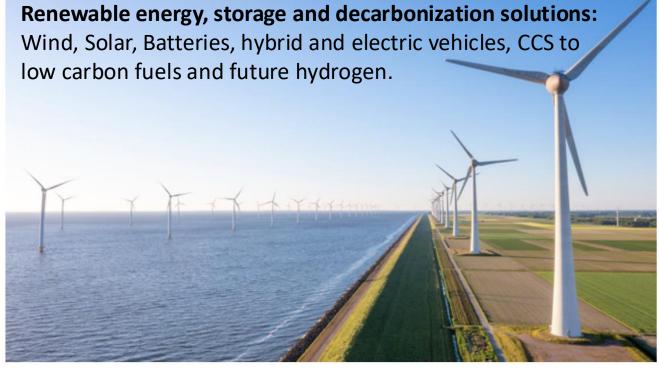
Circular Solar Wind: What if the problem with wind is a solution for solar-battery projects and

even as pollution control infrastructure?



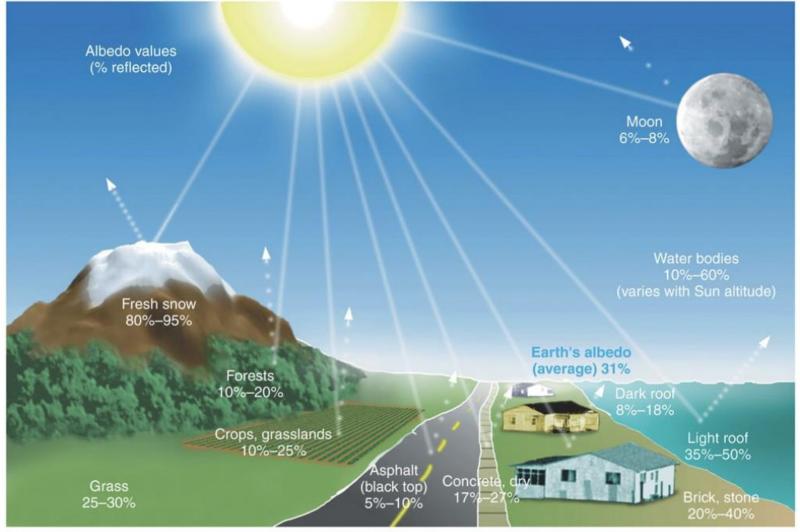


Wind problems: extending lifecycle and useful, economic higher recycling rates of blades and nacelle's are in demand:

- Recycling rates of blades average at around 90%.
- Those opposing wind point to their impact on landfills.
- Solutions include downcycled as an SCM for concrete.
- Or as WtE fuel; which plastic, toxin emissions and its a low BTU value at a cement kiln.
- Reuse or repurposing is of the highest value for the Circular economy and environmental impact.
- Wind Europe has suggested a 2025 landfill ban on blades.
- Failure include from corrosion, cyber events, oil leaks, fires; which impact environmental health of the land or water.

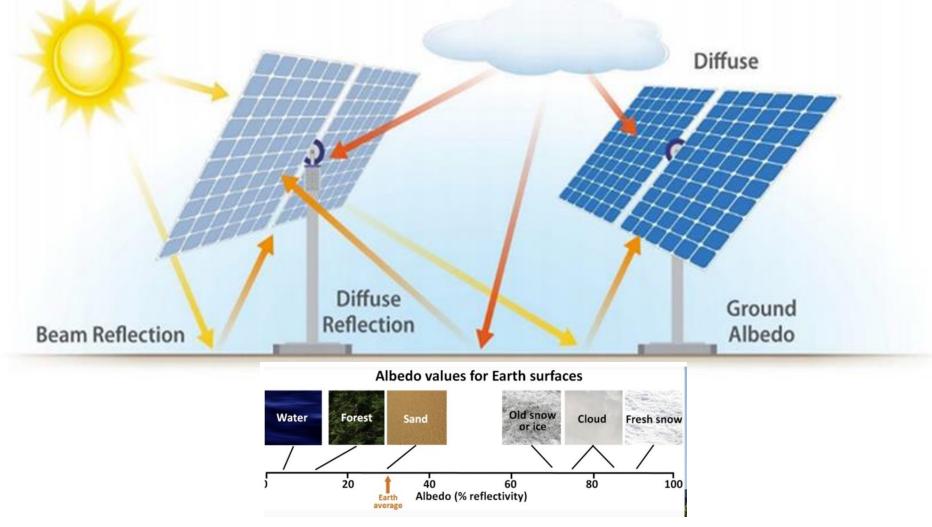


Let's look at Albedo Values: since recycled Wind either whole or downcycled can simulate high albedo value Fresh Snow



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Albedo, the percentage of available sunlight reflected back into space, varies from surface to surface. Photo: Pearson Prentice Hall Inc.



