

Inheritance Tax Non-Resident Return (2-07)



Transfer Inheritance And Estate Tax

New Jersey Division of Taxation PO Box 249 Trenton, New Jersey 08695-0249

(609) 943-9905 or (609) 943-4108

INTRODUCTION

NEW JERSEY TRANSFER INHERITANCE TAX - ESTATE TAX GENERAL

New Jersey has had a Transfer Inheritance Tax since 1892 when a 5% tax was imposed on property transferred from a decedent to a beneficiary. Currently, the law imposes a graduated Transfer Inheritance Tax ranging from 11% to 16% on the transfer of real and personal property with a value of \$500.00 or more to certain beneficiaries. There is no New Jersey Estate Tax for the estates of non-resident decedents.

BENEFICIARY CLASSES

The Transfer Inheritance Tax recognizes five beneficiary classes, as follows:

Class "A" - Father, mother, grandparents, spouse/civil union partner (on or after 2/19/07), domestic partner (on or after 7/10/04), child or children of the decedent, adopted child or children of the decedent, issue of any child or legally adopted child of the decedent and step-child but <u>not</u> step-grandchild of the decedent.

Class "B" - Eliminated by statute effective July 1, 1963.

Class "C" - Brother or sister of the decedent, including half brother and half sister, wife/civil union partner (on or after 2/19/07) or widow/surviving civil union partner (on or after 2/19/07) of a son of the decedent, or husband/civil union partner (on or after 2/19/07) or widower/surviving civil union partner (on or after 2/19/07) of a daughter of the decedent.

Class "D" - Every other transferee, distributee or beneficiary who is not included in Classes "A", "C" or "E".

Class "E" - The State of New Jersey or any political subdivision thereof, or any educational institution, church, hospital, orphan asylum, public library or Bible and tract society or to, for the use of or in trust for religious, charitable, benevolent, scientific, literary or educational purposes, including any institution instructing the blind in the use of dogs as guides, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private stockholder or other individual or corporation; provided, that the exemption does not extend to transfers of property to such educational institutions and organizations of other states, the District of Columbia, territories and foreign countries which do not grant an equal, and like exemption on transfers of property for the benefit of such institutions and organizations of this State.

NOTES: If any beneficiary is claimed to be the mutually acknowledged child of the decedent, said claim should be set forth in the detailed manner prescribed under N.J.A.C. 18:26-2.6.

For the purposes of the New Jersey Transfer Inheritance Tax an adopted child is accorded the same status as a natural child and, therefore, his relations are treated in the same manner as those of a natural child. (i.e. if the decedent's adopted son marries/enters into a civil union, his spouse/civil union partner is "the wife/civil union partner of a son of the decedent" and therefore a class "C" beneficiary).

The offspring of a biological parent conceived by the artificial insemination of that parent who is a partner in a civil union is presumed to be the child of the non-biological partner. In the Matter of the Parentage of the Child of Kimberly Robinson, 383 N.J. Super. 165; 890 A.2d 1036 (Ch. Div. 2005) (Non-biological parent of New York registered domestic partnership recognized in New Jersey, presumed to be the biological parent of child conceived by the other partner through artificial insemination where the non-biological partner has "show[n] indicia of commitment to be a spouse and to be a parent to the child.").

A devise of real property to a husband and wife or civil union couple as "tenants by the entirety" provides each with a vested life estate, the remainder being contingent. See N.J.A.C. 18:26-8.12.

The issue of stepchildren ARE Class "D" (NOT Class "A") beneficiaries.

The following ARE Class "D" (NOT Class "C") beneficiaries: stepbrother or stepsister of the decedent, husband/wife/civil union partner/domestic partner or widow/widower/surviving civil union partner/surviving domestic partner of a step-child or mutually acknowledged child of the decedent.

The fact that a beneficiary may be considered "nonprofit" by the Internal Revenue Service does not necessarily mean that it qualifies for exemption as a Class "E" beneficiary since the criteria are different.

TAX RATES

Each class of beneficiary has its own separate tax rate. See the Rate Schedule on Page VI.

EXEMPTIONS

- 1. The transfer of real property in this State held by a husband and wife/civil union couple as "tenants by the entirety" to the surviving spouse/civil union partner is not taxable for New Jersey Inheritance Tax purposes.
- 2. The transfer of intangible personal property such as stocks, bonds, corporate securities, bank deposits and mortgages owned by a nonresident decedent is not subject to the New Jersey Inheritance Tax. However, it is used to compute the New Jersey resident tax on the appropriate worksheet.
- 3. Any sum recovered under the New Jersey Death Act as compensation for wrongful death of a decedent is not subject to the New Jersey Inheritance Tax except as provided below:
 - a. Any sum recovered under the New Jersey Death Act representing damages sustained by a decedent between the date of injury and date of death, such as the expenses of care, nursing, medical attendance, hospital and other charges incident to the injury, including loss of earnings and pain and suffering are to be included in the decedent's estate.
 - b. Where an action is instituted under the New Jersey Death Act and terminates through the settlement by a compromise payment without designating the amount to be paid under each count, the amount which must be included in the inheritance tax return is an amount, to the extent recovered, which is equal to specific expenses related to the injury. These expenses are similar to those mentioned in section a. above and include funeral expenses, hospitalization and medical expenses, and other expenses incident to the injury. Any amount which is recovered in excess of these expenses is considered to be exempt from the tax.
- 4. The proceeds of any contract of insurance insuring the life of a resident or nonresident decedent paid or payable, by reason of the death of such decedent, to one or more named beneficiaries other than the estate, executor or administrator of such decedent are exempt for New Jersey Inheritance Tax purposes.

