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## SECTION 033000 - CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes cast-in-place concrete, including formwork, reinforcement, concrete materials, mixture design, placement procedures, and finishes.

### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Design Mixtures: For each concrete mixture.
- C. Steel Reinforcement Shop Drawings: Placing drawings that detail fabrication, bending, and placement.

## 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Welding certificates.
- B. Material certificates.
- C. Material test reports.
- D. Floor surface flatness and levelness measurements.

#### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing ready-mixed concrete products and that complies with ASTM C 94/C 94M requirements for production facilities and equipment.
  - 1. Manufacturer certified according to NRMCA's "Certification of Ready Mixed Concrete Production Facilities."
- B. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent agency, acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, qualified according to ASTM C 1077 and ASTM E 329 for testing indicated.
- C. ACI Publications: Comply with the following unless modified by requirements in the Contract Documents:
  - 1. ACI 301, "Specifications for Structural Concrete," Sections 1 through 5.

- D. Concrete Testing Service: Engage a qualified independent testing agency to perform material evaluation tests and to design concrete mixtures.
- E. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 FORM-FACING MATERIALS

A. Smooth-Formed Finished Concrete: Form-facing panels that will provide continuous, true, and smooth concrete surfaces. Furnish in largest practicable sizes to minimize number of joints.

#### 2.2 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

- A. Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60 (Grade 420), deformed.
- B. Bar Supports: Bolsters, chairs, spacers, and other devices for spacing, supporting, and fastening reinforcing bars and welded wire reinforcement in place. Manufacture bar supports from steel wire, plastic, or precast concrete according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice.

#### 2.3 CONCRETE MATERIALS

- A. Cementitious Material: Use the following cementitious materials, of the same type, brand, and source, throughout Project:
  - 1. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I/II
    - a. Fly Ash: ASTM C 618, Class F
    - b. Ground Granulated Blast-Furnace Slag: ASTM C 989, Grade 100 or 120.
- B. Normal-Weight Aggregates: ASTM C 33, graded.
  - 1. Maximum Coarse-Aggregate Size: 1 inch (25 mm) nominal.
  - 2. Fine Aggregate: Free of materials with deleterious reactivity to alkali in cement.
- C. Water: ASTM C 94/C 94M and potable.

#### 2.4 ADMIXTURES

- A. Air-Entraining Admixture: ASTM C 260.
- B. Chemical Admixtures: Provide admixtures certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and that will not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those permitted in hardened concrete. Do not use calcium chloride or admixtures containing calcium chloride.

- 1. Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type A.
- 2. Plasticizing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 1017/C 1017M, Type II.

## 2.5 CURING MATERIALS

A. Water: Potable.

### 2.6 CONCRETE MIXTURES

- A. Prepare design mixtures for each type and strength of concrete, proportioned on the basis of laboratory trial mixture or field test data, or both, according to ACI 301.
- B. Admixtures: Use admixtures according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- C. Proportion normal-weight concrete mixture as follows:
  - 1. Minimum Compressive Strength: 5000 psi (34.5 MPa) at 28 days.
  - 2. Maximum Water-Cementitious Materials **Ratio: 0.40.**
  - 3. Slump Limit: 4 inches (100 mm) plus or minus 1 inch (25 mm).
  - 4. Air Content: 6 percent, plus or minus 1.5 percent at point of delivery for 1-inch (25-mm) nominal maximum aggregate size.

### 2.7 FABRICATING REINFORCEMENT

A. Fabricate steel reinforcement according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice."

## 2.8 CONCRETE MIXING

- A. Ready-Mixed Concrete: Measure, batch, mix, and deliver concrete according to ASTM C 94/C 94M and furnish batch ticket information.
  - 1. When air temperature is between 85 and 90 deg F (30 and 32 deg C), reduce mixing and delivery time from 1-1/2 hours to 75 minutes; when air temperature is above 90 deg F (32 deg C), reduce mixing and delivery time to 60 minutes.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 FORMWORK

- A. Design, erect, shore, brace, and maintain formwork, according to ACI 301, to support vertical, lateral, static, and dynamic loads, and construction loads that might be applied, until structure can support such loads.
- B. Construct formwork so concrete members and structures are of size, shape, alignment, elevation, and position indicated, within tolerance limits of ACI 117.

#### 3.2 EMBEDDED ITEMS

A. Place and secure anchorage devices and other embedded items required for adjoining work that is attached to or supported by cast-in-place concrete. Use setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.

### 3.3 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

A. General: Comply with CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" for placing reinforcement.

## 3.4 CONCRETE PLACEMENT

- A. Before placing concrete, verify that installation of formwork, reinforcement, and embedded items is complete and that required inspections have been performed.
- B. Deposit concrete continuously in one layer or in horizontal layers of such thickness that no new concrete will be placed on concrete that has hardened enough to cause seams or planes of weakness. If a section cannot be placed continuously, provide construction joints as indicated. Deposit concrete to avoid segregation.
  - 1. Consolidate placed concrete with mechanical vibrating equipment according to ACI 301.
- C. Cold-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 306.1.
- D. Hot-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 301.

#### 3.5 FINISHING FORMED SURFACES

- A. Smooth-Formed Finish: As-cast concrete texture imparted by form-facing material, arranged in an orderly and symmetrical manner with a minimum of seams. Repair and patch tie holes and defects. Remove fins and other projections that exceed specified limits on formed-surface irregularities.
  - 1. Apply to concrete surfaces exposed to public view.
- B. Related Unformed Surfaces: At tops of walls, horizontal offsets, and similar unformed surfaces adjacent to formed surfaces, strike off smooth and finish with a texture matching adjacent formed surfaces. Continue final surface treatment of formed surfaces uniformly across adjacent unformed surfaces unless otherwise indicated.

#### 3.6 CONCRETE PROTECTING AND CURING

A. General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures. Comply with ACI 306.1 for cold-weather protection and ACI 301 for hot-weather protection during curing.

- B. Evaporation Retarder: Apply evaporation retarder to unformed concrete surfaces if hot, dry, or windy conditions cause moisture loss approaching 0.2 lb/sq. ft. x h (1 kg/sq. m x h) before and during finishing operations. Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions after placing, screeding, and bull floating or darbying concrete, but before float finishing.
- C. Cure concrete according to ACI 308.1, by one or a combination of the following methods:
  - 1. Moisture Curing: Keep surfaces continuously moist for not less than seven days.
  - 2. Moisture-Retaining-Cover Curing: Cover concrete surfaces with moisture-retaining cover for curing concrete, placed in widest practicable width, with sides and ends lapped at least 12 inches (300 mm), and sealed by waterproof tape or adhesive. Cure for not less than seven days. Immediately repair any holes or tears during curing period using cover material and waterproof tape.
  - 3. Curing Compound: Apply uniformly in continuous operation by power spray or roller according to manufacturer's written instructions. Recoat areas subjected to heavy rainfall within three hours after initial application. Maintain continuity of coating and repair damage during curing period.

## 3.7 CONCRETE SURFACE REPAIRS

A. Defective Concrete: Repair and patch defective areas when approved by Architect. Remove and replace concrete that cannot be repaired and patched to Architect's approval.

## 3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing and Inspecting: Owner will engage a qualified testing and inspecting agency to perform field tests and inspections and prepare test reports.

END OF SECTION 033000

# SECTION 260001 – ELECTRICAL GENERAL PROVISIONS

## PART 1 – GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

- A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.
- B. Architectural, Structural, Mechanical and other applicable documents also apply to work of this section.

### 1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

- A. The contract documents indicate the extent of electrical work. Provide all labor, materials, equipment, supervision and service necessary for a complete electrical system as described in divisions 26, 27, and 28.
- 1.3 RELATED SECTIONS:
  - A. Other Divisions relating to electrical work apply to the work of this section. See other applicable Divisions including, but not necessarily limited to:
    - 1. Division 1 General and Supplementary Conditions
    - 2. Division 2 Existing Conditions
    - 3. Division 3 Concrete
    - 4. Division 5 Metals
    - 5. Division 6 Wood, Plastics, and Composites
    - 6. Division 7 Thermal and Moisture Protection
    - 7. Division 8 Openings
    - 8. Division 9 Finishes
    - 9. Division 21 Fire Suppression
    - 10. Division 22 Plumbing
    - 11. Division 23 Heating Ventilating and Air Conditioning
    - 12. Division 27 Communications
    - 13. Division 28 Electronic Safety and Security

### 1.4 INTERPRETATIONS OF DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS:

- A. Prior to bidding the job, submit requests for clarification in writing to the Architect/Engineer prior to issuance of the final addendum.
- B. After signing the contract, provide all materials, labor, and equipment to meet the intent, purpose, and function of the contract documents.
- C. The following terms used in Division 26, 27, and 28 documents are defined as follows:
  - 1. "Provide" Means furnish, install, and connect, unless otherwise indicated.

- 2. "Furnish" Means purchase new and deliver in operating order to project site.
- 3. "Install" Means to physically install the items in-place.
- 4. "Connect" Means make final electrical connections for a complete operating piece of equipment. This includes providing conduit, wire, terminations, etc. as applicable.
- 5. "Or Equivalent" Means to provide equivalent equipment. Such equipment must be approved by the Engineer prior to bidding.
- 1.5 EXAMINATION OF SITE:
  - A. Visit the site and verify existing field conditions prior to submitting bid.
  - B. All costs arising from site conditions and/or preparation shall be included in the base bid. No additional charges will be allowed due to inadequate site inspection.
- 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE:
  - A. Perform work in accordance with all governing codes, rules, and regulations including the following minimum codes (latest editions or as otherwise accepted by the Authorities Having Jurisdiction):
    - 1. National Electric Code (NEC)
    - 2. International Building Code (IBC)
    - 3. International Fire Code (IFC)
    - 4. International Mechanical Code (IMC)
    - 5. International Plumbing Code (IPC)
    - 6. American Disability Act (ADA)
    - 7. National Electrical Safety Code (NESC)
    - 8. Local Codes and Ordinances
  - B. Comply with all standards where applicable for equipment and materials including the following minimum standards:
    - 1. Underwriter's Laboratories (UL)
    - 2. American Society for testing Materials (ASTM)
    - 3. Certified Ballast Manufacturers (CBM)
    - 4. Insulated Cable Engineers Association (ICEA)
    - 5. National Electrical Manufacturer's Institute (NEMA)
    - 6. American National Standards Institute (ANSI)
    - 7. Electrical Testing Laboratories (ETL)
    - 8. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)
    - 9. Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE)
    - 10. American Institute of Electrical Engineer's Electrical Power
    - 11. Systems and Grounding in Commercial Construction
    - 12. Illuminating Engineers Society (IES)
  - C. Provide new electrical equipment conforming to all requirements as set forth in the above standards. Provide UL labeled equipment where such label is applicable.
  - D. Comply with all state and local codes and ordinances. When conflicts occur among codes, standards, drawings, and/or specifications, the most stringent requirements shall govern.