How does it work? Let's start with learning about how bifacial solar panels work?

- They have a transparent glass backsheet where the rear/bifacial side also collects sunlight to convert to electricity.
- On average the rear side could collect up 70 85% of the frontside, but that is rare.
- Bifacial output varies highly on ground Albedo Values and tilt/angle.

Landfill problems repurposed for infrastructure, carbon reduction & energy demands

Circular Solar's innovation can use these materials to reduce landfill waste and increase solar output while passively capturing and

converting CO2 to be inert.

Divertible Waste, Feedstock Materials:

- 1. Glass bottles
- 2. Wind turbine blades
- 3. Concrete

Use Cases include On Demand Infrastructure & Decarbonizing Industry:

- 1. Solar-battery farms, sustainable buildings, solar canals, public works, EV charging stations.
- 2. Oil & gas, mining, cement, auto, agriculture.
- **3. CDR** (carbon dioxide reduction) until Zero.



Three Resources In Landfills That Can Simulate Snow, Clouds

Solar Tests, September 26th 2022 nearly 5pm, sun off to the side, backside tests

Asphalt output is 40 Watts:

Recycled Glass Mulch 45W



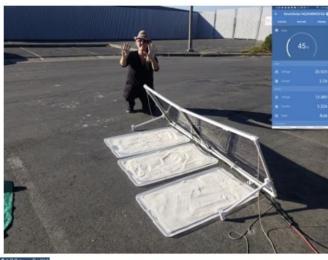
White Quartz Sand 45W



Brown Tarp 41W, Green 42W







As the sun circles around this fixed tilt, nearly vertical, ground mounted bifacial panel you can see the MPPT charge controller verifies the benefits. All testing materials seen next slide.

We see a 12.5% energy yield increase.

Plus these materials cool the earth by reflecting heat island effect, supporting 1.5C Paris Agreement threshold.



Short video of materials/test setup

Then video tested/metered on floating minigrid

Tech, innovation, R&D by Circular Solar LLC

Same parking lot location December 2022

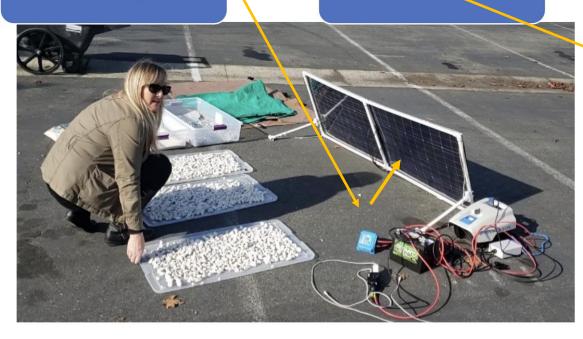
Field tests of solar infrastructure materials, aggregates and tarps simulating organics:

Previous tests, brown canvas 41W

Green tarp 42W



Sand, glass and white marble/limestone 44W-46W



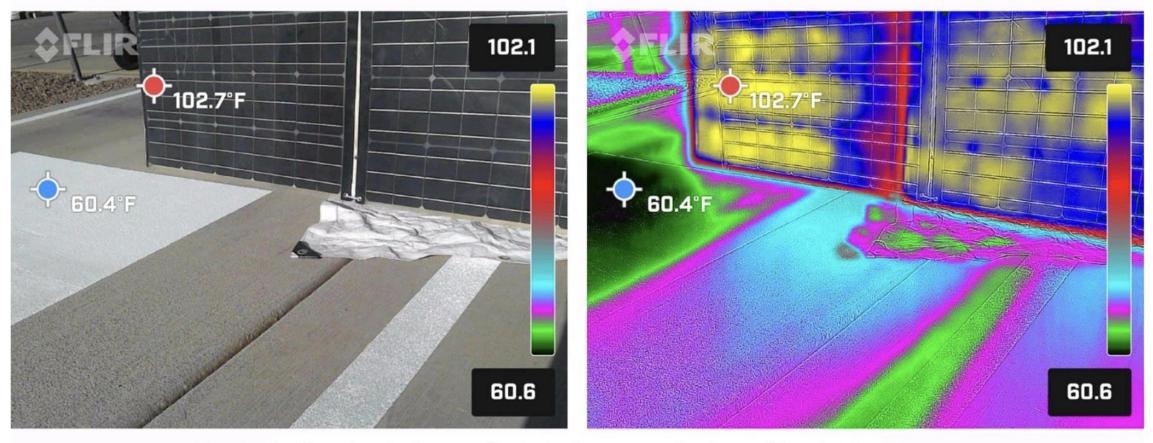
These two 80 watt flexible bifacial panels are connected in parallel to cables wired to a Bluetooth MPPT solar charge controller to meter and record materials changing the solar output to 48V LFP or 12V Lead Acid batteries and while charging or operating electronics.