- 5. The transfer of property to a beneficiary or beneficiaries of a trust created during the lifetime of a resident or nonresident decedent, to the extent such property results from the proceeds of any contract of insurance, insuring the life of such decedent and paid or payable to a trustee or trustees of such by reason of the death of such decedent, is exempt from the New Jersey Inheritance Tax irrespective of whether such beneficiary or beneficiaries have a present, future, vested, contingent or defeasible interest in such trust.
- 6. The transfer of life insurance proceeds insuring the life of a resident or nonresident decedent, paid or payable by reason of the death of such decedent to a trustee or trustees of a trust created by such decedent during his lifetime for the benefit of one or more beneficiaries irrespective of whether such beneficiaries have a present, future, vested, contingent or defeasible interest in such trust, is exempt from the New Jersey Inheritance Tax.
- 7. The transfer, relinquishment, surrender or exercise at any time or times by a resident or nonresident of this State, of any right to nominate or change the beneficiary or beneficiaries of any contract of insurance insuring the life of such resident or nonresident, regardless of when such transfer, relinquishment, surrender or exercise of such right occurred, is exempt from the tax.
- 8. Any amount recovered (under the Federal Liability for Injuries to Employees Act) for injuries to a decedent by the personal representative for the benefit of the classes of beneficiaries designated in that Statute, whether for the pecuniary loss sustained by such beneficiaries as a result of the wrongful death of the decedent or for the loss and suffering by the decedent while he lived, or both is not subject to the Inheritance Tax.

Any amount recovered by the legal representatives of any decedent by reason of any war risk insurance certificate or policy, either term or converted, or any adjusted service certificate issued by the United States, whether received directly from the United States or through any intervening estate or estates, is exempt from the New Jersey Inheritance Tax.

This exemption does not entitle any person to a refund of any tax heretofore paid on the transfer of property of the nature aforementioned; and does not extend to that part of the estate of any decedent composed of property, when such property was received by the decedent before death.

- 9. The proceeds of any pension, annuity, retirement allowance, return of contributions or benefit payable by the Government of the United States pursuant to the Civil Service Retirement Act, Retired Serviceman's Family Protection Plan and the Survivor Benefit Plan to a beneficiary or beneficiaries other than the estate or the executor or administrator of a decedent are exempt.
- 10. All payments at death under the Teachers Pension and Annuity Fund, the Public Employees' Retirement System for New Jersey, and the Police and Firemen's Retirement System of New Jersey, and such other State, county and municipal systems as may have a tax exemption clause as broad as that

of the three major State systems aforementioned, whether such payments either before or after retirement are made on death to the employee's estate or to his specifically designated beneficiary, are exempt from the New Jersey Inheritance Tax.

The benefit payable under the supplementary annuity plan of the State of New Jersey is not considered a benefit of the Public Employee's Retirement System and is taxable whether paid to a designated beneficiary or to the estate.

The death benefits paid by the Social Security Administration or railroad Retirement Board to the spouse of a decedent are also exempt. For purposes of filing a return these amounts need not be reported nor are they to be deducted from the amount claimed as a deduction for funeral expenses.

In all other cases the death benefit involved should either be reported as an asset of the estate or deducted from the amount claimed for funeral expenses.

- 11. Other pensions. An exemption is provided for payments from any pension, annuity, retirement allowance or return of contributions, which is a direct result of the decedent's employment under a qualified plan as defined by section 401(a), (b), and (c) or 2039(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, which is payable to a surviving spouse or domestic partner.
- 12. The amount payable by reason of medical expenses incurred as a result of personal injury to the decedent should be reflected by reducing the amount claimed for medical expenses as a result of the accident.

The amount payable at the death of an income producer as a result of injuries sustained in an accident, which are paid to the estate of the income producer, is reportable for taxation. In all other instances this amount is exempt.

The amount paid at death to any person under the essential services benefits section is exempt from taxation.

The claim for funeral expense is to be reduced by the amount paid under the funeral expenses benefits section of the law.

WHERE TO FILE

All returns are to be filed with the Transfer Inheritance and Estate Tax Branch at the New Jersey Division of Taxation, 50 Barrack Street, PO Box 249, Trenton, New Jersey 08695-0249.