- E. Obtain all permits, inspections, etc. required by authority having jurisdiction. Include all fees in bid. Provide a certificate of approval to the owner's representative from the inspection authority at completion of the work.
- F. Provide only first-class workmanship from competent workers, conforming to the best electrical construction practices.
- G. The contractor shall have a current state contracting license applicable to type of work to be performed under this contract.

## 1.7 SUBMITTALS:

- A. The contractor shall submit complete shop drawings and other required submittals. Incomplete submittals will be returned to the contractor unreviewed. No time extensions or cost increases will be allowed for delays caused by the return of incomplete submittals.
- B. Shop Drawings: After the contract is awarded, but prior to manufacture or installation of any equipment, submit an electronic copy in PDF format of shop drawings. Partially complete sets of shop drawings are not acceptable. Submit all shop drawings in one complete submittal package. Prior to submitting shop drawings, review and certify that they are in compliance with the contract documents; Sign all approved shop drawings. Allow a minimum of two weeks for architect/engineer to review shop drawings. Refer to architectural general provision section for additional requirements.
- C. Provide equipment catalog "cut sheets", brochures and/or drawings which clearly describe the proposed equipment. Include plans, elevations, sections, isometrics, and detailed engineering and dimensional information as applicable including equipment room layouts. Electrical room layouts are required to show all electrical equipment locations for all projects that include electrical rooms. Do not submit catalog sheets which describe several different items in addition to those items to be used, unless all relevant information is clearly identified. Bind each information set in three ring binder or binders of sufficient size or sizes to enclose all information. Organize all information by section. Provide separate tabbed covers for each section of Divisions 26, 27, and 28, indicating section number for each section requiring submittals.
- D. Include on front cover of binder or binders the name and location of the project, architect, electrical engineer, general contractor, electrical contractor, subcontractors, supplier/vendor, order number, volume, date, and any other applicable information. Certify that shop drawings are submitted in accordance with the contract documents with a written statement indicating compliance. Submittals will be reviewed and comments produced two times maximum. Additional reviews will be billed at current rates.

## 1.8 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS:

- A. Submit an electronic copy in PDF format of operating instruction and maintenance manuals for all equipment and materials provided under Divisions 26, 27, and 28.
- B. Provide manufacturer's recommended operating and maintenance instructions, cleaning and servicing requirements, serial and model number of each piece of equipment, complete list of replacement parts, performance curves and data, wiring diagrams, warranties, and vendor's

name, address, and phone numbers. Do not submit information which describes several different items in addition to those items to be used, unless all relevant information is clearly identified. Assemble all data in completely indexed volume or volumes. Engrave the job title, and name, address, and phone numbers of the contractor on the front cover and on the spine. Incomplete O&M manuals will be returned to the contractor for corrections / additions.

## 1.9 RECORD DRAWINGS:

- A. Maintain on a daily basis a complete set of "Red-Lined Drawings", reflecting an accurate record of all work including addendums, revisions, and changes. Indicate precise dimensioned locations of all concealed work and equipment, including concealed or embedded conduit, junction boxes, etc. Record all "Red-Lined Drawing" information on a set of full sized prints of the contract drawings.
- B. Certify the "Red Lined Drawings" for correctness. Indicate on each drawing the name of the general and electrical contractors with signatures of each representative responsible for the work.
- C. The electrical engineering design firm will create record (as-built) drawings from the certified red-lined drawings; however, the general and electrical contractors retain the responsibility for the accuracy of the record drawings.

## 1.10 WARRANTY:

- A. Ensure that the electrical system installed under this contract is in proper working order and in compliance with drawings, specifications, and/or authorized changes and is free from electrical defects. Without additional charge, replace or repair, to satisfaction of the owner's representative, except from ordinary wear and tear, any part of the installation which may fail or be determined unacceptable within a period of one (1) year after final acceptance or as otherwise indicated in individual sections, but in no case less than one year. Warranty incandescent and fluorescent lamps only for a period of two months from the date of substantial completion.
- B. Provide complete warranty information for each item including beginning of warranty period, duration of warranty, names, addresses, and telephone numbers and procedures for filling a claim and obtaining warranty services. Written warranties and guarantees are to be submitted separately as:
  - 1. Originals bound in a binder clearly identified with the title, "WARRANTIES AND GUARANTEES," the project name, the project number, and the Contractor's business name.
  - 2. Electronic documents in \*.pdf format.

# PART 2 – PRODUCTS

# 2.1 GENERAL:

A. All materials shall be new and shall bear the manufacturer's name, trade name, and the approved

testing laboratory such as the UL label in every case where a standard has been established for that particular material. Used materials are acceptable only if specifically indicated on drawings.

## 2.2 SUBSTITUTION OF MATERIALS:

- A. Provide only specified products or products approved by addendum. Substitutions will be considered if two copies of the proposal is received at the architect's/engineer's office eight (8) working days prior to the bid day. Include in the proposal the specified and proposed catalog numbers of the equipment under consideration and a catalog cut sheet(s) with pictorial and descriptive information. Certify that the equipment proposed is equal to that specified, that it has the same electrical and physical characteristics, compatible dimensions, and meets the functional intent of the contract documents.
- B. It is the responsibility of the contractor to make all substituted equipment comply with the intent of the contract documents and bear all cost associated with conflicts arising form the use of substituted equipment.
- C. Provide samples if so required by the architect or engineer before or after bid day.

## 2.3 SPARE PARTS:

A. Provide spare parts as specified in Divisions 26, 27, and 28 sections. Deliver all spare parts to owner's representative prior to substantial completion.

# PART 3 – EXECUTION

## 3.1 GENERAL:

- A. Workmanship: Provide only first class workmanship from competent workers. Defective materials or workmanship will not be allowed on the project. Provide competent supervision for the work to be accomplished. Keep same foreman on the job, unless a change is authorized by the engineer.
- B. Coordination: Prior to construction, layout electrical work and coordinate work with other trades. Sequence, coordinate, and integrate installation of materials and equipment for efficient flow of the work. Coordinate the installation of required supporting devices and sleeves to be set in poured-in-place concrete and other structural components, as they are constructed. Install electrical equipment to facilitate maintenance and repair or replacement of equipment components. Coordinate the installation of electrical materials and equipment above ceilings with suspension system, mechanical equipment and systems, and structural components. Coordinate with all utilities including power, communication, and data installations.
- C. Provide cutting, drilling, channeling, etc. only as necessary for proper completion of the work. Do not cut structural members unless authorization is issued in writing by the architect/engineer.
- D. Repairs: Repair damage to building, grounds, or utilities as a result of work under this contract

at no additional cost to the owner.

- E. Dimensioning: Electrical drawings indicate locations for electrical equipment only in their approximate location, unless specifically dimensioned. Do not scale electrical drawings for dimensional information. Refer to architectural drawings and shop drawings where applicable for locations of all electrical equipment. Field verify all dimension on the job site.
- F. Provide block-outs, sleeves, demolition work, etc., required for installation of work specified in this division.
- G. Standards: Provide electrical installation in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions, applicable requirements of NEC, NEMA standards, and NECA's "Standards of Installation", and in compliance with recognized industry practices to ensure that products fulfill requirements.
- H. All workmen doing work of any nature on State of Utah projects must at all times carry their electrician's license with them and show it upon request. The acceptable ratio of apprentice to journeyman electricians on the job is 1:1.

## 3.2 **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION:**

- A. When it is clearly apparent that information is not adequately described in the construction documents or when a coordination problem exists, submit a request for information (RFI) through proper contractual channels. The electrical engineering design firm will provide a response through its contractual channel. Although verbal direction may be given to expedite changes, responses are not considered part of the contract documents until a change order has been issued and signed by the Owner or his designated representative. The Contractor shall bear all costs associated with proceeding on any change order that has not been approved by the Owner or his designated representative.
- B. Any damages caused by construction delays due to frivolous RFI's, will be born solely by the Contractor.

## 3.3 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS:

A. Provide all necessary guards or construction barriers and take all necessary precautions to insure the safety of life and property.

## 3.4 CLEAN:

A. Clean up all equipment, conduit, fittings, wire, packing cartons, plastic, and other debris that is a direct result of the installation of the work of this division, both during the execution, and at the conclusion, of the project. Keep the site clean and safe during the progress of the work. Clean fixtures, interior and exterior of all equipment, and raceways prior to final acceptance. Vacuum interior of all electrical panels and equipment. Correct any damaged equipment. Touch-up or repaint if necessary.

## 3.5 TEMPORARY POWER:

A. Make arrangements with the proper institution authority for all temporary electricity.

- B. Provide temporary power, complete with metering and wiring for lighting and power outlets for construction tools and equipment. Report the initial meter reading to the owner/institution, or otherwise as may be directed.
- C. Service shall be provided with a main disconnect and all 20 ampere receptacles protected by 20 amp GFI, single-pole breakers. No attempt is made herein to specify construction power requirements for equipment in detail. Provide all electrical equipment and wiring as required.
- D. As soon as permanent power and metering is available, the temporary power supply shall be disconnected and removed from the project site.
- E. All temporary wiring shall meet the requirements of NEC Article 305 and the State Industrial Commission.

### 3.6 POWER OUTAGES:

A. All power outages required for execution of this work shall occur during non-standard working hours and at the convenience of the owner. Any electrical service interruption will be coordinated at least 72 hours in advance of the power shut-off. Include all costs for overtime work in bid. Coordinate all outages and proceed only after receiving authorization from the owner's representative. Keep all outages to an absolute minimum.

## 3.7 STORAGE AND PROTECTION OF MATERIALS:

A. Provide storage space for storage of materials and apparatus and assume complete responsibility for all losses due to any cause whatsoever. Lost or damaged materials will be replaced at no additional cost to owner. Do not store materials and apparatus in any public thoroughfare or in any area on the site where such storage would constitute a hazard to persons in the vicinity. Protect completed work, work underway, and apparatus against loss or damage.

## 3.8 EXCAVATING FOR ELECTRICAL WORK:

- A. Verification: Prior to excavating, locate and protect existing utilities and other underground work in a manner which will ensure that no damage or service interruption will result from excavating and backfilling. Observe all State and Local codes prior to excavating. Do not disturb walls, footings, and other structural members in any way.
- B. Protection: Provide barricades, warning signs, and illumination to protect persons from injury at excavations. Provide temporary coverings and heat as necessary to protect bottoms of excavations from freezing and frost action. Do not install electrical work on frozen excavation bases or subbases.
- C. Coordination: Do not excavate for electrical work until the work is ready to proceed without delay.
- D. Excavated Materials: Temporarily store excavated materials near excavation in manner which will not interfere with or damage excavation or other work. Dispose of and remove excavated materials which are either in excess of quantity needed for backfilling or do not comply with the requirements for backfill material.