Notice the reflectivity. Material tests include the parking lot rubberized asphalt, white quartz sand, clear reflective glass, green plastic tarp for grass, brown canvas tarp for dirt/mulch and white marble for limestone. Certain waste or recycled materials can emulate these. Using white marble aggregates above.

December 24th, 12PM

Circular Solar cooling concrete, IR validates on the solar panel

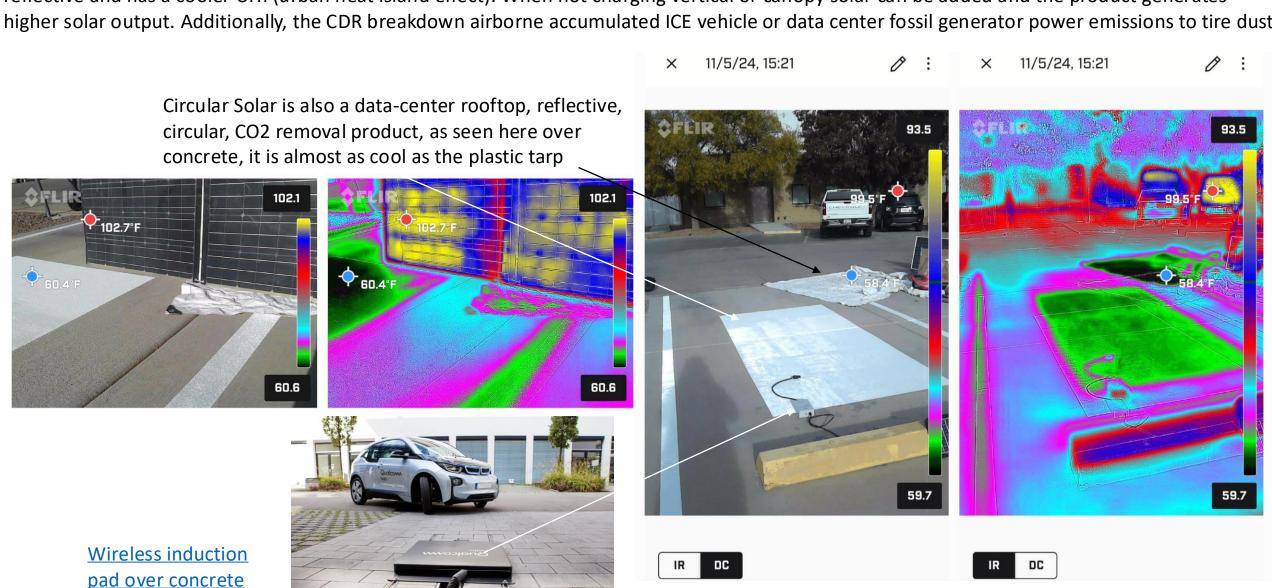


Product: Circular Solar applied at glass supplier's parking lot in Arizona



EV, Solar CDR and Cooling: EV/Port charging applications, scalable to data-center buildings.

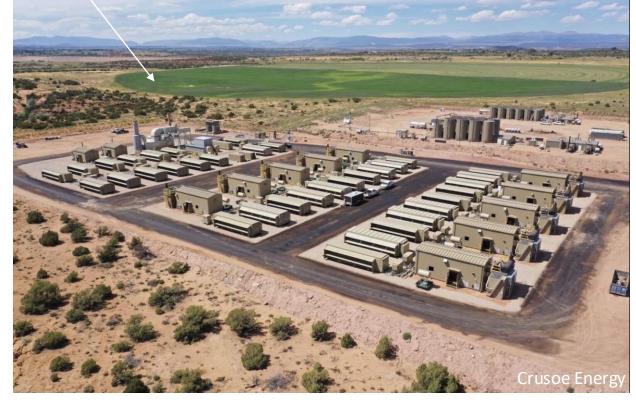
Hot concrete in Arizona (location below) will stay cooler when EVs, park or charge over the space. Both wired but especially future wireless induction charging remains cooler, thus improving charging efficiency and component, battery lifecycle, due to less heat losses as the product is reflective and has a cooler UHI (urban heat island effect). When not charging vertical or canopy solar can be added and the product generates higher solar output. Additionally, the CDR breakdown airborne accumulated ICE vehicle or data center fossil generator power emissions to tire dust.



