteractiveNull()	Set the right-hand target to nothing. WARNING: Do not call directly
	or indirectly from stickyInteractive.StopTouchObject, instead use

Method	Description
	SetRightHandIKTargetInteractive(null, false, false). Same as SetRightHandIKTargetInteractive(null) but callable from StickyInputModule custom input.
SetRightHandMaxReachDistance (float newReachDistance)	Set the maximum distance the left hand will attempt to reach for an object.
StopHandIKDisable()	If Hand IK is currently being smoothly disabled over several frames, this attempts to reverse Hand IK to being smoothly enabled.
ToggleEnableHandIK()	Attempt to turn on or off Hand IK (Inverse Kinematics). Smoothly enable or disable Hand IK.

### Sticky Control Module Methods – Animate (Foot IK)

Method	Description
DisableFootIK()	Disable Foot Inverse Kinematics. This is currently in Technical Preview.
EnableFootIK()	Enable Foot Inverse Kinematics. This is currently in Technical Preview.

### Sticky Control Module Methods – Animate (Ragdoll)

These methods are used with the ragdoll features.

Method	Description
DisableRagdoll()	Attempt to disable the ragdoll.
ConfigureRagdollBones()	Attempt to get and set the bones used to create a ragdoll. Only applies to
	valid humanoid rigs.
EnableRagdoll()	Attempt to enable the ragdoll.
GetBoneLength (Transform	Get the length of a bone.
humanBoneTfrm, Transform	
childBoneTfrm, out int boneAxis,	
out float boneLength)	
GetRagdollBone	Find the persistent bone in the list of ragdoll bones.
(HumanBodyBones	
humanBodyBone)	
GetRagdollBoneIndex	Find the index of the bone in the list of ragdoll bones. Returns -1 if not
(HumanBodyBones	found.
humanBodyBone)	
GetRagdollBoneTransform	Attempt to find the persistent bone in the list of ragdoll bones, and return
(HumanBodyBones	the boneTransform.
humanBodyBone)	
SetRagdollBones	Set a list of bones used for the ragdoll feature.
(List <s3dhumanbonepersist></s3dhumanbonepersist>	
newRagdollBones)	

### Sticky Control Module Methods – Animate (Root Motion)

Method	Description
DisableRootMotion()	Disable Animation Root Motion. This is currently in Technical Preview.
EnableRootMotion()	Enable Animation Root Motion. This is currently in Technical Preview.
GetRootMotionIdleThreshold()	Get the current root motion idle threshold. Character velocity magnitude
	below this value is considered idle.

Method	Description
SetRootMotionIdleThreshold	Change the current root motion idle threshold. Character velocity magnitude
(float newThreshold)	below this value is considered idle.

### Sticky Control Module Methods – Engage (General)

These methods complement the Look and Animate (Hand IK) methods and properties. They are designed to work with Sticky Interactive objects in your scene. If you are working in VR, see the "Sticky XR Interactor Methods" section.

Method	Description
ClearActivePopup (int instanceID)	Remove the record of the instance ID of an active StickyPopupModule that was directly or indirectly opened by this character.  See also ClearActivePopups(), GetActivePopups(), IsActivePopup(), IsActivePopups(), SeActivePopup().
ClearActivePopups()	Remove or clear ALL the record of any active StickyPopupModules that where directly or indirectly opened by this character. See also ClearActivePopup(), GetActivePopups(), IsActivePopup(), IsActivePopups(), SeActivePopup().
DropInteractive (bool isLeftHand)	Drop the interactive-enabled object in the hand of the character.
EngageLookingAt (bool isLeftHand)	Attempt to engage with first sockets, then interactive-enabled objects that the character is looking toward. Look at Interactive and/or Sockets must be enabled to take any action.
EngageLookingAtInteractive (bool isLeftHand)	Attempt to take action using a hand, based on what the interactive- enabled object the character is currently looking at. This will be based on what features are enabled on the object. This will clear any current target if the character is not looking at an interactive-enabled object.
EngageLookingAtSocket()	Attempt to take action based on what StickySocket the character is currently looking toward.
GetActivePopupIDs()	Return the HashSet of Instance IDs of the active StickyPopupModules that were directly or indirectly opened by this character.  See also ClearActivePopup(), ClearActivePopups(), IsActivePopup(), IsActivePopups(), SeActivePopup().
GetNumberSelectedInteractive()	Get the number of currently selected interactive-enabled objects in the scene. This does not verify if any of the selected items have been destroyed.
GetSelectedInteractiveByIndex	Get one of the interactive-enabled objects currently selected by the
(int selectedIndex)	character, using the zero-based index of the items currently selected.  NOTE: "selectedIndex" is NOT the StickyInteractiveID of the object itself.
${\sf GetSelectedInteractiveByStoreItemID}$	Get one of the interactive-enabled objects currently selected by the
(int storeItemID)	character, using the StoreItemID returned from AddSelectedInteractive().
IsActivePopup (int instanceID)	Was the instanceID of a StickyPopupModules, directly or indirectly opened by this character?  See also ClearActivePopup(), ClearActivePopups(), GetActivePopups(), IsActivePopups(), SeActivePopup().
IsActivePopups()	Are there any active StickyPopupModules displayed, that where directly or indirectly opened by this character?  See also ClearActivePopup(), ClearActivePopups(), GetActivePopups(), IsActivePopup(), SeActivePopup().
IsFoe (int otherFactionId)	Return true if the faction of another character is a foe (enemy). Otherwise return false.
IsFoe (StickyControlModule	Return true if the faction of another character is a foe (enemy). Otherwise
otherCharacter)	return false.

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Method	Description
IsFriend (int otherFactionId)	Return true if the faction of another character either neutral or friendly.  Otherwise return false.
IsFriend (StickyControlModule otherCharacter)	Return true if the faction of another character either neutral or friendly. Otherwise return false.
IsFriendOnly (int otherFactionId)	Return true if other faction is the same faction of this character AND the
In Figure 4 Outhor (Chinal and Construct NA order)	faction of this character is not neutral (0).
IsFriendOnly (StickyControlModule otherCharacter)	Return true if other character is in the same faction AND the faction of
IsFriendOrFoe (int otherFactionId)	either is not neutral (0).  Given a factionId, return 1 if friend, 0 if neutral, or -1 if foe (enemy).
PauseWeapons()	Pause weapons that are held.
PauseWeaponsFiring()	Prevent weapons that are held from firing.
ReinitialiseStoreSettings()	Reinitialise the storage and selection of interactive-enabled objects
ReloadWeaponLeftHand (int weaponButtonNumber = 1)	Attempt to reload a weapon held in the left hand.
ReloadWeaponRightHand (int weaponButtonNumber = 1)	Attempt to reload a weapon held in the right hand.
RemoveListeners()	Call this when you wish to remove any custom event listeners, like after creating them in code and then destroying the object. You could add this to your game play OnDestroy code.
SelectInteractive (StickyInteractive stickyInteractive)	Select an interactive-enabled item in the scene
SelectLookedAtInteractive()	Select the interactive-enabled object currently being looked at (if any)
SetActivePopupID (int instanceID)	Set the instance ID of the active StickyPopupModule currently being displayed. See also GetActivePopupInstanceID().
SetEngageColour	Set the colour typically used for when the character engages with an
(Color32 newColour)	interactive-enabled object in the scene.
SetInteractiveTags	The common interactive tags scriptableobject used to determine which
(S3DInteractiveTags newInteractiveTags)	interactive objects can be added to this character. See also Equip Points.
SetNonEngageColour (Color32 newColour)	Set the colour typically used for when the character is not engaged with an interactive-enabled object in the scene.
SetOnInitialisedEvtDelay (float newValue)	Change the amount of time the configured event methods are called after the character is initialised. This will have no effect after the character is initialised.
SetStoreMaxSelectableInScene	Change the maximum number of interactive-enabled items that can
(int newValue, bool isModifyCapacity = false)	selected in the scene at the same time. Valid values 0-5.  NOTE: Doing this multiple times at runtime with isModifyCapacity true may impact GC.
ToggleHoldInteractive (bool isLeftHand)	If an interactive-enabled object is being held in the hand, drop it.  Otherwise, if a grabbable object is the target, attempt to grab it using the primary hand hold on the object. If neither of the above is true, attempt to grab the object from a distance if they are currently looking at it (and it isn't Touchable).
ToggleSelectInteractive (StickyInteractive)	Attempt to toggle a selectable interactive-enabled object on or off.
ToggleSelectLookedAtInteractive()	Attempt to select or unselect an interactive-enabled item in the scene that is being looked at.
UnpauseWeapons()	Attempt to resume weapons that are held
UnpauseWeaponsFiring()	Allow weapons that are held to fire
UnselectInteractive (StickyInteractive stickyInteractive)	Attempt to unselect or deselect an interactive-enabled item in the scene.  Send notification to the object if it is unselected.

Method	Description
	Do NOT call this directly or indirectly from a onUnselected
	StickyInteractive event.
UnselectInteractiveByIndex (int selectedIndex)	Attempt to unselect or deselect and interactive-enabled item using the zero-based index of items currently selected by this character.  Send notification to the object if it is unselected.  Do NOT call this directly or indirectly from a onUnselected StickyInteractive event.
UnselectInteractiveByStoreItemID (int selectedStoreItemID)	Attempt to unselect or deselect and interactive-enabled item using the StoreItemID returned from AddSelectedInteractive(). Send notification to the object if it is unselected. Do NOT call this directly or indirectly from a onUnselected StickyInteractive event.
UnselectLookedAtInteractive()	Attempt to unselect or deselect an interactive-enabled item that is currently being looked at by this character.

### Sticky Control Module Methods – Engage (Damage)

These methods are used to deal with different aspects of damage for your character.

Method	Description
AddDamageRegion (S3DDamageRegion damageRegion)	Add a damage region to character. Will return the index in the zero-based list, or -1 if it fails.
AddHealth (S3DDamageRegion damageRegion, float healthAmount, bool isAffectShield)	Add health to a specific S3DDamageRegion.  If isAffectShield is true, and the health reaches the maximum configured, excess health will be applied to the shield for the specified DamageRegion.  NOTE: -ve values are ignored. To incur damage, use the ApplyNormalDamage or ApplyCollisionDamage API methods.
ApplyNormalDamage (float damageAmount, S3DDamageRegion.DamageType damageType, Vector3 damagePosition)	Applies a specified amount of damage to the character at a specified position.
GetDamageRegion (int guidHash)	Get the damage region with guidHash in the list of regions. See also GetDamageRegionByIndex().
GetDamageRegionByIndex (int damageIndex)	Get a Damage Region from the zero-based index from the list. To get the main damage region, use damageIndex = 0.
GetDamageRegionIndexByName (string regionName)	Get a Damage Region by name. This will likely impact GC so don't use in an Update loop or get it each frame. Where possible, use GetDamageRegion() or GetDamageRegionByIndex().
GetMainDamageRegion ()	Get the main (overall) damage region for the character.
GetMainDamageRegionID()	Get the unique ID of the main (overall) damage region for the character.
HasDamageRegion (HumanBodyBones humanBodyBone)	Does this character have a damage region with a matching HumanBodyBone? This will ignore the first (Main) damage region.
Has Damage Region (S3D Damage Region damage Region)	Does this character contain this damage region?
MakeCharacterInvincible()	Make the whole character invincible to damage. For individual damageRegions change the isInvisible value on the localised region.
MakeCharacterVincible()	Make the whole character vincible to damage. When hit, the character or shields will take damage.
ReinitialiseDamage()	Initialise or reinitialise damage settings for this character.

Method	Description
ResetHealth()	Reset the health of the whole character. The character must be initialised.
SetHealth (float newHealthValue)	Set the (overall) health of the character

## Sticky Control Module Methods – Engage (Equip)

These methods help you work with the character Equip Points.

Method	Description
AddEquipPoint (S3DEquipPoint equipPoint)	Add a Equip Point to character. Will return the index in the zero-based list, or -1 if it fails.
DropEquipAll()	Drop all the equipped items.
DropEquipItem (int storeItemId)	Drop an interactive object currently equipped on the character.
DropEquipItem (S3DStoreItem storeItem)	Drop an interactive object currently equipped on the character.
EquipItem (StickyInteractive itemToEquip)	Attempt to Equip an interactive-enabled object on the first available Equip Point. Equipped objects become unselected if they were previously selected. Return the Equip Point S3DStoreltem ID or S3DStoreltem.
EquipFromLookAtSocket()	Attempt to Equip an interactive-enabled object on the first available Equip Point, with the most recent item added to the socket that the character is looking toward. Returns the Equip Point StoreItemID or S3DStoreItem.NoStoreItem.
EquipFromLookAtSocketNoReturn()	Attempt to Equip an interactive-enabled object on the first available Equip Point, with the most recent item added to the socket that the character is looking toward. Same as EquipFromLookAtSocket(), except can be called from a StickyInputModule custom input event.
EquipFromSocket (StickySocket stickySocket)	Attempt to Equip an interactive-enabled object on the first available and compatible Equip Point, with the most recent item added to the socket. Returns the Equip Point StoreltemID or S3DStoreltem.NoStoreltem.
EquipFromSocketNoReturn (StickySocket stickySocket)	Attempt to Equip an interactive-enabled object on the first available and compatible Equip Point, with the most recent item added to the socket. Same as EquipFromSocket(), except can be called from a StickyInputModule custom input event.
EquipItem (StickyInteractive itemToEquip)	Attempt to Equip an interactive-enabled object on the first available and compatible Equip Point. Equipped objects become unselected if they were previously selected. Return the Equip Point S3DStoreItem ID or S3DStoreItem.
EquipItem (StickyInteractive itemToEquip, S3DEquipPoint equipPoint)	Attempt to Equip an interactive-enabled object on an Equip Point. Equipped objects become unselected if they were previously selected. Return the Equip Point S3DStoreltemID or S3DStoreltem.NoStoreltem.
EquipItemFromLeftHand (int equipPointIndex)	If the character is holding an interactive object in their left hand, attempt to parent it to the equip point using the zero-based index.  Returns the Equip Point StoreltemID or S3DStoreltem.NoStoreltem.
EquipItemFromRightHand (int equipPointIndex)	If the character is holding an interactive object in their right hand, attempt to parent it to the equip point using the zero-based index.  Returns the Equip Point StoreltemID or S3DStoreltem.NoStoreltem.
EquipItemFromHand (bool isLeftHand)	Attempt to Equip an interactive-enabled object currently held in a hand onto the first available compatible Equip Point.  Return the Equip Point S3DStoreltem ID or S3DStoreltem.NoStoreltem
EquipItemFromHandNoReturn (bool isLeftHand)	Attempt to Equip an interactive-enabled object currently held in a hand onto the first available compatible Equip Point. This API is callable from inspector events. See also EquipItemFromHand().

EquiptemNoReturn (StickyInteractive itemToEquip)	Marthaud	Sticky5D Controller 1.2.5
(StickyInteractive ItemToEquip)  EquipLookedAtInteractive EquipPoint (int EquipPoint (int EquipPoint (int storeItemId) EquipPoint (int storeItemId) EquipPoint (int storeItemId) EquipPoint (int guidHash) EquipPoint (int guidHash) EquipPointIndexByName (string equipPointIndexByName (string equipPointIndexByName (string equipPointIndexByName (string equipPointIndex (int guidHash) EquipPointIndexByName (string equipPointIndex (int guidHash) EquipPoi	Method	Description
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Get EquipPointIndex)  Get a Equip Point from the zero-based index from the list. equipPointIndex)  Get a Equip Point by name. This will likely impact GC so don't use in an Update loop or get it each frame. Where possible, use GetEquipPoint() or GetEquipPointByIndex().  GetEquipPointIndex (int guidHash)  GetEquipPointPosition  Get He world space position of an equip point. If the point is null or the parentTransform of the point is null, this will return the current position of the character.  GetEquipPoint equipPoint)  GetFirstAvailableEquipPoint()  GetFirstAvailableEquipPoint  GetFirstAvailableEquipPoint()  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex()  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex()  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex()  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex()  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex()  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex()  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex()  Attempt to gind the last added interactive object. The interactive tag will be compared with those that are permitted for the Equip Point.  Returns -1 if not found.  GetLastSocketableEquipltem  (S3DEquipPoint equipPoint,  StickySocket stickySocket)  GetLastSocketableEquipltem()  Attempt to get an interactive object found on an Equip Point from the left-hand side of the character.  GetRightSideEquippedItem()  Attempt to get an interactive object found on an Equip Point from the right-hand side of the character.  GrabEquipped (bool isLeftHand)  Attempt to grab the first equipped item from the specified left or right hand.		Get a Equip Point using the unique guidHash.
equipPointName)  GetEquipPointByIndex().  GetEquipPointIndex (int guidHash)  GetEquipPointIndex (int guidHash)  GetEquipPointIndex (int guidHash)  GetEquipPointIndex (int guidHash)  GetEquipPointPosition  (SaDEquipPoint equipPoint)  Get the world space position of an equip point. If the point is null or the parentTransform of the point is null, this will return the current position of the character.  GetEquipPoint equipPoint)  Get the world space rotation of an equip point. If the point is null or the parentTransform of the point is null, this will return the current position of the character.  GetFirstAvailableEquipPoint()  GetFirstAvailableEquipPoint()  GetFirstAvailableEquipPoint()  GetFirstAvailableEquipPoint()  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex()  Attempt to find the last added interactive object on the given Equip Point, that is compatible with the given Socket.  GetLastSocketableEquipPoint,  StickySocket stickySocket)  GetLeftSideEquippedItem()  Attempt to get an interactive object found on an Equip Point from the right-hand side of the character.  Attempt to get an interactive object found on an Equip Point from the right-hand side of the character.  Attempt to grab the first equipped item from the specified left or right-hand side of the character with the specified left or right-hand side of the character with the specified left or right-hand side of the character with the specified left or right-hand	The state of the s	
guidHash. Returns -1 if not found.  Get EquipPointPosition (S3DEquipPoint equipPoint)  Get the world space position of an equip point. If the point is null or the parentTransform of the point is null, this will return the current position of the character.  Get He world space rotation of an equip point. If the point is null or the parentTransform of the point is null, this will return the current position of the character.  Get He world space rotation of an equip point. If the point is null or the parentTransform of the point is null, this will return the current position of the character.  GetFirstAvailableEquipPoint()  GetFirstAvailableEquipPoint (StickyInteractive)  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex()  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex()  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex (StickyInteractive stickyInteractive)  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex (StickyInteractive stickyInteractive)  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex (StickyInteractive stickyInteractive)  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex (StickyInteractive stickyInteractive)  GetLastSocketableEquipItem (SadequipPoint equipPoint, StickySocket stickySocket)  GetLeftSideEquippedItem()  Attempt to get an interactive object found on an Equip Point from the right-hand side of the character.  GetRightSideEquipped(bool isLeftHand)  GrabEquipped (Sade (Sade)  Attempt to grab an equipped item from the specified left or right hand.  Attempt to grab an equipped item with the specified left or right hand.	, ,	Update loop or get it each frame. Where possible, use GetEquipPoint() or
(S3DEquipPoint equipPoint)  parentTransform of the point is null, this will return the current position of the character.  Get EquipPoint equipPoint)  GetFirstAvailableEquipPoint()  GetFirstAvailableEquipPoint  (StickyInteractive stickyInteractive)  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex()  SickyInteractive stickyInteractive)  Find the first zero-based equip point index with at least one available slot.  Returns -1 if not found.  GetLastSocketableEquipItem (S3DEquipPoint, equipPoint, that is compatible with the interactive-enabled object. The interactive tag will be compared with those that are permitted for the Equip Point.  Returns -1 if not found.  Attempt to get an interactive object on the given Equip Point, that is compatible with the given Socket.  GetLeftSideEquippedItem()  Attempt to get an interactive object found on an Equip Point from the right-hand side of the character.  GrabEquipped (bool isLeftHand)  Attempt to grab the first equipped item from the specified left or right hand.  Attempt to grab an equipped item with the specified left or right hand.	GetEquipPointIndex (int guidHash)	, ,
(S3DEquipPoint equipPoint)  parentTransform of the point is null, this will return the current position of the character.  GetFirstAvailableEquipPoint()  GetFirstAvailableEquipPoint (StickyInteractive stickyInteractive)  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex()  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex()  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex()  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex (StickyInteractive)  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex (StickyInteractive)  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex (StickyInteractive)  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex (StickyInteractive)  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex (StickyInteractive)  GetLastSocketableEquipletm (S3DEquipPoint equipPoint, StickySocket stickySocket)  GetLastSocketableEquippedItem()  GetLastSocketableEquippedItem()  Attempt to get an interactive object found on an Equip Point from the left-hand side of the character.  GetRightSideEquipped(bool isLeftHand)  GrabEquipped (S3DStoreltem)  Attempt to grab the first equipped item with the specified left or right hand.  Attempt to grab an equipped item with the specified left or right hand.		parentTransform of the point is null, this will return the current position of
GetFirstAvailableEquipPoint (StickyInteractive stickyInteractive)  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex()  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex()  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex()  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex (StickyInteractive stickyInteractive)  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex (StickyInteractive stickyInteractive)  GetLastSocketableEquipItem (S3DEquipPoint equipPoint, StickySocket stickySocket)  GetLeftSideEquippedItem()  GetRightSideEquippedItem()  GrabEquipped (bool isLeftHand)  GrabEquipped (S3DStoreltem  Find the first equip point with at least one available slot. Returns -1 if not found.  Find the first zero-based equip point index with at least one available slot and is compatible with the interactive-enabled object. The interactive tag will be compared with those that are permitted for the Equip Point. Returns -1 if not found.  Attempt to find the last added interactive object on the given Equip Point, that is compatible with the given Socket.  Attempt to get an interactive object found on an Equip Point from the right-hand side of the character.  GrabEquipped (bool isLeftHand)  Attempt to grab the first equipped item from the specified left or right hand.  GrabEquipped (S3DStoreltem  Attempt to grab an equipped item with the specified left or right hand.		parentTransform of the point is null, this will return the current position of
(StickyInteractive stickyInteractive) with the interactive-enabled object. The interactive tag will be compared with those that are permitted for the Equip Point.  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex()  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex (StickyInteractive stickyInteractive)  GetLastSocketableEquipItem (S3DEquipPoint equipPoint, StickySocket)  GetLeftSideEquippedItem()  GetLaftSideEquippedItem()  GetRightSideEquippedItem()  GetRightSideEquipped (bool isLeftHand)  GrabEquipped (S3DStoreltem  with the interactive-enabled object. The interactive tag will be compared with those that are permitted for the Equip Point. Returns -1 if not found.  Attempt to find the last added interactive object on the given Equip Point, that is compatible with the given Socket.  Attempt to get an interactive object found on an Equip Point from the right-hand side of the character.  Attempt to grab the first equipped item from the specified left or right hand.  Attempt to grab an equipped item with the specified left or right hand.  Attempt to grab an equipped item with the specified left or right hand.	GetFirstAvailableEquipPoint()	Find the first equip point with at least one available slot.
Returns -1 if not found.  GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex (StickyInteractive stickyInteractive)  GetLastSocketableEquipItem (S3DEquipPoint equipPoint, StickySocket)  GetLeftSideEquippedItem()  GetRightSideEquippedItem()  GrabEquipped (bool isLeftHand)  GrabEquipped (S3DStoreItem)  GetDatsCoketableEquipped (S3DStoreItem)  Returns -1 if not found.  Attempt to find the last added interactive object on the given Equip Point, that is compatible with the given Socket.  Attempt to get an interactive object found on an Equip Point from the left-hand side of the character.  Attempt to get an interactive object found on an Equip Point from the right-hand side of the character.  Attempt to grab the first equipped item from the specified left or right-hand.  Attempt to grab an equipped item with the specified left or right hand.		with the interactive-enabled object. The interactive tag will be compared
(StickyInteractive stickyInteractive)  and is compatible with the interactive-enabled object. The interactive tag will be compared with those that are permitted for the Equip Point.  Returns -1 if not found.  GetLastSocketableEquipItem (S3DEquipPoint equipPoint, StickySocket stickySocket)  GetLeftSideEquippedItem()  GetLeftSideEquippedItem()  Attempt to get an interactive object found on an Equip Point from the left-hand side of the character.  GetRightSideEquippedItem()  Attempt to get an interactive object found on an Equip Point from the right-hand side of the character.  GrabEquipped (bool isLeftHand)  Attempt to grab the first equipped item from the specified left or right-hand side of the character with the specified left or right hand.  GrabEquipped (S3DStoreItem)  Attempt to grab an equipped item with the specified left or right hand.	GetFirstAvailableEquipPointIndex()	
(S3DEquipPoint equipPoint, StickySocket stickySocket)  GetLeftSideEquippedItem()  Attempt to get an interactive object found on an Equip Point from the left- hand side of the character.  GetRightSideEquippedItem()  Attempt to get an interactive object found on an Equip Point from the right-hand side of the character.  GrabEquipped (bool isLeftHand)  Attempt to grab the first equipped item from the specified left or right- hand side of the character with the specified left or right hand.  GrabEquipped (S3DStoreItem)  Attempt to grab an equipped item with the specified left or right hand.	· ·	and is compatible with the interactive-enabled object. The interactive tag will be compared with those that are permitted for the Equip Point.
hand side of the character.  GetRightSideEquippedItem()  Attempt to get an interactive object found on an Equip Point from the right-hand side of the character.  GrabEquipped (bool isLeftHand)  Attempt to grab the first equipped item from the specified left or right-hand side of the character with the specified left or right hand.  GrabEquipped (S3DStoreItem  Attempt to grab an equipped item with the specified left or right hand.	(S3DEquipPoint equipPoint,	,
right-hand side of the character.  GrabEquipped (bool isLeftHand)  Attempt to grab the first equipped item from the specified left or right-hand side of the character with the specified left or right hand.  GrabEquipped (S3DStoreItem  Attempt to grab an equipped item with the specified left or right hand.	GetLeftSideEquippedItem()	The state of the s
hand side of the character with the specified left or right hand.  GrabEquipped (S3DStoreItem Attempt to grab an equipped item with the specified left or right hand.	GetRightSideEquippedItem()	, , ,
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	GrabEquipped (bool isLeftHand)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
,	GrabEquipped (S3DStoreItem storeItem, bool isLeftHand)	Attempt to grab an equipped item with the specified left or right hand.
GrabLeftHandEquipped()  Attempt to grab the first equipped item from the left-hand side of the character with the left hand.	GrabLeftHandEquipped()	

	<b>/</b>
Method	Description
GrabRightHandEquipped()	Attempt to grab the first equipped item from the right-hand side of the character with the right hand.
SetEquipPointTransform (int equipPointIndex, Transform parentTransform)	Set the parent transform of the Equip Point using the zero-based index.
ReinitialiseEquip()	Reinitialise the Equip points. These hold inactive interactive objects attached to the body of the character.
ToggleEquipGrabWeapon (bool isLeftHand)	If a weapon is held in the specified hand, attempt to equip it to the first available equip point on the same side of the character. If a weapon is NOT held in the specified hand, attempt to get it from the first equip point on that side of the character with a weapon attached.
ValidateEquipPoints()	Ensure the Equip Points are correctly configured. If the equipped items have been changed, call ReinitialiseEquip() instead.

### Sticky Control Module Methods – Engage (Grab)

These methods help you grab interactive-enabled objects with a humanoid character.

Method	Description
GrabFromLookingAtSocket (bool isLeftHand)	Attempt to grab the most recent item added to the socket that the character is looking toward with the specified left or right hand. Return true if successful, else false.
GrabFromLookingAtSocketNoReturn (bool isLeftHand)	Attempt to grab the most recent item added to the socket that the character is looking toward with the specified left or right hand.  Same as GrabFromLookingAtSocket()except can be called from a StickyInputModule custom input event.
GrabLeftHandFromSocket (StickySocket stickySocket)	Attempt to grab the last added StickyInteractive item to the socket with the left hand. This will ignore any items recently added but already removed from the socket.
GrabLeftHandInteractive (StickyInteractive stickyInteractive)	Attempt to grab the interactive-enabled object with the left hand using the primary hand hold position on the object. Grabbed objects become unselected if they were previously selected.
GrabLeftHandLookedAtInteractive (bool isSecondaryHandHold)	Grab the interactive-enabled object currently being looked at (if any) with the left hand. Use the primary or secondary hand hold position on the object. Grabbed objects become unselected if they were previously selected.
GrabInteractive (StickyInteractive stickyInteractive, bool isLeftHand, bool isSecondaryHandHold)	Grab an interactive-enabled object in the left or right hand. Use the primary or secondary hand hold on the object. Grabbed objects become unselected if they were previously selected.
GrabLookedAtInteractive (bool isLeftHand)	Grab the interactive-enabled object currently being looked at (if any). Use the primary hand hold position on the object. Grabbed objects become unselected if they were previously selected.
GrabRightHandFromSocket (StickySocket stickySocket)	Attempt to grab the last added StickyInteractive item to the socket with the right hand. This will ignore any items recently added but already removed from the socket.
GrabRightHandInteractive (StickyInteractive stickyInteractive)	Attempt to grab the interactive-enabled object with the right hand using the primary hand hold position on the object. Grabbed objects become unselected if they were previously selected.
GrabRightHandLookedAtInteractive (bool isSecondaryHandHold)	Grab the interactive-enabled object currently being looked at (if any) with the right hand. Use the primary or secondary hand hold position on the object. Grabbed objects become unselected if they were previously selected.