- E. Burial Depths: Burial depths must comply with NEC Section 300-5 (or State of Utah requirements, whichever is more stringent), unless noted otherwise on drawings.
- F. Excavation Permits: Obtain all shut-down and excavation permits as may be required for proper completion of the work.

### 3.9 BACKFILL MATERIALS:

- A. For buried conduits or cables (other than below slab-on-grade, or concrete-encased), provide 2" thickness of well-graded sand on all sides of conduits or cables.
- B. For trench backfill to within 6" of final grade, provide soil material suitable for compacting to required densities.
- C. For top 6" of excavation, provide top soil.
- D. Backfill excavations in 8" high courses of backfill material, uniformly compacted to the following densities (percent of maximum density, ASTM D 1557), using power-driven hand-operated compaction equipment:
  - 1. Lawn/Landscaped Areas: 85 percent for cohesive soils, 95 percent for cohesionless soils.
  - 2. Paved Areas, other than roadways: 90 percent for cohesive soils, 95 percent for cohesionless soils.
- E. Where subsidence is observable at electrical work excavations during project warranty period, remove surface, add backfill material, compact, and replace surface treatment. Restore surface to original condition.

## 3.10 ROOF PENETRATIONS:

- A. Where raceways and/or cables penetrate roofing, provide 26 gauge galvanized iron roof jack, sized to fit tightly to raceway and/or cable for weather-tight seal, and with flange extending a minimum of 9" under roofing on all sides. Seal opening between raceway and roof jack with approved sealant. Coordinate all work with division 7.
  - 1. All roof penetrations must be done in coordination with the Airport Roofing Contractor to maintain current warranties.

### 3.11 FIRE PENETRATION SEALS:

- A. Seal all raceway and/or cable penetrations through fire-rated floors, wall, and ceilings to prevent the spread of smoke, fire, toxic gas or water through the penetration either before, during or after fire. Provide penetration sealants and fittings of ratings to match the rating of the penetrated materials so that the original fire rating of the floor or wall is maintained as required by Article 300-21 of the NEC.
- B. Sealant Systems: Provide sealants, wall wraps, partitions, caps, and other accessories complying with UL 1479 (ASTM E-814) from the following where applicable:
  - 1. 3M Fire Barrier Sealing Penetration System

- 2. Chase Foam Fire Stop System
- 3. Thomas and Betts Flame Safe Fire Stop System
- 4. Nelson Fire Stop Products
- C. Fittings: Where applicable, provide OZ Type CFSF/I and CAFSF/I fire seal fittings for conduit and cable penetrations through concrete and masonry wall, floor, slabs, and similar structures.
- D. Install sealants and fittings in accordance with all manufacturer's written instructions.
- 3.12 LABELING:
  - A. Engraved black plastic laminated, with white-core labels, 1/16" thick, shall be permanently attached on both the interior and exterior of the following electrical equipment:
    - 1. Branch panels
    - 2. Transformers
    - 3. Electric vehicle charging stations
    - 4. Junction boxes larger than 6"x6"

Where changes are made in existing panels, the labeling and schedules shall be accurately corrected to reflect the changes. new typed panel schedules shall be provided for all existing panelboards that have changes.

### 3.13 CONCRETE BASES:

- A. Housekeeping Pads: Unless otherwise noted, provide 4" high reinforced concrete bases for all floor-mounted or floor-standing electrical equipment, including but not necessarily limited to the following:
  - 1. Transformers
  - 2. Electric vehicle charging stations
  - 3. Similar Equipment
- B. Extend bases 6" beyond equipment or mounting rails on all sides or as shown on the drawings. Not withstanding this requirement, coordinate with equipment manufacturer, shop drawings, and height of base to ensure compliance with NEC 380-82.
- C. Transformer Pads: Provide and locate properly sized concrete pads for power company furnished pad mounted transformers in accordance with power company clearance requirements.
- 3.14 TESTS:
  - A. Notify engineer prior to all testing specified herein at least three business days prior to testing. Engineer shall observe all tests to insure the proper operation of the electrical system.
- 3.15 PROJECT FINALIZATION AND START-UP:
  - A. Upon completion of the work, have each factory representative and/or subcontractor assist in start-up and testing of their respective systems.

- B. Have each representative give personal instructions on operating and maintenance of their equipment to the owner's maintenance and/or operation personnel.
- C. Have representatives certify each system with a written statement indicating that they have performed start-up and final check out of their respective systems.
- 3.16 FINAL REVIEW:
  - A. Have the project foreman accompany their reviewing parties and remove coverplates, panel covers, access panels, etc. as requested, to allow review of the entire electrical system.

END OF SECTION 260001

# SECTION 260070 - ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS FOR EQUIPMENT

# PART 1 – GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

- A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification Sections, apply to work of this section.
- B. This section is a Division 26 General Provisions section, and is part of each Division 26, 27, and 28 sections making reference to electrical connections.
- 1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:
  - A. Extent of electrical connections for equipment include all final electrical connections for all equipment having electrical requirements including, but not necessarily limited to the following:
    - 1. Equipment specified under all divisions of the contract. Refer to other divisions for specific electrical requirements.
    - 2. Owner-furnished equipment
    - 3. Kitchen Equipment
- 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE:
  - A. STANDARDS: Refer to Section 260001 Electrical General Provisions as applicable.
  - B. SHOP DRAWINGS: Not required.

#### PART 2 – PRODUCTS

- 2.1 GENERAL:
  - A. Provide all materials for electrical connections including, but not necessarily limited to the following:
    - 1. Raceways
    - 2. Fittings
    - 3. Conductors
    - 4. Cords
    - 5. Cord caps
    - 6. Wiring devices
    - 7. Pressure connectors
    - 8. Lugs (CU-AL)
    - 9. Electrical insulating tape
    - 10. Heat-shrinkable tubing
    - 11. Cable ties

- 12. Wire nuts
- 13. Other items and accessories as required.
- B. Crimp on or slip-on type splicing materials designed to be used without wire stripping are not acceptable.
- C. Power Distribution Blocks: Provide Square D Type LB or Equivalent.
- D. Refer to other Division 26, 27, and 28 Sections for specification of electrical materials as applicable.

## PART 3 – EXECUTION

### 3.1 GENERAL:

- A. Make electrical connections in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions, applicable requirements of NEC, NEMA Standards, and NECA's "Standards of Installation", and in compliance with recognized industry practices to ensure that products fulfill requirements.
- 3.2 CONNECTIONS:
  - A. Permanently Installed Fixed Equipment:
    - 1. Install conductors in flexible conduit from junction box to equipment control panel or connection point.
    - 2. Where such installations are subject to moisture, install in liquid-tight flexible conduit.
  - B. Movable equipment:
    - 1. Provide wiring devices, cord caps, and multi-conductor cables as required.
  - C. Other methods as required by the NEC and/or as required by special equipment or field conditions.
  - D. Power Distribution Blocks: Unless noted otherwise on drawings, provide power distribution blocks only for tapping of feeders and branch circuits. Locate in junction box or gutter in NEMA ratings to suit application.
- 3.3 MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS:
  - A. Obtain manufacturer's instruction and wiring diagram regarding electrical connections of each piece of equipment and provide connections in accordance therewith.
- 3.4 VERIFICATION OF LOAD CHARACTERISTICS:
  - A. Verify electrical load characteristics of all equipment prior to rough-in. Review respective shop drawings of all other Divisions and Owner's equipment manuals. Report any variances from electrical characteristics noted in the contract documents to the Architect/Engineer prior to rough-in.

B. Value of rough-in work, electrical equipment, etc. installed and/or purchased by the contractor not meeting equipment requirements shall be credited back to the owner.

END OF SECTION 260070

# SECTION 260072 – ELECTRICAL SUPPORTS AND SEISMIC RESTRAINTS

## PART 1 – GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY:

- A. This Section includes the following:
  - 1. Hangers and supports for electrical equipment and systems.
  - 2. Seismic restraints for electrical equipment and systems.
  - 3. Construction requirements for concrete bases.

### 1.3 DEFINITIONS:

- A. IBC: International Building Code.
- B. Seismic Restraint: A structural support element such as a metal framing member, a cable, an anchor bolt or stud, a fastening device, or an assembly of these items used to transmit seismic forces from an item of equipment or system to building structure and to limit movement of item during a seismic event.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS:

- A. Product Data: Illustrate and indicate style, material, strength, fastening provision, and finish for each type and size of electrical support and seismic-restraint component used.
  - 1. Tabulate types and sizes of seismic restraints, complete with report numbers and rated strength in tension and shear as evaluated by an agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 2. Annotate to indicate application of each product submitted and compliance with requirements.
- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate materials and dimensions and identify hardware, including attachment and anchorage devices, signed and sealed by a qualified professional engineer. Include the following:
  - 1. Fabricated Supports: Representations of field-fabricated supports not detailed on Drawings.
  - 2. Seismic Restraints: Detail anchorage and bracing not defined by details or charts on Drawings. Include the following:
    - a. Design Analysis: To support selection and arrangement of seismic restraints. Include calculations of combined tensile and shear loads.
    - b. Details: Detail fabrication and arrangement. Detail attachments of restraints to

the restrained items and to the structure. Show attachment locations, methods, and spacings. Identify components, list their strengths, and indicate directions and values of forces transmitted to the structure during seismic events.

- c. Preapproval and Evaluation Documentation: By an agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, showing maximum ratings of restraint items and the basis for approval (tests or calculations).
- C. Coordination Drawings: Show coordination of seismic bracing for electrical components with other systems and equipment in the vicinity, including other supports and seismic restraints.
- D. Welding certificates.
- E. Qualification Data: For professional engineer and testing agency.
- F. Field quality-control test reports.
- 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE:
  - A. Comply with seismic-restraint requirements in the IBC unless requirements in this Section are more stringent.
  - B. Testing of Seismic Anchorage Devices: Comply with testing requirements in Part 3.
  - C. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code Steel."

## PART 2 – PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MANUFACTURERS:

- A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
  - 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, manufacturers specified.

## 2.2 SUPPORT, ANCHORAGE, AND ATTACHMENT COMPONENTS:

- A. Rated Strength: Adequate in tension, shear, and pullout force to resist maximum loads calculated or imposed under this Project, with a minimum structural safety factor of five times the applied force.
- B. Steel Slotted Support Systems: Comply with MFMA-3, factory-fabricated components for field assembly.
  - 1. Available Manufacturers:
    - a. Cooper B-Line; a division of Cooper Industries.
    - b. ERICO International Corporation.