Circular Solar has completed the MOU as an Epri-Open Ai Consortium Member: as a potential "use-case" pilot with utilities and hyperscalers with four use-cases: 1. as a CDR project. 2. as a PPA with the highest possible daily solar yields. 3. Our product for data-center infrastructure, especially cooler rooftops by reducing airborne dust buildup, retaining high albedo effect to reduce interior water use for cooling as seen in previous slide. 4. Which can breakdown PFAS in the event of leak within the data-center or as pollution outside the building; see side five for pollution breakdown which includes PFAS water and airborne pollution from Radius Recycling (automobile shredder residue ASR PFAS).

- 1. Coolest, CDR carbon removal rooftop (less water required for interior cooling).
- 2. Cooler EV charging spaces for employees or autonomous fleets (slide 12) which doubles as higher efficiency, faster charging vehicle to data-center).
- 3. Hybrid DAC Wind (slide 10)
- 4. Circular Solar Wind: EoL wind blades repurposed below solar panels, with CDR (slides 7-10). Texas and California have wind blades being decommissioned now ideal this project.





The Lancium Clean Tech data center campus is being constructed by contractor DPR Construction in Abliene, Texas, with Crusoe Energy as its developer.

Circular Solar CDR Wind Blades Repurposed Into Energy.

Left: Dual axis circular CSP (concentrated solar power) where fresh snow albedo may offer <50% higher daily solar yields vs fixed horizontal. Solar efficiency records are expected (which may already have been achieved in 2023 for a fixed mount panel; see slide 6).

This dual axis option would be ideal with sections of cut blades surrounding panels in four corner patterns to mirror all light possible. Landfilled waste into CSP!

Additionally, these are hosts for CDR (carbon dioxide removal) coating removing vehicle to data center generator emissions buildup; byproduct water, soil amendment.

12 months controlled mCDR study results on slide 6.

Middle: Single axis tracking may offer more energy versus vertical.

Right: near Summer Solstice, East - West orientation, the CS Blade's fresh simulation of fresh snow, cloud white albedo effect can generate >15% more power on one side vs brown albedo value.