### Sticky Control Module Methods – Engage (Socket)

These methods help your character work with the StickySockets. See also the "StickySocket" chapter, and the "Sticky Socket API Methods", "Sticky Socket Call backs", and "Sticky Socket Properties" sections later in this chapter.

Method	Description
LookAtSocketFromLeftHand()	If the character is looking at a StickySocket, attempt to place the interactive object in the left hand into the socket.  Returns the storeItemID for the item attached to the socket.  If no held object is added to the socket, S3DStoreItem.NoStoreItem is returned.
LookAtSocketFromLeftHandNoReturn()	If the character is looking at a StickySocket, attempt to place the interactive object in the left hand into the socket.  Same as LookAtSocketFromLeftHand(), except can be called from a StickyInputModule custom input event.
LookAtSocketFromRightHand()	If the character is looking at a StickySocket, attempt to place the interactive object in the right hand into the socket.  Returns the storeItemID for the item attached to the socket.  If no held object is added to the socket, S3DStoreItem.NoStoreItem is returned.
LookAtSocketFromRightHandNoReturn()	If the character is looking at a StickySocket, attempt to place the interactive object in the right hand into the socket.  Same as LookAtSocketFromRightHand(), except can be called from a StickyInputModule custom input event.
LookedAtSocketFromStash()	If the character is looking at a StickySocket, attempt to place the most recently stashed compatible interactive object into the socket. Returns the storeltemID for the item attached to the socket. If no stashed object is added to the socket, S3DStoreltem.NoStoreltem is returned.
Looked At Socket From Stash No Return ()	If the character is looking at a StickySocket, attempt to place the most recently stashed compatible interactive object into the socket. Same as LookedAtSocketFromStash(), except can be called from a StickyInputModule custom input event.
SocketFromEquip (StickySocket stickySocket)	Attempt to find the first Equipped interactive object that is compatible with the given socket, and attach it to the socket. Returns the storeltemID for the item attached to the socket. If no equipped object is added to the socket, S3DStoreltem.NoStoreltem is returned.
SocketFromEquipNoReturn (StickySocket stickySocket)	Attempt to find the first Equipped interactive object that is compatible with the given socket, and attach it to the socket. Same as SocketFromEquip(), except can be called from a StickyInputModule custom input event.
SocketFromLeftHand (StickySocket stickySocket)	Attempt to place the interactive-enabled object held in the left hand, into the StickySocket. Returns the storeItemID for the item attached to the socket. If it is not added, S3DStoreItem.NoStoreItem is returned.
SocketFromLeftHandNoReturn (StickySocket stickySocket)	Attempt to place the interactive-enabled object held in the left hand, into the StickySocket. Same as SocketFromLeftHand(), except can be called from a StickyInputModule custom input event.
SocketFromRightHand (StickySocket stickySocket)	Attempt to place the interactive-enabled object held in the right hand, into the StickySocket. Returns the storeItemID for the item attached to the socket. If it is not added, S3DStoreItem.NoStoreItem is returned.
SocketFromRightHandNoReturn (StickySocket stickySocket)	Attempt to place the interactive-enabled object held in the right hand, into the StickySocket. Same as SocketFromRightHand(), except can be called from a StickyInputModule custom input event.

Method	Description
SocketFromStash (StickySocket stickySocket)	Attempt to find the most recently Stashed interactive object that is compatible with the given socket, and attach it to the socket. Returns the storeltemID for the item attached to the socket. If no stashed object is added to the socket, S3DStoreltem.NoStoreltem is returned.
SocketFromStashNoReturn (StickySocket stickySocket)	Attempt to find the most recently Stashed interactive object that is compatible with the given socket, and attach it to the socket. Same as SocketFromStash(), except can be called from a StickyInputModule custom input event.

### Sticky Control Module Methods – Engage (Stash)

These methods help you work with the character "Stash" (also known as Inventory).

Method	Description
DestroyStashItem (S3DStoreItem storeItem)	Destroy the StoreItem.
DestroyStashItem (int storeItemID)	Destroy the store item given a S3DStoreItem.StoreItemId.
GetFirstGrabbableStashItem	Get the S3DStoreltem of the first Grabbable item that was Stashed.
(int IgnoreInteractiveID)	Ignores items that have already been removed or matches the
(iiit ignoreiiiteractiveid)	IgnoreInteractiveID. When this value is 0, it has no effect.
GetLastGrabbableStashItem	Get the S3DStoreltem of the last Grabbable item that was Stashed.
(int IgnoreInteractiveID)	Ignores items that have already been removed or matches the
(intignoremeractive b)	IgnoreInteractiveID. When this value is 0, it has no effect.
GetLastSocketableStashItem	Get the S3DStoreltem of the last compatible Socketable item that was
(StickySocket stickySocket, int	Stashed. Ignores items that have already been removed or one with a
IgnoreInteractiveID)	matching IgnoreInteractiveID.
ignore interactive is y	Returns the storeltemID for the Stashed item. If no stashed object is
	found, S3DStoreltem.NoStoreltem is returned.
GetLastStashitem()	Get the S3DStoreltem of the last item that was Stashed. Ignores items
, and the second	that have already been removed.
GetLastStashitemID ()	Get the StoreItemID of the last item that was Stashed. Ignores items that
	have already been removed.
GetLastStashInteractiveID()	Get the StickyInteractiveID of the last item that was Stashed. Ignores
	items that have already been removed.
GetLastStashMagazineItemID	Get the last stashed Magazine of a given MagType, that has an ammoType
(int magTypeInt, int[]	from the array provided. For performance reasons, the types are provided
compatibleAmmoTypes, bool	as their integer values from the enumerations. Return the storeItemID or
allowEmpty)	S3DStoreItem.NoStoreItem
GetStashItem (int storeItemID)	Get the store item given a S3DStoreItem.StoreItemId.
GetStashItemID (int	Get the StoreItemID of an interactive-enabled object using the
stickyInteractiveID)	StickyInteractiveID. Returns the StoreItemID or
	S3DStoreItem.NoStoreItem.
GetStashItemID (StickyInteractive	Get the StoreItemID of an interactive-enabled object using a
stashItem)	StickyInteractive item. Returns the StoreItemID or
Cathlianah auCtaah a 1844 a a a	S3DStoreltem.NoStoreltem.
GetNumberStashedMagazines	Get the number of magazines in the Stash of a given MagType and has an
(int magTypeInt, int[]	ammoType from the array provided. For performance reasons, the types
compatibleAmmoTypes, bool allowEmpty)	are provided as their integer values from the enumerations.
anowempty)	

	Sticky3D Controller 1.2.5
Method	Description
GrabItemFromStash (bool isLeftHand)	Get the last grabbable item that was stashed and grab it with the left or right hand. If there are no grabbable items stashed or the hand is already holding an interactive object, the method will do nothing. NOTE: Animate must be enabled to grab items.
GrabItemFromStash (S3DStoreItem storeItem, bool isLeftHand)	Get the grabbable item that was stashed and grab it with the left or right hand. NOTE: Animate must be enabled to grab items.
GrabItemFromStash (int storedItemId, bool isLeftHand)	Get the grabbable item that was stashed and grab it with the left or right hand. NOTE: Animate must be enabled to grab items.
ReinitialiseStash()	Reinitialise the Stash (inventory). This is automatically called when the character is initialised.
SetStashParent (Transform newStashParent)	Set the child transform under which all items are stashed.
StashFromLookedAtSocket()	Attempt to stash the most recent item added to the socket that the character is looking toward.  Returns the Stash StoreltemID or S3DStoreltem.NoStoreltem.
StashFromLookedAtSocketNoReturn()	Attempt to stash the most recent item added to the socket that the character is looking toward.  Same as StashFromLookedAtSocket(), except can be called from a StickyInputModule custom input event.
StashFromSocket (StickySocket stickySocket)	Attempt to stash the most recent item added to the socket. Returns the Stash StoreItemID or S3DStoreItem.NoStoreItem.
StashFromSocketNoReturn (StickySocket stickySocket)	Attempt to stash the most recent item added to the socket. Same as StashFromSocket(), except can be called from a StickyInputModule custom input event.
StashItem (StickyInteractive itemToStash)	Add an interactive item to the stash (inventory). Returns the StoreItemID or S3DStoreItem.NoStoreItem.
StashItemNoReturn (StickyInteractive itemToStash)	Attempt to Stash a StickyInteractive item. A fire and forget version of StashItem(). Can be called from a StickyInputModule custom input event.
StashItemFromHand (bool isLeftHand)	If the character is holding an interactive object in their hand, attempt to add it to the Stash (inventory). See also StashItemFromLeftHand() and StashItemFromRightHand(). This has no return code, so can be called from a StickyInputModule custom input event.
StashItemFromLeftHand()	If the character is holding an interactive object in their left hand, attempt to add it to the Stash (inventory). Returns the StoreltemID or S3DStoreltem.NoStoreltem.
StashItemFromRightHand()	If the character is holding an interactive object in their left hand, attempt to add it to the Stash (inventory). Returns the StoreItemID or S3DStoreItem.NoStoreItem.
StashLookedAtInteractive()	Attempt to stash the interactive-enabled (if any) item being looked at. Returns the StoreItemID or S3DStoreItem.NoStoreItem.
StashLookedAtInteractiveNoReturn()	Attempt to stash the interactive-enabled (if any) item being looked at. Same as StashLookedAtInteractive(), except can be called from a StickyInputModule custom input event.
SwitchStashedItem (bool isLeftHand)	If holding an item, attempt to Stash it. Then hold the next available grabbable item from Stash. If no other items are Stashed, the character will no longer be holding an item in the hand indicated.

### Sticky Control Module Methods – Engage (Weapons)

These methods help you work with weapons held by a character.

	Sticky3D controller 1.2.3
Method	Description
GetNumberHeldMagazines (int magTypeInt, int[] compatibleAmmoTypes, bool allowEmpty)	Get the number of magazines held in the left, right or both hands of a given MagType, and has an ammoType from the array provided. Currently the maxium number would be 2 (one in each hand). For performance reasons, the types are provided as their integer values from the enumerations.
PauseWeapons()	Pause weapons that are held.
PauseWeaponsFiring() ReloadWeaponLeftHand (int weaponButtonNumber = 1)	Prevent weapons that are held from firing.  Attempt to reload a weapon held in the left hand.
ReloadWeaponRightHand (int weaponButtonNumber = 1)	Attempt to reload a weapon held in the right hand.
ReinitialiseWeapons()	Initialise or reinitialise weapon settings for this character. NOTE: Currently this does NOT reinitialise the actual weapons.
StartAimingWeapon (bool isLeftHand)	If the character is holding a weapon, attempt to start aiming down the sights or through the Scope.
StopAimingWeapon (bool isLeftHand)	If the character is holding a weapon, stop aiming down the sights or through the Scope.
SwitchStashedWeapon (bool isLeftHand)	If holding a weapon, attempt to Stash it. Then hold the next available grabbable weapon from Stash. If no other weapons are Stashed, the character will no longer be holding a weapon in the hand indicated.
ToggleAimWeapon (bool isLeftHand)	If the character is holding a weapon, enable or disable the character aiming down the sights or through the Scope.
ToggleLaserSight (bool isLeftHand)	If the character is holding a weapon, and it has an equipped laser sight, turn it on or off.
ToggleWeaponScope (bool isLeftHand)	If the character is holding a weapon, and it has an equipped Scope for more precise visual aiming, turn it on or off.
UnpauseWeapons()	Attempt to resume weapons that are held.
UnpauseWeaponsFiring()	Allow weapons that are held to fire.

### Sticky Control Module Properties

Properties in the controller are typically used in your game-code to determine the current state or condition of the character. Read Only properties are marked in the following table with [R]. A few properties, like Health and JetPackHealth, can be read or updated.

Property	Description
AimBones	Get or set the Humanoid bones used to help aim the character toward a target while holding a weapon.
AimIKFPWeaponOffset	Get or set the weapon local space offset from the first-person camera when aiming. This can be overridden by a Weapon Anim Set.
AimIKFPNearClippingPlane	Get or set the first-person camera near clipping plane when aiming a weapon. NOTE: This does not change the camera, it only stores the value to be used when aiming. This can be overridden by a Weapon Anim Set.
AimIKTurnDelay	Get or set the time, in seconds, to delay the character turning to face the target when aiming starts. This allows time to transition from a held animation to an aiming animation.
EngageColour	Get or set the colour associated with engaging with an interactive-enabled object in the scene. Typically used by the StickyDisplayModule reticle when is hovering over an object.
Nonengage Colour	Get or set the colour associated with not engaging with an interactive- enabled object in the scene. Typically used by the StickyDisplayModule reticle when not hovering over an object.
CharacterRigidBody	[R] Get the main rigidbody for the character controller

Duanauti	Sticky3D Controller 1.2.5
Property	Description
CrawlingSpeed	[R] The speed in metres per second the character is crawling forward or
	backward.
CrawlingStrafeSpeed	[R] The speed in metres per second the character is crawling left or right.
CrouchAmount	[R] The 0.0-1.0 amount the character is crouching. 0 - not crouching, 1.0 is fully crouched.
CrouchRadius	Get or set the radius of the character when crouching
CurrentMaxHandIKWeight	[R] The current maximium Hand IK weight available for use in the animator.
Carrenavianianiani	When smooth enabling or disabling, the maximum weight possible can be between 0.0 and 1.0. Hand IK weight is then limited to this value in the OnAnimatorIK() pass.
CurrentScaledHeight	[R] Get the current height of the character.
CurrentScaledRadius	[R] Get the current radius of the character.
GetCamera	[R] Get the current camera (if any).
GetCurrentLocalVelocity	[R] Get the velocity of the character relative to the reference object.
GetCurrentForward	[R] Get the current forward direction the character is facing
GetCurrentInverseRotation	[R] Get the current inverse rotation in world space. Helpful to calc local space
	rotation GetCurrentInverseRotation * otherObjectWSRotation
GetCurrentPosition	[R] Get the current world space position
GetCurrentRotation	[R] Get the current character world space rotation
GetCurrentUp	[R] Get the current up direction for the character
GetCurrentReferenceFrame	[R] The current reference frame transform
GetCurrentReferenceFrameID	[R] The ID (HashCode) for the reference frame transform.
GetCurrentWorldVelocity	[R] Get the current (calculated) character world space velocity.
GetLastGroundSlope	[R] Get the last recorded slope of the surface under or immediately in-front of the character. Ground slope data is only collected when walking up a slope.
GetLookingAtPoint	[R] The world space point where the camera is looking at. Look Interactive must be enabled and IsUpdateLookingAtPoint must be true. This could be a StickyInteractive object position or a point lookMaxInteractiveDistance from the camera if no interactive-enabled objects are within view.
GetReferenceUpdateTypeInt	[R] Get the current method or type for updating the reference frame
Health	The overall health of the character. Must be in the range 0 to 100. See also
In A inn A+To work	JetPackHealth
IsAimAtTarget	Is the (humanoid) character currently attempting to aim toward the target?
	This is typically used when holding a weapon. For more control see
La A codi a D Acota al	EnableAimAtTarget().
IsAudioMuted	[R] Is audio muted for this character?
IsAnimateEnabled	[R] Is animate enabled and ready to animate the character?
IsClimbing	[R] Is the character currently climbing a wall?
IsClimbingAtTop	[R] Is the character climbing, and the shoulders are level with, or above, the top of the object being climbed?
IsCrawling	[R] Is the character crawling? See also IsProne.
IsCrouching	[R] Is the character crouching?
IsCrouchPostProne	Get or set if when crouch is attempted while prone, but the character does
Is Front and Atthem Massacratical	not fit into that space, should the character crouch when possible?
IsFreeLookWhenWeaponHeld	[R] If a non-NPC character has Free Look enabled before a weapon is held (but not aimed), does Free Look remain enabled? Useful when a weapon is held in
	a relaxed pose not pointing forward.
IsFootIKEnabled	[R] Is Foot IK enabled and ready for use?
IsForcedTemporaryHeight	Get or set if the character's temporary height should be returned to the full
, , ,	height when next possible. See also IsTemporaryHeight and
	SetForcedTemporaryHeight().
IsFullHeight	[R] Is the character currently standing at its full height?
	The state of the s

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Property	Description	
IsGrounded	[R] Is the character on the ground?	
IsHeadIKEnabled	[R] Is Head IK enabled and ready for use?	
IsHeadIKDisabling	[R] Is Head IK in the process of being smoothly disabled over several frames?	
IsInitialised	[R] Has the character movement script been initialised?	
IsInstantLookVR	Get or set instantly rotate the camera to match the headset rotation,	
	otherwise, use the Vertical Rotation Rate from the Move tab.	
IsJetPackEnabled	[R] Is the jet packed feature engaged?	
IsJumping	[R] Has the character started a jump in this frame?	
IsKneeHeight	[R] Is the current character total height equal to the knee height? This could	
, and the second	be true when sitting with their knees under a bench or table.	
IsLanding	[R] Is the character landing on the ground this frame?	
IsLeftHandHoldingMagazine	[R] Is the left hand holding and interactive-enabled magazine?	
IsLeftHandHoldingWeapon	[R] Is the left hand holding and interactive-enabled weapon?	
IsLeftHandHoldingInteractive	[R] Is the left hand holding an interactive-enabled object?	
IsLying	Is the character currently lying down? See also StickyTaskModule and	
10-1,8	Demos\Scripts\SampleSitActionPopup.cs.	
IsLockCamToWorldPos	Get or attempt to set (un)locking the third-person camera to the current	
is to the first of	world space position, relative to the reference frame.	
IsLookEnabled	[R] Is the player able to look around with the camera? When disabled, the	
15256KENASICA	camera will be disabled.	
IsLookCameraFollowHead	Get or set if the relative head bone position changes, the first-person camera	
13250Reameral onownead	will move relative to it.	
IsLookCameraFollowHeadProneFP	Get or set if while prone, the first-person camera will move relative to the	
is to the first of the write and it of the first	head bone position.	
IsLookCameraFollowHeadTP	[R] If the relative head bone position changes, the third-person camera will	
is to occurred and writed an	move relative to it. Currently this has no effect when Head IK is enabled.	
IsLookFreeLookEnabled	[R] Is the character able to look around without the character rotating?	
IsLookFixedUpdate	[R] Is the camera being moved or rotated in the FixedUpdate() loop?	
IsLookInteractiveEnabled	[R] Can the character see or detect objects with a StickyInteractive	
13200Kiiitel delivezilabled	component?	
IsLookingAtInterative	[R] Is the character currently looking at an object with a StickyInteractive	
is 200 kmg, territor at 170	component?	
IsLookSocketAutoShow	Get or set if the StickySockets will be highlighted when looked at and Look	
is a second series in the series in	Sockets is enabled.	
IsLookSocketsEnabled	[R] Can the character see or detect objects with a StickySocket component?	
IsLookingAtSocket	[R] Is the character currently looking at an object with a StickySocket	
is to some t	component?	
IsLookMovementEnabled	[R] Is the camera permitted to be moved or rotated?	
IsLookThirdPersonEnabled	[R] Is the character in third-person mode?	
IsLookDownInput	[R] Is look down input being received by the character?	
IsLookUpInput	[R] Is look up input being received by the character?	
IsLookLeftInput	[R] Is look up input being received by the character?	
IsLookMatchHumanHeightVR	[R] When Look VR is enabled, the character Height will be modified to match	
isLookiviateiinuillalineigittyk	the approximate height of the human player based on the starting head-	
	mounted device position above the floor.	
IsLookRightInput	[R] Is look right input being received by the character?	
IsLookRightinput IsLookRoomScaleVR		
	[R] Is the VR Head Mounted Device (HMD) driving character motion?	
IsLookVRAvailable	[R] Is Look VR mode available for selection or use? You need to be in first-	
	person, not an NPC character, and have UnityXR available in the Sticky Input  Module (which requires Unity 2020 3+ and XP Management)	
Island/PEnabled	Module (which requires Unity 2020.3+ and XR Management).	
IsLookVREnabled	[R] Is Look VR mode enabled?	

Droporty	
Property	Description
IsLookSnapTurnVREnabled	[R] Is Snap Turn VR enabled? Look VR must also be available and enabled for this to be true.
IsLookZoomEnabled	Get or set if camera zoom is enabled.
IsLookWhileIdle	[R] Is the character looking left, right, up or down while not moving?
IsLookLeftOrRightWhileIdle	[R] Is the character looking left or right while not moving?
IsLookUpOrDownWhileIdle	[R] Is the character looking up or down while not moving?
IsMoveFixedUpdate	[R] Is the character being moved or rotated in the FixedUpdate() loop?
IsMovementEnabled	[R] Is character movement enabled?
IsMovementOverridden	
	An external component or script is overriding movement data. E.g., StickyMoveModule.
IsPositionLocked	[R] Is the character position and rotation only modified when the reference frame object moves?
IsProne	[R] Is the character lying prone?
IsProneAvailable	Get or set if the character can go into the prone position.
IsProneFromCrouch	Get or set if the character can go from the prone position to crouching and
	likewise, go from crouch to prone position?
IsRagdoll	Get or set if the character is acting like a ragdoll
IsReferenceFrameValid	[R] Is the current reference frame valid? The character must be initialised, and
isherer ericer ranne vana	the reference frame must be in the same scene.
IsRightHandHoldingMagazine	[R] Is the right hand holding and interactive-enabled magazine?
IsRightHandHoldingWeapon	[R] Is the right hand holding and interactive-enabled weapon?
IsRightHandHoldingInteractive	[R] Is the right hand holding an interactive-enabled object?
IsShoulderHeight	
	[R] Is the current height of the character equal to the usual shoulder height?
IsSitHeight	[R] Is the current height of the character equal to the height when sitting?
IsSitting	Is the character sitting down? See also StickyTaskModule and
In Commission and	Demos\Scripts\SampleSitActionPopup.cs
IsSprintInput	[R] Is sprint input being received by the character?
IsSprinting	[R] Is the character currently running? To set, call SendInput().
IsStepping	[R] Is the character walking up a step?
IsSteppingDown	[R] Is the character walking down a step?
IsStrafing	[R] Is the character strafing or moving sideways?
IsStrafingLeft	[R] Is the character strafing left or moving sideways to the left?
IsStrafingRight	[R] Is the character strafing right or moving sideways to the right?
IsStrafeInput	[R] Is strafe left, or right input being received by the character?
IsStuck	[R] Is the character trying to move, but cannot?
IsTemporaryHeight	[R] Is the character height currently adjusted to a temporary value? See also IsForcedTemporaryHeight and SetForcedTemporaryHeight().
IsUpdateLookingAtPoint	[R] Is the point in world space where the user is currently focusing, being updated? Requires Look Interactive to be enabled.
IsWalking	[R] Is the character walking?
IsWalkingBackward	[R] Is the character walking backwards?
IsWalkingForward	[R] Is the character walking backwards?
IsWalkingOrStrafing	[R] Is the character walking or strafing?
IsWalkingOrSprinting	[R] Is the character walking or sprinting?
IsWalkInput	[R] Is Walk forward or backward input being received by the character?
JetPackHealth	The health of the Jet Pack. Must be in the range 0 to 100.
LeftHandInteractive	[R] Get a reference to the item currently being held in the character's left hand
LeftHandInteractiveID	[R] Get the ID of the interactive-enabled object held in the character's left hand

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Property	Description
LookSocketExitDelay	The number of seconds to delay stop looking at a socket. When a socket is on
	a moving object, setting this to a small value (like 0.2) may prevent it
	flickering on and off and triggering onHoverEnter and onHoverExit events.
MovingSpeed	[R] The speed in metres per second the character is moving in any direction.
MovingSpeedInvN	[R] Given the maximum walk, sprint, crouch, or crawl speed, calculate what
	number, when multiplied by the current speed, would give a range of 0.0 to
	1.0.
MovingSpeedN	[R] Given the maximum walk, sprint, strafe, crouch, or crawl speed, find the normalised (0.0 to 1.0) value from 0 to max speed.
MovingForwardSpeed	[R] The speed in metres per second the character is moving forward
MovingBackwardSpeed	[R] The speed in metres per second the character is moving backward
MovingForwardBackSpeed	[R] The speed in metres per second the character is moving forward or backward
NumberOfAnimActions	[R] The number of Anim Actions configured on the Animate tab
Prone Length	Get or set the length of the character from head (or hands) to toe when in the
	prone position.
Prone Radius	Get or set the radius of the character when in the prone position
RagdollBoneList	Get or set the list of bones used for the Ragdoll feature.
RightHandInteractive	[R] Get a reference to the item currently being held in the character's right hand
RightHandInteractiveID	[R] Get the ID of the interactive-enabled object held in the character's right hand
SocketActiveMaterial	[R] The material used to highlight a socket in the scene.
StickyID	[R] The runtime identification number of the character.
StrafingSpeed	[R] The speed in metres per second the character is moving left or right.
StrafingSpeedN	[R] Given the maximum strafe or sprint speed, find the normalised (0.0 to 1.0)
	value from 0 to max speed that the character is moving left or right.
WalkingSpeed	[R] The speed in metres per second the character is walking forward or
	backward
WalkingForwardSpeed	[R] The speed in metres per second the character is walking forward
WalkingBackwardSpeed	[R] The speed in metres per second the character is walking backward
SprintingSpeed	[R] The speed in metres per second the character is sprinting forward or backward
ZoomAmount	[R] Get the current amount of zoom being applied in third person mode

#### Sticky Control Module Call Backs

These (delegates) are used when you wish to call a custom method in your own game code. For example, when the character is about to be destroyed (and therefore has 0 health), you might want to update a UI scoreboard. Be careful not to hold references to objects passed as parameters outside your method otherwise Unity's garbage collector may not be able to release some things from memory.

Method field	Description
CallbackOnChangeCamera	The name of your custom method that is called immediately after the look
callbackOnCameraChange	camera is changed.
CallbackOnChangeInteractiveTarget	The name of your custom method that is called immediately after an
callbackOnChangeInteractiveTarget	interactive target is changed
CallbackOnChangeLookAtInteractive	The name of your custom method that is called immediately after the
callbackOnChangeLookAtInteractive	character changes the interactive object they are looking at.
CallbackOnDestroy	The name of the custom method that is called immediately before the
callbackOnDestroy	character is destroyed (or when the health reaches 0). Your method must
	take 1 parameter: StickyControlModule. This parameter will never be null.

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Method field	Description
	This should be a lightweight method to avoid performance issues and not
	hold references past the current frame.
	See also onDestroyed event.
CallbackOnHit callbackOnHit	The name of the custom method that is called immediately after the character is hit by a projectile or beam. Your method must take 1 parameter of type CallbackOnS3DHitParameters. This should be a lightweight method to avoid performance issues. It could be used to take evasive action while being pursued by an enemy NPC. It could also be used to detect friendly fire.
CallbackAfterRespawn callbackAfterRespawn	The name of the custom method that is called immediately after the character is respawned. Your method must take 1 parameter: StickyControlModule. This parameter will never be null. This should be a lightweight method to avoid performance issues.
CallbackOnStuck callbackOnStuck	The name of your custom method that is called immediately after a character is detected as stuck. To avoid performance issues, action should be taken otherwise your method may be called each subsequent frame. See also stickControlModule.stuckTime and stuckSpeedThreshold.

#### Sticky Display Module Properties

These can be found under "Public Properties" in the StickyDisplayModule.cs script. Comments and descriptions are included.