## ELECTRICAL SUPPORTS AND SEISMIC RESTRAINTS

- c. Allied Support Systems; Power-Strut Unit.
- d. GS Metals Corp.
- e. Michigan Hanger Co., Inc.; O-Strut Div.
- f. National Pipe Hanger Corp.
- g. Thomas & Betts Corporation.
- h. Unistrut; Tyco International, Ltd.
- i. Wesanco, Inc.
- 2. Finishes:
  - a. Metallic Coatings: Hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and applied according to MFMA-3.
- 3. Channel Dimensions: Selected for structural loading and applicable seismic forces.
- C. Raceway and Cable Supports: As described in NECA 1.
- D. Conduit and Cable Support Devices: Steel hangers, clamps, and associated fittings, designed for types and sizes of raceway or cable to be supported.
- E. Support for Conductors in Vertical Conduit: Factory-fabricated assembly consisting of threaded body and insulating wedging plug or plugs for non-armored electrical conductors or cables in riser conduits. Plugs shall have number, size, and shape of conductor gripping pieces as required to suit individual conductors or cables supported. Body shall be malleable iron.
- F. Structural Steel for Fabricated Supports and Restraints: ASTM A 36/A 36M, steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.
- G. Mounting, Anchoring, and Attachment Components: Items for fastening electrical items or their supports to building surfaces include the following:
  - 1. Verify suitability of fasteners in subparagraph below for use in lightweight concrete or concrete slabs less than 4 inches (100 mm) thick.
  - 2. Powder-Actuated Fasteners: Threaded-steel stud, for use in hardened portland cement concrete, steel, or wood, with tension, shear, and pullout capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.
    - a. Available Manufacturers:
      - 1) Hilti, Inc.
      - 2) ITW Construction Products.
      - 3) MKT Fastening, LLC.
      - 4) Simpson Strong-Tie Co. Inc.
  - 3. In the following subparagraph, use stainless steel anchors in corrosive environments.
  - 4. Mechanical-Expansion Anchors: Insert-wedge-type, zinc-coated steel, for use in hardened portland cement concrete with tension, shear, and pullout capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials in which used.
    - a. Available Manufacturers:
      - 1) Cooper B-Line; a division of Cooper Industries.
      - 2) Empire Tool and Manufacturing Co., Inc
      - 3) Hilti, Inc.
      - 4) ITW Construction Products.
      - 5) MKT Fastening, LLC.
      - 6) Powers Fasteners.
  - 5. Clamps for Attachment to Steel Structural Elements: MSS SP-58, type suitable for

attached structural element.

- 6. Through Bolts: Structural type, hex head, high strength. Comply with ASTM A 325.
- 7. Toggle Bolts: All-steel springhead type.
- 8. Hanger Rods: Threaded steel.

# 2.3 SEISMIC-RESTRAINT COMPONENTS:

- A. Rated Strength, Features, and Application Requirements for Restraint Components: As defined in reports by an agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 1. Structural Safety Factor: Strength in tension, shear, and pullout force of components used shall be at least five times the maximum seismic forces to which they will be subjected.
- B. Angle and Channel-Type Brace Assemblies: Steel angles or steel slotted-support-system components; with accessories for attachment to braced component at one end and to building structure at the other end.
- C. Cable Restraints: ASTM A 603, zinc-coated, steel wire rope attached to steel or stainless-steel thimbles, brackets, swivels, and bolts designed for restraining cable service.
  - 1. Available Manufacturers:
    - a. Amber/Booth Company, Inc.
    - b. Loos & Co., Inc.
    - c. Mason Industries, Inc.
  - 2. Seismic Mountings, Anchors, and Attachments: Devices as specified in Part 2 "Support, Anchorage, and Attachment Components" Article, selected to resist seismic forces.
  - 3. Hanger Rod Stiffener: Steel tube or steel slotted-support-system sleeve with internally bolted connections to hanger rod, of design recognized by an agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 4. Bushings for Floor-Mounted Equipment Anchors: Neoprene units designed for seismically rated rigid equipment mountings, and matched to type and size of anchor bolts and studs used.
  - 5. Bushing Assemblies for Wall-Mounted Equipment Anchorage: Assemblies of neoprene elements and steel sleeves designed for seismically rated rigid equipment mountings, and matched to type and size of attachment devices used.

## 2.4 FABRICATED METAL EQUIPMENT SUPPORT ASSEMBLIES:

- A. Description: Welded or bolted, structural-steel shapes, shop or field fabricated to fit dimensions of supported equipment.
- B. Materials: Comply with requirements in Division 5 Section "Metal Fabrications" for steel shapes and plates.

## PART 3 – EXECUTION

## 3.1 APPLICATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1 for application of hangers and supports for electrical equipment and systems, except if requirements in this Section are stricter.
- B. Maximum Support Spacing and Minimum Hanger Rod Size for Raceway: Space supports for raceways as within 12 inches of coupling, fitting, and box, at each 90 degrees bend, minimum of two supports per ten foot run. Minimum rod size shall be 1/4 inch (6 mm) in diameter.
- C. Multiple Raceways: Install trapeze-type supports fabricated with steel slotted or other support system, sized so capacity can be increased by at least 25 percent in future without exceeding specified design load limits.
  - 1. Secure raceways and cables to these supports with single-bolt conduit clamps, or as otherwise required by an agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

## 3.2 SUPPORT AND SEISMIC-RESTRAINT INSTALLATION:

- A. Comply with NECA 1 for installation requirements, except as specified in this Article.
- B. Raceway Support Methods: In addition to methods described in NECA 1, raceways may be supported by openings through structure members, as permitted in NFPA 70.
- C. Install seismic-restraint components using methods approved by the evaluation service providing required submittals for component.
- D. Strength of Support and Seismic-Restraint Assemblies: Where not indicated, select sizes of components so strength will be adequate to carry present and future static and seismic loads within specified loading limits. Minimum static design load used for strength determination shall be weight of supported components plus 200 lb (90 kg).
- E. Mounting and Anchorage of Surface-Mounted Equipment and Components: Anchor and fasten electrical items and their supports to building structural elements by the following methods unless otherwise indicated by code:
  - 1. To Wood: Fasten with lag screws or through bolts.
  - 2. To New Concrete: Bolt to concrete inserts.
  - 3. To Masonry: Approved toggle-type bolts on hollow masonry units and expansion anchor fasteners on solid masonry units.
  - 4. To Existing Concrete: Expansion anchor fasteners.
  - 5. Instead of expansion anchors, powder-actuated driven threaded studs provided with lock washers and nuts may be used in existing standard-weight concrete 4 inches (100 mm) thick or greater. Do not use for anchorage to lightweight-aggregate concrete or for slabs less than 4 inches (100 mm) thick.
  - 6. To Steel: Beam clamps (MSS Type 19, 21, 23, 25, or 27) complying with MSS SP-69 Spring-tension clamps.
  - 7. To Light Steel: Sheet metal screws.
  - 8. Items Mounted on Hollow Walls and Nonstructural Building Surfaces: Mount cabinets, panelboards, disconnect switches, control enclosures, pull and junction boxes, transformers, and other devices on slotted-channel racks attached to substrate by means that meet seismic-restraint strength and anchorage requirements.

- F. Drill holes for expansion anchors in concrete at locations and to depths that avoid reinforcing bars.
- G. Do not drill or core cut holes for anchors or use powder-activated fasteners in post-tension slabs, joists, and beams.
- 3.3 INSTALLATION OF FABRICATED METAL SUPPORTS:
  - A. Comply with installation requirements in Division 5 Section "Metal Fabrications" for sitefabricated metal supports.
  - B. Cut, fit, and place miscellaneous metal supports accurately in location, alignment, and elevation to support and anchor electrical materials and equipment.
  - C. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1/D1.1M.

## 3.4 CONCRETE BASES:

- A. Concrete Bases: Anchor equipment to concrete base according to equipment manufacturer's written instructions and seismic criteria at Project.
- B. Construct concrete bases of dimensions indicated but not less than 4 inches (100 mm) larger in both directions than supported unit, and so expansion anchors will be a minimum of 10 bolt diameters from edge of the base.
  - 1. Install dowel rods to connect concrete base to concrete floor. Unless otherwise indicated, install dowel rods on 18-inch (450-mm) centers around full perimeter of the base.
  - 2. Install epoxy-coated anchor bolts for supported equipment that extend through concrete base, and anchor into structural concrete floor.
  - 3. Place and secure anchorage devices. Use supported equipment manufacturer's setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
  - 4. Install anchor bolts to elevations required for proper attachment to supported equipment.
  - 5. Install anchor bolts according to anchor-bolt manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 6. Use 3000-psi (20.7-MPa), 28-day compressive-strength concrete. Concrete materials, reinforcement, and placement requirements are specified in Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete."

## 3.5 INSTALLATION OF SEISMIC-RESTRAINT COMPONENTS:

- A. Install bushing assemblies for anchor bolts for floor-mounted equipment, arranged to provide resilient media between anchor bolt and mounting hole in concrete base.
- B. Install bushing assemblies for mounting bolts for wall-mounted equipment, arranged to provide resilient media where equipment or equipment-mounting channels are attached to wall.
- C. Restraint Cables: Provide slack within maximums recommended by manufacturer.
- D. Attachment to Structure: If specific attachment is not indicated, anchor bracing to structure at flanges of beams, upper truss chords of bar joists, or at concrete members.

## 3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL:

- A. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency to perform field tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
- B. Testing: Test pullout resistance of seismic anchorage devices.
  - 1. Provide evidence of recent calibration of test equipment by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 2. Schedule test with Owner, through Architect, before connecting anchorage device to restrained component (unless postconnection testing has been approved), and with at least seven days' advance notice.
  - 3. Obtain Architect's approval before transmitting test loads to structure. Provide temporary load-spreading members.
  - 4. Test at least four of each type and size of installed anchors and fasteners selected by Architect.
  - 5. Test to 90 percent of rated proof load of device.
  - 6. If a device fails test, modify all installations of same type and retest until satisfactory results are achieved.
- C. Record test results.

END OF SECTION 260072

# SECTION 260080 – ELECTRICAL DEMOLITION

## PART 1 – GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

- A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification Sections, apply to work of this section.
- B. This section is a Division 26 General Provisions section, and is part of each Division 26, 27, and 28 sections making reference to electrical demolition.
- 1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:
  - A. Extent of electrical demolition work is indicated by drawings.
  - B. Electrical demolition items are shown to give a basic description of the extent of demolition work, but may not be inclusive.
  - C. Do not assume that the electrical drawings reflect as-built conditions. Visit and observe the project prior to submitting bid and determine extent of electrical demolition work.

#### 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

- A. Standards: Refer to Section 260001 Electrical General Provisions as applicable.
- PART 2 PRODUCTS Not Used.