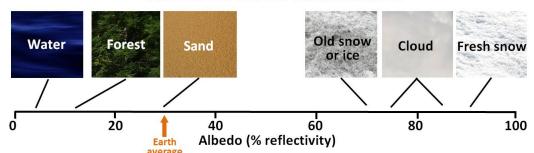
Circular Solar is patent-pending

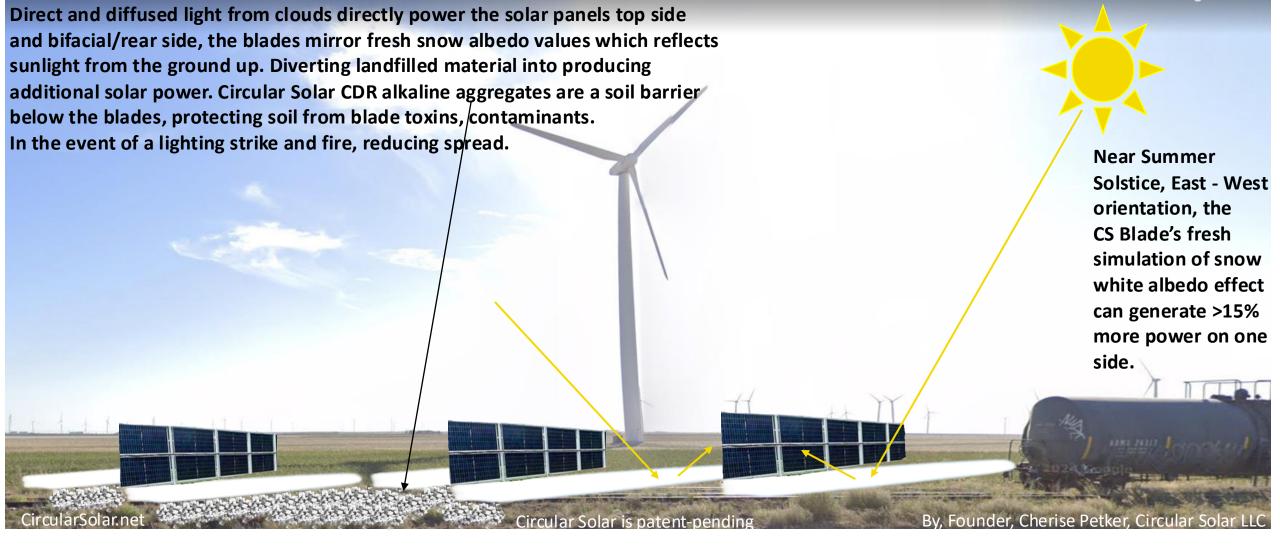
Rural Agricultural, Highway, Rail CDR

Video: Live energy validating 25% higher output

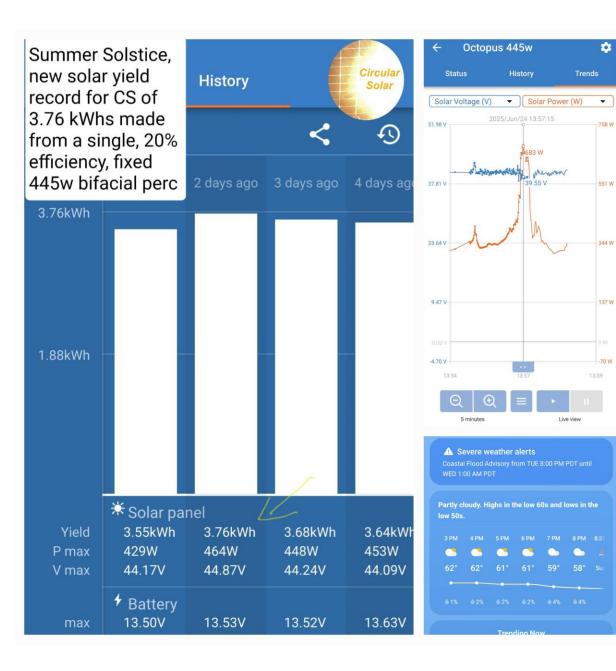
Website page about Albedo Effect here

Albedo values for Earth surfaces

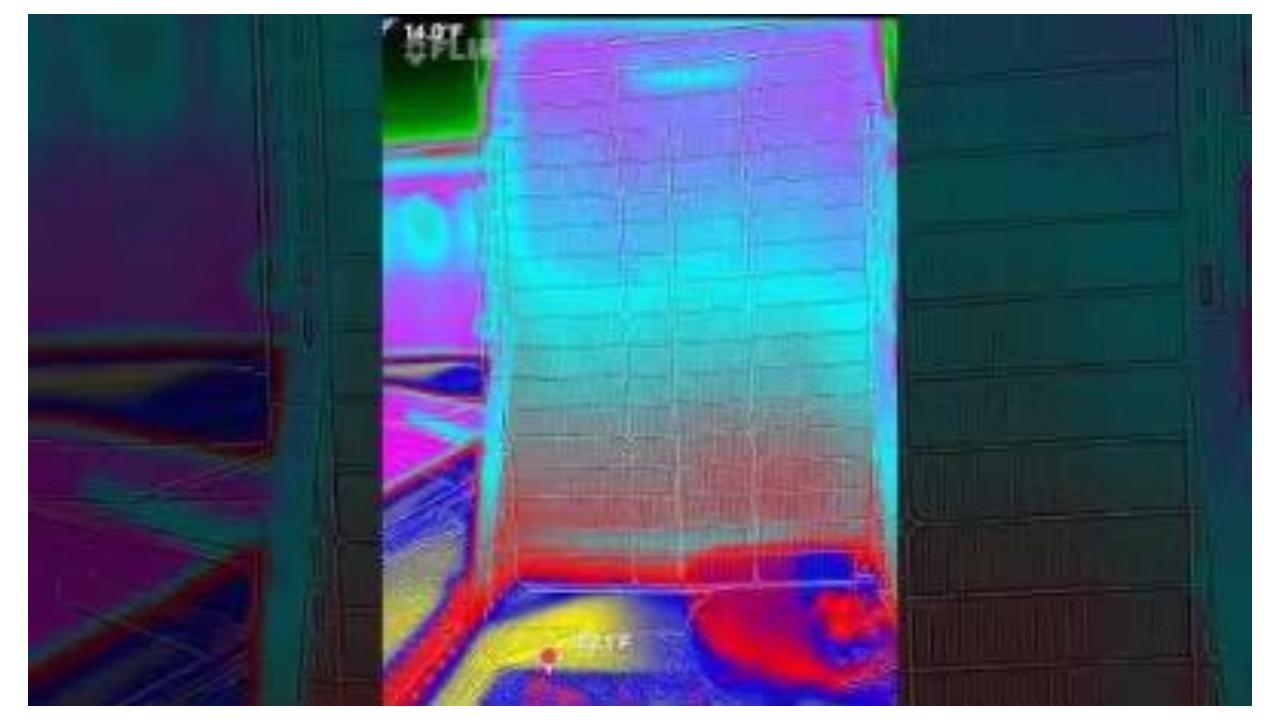




- 1. A global solution for recycling EoL waste onsite, reusing it back into energy production and host for carbon removal technology.
- 2. Reusing blades with the Circular Solar CDR technology (that's also applied to in-use Wind) generates 15%+ solar energy yields and work for 20+ years in solar PPA.
- 3. Solar-bess costs are separate, 80% of the normal EoL wind decommissioning/recycling/landfill costs (\$6-11k/blade) go towards construction, CDR, CS IP fee. The wind project owner saves 20% and will most likely become the solar PPA. It is expected to offer >15% more power. Circular Solar LLC receives a % of the PPA rev.
- 4. Additional hybrid CDR & power microgrid for onsite EV charging station can be installed utilizing our pavement product.
- 5. Passive DAC/CDR project produces additional PV energy, removes 1 ton CO2/year from 10,000sq.ft. with CDR; as low as \$100.00/CO2 carbon offset (goal by 2028).
- 6. Demonstrations of carbon removal on fiberglass composite by a freeway, port & live energy tests of CS CDR making more pv energy, fixed horizontal, up to 26% eff.