[IMPORTANT] If you are scripting display elements at runtime during the Awake() or Start() events in your game, it is possible that they run before the StickyDisplayModule is initialised even though you have "Initialise On Start" enabled in "General Settings". If this happens, you can simply write the following code in your game (you just need a reference to stickyDisplayModule from the scene):

if (!stickyDisplayModule.IsInitialised) { stickyDisplayModule.Initialise(); }

#### Sticky Display Module Methods - General

Method	Description
Initialise ()	Initialise the StickyDisplayModule. Either set initialiseOnStart to false and call this method in your code, or set initialiseOnStart to true in the inspector and don't call this method.
Reinitialise Variables ()	Call this if you modify any of the following at runtime.  1) displayRectList 2) displayTargetList 3) The displayReticlePanel size 4) Add or remove the MainCamera tag from a camera
ShowDisplay ()	Show the display
HideDisplay ()	Hide the display
SetCamera (Camera camera)	Set or assign the main camera used by the display for calculations
SetCanvasTargetDisplay (int displayNumber)	Set the display to use a particular monitor. Displays or monitors are numbered from 1 to 8.
SetDisplayOffset (float offsetX, float offsetY)	Set the offset (position) of the display. If the module has been initialised, this will also re-position the display.
SetDisplaySize (float width, float height)	Set the size of the display overlay image and text. If the module has been initialised, this will also resize the display. The values are only updated if they are outside the range 0.0 to 1.0 or have changed.

Method	Description
SetPrimaryColour (Color32 newColour) SetPrimaryColour (Color newColour)	Set the primary colour of the display. Only update the colour if it has actually changed. If the module has been initialised, this will also re-colour the display with the appropriate brightness.
SetBrightness (float newBrightness)	Set the overall brightness of the display.
SetCanvasSortOrder(int newSortOrder)	Set the sort order in the scene of the display. Higher values appear on top.
ToggleDisplay ()	Turn on or off the display. Has no effect if not initialised. See also ShowDisplay() and HideDisplay()

### Sticky Display Module Methods - Panel

Method	Description
GetDisplayPanel()	Get the Display RectTransform or panel
GetGaugesPanel()	Get the parent panel for the Display Gauges. Create it if it does not already exist.
GetTargetsPanel()	Get the parent panel for the Display Targets. Create it if it does not already exist.

### Sticky Display Module Methods - Cursor

Method	Description
ShowCursor ()	Show the hardware (mouse) cursor. This also restarts the countdown auto-hide timer if that is enabled.
HideCursor ()	Hide the hardware (mouse) cursor.  NOTE: This will sometimes fail to turn off the cursor in the editor Game View when it doesn't have focus but will work fine in a build.
CentreCursor ()	Centre the hardware (mouse) cursor in the centre of the screen. WARNING: This will wait until the next frame before it returns. Best used when a user closes a menu and returns to flying conditions.
ToggleCursor()	Toggle the hardware (mouse) cursor on or off.  NOTE: This will sometimes fail to turn off the cursor in the editor Game View when it doesn't have focus but will work fine in a build.

### Sticky Display Module Methods – Display Reticle

Sticky Display Module Methods - Display Netfele	
Method	Description
ChangeDisplayReticle (int guidHash)	Change the DisplayReticle sprite on the UI panel. See also GetDisplayReticleGuidHash().
GetDisplayReticle (int guidHash)	Get a DisplayReticle given its guidHash. See also GetDisplayReticleGuidHash().Will return null if guidHash parameter is 0, it cannot be found, or the module has not been initialised.
GetDisplayReticleGuidHash (int index)	Returns the guidHash of the Reticle in the list given the index or zero-based position in the list. Will return 0 if no matching Reticle is found. Will return 0 if the module hasn't been initialised.
GetDisplayReticleGuidHash (string spriteName)	Returns the guidHash of the Reticle in the list given the name of the sprite. Will return 0 if no matching Reticle is found.

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Method	Description
	WARNING: This will increase GC. Use
	GetDisplayReticleGuidHash (int index) where possible.
GetDisplayReticleSprite (int guidHash)	Get the UI sprite (image) for a DisplayReticle. See also GetDisplayReticleGuidHash().
HideDisplayReticle()	Hide or turn off the Display Reticle
SetDisplayReticleColour (Color32 newColour) SetDisplayReticleColour (Color newColour)	Set the active Display Reticle colour. Only update the colour if it has actually changed. If the module has been initialised, this will also re-colour the Reticle with the appropriate brightness.
SetDisplayReticleOffset (float offsetX, float offsetY)	Set the offset (position) of the Display Reticle on the display. If the module has been initialised, this will also re-position the Display Reticle. Input values range from -1 to 1.
SetDisplayReticleOffset (Vector2 offset)	Set the offset (position) of the Display Reticle on the display. If the module has been initialised, this will also re-position the Display Reticle. Same as SetDisplayReticleOffset(offset.x, offset.y)
ShowDisplayReticle()	Show the Display Reticle on the display. The display will automatically be shown if it is not already visible.
ToggleDisplayReticle()	Show or Hide the Display Reticle. The display will be shown if required.
ValidateReticleList()	Create a new list if required

### Sticky Display Module Methods – Display Gauge

Where possible, always use the methods that take the DisplayGauge or guidHash of the gauge as a parameter.

Most methods require that the StickyDisplayModule to be initialised.

Method	Description
AddGauge (string gaugeName, string gaugeText)	Add a new gauge to the display. By design, they are not visible at runtime when first added.
AddGauge (DisplayGauge displayGauge)	Add a gauge to the display using a displayGauge instance. Typically, this is used with CopyDisplayGauge().
DeleteGauge (int guidHash)	Delete a gauge from the display. NOTE: It is much cheaper to HideDisplayGauge() than completely remove it.
CopyDisplayGauge (S3DisplayGauge displayGauge, string NameOfCopy)	Create a copy of an existing S3DDisplayGauge, and give it a new name. Call AddGauge(newDisplayGauge) to make it useable in the game.
GetDisplayGaugeGuidHash (int index)	Returns the guidHash of the Gauge in the list given the index or zero-based position in the list. Will return 0 if no matching Gauge is found.
GetDisplayGaugeIndex (int guidHash)	Get the zero-based index of the Gauge in the list. Will return - 1 if not found.
GetDisplayGauge (int guidHash)	Get a S3DDisplayGauge given its guidHash. Will return null if guidHash parameter is 0, it cannot be found. See also GetDisplayGaugeGuidHash()
GetDisplayGauge (string displayGaugeName)	Get the display gauge give the description title of the gauge. WARNING: This will increase Garbage Collection (GC). Where possible use GetDisplayGauge(guidHash) and/or GetDisplayGaugeGuidHash(index)
HideDisplayGauge (int guidHash)	Hide or turn off the Display Gauge
HideDisplayGauge	Hide or turn off the Display Gauge
(S3DDisplayGauge displayGauge)	

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Method	Description	
HideDisplayGauges()	Hide or turn off all Display Gauges. StickyDisplayModule must be initialised.	
RefreshGaugesSortOrder ()	After adding or moving DisplayGauges, they may need to be sorted to have the correct z-order in on the display.	
SetDisplayGaugeValueAffectsColourOn	The foreground colour of the gauge will be determined by the	
(DisplayGauge displayGauge, Color lowColour,	gauge value and the low, medium and high colours.	
Color mediumColour, Color highColour)	LowColour = value of 0, MediumColour when value is 0.5, and	
0,	HighColour when value is 1.0	
SetDisplayGaugeValueAffectsColourOff	The value of the gauge does not affect the foreground colour.	
(DisplayGauge displayGauge, Color	When turning off this feature the new foreground colour	
newForegroundColour)	would typically be the old foregroundHighColour.	
SetDisplayGaugeOffset (S3DDisplayGauge	Set the offset (position) of the Display Gauge on the display.	
displayGauge, float offsetX, float offsetY)	If the module has been initialised, this will also re-position	
	the Display Gauge.	
SetDisplayGaugeSize	Set the size of the Gauge Panel. If the module has been	
(S3DDisplayGauge displayGauge, float width, float	initialised, this will also resize the Gauge Panel. The values	
height)	are only updated if they are outside the range 0.0 to 1.0 or	
	have changed.	
SetDisplayGaugeValue (S3DDisplayGauge	Update the value or reading of the gauge. If Value Affects	
displayGauge, float gaugeValue)	Colour (isColourAffectByValue) is enabled, the foreground	
	colour of the gauge will also be updated.	
SetDisplayGaugeText (S3DDisplayGauge	Update the text of the gauge	
displayGauge, string gaugeText)		
SetDisplayGaugeTextAlignment (S3DDisplayGauge displayGauge, TextAnchor textAlignment)	Update the position of the text within the gauge panel	
SetDisplayGaugeTextFont (S3DDisplayGauge	Set the font of the S3DDisplayGauge Text component	
displayGauge, Font font)		
SetDisplayGaugeTextFontSize (S3DDisplayGauge	Set the font size of the display gauge text. If isBestFit is false,	
displayGauge, bool isBestFit, int minSize, int	maxSize is the font size set.	
maxSize)		
SetDisplayGaugeTextColour (S3DDisplayGauge	Set the Display Gauge text colour. Only update the colour if it	
displayGauge, Color newColour)	has actually changed. If the module has been initialised, this	
	will also re-colour the gauge text with the appropriate	
SetDisplayGaugeTextDirection (S3DDisplayGauge	brightness.  Update the rotation of the text within the gauge panel	
displayGauge, DisplayGauge.DGTextDirection	opadie the rotation of the text within the gauge panel	
textDirection)		
SetDisplayGaugeTextFontStyle (S3DDisplayGauge	Set the font style of the S3DDisplayGauge Text component	
displayGauge, FontStyle fontStyle)	3p.3, 23.35	
SetDisplayGaugeForegroundColour	Set the Display Gauge foreground colour. Only update the	
(S3DDisplayGauge displayGauge, Color newColour)	colour if it has actually changed. If the module has been	
	initialised, this will also re-colour the gauge foreground with	
	the appropriate brightness.	
SetDisplayGaugeForegroundSprite	Set the Display Gauge foreground sprite. This is used to	
(S3DDisplayGauge displayGauge, Sprite newSprite)	render the gauge value by partially filling it.	
SetDisplayGaugeBackgroundColour	Set the Display Gauge background colour. Only update the	
(S3DDisplayGauge displayGauge, Color newColour)	colour if it has actually changed. If the module has been	
	initialised, this will also re-colour the gauge background with	
	the appropriate brightness.	
SetDisplayGaugeBackgroundSprite	Set the Display Gauge background sprite. This is used to	
(S3DDisplayGauge displayGauge, Sprite newSprite)	render the background image of the gauge.	

Method	Description
SetDisplayGaugeFillMethod (S3DDisplayGauge displayGauge, DisplayGauge.DGFillMethod fillMethod)	Set the Display Gauge fill method. This determines how the gauge is filled
SetDisplayGaugeKeepAspectRatio (S3DDisplayGauge displayGauge, bool isKeepAspectRatio)	Sets whether or not the foreground and background sprites keep their original texture aspect ratio. This can be useful when creating circular gauges.
ShowDisplayGauge(int guidHash)	Show the Display Gauge on the display. The display will automatically be shown if it is not already visible.
ShowDisplayGauge (S3DDisplayGauge displayGauge)	Show the Display Gauge on the display. The display will automatically be shown if it is not already visible.
ShowDisplayGauges()	Show or turn on all Display Gauges. StickyDisplayModule must be initialised. The display will automatically be shown if it is not already visible.
ValidateGaugeList()	Create a new list if required

### Sticky Display Module Methods – Display Message

Where possible, always use the methods that take the S3DDisplayMessage or guidHash of the message as a parameter. These are much more efficient than using the name of the message which will incur GC overhead.

Most methods require that the StickyDisplayModule to be initialised.

Method	Description
ShowDisplayMessage (int guidHash) ShowDisplayMessage (S3DDisplayMessage displayMessage)	Show the Display Message on the display. The display will automatically be shown if it is not already visible.
ShowDisplayMessageByNumber (int messageNumber)	Show the Display Message on the display by the number from the inspector. Numbers begin at 1. The display will automatically be shown if it is not already visible.
ShowDisplayMessages ()	Show or turn on all Display Messages. StickyDisplayModule must be initialised. The display will automatically be shown if it is not already visible.
HideDisplayMessage(int guidHash) HideDisplayMessage (S3DDisplayMessage displayMessage)	Hide or turn off the Display Message
HideDisplayMessageByNumber (int	Hide the Display Message on the display by the number from
messageNumber)	the inspector. Numbers begin at 1.
Hide Or turn off all Display Messages. StickyDisp must be initialised.	
AddMessage (string messageName, string messageText)	Add a new message to the display and returns a reference to the Display Message. By design, they are not visible at runtime when first added.
AddMessage (S3DDisplayMessage displayMessage)	Add a message to the display using a displayMessage instance. Typically, this is used with CopyDisplayMessage().
DeleteMessage (int guidHash)	Delete a message from the display. NOTE: It is much cheaper to HideDisplayMessage () than completely remove it.
CopyDisplayMessage (S3DDisplayMessage displayMessage, string NameOfCopy)	Create a copy of an existing DisplayMessage, and give it a new name. Call AddMessage(newDisplayMessage) to make it useable in the game.
GetDisplayMessageGuidHash (int index)	Returns the guidHash of the Message in the list given the index or zero-based position in the list. Will return 0 if no matching Message is found. Will return 0 if the module hasn't been initialised.

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Method	Description
GetDisplayMessage (int guidHash)	Get a S3DDisplayMessage given its guidHash. See also GetDisplayMessageGuidHash().Will return null if guidHash parameter is 0, it cannot be found or the module has not been initialised.
GetDisplayMessage (string displayName)	Get the display message give the description title of the message.  WARNING: This will increase Garbage Collection (GC). Where possible use GetDisplayMessage(guidHash) and/or GetDisplayMessageGuidHash(index).
GetDisplayMessageIndex (int guidHash)	Get the zero-based index of the Message in the list. Will return -1 if not found.
ShowDisplayMessageBackground	Show the Display Message background on the display. The
(S3DDisplayMessage displayMessage)	display the actual message, you would need to call ShowDisplayMessage().
HideDisplayMessageBackground	Hide the Display Message background on the display. The
(S3DDisplayMessage displayMessage)	hide the actual message, you would need to call HideDisplayMessage().
SetDisplayMessageOffset (S3DDisplayMessage displayMessage, float offsetX, float offsetY)	Set the offset (position) of the Display Message on the display. If the module has been initialised, this will also reposition the Display Message.  Parameter: offsetX is horizontal offset from centre. Range between -1 and 1  Parameter: offsetY is vertical offset from centre. Range between -1 and 1
SetDisplayMessageSize (S3DDisplayMessage displayMessage, float width, float height)	Set the size of the Message Panel. If the module has been initialised, this will also resize the Message Panel. The values are only updated if they are outside the range 0.0 to 1.0 or have changed.
SetDisplayMessageBackgroundColour (S3DDisplayMessage displayMessage, Color newColour)	Set the Display Message background colour. Only update the colour if it has actually changed. If the module has been initialised, this will also re-colour the message background with the appropriate brightness.
SetDisplayMessageScrollDirection (S3DDisplayMessage displayMessage, int scrollDirection)	Set the Display Message scroll direction. USAGE: SetDisplayMessageScrollDirection(displayMessage, S3DDisplayMessage.ScrollDirectionLR)
SetDisplayMessageScrollFullscreen (S3DDisplayMessage displayMessage, bool isScrollFullscreen)	Set the Display Message to scroll across or up/down the full screen regardless of the message width and height. Can also be set directly with displayMessage.isScrollFullscreen = true;
(S3DDisplayMessage displayMessage, float scrollSpeed)	with: displayMessage.scrollSpeed = scrollSpeed;
displayMessage, string messageText)	
SetDisplayMessageTextAlignment (S3DDisplayMessage displayMessage, TextAnchor textAlignment)	Update the position of the text within the message panel
SetDisplayMessageTextFont (S3DDisplayMessage	Set the font of the DisplayMessage Text component. The
isBestFit, int minSize, int maxSize)	
SetDisplayMessageTextColour (S3DDisplayMessage	Set the Display Message text colour. Only update the colour if
(S3DDisplayMessage displayMessage, Color newColour)  SetDisplayMessageScrollDirection (S3DDisplayMessage displayMessage, int scrollDirection) SetDisplayMessageScrollFullscreen (S3DDisplayMessage displayMessage, bool isScrollFullscreen) SetDisplayMessageScrollSpeed (S3DDisplayMessageScrollSpeed (S3DDisplayMessage displayMessage, float scrollSpeed) SetDisplayMessageText (S3DDisplayMessage displayMessage displayMessage displayMessage displayMessage displayMessage, string messageText) SetDisplayMessageTextAlignment (S3DDisplayMessagedisplayMessage, TextAnchor textAlignment) SetDisplayMessageTextFont (S3DDisplayMessage displayMessage displayMessage displayMessage (S3DDisplayMessageTextFontSize (S3DDisplayMessagedisplayMessage, bool isBestFit, int minSize, int maxSize)	colour if it has actually changed. If the module has been initialised, this will also re-colour the message background with the appropriate brightness.  Set the Display Message scroll direction. USAGE: SetDisplayMessageScrollDirection(displayMessage, S3DDisplayMessage.ScrollDirectionLR)  Set the Display Message to scroll across or up/down the full screen regardless of the message width and height. Can also be set directly with displayMessage.isScrollFullscreen = true  Set the Display Message scroll speed. Can also be set direct with: displayMessage.scrollSpeed = scrollSpeed;  Update the text of the message.  Update the position of the text within the message panel  Set the font of the DisplayMessage Text component. The default is Arial, but you can supply your own.  Set the font size of the display message text. If isBestFit is false, maxSize is the font size set.

Method	Description
	this will also re-colour the message with the appropriate
	brightness.

### Sticky Display Module Methods – Display Target

Where possible, always use the methods that take the S3DDisplayTarget or guidHash of the target as a parameter.

Most methods require that the StickyDisplayModule to be initialised.

Method	Description
AddTarget (int guidHashDisplayReticle)	Add a new Target to the HUD and returns a reference to the Display Target. By design, they are not visible at runtime when first added.
AddTargetSlots (DisplayTarget displayTarget, int numberToAdd)	Add another DisplayTarget slot to a DisplayTarget. This allows you to display another copy of the target on the HUD. If the DisplayTarget has not been initialised, the new slot panel will be added to the scene but this method will return null. This automatically updates displayTarget.maxNumberOfTargets.
DeleteTarget (int guidHash)	Delete a Target from the HUD. NOTE: It is much cheaper to HideDisplayTarget () than completely remove it.
DeleteTargetSlots (int guidHash, int numberToDelete)	Delete or remove a DisplayTarget slot from the HUD. This is an expensive operation. It is much cheaper to HideDisplayTargetSlot() than completely remove it. Automatically updates displayTarget.maxNumberOfTargets. NOTE: You cannot remove slot 0.
GetDisplayTarget (int guidHash)	Get a DisplayTarget given its guidHash. See also GetDisplayTargetGuidHash(). Will return null if guidHash parameter is 0, it cannot be found or the module has not been initialised.
GetDisplayTargetByIndex (int index) GetDisplayTargetGuidHash (int index)	Get a DisplayTarget given a zero-based index in the list.  Returns the guidHash of the Target in the list given the index
	or zero-based position in the list. Will return 0 if no matching Target is found. Will return 0 if the module hasn't been initialised.
GetDisplayTargetIndex (int guidHash)	Get the zero-based index of the Target in the list. Will return - 1 if not found.
GetDisplayTargetName (DisplayTarget displayTarget) (int index)	Get the (sprite) name of the DisplayTarget using either the DisplayTarget instance or the zero-based index in the list of DisplayTargets on the HUD.  WARNING: This will create GC, so not recommended to be
	called each frame. This is typically used for debugging purposes only.
HideDisplayTarget(int guidHash) HideDisplayTarget (DisplayTarget displayTarget)	Hide or turn off all slots of the Display Target
HideDisplayTargets ()	Hide or turn off all slots of all Display Targets.
HideDisplayTargetSlot (DisplayTargetSlot displayTargetSlot)	Hide the Display Target slot on the HUD. By design, if the HUD is not shown, the Target in this slot will not be show.
SetDisplayTargetOffset (DisplayTarget	Set the offset (position) of the Display Target slot on the
displayTarget, int slotIndex, float offsetX, float offsetY)	HUD. If the module has been initialised, this will also reposition the Display Target.
	Horizontal offset from centre. Range between -1 and 1. Vertical offset from centre. Range between -1 and 1.

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Method	Description
SetDisplayTargetOffset (DisplayTargetSlot	Set the offset (position) of the Display Target slot on the
displayTargetSlot, float offsetX, float offsetY)	HUD. If the module has been initialised, this will also re-
	position the Display Target.
SetDisplayTargetPosition (DisplayTargetSlot	Move the DisplayTarget slot to the correct 2D position on the
displayTargetSlot, float offsetX, float offsetY)	HUD, based on a 3D world space position. If the camera has
	not been automatically or manually assigned, the
	DisplayTarget will not be moved.
SetDisplayTargetReticle (int guidHash, int	Set or change the Reticle assigned to a DisplayTarget. The
guidHashDisplayReticle)	Reticle must belong to the list of available reticles for the
	HUD.
SetDisplayTargetReticleColour (DisplayTarget	Set the Display Target Reticle colour. Only update the colour
displayTarget, Color newColour)	if it has actually changed. If the module has been initialised,
	this will also re-colour the reticle with the appropriate
	brightness.
SetTargetsViewportOffset (float offsetX, float	Sets the viewport offset from the centre of the screen. Values
offsetY)	can be between -1.0 and 1.0 with 0,0 depicting the centre of
	the screen. This is the area of the screen in which Targets will
	be visible.
	See also SetTargetsViewportSize().
SetTargetsViewportSize (float width, float height)	Sets the clipped viewable area of the screen that
	DisplayTargets can be shown. When Targets are outside this
	area, they will be hidden. Width and height values are
	between 0.1 and 1.0 of the total screen width or height.
	See also SetTargetsViewportOffset().
ShowDisplayTarget (int guidHash)	Show the Display Target on the HUD. By design, if the HUD is
ShowDisplayTarget (DisplayTarget displayTarget)	not shown, the Targets will not be show.
ShowDisplayTargets ()	Show or turn on all Display Targets.
ShowDisplayTargetSlot (DisplayTargetSlot	Show the Display Target slot on the HUD. By design, if the
displayTargetSlot)	HUD is not shown, the Target in this slot will not be show.

### Sticky Display Module Methods – Special Purpose

Most methods require that the StickyDisplayModule to be initialised.

Method	Description
InteractiveLookAtChanged (int StickyID, int	This is a special method that can be called from the Engage
oldLookAtInteractiveID, int lookingAtInteractiveId,	Tab on a S3D character when looking at interactive-enabled
Color32 reticleColour)	objects in the scene. See the "On Look At Changed" event on
	the StickyControlModule for more details.

### Sticky Display Module Call Backs

Callback	Description
CallbackOnBrightnessChange callbackOnBrightnessChange	The name of the custom method that is called immediately after brightness has changed. Your method must take 1 float parameter. This should be a lightweight method to avoid performance issues. It could be used to update your custom display elements.  stickyDisplayModule.callbackOnBrightnessChange = YourMethod; public void YourMethod (float value)  { // Adjust the brightness of your elements here

Callback	Description
	}
CallbackOnSizeChange callbackOnSizeChange	The name of the custom method that is called immediately after the display size has changed. This method must take 2 float parameters. It should be a lightweight method to avoid performance issues. It could be used to update your custom display elements.

### Sticky Input Module Methods – Direct Keyboard

Method	Description
GetCustomInputDK	Attempt to get the first matching Direct Keyboard custom input.
(KeyCode keycode, bool	
mustBeButton, out	
CustomInput customInput)	

### Sticky Input Module Methods - General

Method	Description
DisableHMDOnlyInputs()	Disable receiving position and rotation only input from VR headset and controllers when input is disabled. Only applies to InputMode.UnityXR.
DisableInput (bool allowCustomInput = false)	Disable input or stop the Sticky Input Module from receiving input from the configured device. When allowCustomInput is true, all other input except Custom Inputs are ignored. This can be useful when you want to still receive actions that generally don't involve character movement.
EnableHMDOnlyInputs()	Attempt to enable position and rotation only input from VR headset and controllers when input is disabled. Only applies to InputMode.UnityXR.
EnableInput ()	Enable the Sticky Input Module to receive input from the configured device. The module will be initialised if it isn't already.
GetStickyControlModule (bool forceCheck = false)	Retrieves a reference to the StickyControlModule script if one was attached at the time this module was initiated. The optional forceCheck parameter will ignore cached value and call GetComponent when true.
Initialise ()	This must be called on Awake or via code before the Sticky Input Module can be used.
IsLegacyAxisValid (string axisName, bool showError)	This static method will check that a Unity Legacy Input system axis is defined
ReinitialiseCustomInput()	This should be called if you modify the CustomInputs at runtime
ResetInput()	Reset and send 0 input on each axis to the controller
ValidateLegacyInput ()	Validate all the legacy input axis names. Update their status.
ValidateDirectKeyboardInput ()	Validate the legacy mouse input axis we use for Mouse Look in Direct Keyboard and mouse

## Sticky Input Module Methods - Rewired

Method	Description
CheckRewired (bool showErrors)	Verify that Rewired's Input Manager is in the scene and has been initialised.
GetCustomInputRW (int inputActionId, bool	Attempt to find the first matching custom input.

Method	Description
mustBeButton, out	
CustomInput customInput)	
GetRewiredPlayer	Get the Rewired Player class instance given a human user number. e.g., Get the
(int userNumber, bool	first human player.
showErrors)	Rewired.Player rewiredPlayer = StickyInputModule.GetRewiredPlayer(1, false);
SetRewiredPlayer (int	Set the human player number. This should be 1 or greater. The player must be first
playerNumber, bool	assigned in Rewired, before this is called. NOTE: If Rewired is not installed or the
showErrors = false)	InputMode is not Rewired, the rewiredPlayerNumber is set to 0 (unassigned).
UpdateRewiredActionTypes	A Rewired Action can be an Axis or a Button. To avoid looking up the Action within
(bool showErrors)	the Update event, the type is set outside the loop and need only be called once at
	runtime for this character, and then whenever the Actions are changed. Has no
	effect if Rewired is not installed.

### Sticky Input Module Methods - UIS

Method	Description
GetCustomInputUIS (string actionName, bool mustBeButton, bool mustBeEnabled, out CustomInput)	Attempt to get the first matching UIS or XR custom input.
GetUISPlayerInput()	Get the Unity Input System PlayerInput component attached to this (player) character. The component reference is cached so that GetComponent isn't called multiple times.
UpdateUnityInputSystemActions (bool showErrors = false)	Used at runtime to convert string unique identifiers for actions (GUIDs) into Unity Input System ActionInputs to avoid looking them up and incurring GC overhead each Update. If actions are modified at runtime, call this method. Has no effect if Unity Input System package is not installed.

### Sticky Input Module Call Backs

Property or Method	Description

## Sticky Input Module Properties

Property	Description
IsInitialised	Is the Sticky Input Module initialised and ready for use?
IsInputEnabled	Is the StickyInputModule currently enabled to send input to the Sticky Control Module? See EnableInput() and DisableInput()
IsCustomInputOnlyEnabled	Is all input except CustomerInputs ignored? See EnableInput() and DisableInput()
IsHMDInputsOnlyEnabled	When inputMode is InputMode.UnityXR, and input is disabled, this will allow headset and controller position and rotation to be updated in characterInputXR. See also EnableHMDOnlyInputs() and DisableHMDOnlyInputs().
GetCharacterInput	Gets a reference to the input being sent from the StickyInputMode to the StickyControlModule

### Sticky Anim Replacer Properties and Methods

These methods are used with the Sticky Anim Replacer component that you may have attached to your character. See the "Sticky Anim Replacer" chapter for more details.