## PART 3 – EXECUTION

#### 3.1 GENERAL:

- A. Demolition work shall be laid out in advance to eliminate unnecessary cutting, drilling, channeling, etc. Where such cutting, drilling, or channeling becomes necessary, perform with care, use skilled mechanics of the trades involved. Cutting work of other contractors shall be done only with the consent of that contractor. Cutting of structural members is not permitted. Repair damage to building and equipment as a result of electrical demolition work under this contract at no additional cost to owner.
- B. Obtain permission from the architect before penetrating any ceiling, floor, and wall surfaces.

## 3.2 METHODS:

A. Disconnect and remove any/all fixtures, devices, equipment, etc. required for proper completion of the work whether shown or not.

- B. Relocate, rewire, and/or reconnect any/all fixtures, devices, equipment, etc. that for any reason obstructs construction.
- C. Maintain circuit integrity and continuity of all existing circuits/feeders, and systems that interfere with or are interrupted by remodel work, unless those circuits/feeders are to be abandoned completely. Maintain all circuits and systems in operation during construction. Provide temporary panels, temporary wiring and conduits, etc. as required.
- D. Leave all existing fixtures, devices, equipment, etc. In portions of the building not being remodeled, in working condition.
- E. Remove and dispose of all raceways, conductors, boxes, devices, equipment, etc., that are not to be reused. Terminate at accessible junction box by providing proper knockout closure, tape conductors, and label as "spare" with circuit no., Zone no., or other characteristic identifying source.
- F. Existing raceways may be reused, if in place, where in compliance with the contract documents and the National Electrical Code. Upgrade and/or provide new conduit supports where necessary for all raceways being reused. Insure integrity of existing raceways before re-use.
- G. Existing raceways may not be reused. Completely remove all existing raceway that are not to remain back to source.
- H. Return to owner all light fixtures which are to be removed. Dispose of all light fixtures if so directed by owner in accordance with local environmental laws and policies. Those fixtures indicated for re-use shall be thoroughly cleaned, repaired as required, re-lamped, and installed as indicated. When storing fixtures for reuse, store in area and/or provide protective covering that will keep construction dust and materials off fixtures.
- I. Completely remove all telephone or data cables which are to be removed back to source or as directed by owner.
- J. Disconnect and remove all sound system equipment including speakers, amplifiers, etc. And return to owner. Completely remove and dispose of all associated conduit and wire.

## 3.3 PATCHING AND REPAIR:

- A. Finished Surfaces: The electrical contractor is responsible for patching and repair of all existing interior surfaces pertaining to the installation of work under this Division, unless specifically noted elsewhere in the contract documents. Where patching and repair is necessary, surfaces shall be finished (painted, etc.) to match the adjacent materials, finished, and colors. Requirements of other Divisions such as Division 9 finishes shall apply.
- B. Hard Surfaces: Whenever excavation or trenching is required for the installation of electrical work, it shall be the responsibly of the electrical contractor to make repairs and/or replacements of hard finish surfaces such as concrete, asphalt, etc. Requirements of other Divisions such as Division 2 Existing Conditions shall apply.
- 3.4 CONCEALING:

- A. All raceways shall be concealed within the ceilings, walls, and floors, except in locations where exposed raceways are specifically permitted, such as equipment rooms and unfinished storage areas.
- B. Surface-mounted raceways or systems shall be permitted only where approved by Architect/Engineer.

END OF SECTION 260080

## SECTION 260110 – CONDUIT RACEWAYS

## PART 1 – GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

- A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification Sections, apply to work of this section.
- B. This section is a Division 26 General Provisions section, and is part of each Division 26, 27, and 28 sections making reference to conduit raceways.
- 1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:
  - A. Extent of raceways is indicated by drawings and schedules.
  - B. Types of raceways in this section include the followings:
    - 1. Rigid Metal Conduit
    - 2. PVC Externally Coated Rigid Steel Conduit
    - 3. Intermediate Metal Conduit
    - 4. Electrical Metallic Tubing
    - 5. Flexible Metal Conduit
    - 6. Liquid-tight Flexible Metal Conduit
    - 7. Rigid Non-metallic Conduit
    - 8. Electrical Non-metallic Tubing
- 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE:
  - A. Standards: Refer to Section 260001 Electrical General Provisions as applicable. Provide conduit raceway installation in accordance with recommendations of the American Iron and Steel Institute "Design Manual on Steel Electrical Raceways", latest edition.
  - B. Manufacturers: Firms regularly engaged in the manufacture of raceway of types and sizes required, whose products have been in satisfactory service for not less than three (3) years.
  - C. Shop Drawings: Not required.

## PART 2 – PRODUCTS

## 2.1 CONDUITS:

- A. Rigid Metal Conduit (RMC): Provide zinc-coated, hot-dipped galvanized, rigid metallic conduit in accordance with Federal Specification WW-C-0581 and ANSI C80.1.
- B. PVC Externally Coated Rigid Metal Conduit: Provide hot-dipped galvanized, rigid metallic

conduit externally coated with Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) in accordance with ANSI C80.1 and NEMA Std. Pub. No. RN 1.

- C. Intermediate Metal Conduit (IMC): Provide hot-dipped galvanized, intermediate metal conduit in accordance with Federal Specification WW-C-581.
- D. Electric Metallic Tubing (EMT): Provide electric metal tubing in accordance with Federal Specification WW-C-563 and ANSI C80.3.
- E. Flexible Metal Conduit: Provide zinc-coated, flexible metal conduit in accordance with Federal Specification WW-C-566.
- F. Liquid-Tight Flexible Metal Conduit: Provide liquid-tight, flexible metal conduit, constructed of single strip, flexible continuous, interlocked, and double-wrapped steel, galvanized inside and outside, coated with liquid-tight jacket of flexible Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC).
- G. Rigid Non-Metallic Conduit: Provide rigid non-metallic conduit (PVC) in accordance with ANSI/NEMA TC 2, Type 1 for concrete encasement, Type 2 for direct burial.

## 2.2 FITTINGS:

- A. Rigid Metal Conduit, Intermediate Metal Conduit, and PVC Externally Coated Rigid Metal Conduit: Provide fully-threaded, malleable steel fittings, rain-tight and concrete-tight as applicable. Provide double locknuts and metal bushings at all conduit terminations. Install OZ Type B bushings on conduits 1-1/4" and larger.
- B. Electric Metallic Tubing: Provide insulated throat, non-indenter, set screw, malleable steel fittings. Screws must have a full set. Provide concrete-tight compression-type fittings in suspended slabs. All EMT fittings shall be fabricated from steel. Die-cast fittings or fittings made from pot metal shall not be allowed. Indenter type fittings are not acceptable. Install OZ Type B bushings on conduits 1" and larger.
- C. Flexible Metal Conduit: Provide flexible metal conduit fittings in accordance with Federal Specification W-F-406, Type 1, Class 1, and Style A. Commercial "greenfield" not less than 1/2" diameter or as otherwise specified on drawings is acceptable.
- D. Liquid-Tight Flexible Metal Conduit: Provide liquid-tight flexible metal conduit fittings in accordance with Federal Specification W-F-406, Type 1, Class 3, Style G.
- E. Non-Metallic Conduit: Provide non-metallic conduit fittings (PVC) in accordance with ANSI/NEMA TC 3 to match conduit types and materials.
- F. Expansion Fittings: OZ Type AX, or equivalent to suit application.
- G. Sealing Bushings: Provide OZ Type FSK, WSK, or CSMI as required by application. Provide OZ Type CSB internal sealing bushings.
- H. Cable Supports: Provide OZ cable supports for vertical risers, type as required by application.
- 2.3 SIZES:

A. Provide conduits in sizes as indicated in contract documents or as otherwise specified herein, but not less than 3/4".

## PART 3 – EXECUTION

#### 3.1 GENERAL:

A. Install raceway and accessories in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions, applicable requirements of NEC, NEMA Standards, and NECA's "Standards of Installation", and in compliance with recognized industry practices to ensure that products fulfill requirements.

### 3.2 LOCATIONS:

- A. Rigid Metal Conduit and Fittings: Use for conduit bends greater than 22 degrees where buried below grade or slab on grade. Install RMC where raceway passes vertically through slab-ongrade. Where raceways penetrate building, manholes, or vault walls and floors below grade, provide RMC for a minimum distance of 10' on the exterior side of the floor or wall. Use RMC for exposed runs where conduit is subject to moisture, weather, or mechanical injury. Use manufactured RMC conduit elbows for stub-ups at equipment and at changes of direction in underground runs.
- B. Install RMC on all outdoor locations below 12 ft. and indoor locations subject to motorized and heavy duty carts.
- C. Intermediate Metal Conduit and Fittings: Use for exposed runs where conduit is subject to moisture, weather, or mechanical injury. Use in hazardous locations in accordance with all NEC requirements.
- D. Electric Metal Tubing and Fittings: Use for above-grade feeders, branch circuits, and signal and control circuit, unless specifically noted otherwise on drawings. Install in suspended slabs subject to local code requirements and fire rating considerations.
- E. Flexible Metal Conduit and Fittings: Use as whips for lighting fixtures, fixed equipment where not exposed to weather of moisture, other devices where required by NEC, and as requested by the Engineer. Maximum length not to exceed 6', unless specifically approved by the Electrical Engineer.
- F. Liquid-Tight Flexible Metal Conduit and Fittings: Use for connection to motor terminal boxes, fixed equipment where subject to moisture or weather, and other equipment subject to movement or vibration. Maximum length not to exceed 6', unless specified otherwise.
- G. Rigid Non-Metallic Conduit and Fittings: Use for below-grade service entrances, feeders, branch circuits, and signal and control circuit, unless specifically noted otherwise on drawings. Do not use above grade.
- 3.3 METHODS:

- A. Maintain a minimum of 12" clearance between steam or hot water lines or other hot surfaces. Where such clearance is impractical, insulate conduit with approved materials.
- B. Install conduits parallel with or at right angles to lines of the structure. Route conduits symmetrically where possible.
- C. Field bends and offsets shall be made without flattening, kinking, rippling or destroying the smooth internal bore or surface of the conduit and to not less than NEC minimum radius. Conduit that shows signs of rippling or kinking shall not be installed. Conduits installed with wrinkles or kinks or otherwise in an unworkmanlike manner shall be replaced at no additional cost to owner.
- D. Precaution shall be exercised to prevent accumulation of water, dirt or concrete in the conduits during the execution of the project. Conduits in which water or foreign matter has been permitted to accumulate shall be thoroughly cleaned or the conduits runs replaced where such accumulation cannot be removed by methods approved the engineer.
- E. Any conduit which pierces airtight spaces or plenums shall be sealed to prevent air leakage with mastic acceptable to the Architect.

## 3.4 CONCEALING:

A. All raceways shall be concealed within the ceilings, walls, and floors, except in locations where exposed raceways are specifically permitted, such as equipment rooms and unfinished storage areas. In equipment rooms, if lighting raceways are run exposed, installation shall not be done until piping and duct work layout has been determined in order that lighting boxes may be located so as to avoid being covered by overhead ducts and piping. If lighting raceways in equipment rooms are concealed in the structural ceiling slab, after mechanical work is complete, exposed conduit extensions shall be run to locate lighting fixtures where they are not obscured by work of other trades.