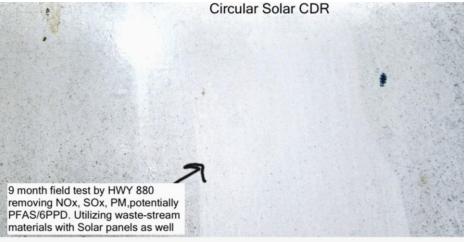


Project Circular Solar CDR (pollution removal): 21-month and 9-month field CDR rooftop, over a waterway

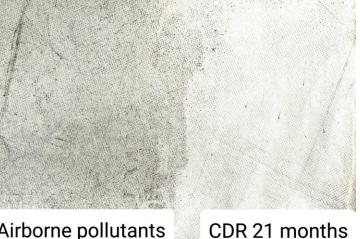
field tests: These materials, ERW limestone marble, recycled glass, composite, vinyl are coating with the nanotechnology to act as low-tech DAC (direct air capture), ERW, mCDR infrastructure and energy generating materials which capture and remove small amounts of airborne carbon, pm (particulate matter) from Port of Oakland activities, including Radius Recycling, rail, HWY 880 passenger vehicles and trucks including organic microplastic (such as from tire dust) emissions. The photocatalytic process removes or breakdown these harmful pollutants into less harmful matter.

Over two-year field test for turbocharged ERW of dolomite, limestone marble: left untreated, right treated since 3/2023 >





EoL, restored composite simulating wind blades, towers breaking down pollutants which offers anti-corrosion benefits.



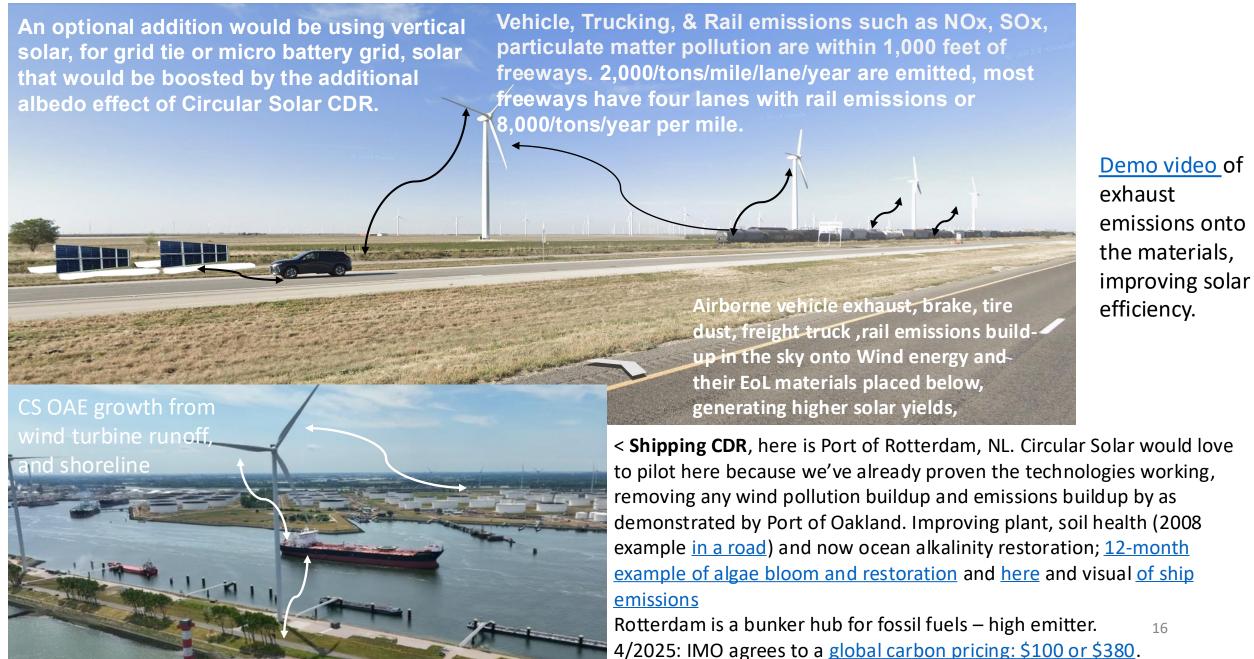
Airborne pollutants

"rooftop" vinyl bimini



Road marking and rooftop test strips. 3.5 months old comparison example; center untreated.