Method	Description
AddAnimClipSet	Add animation clip set to the StickyAnimReplacer
(S3DAnimClipSet	
s3dAnimClipSet)	
AddAnimClipSets	Attempt to add an array of animation clips sets to the StickyAnimReplacer.
(S3DAnimClipSet[]	
s3dAnimClipSets)	Attaurant to add a list of an investion alive acts to the Chiefe Aurine Davidson
AddAnimClipSets	Attempt to add a list of animation clips sets to the StickyAnimReplacer.
(List <s3danimclipset></s3danimclipset>	
s3dAnimClipSetsList)	Initialise the Sticky Anim Benjacer Cell this if you haven't enabled "Initialise On
Initialise()	Initialise the Sticky Anim Replacer. Call this if you haven't enabled "Initialise On Start" in the editor.
IsInitialised	Is this Sticky Zone initialised?
NumAnimClipSets	Get the number of animation clip sets for this Anim Replacer.
ReplaceAnimClipSet (int	Replace the animation on the character with those in the Anim Clip Set using the
clipSetNumber)	number of the Animation Clip Set on the component.
RestoreAnimClipSet (int	Restore the animation on the character with the original ones in the Anim Clip Set
clipSetNumber)	using the number of the Animation Clip Set on the component.
RestoreAnimClipSetDelayed (int clipSetNumber)	Restore the animation on the character after a 2 second delay with the original ones in the anim clip set using the number of the Animation Clip Set on the component. This will impact GC first time it runs but saves creating a WaitForSeconds if is never called.
RemoveAnimClipSet (S3DAnimClipSet s3dAnimClipSet)	Remove an animation clip set from the StickyAnimReplacer.
RemoveAnimClipSet (int	Remove the zero-based index of an Animation Clip Set assigned to this
index)	StickyAnimReplacer.
ToggleAnimClipSet (int	Replace or restore a set of animation clips on the character using the Animation
clipSetNumber)	Clip Set number on this component.

#### Sticky Interactive Methods

These are the methods used for interactive-enabled objects in the scene. If you are looking for the VR component attached to the character's hands, see "Sticky XR Interactor Methods".

Method	Description
AddRigidbody (bool isKinematic)	Add a rigidbody to the same gameobject. See also HasRigidbody and ObjectRigidbody properties.
AddObjectAnimSet (S3DObjectAnimSet newObjectAnimSet)	Attempt to add an object anim set to the list.
AllocateSeat()	Allocate or reserve a seat. This should be used to indicate the seat is taken or occupied. Use IsSeatAllocated property to get the current status.
AnimCheckStateExitDrop()	When the held interactive object is dropped, check to see if there is an object (or weapon) anim set Animate Action that should trigger a quick exit from the held or aiming (on a StickyWeapon) animation.
AnimateCheckStateExitEquip()	When the held interactive object is equipped, check to see if there is an object (or weapon) anim set Animate Action that should trigger a quick exit from the held or aiming (on a StickyWeapon) animation.

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Method	Description
AnimateCheckStateExitSocket()	When the held interactive object is socketed, check to see if there is an object (or weapon) anim set Animate Action that should trigger a quick exit from the held or aiming (on a StickyWeapon) animation.
AnimateCheckStateExitStash()	When the held interactive object is dropped, check to see if there is an object (or weapon) anim set Animate Action (or weapon) anim set Animate Action that should trigger a quick exit from the held or aiming (on a StickyWeapon) animation.
ApplyObjectAnimSets ()	Apply any matching object anim sets for the character holding the interactive-enabled object.
CheckCanBeEquipped (StickyControlModule equippedBy, S3DEquipPoint equippedAt)	Check if this interactive-enabled object can be equipped onto a EquipPoint on the given character.
CheckCanBeStashed (StickyControlModule stashedBy)	Check if this interactive-enabled object can be placed into the Stash (personal inventory) of the given character. NOTE: By design, it doesn't check if the item is currently attached to a StickySocket.
CheckInteractive (GameObject componentGO, ref StickyInteractive stickyInteractive)	If the gameobject doesn't have an interactive component, add it now.
ClearLasso()	Typically called automatically when a character lasso operation completes.
DeallocateSeat()	Deallocate or unreserve a seat. This should be used to indicate the seat is vacant. Use IsSeatAllocated property to get the current status.
DisableNonTriggerColliders()	Disable all non-trigger colliders that were enabled during initialisation.
DisableTriggerColliders()	Disable all trigger colliders that were enabled during initialisation.
EnableNonTriggerColliders()	Enable all non-trigger colliders that were enabled during initialisation.
EnableTriggerColliders()	Enable all trigger colliders that were enabled during initialisation.
GetActivePopupID()	Return the Instance ID of the active StickyPopupModule. If there isn't one, return 0. See also SetActivePopupID().
GetAttachedInteractive (GameObject interactiveObject, out StickyInteractive stickyInteractive)	This static method attempts to retrieve the StickyInteractive component attached to a GameObject.
GetBedAdjTargetOffset (float characterRadius = 0.23f)	Get the relative local space bed target offset adjusted for difference between the character radius and the expected character radius.
GetBedOffsetPosition (float characterRadius = 0.23f)	Get the world space bed offset position. This is the location the character should stand before attempting to lie down. The position may to be adjusted if characters have a different radius from one another.
GetCharacterReferenceFrame ()	If the object is held, and using a Gravity Mode of Reference Frame, return the current reference frame of the character.
GetEquipPosition()	Get the world space equip point position.
GetEquipRotation()	Get the world space equip point rotation.
GetBedOffsetPosition()	Get the world space bed offset position. This is the location the character should stand before attempting to lie down. The position may need to be adjusted if characters have a different radius from one another.
GetBedOffsetRotation()	Get the world space bed offset rotation. This is the rotation the character should rotate to before attempting to lie down.
GetBedProneOffset ()	Get the world space base position of the prone character collider. This is the location where the character will lie on the bed.
GetHandHoldLocalOffset (bool isSecondaryHandHold)	Get the local space hand hold offset. By default, uses the first or primary hand hold.

	Sticky3D Controller 1.2.5
Method	Description
GetHandHoldLocalRotation	Get the local space hand hold rotation. By default, uses the first or primary hand
(bool isSecondaryHandHold)	hold.
GetHandHoldNormal	Get the world space hand hold normal (or direction it is facing). By default, uses
(bool isSecondaryHoldPosition)	the first or primary hand hold.
GetHandHoldPosition	Get the world space hand hold position. By default, uses the first or primary
(bool isSecondaryHoldPosition)	hand hold.
GetHandHoldRotation (bool	Get the world space hand hold rotation. By default, uses the first or primary
isSecondaryHandHold)	hand hold.
GetInteractiveTag()	Get the 32-bit mask used to determine compatibility with things like
30	StickySockets or character Equip Points. Default is 1 << 0.
GetInteractiveTags()	Get the common interactive tags scriptableobject used to determine
- Commence of the Commence of	compatibility with things like StickySocket and character Equip Points.
GetLocalPosition (Vector3	Get a local space position on the interactive-enabled object, given a world space
wsPosition)	position (converts a world space position to a local space position on the
war datelony	interactive-enabled object).
GetLocalRotation (Quaternion	Get a local space rotation of a rotated object relative to the interactive-enabled
wsRotation)	object. (Converts a world space rotation to a local space rotation on the
wsitotation	interactive-enabled object).
GetPopupInterval()	Get the minimum interval, in seconds, between when popups should be shown
Getr opapinterval()	associated with this interactive-enabled object. See also SetPopupInterval() and
	IsRecentPopup().
GetPopupPosition()	Get the world space default popup position. Takes into consideration "Use Ref
Getropaprosition()	Frame Up" if enabled.
GetSitAdjTargetOffset (float	Get the relative local space sit target offset adjusted for difference between the
characterRadius = 0.23f)	character radius and the expected character radius.
•	·
GetSitOffsetPosition (float	Get the world space sit offset position. This is the location the character should
characterRadius = 0.23f)	stand before attempting to sit down. The position may to be adjusted if
CatCastOffsatDatation()	characters have a different radius from one another.
GetSeatOffsetRotation()	Get the world space bed offset rotation. This is the rotation the character should
Calcada Badiia ()	rotate to before attempting to sit down.
GetSocketPosition()	Get the world space socket attach point position.
GetSocketRotation()	Get the world space socket attach point rotation.
GetWorldRotation (Quaternion	Get a world space rotation of a local space rotation on the interactive object
localRotation)	(converts a 3D rotation from local space to world space).
GetWorldRotation (Vector3	Get a world space rotation of local space Euler rotation angles on the interactive
localRotation)	object (converts a 3D rotation from local space to world space).
IsRecentPopup()	Check if a popup is being shown or if one was shown within the Popup Interval.
	See also GetActivePopupID(), SetPopupInterval();
ReinitialiseColliders()	Call this if you add or remove colliders at runtime
RemoveListeners()	Call this when you wish to remove any custom event listeners, like after creating
	them in code and then destroying the object. You could add this to your game
	play OnDestroy code.
RestoreParent()	If there is a previous parent transform recorded, re-parent the object to that
	transform.
RestoreRigidbodySettings()	If there was a rigidbody attached to the object when it was grabbed, this will
	restore those original settings.
RevertObjectAnimSets()	Revert any matching object anim sets for the character holding the interactive
·	object back to original settings.
SetActivePopupID (int	Set the instance ID of the active StickyPopupModule currently being displayed.
instanceID)	See also GetActivePopupID(), IsRecentPopup().

SetHandHoldOffset (Vector3 handHoldOffset, bool isSecondaryHandHold)  Set HandHoldRotation (Vector3 handHoldRotation, bool isSecondaryHandHold)  Set the hand hold local space offset. By default, sets the primary hand hold offset.  Set the hand hold relative rotation. The rotation is stored as Euler angles (degrees). By default, sets the primary hand hold rotation.	
handHoldOffset, bool isSecondaryHandHold)  SetHandHoldRotation (Vector3 handHoldRotation, bool isSecondaryHandHold)  Set the hand hold relative rotation. The rotation is stored as Euler angles (degrees). By default, sets the primary hand hold rotation.	
SetHandHoldRotation (Vector3 handHoldRotation, bool isSecondaryHandHold)  Set the hand hold relative rotation. The rotation is stored as Euler angles (degrees). By default, sets the primary hand hold rotation.	
handHoldRotation, bool (degrees). By default, sets the primary hand hold rotation. isSecondaryHandHold)	
isSecondaryHandHold)	
SetInteractiveTag (int bitMask)   Set the 32-bit mask used to determine compatibility with things like	
StickySockets or character Equip Points. Default is 1 << 0.	
SetInteractiveTags Set the common interactive tags scriptableobject used to determine	
(S3DInteractiveTags compatibility with things like StickySocket and character Equip Points	
newInteractiveTags)	
SetIsActivable Set this interactive-enabled object to be activable or not.	
(bool activable)	
SetIsAutoUnselect Set this interactive-enabled object to be auto unselected or not in the scen	2.
(bool unselect)	
SetIsEquippable Set this interactive-enabled object to be equippable or not.	
(bool equippable)	
SetIsGrabbable Set this interactive-enabled object to be grabble or not.	
(bool grabbable)	
SetSetIsLyable (bool lyable) Set this interactive-enabled object is suitable for lying on or not.	
SetIsReadable (bool readable) Set this interactive-enabled object to be readable or not.	
SetIsSelectable Set this interactive-enabled object to be selectable or not in the scene.	
(bool selectable)	
SetIsSittable (bool sittable) Set this interactive-enabled object is suitable for sitting on or not.	
SetIsSocketable (bool Set this interactive-enabled object to be attachable to a StickySocket or not	
socketable)	
SetIsStashable (bool stashable) Set this interactive-enabled object is stashable on or not.	
Set IsTouchable Set this interactive-enabled object to be touchable or not by a character.	
(bool touchable) Typically used with Hand IK.	
SetMass(float newMass)  Set the mass of the object in kilograms.	
SetObjectParent Parent this object to another transform. If Reparent on Drop is enabled,	
(Transform parentTfrm) remember the original transform.	
SetPopupInterval (float Set the minimum interval, in seconds, between when popups should be shou	wn
newInterval) associated with this interactive-enabled object.	
SetReadableJoint (Joint Set the joint to read positional data from when Is Readable is true.	
newReadableJoint)	
SetSSCSeatAnimator If Sci-Fi Ship Controller is installed, this can link to a SSC Seat Animator	
(GameObject component used for a multi-stage seating operation. For example, animating	ıg a
seatAnimatorGameObject) chair before and after sitting.	
ToggleActivateObject (int	vable.
stickyID)	

### Sticky Interactive Methods – Virtual

Virtual methods can be overridden to customise the behaviour of the Sticky Interactive objects. It is an advanced feature and generally is not required. Most of the time you can simply add your own methods, call APIs, and/or set properties with the various on[Event]s included and configurable in the editor.

Virtual Method	Description
virtual void ActivateObject	Attempt to activate the object. Only initialised and activable objects can be
(int stickyID)	activated.
	If required, you can override this method.
	public override void ActivateObject (int stickyID)

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Virtual Method	Description
	<pre>{   base. ActivateObject (stickyID);   // Do stuff here }</pre>
virtual bool	Check if the interactive-enabled object has moved to another scene.
CheckSceneChanged ()	public override bool CheckSceneChanged ()
	<pre>bool hasSceneChanged = base.CheckSceneChanged (); // Do stuff here return hasSceneChanged; }</pre>
virtual void ClearManager()	Attempt to clear the StickyManager. This might be required when moving the
	interactive-enabled object to a different scene using LBS Seamless or SSC Seamless (X Pack 2).  If required, you can override this method. public override void ClearManager ()
	{
	base.ClearManager (); // Do stuff here
virtual void DeactivateObject	Attempt to deactivate the object. Only initialised and activable objects can be
(int stickyID)	deactivated.
	If required, you can override this method.
	public override void DeactivateObject (int stickyID)
	hase DeactivateObject (stickyID):
	base.DeactivateObject (stickyID); // Do stuff here
virtual void DropObject	Re-parent if required and invoke an OnDropped items. If "Parent on Grab" is
(int stickyID)	enabled, the object will be unparented from the hand. Only initialised and grabbable objects can be dropped. If you wish to reenable colliders, call the API methods from the onDropped events in the editor.
	If required, you can override this method. public override void DropObject (int stickyID)
	{
	base.DropObject (stickyID);
	// Do stuff here
virtual bool EquipObject (StickyControlModule equippedBy, S3DEquipPoint equippedAt)	This is automatically called by stickyControlModule.EquipInteractiveInternal(). Automatically deactivate IsActivable objects before it is equipped.
virtual void GrabObject	Disable colliders if required and invoke an OnGrabbed items. Only initialised and
(int stickyID)	grabbable objects can be grabbed. If there is a rigidbody attached, remove it.  If required, you can override this method. public override void GrabObject (int stickyID)
	{     base.GrabObject (stickyID); // Do stuff hore
	// Do stuff here
virtual void Initialise()	Initialise the StickyInteractive component at runtime. Has no effect if already initialised. If you wish to override this in a child (inherited) class you almost always will want to call the base method first.
	1 77 77

PostEquipObject (int stickyID, S3DEquipPoint equipPoint, int storeItemID)		Sticky3D Controller 1.2.5
Sabes Initialise ();	Virtual Method	Description
PostEquipObject (int stickyID, S3DEquipPoint equipPoint, int storeItemID)  This is called (automatically) immediately after this interactive-enabled object is equipped by a S3D character. If required, invoke any onPostEquipped items. If required, you can override this method.  public override void PostEquippobject (int stickyID, S3DEquipPoint equipPoint) {		public override void Initialise ()
PostEquipObject (int stickyID, S3DEquipPoint equipPoint, int storeItemID)  This is called (automatically) immediately after this interactive-enabled object is equipped by a S3D character. If required, invoke any onPostEquipped items. If required, you can override this method.  public override void PostEquippobject (int stickyID, S3DEquipPoint equipPoint) {		{
PostEquipObject (int stickyID, S3DEquipPoint equipPoint, int storeltemID)  PostEquipObject, int storeltemID  public override void PostEquipObject (int stickyID, S3DEquipPoint equipPoint) {		base. Initialise ();
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equipped by a S3D character. If required, invoke any onPostEquipped items. If required, you can override this method.  public override void PostEquippobject (int stickyID, S3DEquipPoint equipPoint) {		}
equipPoint, int storeltemID)  required, you can override this method.  public override void PostEquipObject (int stickyID, S3DEquipPoint equipPoint)  {     base.onPostEquipped (stickyID, equipPoint, storeltemID);     // Do stuff here }  Virtual void PostGrabObject (int stickyID, bool isSecondaryHandHold)  public override void PostGrabObject (int stickyID, bool isSecondaryHandHold)  public override void PostGrabObject (int stickyID, bool isSecondaryHandHold)  {     base.PostGrabObject (int stickyID, int storeltemID, you can override this method.  public override void PostGrabObject (int stickyID, int storeltemID, you can override this method.  public override void PostGrabObject (int stickyID, bool isSecondaryHandHold);     // Do stuff here }  Virtual void PostStashObject (int stickyID, int storeltemID, vector3 futureValue)  frequired, you can override this method.  public override void PostGrabObject (int stickyID, int storeltemID, vector3 futureValue)  {     base.PostGrabObject (stickyID, storeltemID, futureValue);     // Do stuff here }  Virtual void ReadObject()  RecentreReadable (bool isSmooth)  Virtual void  RecentreWriteable (bool isSmooth)  Virtual void  Return the readable lever or joystick back to the original location.  Return the writeable lever or joystick back to the original location.  Return the writeable lever or joystick back to the original location.  Return the writeable lever or joystick back to the original location.  Return the writeable lever or joystick back to the original location.  Return the writeable lever or joystick back to the original location.  Return the writeable lever or joystick back to the original location.  Public override void Readable object.  public override voi	PostEquipObject (int	This is called (automatically) immediately after this interactive-enabled object is
public override void PostEquipObject (int stickyID, S3DEquipPoint equipPoint) {     base onPostEquipped (stickyID, equipPoint, storeItemID);     // Do stuff here }  virtual void PostGrabObject (int stickyID, bool isSecondaryHandHold)  required, you can override this method.  public override void PostGrabObject (int stickyID, bool isSecondaryHandHold) {     base.PostGrabObject (stickyID, isSecondaryHandHold);     // Do stuff here }  virtual void PostStashObject (int stickyID, int storeItemID, Vector3 futureValue)  virtual void ReadObject()  virtual void ReadObject()  virtual void RecentreReadable (bool isSmooth) virtual void RecentreWriteable (bool isSmooth) virtual void RelnitialiseReadable()  Return the readable lever or joystick back to the original location.  Return the writeable lever or joystick back to the original location.  Return the writeable lever or joystick back to the original location.  Return the writeable lever or joystick back to the original location.  Return the writeable lever or joystick back to the original location.  Return the writeable lever or joystick back to the original location.  Return the writeable lever or joystick back to the original location.  Return the writeable object. public override void ReinitialiseReadable(); // Do stuff here }  virtual bool StashObject (StickyControlModule stashedBy) virtual void Which character (if any) has this interactive-enabled object?	stickyID, S3DEquipPoint	equipped by a S3D character. if required, invoke any onPostEquipped items. If
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virtual void PostGrabObject (int stickyID, bool isSecondaryHandHold)  This is called (automatically) immediately after this interactive-enabled object is grabbed by a S3D character. if required, invoke any OnPostGrabbed items. If required, you can override this method.  public override void PostGrabObject (int stickyID, bool isSecondaryHandHold) {     base.PostGrabObject (stickyID, isSecondaryHandHold);     // Do stuff here }  virtual void PostStashObject (int stickyID, int storeItemID, Vector3 futureValue)  This is called (automatically) immediately after this interactive-enabled object is stashed by a S3D character. if required, invoke any OnPostStashed items. If required, you can override this method.  public override void PostGrabObject (int stickyID, int storeItemID, Vector3 futureValue) {     base.PostStashObject (stickyID, storeItemID, futureValue);     // Do stuff here }  virtual void ReadObject()  Read data from the object. Typically, read the x and/or z-axis values from a lever or joystick.  virtual void RecentreWriteable (bool isSmooth)  virtual void Return the readable lever or joystick back to the original location.  Return the writeable lever or joystick back to the original location.  Return the writeable lever or joystick back to the original location.  Return the writeable lever or joystick back to the original location.  Initialise this Readable object. public override void ReInitialiseReadable() {     base.ReInitialiseReadable();     // Do stuff here }  virtual bool StashObject (StickyControlModule stashedBy)  Virtual void  Which character (if any) has this interactive-enabled object?		base.onPostEquipped (stickyID, equipPoint, storeItemID);
(int stickyID, bool isSecondaryHandHold)  grabbed by a S3D character. if required, invoke any OnPostGrabbed items. If required, you can override this method.  public override void PostGrabObject (int stickyID, bool isSecondaryHandHold) {		// Do stuff here
(int stickyID, bool isSecondaryHandHold)  grabbed by a S3D character. if required, invoke any OnPostGrabbed items. If required, you can override this method.  public override void PostGrabObject (int stickyID, bool isSecondaryHandHold) {		}
isSecondaryHandHold)  required, you can override this method.  public override void PostGrabObject (int stickyID, bool isSecondaryHandHold) {     base.PostGrabObject (stickyID, isSecondaryHandHold);     // Do stuff here }  virtual void PostStashObject (int stickyID, int storeitemID, Vector3 futureValue)  This is called (automatically) immediately after this interactive-enabled object is stashed by a S3D character. if required, invoke any OnPostStashed items. If required, you can override this method.  public override void PostGrabObject (int stickyID, int storeitemID, Vector3 futureValue) {     base.PostStashObject (stickyID, storeitemID, futureValue);     // Do stuff here }  virtual void ReadObject()  Read data from the object. Typically, read the x and/or z-axis values from a lever or joystick.  Return the readable lever or joystick back to the original location.  RecentreReadable (bool isSmooth)  virtual void RecentreWriteable (bool isSmooth)  virtual void RelnitialiseReadable()  Initialise this Readable object. public override void RelnitialiseReadable() {     base.RelnitialiseReadable();     // Do stuff here }  virtual bool StashObject (StickyIOntrolModule StashItem().  This is automatically called by stickyControlModule.StashItem().	-	
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// Do stuff here }  virtual void PostStashObject (int stickyID, int storeItemID, Vector3 futureValue)  Public override void PostGrabObject (int stickyID, int storeItemID, Vector3 futureValue)  public override void PostGrabObject (int stickyID, int storeItemID, Vector3 futureValue) {		hasa Bast Crah Ohisat /stiskuID isCasardam HandHald\.
virtual void PostStashObject (int stickyID, int storeItemID, Vector3 futureValue)  This is called (automatically) immediately after this interactive-enabled object is stashed by a S3D character. if required, invoke any OnPostStashed items. If required, you can override this method.  public override void PostGrabObject (int stickyID, int storeItemID, Vector3 futureValue) {     base.PostStashObject (stickyID, storeItemID, futureValue);     // Do stuff here }  virtual void ReadObject()  virtual void RecentreReadable (bool isSmooth)  virtual void RecentreWriteable (bool isSmooth)  virtual void RelnitialiseReadable()  Initialise this Readable object. public override void RelnitialiseReadable()  (abse.RelnitialiseReadable(); // Do stuff here }  virtual bool StashObject (StickyControlModule stashedBy) virtual void  Which character (if any) has this interactive-enabled object?		
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futureValue) {     base.PostStashObject (stickyID, storeItemID, futureValue);     // Do stuff here }  virtual void ReadObject()  Read data from the object. Typically, read the x and/or z-axis values from a lever or joystick.  virtual void RecentreReadable (bool isSmooth)  virtual void RecentreWriteable (bool isSmooth)  virtual void RelnitialiseReadable()  Initialise this Readable object. public override void ReInitialiseReadable()  {     base.ReInitialiseReadable();     // Do stuff here }  virtual bool StashObject (StickyControlModule stashedBy)  virtual void  Which character (if any) has this interactive-enabled object?	vectors ratare variate,	required, year can override this method.
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virtual void ReadObject()  Read data from the object. Typically, read the x and/or z-axis values from a lever or joystick.  virtual void RecentreReadable (bool isSmooth)  virtual void RecentreWriteable (bool isSmooth)  virtual void RelnitialiseReadable()  RelnitialiseReadable()  virtual bool StashObject (StickyControlModule stashedBy)  virtual void  Which character (if any) has this interactive-enabled object?		base.PostStashObject (stickyID, storeItemID, futureValue);
joystick.  virtual void RecentreReadable (bool isSmooth)  virtual void RecentreWriteable (bool isSmooth)  virtual void RecentreWriteable (bool isSmooth)  virtual void RelnitialiseReadable()  virtual void RelnitialiseReadable()  virtual bool StashObject (StickyControlModule stashedBy)  virtual void  Which character (if any) has this interactive-enabled object?		// Do stuff here
joystick.  virtual void RecentreReadable (bool isSmooth)  virtual void RecentreWriteable (bool isSmooth)  virtual void RecentreWriteable (bool isSmooth)  virtual void RelnitialiseReadable()  virtual void RelnitialiseReadable()  virtual bool StashObject (StickyControlModule stashedBy)  virtual void  Which character (if any) has this interactive-enabled object?		}
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{     base.ReInitialiseReadable();     // Do stuff here }  virtual bool StashObject (StickyControlModule stashedBy)  virtual void  Which character (if any) has this interactive-enabled object?		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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(StickyControlModule stashedBy) virtual void Which character (if any) has this interactive-enabled object?	virtual bool StashObject	This is automatically called by stickyControlModule.StashItem().
stashedBy) virtual void Which character (if any) has this interactive-enabled object?	-	
virtual void Which character (if any) has this interactive-enabled object?		
SetSticky3DCharacter NOTE: You need to set IsHeld or IsStashed separately.	virtual void	Which character (if any) has this interactive-enabled object?
	SetSticky3DCharacter	

	Sticky3D controller 1.2.5
Virtual Method	Description
(StickyControlModule sticky3DCharacter)	
virtual void SelectObject (int stickyID, int selectedStoreItemID)	Currently interactive-enabled objects can be selected by multiple characters or things at the same time. The thing calling this method needs to keep track of if this object is selected or not. S3D characters do this automatically. Only initialised and selectable objects can be selected.
	<pre>public override void SelectObject (int stickyID, int selectedStoreItemID) {   base.SelectObject (int stickyID, int selectedStoreItemID);   // Do stuff here }</pre>
virtual void SetStickySocket (StickySocket stickySocketOwner)	Which socket (if any) is this interactive-enabled object attached to?  NOTE: You need to set IsSocketed separately.
virtual void TouchObject (Vector3 hitPoint, Vector3 hitNormal, int stickyID)	The interactive-enabled object has been touched at a point with a given normal. If required, you can override this method. public override void TouchObject (Vector3 hitPoint, Vector3 hitNormal, int stickyID) {    base.TouchObject (hitPoint, hitNormal, stickyID);    // Do stuff here }
virtual void StopTouchingObject (int stickyID)	Stop touching this interactive-enabled object. Currently, multiple characters or things can be touching this object at the same time.  If required, you can override this method. public override void StopTouchingObject (int stickyID) {    base. StopTouchingObject (stickyID);    // Do stuff here }
virtual void UnselectObject (int stickyID)	Currently interactive-enabled objects can be selected by multiple characters or things at the same time. The thing calling this method needs to keep track of if this object is selected or not. S3D characters do this automatically. Only initialised objects can be unselected. It doesn't need to be selectable as that may have just been turned off.  If required, you can override this method. public override void UnselectObject (int stickyID)  {    base. UnselectObject (stickyID);    // Do stuff here }
virtual void WriteToObject (Vector3 writeValue, bool isFixedUpdate)	Attempt to update the position of the writeable interactive object.

## Sticky Interactive Properties

Property	Description
CurrentReadableValue	When Readable, when will return the current value of the jointed object. Will be in
	the range -1.0 to 1.0.
GetCurrentPosition	Get the current world space position of the interactive-enabled object.
GetCurrentRotation	Get the current world space rotation of the interactive-enabled object.