### 3.5 BURIED CONDUITS:

- A. Comply with all burial depths as defined in NEC Section 300-5. Bury all conduits at least 24" below grade, unless specifically indicated otherwise on drawings. Provide magnetic 6" wide "Yellow Warning" ribbon 12" directly above conduit and 6" below finished grade measured from the top of the conduit or duct bank. Where multiple small lines are buried in a common trench and do not exceed an overall width of 16", install a single marker.
- B. Slope all conduits toward manholes or pull boxes for proper drainage. Use weep holes. Gravel drainage pockets are not permitted.
- C. Coat all metal conduits with an approved asphaltic compound or wrap with two layers of PVC tape.
- D. Under Concrete Slab on Grade: Horizontal conduit must be installed a minimum of 2" below the bottom of the concrete slab. Conduits should not be installed in concrete slabs.
- E. Concrete Encasement: Where concrete-encasement is indicated on drawings, provide ductbank construction using red 3000 psi at 28 day strength concrete. Provide minimum 4" cover on all

sides of exterior conduits. Provide conduit spacers where applicable. Coat all metal conduits with an approved asphaltic compound or wrap with two layers of PVC tape.

- F. Where conduits are extended for future use, cap and clearly mark.
- G. All underground rigid steel conduit shall have two-layers of half-lap corrosion reisitant tape.
- 3.6 ELECTRICAL CONTINUITY:
  - A. Provide electrically continuous conduit systems throughout.
- 3.7 FIELD CUTS AND THREADS:
  - A. Cut all conduits square. Remove all sharp or rough edges and ream all burrs, inside and outside. Provide clean sharp threads on RMC and IMC.
  - B. Engage at least five full threads on all RMC and IMC fittings. Before couplings or fittings are attached, apply one coat of red lead or zinc chromate to male threads of RMC or IMC. Apply coat of red lead, zinc chromate or special compound recommended by manufacture to conduit where conduit protective coating is damaged.
- 3.8 SUSPENDED SLABS:
  - A. When conduit is installed in the suspended slab, it shall be limited to conduits having a diameter of 1" (25 mm) or less, or less than 1/3 the concrete cover, and no crossovers occur, and conduit spaced at least 18" (450 mm) apart with a 3/4" (20 mm) cover.
- 3.9 CONDUIT ENDS:
  - A. Cap all spare conduits. Cap or plug conduit ends during construction to prevent entrance of foreign material.
- 3.10 SPARE CONDUITS:
  - Provide five (5) 3/4" empty conduits from panel stubbed into accessible ceiling space and five (5) 3/4" conduits into accessible floor space. When floor is not accessible, provide six (6) 3/4" empty conduits from panel stubbed into accessible ceiling space. Cap and label all conduits.
  - B. Install a 200 lb. polypropylene pull cord in each empty conduit run.
- 3.11 HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS:
  - A. Install RMC and IMC in all hazardous locations as defined by the NEC. Provide suitable fittings, seal-offs, boxes, etc. to comply with all NEC requirements and/or as shown on the drawings. Provide inspection fittings with hazardous location rated drains to prevent water from accumulating in conduit runs.
- 3.12 CLEANING:
  - A. Pull mandrel and swab through all conduits before installing conductors.

END OF SECTION 260110

# SECTION 260120 - CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

- A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification Sections, apply to work of this section.
- B. This section is a Division 26 General Provisions section, and is part of each Division 26, 27, and 28 sections making reference to conductors and cables.

#### 1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

- A. This section includes building wires and cables and associated connectors, splices, and terminations for wiring systems rated 600 V and less.
- B. Types of conductors and cables in this section include the following:
  - 1. Copper Conductors.
- C. Applications for conductors and cables required for project include:
  - 1. Feeders.
  - 2. Branch Circuits.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS:

- A. Product Data: For each type of conductor and/or cable indicated.
- B. Field Quality-Control Test Reports: From Contractor. Refer to Section 260001 General Electrical Provisions.
- 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE:
  - A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
  - B. Comply with NFPA 70.

## PART 2 – PRODUCTS

## 2.1 GENERAL:

A. Manufacturers: In other Part 2 articles where subparagraph titles below introduce lists, provide

products by the manufacturer specified, subject to compliance with requirements.

- B. Ambient Conditions: Conductors used for branch circuits in areas where the ambient conditions exceed 30 degree C. shall be provided with insulation approved for that temperature.
- C. Wire Sizes: As indicated on electrical drawings or as specified herein, but in no case less than No. 12 AWG.
- 2.2 COPPER CONDUCTORS:
  - A. Manufacturers:
    - 1. Cerro Wire & Cable Company.
    - 2. General Cable Technologies Corporation.
    - 3. Encore Wire Corporation.
    - 4. Southwire Incorporated.
  - B. Refer to Part 3 "Conductor and Cable Applications" Article for application requirements.
  - C. References and Ratings:
    - 1. ICEA S-95-658 / NEMA WC70.
    - 2. ASTM.
    - 3. UL Standard 83.
    - 4. UL Standard 1063 (MTW).
    - 5. Federal Specification J-C-30B.
    - 6. NEC.
  - D. Conductor Material: Copper.
  - E. Stranding: Solid conductor for No. 10 AWG and smaller, stranded for No. 8 AWG and larger.
  - F. Conductor Insulation Types: Cross-linked Polyethylene High Heat-resistant Water-resistant, Type XHHW-2.
- 2.3 ALUMINUM CONDUCTORS:
  - A. Not approved.
- 2.4 MC CABLES:
  - A. Not approved.
- 2.5 CONNECTORS AND SPLICES:
  - A. For all above ground splices, provide one of the following:
    - 1. AFC Cable Systems, Inc.
    - 2. AMP Incorporated/Tyco International.
    - 3. Hubbell/Anderson.
    - 4. O-Z/Gedney; EGS Electrical Group LLC.

- 5. 3M Company; Electrical Products Division.
- B. Description: Factory-fabricated connectors and splices of size, ampacity rating, material, type, and class for application and service indicated.
- C. Splices for wire sizes #10 and smaller shall be screw-on type similar to scotch or ideal wing nut connectors. Crimp-on splices designed to be used without wire stripping are not acceptable.
- A. For all underground splices provide:
  - 1. 3M Series 82-B1.

# PART 3 – EXECUTION

#### 3.1 GENERAL:

- A. Install conductors, cables, and accessories as indicated, in compliance with manufacturer's written instruction, applicable requirements of NEC, NECA's "Standards of Installation", and in accordance with recognized industry practices to ensure that products fulfill requirements.
- 3.2 CONDUCTOR AND CABLE APPLICATIONS:
  - A. Service Entrance: As indicated on the electrical drawings.
  - B. Feeders: As indicated on the electrical drawings.
  - C. Branch Circuits:
    - 1. Exposed, including in crawlspaces: Copper conductors in raceway.
    - 2. Concealed in ceilings, walls, and partitions: Copper conductors in raceways.
    - 3. Concealed in concrete and below slabs-on-grade: Copper conductors in raceway.
  - D. Class 1 Control Circuits: Copper conductors in raceway.

#### 3.3 INSTALLATION:

- A. Conceal cables in finished walls, ceilings, and floors, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Use manufacturer-approved pulling compound or lubricant where necessary; compound used must not deteriorate conductor or insulation. Do not exceed manufacturer's recommended maximum pulling tensions and sidewall pressure values.
- C. Use pulling means; including fish tape, cable, rope, and basket-weave wire/cable grips that will not damage cables or raceway.
- D. When raceway is not required, install concealed cables parallel and perpendicular to surfaces of structural members, and follow surface contours where possible.

- E. Support cables according to other applicable specification sections.
- F. Seal around cables penetrating fire-rated elements to comply with applicable fire stop specification sections.
- G. Color Coding: Color code secondary service, feeder, and branch circuit conductors. Colors shall remain consistent throughout the project and shall match existing coding system where applicable.
  - 1. Conductor sizes No. 6 AWG and smaller: Colored insulation.
  - 2. Conductors sizes No. 4 AWG and larger: 2 inch (51 mm) band of Colored adhesive marking tape applied at all terminations, junction boxes, and pull boxes.
  - 3. Branch circuit switched-legs and travelers: Colored insulation (in colors other than those indicated below).
  - 4. Color-code 120/208V system conductors:
    - a. Phase A: Black.
    - b. Phase B: Red.
    - c. Phase C: Blue.
    - d. Neutral A: White with Black stripe.
    - e. Neutral B: White with Red stripe.
    - f. Neutral C: White with Blue stripe.
    - g. Neutral (Shared when allowed): White
    - h. Ground: Green.
    - i. Isolated Ground: Green with yellow tracer.
  - 5. Color-code 277/480V system conductors:
    - a. Phase A: Brown.
      - b. Phase B: Orange.
      - c. Phase C: Yellow.
      - d. Neutral A: Gray with Brown stripe.
      - e. Neutral B: Gray with Orange stripe.
      - f. Neutral C: Gray with Yellow stripe.
      - g. Neutral (Shared when allowed): Gray.
      - h. Ground: Green.

### 3.4 HOMERUN CIRCUITS:

- A. Homerun circuits may be combined in common conduits at the option of the contractor in compliance with the following:
  - 1. Three-Phase Installations: Not more than three single-phase circuits in one conduit, unless specifically noted otherwise, if each circuit is from a different phase (a, b, or c).
  - 2. Single-Phase Installations: Not more than two single-phase circuits in one conduit, unless specifically noted otherwise, if each circuit is from a different phase (a or b).

## 3.5 NEUTRAL CONDUCTORS:

A. LINE-TO-NEUTRAL BRANCH CIRCUITS: Provide a dedicated neutral for each line-toneutral branch circuit. Size the neutral conductor the same as the phase conductor. In each outlet or junction box containing multiple neutral conductors, tag each neutral to identify which circuit it serves.

#### 3.6 VOLTAGE DROP:

- A. Provide branch circuit conductors in sizes such that voltage drop for branch circuits do not exceed 3 percent at the farthest outlet. Provide service, feeder, and branch circuit conductors so that the voltage drop on the entire electrical system does not exceed 5 percent at the farthest outlet. This shall be strictly followed regardless of the conductor sizes indicated on the electrical drawings. Increase conductor sizes (and conduits where necessary to comply with NEC conduit fill requirements) as necessary to accommodate this requirement. Calculations shall be based on the following:
  - 1. Appliance and Equipment Branch Circuits: Nameplate or NEC required load.
  - 2. Use the NEC method to calculate voltage drop.