Circular Solar CDR Wind, reducing corrosion, failure: with prior pollution control slides in mind, then its EoL materials reused as CDR by roac ports, transportation, data-centers using fossil fuel backup generators, placed below solar generating more power and batteries in nacelle's.



Heat stress on cattle is a growing problem

In Kansas during the 2022 heatwaves, there were 2,000 cattle deaths.

In Europe, due to heat stress, dairy cows milk yield may decrease by about 2.8% and farmers may expect financial losses in the Summer season of about 5.4% of their monthly income.

Circular Solar Wind Canals or Cattle Shade can mitigate this problem. And in-use Wind could add the carbon, dust, heavy metal removal coating for healthier water runoff sequestered the soil, farm, creek below.



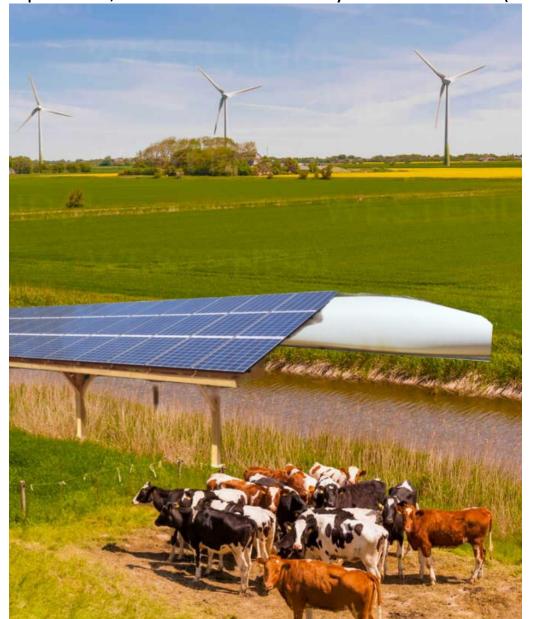
Kansas officials say weather conditions made it hard for cows to cool down in an intense heat wave. Here, cattle graze near wind turbines in Hays, Kansas, in 2017.

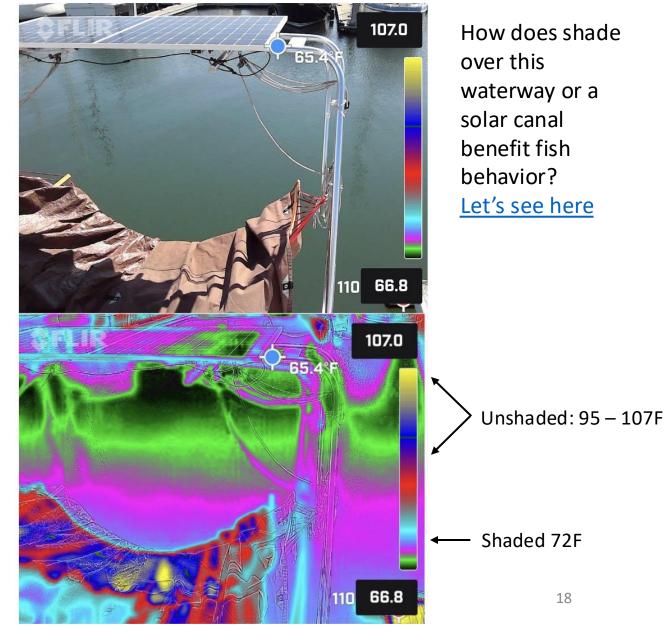
Daniel Acker/Bloomberg via Getty Images

Blades reused as mounting hardware for Agrivoltaic Canopy



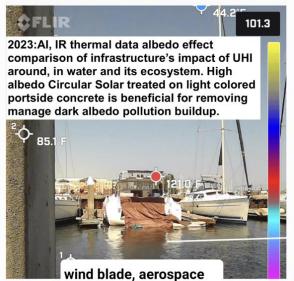
Our prototype and thermal tests reveal up to 30F cooler surfaces temperatures from solar panel shade which is mounted onto reflective white composite simulates high albedo value snow. The shade cools off cattle and provides colder and less water evaporation, healthier marine ecosystem. CDR ERW (enhanced rock weathering) with limestone, recycled concrete can be added

