

Aboriginal Republic of North America
National Jural Society
Case 22325KWX
12th month 5th day 15110
2-23-2025

Keishia Henning *et al*
Plaintiffs,
Vs

Kin Way Xi *et al*,
Defendants.

ORDER & DECLARATORY JUDGMENT
in re Jurist Capacity of ARNA Nationals

Defendant Kin Way Xi raised the legal questions of whether there is a distinction between a Jurist and an Aboriginal Jurist, and whether becoming an ARNA Jurist can inadvertently result in the loss of rights that would otherwise be preserved under U.S. citizenship or ARNA nationality, specifically serving as a power of attorney and drafting legal documents.

In answering the Defendant, the Court declares and orders as follows:

1. Black's Law Dictionary, 4th Ed. defines the word "jurist" as "*One who is versed or skilled in law;*".
2. Page 7 of the ARNA Aboriginal Jurist Level 1 Manual states that "*Aboriginal Jurists serve the ARNA Community*". Page 7 also states that Aboriginal Jurist "*Are certified via this LEVEL 1 course to operate entry into the ARNA Plebiscite for Nationality, address TAX issues for Nationals, handle issues dealing with Finance and improvement [of] personal and business economic portfolios, address lawsuit issues, and issues dealing with Human Rights and contracts*"
3. The Court finds that Aboriginal Jurists perform a wide range of legal and economic functions, for both ARNA Nationals and non-nationals.
4. Section 1 of the ARNA Title 7 Law and Justice statutes outlines the protocols and procedures for Aboriginal Jurists.
5. Clause 1) of the aforementioned statute states that "The ARNA Aboriginal Law Firm was created for accreditation services for all Aboriginal Jurists and chartering Aboriginal Jurist Law Firms."
6. The Court finds that All Aboriginal Jurist Law Firms originating in the ARNA jurisdiction are under the authority of ARNA Aboriginal Law Firm and are operated by ARNA Aboriginal Jurist.
7. Clause 3) of the Title 7 statutes states that "*All Jurists in Good Standing will be posted on this forum so nationals know who can lawfully deliver services to nationals and non-nationals*"

8. Several of the Title 7 clauses following clause 3) also use the term “Jurist” when referring to Aboriginal Jurists. Therefore, the terms *Jurist* and *Aboriginal Jurist* are found to be synonymous in the ARNA jurisdiction. There is no distinction between the two terms in current ARNA law.
9. With the above factors being considered, the Court finds that if an ARNA National, who is a formerly credentialed Aboriginal Jurist, is utilizing an Aboriginal Jurist Law Firm entity originating in the ARNA jurisdiction to contract to provide legal services under the title “Jurist”, or is providing services consistent with ARNA Aboriginal Jurist services under the title “Jurist”, then the only reasonable context said Jurist would be presumed to be operating in is as a credentialed ARNA Aboriginal Jurist.
10. ARNA has no power to define words for use in other jurisdictions. Other jurisdictions have no power to define words for use in ARNA. When speaking in the generally accepted sense of the word *jurist*, any person who is “versed or skilled” in law may choose to go by the general term *jurist*. However, a person identifying as a “jurist” with no material evidence to support their claim is simply hearsay that will not be admissible in this Court.
11. The work carried out by ARNA Aboriginal Jurists and their Aboriginal Law Firms is always within the context of operating an Indigenous Plebiscite, as Aboriginal Jurists are Ministerial Ambassadors for ARNA and Officers of the Court.
12. Therefore, the Court finds that operating in such a capacity with such a law firm is to be operating as an ARNA Aboriginal Jurist, who is required to be educated and certified in such capacity by ARNA Aboriginal University and ARNA Aboriginal Law Firm.
13. ARNA Nationals do not lose their rights to contract to provide products and services inside or outside of the USA/US jurisdictions upon becoming an Aboriginal Jurist, this includes the right to contract as a Power of Attorney.
14. However, specific to the work of an ARNA National who styles themselves as a “Jurist” or “Tribal Lawyer”, if said National is not a credentialed ARNA Aboriginal Jurist, they must explicitly state in all contracts with all clients that they are an independent actor who has not been credentialed, or who has been suspended and stripped of their Jurist credentials, by ARNA Aboriginal University or ARNA Aboriginal Law Firm or Court adjudication, and that none of those entities nor ARNA are liable for any injuries a client may incur due to contracting with said actor, and that said actor is subject to being sued in ARNA and in the USA/US jurisdictions in the case of breaches and injuries to their clients.
15. If a National is found to be representing himself or herself as an Aboriginal Jurist/Jurist without being credentialed as such, said National would be guilty of Fraud (Moral Codes 5, 6, and/or 7).
16. If a National is operating independently as a general “jurist” or specifically as an ARNA credentialed “Aboriginal Jurist/Jurist”, and is found to be misrepresenting their competency in the labor being executed in order to gain an unfair/dishonest advantage or financial/personal gain, said National would be guilty of Fraud (Moral Codes 5, 6, and/or 7).
17. Defendant Kin Way Xi has already been suspended as an Aboriginal Jurist/Jurist by adjudication and has been noticed multiple times of his suspension post-judgment.
18. **IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT** Defendant Kin Way Xi has until **5pm EST on March 26th, 2025** to submit material evidence of his accreditation in any jurisdiction that would lend credence to his capacity as an ethical and competent jurist, or a person “skilled or versed” in law.

ORDERED AND DECLARED this 19th day of March, 2025.

Indigenous Political Authority
Aboriginal Cherokee - Choctaw
Deputy Clerk of Court - Tribal Xi-Ameru
Minister B'ak el-Bar' Waxak Kab' Xi Ameru
Shaykhemaxum Semai Sheriq
US Dept of State Auth# 06013144-1