#### 3.7 CONNECTIONS:

- A. Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torquetightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A and UL 486B.
- B. Make splices and taps that are compatible with conductor material and that possess equivalent or better mechanical strength and insulation ratings than unspliced conductors.
- C. Wiring at Outlets: Install conductor at each outlet, with at least 6 inches (150 mm) of slack. Use pig tails when wiring outlets.

## 3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL:

- A. Testing: Perform the following field quality-control testing:
  - 1. Visual and Mechanical Inspection:
    - a. Inspect cables for physical damage and proper connection in accordance with the electrical construction documents.
    - b. Test cable mechanical connections to manufacturer's recommended values with a calibrated torque wrench.
    - c. Check cable color coding for compliance with electrical specifications.
  - 2. Electrical Tests:
    - a. Perform insulation resistance test on each conductors for feeders 100 amps and greater with respect to ground and adjacent conductors. Applied potential shall be 1000 volts dc for 1 minute.
    - b. Perform continuity test to insure proper cable connection.
  - 3. Test Values:
    - a. Minimum insulation resistance values shall not be less than two megaohms.
- B. Test Reports: Prepare a written report and submit to the Electrical Engineer at the completion of the project. The report shall include the following:
  - 1. Test procedures used.
  - 2. Test results that comply with requirements.
  - 3. Test results that do not comply with requirements and corrective action taken to achieve compliance with requirements.

# SECTION 260135 – ELECTRICAL BOXES AND FITTINGS

## PART 1 – GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

- A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification Sections, apply to work of this section.
- B. This section is a Division 26 General Provisions section, and is part of each Division 26, 27, and 28 sections making reference to electrical boxes and fittings.
- 1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:
  - A. Extent of electrical boxes and fittings work is indicated by drawings and schedules.
  - B. Types of electrical boxes and fittings in this section include the following:
    - 1. Junction Boxes
    - 2. Pull Boxes
    - 3. Conduit Bodies
    - 4. Bushings
    - 5. Locknuts
    - 6. Knockout Closures
    - 7. Miscellaneous Boxes and Fittings

# 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

- A. Standards: Refer to Section 260001 Electrical General Provisions as applicable.
- B. Manufacturers: Firms regularly engaged in the manufacturer of boxes and fittings required, whose products have been in satisfactory service for not less than three years.
- C. Shop Drawings: not required.

## PART 2 – PRODUCTS

## 2.1 JUNCTION AND PULL BOXES:

- A. Provide code-gauge sheet steel junction and pull boxes, with removable screw-on covers and welded seams, of types, shapes, and sizes to suit each respective location and installation. Size all junction and pull boxes in accordance with NEC 314.28. Provide stainless steel nuts, bolts, screws, and washer.
- 2.2 CONDUIT BODIES:

#### ELECTRICAL BOXES AND FITTINGS

- A. Provide galvanized, cast-metal conduit bodies of type, shapes, and sizes to suit respective locations and installation. Construct with threaded conduit entrance ends and removable covers. Provide corrosion-resistant screws.
- B. Aluminum boxes and fitting shall not be permitted.
- 2.3 CONDUIT CONNECTIONS:
  - A. Box connectors 3/4" and larger shall be insulated, throat-type or equal type plastic bushings. Provide double locknuts and insulating plastic bushings for RMC and IMC terminating at panels and boxes.
  - B. Where RMC penetrates building, manholes, or vault walls and floors below grade, provide sealing bushings with external membrane clamps as applicable. Provide segmented internal sealing bushings in all raceways penetrating building walls and slabs below grade, and in all above grade raceway penetrations susceptible to moisture migration into building through raceway. Where RMC terminates in manhole, vault, or pull box, provide insulated grounding bushings. Also see Section 260135 Electrical Boxes and Fittings.
  - C. Install OZ type "B" connectors for all conduits 1" and larger.
  - D. Provide cable supports in all vertical risers in accordance with NEC 300-19.

## 2.4 EXPANSION FITTINGS:

- A. Provide expansion joint fittings in all conduit runs crossing structural expansion joints, whether above-grade, in slab-on-grade, or in suspended slabs. Provide OZ type "AX" or approved equivalent, size to the raceway.
- 2.5 ACCESSORIES:
  - A. Provide all accessories including, but not necessarily limited to, bushings, knockout closures, locknuts, offset connectors, etc. of types, shapes, and sizes to suit respective locations and installation. Construct of corrosion-resistant steel.

# PART 3 – EXECUTION

## 3.1 GENERAL:

- A. Install electrical boxes and fittings in accordance with manufacturer's written instruction, applicable requirements of the NEC, NEMA Standards, and NECA's "Standards of Installation", and in compliance with recognized industry practices to ensure that products fulfill requirements.
- 3.2 METHODS:
  - A. Remove knockouts only for entering conduits. Provide knockout closures to cap unused knockout holes where blanks are mistakenly removed.

- B. Do not use condulets in place of elbows or junction boxes. Condulets in sizes 2" or larger shall not be used, unless specifically approved by the electrical engineer.
- C. Install boxes and conduit bodies in readily accessible locations. Install recessed boxes with faces of boxes or rings flush with finished surfaces. Seal all openings between outlet box and adjacent surfaces with plaster, grout, or similar suitable material.
- D. For stud construction, install boxes with rigid supports using metal bar hangers, or 2" X 4", 1" X 6" wood bridging between studs with screws. Welding or nailing boxes directly to metal joist and studs is not acceptable. Boxes set opposite in common wall shall have at least 10" of conduit between them. Securely fasten outlet boxes to structural surfaces to which attached.
- E. For concrete or masonry construction, solidly embed electrical boxes in concrete and masonry. Provide box supports as required to keep outlet boxes flush with finished surfaces.
- F. Coordinate location of all outlet boxes with millwork, back splashes, tackboards, etc.
- G. Install junction boxes or condulets in conduit runs as required at 100 foot maximum intervals on long runs. This shall apply to concrete junction boxes in grade and junction boxes within the building.
- H. Provide electrical connections for installed boxes.

### 3.3 IDENTIFICATION:

- A. Mark circuit number on exterior side of junction boxes located in ceilings such that circuits numbers are readily identifiable. For outlet boxes in wall, mark circuit numbers on interior sides of outlet boxes.
- B. Identification labels shall be as follows:

Normal Power Black with White letters

- C. Raceway systems termination points shall be marked the same as junction boxes.
- D. Boxes that exceed  $4 \ge 4 \ge 1/2$  inches shall be labeled with plastic engraved labels containing panelboard and circuit information.

SECTION 260160 - PANELBOARDS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

- A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification Sections, apply to work of this section.
- B. This section is a Division 26 General Provisions section, and is part of each Division 26, 27, and 28 sections making reference to panelboards.

## 1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

- A. Extent of panelboard work is indicated by drawings and schedules and is specified herein.
- B. Type of panelboards in this section include the following:
  - 1. Lighting and Appliance Panelboards
- 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE:
  - A. STANDARDS: Refer to Section 260001 Electrical General Provisions as applicable.
  - B. SUBMITTALS:
    - 1. Shop Drawings: Submit dimensioned drawings of panelboards and enclosures showing accurately scaled layouts of enclosures. Include schedule of devices, including, but not necessarily limited to, circuit breakers, fusible switches, fuses, ground-fault circuit interrupters, and accessories.
    - 2. Electrical Panel Layouts: Submit dimensioned drawings of all equipment layouts indicating spatial relationships to other proximate equipment. Insure that all code required clearances are maintained.

## PART 2 – PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS:

- A. Subject to compliance with all requirements, provide products from one of the follows:
  - 1. Siemens Energy & Automation, Inc.
  - 2. Square D Co.
  - 3. GE/ABB
- 2.2 GENERAL:

- A. Provide panelboards, enclosures, and ancillary components, of types, sizes, and ratings indicated. Provide overcurrent protective devices, etc. as indicated on drawings for a complete installation.
- B. Where "Spaces" or "Blanks" are indicated on panelboard schedules, provide drilled bus and mounting hardware ready to receive breaker or fusible switch of size indicated on panelboard schedule.

## 2.3 PANELBOARD ENCLOSURES:

A. Provide Code gauge, galvanized or rust-resistant sheet steel enclosures in sizes and NEMA types to suit respective applications. The size of the wiring gutters and gauge of steel shall be in accordance with the latest NEMA Standards Publication and latest UL standards for panelboards. Flush locks shall not protrude beyond the front of the door. Key all enclosures alike and provide three keys at completion of the project. Fronts shall have adjustable indicating trim clamps, which shall be completely concealed when the doors are closed. Doors shall be mounted by completely concealed steel hinges. A circuit directory frame and card, with clear plastic covering shall be provided on the inside of the door. The directory cards shall be typewritten to identify each circuit service. Provide ANSI-61 painted finish.

## 2.4 LIGHTING AND APPLIANCE PANELBOARDS:

- A. Provide dead-front, safety-type lighting and appliance panelboards of types and electrical characteristic indicated. Provide copper bus bars, full-sized neutral bus, and ground bus. Provide insulated/isolated ground buses where indicated. Include overcurrent protective devices and switches in quantities, ratings, types, and arrangements shown. See Section 260180 Overcurrent Protective Devices.
- B. Rate devices, bussing, supports, etc. equal to or greater than the short circuit current rating indicated. Provide fully-rated systems only. Series-rated systems are not acceptable, unless specifically noted otherwise.

# PART 3 – EXECUTION

## 3.1 GENERAL:

A. Install panelboards in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions, applicable requirements of NEC, NEMA standards, and NECA's "Standards of Installation", and in compliance with recognized industry practices to ensure that products fulfill requirements.

## 3.2 IDENTIFICATION:

- A. Provide 1/16" thick black plastic laminate labels with 1/4" high lettering on both the interior and exterior of each panelboard enclosure indicating name of panelboard. Bolt and nut or rivet labels to enclosure. (Sheet metal screws are not acceptable).
- B. All subpanels shall be labeled to identify the main panel that supplies the feeder circuit.

- C. Provide red plastic laminate label for panelboards supplied by emergency power.
- D. Provide orange plastic laminate label for panelboards supplied by UPS power.

### 3.3 MOUNTING:

- A. Mount panelboards as indicated, but in no case higher than 6'-6" from finished floor to top of panel. Anchor enclosures firmly to walls and structural surfaces.
- B. Provide 4" high concrete pad under floor-standing power distribution panelboards.

## 3.4 CIRCUIT DIRECTORIES:

- A. For lighting and appliance panelboards, provide typed panelboard circuit directories. Indicate load description or name and location. Utilize actual building room numbers, not architectural room numbers used on drawings. Label the panel and circuit that feed this panel.
- B. For power distribution panelboards, provide 1/16" thick black plastic laminate labels with 1/4" high lettering for each load served.
  - 1. Provide red plastic laminate label for emergency loads.
  - 2. If circuits are changed in a panel, type the new circuit designation and glue on existing circuit directory. Do not discard existing panelboard schedule unless all circuits have been changed.