WHEN TAX RETURNS ARE DUE

A Transfer Inheritance Tax Return must be filed and the tax paid on the transfer of real and personal property within eight months after the death of a nonresident decedent. No tax is imposed on non-resident decedents for real and tangible personal property located outside of New Jersey and intangible personal property wherever situated. However, even though these items are not taxed they are used in the formula for computing the nonresident tax (see the "N.J. Resident Tax" line on each tax worksheet).

The tax is a lien on all New Jersey real property for fifteen years unless paid sooner or secured by an acceptable bond. Interest accrues on unpaid taxes at the rate of 10% per annum.

AMENDMENTS TO AN ORIGINAL RETURN

Any assets and/or liabilities not disclosed in the original return and all supplemental data requested by the Division is to be filed in affidavit form and attested to by the duly authorized statutory representative of the estate, next of kin, or beneficiary certifying in detail a description of the asset, real or personal and/or the liability and the reasons for failure to disclose same in the original return and filed directly with the Transfer Inheritance Tax Branch.

WAIVERS

A waiver is required for New Jersey real estate owned by a decedent dying a resident of another state with the exception of real estate owned by a husband and wife/civil union couple as "tenants by the entirety".

A membership certificate or stock in a cooperative housing corporation is considered intangible personal property and, therefore, is not subject to tax or waiver requirements in the estate of a nonresident decedent.

Waivers are not required for automobiles, bank accounts, stocks, household goods, personal effects, accrued wages or mortgages, but these items must be reported in the return filed.

IMPORTANT REMINDERS

- If the decedent died TESTATE you must supply a legible copy of the LAST WILL AND TESTAMENT, all CODICILS thereto and any SEPARATE WRITINGS.
- A copy of the decedent's last full year's FEDERAL INCOME TAX RETURN is required.
- All returns, forms and correspondence must contain the decedent's SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER and be signed and notarized.
- PAYMENTS ON ACCOUNT may be made to avoid the accrual of interest. (Form IT-EP is included in this booklet.)
- If PAYMENTS are not made by CERTIFIED CHECK the issuance of waivers may be delayed.
- All CHECKS should be made payable to N.J. INHERITANCE TAX and sent to the New Jersey Division of Taxation, Transfer Inheritance and Estate Tax Branch, 50 Barrack Street, PO Box 249, Trenton, NJ 08695-0249.

A FLAT TAX MAY BE PAID IN LIEU OF FILING PRESCRIBED DATA

The representatives of the estate may avoid the necessity of a full disclosure of all of the detail called for in the enclosed forms by payment of a flat rate of tax on the fair market value of the decedent's real estate and goods, wares and merchandise located in the State of New Jersey. If this procedure is to be followed, submit an affidavit (*for which the Division has no printed form*) certifying the following facts:

- 1. Name of decedent; date of death; legal domicile as of the date of death.
- 2. Description and fair market value of the New Jersey goods, wares and merchandise; and describe (by lot and block number, address, municipality and county) the New Jersey real estate and give the assessed and market values thereof for the year of decedent's death. Explain how any fractional ownership in real estate was derived. If any liens or encumbrances were outstanding at decedent's death, state the facts fully. State whether or not there was mortgage insurance and, if there was, the amount thereof.
- 3. State value of gross estate of decedent both in and outside of New Jersey. Certify whether decedent made any gifts or transfers in contemplation of death, or to take effect at or after death, or created any trusts in his lifetime. Give names and relationship to decedent of donees or transferees, and market value of gifts, transfers or trusts. If the decedent at any time executed any deeds of trust or agreements of a similar nature, copies thereof must be submitted. If the decedent had an interest in either a closely held corporation or partnership submit copies of any stock purchase, option agreement, or mutual purchase agreement.
- 4. If decedent died testate, attach a legible copy of the will and give ages as of death of decedent of any life tenants or annuitants. State whether all beneficiaries survived. In those cases where decedent died intestate, state the names of the heirs-at-law and the next-of-kin and their relationship to decedent. Give parentage of heirs and next-of-kin taking deceased parent's share.
- 5. A recital to the effect that all right is waived for a refund of the payment of tax and interest found due. (However, any overpayment made in connection with the filing of the flat tax method will be refunded. This recital is meant to preclude the subsequent filing of the full disclosure ratio tax return for the purpose of obtaining a refund of the tax found due under the flat tax method).

On the basis of the above data, the flat tax will usually approximate the tax payable if the detailed report were filed. Statutory rates and exemptions are used in the flat rate computations which are illustrated in the attached worksheets.

In addition to the flat tax affidavit, IT-NR Page 1 must be completed and submitted. The numbered line items on the IT-NR Page 1 are completed as follows:

- 1. No entries are made on Lines 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 or 7;
- 2. Report the gross estate both in and outside of New Jersey, on Line 5;
- 3. Report any contingent amount included in Line 5, on Line 8;
- 4. Report the balance of the estate on Line 9 (Line 5 minus Line 8);
- 5. Complete Lines 10 thru 19.