	Sticky3D Controller 1.2.5
Property	Description
GravitationalAcceleration	Get or set the gravity in metres per second per second
GravityDirection	Get or set the world space direction that gravity acts upon the weapon when GravityMode is Direction.
GravityMode	Get or set the method used to determine in which direction gravity is acting.
HasRigidbody	Is there a rigidbody currently attached to the object?
IsActivable	Can the item be activated?
IsActivated	Has the interactive-enabled object been activated? This should always be false when IsActivable is false.
IsAutoDeactivate	Does the activated item act like a single on/off action?
IsAutoUnselect	Does the selected item act like a clickable button?
IsEquipped	Is this interactive object currently Equipped by a Sticky3D character?
IsEquippedByNPC	Is the interactive object currently equipped on a Non-Player Sticky3D character?
IsEquippable	Can this item be equipped or attached to the body?
IsFollowingTarget	Grabbable objects with a rigidbody which are not parented to the hand on grab, can follow a child transform of the hand.
IsGrabbable	Can this item be grabbed or held?
IsHeld	Is the interactive object currently held by a Sticky3D character?
IsHeldByNPC	Is the interactive object currently held by a Non-Player Sticky3D character?
IsLyable	Is this item suitable for lying on?
IsInitialised	Is the Sticky Interactive-enabled object initialised and ready for use?
IsReadable	Can values be read from this object? This is typically used for reading the position of a virtual lever or joystick.
IsReadableReady	Is the interactive object ready to provide readable data? This typically means it is initialised, Readable, and has a valid pivot transform assigned.
IsSeatAllocated	Is the seat allocated, reserved, or taken? See also AllocateSet(), DeallocateSeat()
IsSelectable	Can this item be selected in the scene?
IsSittable	Is this item suitable for sitting on?
IsSocketable	Can this item be attached to a StickySocket?
IsSocketed	Is the interactive object currently attached to a socket?
IsStashable	Can this item be stashed in the inventory of a character?
IsStashed	Is the interactive object currently in the Stash of a Sticky3D character?
IsStickyMagazine	Is this an interactive-enabled StickyMagazine?
IsStickyWeapon	Is this an interactive-enabled StickyWeapon?
IsTouchable	Can this item be touched by a character? Typically used with Hand IK.
IsUseGravity	Get if the object is affected by gravity
IsWriteable	Can values be written to this object? This is typically used for setting the position of a virtual lever or joystick.
Mass	The mass of the object in kilograms.
ObjectRigidbody	Get the rigidbody attached to the interactive-enabled object (if any)
StickyInteractiveID	Runtime ID of this Sticky Interactive component.
Sticky3DCharacter	Get or set the S3D character that has this interactive-enabled object.  NOTE: You need to get or set IsHeld or IsStashed separately.
Sticky3DCharacterID	If the object is held, equipped or stashed, get the StickyID for the character that currently possesses it. Otherwise return 0.
StickySocketedOn	Get or set which socket (if any) is this interactive-enabled object attached to?  NOTE: You need to set IsSocketed separately.

### Sticky Interactor Bridge - Methods

These methods are typically used for non-Sticky3D character hands attached to a 3<sup>rd</sup> party asset that you want to interact with objects in your scene. See the "Sticky Interactor Bridge" chapter for more details.

Many of the methods are "virtual" and can be overridden in an inherited class.

Virtual Method	Description
virtual void DropInteractive()	Drop a held interactive-enabled object
virtual void	If there is an object being held, attempt to activate or deactivate it.
EngageInteractive()	If no object is being held, but is being touched and is grabbable, attempt to grab it. If no object is being held, but is being touched and is non-grabbable, attempt to activate or deactivate it.
virtual void GrabInteractive (StickyInteractive	Grab an interactive-enabled Grabbable object. Override this method to:  1. Perform a specific grab action
· ·	2. Determine if you should be using the primary or secondary hand hold position.
stickyInteractive, bool isSecondaryHandHold)	2. Determine if you should be using the primary of secondary fiand floid position.
virtual void Initialise()	Initialise the StickyInteractorBridge. Has no effect if called multiple times.
virtual void	Stop touching an interactive-enabled object.
StopTouchingInteractive	
(StickyInteractive	
stickyInteractive)	
virtual void TouchInteractive	Indicate that this is component is touching a touchable interactive-enabled object.
(StickyInteractive	
stickyInteractive, Vector3	
hitPoint, Vector3 hitNormal)	

Method	Description
GetHandPalmPosition()	Get the world space palm position
GetHandPalmRotation()	Get the world space palm rotation
SetIsCanActivate (bool canActivate)	Set if this item can activate an interactive-enabled Activable object?
SetIsCanGrab(bool canGrab)	Set if this item can grab an interactive-enabled Grabbable object?
SetIsCanTouch (bool canTouch)	Set if this item can touch an interactive-enabled Touchable object?
SetHandPalmTransform (Transform newPalmTransform)	Set the transform that represents hand palm position and rotation. Returns true if set successfully.

### Sticky Interactor Bridge - Properties

These properties are typically used for non-Sticky3D character hands attached to a 3<sup>rd</sup> party asset that you want to interact with objects in your scene. See the "Sticky Interactor Bridge" chapter for more details.

Property	Description
HandGripValue	Get the current grip value from the VR hand controller.
HandTriggerValue	Get the current trigger value from the VR hand controller.
IsInitialised	Has the module been initialised?
IsCanTouch	Can this item touch an interactive-enabled Touchable object?
IsCanGrab	Can this item grab an interactive-enabled Grabbable object?
IsHeld	Is this component currently holding an interactive-enabled Grabbable object?
IsTouching	Is this component currently touching an interactive-enabled Touchable object?

#### Sticky Parts Module Methods

You may notice that we never reference the name of the part. This is because strings at runtime impact garbage collection (GC), which is bad for performance. The module must be initialised before calling the majority of methods.

	Sticky55 controller 1.2.5
Method	Description
DisableAllParts	Attempt to disable all the parts
DisablePart	Attempt to disable a part
(S3DPart s3dPart)	
DisablePartByIndex	Attempt to disable a part using the zero-based index of the part
(int index)	
DisablePartByHash	Attempt to disable a part using the unique guidHash of the part
(int guidHash)	
EnablePart	Attempt to enable a part
(S3DPart s3dPart)	
EnablePartByIndex	Attempt to enable a part using the zero-based index of the part
(int index)	
EnablePartByHash	Attempt to enable a part using the unique guidHash of the part
(int guidHash)	
GetPartByHash	Get a S3DPart given the unique guidHash of the part. Always returns null if not
(int guidHash)	initialised or guidHash is 0.
GetPartByIndex (int index)	Get a S3DPart given the zero-based index in the list of parts. If always returns null
	if not initialised or the index is out of range.
GetPartIndex (int guidHash)	Get the zero-based index of a part with the given unique guidHash value. Always
	returns -1 if not initialised or guidHash is 0.
GetPartGuidHash (int index)	Get the unique guidHash of a part given its zero-based index in the list of parts.
	Always returns 0 if not initialised, the index is out of range, or the part is null.
Initialise()	Initialise the StickyPartsModule at runtime. Has no effect if already initialised.
IsPartEnabledByIndex	Is the part enabled, given the zero-based index of the part in the list.
(int index)	
ResetParts()	Attempt to reset the parts to their states after the module was first initialised.
ToggleEnablePartByIndex	Toggle the part on or off, given the zero-based index of the part in the list. Will
(int index)	have no effect if not initialised or the index is out of range. You could call this from
	a Custom Input on the StickyInputModule to say take on/off a helmet.
ToggleEnableParts ()	Toggle all the parts on or off. This has no effect if not initialised. See also
	ToggleEnablePartByIndex() to toggle individual parts.

# Sticky Parts Module Properties

Read Only properties are marked in the following table with [R].

Property	Description
IsInitialised	[R] Has the module been initialised?
NumberOfParts	[R] The number of S3DParts configured with this module.

# Sticky Manager Methods - General

The object pooling system is centrally controlled by the Sticky Manager.

Method	Description
GetOrCreateManager (int sceneHandle = 0)	This static method returns the current Sticky Manager instance for this scene. If one does not already exist, a new one is created. If the manager is not initialised, it will be initialised.  For multi-additive scenes, pass in the current scene handle e.g., gameObject.scene.handle.
Initialise()	Initialise the Sticky Manager. This is called automatically when GetOrCreatemanager() is called.
CheckCharacterHitByProjectile (	Has a Sticky3D character been hit by a projectile? Applies damage and impact force if hit. Invokes callbackOnHit if configured on hit character.

	Sticky3D Controller 1.2.5
Method	Description
Vector3 fromPosition, Vector3 direction, float distance, LayerMask collisionLayerMask, out RaycastHit hitInfo, StickyProjectileModule projectile, bool skipFastCheck)	
CheckObjectHitByBeam (Vector3 fromPosition, Vector3 direction, float distance, LayerMask collisionLayerMask, out RaycastHit hitInfo, StickyBeamModule beamModule, float hitDuration, bool skipFastCheck)	Has a beam hit?  1) A Sticky3D character?  2) A rigidbody with StickyDamageReceiver attached?  3) A non-trigger collider with a StickyDamageReceiver attached?  4) A regular non-trigger collider  If hit:  1) Applies damage and invokes callbackOnHit on hit character (if any)  2) Applies damage to StickyDamageReceiver and invokes callbackOnHit on hit receiver (if any)
CheckObjectHitByProjectile ( Vector3 fromPosition, Vector3 direction, float distance, LayerMask collisionLayerMask, out RaycastHit hitInfo, int sourceStickyID, StickyProjectileModule projectile, bool skipFastCheck)	Has a projectile hit?  1) A Sticky3D character?  2) A rigidbody with StickyDamageReceiver attached?  3) A rigidbody with StickyDynamicModule attached?  4) A non-trigger collider with a StickyDamageReceiver attached?  5) A regular non-trigger collider  If hit:  1) Apply damage and force and invoke callbackOnHit on hit character (if any)  2) Apply force on dynamic module (if any)  3) Apply damage and invoke callbackOnHit on hit damage receiver (if any)
GetHitOrMaxPoint ( Vector3 fromPosition, Vector3 direction, float distance, LayerMask collisionLayerMask, int sourceStickyID, bool isWeapon)	Get the point where we hit a non-trigger collider on an object, or a Sticky3D character. If nothing was hit, return the point at the distance in the desired direction. If isWeapon is true, on characters, only weapon hittable trigger colliders will be detected.

# Sticky Manager Methods – Ammo

These methods apply to using a AmmoTypes scriptable object.

Method	Description
GetAmmoDamageMultiplier	Get the Damage Multiplier for an ammo type.
(S3DAmmo.AmmoType ammoType)	
GetAmmoDamageMultiplier	Get the Damage Multiplier for an ammo type.
(int ammoTypeInt)	
GetAmmoImpactMultiplier	Get the (force) impact multiplier for an ammo type.
(S3DAmmo.AmmoType ammoType)	
GetAmmoImpactMultiplier	Get the (force) impact multiplier for an ammo type.
(int ammoTypeInt)	
SetAmmoTypes (S3DAmmoTypes	Set or update the list of (common) ammo types. Generally, only used
newAmmoTypes)	Internally. You would need a good reason to have to use this in your
	code. If in doubt, ask us.

## Sticky Manager Methods – StickyBeamModule

These methods apply to the StickyBeamModule which is used with the Sticky Manager pooling system.

Method	Description
virtual void DestroyBeam ()	Destroy the beam by cleaning up and returning it to the pool
virtual void DisableModule()	Temporarily disable the module. Typically called automatically from stickyManager.PauseBeams().
virtual void EnableModule()	Re-enable the module. Typically called automatically from stickyManager.ResumeBeams().
GetBeamPrefab (int beamPrefabID)	Returns the prefab for a beam module given its beam prefab ID.
GetOrCreateBeamPool (GameObject beamPrefab)	Get the beam pool for this prefab or create a new pool if one does not already exist. Return the beamPrefabID for the pool or StickyManager.NoPrefID (-1) if it fails. GetorCreateBeamPool (StickyBeamModule beamPrefab) is slightly faster. See also InstantiateBeam(igParms).
GetorCreateBeamPool (StickyBeamModule stickyBeamPrefab)	Get the beam pool for this prefab or create a new pool if one does not already exist. Return the beamPrefabID for the pool or StickyManager.NoPrefID (-1) if it fails. See also InstantiateBeam(igParms).
virtual uint Initialise (S3DInstantiateBeamParameters ibParms)	Initialise the beam module. This is automatically called from the StickyManager pooling system whenever it is spawned (instantiated) in the scene.
InstantiateBeam (ref S3DInstantiateBeamParameters ibParms)	Instantiates the beam with ID beamPrefabID at the position specified in world space and with the forwards and up directions specified. (ibParms.beamPrefabID is the ID sent back to each weapon after calling weapon.ReInitialiseWeapon() method).
PauseBeams()	Pause all Pooled Beams in the scene. This is useful when pausing your game.
ResumeBeams()	Resume all Pooled beams in the scene. This is useful when unpausing your game.

## Sticky Manager Methods - Sticky Decal Module

These methods apply to the StickyDecalModule which is used with the Sticky Manager pooling system

Method	Description
CreateDecalPools (S3DDecals s3dDecals)	Create any Decal pools that have not already been created using a set of StickyDecalModule prefabs.
CreateDecalPools (S3DDecals s3dDecals, int[] decalPrefabIDs)	Create any Decal pools that have not already been created using a set of StickyDecalModule prefabs. Populate a pre-created array of S3DDecalTemplate prefabIDs. The length of decalPrefabIDs must match number of decal slots.
DestroyDecals (GameObject decalParent)	Destroy (return to pool) any decals that are children of the given gameobject.
GetDecalPrefab (int decalPrefabID)	Returns the prefab for a decal (object) module given its decal prefab ID.
GetOrCreateDecalPool (StickyDecalModule decalPrefab)	Get the decal pool for this prefab or create a new pool if one does not already exist. Return the decalPrefabID for the pool or StickyManager.NoPrefabID (-1) if it fails.  See also InstantiateDecal(idParms).

	<b>,</b>
Method	Description
GetOrCreateDecalPool (GameObject decalPrefab)	Get the decal pool for this prefab or create a new pool if one does not already exist. Return the decalPrefabID for the pool or StickyManager.NoPrefID (-1) if it fails.  GetorCreateDecalPool (StickyDecalModule decalPrefab) is slightly faster.  See also InstantiateDecal(idParms).
GetProjectileDecalPrefabID (int projectilePrefabID)	Returns the decalPrefabID for a decal template from a list of default decals associated with a projectile. If the projectilePrebID is not valid, or there are no matching deal module pools, the decalPrefabID will return StickyManager.NoPrefabID (-1).
InstantiateDecal (ref S3DInstantiateDecalParameters idParms)	Instantiates the decal with ID decalPrefabID at the position specified in world space (decalPrefabID is the ID sent back in idParms).
PauseDecals()	Pause all Pooled Decals in the scene
ResumeDecals()	Resume all Pooled Decals in the scene

# Sticky Manager Methods – Sticky Dynamic Module

These methods apply to the StickyDynamicModule which is used with the Sticky Manager pooling system.

Method	Description
GetDynamicPrefab (int dynamicPrefabID)	Returns the prefab for a dynamic (object) module given its dynamic prefab ID.
GetOrCreateDynamicPool (StickyDynamicModule stickyDynamicPrefab)	Get the dynamic object pool for this prefab or create a new pool if one does not already exist. Return the dynamicPrefabID for the pool or StickyManager.NoPrefabID (-1) if it fails.  See also InstantiateDynamicObject(idParms).
GetOrCreateDynamicPool (GameObject dynamicPrefab)	Get the dynamic pool for this prefab or create a new pool if one does not already exist. Return the dynamicPrefabID for the pool or StickyManager.NoPrefID (-1) if it fails. GetOrCreateDynamicPool (StickyDynamicModule dynamicPrefab) is slightly faster. See also InstantiateDynamic(igParms).
InstantiateDynamicObject (ref S3DInstantiateDynamicObjectParameters idParms)	Instantiate a dynamic object in the scene using an instance from the pool if possible.
PauseDynamicObjects()	Pause all Pooled Dynamic Objects in the scene
ResumeDynamicObjects()	Resume all Pooled Dynamic Objects in the scene

## Sticky Manager Methods – StickyEffectsModule

These methods apply to the StickyEffectsModule which is used with the Sticky Manager pooling system.

Method	Description
InstantiateEffectsObject (ref	Instantiates the effects object with ID effectsObjectPrefabID at the
S3DInstantiateEffectsObjectParameters	position specified in world space.
ieParms)	(effectsObjectPrefabID is the ID sent back in ieParms).
CreateEffectsPools (S3DEffectsSet s3dEffectsSet, int[] effectsPrefabIDs)	Create any Effects pools that have not already been created using a set of StickyEffectsModule prefabs. Populate a pre-created array of S3DEffectsTemplate prefabIDs. The length of effectsPrefabIDs must match number of effects slots.
GetEffectsPrefab (int effectsPrefabID)	Returns the prefab for an effects (object) module given its effects prefab ID.

Method	Description
GetOrCreateEffectsPool (StickyEffectsModule effectsPrefab)	Get the effects object pool for this prefab or create a new pool if one does not already exist. Return the effectsPrefabID for the pool or StickyManager.NoPrefabID (-1) if it fails. See also InstantiateEffectsObject(ieParms).
GetOrCreateEffectsPool (GameObject effectsPrefab)	Get the effects pool for this prefab or create a new pool if one does not already exist. Return the effectsPrefabID for the pool or StickyManager.NoPrefID (-1) if it fails. GetorCreateEffectsPool (StickyEffectsModule effectsPrefab) is slightly faster. See also InstantiateEffects(igParms).
GetOrCreateSoundFXPool (StickyEffectsModule effectsPrefab)	Get the Sound FX object pool for this prefab or create a new pool if one does not already exist. Return the effectsPrefabID for the pool or StickyManager.NoPrefabID (-1) if it fails.  See also InstantiateSoundFX(sfxParms).
GetOrCreateSoundFXPool (GameObject effectsPrefab)	Get the Sound FX pool for this prefab or create a new pool if one does not already exist. Return the effectsPrefabID for the pool or StickyManager.NoPrefID (-1) if it fails.  GetorCreateSoundFXPool (StickyEffectsModule effectsPrefab) is slightly faster.  See also InstantiateSoundFX(sfxParms).
InstantiateGenericObject (ref S3DInstantiateGenericObjectParameters igParms)	Instantiates the generic object with ID genericModulePrefabID at the position specified in world space.
Landa di da Carra de Vivas	Lada et al a consta d'Oral Effect Maril la Biblio e dei
InstantiateSoundFX (ref S3DInstantiateSoundFXParameters sfxParms, AudioClip audioClip)	Instantiate a pooled StickyEffectsModule which contains an audio source. If audioClip is null, the existing one (if there is one) attached to the prefab will be used.  See also GetorCreateEffectsPool().
PauseEffectsObjects()	Pause all Pooled Effects Objects in the scene
ResumeEffectsObjects()	Resume all Pooled Effects Objects in the scene

# Sticky Manager Methods – StickyGenericModule

These methods apply to the StickyGenericModule which is used with the Sticky Manager pooling system. Virtual methods can be overridden to customise the behaviour of the StickyGenericModule. It is an advanced feature and generally is not required.

Method	Description
GetGenericPrefab (int genericPrefabID)	Returns the prefab for a generic module given its generic prefab ID.
GetOrCreateGenericPool (GameObject genericObjectPrefab)	Get the generic pool for this prefab or create a new pool if one does not already exist. Return the genericObjectPrefabID for the pool or StickyManager.NoPrefID (-1) if it fails. GetorCreateGenericPool (StickyGenericModule genericObjectPrefab) is slightly faster. See also InstantiateGenericObject(igParms).
GetorCreateGenericPool	Get the generic pool for this prefab or create a new pool if one does
(StickyGenericModule	not already exist. Return the genericObjectPrefabID for the pool or
genericObjectPrefab)	StickyManager.NoPrefID (-1) if it fails.
	See also InstantiateGenericObject(igParms).
PauseGenericObjects()	Pause all pooled Generic Objects in the scene. This is useful when
	pausing your game.
ResumeGenericObjects()	Resume all pooled Generic Objects in the scene. This is useful when unpausing your game.

Method	Description
virtual uint Initialise (S3DInstantiateGenericObjectParameters	Initialise the module after it has been activated in the pool managed by StickyManager.
igParms)	, , ,
virtual void DestroyGenericObject()	Destroy (deactivate) the Generic Module. Returns it to the pool.
virtual void DisableModule()	Temporarily disable the module. Typically called automatically from
	stickyManager.PauseGenericObjects().
virtual void EnableModule()	Re-enable the module. Typically called automatically from
	stickyManager.ResumeGenericObjects().

## Sticky Manager Methods – StickyPopupModule

These methods apply to the StickyPopupModule which is used with the Sticky Manager pooling system. Virtual methods can be overridden to customise the behaviour of the StickyPopupModule. It is an advanced feature and generally is not required.

Method	Description
virtual int AddMessage (S3DPopupMessage popupMessage)	Add a message to the popup. Will return the index in the zero-based list, or -1 if it fails.
virtual void DeactivatePopup()	Before the popup is deactivate / destroyed and returned to the pool, this cleans up the state of the items. If there was an interactive-enabled object, inform that object that the popup is no longer active.
virtual void FaceCamera()	Keep the popup facing the camera. This gets automatically called each frame from Update(). Override this is you want the canvas to rotate or move specifically for your game.
virtual S3DPopupMessage GetPopupMessage (string messageName)	Get the first message with a matching name (is case sensitive).  WARNING: This is likely to impact Garbage Collection.  Where possible use GetPopupMessageByIndex()
virtual S3DPopupMessage GetPopupMessageByIndex (int messageIndex)	Get the message using the zero-based index in the list of messages.
virtual void Hideltem (int itemNumber)	Hide the option or item in the popup. The itemNumber must be in the range of 1 to the NumberOfItems.
virtual void HideMessage (S3DPopupMessage popupMessage)	Attempt to hide the message on the popup.
virtual bool InitialisePopup()	Initialise the items in the Popup
virtual void SetCamera (Camera camera)	Sets the world camera of the canvas so that the popup can face the camera.
virtual void SetCharacter (StickyControlModule stickyControlModule)	Set the character reference for this popup. This enables you to discover which character is showing the popup when an item is clicked. It informs the character this popup is active and parents itself to the character if IsReparented is enabled on the popup prefab. If isPauseWeaponsFiring is true, weapon firing will be paused on the character. See also SetCharacterIndirect().
virtual void SetCharacterIndirect (StickyControlModule indirectCharacter)	Set a reference to a character which indirectly showed this popup. For example, when a character engages with a StickySocket which then shows this popup. The popup may be parented to the Socket, but not the character. This enables you to discover which character is showing the popup. when an item is clicked. It informs the character this popup is active. If isPauseWeaponsFiring is true, weapon firing will be paused on the character. See also SetCharacter().

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Method	Description
virtual void SetInteractiveObject	Set the interactive-enabled object reference for this popup. This enables you
(StickyInteractive	to discover which interactive-enabled object is showing the popup when an
stickyInteractive)	item is clicked. It informs the interactive object this popup is active and
the state of Court of Court	parents itself to the object if Is Reparented is enabled on the popup prefab.
virtual void SetItem (int	Set the option or item in the popup. The itemNumber must be in the range of
itemNumber, bool isShown, bool	1 to the NumberOfItems.
isEnabled = true) virtual void SetItem (int	Sat the ention or item in the nanua. The itemNumber must be in the range of
itemNumber, string itemText,	Set the option or item in the popup. The itemNumber must be in the range of 1 to the NumberOfItems.
bool isShown = true, bool	To avoid setting the strings at runtime, you could have them preset in the
isEnabled = true)	prefab.
virtual void SetItemAction (int	Assign a callback method for an item. This enables you to call your own game
itemNumber, CallbackOnItemClick	code when an item is clicked. The itemNumber must be in the range of 1 to
onItemClickedMethod)	the NumberOfitems.
,	Your custom method must take three parameters. E.g.
	'
	public void ItemClicked (StickyPopupModule stickyPopupModule, int
	itemNumber, StickyInteractive stickyInteractive)
	{
	}
	See Demos\scripts\SamplePopupOptions.cs for an example.
virtual void SetMessageLabelText	Attempt to update the text of a message label.
(S3DPopupMessage	
popupMessage, string	
newLabelText)	
virtual void SetMessageValueText	Attempt to update the text of a message value,
(S3DPopupMessage	
popupMessage, string newValueText)	
•	Show the ention or item in the nanua. The itemNumber must be in the range
virtual void ShowItem (int itemNumber)	Show the option or item in the popup. The itemNumber must be in the range of 1 to the NumberOfItems.
virtual void ShowMessage	Attempt to Show the message in the popup.
(S3DPopupMessage	Accompt to snow the message in the popul.
popupMessage)	
hobabiticssage)	

# Sticky Manager Properties

Read Only properties are marked in the following table with [R].

Property	Description
IsInitialised	[R] Is the StickyManager initialised?
IsBeamObjectsPaused	[R] Are all the beams in the scene currently paused? See also PauseBeams() and ResumeBeams().
IsGenericObjectsPaused	[R] Are all the generic objects in the scene currently paused? See also PauseGenericObjects() and ResumeGenericObjects().
BeamTemplatesList	[R] Get the list of the Beam Templates. To modify, use the public API Methods provided.
GenericObjectTemplatesList	[R] Get the list of the Generic Object Templates. To modify, use the public API Methods provided.

### Sticky Move Module Methods – General

These API methods work with a Sticky Move Module. See also the "Sticky Move Module" chapter.

Method	Description
Initialise()	Use this for initialisation if initialiseOnAwake is false.
PauseModule()	Attempt to pause the module.
UnpauseModule()	Attempt to unpause the module.

## Sticky Move Module Methods – Move

These API methods work with a Sticky Move Module. See also the "Sticky Move Module" chapter.

Method	Description
CancelMoveTo (bool isNotify)	Cancel the MoveTo operation.
HideMoveTarget()	Attempt to hide the position of the Move Target. See also ShowMoveTarget().
MoveTo (Vector3	Attempt to move toward a world space position.
moveToPosition)	
MoveTo (Transform	Attempt to move toward a transform position.
moveToTransform)	
MoveToWithOffset (Transform	Attempt to move toward a transform position with a local space offset.
moveToTransform, Vector3	
offset)	
SetMoveUpdateType	Set the move update type to determine when move operations take place.
(SMMUpdateType	
newMoveUpdateType)	
ShowMoveTarget()	Attempt to show the position of the Move Target. This can be useful for
	debugging at runtime. See also HideMoveTarget()
Sprint()	If moving, attempt to sprint toward the target.
Walk()	If moving, attempt to walk toward the target.

### Sticky Move Module Methods – Rotate

These API methods work with a Sticky Move Module. See also the "Sticky Move Module" chapter.

Method	Description
CancelRotateTo (bool isNotify)	Cancel the RotateTo operation.
RotateTo (Vector3 direction)	Attempt to face the given world space direction.
RotateTo (Transform rotateToTransform, Vector3 offsetRotation)	Attempt to face the given transform direction with the relative offset rotation expressed in Euler angles (degrees).
SetRotateUpdateType (SMMUpdateType newRotateUpdateType)	Set the rotate update type to determine when rotate operations take place.

#### Sticky Move Module Properties

Read Only properties are marked in the following table with [R].

Method	Description
DistanceToTarget	[R] When moving, the current distance to the target in metres.
IsInitialised	[R] Has the module been initialised?
IsModulePaused	[R] Is the module currently paused?
IsMoving	[R] Is the module attempting to move the character toward the target?
IsRotating	[R] Is the module attempting to rotate the character toward the target?

Method	Description
MoveUpdateType	Get or set the timing of move operations.
RotateUpdateType	Get or set the timing of rotate operations.
TargetTransform	[R] If moving, the transform (if any) the character is moving toward.
TargetOffset	[R] If moving, and there is a target transform, the offset from this transform in the local space of that transform.
TargetPosition	[R] If moving, the world space target position.

### Sticky Move Module – Call Backs

These (delegates) are used when you wish to call a custom method in your own game code. Be careful not to hold references to objects passed as parameters outside your method otherwise Unity's garbage collector may not be able to release some things from memory.

Subscribe to callbacks using the += MyMethod notation and remember to unsubscribe using -= MyMethod to avoid any memory leaks. You may want to unsubscribe in OnDisable() or OnDestroy() events.

Event	Description
CallbackOnReachedMoveTarget callbackOnReachedMoveTarget	Subscribe to this to receive notification when the target position has been reached.
CallbackOnReachedRotateTarget callbackOnReachedRotateTarget	Subscribe to this to receive notification when the target rotation or direction to face has been reached.

### Sticky Shapes Methods - General

These API methods work with a Sticky Shapes component. See also the "Sticky Shapes" chapter.