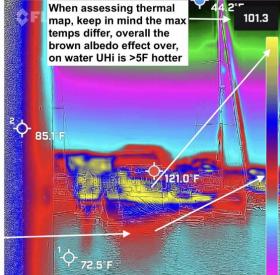


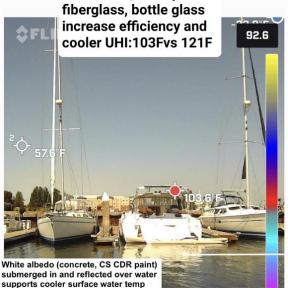


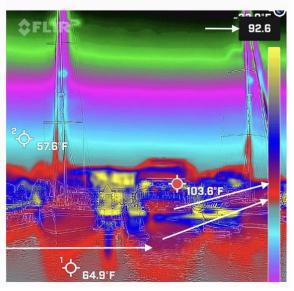
Large Floating decommissioned solar-battery wind blades. charging stations

Decommissioned wind composite floating solar-battery charging stations on moorings also offers both shade and its high albedo value has a cooling UHI impact on the water.

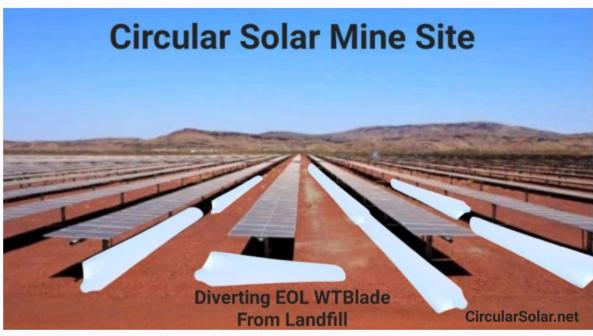




















Vertical fixed tall noise barrier

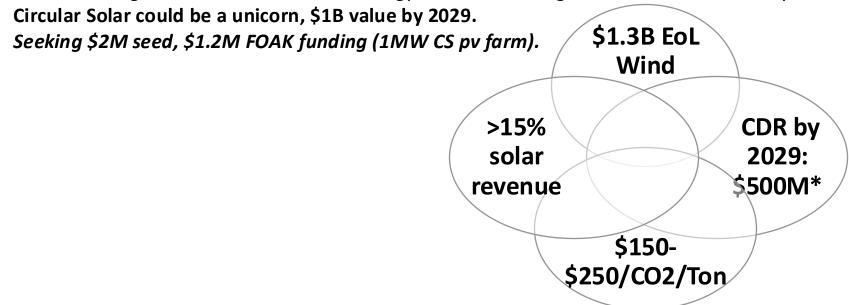
Circular Solar mine sites: a new community benefit as a landfill diversion solution, CDR tech to reduce mine site dust/pm, recycle e-waste associated to recommend energy into circular metals/minerals.

Larger blades are solar-rail mounting infrastructure with CDR to reduce diesel-electric emissions while providing its power. Designed for mine sites as well.

Of the three recycling values, let's focus on reusing/recycling EoL wind blades, nacelle's, for project Circular Solar CDR, where there will be 500,000 tons by 2030, at a 5.6B value by 2033.

This waste to energy and carbon removal breakthrough could attain 25% of the market share, or \$1.3B by 2033. By 2033 Wind, Glass Concrete recycling values total \$20.3B. Circular Solar CDR utilizes recycled material from each sector and if 5% were utilized in our solar farms or EV charging products this accounts for: \$1B

Circular Solar generates an additional 15% or more solar daily yields. In the case of 20% yield increase, a 20% efficiency panel would be 24% eff. CDR becomes a solution to a growing waste and recycling industry into CDR infrastructure, which seeks a \$100/ton/CO2 removal by 2030. Solar is the highest demand renewable energy source and this generates record efficiency.



Circular Solar is a viable solution as the answer to three industry problems: recycling EoL wind (glass, concrete), CDR (carbon dioxide removal) as solutions to one another: cashflow, divert materials from landfill and CO2 emissions avoidance from transporting up to 1 Ton/12T EoL*, solar efficiency increases thus revenue to lower the cost of hybrid wind-solar-battery microgrids.

Circular Solar is patent-pending, tech, innovation, R&D by Circular Solar LLC

https://circularsolar.net/

Contact: Founder, Cherise Petker Info@CircularSolar.net

^{*}For example; in California where all blades are shipped out of state to TX, WY, OK, IA where about 1,400 miles of diesel trucking for 12 tons of wind blades is almost 3 tons of carbon emissions. Circular Solar CDR removes this carbon and annual tons thereafter. *CDR is expected to be a \$25B market by 2029; Circular Solar CDR products make up 2% CDR market it's \$500M marketshare.

- Team Circular Solar LLC, at Circular Solar. net is a small team under 5 people.
- Recycling solution to improve Wind recycling rates by at least 5%.
- With goals to pilot in Europe, Middle East and California