NOTE: The flat tax affidavit form of return should be utilized for estates where all of the taxable New Jersey property is specifically devised, jointly owned (joint tenants with the right of survivorship), or transferred to one or more individuals within three (3) years of the decedent's death, or to take effect at or after the decedent's date of death. In these situations, the estate is not subject to the ratio or flat tax computations. Rather, the New Jersey property is taxed directly to the devisee, transferee, or surviving joint tenant at the resident rates. Accordingly, no worksheet is required. See the example on page V.

COMPUTING A DIRECT TAX

As indicated in the "<u>NOTE</u>" on page IV, the direct tax method is utilized for computing the tax on the New Jersey real and tangible personal property that is specifically devised, jointly owned (joint tenants with the right of survivorship), or transferred to one or more individuals within three (3) years of the decedent's death, or to take effect at or after the decedent's date of death.

For example, an estate with a total gross value of \$2,400,000* containing New Jersey real estate with a fair market value of \$800,000 after mortgages and liens, specifically devised to a niece (Class "D" Beneficiary) of the decedent, is determined to be \$121,000 as follows:

VALUE OF <u>DEVISE</u>	X	<u>RATE</u>	=	<u>TAX</u>
\$700,000		15%		\$105,000
100,000		16%		<u>16,000</u>
<u>\$800,000</u>				<u>\$121,000</u>

^{*}It should be noted that the gross value of this decedent's estate was not a computational consideration in determining the tax to be \$121,000.

Class "C" TRANSFEREES IN ESTATES OF DECEDENTS DYING ON OR AFTER 7/1/88

First	\$ 25,000	Exempt
Next	1,075,000	11%
Next	300,000	13%
Next	300,000	14%
Over	1,700,000	16%

CLASS "D" TRANSFEREES

	02:100 2 11	III (OI BILBEO				
If less than \$500: no tax						
If \$500 or more: no exemption						
•						
First	\$700,000	15%				
Over	\$700,000	16%				

IT-NR (10/06)

Transfer Inheritance Tax PO Box 249 Trenton, NJ 08695-0249

STATE OF NEW JERSEY Inheritance Tax Return NON-RESIDENT DECEDENT

(67) For Division Use Only

(Instructions on reverse side)

D	ecedent's Name	(Last)	(First) (Mide	Decedent's l	S.S. No	/	
D	ate of Death (mm/dd/yy)/_	State of Residence				
	Mailing Address	Name		Pho	one ()		
	to send all	Street					
	correspondence	City		State	Zip Co	ode	
	Do you expect to	file a Federal Estate 7	Γax Return?	🗆 Yes 🗆] No		
	1. Schedule A		Real Property			1.	
	2. Schedule B		Closely Held "Business	es"		2.	
	3. Schedule B(1)					3.	
	4. Schedule E		Transfers			4.	
	5. Total Estate When	ever Situate (Add Lir	nes 1 thru 4)			5.	
	6. Schedule C		Deductions			6.	
	7. Net Estate Where	ver Situate (Line 5, m	ninus Line 6)			7.	
	8. Contingent Amou	nt Included in Line 7	(See instructions on reve	rse side)		8.	
1	9. Balance of Estate	(Line 7, minus Line 8	8)			9.	
1	10. Method Used for	Tax Calculation:	□ Flat Tax □ Ratio	☐ Direct Tax		10.	
1	11. Tax Due Based or	Calculation Method	(from attached workshee	t)		11.	
1	2. Compromise Tax	Due on Line 8 Amou	nt (See instructions on re-	verse side)		12.	
1	13. Contingent Tax (S	ee instructions on rev	verse side)			13.	
1	14. Total Tax Due (To	otal - Line 11 thru Lin	ne 13)			14.	
1	5. Interest Due (If ap	oplicable) (See instru	ctions on reverse side) .			15.	
1	16. Total Amount Due	e (Line 14, plus Line	15)			16.	
1	17. Payment on Acco	unt (If applicable)				17.	
1	18. If Line 17 (Payme	ents) is LESS THAN	Line 16, Enter BALANC	E DUE - PAY THIS	AMOUNT -	18.	
1	19. If Line 17 (Payme	ents) is MORE THAN	I Line 16 Enter REFUND	AMOUNT	->	19.	
cc			t I have examined this return an set forth above to act as the esta				
	Subscribed and sworn bef	ore me			A.1. ***	TT: (1)	
	this	day of			xecutor - Administrator	•	
			Adı	dress:			
		Official Title (Notarized)					

Official Title (Notarized)

INSTRUCTIONS FOR RECITAL PAGE

Lines 8, 12 and 13

In the case of a transfer or transfers made subject to a contingency or condition which renders a definite determination of the Transfer Inheritance Tax due impossible, the Division will suggest a compromise of the tax based upon immediate payment and final disposition of the tax. N.J.A.C. 18:26-2.14, N.J.S.A. 54:36-6 AND 54:36-5.

Therefore, enter on Line 8, the amount of the estate that is "Contingent".