Method	Description
GetNonS3DAnimator()	Attempt to get the animator on a character that does not use the Sticky3D Controller component.
GetSkinnedMeshRenderers (List <skinnedmeshrenderer> smRendererList)</skinnedmeshrenderer>	Attempt to populate the list with skinned mesh renderers that contain blendshapes
GetStickyControlModule()	Get the StickyControlModule attached to this StickyShapesModule.
Initialise()	Initialise the Sticky Shapes Module. Has no effect if called multiple times.
PauseShapes()	Attempt to pause the module.
ReinitialiseEyes()	Attempt to reinitialise the eyes and validate them.
RemoveListeners()	Call this when you wish to remove any custom event listeners, like after creating them in code and then destroying the object. You could add this to your game play OnDestroy code.
SetIsNonS3DController (bool isNotAttached)	Set if this component is attached to a non-Sticky3D Controller. i.e., it is using a 3rd party character controller.
SetNonS3DAnimator (Animator _animator)	Attempt to set the animator for this humanoid character. You might need to set this manually if the Animator component is not on the same gameobject as the StickyShapesModule.
UnpauseShapes()	Attempt to unpause the module.
ValidateEye (S3DEye eye, HumanBodyBones eyeBone)	Attempt to validate an eye bone on a humanoid character.

### Sticky Shapes Methods - Blendshapes

Method	Description
GetBlendShape (int blendShapeId)	Attempt to get a blendshape from the current list
GetBlendShapeIdByNameHash (int blendShapeNameHash)	Attempt to get the BlendShapeId by supplying a hashed name of a blendshape.
GetBlendShapeId (string blendShapeName)	Attempt to find the unique BlendShapeId that matches the blendshape name.
GetBlendShapeNameHash (int blendShapeId)	Attempt to get the blendshape hashed name using the blendShapeld. If not, return 0.
GetBlendShapesFromModel (List <s3dblendshape> shapeList)</s3dblendshape>	Attempt to populate the list with blendshapes from the model.
GetBlendShapeNamesFromModel (List <string> nameList)</string>	Attempt to populate the list with blendshape names from the model.
ValidateBlendShapes (out bool hasChanged)	Attempt to validate the list of blendshapes against the ones on the model. This includes checking that the hashed names match the blendshape names on the model. The hasChanged parm will be true if any of the S3DBlendShapes are changed as a result of the validation.

# Sticky Shapes Methods - Blink

These API methods work with a Sticky Shapes component. See also the "Sticky Shapes" chapter.

Method	Description
SetBlinkValue (float blinkValue)	Attempt to set the blink value, in the range 0.0 to 1.0 for all the blendshapes
	associated with this emotion.
StartBlinking()	Attempt to start blinking.
StopBlinking()	Attempt to stop blinking.
RefreshBlink()	Refresh validation state of blink emotions and blendshapes. Call after making
	any changes to the emotions or blendshapes associate with blinking.
ResyncBlinkShapes()	Attempt to resync all blink blendshapes with the blendshapes from those
	defined on the BlendShapes tab.

## Sticky Shapes Methods – Eye Movement

These API methods work with a Sticky Shapes component. See also the "Sticky Shapes" chapter.

Method	Description
StartEyeMovement()	Attempt to start eye movement.
StopEyeMovement()	Attempt to stop eye movement.

### Sticky Shapes Methods - Emotions

Method	Description
AddEmotion (S3DEmotion emotion)	Attempt to add a new emotion to the list.
GetEmotion (int emotionId)	Get an emotion given the emotionId or the guidHash.
GetEmotion (S3DReactEmotion reactEmotion)	Get an emotion given a reactEmotion.
GetEmotionByName (string emotionName)	Attempt to get an emotion using the emotionName. Use sparingly as it could impact GC.
GetEmotionNames (List <string> nameList)</string>	Attempt to populate the list with emotion names from the Emotions tab.

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Method	Description
GetEmotionByNumber (int	Attempt to get an emotion according the numeric order it appears in the list on
emotionNumber)	the Emotion tab.
GetEmotionHoldDuration	Get the appropriate hold duration for a Reaction stage.
(S3DEmotion emotion, int	WARNING: For the sake of performance, assumes the emotion is not null.
reactionStageInt)	
GetEnabledEmotion	Get an enable (in use) emotion, given a reactEmotion.
(S3DReactEmotion	· · · ·
reactEmotion, out S3DEmotion	
emotion)	
IsEmotionEnabled (S3DEmotion	Is the emotion enabled (in use)?
emotion)	,
IsEmotionEnabled	Is the emotion enabled (in use) for this reactEmotion?
(S3DReactEmotion	is the emotion emotion (in ase) for this reasternions.
reactEmotion)	
PlayEmotion (int	Play an emotion at the regular speed according to the numeric order it appears
emotionNumber)	in the list on the Emotions tab.
PlayEmotion (S3DEmotion	
emotion)	Play an emotion at the regular speed.
·	After a delevin accorde attendat to play an amotion
PlayEmotionDelayed	After a delay in seconds, attempt to play an emotion.
(S3DEmotion emotion, float	
delayTime)	
RefreshVOXEmotions()	Refresh the list which contains the emotions randomly selected when speech
	audio is playing. Emotions are stored here as the EmotionNumber or 1-based
	index in the list of emotions on the Emotions tab.
ReinitialiseEmotions()	Reinitialise the list of emotions. Call this if manually adding to or deleting from
	the list of emotions.
ResyncEmotions()	Attempt to resync all emotion shapes with the blendshapes from those defined
	on the BlendShapes tab.
StartEmotion (S3DEmotion	Attempt to start an emotion
emotion)	
StartEmotion (string	Attempt to start the first emotion with the given name. Use sparingly as it could
emotionName)	impact GC. Where possible use StartEmotion(s3dEmotion). See also
	GetEmotionByName(emotionName).
StartEmotion (int	Attempt to start an emotion in the numeric order it appears in the list on the
emotionNumber)	Emotion tab.
StartEmotionDelayed	After a delay in seconds, attempt to start an emotion.
(S3DEmotion emotion, float	
delayTime)	
StartEmotionInstantly (int	Attempt to start an emotion instantly in the numeric order it appears in the list
emotionNumber)	on the Emotion tab.
StartEmotionInstantly	Attempt to start an emotion instantly in the numeric order it appears in the list
(S3DEmotion emotion)	on the Emotion tab.
StopEmotion (S3DEmotion	Attempt to stop an emotion.
emotion)	
StopEmotion (string	Attempt to stop the first emotion with the given name. Use sparingly as it could
emotionName)	impact GC. Where possible use StopEmotion(s3dEmotion). See also
,	GetEmotionByName(emotionName).
StopEmotion(int	Attempt to stop an emotion in the numeric order it appears in the list on the
emotionNumber)	Emotion tab.
StopEmotionInstantly	Attempt to stop an emotion instantly.
(S3DEmotion emotion)	
(SSE EMOCION CHIOCION)	I .

Method	Description
StopEmotionInstantly (int	Attempt to stop an emotion instantly in the numeric order it appears in the list
emotionNumber)	on the Emotion tab.

# Sticky Shapes Methods - Phonemes

Method	Description
AddPhoneme (S3DPhoneme	Add a phoneme to the list on the Phoneme tab.
phoneme)	
AddSpeechAudio	Add a speech audio to the list on the Phoneme tab.
(S3DSpeechAudio speechAudio)	
DeleteSpeechAudioByNumber	Attempt to delete a speech audio from the list on the Phoneme tab. Typically
(int speechAudioNumber)	you should not try to remove speech audios while other speech audios may be
	playing on this character.
GetPhonemeAudioSource()	Get the current audioSource used to play the speech audioclips
GetPhonemeByName (string	Attempt to get a phoneme using the phonemeName. Use sparingly as it could
phonemeName)	impact GC.
GetPhonemeByNumber (int	Attempt to get a phoneme according to the numeric order it appears in the list
phonemeNumber)	on the Phonetics tab.
GetSpeechAudioByNumber (int	Attempt to get a speechAudio according to the numeric order
speechAudioNumber)	
MuteSpeech	Attempt to turn off speech audio.
PlayPhoneme (int	Play a phoneme at the regular speed according to the numeric order it appears
phonemeNumber)	in the list on the Phonetics tab.
PlayPhoneme (S3DPhoneme	Play a phoneme at the regular speed.
phoneme)	
PlaySpeechAudio (int	Attempt to play a speech audio clip and the phoneme shapes in the numeric
speechAudioNumber)	order it appears in the list on the Phonetics tab.
PlaySpeechAudio	Attempt to play a speech audio clip and the phoneme shapes.
(S3DSpeechAudio speechAudio)	
PlaySpeechAudioDelayed	After a delay in seconds, attempt to play a speech audio clip along with the
(S3DSpeechAudio speechAudio,	phonemes and/or emotions.
float delayTime)	
ReinitialisePhonemes()	Reinitialise the list of Phonemes.
ResyncPhonemes()	Attempt to resync all phoneme shapes with the blendshapes from those
	defined on the BlendShapes tab.
SetPhonemeAudioSource	Set the audioSource used to play the speech audioclips.
(AudioSource newAudioSource)	
SetSpeechAudioStartTime (float	Set the start time where the next clip will begin playing. It will be reset when
newStartTime)	the clip is stops playing. This will override Clip Offset (Start) in the SpeechAudio
2	settings.
StartPhoneme (S3DPhoneme	Attempt to start a phoneme.
phoneme)	
StartPhoneme (string	Attempt to start the first phoneme with the given name. Use sparingly as it
phonemeName)	could impact GC. Where possible use StartPhoneme(s3dPhoneme). See also
Chart Dhan anns a limb	GetPhonemeByName(emotionName).
StartPhoneme (int	Attempt to start a phoneme in the numeric order it appears in the list on the Phonetics tab.
phonemeNumber)	
StartPhonemeInstantly (int	Attempt to start a phoneme instantly in the numeric order it appears in the list on the Phonetics tab.
phonemeNumber) StartPhonemeInstantly	
(S3DPhoneme phoneme)	Attempt to start a phoneme instantly in the numeric order it appears in the list on the Phonetics tab.
(330Filoneme piloneme)	טוו נווכ רווטוופנונג נמט.

Method	Description
StopPhoneme (S3DPhoneme phoneme)	Attempt to stop a phoneme.
StopPhoneme (string phonemeName)	Attempt to stop the first phoneme with the given name. Use sparingly as it could impact GC. Where possible use StopPhoneme(s3dPhoneme). See also GetPhonemeByName(phonemeName).
StopPhoneme (int phonemeNumber)	Attempt to stop a phoneme in the numeric order it appears in the list on the Phonetics tab.
StopPhonemeInstantly (S3DPhoneme phoneme)	Attempt to stop a phoneme instantly in the numeric order it appears in the list on the Phonetics tab.
StopPhonemeInstantly (int phoneNumber)	Attempt to stop a phoneme instantly in the numeric order it appears in the list on the Phonetics tab.
StopSpeechAudio (int speechAudioNumber)	Attempt to stop a speech audio clip from playing based on the numeric order it appears in the list on the Phonetics tab.
StopSpeechAudio (S3DSpeechAudio)	Attempt to stop a speech audio from playing.
ToggleSpeechAudio()	Attempt to mute or enable speech audio.
UnMuteSpeech()	Attempt to enable speech audio.

# Sticky Shapes Methods - Engage

Method	Description
CharacterEnter (StickyControlModule nearbyCharacter)	A S3D character has been detected nearby entering the proximity area. Nearby characters must be initialised to be considered.
CharacterExit (StickyControlModule nearbyCharacter)	A nearby character has departed the proximity area. Characters must be initialised to be considered.
AddReaction (S3DReact react)	Attempt to add a new reaction to the list
S3DReact GetReaction (int guidHash)	Attempt to get a reaction using the unique guidHash or ID
GetReactionByName (string reactName)	Attempt to get a reaction using the reactName. Use sparingly as it could impact GC.
GetReactionByNumber (int reactNumber)	Attempt to get a reaction according the numeric order it appears in the list on the Engage tab under Reactions.
PlayEnterReaction (S3DReact react)	Attempt to play an enter reaction.
PlayEnterReaction (string reactName)	Attempt to play the first enter reaction with the given name. Use sparingly as it could impact GC. Where possible use PlayEnterReaction(s3dReact). See also GetReactionByName(reactName).
PlayEnterReaction (int reactNumber)	Attempt to play an enter reaction (in the numeric order it appears in the list of enter reactions on the Engage tab) when another comes nearby.
PlayExitReaction (S3DReact react)	Attempt to play an exit reaction.
PlayExitReaction (string reactName)	Attempt to play the first exit reaction with the given name. Use sparingly as it could impact GC. Where possible use PlayExitReaction(s3dReact). See also GetReactionByName(reactName).
PlayExitReaction (int reactNumber)	Attempt to play an enter reaction (in the numeric order it appears in the list of enter reactions on the Engage tab) when another departs from nearby.
PlayReaction (S3DReact reaction, S3DReactEmotion reactEmotion)	Play an emotional reaction.

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Method	Description
PlayReaction (S3DReact reaction, S3DReactSpeechAudio	Play a speech audio reaction.
reactSpeechAudio)	
ReinitialiseReactions()	Prepare the character to start reacting to others in the scene. See also StartReacting() and StopReacting().
ResyncReactions()	Attempt to resync all react emotions with the emotions from those defined on the Emotions tab.
SetReactDistance (float newDistance)	Set the distance the character starts to react to others in the scene.
StartReacting()	Start reacting to others in the scene.
StopReacting (bool isInstant)	Stop reacting to others in the scene.
StopEnterReaction (S3DReact react)	Attempt to stop a reaction that was triggered when another came nearby.
StopEnterReaction (string reactName)	Attempt to stop the first reaction with the given name that was triggered when another came nearby. Use sparingly as it could impact GC. Where possible use StopEnterReaction(s3dReact). See also GetReactionByName(reactName).
StopEnterReaction (int	Attempt to stop a reaction (in the numeric order it appears in the list of
reactNumber)	reactions on the Engage tab) that was triggered when another came nearby.
StopEnterReactionInstantly (S3DReact react)	Attempt to stop a reaction instantly that was triggered when another came nearby.
StopEnterReactionInstantly (int reactNumber)	Attempt to stop a reaction instantly (in the numeric order it appears in the list of reactions on the Engage tab) that was triggered by another coming nearby.
StopExitReaction (S3DReact react)	Attempt to stop a reaction that was triggered when another departed from nearby.
StopExitReaction (string reactName)	Attempt to stop the first reaction with the given name that was triggered when another departed from nearby. Use sparingly as it could impact GC. Where possible use StopExitReaction(s3dReact). See also GetReactionByName(reactName).
StopExitReaction (int reactNumber)	Attempt to stop a reaction (in the numeric order it appears in the list of reactions on the Engage tab) that was triggered when another departs from nearby.
StopExitReactionInstantly (S3DReact react)	Attempt to stop a reaction instantly that was triggered when another departs from nearby.
StopExitReactionInstantly (int reactNumber)	Attempt to stop a reaction instantly (in the numeric order it appears in the list of reactions on the Engage tab) that was triggered by another departs from nearby.

# Sticky Shapes Properties - General

Read Only properties are marked in the following table with [R].

Property	Description
GetLeftEye	[R] Get the left eye.
GetRightEye	[R] Get the right eye.
GetSkinnedMeshRendererList	[R] Get the current list of skinned mesh renderers that contain blendshapes.
IsShapesModuleInitialised	[R] Is the StickyShapeModule initialised?
IsNonS3DController	Get or set if the component is attached to a non-Sticky3D Controller. i.e., it is
	using a 3rd party character controller.

## Sticky Shapes Properties – Blendshapes

Read Only properties are marked in the following table with [R].

Property	Description
GetBlendShapeList	[R] Is the StickyShapeModule initialised?
NumValidBlendShapes	[R] Get the last number of blendshapes deemed valid.

## Sticky Shapes Properties - Emotions

Read Only properties are marked in the following table with [R].

Property	Description
GetBlink	[R] Get the blink emotion
GetEmotionList	[R] Get the current list of emotions.
IsBlinkingEnabled	[R] Is the blinking action currently enabled?

## Sticky Shapes Properties - Phonemes

Read Only properties are marked in the following table with [R].

Property	Description
IsEyeMovementEnabled	[R] Is eye movement currently enabled?
NumberOfEmotions	[R] Get the number of emotions on the Emotions tab.

## Sticky Shapes Properties - Engage

Read Only properties are marked in the following table with [R].

Property	Description
GetReactList	[R] Get the current list of reactions.
IsReactingEnabled	[R] Is the character ready to react to others with emotions or speech?
IsReactInitialised	[R] Is the character ready to react?
ProximityCollider	Get or set the proximity collider. It must be on a child gameobject within the prefab.
ReactDistance	Get or set the distance the character reacts to others nearby. Assumes the collider is a sphere or box collider.

## Sticky Socket Methods

Method	Description
CheckSocket (GameObject componentGO, ref StickySocket stickySocket)	Static method. If the gameobject doesn't have StickySocket component, add it now.  USAGE: StickySocket stickySocket; if (StickySocket.CheckSocket(myGameObject, ref stickySocket) { }
GetActivePopupID()	Return the Instance ID of the active StickyPopupModule. If there isn't one, return 0. See also SetActivePopupID().
GetDefaultPopupPosition()	Get the world space position for the default popup module.
GetEmptyPopupPosition()	Get the world space position for the popup module when the socket is empty.
GetLastItem()	Get the S3DStoreltem of the last item that was added. Ignores items that have already been removed.
GetLastItemID ()	Get the StoreItemID of the last item that was added. Ignores items that have already been removed.
GetLastInteractiveID()	Get the StickyInteractiveID of the last item that was added. Ignores items that have already been removed.

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Method	Description
GetItem (int storeItemID)	Get the store item given a S3DStoreItem.StoreItemId.
GetItemByInteractiveID (int stickyInteractiveID)	Get the store item given a stickyInteractiveID.
GetItemID (int	Get the StoreItemID of an interactive-enabled object using the
stickyInteractiveID)	StickyInteractiveID. Returns the StoreItemID or S3DStoreItem.NoStoreItem.
GetItemID (StickyInteractive stashItem)	Get the StoreItemID of an interactive-enabled object using a StickyInteractive item. Returns the StoreItemID or S3DStoreItem.NoStoreItem.
GetPermittedTags()	Get the 32-bit mask use to detemine which interactive-enabled objects are permitted to be attached to the socket. See the S3DInteractiveTags scriptableobject.
RemoveInteractive (int stickyInteractiveID, bool isRestoreColliders, bool isRestoreGravity)	Attempt to remove the StickyInteractive object from the socket.
SetDefaultPopupPrefab (StickyPopupModule stickyPopupModulePrefab)	Set default StickyPopupModule to display when a character engages with this socket.
SetEmptyPopupPrefab (StickyPopupModule stickyPopupModulePrefab)	Set StickyPopupModule to display when a character enagages with this socket when empty or has no iteractive objects attached.
SetPermittedTags (int bitMask)	The 32-bit mask use to detemine which interactive-enabled objects are permitted to be attached to the socket. Defaults to ~0 (Everything). See the S3DInteractiveTags scriptableobject.
SetInteractiveTags (S3DInteractiveTags newInteractiveTags)	The common interactive tags scriptableobject used to determine which interactive objects can be added to this socket.
SetPopupCamera (Camera camera)	Sets which camera, if any the current popup will face.
ShowPopup()	Show the default or empty socket popup.
ShowPopupFromCharacter (StickyControlModule indirectCharacter)	Show the default or empty socket popup, indirectly triggered by a (player) character. Typically used when a character is looking at a socket, and brings up a popup menu. The popup will be parented to the socket but the popup will know the character indirectly triggered it.

Virtual methods can be overridden to customise the behaviour of the Sticky Socket objects. It is an advanced feature and generally is not required. Most of the time you can simply add your own methods, call APIs, and/or set properties with the various on [Event]s included and configurable in the editor.

Virtual Method	Description
virtual int AddItem	Attempt to add an interactive-enabled object to the socket. Returns the
(StickyInteractive	storeItemID for the item attached to the socket. If it is not added,
itemToAdd)	S3DStoreItem.NoStoreItem is returned.
	If required, you can override this method.
	public override int AddItem (StickyInteractive itemToAdd)
	{
	Int _storeItemID = base. AddItem (itemToAdd);
	// Do stuff here
	return _storeltemID:

Virtual Method	Description
virtual bool CanAddItem (StickyInteractive itemToCheck)	Check to see if the interactive-enabled object is eligible to be added to the socket. NOTE: To add the item, see AddItem().
virtual void DestroyItem (S3DStoreItem storeItem)	Destroy the Storeltem.
virtual void DestroyItem (int storeItemID)	Destroy the store item given a S3DStoreItem.StoreItemId.
virtual void DestroySocket()	Safely destroy the StickySocket.  1. Return active popup (if any) to the pool  2. Destroy the actual gameobject
virtual void Initialise()	Initialise the StickySocket component at runtime. Has no effect if already initialised. If you wish to override this in a child (inherited) class you almost always will want to call the base method first. public override void Initialise () {     base. Initialise ();     // Do stuff here }
virtual void Removeltem (int storeItemID)	Remove an interactive-enabled object from the StickySocket given the StoreItem ID.

#### Sticky Socket Call Backs

These (delegates) are used when you wish to call a custom method in your own game code. For example, when the character clicks on an item in a popup. Be careful not to hold references to objects passed as parameters outside your method otherwise Unity's garbage collector may not be able to release some things from memory.

Subscribe to callbacks using the += MyMethod notation and remember to unsubscribe using -= MyMethod to avoid any memory leaks. You may want to unsubscribe in OnDisable() or OnDestroy() events.

Method field	Description
CallbackOnPopupItemClicked	The name of your custom method that is called immediately after a popup
callbackOnPopupClicked	item is clicked and the popup is closed.

### Sticky Socket Properties

Read Only properties are marked in the following table with [R].

Property	Description
DefaultPopupPrefabID	[R] The prefabID for the pooled generic module assigned by StickyManager.
EmptyPopupPrefabID	[R] The prefabID for the pooled generic module assigned by StickyManager when the socket is empty or has no interactive objects attached.
IsInitialised	[R] Has the module been initialised?
NumberOfSocketedItems	[R] The number of interactive objects attached to this socket.
SocketID	[R] The identifier for the StickySocket. Only available after it has been initialised.

#### Sticky Task Module Methods – General

These API methods work with a Sticky Task Module. See also the "Sticky Task Module" chapter.

Method	Description
AddTask (S3DTask newTask)	Attempt to add a task at the end of the task list.
CheckInterrupt ()	Check to see if we can interrupt the running task.

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Method	Description
GetTaskByName (string name)	Find the first task with the given name. Where possible use
	GetTaskByNameHash() or GetTaskByID().
GetTaskByID (int taskID)	Attempt to get the task given the TaskID.
GetTaskByIndex (int index)	Attempt to get the task given the zero-based index in the list of tasks.
GetTaskByNameHash (int hash)	Attempt to get the task given the hash of the taskName.
Initialise()	Initialise the Sticky Task Module. Has no effect if called multiple times.
InsertTask (S3DTask newTask, int index)	Attempt to insert into the task at a zero-based index.
PauseModule()	Attempt to pause the module
RefreshModuleVariables()	Refresh the module at runtime. Call this if you have modified the list of tasks.
RemoveListeners()	Call this when you wish to remove any custom event listeners, like after creating them in code and then destroying the object. You could add this to your game play OnDestroy code.
SetInterruptWarnings (InterruptWarnings newWarningLevel)	Set the Interrupt Warnings level.
SetNonS3DCamera (Camera newCamera)	Set a camera that doesn't use the first-person or third-person camera setup in the Look tab of the character.
SetTaskCancelMessages (InterruptWarnings newMessageLevel)	Set the Task Cancel Message level. This can help debug when a task is cancelled and why.
UnpauseModule()	Attempt to unpause the module.
ValidateDefaultTasks()	Ensure the default tasks (i.e. Lie and sit) are present. Create them if they are missing.

# Sticky Task Module Methods - Interaction

These API methods work with a Sticky Task Module. See also the "Sticky Task Module" chapter.

Method	Description
CancelCurrentTask()	If there is a task currently executing, cancel it.
ShowPopup (StickyInteractive	Hook this method up to the On Hover Enter event of a sittable or layable
stickyInteractive)	interactive-enabled object.

## Sticky Task Module Methods - Lie

These API methods work with a Sticky Task Module. See also the "Sticky Task Module" chapter.

Method	Description
BeginLieTask (GameObject	Attempt to move the player character or NPC near the interactive bed, then lie
lyableGameObject)	down. Check that it is not already allocated to another character.
BeginLieTask (StickyInteractive	Attempt to move the player character or NPC near the interactive bed, then lie
lyableObject)	down. Check that it is not already allocated to another character.
CancelledLieTask (int stickyId,	This should be hooked up to the Lie On Cancelled event in the inspector. It is
int taskID, int lastUsedStepID,	then automatically called if the lie task is cancelled.
int unused1)	
CanLieDown (StickyInteractive	Is the interactive-enabled object ready to be lied upon?
stickyInteractive)	
ConfigureLieTask (int stickyld,	This should be hooked up to the Lie OnPreBegin event in the inspector. It is then
int taskID, int lastUsedStepID,	automatically called every time the lie task runs.
int unused1)	

	Sticky3D Controller 1.2.3
Method	Description
FinishLyingDown (int stickyId, int taskID, int lastUsedStepID, int unused1)	This should be hooked up to the Lie onPostFinish event in the inspector. It is then automatically called every time the lie task finishes.
GetLieTask (out S3DTask task, bool showErrors = true)	Returns the task used by the character to lie down on a lyable interactive- enabled object.
LieInstantly (GameObject lyabeGameObject)	Attempt to immediately be lying down on a lyable interactive-enabled object. This could be used when a scene loads or maybe when a character is respawned.
LieInstantly (StickyInteractive lyableObject)	Attempt to immediately be lying down on a lyable interactive-enabled object.  This could be used when a scene loads or maybe when a character is respawned.
LieToSit()	Attempt to get the character to sit from lying down. On a player character, this could be hooked up to a custom input.
ResetLieTask()	Attempt to reset the lie task to the default values.
SetLieStandUpStepName (string newStepName)	Attempt to update the StandUp Step Name for the Lie Task.
SetLieToSitStepName (string newStepName)	Attempt to update the Lie to Sit Step Name for the Lie Task.
SetLieInstantlyStepName (string newStepName)	Attempt to update the Lie Instantly Step Name.
SetSitToLieStepName (string newStepName)	Attempt to update the Sit to Lie Step Name for the Lie Task.
StandUp()	Attempt to get the character to stand from lying down (or being seated).
SitToLie()	Attempt to get the character to lie from a sitting position. On a player character, this could be hooked up to a custom input.
ToggleSitToLie()	On a player character, this could be hooked up to a custom input. On a player character, this could be hooked up to a custom input.

# Sticky Task Module Methods – Sit

These API methods work with a Sticky Task Module. See also the "Sticky Task Module" chapter.

Method	Description
BeginSitTask (GameObject	Attempt to move the player character or NPC near the interactive seat, then sit
sittableGameObject)	down. Check that it is not already allocated to another character.
BeginSitTask (StickyInteractive	Attempt to move the player character or NPC near the interactive seat, then sit
sittableObject)	down. Check that it is not already allocated to another character.
CanBeSeated (StickyInteractive	Is the interactive-enabled object ready to be sat upon?
stickyInteractive)	
CancelledSitTask (int stickyId,	This should be hooked up to the Sit "On Cancelled" event in the inspector. It is
int taskID, int lastUsedStepID,	then automatically called if the sit task is cancelled.
int unused1)	
ConfigureSitTask (int stickyId,	This should be hooked up to the Sit OnPreBegin event in the inspector. It is then
int taskID, int lastUsedStepID,	automatically called every time the sit task runs.
int unused1)	
FinishSittingDown (int stickyId,	This should be hooked up to the Sit OnPostFinish event in the inspector. It is then
int taskID, int lastUsedStepID,	automatically called every time the sit task finishes.
int unused1)	
GetSitTask (out S3DTask task,	Returns the task used by the character to sit on sittable interactive-enabled
bool showErrors = true)	object.
GetSitTaskStatus()	Get the current status of the sit task.
ResetSitTask()	Attempt to reset the sit task to the default values.
SetStandUpStepName (string	Attempt to update the StandUp Step Name.
newStepName)	

Method	Description
SetSitInstantlyStepName	Attempt to update the Sit Instantly Step Name.
(string newStepName)	
SitInstantly (GameObject	Attempt to immediately be sitting down on a sittable interactive-enabled object.
sittableGameObject)	This could be used when a scene loads or maybe when a character is respawned.
SitInstantly (StickyInteractive	Attempt to immediately be sitting down on a sittable interactive-enabled object.
sittableObject)	This could be used when a scene loads or maybe when a character is respawned.
StandUp	Attempt to get the character to stand from being seated (or lying down).