In the event you wish to compute a compromise for the Division's review, you should include a rider setting forth full computations and details and enter the proposed amount on Line 12. Following this procedure may speed the auditing of the decedent's return.

Be advised that where all or any portion of the contingent amount has vested in a beneficiary by reason of the happening of any contingency event, full details should be set forth on a rider, the tax computed on a rider and entered on Line 13.

Line 15

Interest accrues at the rate of 10% per annum on any tax due or portion thereof not paid within eight months of the decedent's death.

With respect to the payment of the tax due on an executory devise, or a transfer subject to a contingency or power of appointment, any payment on such a transfer after the expiration of two months from the date the contingency occurs or the property vests, shall bear interest at the rate of 10% per annum.

In any case where a contingent remainder vests in beneficial possession and enjoyment subsequent to the death of the original decedent, but prior to the expiration of the statutory interest period, interest on the contingent tax does not start to accrue until eight months from the date of death of the original decedent.

Line 17

Payments on account may be made at any time to avoid further accrual of interest on the amount so paid. Any overpayment will be promptly refunded upon determination of the actual amount payable. Make checks payable to "NJ Inheritance Tax", PO Box 249, Trenton, NJ 08695-0249.

ESTIMATED PAYMENT Forms and IT-EP Forms are included in this package.

Examples of Interest Computations

Date of Death	
Interest Date (eight months)	
Tax Assessed	
Interest @ 10% per annum from 1-28-91 to 9-19-91 (\$7,120.48 x 10% x 234/365)	
Total	
Payment on Account (9-19-91)	
Balance Due (plus interest @ 10% per annum from 9-19-91 to date of final payment)	456.49
Date of Death	
Interest Date (eight months) 4-29-91	
merest bute (eight months)	
Tax Assessed	\$68,389.70
Payment on Account (4-19-91)	(16,974.56)
Balance	51,415.14
Payment on Account (4-28-91)	(31,927.02)
Balance	19,488.12
Interest @ 10% per annum from 4-29-91 to 5-10-91 (\$19,488.12 x 10% x 11/365)	58.73
Total	19,546.85
Payment on Account (5-10-91)	(27,048.67)
Overpayment (to be refunded)	7,501.82

SCHEDULE "A" REAL PROPERTY NON-RESIDENT DECEDENT

(See Instructions on reverse side)

	Decedent's Name					
Description of Real Estate (List all real estate both outside and within New Jersey)		Full Assessed Value for Year of Death	Full Market Value at Date of Death	Value of Decedent's Equity (and how determined)	This Column for Division Use	
Street and Number						
Municipality						
Municipality:						
Lot:	Block:					
County:	State:					
Owner of Record:						
Mortgage Balance:	\$					
Mortgage Insurance:	\$					
Insert this total on page 1	, line 1					

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SCHEDULE "A"

Real property in New Jersey should be described by the name of the town or city and county wherein said property is located, and by lot and block number and street number, if any.

- Explain how any fractional ownership in realty was derived. Indicate also whether held as tenants in common, as joint tenants or by entireties.
- Submit verification of the balance at the decedent's date of death of any mortgage on New Jersey real estate.
- Submit a copy of any appraisal, contract of sale, or closing statement.

SCHEDULE "B" CLOSELY HELD "BUSINESSES" NON-RESIDENT DECEDENT

(See Instructions on reverse side)

Decedent's Name	Decedent's Social Security Number			
Name and Federal Identification Number of Any Sole Proprietorship, Partnership, Joint Venture and/or Closely Held Corporation in Which the Decedent Held Any Interest	Market Value at Date of Death	This Column for Division Use		

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SCHEDULE "B"

GENERAL

If the taxpayer had any interest in a closely held corporation, partnership, joint venture or sole proprietorship, the following information is required (in each instance):

- 1. A detailed balance sheet and profit and loss statement, revised to reflect the market value of the assets thereof as distinguished from the net book value, as of the decedent's date of death, or as near thereto as the Director may deem acceptable.
- 2. For the five year period preceding the decedent's date of death:
 - A. Detailed balance sheets.
 - B. Detailed profit and loss statements.
- 3. The nature of the business.
- 4. Describe and state the assessed and market value of any real property.
- 5. Set forth your basis for determining the clear market value as reported.

CLOSELY HELD CORPORATIONS

If the decedent had any interest in a closely held corporation, submit (in addition to the general information required above):

- 1. For the five year period preceding the decedent's date of death:
 - A. A listing of salaries paid to officers.
 - B. A listing of dividends paid, together with the name(s) of the payees.
- 2. Copy/copies of any stock purchase or option agreement to which the decedent was a party as of the date of death.
- 3. Copy/copies of any insurance policy/policies on the decedent's life payable to the corporation as beneficiary together with a statement of the benefits payable thereunder.
- 4. The number of shares of stock of all classes issued and outstanding and the par value thereof.
- 5. List of stockholders setting forth the number of shares held by each.

PARTNERSHIPS OR JOINT VENTURES

If the decedent had any interest in a partnership or joint venture, submit (in addition to the general information required above):

- 1. Copy of the partnership agreement.
- 2. Copy/copies of any mutual purchase agreement(s) to which the decedent was a party at the date of death.
- 3. Copy/copies of any insurance policy/policies on the decedent's life payable to the surviving partners as beneficiary together with a statement of the benefits payable thereunder.

SOLE PROPRIETORSHIPS

If the decedent had any interest in a sole proprietorship, submit (in addition to the general information required above):

1. If any of the sole proprietorship's assets are listed elsewhere on this return, (i.e. Schedule "A"), make full disclosure.

SCHEDULE "B (1)" ALL OTHER PERSONAL PROPERTY NON-RESIDENT DECEDENT

(See Instructions on reverse side)

Decedent's Name	/			
Decedent 3 (vanie	Decedent 3 50	I		
All Other Personal Property Owned Individually or Jointly; Indicate the Manner of Registration	Market Value at Date of Death	This Column for Division Use		

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SCHEDULE "B (1)"

List all tangible and intangible personal property (excluding that on Schedule B) wherever situated.

This schedule must disclose not only all other personal property owned individually by the decedent but also all other personal property standing in joint names (such as United States Savings Bonds, bank accounts, shares of stock, etc.) which may be claimed by another or others as survivors. The deceased joint tenant is deemed to have been the absolute owner of the property and the survivor/survivors are presumed to have received a devise or bequest of the whole and not a part of the property. This presumption can be rebutted to the extent that the survivor can prove contributions out of funds separate and apart from those that originated in the decedent.

This schedule must list all other intangible personal property such as, but not limited to, United States Savings Bonds; treasury certificates; cash on hand; cash in the bank; deposits in Federal or State Credit Unions; mutual funds; bonds and mortgages; promissory notes; claims; accounts receivables; corporate bonds; corporate stocks; accrued interest; dividends; salaries or wages; insurance payable to the estate or its representatives; interest in any undistributed estate or income from any property held in trust under the will or agreement of another.

SCHEDULE "C" DEDUCTIONS CLAIMED NON-RESIDENT DECEDENT

(See Instructions on reverse side)

Decedent's Name		Decedent's Soci	al Security Number	
Debt or Claim of	Nature of Same	Amount	This Column for Division Use	
	Estimated Expenses for: Administration (Attach an itemized list)			
Name:	Counsel Fees:			
Jame:	☐ Agreed Upon ☐ Estimated			
If more than two, attach a rider of the same size) Name(s):	Executor's or Administrator's Commissions (Must not be claimed unless reported for Income Tax purposes.)			
S#//				
SS#//	SUBTOTAL			
Name:	Funeral			
	Transfer taxes paid to other states (itemize by state)			
	Other Deductions (list individually)			

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SCHEDULE "C"

If any notes, brokerage accounts or other claims are secured by collateral, describe the collateral pledged, with its value as of the date of death of the decedent and state whether or not said collateral is included among the assets disclosed in Schedule B or B(1). If collateral is not pledged, state after each loan "No collateral pledged".

NOTE: No debt or claim is to be listed in this schedule unless still owing and unpaid at the time of death and unless such debt or claim is to be paid out of the assets of the estate.

(EXAMPLE: That portion of medical bills paid or reimbursed by Medicare or other medical insurance should not be claimed on this schedule).

Contested claims must be explained in detail. Do not list any taxes, either real, personal or income, chargeable for any period subsequent to date of death.

The estate agrees to advise the Division if the amount actually paid in settlement of any fee, commission or debt is greater or less than the estimated amount allowed and further agrees to the correction of the assessment, if necessary.

For mortgages see instructions for Schedule "A".

Examples of Allowable Deductions

FUNERAL EXPENSES:

Cemetery Plot (immediate family)

Funeral Luncheon

Flowers

Minister/Rabbi/Priest/Imam Monument/Lettering Funeral Costs

Acknowledgments

ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES:

Appraisal of real estate

Appraisal of personal effects

Surrogate's fees Probate expenses Fee to notify creditors Death certificates Telephone tolls

Cost of Executor's or Administrator's Bond

Collection costs Court costs

Cost on recovery and/or discovery of assets

Will contests

Realty commissions Probate litigation

Storage of property if delivery to legatee not possible

within reasonable time

DEBTS OF DECEDENT OWING and UNPAID AT TIME OF DEATH:

Personal accounts

Judgments

Federal income and gift taxes

Real estate mortgage:

(a) Interest accrued before death, deducted in

Schedule C

(b) Principal offset in Schedule A

Charitable pledges

State, county and local taxes accrued before death Unpaid Inheritance Tax on interrelated estate