## Sticky Weapon Methods - General

These API methods work with a Sticky Weapon component. See also the "Sticky Weapon" chapter.

Sticky Weapons inherit methods from the "Sticky Interactive" component, so also check the "Sticky Interactive Methods" section earlier in this chapter.

Method	Description
CheckSceneChanged ()	Check if the weapon has moved to another scene and if required, update the reference to the StickyManager in that new scene.
ClearManager()	Attempt to clear the StickyManager. This might be required when moving the weapon to a different scene using LBS Seamless or SSC Seamless (X Pack 2).
DeactivateBeams ()	Deactivate all beam weapons that are currently firing.
DestroyWeapon()	Safely destroy this weapon.  1) Deactivate any beams  2) Return muzzle fx to the pool  3) Return any reload sound fx to the pool  4) Drop weapon if held by character  5) Return any popup to the pool (in DestroyInteractive)  6) Destroy the gameobject (in DestroyInteractive)
DisableWeapon()	Attempt to disable the weapon.
	<ol> <li>Drop the weapon</li> <li>Stop firing</li> <li>If equipped, turn off laser sight</li> <li>Re-enable colliders that where disabled when grabbed</li> <li>Configure gravity if Use Gravity is enabled</li> </ol>
EnableWeapon()	Attempt to enable the weapon.
GetWorldFireBasePosition()	Get the world space fire position without any offsets.
GetWorldFireDirection()	Get the world space fire direction of the weapon.
GetWorldFirePosition (Vector3 weaponWorldBasePosition, int firePositionOffsetIndex)	Get the world space fire position of the fire position offset (if any) If there are no firePostionOffsets, the firePositionOffsetIndex should be set to 0. See also UpdateWeapon() which fires the weapon.
GetWorldSpentEjectDirection()	Get the world space direction the spent cartridge is ejected.
GetWorldSpentEjectPosition()	Get the world space spent cartridge eject position.
GetWorldSpaceEjectRotation()	Get the world space spent cartridge eject rotation.
Initialise()	Initialise the weapon.
ReInitialiseWeapon()	Call this after making any changes to beams, projectiles or effects for this weapon.
PauseWeapon()	Pause the weapon. This is useful when pausing a game or scene. See also: DisableWeapon(), UnPauseWeapon().
RefreshManager()	This should be called after moving this weapon to another scene. See also CheckSceneChanged() and ClearManager(). It is also called automatically during Initialise() and ReInitialiseWeapon().
ResetInput()	Reset the weapon input to default settings.

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Method	Description
SendInput (WeaponInput	Send input data to the weapon.
weaponInput)	
SetChargeAmount (float	Set the chargeAmount. It is automatically clamped between 0.0 and 1.0.
newChargeAmount)	
SetCheckLineOfSight (int	Set if line of sight should be checked for an AutoFire mechanism.
weaponButtonNumber, bool	
newCheckLineOfSight)	
SetCheckLineOfSight1 (bool	Set if line of sight should be checked for an AutoFire primary mechanism.
newCheckLineOfSight)	γ
SetCheckLineOfSight2 (bool	Set if line of sight should be checked for an AutoFire secondary mechanism.
newCheckLineOfSight)	The state of the s
SetFireInterval (float	Set the fireInterval. It is automatically clamped between 0.05 and 10 seconds.
newFireInterval)	See the member van te is automatically damped seeween 0.05 and 10 seconds.
SetFireDirection (Vector3	Set the local space fire direction of the weapon.
newFireDirection)	Set the local space me direction of the weapon.
SetFiringButton1 (FiringButton	Set the FiringButton of the first (main) firing button.
newFiringButton)	Set the thingbutton of the mot (main) nimg button.
SetFiringButton2 (FiringButton	Set the FiringButton of the second firing button. This is an alternative firing
newFiringButton)	mechanism for custom weapons.
SetFiringType1 (FiringType	Set the FiringType of the first (main) firing button.
newFiringType)	
SetFiringType2 (FiringType	Set the FiringType of the second firing button.
newFiringType)	
SetFirePositionOffsets	Set the weapon firePositionOffsets.
(Vector3[] newFirePositions)	
SetMaxRange (float	Set the maximum range for this weapon. The minimum range is 1 metre.
newMaxRange)	
SetMuzzleEffects1	Set the array of StickyEffectsModules used for Muzzle FX.
(StickyEffectsModule[]	
newMuzzleEffects)	
SetOnlyUseWhenHeld (bool	Set if weapon can only fire, reload, or be animated, when it is held by a
newValue)	character.
SetRechargeTime (float	Set the rechargeTime. It is automatically clamped between 0 and 30 seconds.
newRechargeTime)	
SetSpentEjectDirection	Set the local space direction the spent cartridge is ejected.
(Vector3 newDirection)	
SetSpentEjectForce (float	Set the force used to eject the spent cartridge from the weapon in the Spent
newForce)	Eject Direction.
SetSpentEjectPosition (Vector3	Set the local space position on the weapon from which the spent cartridge is
newPosition)	ejected.
SetSpentEjectRotation	Set the local space rotation, in Euler angles, of the spent cartridge when ejected.
(Vector3 newRotation)	
UnpauseWeapon()	Unpause the weapon. This is useful when unpausing a game or scene.
	See also: EnableWeapon(), PauseWeapon()
WeaponHasLineOfSight (int	Returns whether a weapon has line of sight to a target (if there is one assigned).
weaponButtonNumber)	NOTE: Currently both primary (1) and secondary (2) firing mechanisms return the
	same result. As we find use-cases for the secondary firing button, this may
	change.

# Sticky Weapon Methods - Aiming and Reticle

	/
Method	Description
CheckReticle()	Check to see if a player (non-NPC) is holding the weapon and a different reticle is required on the active display module (if there is one).
RestoreReticle()	If required, attempt to reset the DisplayReticle to the original one used on the active StickyDisplayModule (HUD), before the weapon was grabbed by a non-NPC character.
SaveReticleSettings()	Save the StickyDisplayModule reticle settings when the weapon is picked up by a character.
SetAimingFirstPersonFOV (float newFoV)	Set the character first person camera field of view when aiming a held weapon.
SetAimingReticleSprite (Sprite newSprite)	Set the reticle (sprite) used when the weapon is held by a S3D player and aiming.
SetAimingThirdPersonFOV (float newFoV)	Set the character third person camera field of view when aiming a held weapon.
SetDefaultReticleSprite (Sprite newSprite)	Set the reticle (sprite) used when the weapon is held by a S3D player.
StartAiming (bool isSmoothStart)	Attempt to start aiming the weapon if held by a character.
StopAiming (bool isSmoothStop)	Stop aiming the weapon if held by a character.
ToggleAiming()	Attempt to toggle aiming the weapon if held by a character. If you want an instant transition, call StartAiming(false) or StopAiming(false).

# Sticky Weapon Methods- Attachments

Method	Description
EnableLaserSightIfRequired()	Check to see if we need to automatically turn on the laser sight. This is called automatically when a character grabs the weapon.
EnableScopeIfRequired()	Check to see if we need to automatically turn on the Scope. This is called automatically when a character grabs the weapon.
EquipLaserSight()	Attempt to equip the laser sight on the weapon and get it ready to turn on/off. It is turned off when it is first equipped. See also SetLaserSightAimFrom(newLaserSightTransform).
EquipMagazine (StickyMagazine stickyMagazine, int weaponButtonNumber)	Attempt to equip a magazine on the weapon.
EquipMagazine1 (StickyMagazine stickyMagazine)	Attempt to equip a magazine onto the weapon for the primary firing mechanism.
EquipMagazine2 (StickyMagazine stickyMagazine)	Attempt to equip a magazine onto the weapon for the secondary firing mechanism.
SetLaserSightAimFrom(Transform newLaserSightTransform)	Set or change the child transform that determines where the laser sight aims from.
SetLaserSightColour (Color32 newColour)	Set the laser sight beam colour.
SetMagazineAttachPoint(Transform newMagazineAttachPoint, int weaponButtonNumber)	Set or change the child transform where the magazine attaches to the weapon.
SetScopeCamera (Camera newCamera)	Set the camera that will render the Scope display.
SetScopeCameraRenderer (Renderer newRenderer)	Set the (mesh) renderer to project the Scope Camera onto.
ToggleLaserSight()	Attempt to toggle the laser sight on/off.

Method	Description
ToggleScope()	Attempt to toggle the Scope for more precise aiming on/off.
TurnOnLaserSight()	Attempt to turn on the laser sight.
TurnOffLaserSight()	Turn off the laser sight.
TurnOffScope()	Turn off the Scope.
TurnOnScope()	Attempt to turn on the scope for aiming.
UnEquipLaserSight()	This will unequip the laser sight from the weapon, including removing the line renderer (if any)
UnEquipMagazine (int	Attempt to unequip a sticky magazine from the weapon.
weaponButtonNumber)	
UnequipMagazine1()	This will attempt to unequip a magazine from the weapon attach point 1
UnequipMagazine2()	This will attempt to unequip a magazine from the weapon attach point 2

# Sticky Weapon Methods - Ammo

Method	Description
CheckMagsInReserve()	This is automatically called when the weapon is initialised, grabbed or dropped.
GetIsMagRequired (int weaponButtonNumber)	Get if the primary (1) or secondary (2) firing mechanism requires a StickyMagazine to be attached before it can fire? See also IsMagRequired1, IsMagRequired2, and SetIsMagRequired().
GetMagCapacity (int weaponButtonNumber)	Get the current magazine (clip) capacity for the primary (1) or secondary (2) firing mechanism.
GetCompatibleMagType (int weaponButtonNumber)	Get the current magazine (clip) zero-based index from the magTypes scriptable object for the primary (1) or secondary (2) firing mechanism.
GetMagsInReserve (int weaponButtonNumber)	Get the number of additional magazines available for the primary (1) or secondary (2) firing mechanism. See also MagsInReserve1, MagsInReserve2, and SetMagsInReserve().Returns number in reserve or -1 (unlimited).
GetMagsHeld (int weaponButtonNumber)	Get the number of additional magazines available for the primary (1) or secondary (2) firing mechanisms that are held in the hands of the character that has this weapon. If the weapon is held in one hand, currently the maximum number would be 1.
GetMagsInStash (int weaponButtonNumber)	Get the number of additional magazines available for the primary (1) or secondary (2) firing mechanism from the Stash (inventory) of the character that has this weapon.
GetReloadEquipSoundFX (int weaponButtonNumber)	Get the Effects Module for the primary (1) or secondary (2) Sound FX when equipping the new mag begins during reloading.
GetReloadSoundFX (int weaponButtonNumber)	Get the Effects Module for the primary (1) or secondary (2) reloading Sound FX.
GetReloadType (int weaponButtonNumber)	Get The method used for reloading the primary (1) or secondary (2) firing mechanism.
GetReloadTypeInt (int weaponButtonNumber)	Get The method used for reloading the primary (1) or secondary (2) firing mechanism as an Integer.
IsAmmoCompatible (int weaponButtonNumber, int ammoType)	Check to see if the ammo type is compatible with a firing mechanism.
IsAmmoCompatible (int weaponButtonNumber, S3DAmmo.AmmoType ammoType)	Check to see if the ammo type is compatible with a firing mechanism.
IsMagCompatible (int weaponButtonNumber,	Check to see if a magazine is compatible with a firing mechanism.

	Sticky5D Controller 1.2.5
Method	Description
StickyMagazine	
stickyMagazine)	
IsReloading (int	Is the given firing mechanism reloading?
weaponButtonNumber)	
ReinitialiseEmptyFire (int	Reinitialise items related to Empty Fire effects. Call this if making any changes to
weaponButtonNumber)	fireEmptyEffectsSet1 or 2.
ReinitialiseEquippedMag (int	Find and identify a compatible magazine attached to the weapon under the Mag
weaponButtonNumber)	Attach Point for the primary or secondary firing mechanism. This is automatically
	called when the weapon is initialised so that a magazine can be pre-attached to a
	weapon in the scene.
Reload (int	Attempt to reload the weapon for the primary (1) or secondary (2) firing button
weaponButtonNumber)	mechanism.
SetAmmunition (int	Get or set the ammunition currently loaded into the weapon for the primary (1) or
weaponButtonNumber, int	secondary (2) firing mechanism. When there isn't a magazine required, ensure the
newAmmunitionValue)	ammunition doesn't exceed the capacity of the (fake) magazine.
	-1 = Unlimited.
SetCompatibleMagType (int	Set the zero-based index of the magazine type from the scriptable object for the
weaponButtonNumber, int	primary (1) or secondary (2) firing button.
newCompatibleMagType)	
SetIsMagRequired (int	Set if the primary (1) or secondary (2) firing mechanism requires a StickyMagazine
weaponButtonNumber, bool	to be attached before it can fire? See also IsMagRequired1, IsMagRequired2, and
newIsMagRequired)	GetIsMagRequired().
SetMagCapacity (int	Set the amount of ammo the magazine (clip) can hold for the primary (1) or
weaponButtonNumber, int	secondary (2) firing mechanism. This has no effect if Is Mag Required is true for the
newMagCapacity)	firing mechanism.
SetMagsInReserve (int	Get or set the number of additional magazines available for the primary (1) or
weaponButtonNumber, int	secondary (2) firing mechanism.
newMagsInReserveValue)	-1 = Unlimited.
SetReloadEquipSoundFX (int	Set the Sound FX for the primary (1) or secondary (2) fire button mechanism used
weaponButtonNumber,	when the weapon equips a new mag during reloading. The EffectsType must be
StickyEffectsModule	Sound FX.
newReloadEquipSoundFX)	
SetReloadSoundFX (int	Set the reload SoundFX Effects Module for the primary (1) or secondary (2) fire
weaponButtonNumber,	button mechanism. The EffectsType must be Sound FX.
StickyEffectsModule	
newReloadSoundFX)	
SetReloadType (int	Set the method used for reloading the primary (1) or secondary (2) firing
weaponButtonNumber,	mechanism.
ReloadType newReloadType)	Validata tha agus a taga a fagathia casa ag
ValidateAmmo()	Validate the ammo types for this weapon.

# Sticky Weapon Methods- Animate

Method	Description
ApplyWeaponAnimSets ()	Apply any matching weapon anim sets for the character holding the weapon.
BlendInAnimLayer (int layerIndex)	Blend in an Animator layer over time using the Layer Weight. See also
	SetAnimLayerBlendInDuration().
BlendOutAnimLayer (int	Blend out an Animator layer over time using the Layer Weight. See also
layerIndex)	SetAnimLayerBlendOutDuration().
DisableAnimate()	Disable the sending of animation data to the weapon animation controller.

EnableAnimate()		Sticky3D Controller 1.2.5
Get an S3DAnimAction class instance using the unique identifier (guidHash) of AnimAction from the list displayed in editor on the Animate tab. Get an S3DAnimAction class instance using the unique identifier (guidHash) of AnimActionIndex) sequence number in the list which is seen in the editor on the Animate tab. GetAnimActionIndex (int animActionIndex) sequence number in the list which is seen in the editor on the Animate tab. GetAnimActionIndex (int guidHash) Get the unique guidHash of an S3DAnimAction rown the animate tab. GetAnimActionIndex (int guidHash) Get the zero-based index of AnimAction from the list seen in the editor on the Animate tab. GetAnimActionIndex (int guidHash) Get the zero-based index of AnimAction from the list seen in the editor on the Animate tab. GetAnimactionIndex (int guidHash) Get the state zero-based index of AnimAction from the list seen in the editor on the Animate tab. GetAnimactionIndex (int guidHash) Get the state zero-based index of AnimAction from the list seen in the editor on the Animate tab. GetAnimactionIndex (int layerIndex) Get the S3D internal data being stored for the Animator Controller. NOTE: This does not test if the state exists in any of the layer. PlayAnimationState (int stateId, int layerIndex, float transitionDuration to seen the state of the state exists. For no transition, set transitionDuration to 0. For a smoother, but slower transition, increase transitionDuration to 0. For a smoother, but slower transition, increase transitionPuration to 0. For a smoother, but slower transition, increase transitionPuration to 0. For a smoother, but slower transition, increase transitionPuration to 0. For a smoother, but slower transition, increase transitionPuration to 0. For a smoother, but slower transition, increase transitionPuration to 0. For a smoother, but slower transition, increase transitionPuration to 0. For a smoother, but slower transition, increase transitionPuration to 0. For a smoother, but sate exists. For no transition, set transitionPuration to 10 pla	Method	Description
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	_	assuming it has a matching ParamaterType and the weaponAction is a

Method	Description
SetCustomAnimActionIntegerValue (S3DAnimAction s3DAnimAction, int value)	Given a custom S3DAnimAction set its integer value, assuming it has a matching ParamaterType and the weaponAction is a custom action.
SetCustomAnimActionTriggerValue (int guidHash, bool value)	Given the guidHash of a custom S3DAnimAction set its trigger (bool) value, assuming it has a matching ParamaterType and the weaponAction is a custom action.
SetCustomAnimActionTriggerValue (S3DAnimAction s3DAnimAction, bool value)	Given a custom S3DAnimAction set its trigger (bool) value, assuming it has a matching ParamaterType and the weaponAction is a custom action.
SetDefaultAnimator (Animator newAnimator)	Set the weapon animator. This should be attached to, or a child of, the weapon gameobject.
SetWeaponAnimSetList (List <s3dweaponanimset> newWeaponAnimSetList)</s3dweaponanimset>	Set the list of weapon anim sets for this weapon.
VerifyAnimParameter (string parameterName, S3DAnimAction.ParameterType parameterType)	At runtime, verify if a parameter of the given name and type exists on the animator controller. Returns 0 if no matching parameter is found, else returns the parameter hashcode.  WARNING: This impacts GC and should never be called in an update loop.  Use sparingly.

## Sticky Weapon Methods - Health

These API methods work with a Sticky Weapon component. See also the "Sticky Weapon" chapter.

Method	Description
GetHeatLevel ()	Get the heat level of the weapon. 0.0 is no heat, 100 is overheated.
SetHeatLevel (float newHeatLevel)	Set the new heat level on this weapon. Range 0.0 (min) to 100.0 (max).
SetIsFiringPaused (bool newValue)	Set if the weapon firing mechanisms are paused. This will prevent the weapon from firing, but it can still do other operations like reloading etc.

## Sticky Weapon Methods - Smoke

These API methods work with a Sticky Weapon component. See also the "Sticky Weapon" chapter.

Method	Description
ReinitialiseSmoke (int weaponButtonNumber)	Reinitialise items related to smoke effects. Call this if making any changes to smokeEffectsSet1 or 2.
SetMaxActiveSmokeEffects (int newMax)	Set the maximum number of smoke effects that can be active at any time on this weapon.

### Sticky Weapon Methods - Targeting

Method	Description
AssignTargetCharacter (StickyControlModule newTarget)	Assign a character that the weapon should attempt to target. This is typically used when an autofire weapon, held by an NPC, is determining if the weapon is aiming or pointing toward a Sticky3D character. It is NOT used to change where the weapon is aiming.
AssignTargetTransform (Transform newTarget)	Assign a transform that the weapon should attempt to target. This is typically used when an autofire weapon, held by an NPC, is determining if the weapon is aiming

Method	Description
	or pointing toward an object. It is NOT used to change where the weapon is
	aiming.
ResetLineOfSight (int	Weapon no longer has line of sight to the target.
weaponButtonNumber)	
UnAssignTargetCharacter()	Stop targeting a Sticky3D character.
UnAssignTargetTransform()	Stop targeting a transform.

## Sticky Weapon Properties

These properties work with a Sticky Weapon component. Read Only properties are marked in the following table with [R]. See also the "Sticky Weapon" chapter.

Sticky Weapons inherit properties from the "Sticky Interactive" component, so also check the "Sticky Interactive Properties" section earlier in this chapter.

Property	Description
AimAtPosition	[R] Get where the weapon is currently aiming.
ChargeAmount	Get or set the weapon ChargeAmount.
CheckLineOfSight1	Get or set if the line of sight is checked before firing primary mechanism. Only relevant if it is AutoFire.
CheckLineOfSight2	Get or set if the line of sight is checked before firing primary mechanism. Only relevant if it is AutoFire.
EstimatedRange	[R] The estimated range (in metres) of the weapon.
FireDirection	Get or set the local space normalised fire direction of the weapon.
FiringButton1	Get or set the main trigger for the weapon to fire e.g. None, Manual, AutoFire.
FiringButton2	Get or set the second trigger for the weapon to fire e.g. None, Manual, AutoFire.
FireInterval	Get or set the weapon power up time.
FiringType1	Get or set the main firing type for the weapon. e.g., SemiAuto or FullAuto.
FiringType2	Get or set the secondary firing type for the weapon. e.g., SemiAuto or FullAuto.
HasEmptyFired1	[R] Has the weapon primary mechanism attempted to fire with no ammo since the last fixed update?
HasEmptyFired2	[R] Has the weapon secondary mechanism attempted to fire with no ammo since the last fixed update?
HasFired1	[R] Has the weapon fired the primary mechanism since the last fixed update?
HasFired2	[R] Has the weapon fired the secondary mechanism since the last fixed update?
HasReloadStarted1	[R] Has the weapon started reloading the primary mechanism since the last fixed update?
HasReloadStarted2	[R] Has the weapon started reloading the secondary mechanism since the last fixed update?
HasReloadFinished1	[R] Has the weapon finished reloading the primary mechanism since the last fixed update?
HasReloadFinished2	[R] Has the weapon finished reloading the finished mechanism since the last fixed update?
HasLineOfSight1	[R] Returns whether the weapon primary mechanism has line-of-sight to the target. NOTE: This does not calculate line-of-sight, it merely returns the last calculated value. To calculate line-of-sight for a weapon, call WeaponHasLineOfSight(1).
HasLineOfSight2	[R] Returns whether the weapon primary mechanism has line-of-sight to the target. NOTE: This does not calculate line-of-sight, it merely returns the last calculated value. To calculate line-of-sight for a weapon, call WeaponHasLineOfSight(2).
HitLayerMask	Get or set the hit layer mask. When fired, the weapon can hit any objects in these Unity Layers.

Property	Description
MaxRange	Get or set the weapon maximum range.
IsBeamWeapon	[R] Is the weapon one that can fire beams, rays or lasers?
IsFire1Input	[R] Is the weapon being instructed to fire button 1?
IsFire1InputHeld	[R] Is the fire1 button being held down?
lsFire2Input	[R] Is the weapon being instructed to fire button 2?
IsFire2InputHeld	[R] Is the fire2 button being held down?
IsOnlyFireWhenAiming1	Get or set if Fire button 1 can only fire when the weapon is being aimed.
IsOnlyFireWhenAiming2	Get or set if Fire button 2 can only fire when the weapon is being aimed.
IsOnlyUseWhenHeld	Get or set if weapon can only fire, reload, or be animated, when it is held by a character.
IsNoReticleOnAimingFPS	Get or set if not to display a reticle on the active StickyDisplayModule when the weapon is held by a player while aiming with first-person camera.
IsNoReticleOnAimingTPS	Get or set if not to display a reticle on the active StickyDisplayModule when the
	weapon is held by a player while aiming with third-person camera.
IsProjectileRaycastWeapon	[R] Is the weapon one that can fire a Raycast projectile?
IsProjectileStandardWeapon	[R] Is the weapon one that can fire a Standard projectile?
IsProjectileWeapon	[R] Is the weapon one that can fire a (Standard or Raycast) projectile?
IsStickyWeapon	[R] Is this an interactive-enabled StickyWeapon?
IsWeaponEnabled	Get or set if the weapon is enabled.
IsWeaponInitialised	[R] Has the weapon been initialised?
IsWeaponPaused	Get or set if the weapon is paused.
MuzzleEffects1	Get or set the array of StickyEffectsModules used for Muzzle FX.
NumberFirePositionOffsets	[R] Get the number of local space fire position offsets from the relative fire position. There may be 0 or more. See also RelativeFirePosition.
NumberMuzzleEffects1	[R] Get the number of (unvalidated) StickyEffectsModules for the muzzle FX.
NumberMuzzleEffects1Valid	[R] Get the number of StickyEffectsModules available for the muzzle FX.
RechargeTime	Get or set the weapon recharge time.
RelativeFirePosition	Get or set the local space relative fire position which should be aligned to the end of the barrel.
SpentEjectDirection	Get or set the local space direction the spent cartridge is ejected.
SpentEjectForce	Get or set the force used to eject the spent cartridge from the weapon in the Spent Eject Direction.
SpentEjectPosition	Get or set the local space position on the weapon from which the spent cartridge is ejected.
SpentEjectRotation	Get or set the local space rotation, in Euler angles, of the spent cartridge when ejected.

# Sticky XR Interactor Methods

These API methods work with the Sticky XR Interactor component that can be attached to the hands of a VR character.

Method	Description
ActivateInteractive()	Attempt to activate an interactive-enabled object. If one isn't being held in the hand, check what is being looked at. Objects that are grabbable, must be held to be activated.
CheckHeldInteractive()	Check if there is an item being held in the hand. If the item being held was destroyed, make sure it isn't selected by the character, and return false.
CheckLookingAtInteractive()	Check if the character is looking or pointing at an interactive-enabled object.  Also checks to see if the item hasn't been destroyed.
CheckLookingAtSocket()	Check if the character is looking or pointing at a StickySocket. Also checks to see if the socket hasn't been destroyed.