Transfer Taxes paid to other states

Debts on property located outside of New Jersey

Examples of Non-Allowable Deductions

Contingent liabilities

Mortgage, taxes and accrued interest on tenants by entirety property

Debts paid by insurance

Medical expenses paid prior to death

Liabilities of corporation of which decedent was a

shareholder

Real estate and property maintenance costs

Storage expense

Litigated and disputed claims

State, county and local taxes accruing after date of death

New Jersey Transfer Inheritance Tax

Real estate brokers commissions, except if real property sold

during administration of estate

Federal Estate Tax

SCHEDULE "D" NON-RESIDENT DECEDENT

		/ /						
Decedent's Name	Deced	lent's Social Security Number						
Details of Real and Tangible Personal Property subject to the jurisdiction of the State of New Jersey.								
CONSENTS TO TRANSFER WILL BE GRANTED ONLY ON PROPERTY INCLUDED IN THIS SCHEDULE.								
 List below all New Jersey realty owned by decedent. Also list all tangible goods, wares and merchandise in New Jersey. (Note: Waivers are not required to transfer any intangibles such as bank accounts, mortgages, or bonds and stocks of New Jersey corporations.) 	Market Value of Decedent's Equity	This Column for Division Use						

SCHEDULE "E" TRANSFERS NON-RESIDENT DECEDENT

	/	/
Decedent's Name	Decedent's Soc	cial Security Number
(ALL QUESTIONS MUST BE ANSWERED)		
1. Did decedent, within three years of death, transfer property, valued at \$50 full financial consideration therefor?		
2. Did decedent, at any time, transfer property, reserving (in whole or in par or enjoyment of such property?	- ·	□ Yes □ No
3. Did decedent, at any time, transfer property on terms requiring payment source other than such property?	□ Yes □ No	
4. Did decedent, at any time, transfer property, the beneficial enjoyment of because of a reserved power to alter, amend, or revoke, or which could re of transfer or by operation of law?	□ Yes □ No	
If answer to any of above questions is "yes", set forth a description of pr market value at date of death, dates of transfers, and to whom transferred agreement, if any. (If transfers are claimed to be untaxable, also submit such claim is based, proof as to decedent's physical condition and copy of	operty transferred, the fair l. Submit copy of trust deed or, detailed statement of facts on word death certificate.)	hich
5. Was decedent a participant in any pension plan that provided for paymen or after death to another?		
6. Did decedent purchase or in any manner participate in any contract or pla annuity or lump sum on or after death to another, <i>except life insurance content beneficiary?</i>	ontracts payable to a designated	
(Matured endowment policies, claim settlement certificates, supplementa and refunds thereunder and interest income certificates even though issue not considered life insurance contracts.)	2	
7. Was a single premium life insurance policy issued on decedent's life in contract?		□ Yes □ No
If answer to questions 5, 6 or 7 is "Yes", attach a copy of all such contract. 8. Were any accumulated dividends due on any contract of insurance? (If y	• •	□ Yes □ No
Date of Transfer; Description of Property, Both Real and Personal: Actual Consideration if Any; Names and Relationship to Decedent of Donees, Assignees, Transferees, etc.	Market Value at Date of Death	This Column for Division Use
Insert this total on page 1, line 4		

SCHEDULE "F" BENEFICIARIES NON-RESIDENT DECEDENT

ATTACH COPY OF WILL AND CODICILS HERE

							/
Decedent's Name Decedent					ent's Social Security Number		
In case of intestacy, the parentage of all collateral heir step-child, step-brother or step-sister must be so stated	rs (such as	nieces, nephe	ws, cousi	ns, etc.) n	nust b	e set forth.	The relationship of step-parent,
BENEFICIARIES AND ADDRESSES (State full names and addresses of all who have an interest, vested, contingent or otherwise, in estate)		itionship	Class	Survive Decede State Yes or N	nt	Age At Death of Decedent	Interest of Beneficiary In Estate
_							
					_		
Deponent further says the following schedule contain	s the name			-	efore o		
NAME		DATE	OF DEAT	ГН		DO	MICILE AT DEATH

Under authority of Federal law, the Division of Taxation of the Department of the Treasury of the State of New Jersey and the Internal Revenue Service have entered into a Federal/State Agreement for the mutual exchange of tax information for purpose of tax administration.

RATIO TAX WORKSHEET

Decedent	t's Name(Last)	(First)	(Middle)	_ Decedent's S.S.	. No		
survivors	use when no amount of the hip), or transferred to one o's date of death.						
survivors surviving	ne New Jersey taxable prope thip), or transferred as indica gioint tenant(s) or transferee(davit form of return, describe	ted above, that ams) at the resident to	ount is not subject ax rates. If all or	ect to the ratio tar f the New Jersey	x but rath taxable p	ner is taxed direct roperty is so dev	etly to the devisee(s) or vised or owned, the Flat
1.	Gross N.J. taxable property	(from Schedule "I	D")		1		/
2.	Total estate wherever situate	e (IT-NR, Page 1,	Line 5)		2		/
3.	Gross to gross ratio (Line 1	divided by Line 2)		3		
4.	Total of administration expe (from subtotal of Schedule	enses, counsel fees	and commission	ns	4		
5.	Deduction from gross N.J. t	axable property (I	ine 4 multiplied	by Line 3)	5		/
6.	Net N.J. taxable property (I	ine 1 minus Line	5)		6		/
7.	Net estate wherever situate	(IT-NR, Page 1, L	ine 7)		7		/
8.	Ratio (Line 6 divided by Lin	ne 7) (not to exce	ed 100%)		8		
9.	N.J. resident tax on amount (see page 6 of the instruction			tax rates)	9		
10.	N.J. nonresident ratio tax (L	ine 8 multiplied b	y Line 9)	1	0		/

NOTE

In the event that any amount of the estate is contingent, the ratio calculated on Line 8 above should be applied to the resident compromise tax to compute the nonresident compromise tax due.

COMBINATION DIRECT TAX AND FLAT TAX WORKSHEET

Decedent's	s Name		Decedent's S.S. No. / /					
	(Last)	(First)	(Middle)					
survivorsh	ise when only part of the ip), or transferred to one date of death.							
survivorsh	e New Jersey taxable pro ip), or transferred as ind joint tenant(s) or transfer	licated above, that a	mount is not subj	ect to the flat tax		•		_
	Direct tax on New Jerses owned, or transferred as				1			
	Value of New Jersey tax owned, or transferred as				2			
	Value of gross estate bot New Jersey property spe indicated above)	cifically devised, jo	ointly owned, or tr	ansferred as	3			
4.	Flat tax ratio (Line 2 div	rided by Line 3)			4			
	New Jersey resident tax of the instructions for cla				5			
6.	Resident tax less direct t	ax (Line 5 minus L	ine 1)		6			
7.	Flat tax (Line 4 multiplie	ed by Line 6)			7			
8.	Total direct tax and flat t	tax (Line 1 plus Lin	e 7)		8			

NOTE

In the event that any amount of the estate is contingent, the ratio calculated on Line 4 above should be applied to the resident compromise tax to compute the nonresident compromise tax due.

COMBINATION DIRECT TAX AND RATIO TAX WORKSHEET

Decedent's Name				Decedent's S.S. No.			
	(Last)	(First)	(Middle)				
survivors				cally devised or jointly o years of the decedent's d			
survivors: surviving	hip), or transferred as ind joint tenant(s) or transfer	icated above, that ar ree(s)at the resident t	nount is not subject ax rates. If all of	ically devised or jointly of to the ratio tax but rathe the New Jersey taxable pro to worksheet is required. S	r is taxed directly operty is so devise	to the devisee(s) or ed or owned the Flat	
1.	Direct tax on New Jerse owned, or transferred as			jointly 1			
2.	Value of New Jersey tax owned, or transferred as			jointly 2.		/	
3.	Total estate wherever sit	uate (IT-NR, Page 1	, Line 5)	3		/	
4.	Gross to gross ratio (Lin	e 2 divided by Line	3)	4			
5.	Total of administration e (from subtotal of Schedu			is 5		/	
6.	Amount of Line 5 to be specifically devised, joir (Line 4 multiplied by Li	ntly owned, or transf	erred as indicated				
7.	Net New Jersey property	subject to the ratio	tax (Line 2 minus	Line 6) 7		/	
8.	Net estate wherever situa	ate (IT-NR, Page 1, 1	Line 7)	8		/	
9.	Ratio (Line 7 divided by	Line 8)		9			
10.	New Jersey resident tax (see Page VI of the instr			tax rates) 10		/	
11.	Resident tax less direct t	ax (Line 10 minus I	ine 1)	11		/	
12.	Ratio tax (Line 9 multip	lied by Line 11)		12		/	
13.	Total direct tax and ratio	tax (Line 1 plus Lin	ne 12)	13		/	

NOTE

In the event that any amount of the estate is contingent, the ratio calculated on Line 9 above should be applied to the resident compromise tax to compute the nonresident compromise tax due.

FLAT TAX WORKSHEET

Decedent's N	ame			Decedent's S.S. No		
	(Last)	(First)	(Middle)			
survivorship), decedent's da	or transferred to on te of death.	e or more individua	als within three (3)	fically devised or jointly years of the decedent's	death, or to take	effect at or after the
	, ,	1 2		cally devised or jointly to the flat tax but rath	•	_
	it tenant(s) or transfer		•		iei is taxed directi	y to the devisee(s) of
1. Val	ue of New Jersey rea	l property and tangi	ble personal proper	ty 1		/
2. Val	ue of gross estate bot	th in and outside of	New Jersey	2		/
3. Fla	t tax ratio (Line 1 div	rided by Line 2)		3		
	w Jersey resident tax e Page VI of the inst			tax rates) 4		/
5. Fla	t tax (Line 3 multipli	ed by Line 4)		5		/

NOTE

In the event that any amount of the estate is contingent, the ratio calculated on Line 3 above should be applied to the resident compromise tax to compute the nonresident compromise tax due.