DeactivateInteractive() Attempt to deactivate an interactive-enabled object. If one isn't being held in the hand, check what is being looked at. Objects that are grabbable, must be held to be deactivated.  DisableTeleport() DisableTeleport() Attempt to turn off the StickyXRInteractor beam.  Attempt to turn off interactive mode. DisableTeleport() DropInteractive () Drop the interactive-enabled object in the hand of the character. EnableBeam() Attempt to turn off leteporting. EnableInteractive() Attempt to turn the on StickyXRInteractor beam.  Attempt to enable interactive mode. EnableTeleport() Attempt to enable interactive mode. EnableTeleport() Attempt to turn on teleporting. EngageInteractive() If there is an object being held, attempt to activate or deactivate it. If no object being held, attempt to activate or deactivate it. If no object being held, attempt to activate or deactivate it. If no object being held, attempt to activate or deactivate are enabled on the object.  EngageLookingAtSocket() Attempt to act based on what StickySocket the character is currently looking toward or pointing at.  EngageWith() If there is an object being held, attempt to engage with it. If there is an object being held, attempt to activate or deactivate it. If no object being held, attempt to activate or deactivate it. If no object being held, attempt to activate or deactivate it. If no object being held, attempt to engage with what is being looked at.  GetBeamEndPoint() GetHandPalmTostion() GetHandPalmRostion() GetHandPalmRostion() GetHandPalmRostion() GetHandPalmRostion() Get the world space palm rotation.  GetHandPalmRostion() Get the interactivePointMode of the StickyXRInteractor. e.g., Peam or Target GetInteractor Point Mode is Target.  GetLookingAtInteractive() Get the interactive-enabled object that the character is currently looking toward or pointing	D.C. other and	Sticky3D Controller 1.2.5
the hand, check what is being looked at. Objects that are grabbable, must be held to be deactivated.  DisableBeam() Attempt to turn off the StickyXRInteractor beam.  DisableInteractive() Attempt to turn off interactive mode.  DisableTeleport() Drop the interactive-enabled object in the hand of the character.  EnableInteractive() EnableInteractive() Attempt to turn of releporting.  EnableInteractive() Attempt to enable interactive mode.  Attempt to be enable interactive mode.  EnableInteractive() Attempt to turn on teleporting.  EngageInteractive() Attempt to enable interactive mode.  EngageInteractive() Attempt to activate or deactivate it. If no object being held, attempt to activate or deactivate it. If no object being held, attempt to lossed on what the interactive-enabled object the character is currently looking at. This will be based on what features are enabled on the object.  EngageLookingAtSocket() Attempt to act based on what StickySocket the character is currently looking toward or pointing at.  EngageWith() If there is a socket being looked at, attempt to engage with with it if there is an object being held, attempt to activate or deactivate it. If no object being held, attempt to activate or deactivate it. If no object being held, attempt to activate or deactivate it. If no object being held, attempt to activate or deactivate it. If no object being held, attempt to activate or deactivate it. If no object being held, attempt to activate or deactivate it. If no object being held, attempt to activate or deactivate it. If no object being held, attempt to activate or deactivate it. If no object being held, attempt to activate or deactivate it. If no object being held, attempt to activate or deactivate it. If no object being held, attempt to activate or deactivate it. If no object being held, attempt to activate or deactivate it. If no object being held, attempt to activate or deactivate it. If no object being held, attempt to activate or deactivate it. If no object being held attempt to activate or deac	Method	Description
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Method	Description
SetActiveBeamGradient (Gradient newGradient)	Set the active colour gradient of the StickyXRInteractor beam.
SetDefaultBeamGradient (Gradient newGradient)	Set the default colour gradient of the StickyXRInteractor beam.
SetTargetSprite (Sprite newSprite)	Sets the sprite that is used to show where the hand is pointing when Interactive Point Mode is Target.
SetHandPalmTransform	Set the transform that represents hand palm position and rotation. The
(Transform newPalmTransform)	StickyControlModule must be set first. Returns true if set successfully.
SetInteractivePointMode (InteractivePointMode newInteractivePointMode)	Set the InteractivePointMode of the Sticky XR Interactor. e.g., Beam or Target
SetInteractorType (InteractorType newInteractorType)	Set the InteractorType of the Sticky XR Interactor. e.g., left or right hand
SetLookMode	Set a new LookMode for the StickyXRInteractor.
(LookMode newLookMode)	
SetPalmTransform (Transform	Set the transform that represents hand palm position and rotation. The
newPalmTransform)	StickyControlModule must be set first. Returns true if set successfully.
SnatchHeldInteractive (StickyInteractive stickyInteractive)	Something else snatches an interactive object that is currently being held in the hand. This does not invoke the Drop action or events. If the snatch is successful, return true.
StopLookAtInteractive()	Stop looking at an interactive-enabled object. It does not prevent the StickyXRInteractor from looking at it again.
StopLookAtSocket()	Stop looking at a StickySocket. It does not prevent the character from looking at it again. It will trigger any callbacks or events relevant when no longer looking at the previous socket. If you want to stop the character looking at Sockets, use stickyControlModule.DisableLookSockets() instead.
StopLookAtSocket (bool isTriggerEventsAndCallback)	Stop looking at a StickySocket. It does not prevent the character from looking at it again. If you want to stop the character looking at Sockets, use stickyControlModule.DisableLookSockets() instead.
StopTouchingInteractive (StickyInteractive stickyInteractive)	Stop touching an interactive-enabled object. Typically, this is automatically called by a StickyXRTouch component attached to the hand's trigger collider.
StopTouchingLookingAtInteractive ()	If touching an interactive-enabled object that the handing is pointing to, stop touching it.
ToggleBeamOn()	Attempt to toggle the StickyXRInteractor beam on or off.
ToggleInteractiveOn()	Attempt to toggle the StickyXRInteractive interactive mode on or off.
ToggleInteractiveOrActivateOn()	If an activable object is held, activate or deactivate it. If an activable object is being looked at, activate or deactivate it. If neither of the above, toggle Interactive on or off.
ToggleSelectLookedAtInteractive ()	Attempt to select or unselect an interactive-enabled item in the scene that is being looked at.
ToggleTeleportOn()	Attempt to toggle the StickyXRInteractive teleporting on or off.
TouchInteractive	Indicate that this is hand is touching a touchable interactive-enabled object.
(StickyInteractive stickyInteractive, Vector3 hitPoint, Vector3 hitNormal)	Typically, this is called automatically by a StickyXRTouch component attached to the hand's trigger collider.
TouchLookingAtInteractive()	Attempt to touch an interactive-enabled object that is being looked at or pointed at with the beam. This requires the object to be Touchable, and Point to Touch be enabled on this component.
UnselectLookedAtInteractive()	Attempt to unselect or deselect an interactive-enabled item that is currently being looked at by this character.

## Sticky XR Interactor Properties

Read Only properties are marked in the following table with [R].

Property	Description
GetLookingAtPoint	[R] If the interactive beam is active, this could be a StickyInteractive object position or a point maxDistance from the hand if no interactive-enabled objects are being pointed at.
IsInitialised	[R] Has the module been initialised?
IsBeamEnabled	[R] Is the interactor beam enabled and visible in the scene?
IsInteractiveEnabled	[R] Is the interactive feature currently active?
IsTeleportEnabled	[R] Is the teleporting feature currently active?
TeleportLocation	[R] If the teleporter is active, return the potential Teleportation location in world space. Otherwise, return 0, 0, 0.
IsTeleportLocationValid	[R] If the teleporter is enabled, is the location a potential teleportation candidate?

## Sticky Zone Methods

These API methods work with the StickyZone component.

Method	Description
AddAnimClipSet (S3DAnimClipSet	Add an animation clip set to the Sticky Zone.
s3dAnimClipSet)	
AddAnimClipSets	Attempt to add an array of animation clips sets to the Sticky Zone.
(S3DAnimClipSet[]	
s3dAnimClipSets)	
AddAnimClipSets	Attempt to add a list of animation clips sets to the Sticky Zone.
(List <s3danimclipset></s3danimclipset>	
s3dAnimClipSetsList)	
Initialise()	Initialise the Sticky Zone.
RemoveAnimClipSet	Remove an animation clip set from the Sticky Zone.
(S3DAnimClipSet s3dAnimClipSet)	
RemoveAnimClipSet (int index)	Remove the zero-based index of an Animation Clip Set assigned to this Sticky
	Zone.
SetExitDelay (float newDelay)	Attempt to set a new exit delay in seconds
SetFactionsFilter (int[]	Set a new Factions Filter.
newFactionsFilter)	
SetModelsFilter (int[]	Set a new Models Filter.
newModelsFilter)	

# Support

The best places get support are from the community forms which we monitor. We would encourage you to use the social media support options rather than email as you will most likely get a faster response.

Support Option	Location
Unity Forum	https://discussions.unity.com/t/814533
Discord Channel	https://discord.gg/ZqEeBF584r
Email	support@scsmmedia.com

## **Version History**

First Alpha version November 2020

First Beta version February 2021

Initial Release version March 2021

Version 1.0.1 - 26 Apr 2021

[NEW] Foot IK - in Technical Preview

[NEW] Root Motion support - in Technical Preview

[NEW] PlayerJaneSuited jet pack demo character

[NEW] Animate - pass Input values to the animation controller

[NEW] Animate - use Input data as conditions for Animation Actions

[NEW] Switch between front and rear view with ToggleThirdPersonLookZ API

[NEW] Orbit around a character in third person mode

[NEW] Sticky Input Module - jet pack only option for crouch input

[NEW] Sticky Input Module - option to configure 3rd person orbit controls

[NEW] Tested with Mixamo characters and animations

[NEW] Tested with UMA 2 characters

[FIXED] Third Person - Camera Offset can be incorrect

[IMPROVED] Single button click to create new JetPack audio source

[IMPROVED] Adjust third person zoom speed (duration)

[IMPROVED] Third Person camera stability

[IMPROVED] Third Person - when camera offset is not set, a warning will be shown

[IMPROVED] If the Animator component is misconfigured, a warning will be shown

#### Version 1.0.2 - 3 June 2021

[NEW] Head IK with API

[NEW] Sticky Parts Module

[NEW] Jet Pack - Availability runtime APIs

[NEW] StickyControlModule - Debug is-grounded scene view indicator

[NEW] Jet Pack Jane character animations

[NEW] 11 Gesture animations

[NEW] Sample root motion animations

[NEW] Climbing - in Technical Preview

[NEW] NPC Look At Demo

[NEW] Third person orbit damping option

[NEW] Replace animation clips at runtime (sample scripts included)

[NEW] Sample Animation Play List runtime script

[FIXED] Jet Pack - IsJetPackEnabled returns true when Jet Pack is not available

[FIXED] Animate - IsJetPacking condition can be true when Jet Pack is not available

[FIXED] StickyInputModule - Custom Input trigger parameters may not respond

[FIXED] Jet Pack Jane running animation

[IMPROVED] Sticky Control Module - Debug Volume rotates with character

[IMPROVED] Animate - improved blend tree transitions

#### Version 1.0.3 - 29 June 2021

[NEW] 5 In-place sit animation sets

[NEW] 3 additional wave gestures

[NEW] SampleSitAction script

[NEW] Third person camera shake with API

[NEW] Override animations using Sticky Zones

[NEW] Third Person Free Look - In Technical Preview

[NEW] IsObstacle API to do obstacle detection in your own code

[NEW] Custom Anim Actions - Is Reset After option for boolean values

[NEW] Faction and Model IDs for character identification

[NEW] Sticky Zones can filter characters by Faction or Model ID

[NEW] General purpose Proximity component

[FIXED] Character stability on moving objects when move update type is Fixed Update

[IMPROVED] Show or Hide Cursor on initialise

[IMPROVED] Sample Look At Player - avoid compound collider issue

[IMPROVED] Sample NPC Play Anim - avoid compound collider issue

[IMPROVED] Head IK - option to follow a target when movement is disabled

#### Version 1.0.4 – 31 August 2021

[NEW] First Person zoom

[NEW] Hand IK with API - in Technical Preview

[NEW] Look Interactive with API - in Technical Preview

[NEW] Sticky Interactive objects with API - in Technical Preview

[NEW] Head IK has optional move damping

[NEW] First Person Free Look - in Technical Preview

[NEW] Animate - option to invert bool animation values

[NEW] Animate - option to toggle custom bool animation values

[NEW] Display information like messages or gauges in a UI for the player

[NEW] Sample script to show how to add custom inputs at runtime in your code

[FIXED] DisableLook and DisableCharacter APIs do not disable look movement

[FIXED] Animations may continue to run when DisableCharacter is called

[FIXED] Third Person Free Look pitch up and down limits are reversed

[FIXED] Auto Hide Cursor should have no effect when Look is not enabled

[FIXED] Button custom inputs should not update Animate data unless button is pressed

[IMPROVED] Create Proximity gameobjects from 3D Object menu in the Unity editor

[IMPROVED] Disable Auto-hide Cursor when the character is disabled

#### Version 1.0.5 - 14 September 2021

[NEW] (Un)PauseCharacter API methods for use with game pause options

[NEW] StickyInteractive - Auto Unselect option

[NEW] Head IK has option to adjust for velocity of target and character

[IMPROVED] StickyInteractive - unused events are hidden in the inspector

[IMPROVED] StickyPartsModule - more API methods

#### Version 1.0.6 – 10 December 2021

[NEW] Unity XR input support for VR - in Technical Preview

[NEW] Look VR mode including snap turn - in Technical Preview

[NEW] Sticky XR Interactor – in Technical Preview

[NEW] Animate - Hand VR - in Technical Preview

[NEW] Animate - Head IK - Look at Interactive (while idle)

[NEW] Third Person clip object responsiveness

[NEW] StickyInteractive - activate and deactivate events with API

[IMPROVED] StickyInteractive is out of Technical Preview

[IMPROVED] Look Interactive is out of Technical Preview

[IMPROVED] Collision detection for attached objects

#### Version 1.0.7 – 23 December 2021

[FIXED] DisableHeadIK may not disable Head IK

[FIXED] Head IK - may look up unexpectedly

[IMPROVED] Head IK movement algorithm

#### Version 1.0.8 – 18 January 2022

[NEW] StickyInteractive - Is Readable option for virtual levers

[NEW] Animation API to play states with an offset from the beginning

[NEW] Blend in and out animator layers via API at runtime

[FIXED] 3rd person Free Look vertical movement glitches

[FIXED] Look Horizontal Damping has no effect

[FIXED] Hand Interact sample - displayMessage is null when Show Text disabled

[FIXED] NullReferenceException when Grabbing an object that is not Touchable

[FIXED] Reoccurring "Animator is not playing the AnimatorController" warning

[IMPROVED] 1st and 3rd person Free Look is out of Technical Preview

[IMPROVED] Include parameter name in Sticky Input linked Animation Actions

#### Version 1.0.9 - 30 March 2022

[NEW] StickyManager - object management and pooling system - In Technical Preview

[NEW] Sticky Interactor Bridge for non-S3D character hands - in Technical Preview

[NEW] Sticky Generic Module - to use with object pooling system

[NEW] Sticky Popup Module - pooled clickable popup menus for interactive objects

[NEW] SampleGenericTextModule - shows how to create custom generic objects

[NEW] SamplePopupOptions - shows how to create popup menus for objects

[NEW] SampleMoveTo - shows how a character can be moved in code

[NEW] SampleSitActionPopup - shows how a character can sit on interactive objects

[NEW] DemoS3DTextSpawner - shows how to spawn custom generic objects

[NEW] First person camera option to follow head bone position changes

[FIXED] StickyXRInteractor can report incorrect object when object not Grabbable

[IMPROVED] Add StickyInteractiveTester directly from 3D Object menu

[IMPROVED] Revised readable levers

#### Version 1.1.0 - 20 July 2023

[NEW] Weapon System - in Technical Preview

[NEW] Stashable interactive objects - APIs for building custom inventory system

[NEW] Aim Inverse Kinematics

[NEW] Poolable Decal and Effects modules

[NEW] Poolable Beam and Projectile modules

[NEW] Interactive-enabled Magazine and Weapon modules

[NEW] Poolable Dynamic Objects

[NEW] StickyInteractive - Sittable object can be allocated (reserved)

[NEW] StickyInteractive - Post Grabbed event

[NEW] StickyInteractive - Post Initialised event

[NEW] StickyInteractive - tagging for Socket and character Equip Point compatibility

[NEW] SampleEquipGrabStashPopup - shows pickup options using a popup

[NEW] SampleSitActionNPC - shows how an NPC character can sit on interactive objects

[NEW] StickyControlModule - Engage onInitialised event

[NEW] StickyControlModule - Engage interactive look change event

[NEW] StickyControlModule - Engage destroy and respawn events

[NEW] StickyControlModule - Engage Respawning options

[NEW] StickyControlModule - Engage Equip points for interactive objects

[NEW] StickyControlModule - Look Interactive - Lock to Camera

[NEW] StickyControlModule - Look zoom out factor

[NEW] StickyControlModule - Collide reference frames can use parent rigidbodies

[NEW] StickyDisplayModule - ToggleDisplayReticle() API method

[NEW] Animate Action Conditions for held weapons and magazines

[NEW] StickyInputModule - crouch has an optional toggle mode

[NEW] StickyPopupModule - SetCharacter API to associate popups with a character

[NEW] StickyPopupModule - Message labels and text

[NEW] StickySocket - For attaching interactive objects to non-character positions

[NEW] StickyGraphicRaycaster - for use with world space UI (canvas) in VR

[NEW] Sample NPC Fire Weapon script

[NEW] Sample Weapon Custom Reload script.

[NEW] SSC Input Bridge component for sending data to Sci-Fi Ship Controller

[FIXED] First Person Follow Head Bone may be incorrect if starting in 3rd person before sitting

[FIXED] Typo in ResetReferenceFrameLayerMask() API

[FIXED] StickyDisplayModule - Unticking Lock Reticle to Cursor at runtime does not reset to centre

[FIXED] Set correct mass of demo Rod characters

[FIXED] Follow Head Position in first person is not correct if enabled before scene starts

[FIXED] Look Interactive may be disabled when calling EnableCharacter()

[FIXED] StickyInteractive - IsAutoDeactivate

[FIXED] s3d briefcase1 model offset

[FIXED] Invalid AABB errors with Unity 2022.1 and Trigger Collider enabled on Collide tab

[FIXED] Jet Pack thrusters may not be stopped when feature is disabled during gameplay

[FIXED] StickyInteractorBridge not discovering Quest 2 VR hand controllers on start in build

[FIXED] SampleMoveTo - CancelMoveTo() does not stop a NPC from moving

[FIXED] Switch Look and toggle Jet Pack may not always work on low power devices

[FIXED] Default font in Unity 2022.2+

[FIXED] Demo button1 UVs

[IMPROVED] StopMoving API now also resets input damping

[IMPROVED] IsObstacle API checks for valid direction

[IMPROVED] Added Sticky Anim Replacer documentation to the manual

[IMPROVED] Reduce in-editor GC when looking at interactive-enabled objects

[IMPROVED] Replaced Get/SetActivePopup() APIs with Get/Clear/SetActivePopups(), IsActivePopups()

[IMPROVED] Sticky Control Module - Moved Identification Settings to the Engage tab

[IMPROVED] Sticky Control Module - Condensed debug layout

[IMPROVED] Sticky Control Module - First person camera Update Type options

[IMPROVED] StickyDisplayModule - update main camera when switching between 1st and 3rd person

[IMPROVED] Sticky Input Module - Added change position button for Custom Inputs

[IMPROVED] Sticky Interactive - Readable objects including levers and joysticks

[IMPROVED] Sticky Interactive - Readable value debugging in the editor

[IMPROVED] Sticky Popup Module - Sharpened text in demo prefabs

[IMPROVED] Sample Sit Action Popup has option to only show a single popup at the same time

[IMPROVED] ToggleHoldInteractive API can instantly grab non-Touchable objects

[IMPROVED] Updated link to tutorials

#### Version 1.1.1 - 08 August 2023

[NEW] StickyManager - support for additive scenes

[FIXED] NPC Jane and Rod should not have an enabled first-person camera

[FIXED] Copied style is null. Using StyleNotFound instead (U2022.3 only)

[IMPROVED] StickyPopupModule - orient toward camera up when camera is assigned

#### Version 1.1.2 - 02 January 2024

[NEW] Amy, Bryce, Jeff, and Kate stylised animated characters

[NEW] Shape Module with APIs for facial emotions and reactions

[NEW] StickyControlModule - manually set zoom with API

[NEW] StickyControlModule - is friend or foe APIs

[NEW] Option to prevent character sprinting backward

[NEW] Animate Action Move Speed Normalise and InvN options

[NEW] Animate Action Strafe Speed Normalise option

[NEW] Animate Action Turning Speed

[NEW] Carpet footstep sounds

[NEW] More natural crafted walk and run animations

[NEW] Third Person camera align to current position editor option

[NEW] Third Person camera lock to position APIs

[FIXED] Linked animation actions in Custom Inputs ignore conditions

[FIXED] EnableCharacter should not enable look on NPCs

[FIXED] NPCs incorrectly use FreeLook

[FIXED] Missing demo lever materials

[IMPROVED] Auto-activate the character gameobject on initialise

[IMPROVED] Reduced B43A1 rifle LOP from 34.7 to 32.0

[IMPROVED] Updated SRP packages to URP and HDRP 10.7.0

[IMPROVED] SampleLookAtPlayer NPC walk offset from player

[IMPROVED] Updated VR setup instructions for U2022.3

[IMPROVED] SampleSitAction/NPC/Popup onSeated/Stoodup callbacks

[IMPROVED] Foot IK refactor

#### Version 1.1.3 - 07 March 2024

[NEW] Option to manually update Celestials from Sci-Fi Ship Controller

[NEW] Set temporary reference frame APIs

[NEW] SampleSitActionPopup works with SSC Multi-stage Seat animator

[NEW] SampleSitActioNPC works with SSC Multi-stage Seat animator

[NEW] StickyZone - option to enable colliders on initialise

[FIXED] Toggle Third Person at runtime in editor on un-initialised causes null reference

[FIXED] NullReference when removing a Speech Audio clip in Sticky Shapes Module

[IMPROVED] Sticky Shapes Module - add speech audio at runtime

[IMPROVED] Third Person focus position when sitting

[IMPROVED] Hand IK when player is sitting

#### Version 1.1.4 - 12 June 2024

[NEW] SSCOutputBridge

[NEW] Support for Meta XR Core in VR

[FIXED] SSCInputBridge.IsInitialised always returns false

[FIXED] StickyZone - Enable Colliders option missing in editor

[FIXED] StickyInteractive - disable rbody gravity if not in use for Unity 6+

[FIXED] StickyInteractive - readable position unstable with sudden movement

[IMPROVED] StickyInteractive - ReInitialiseReadable() can be called multiple times

[IMPROVED] SSCInputBridge APIs

[IMPROVED] Compatibility with Unity 6

#### Version 1.1.5 - 22 July 2024

[NEW] StickyInputModule - override axis option

[NEW] StickyUIRaycaster - for popups on moving objects

[FIXED] Sitting - Assertion failed on expression: IsNormalized(direction)

[IMPROVED] Sitting obstacle detection

[IMPROVED] Get Support button opens Unity Discussions

#### Version 1.1.6 - 01 October 2024

[NEW] StickyControlModule - look at socket Exit Delay for sockets on moving objects

[NEW] StickyControlModule - look at interactive Exit Delay for moving objects

[NEW] StickyControlModule - Interact LH for Amy, Bryce, Jeff and Kate

[NEW] StickyControlModule - copy and paste Footstep actions between characters

[NEW] StickyControlModule - hand IK rapid reach and rapid recoil options

[NEW] StickyInteractive - popup interval

[NEW] StickyPopup8[VR] prefabs

[NEW] SSCOutputBridge - Pause and Unpause methods

[NEW] SampleSitActionNPC - SitInstantly (sittable interactive) option

[NEW] SampleSitActionPopup - SitInstantly (sittable interactive) option

[NEW] SampleAnimReplacer - using the StickyAnimReplacer at runtime

[NEW] SampleDropPopup - used to drop held or stashed items

[NEW] StickyAnimReplacer - add arrays or lists of anim clip sets via API

[NEW] StickyShapesModule - SetSpeechAudioStartTime

[NEW] StickyShapesModule - speechAudio onStopped events

[NEW] StickyShapesModule - PlayEmotionDelayed method

[NEW] StickyShapesModule - PlaySpeechAudioDelayed method

[NEW] StickyShapesModule - Speech Clip Offsets

[NEW] StickyZone - add arrays or lists of anim clip sets via API

[NEW] Improved walk animations for Amy and Kate

[NEW] 5 Bryce sit actions and gestures (work with Jeff also)

[NEW] StickyAnimEditor (experimental) - add IK curves directly to .anim files

[FIXED] 3rd person pitch limits may be ignored when Free Look is enabled

[FIXED] When character is initialised, 1st person camera FoV is not set to Unzoomed FoV

[FIXED] SampleSitActionNPC - character not standing to full height on fast moving objects

[FIXED] SampleSitActionPopup - character not standing to full height on fast moving objects

[IMPROVED] StickyControlModule - unzoomed 1st person FoV limit increased to 110

[IMPROVED] StickyControlModule - look at interactive for fast moving objects

[IMPROVED] StickyControlModule - revised 3rd person Free Look pitch up and down

[IMPROVED] StickyControlModule - more reference frame debugging data

[IMPROVED] StickyControlModule - runtime StickyID visible in Debug Mode

[IMPROVED] StickyControlModule - anim action conditions support interactive tags

[IMPROVED] StickyControlModule - hand IK defaults to smooth reach for new targets

[IMPROVED] StickyShapesModule - share fade wait interval for reduced GC

[IMPROVED] StickyInteractive - writeable objects use sensitivity

#### Version 1.1.7 - 26 November 2024

[NEW] Shapes Module - Mute, Toggle or UnMute Speech audio APIs [FIXED] FindFirstObjectByType not found in U2022.2.x

[IMPROVED] Updated editor toolbars

#### Version 1.1.8 – 18 February 2025

[NEW] Prone in technical preview

[NEW] Crouch radius and crouch strafe speed

[NEW] Foot IK - Default Weight (no parameter)

[NEW] Character Sit Height

[NEW] StickyControlModule - horizontal look limit

[NEW] StickyControlModule - anti-shoulder clipping in first person

[NEW] StickyControlModule - enable and disable zoom

[NEW] StickyControlModule - Lyable objects like beds

[NEW] StickyControlModule - separate crouch and walk forward back speeds

[NEW] StickyInteractive - Sittable scale character height and radius

[NEW] StickyInteractive - apply or restore object anim sets with non-held objects

[NEW] StickyTaskModule - sit and lie tasks in technical preview

[NEW] Sit and lie down animations for Amy, Bryce, Kate, and Jeff

[FIXED] Crouch may not resize collider

[FIXED] StickyControlModule - ArgumentException when onInitialised parm is null

[FIXED] SetCurrentReferenceFrame may be called twice during initialisation

[FIXED] Cannot enable and disable sockets on Look tab at runtime

[FIXED] Height and radius might not be reset when respawning

[FIXED] StickyInputModule - Crouch may fail when Is Crouch Toggled is enabled

[FIXED] StickyUICaster.Awake on StickyPopup2(Clone) could not find EventSystem (Playground)

[FIXED] Misspelt SetLookCamerFocusOffsetTP() method

[FIXED] FootIK may not honour zero values in animation weight curve

[IMPROVED] Minimum metrics are verified when character is initialised

[IMPROVED] StickyControlModule - for consistency IsObstacle() API uses current radius

[IMPROVED] StickyControlModule - movement debugging

[IMPROVED] Accuracy of Follow Head in first person

[IMPROVED] Clip Objects with third person camera

[IMPROVED] Head IK now uses body rotation rather than character rotation

#### Version 1.1.9 - 14 April 2025

[NEW] APIs to detect scene changes

[NEW] Support for LB Seamless and SSC Seamless

[FIXED] New StickyManager may not register undo in Unity 6+

#### Version 1.2.0 - 18 June 2025

[NEW] Support for SSC Seamless

[NEW] Option to not trigger events on StopLookAtInteractive

[NEW] Option to not trigger events on StopLookAtSocket

[NEW] Animate Conditions InteractiveTargeted and InteractiveTagTargeted

[NEW] SSCOutputBridge - option to Pause on Initialise

[FIXED] Glitchy right hand in Amy walk animations

[FIXED] StickyControlModule - NonegageColour property typo

[FIXED] StickyDisplayModule - Expand and collapse all Gauges

[IMPROVED] Better integration with LB Seamless

[IMPROVED] Warning when weapon Auto Reserve and Is Sticky Mag Required

#### Version 1.2.1 – 26 June 2025

[NEW] StickySockets - support changing scenes

[FIXED] StickyControlModule - LookEnabled may return true when false in first frame

[FIXED] StickyControlModule - AudioListener in First Person may not enable

[FIXED] SSCOutputBridge - Pause on Init

[IMPROVED] callbackOnCameraChange is not called before character is initialised

[IMPROVED] StickyZones - option to not override temporary reference frames

#### Version 1.2.2 – 01 August 2025

[NEW] StickyZone - pre and post enter and exit callbacks

[NEW] TelePortToCurrent API

[NEW] StickyControlModule - On Disabled and On Enabled events

[NEW] StickyControlModule - Collide tab, TelePort on Re-Enable

[NEW] Compatible with RCCP Entry-Exit system

[FIXED] SSCOutputBridge - Recentre on Config fails if Pause on Init is true

[FIXED] SSCOutputBridge - levers and joystick rotation may change when paused

[IMPROVED] StickyControlModule - added IsPlayer()

[IMPROVED] StickyControlModule - init ref frame can use existing ref frame

[IMPROVED] StickyTaskModule - GetLieTask, GetSitTask error messages

#### Version 1.2.3 - 16 Sept 2025

[NEW] StickyControlModule - Instant Look for VR

[NEW] StickyInputModule - XR Add Actions

[FIXED] RemoveListeners does not clean up onDisabled or onEnabled

[FIXED] Footsteps - Can not play a disabled audio source

[FIXED] StickyControlModule - look update type should be auto in VR

[FIXED] StickyInputMoudule - UIS Action and Control Type order in editor

[FIXED] StickyInputMoudule - XR Action and Control Type order in editor

[FIXED] StickyInteractive may become unstable when parented on grabbed

[IMPROVED] Prone is out of Technical Preview

[IMPROVED] Unity XR and Look VR are out of Technical Preview

[IMPROVED] UIS actions for common Custom Inputs

[IMPROVED] UIS new Add Actions cater for 10x mouse speed

[IMPROVED] SampleXRData2Popup - delta move options

[IMPROVED] XR Hands are children of XR Camera Offset transform

[IMPROVED] StickyXRInteractor - warning if no EventSystem in the scene

#### Version 1.2.4 - 09 Oct 2025

[NEW] SSCInputBridge - Pause on Init

[NEW] Callback on change reference frame

[NEW] Parent XR Hands to Sci-Fi Ship Controller ships

[NEW] Support for LockPosition (seated) in VR

[FIXED] Look VR may have rotation limited to first person values

[FIXED] Look VR camera may not initialise if character starts disabled

[FIXED] Footstep SFX can be triggered while position is locked

[IMPROVED] XR Camera - set a default height with New Button

[IMPROVED] Revised and updated VR sections of the manual

[IMPROVED] StickyUIRaycaster - Error messages

[IMPROVED] StickyInteractive - Error messages for Readable objects

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