#### 3.5 WIRING METHODS:

- A. Arrange conductors neatly within enclosure, and secure with suitable nylon ties.
- B. Panelboards shall not be used for junction or splicing boxes or as a raceway.

## 3.6 ARRANGEMENT OF OVERCURRENT PROTECTIVE DEVICES:

A. The overcurrent protective devices shall be in the same sequence and labeled as the panel schedule on the drawings.

# SECTION 260180 - OVERCURRENT PROTECTIVE DEVICES

# PART 1 – GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

- A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification Sections, apply to work of this section.
- B. This section is a Division 26 General Provisions section, and is part of each Division 26, 27, and 28 section making reference to overcurrent protective devices.
- 1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:
  - A. Extent of overcurrent protective devices is indicated by drawings and schedules and is specified herein.
  - B. Type of overcurrent protective devices in this section include the following:
    - 1. Molded Case Circuit Breakers
- 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE:
  - A. STANDARDS: Refer to Section 260001 Electrical General Provisions as applicable.
  - B. SUBMITTALS:
    - 1. SHOP DRAWINGS: Submit manufacturer's data on overcurrent protective devices including specifications, time-current trip characteristics curves, mounting requirements, installation instructions, etc. Submit dimensioned drawings of overcurrent protective devices.
    - 2. Equipment Room Layouts: Submit dimensioned drawings of all equipment rooms indicating spatial relationships to other proximate equipment. Insure that all code required clearances are maintained.

## PART 2 – PRODUCTS

- 2.1 GENERAL:
  - A. Provide overcurrent protective devices and ancillary components of types, sizes, ratings, and electrical characteristics indicated. Provide enclosures in NEMA ratings as indicated and suitable for applications.
- 2.2 MOLDED CASE CIRCUIT BREAKERS:
  - A. MANUFACTURERS: Subject to compliance with all requirements, provide molded case circuit

breakers from one of the following:

- 1. Siemens
- 2. Square D
- 3. GE/ABB

#### B. MOLDED CASE CIRCUIT BREAKERS:

- 1. Provide factory-assembled, molded case circuit breakers as integral components of lighting and appliance panelboards, power panelboards, switchboards, and for individual mounting as indicated. Provide thermal magnetic, molded case circuit breakers of amperages, voltages, types, and short circuit current ratings indicated. Provide bolt-on type breakers only. Construct with quick-break, quick-break mechanism with inverse-time delay and instantaneous trip protection for each pole. Provide breakers rated for ambient temperatures to suit respective applications. Provide mechanical screw type removable copper connector lugs of size to accommodate conductors specified.
- 2. Provide breakers that have interrupting ratings greater than or equal to the specified fault current. Provide fully-rated systems only. Series-rated systems are not acceptable, unless specifically noted otherwise.

## PART 3 – EXECUTION

### 3.1 GENERAL:

A. Install overcurrent protective devices in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions, applicable requirements of NEC, NEMA standards, and NECA's "Standards of Installation", and in compliance with recognized industry practices to ensure that products fulfill requirements.

#### 3.2 IDENTIFICATION:

A. Provide 1/16" thick black plastic laminate labels with 1/4" high lettering on the exterior of each disconnect indicating name of disconnect or load served. Bolt labels to enclosure. Mark on interior cover the source of power by indicating the panel and circuit number.

## 3.3 MOUNTING:

- A. Mount disconnects as indicated, but in no case higher than 6'-6" from finished floor to top of disconnect. Anchor enclosures firmly to walls and structural surfaces.
- B. Provide 4" high concrete pad under floor-standing disconnects.

#### 3.4 SETTINGS:

A. Adjust settings of overcurrent protective devices as directed by engineer.

# SECTION 260181 – DRY-TYPE TRANSFORMERS

## PART 1 – GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

- A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification Sections, apply to work of this section.
- B. This section is a Division 26 General Provisions section, and is part of each Division 26, 27, and 28 sections making reference to transformers.

#### 1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

- A. Extent of transformer work is indicated by drawings and schedules and is specified herein.
- B. Type of transformers in this section include the following:
  - 1. Dry-type transformers
- 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE:
  - A. STANDARDS: Refer to Section 260001 Electrical General Provisions as applicable.
  - B. SUBMITTALS:
    - 1. SHOP DRAWINGS: Submit dimensioned drawings of transformers and enclosures showing accurately scaled layouts of enclosures. Provide product data including certification of transformer performance efficiency, percent regulation at 100 percent and 80 percent power factor, no-load and full load losses in watts, percent impedance at 75 degree C broken down into resistance and reactance, hot-spot and average temperature rise above 40 degree C ambient, sound level in decibels, and standard published data.
    - 2. EQUIPMENT ROOM LAYOUTS: Submit dimensioned drawings of all equipment rooms indicating spatial relationships to other proximate equipment. Insure that all code required clearances are maintained.

## PART 2 – PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MANUFACTURERS:

- A. Subject to compliance with all requirements, provide products from one of the follows:
  - 1. Siemens
  - 2. Square D
  - 3. Federal Pacific Transformers Co.
  - 4. Cooper Power Systems

5. Powersmiths

## 2.2 GENERAL:

- A. Provide transformers, enclosures, and ancillary components, of types, sizes, and ratings indicated.
- 2.3 DRY-TYPE TRANSFORMERS:
  - A. Taps: Provide primary windings with minimum of 4 full capacity taps; each 2-1/2 percent, two above and two below full-rated voltage for de-energized tap-changing operation.
  - B. Windings: All windings to be copper.
  - C. Insulation: Insulate with Class 220 insulation and rate for continuous operation at KVA.
  - D. Temperature Rise: Limit temperature rise to 150 degree C.
  - E. Sound Levels: Sound level rating not to exceed 45 db in accordance with ANSI/NEMA standards.
  - F. Efficiency: All transformers 15 KVA and larger shall meet the NEMA TP-1-2002 standard for energy efficiency.
  - G. Enclosure: Provide ventilated, heavy-gauge, steel, painted enclosure.
  - H. Electrostatic shield: Where indicated on drawings, provide shielded isolation type transformers for attenuation of source line interference.
  - I. K-Factor Ratings: Where noted on drawings, provide K-factor rated transformers to serve harmonic loads equivalent to Square D NL (UL K-4 rated) or Square D NLP (UL K-13 rated) as indicated.

## PART 3 – EXECUTION

## 3.1 GENERAL:

- A. Install transformers in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions, applicable requirements of NEC, NEMA standards, and NECA's "Standards of Installation", and in compliance with recognized industry practices to ensure that products fulfill requirements.
- 3.2 MOUNTING:
  - A. Unless noted otherwise, mount transformers on 4" concrete house-keeping pad. Concrete pad to be furnished and installed under division 26. Anchor transformer enclosures firmly to concrete pad. See Section 260072 Electrical Support and Seismic Restraints. Maintain adequate clearance from combustible surfaces in accordance with the NEC. Locate transformers a sufficient distance from walls and adjacent equipment to allow for adequate ventilation in accordance with all manufacturer's instructions. Lay-out electrical rooms and spaces prior to

rough-in to insure proper ventilation and to maintain code required clearances.

## 3.3 LABELS:

- A. For transformers, provide 1/16" thick black plastic laminate labels with 1/4" high lettering for each load served.
- B. Provide red plastic laminate label for emergency loads.

# SECTION 260289 – SURGE PROTECTIVE DEVICES

# PART 1 – GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes Surge Protective Devices for low-voltage power.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
  - 1. Division 26 Section "Panelboards" for factory-installed SPDs.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. ATS: Acceptance Testing Specifications.
- B. VPR: Voltage Protection Rating.
- C. SPD: Surge Protection Device.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include rated capacities, operating weights, operating characteristics, furnished specialties, and accessories.
- B. Product Certificates: For surge protective devices, signed by product manufacturer certifying compliance with the following standards:
  - 1. UL 1283.
  - 2. UL 1449 3rd Edition.
  - 3. UL 281-1 (fuse)
  - 4. CSA 22.2.
  - 5. NEMA LS-1
- C. Manufacturer Seismic Qualification Certification: Submit certification that surge protective devices, accessories, and components will withstand seismic forces defined in Division 26 Section "Electrical Supports and Seismic Restraints." Include the following:
  - 1. Basis for Certification: Indicate whether withstand certification is based on actual test of assembled components or on calculation.
    - a. The term "withstand" means "the unit will remain in place without separation of any parts from the device when subjected to the seismic forces specified and the unit will be fully operational after the seismic event."

- 2. Dimensioned Outline Drawings of Equipment Unit: Identify center of gravity and locate and describe mounting and anchorage provisions.
- 3. Detailed description of equipment anchorage devices on which the certification is based and their installation requirements.
- D. Products Testing: For surge protective devices, provide the following product test data:
  - 1. Provide actual let through voltage test data in the form of oscillograph results for the ANSA/IEEE C62.41 Category C3 & C1 (combination wave) and B3 (ringwave) tested in accordance with ANSI/IEEE C62.45.
  - 2. Provide spectrum analysis of each unit based on MIL-STD-220A test procedures between 50 kHz and 200 kHz verifying the device noise attenuation equal or exceeds 50 db at 100 kHz.
  - 3. Provide test report in compliance with NEMA LS1 from a recognized independent testing laboratory verifying that surge protection devicecomponents can survive published surge current rating on both a per mode and per phase basis using the IEEE C62.41, 8 x 20 microsecond current wave. Note that test data on individual module is not accepted.
- E. Field quality-control test reports, including the following:
  - 1. Test procedures used.
  - 2. Test results that comply with requirements.
  - 3. Failed test results and corrective action taken to achieve requirements.
- F. Operation and Maintenance Data: For surge protective devices to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.
- G. Warranties: Special warranties specified in this Section.
- 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE
  - A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
  - B. Comply with ANSI/IEEE C62.41.1-2002, "IEEE Guide for Surge Environment in Low Voltage (1000 V and Less) AC Power Circuits," IEEE C62.41.2-2002, "IEEE Recommended Practice on Characterization of Surges in Low Voltage AC Power Circuits," and test devices according to IEEE C62.45-2002, "IEEE Recommended Practice on Surge Testing for Equipment Connected to Low-Voltage AC Power Circuits."
  - C. Comply with NEMA LS 1, "Low Voltage Surge Protection Devices."
  - D. Comply with UL 1283, "Electromagnetic Interference Filters," and UL 1449 2nd Edition, "Surge Protective Devices."
  - E. The manufacturer shall be ISO 9000 certified.
  - F. Comply with Military Standards MIL-STD220A.

- G. Comply with FIPS Pub 94.
- H. Comply with NEC 2008, Article 285, "Surge Protective Devices."

#### 1.6 **PROJECT CONDITIONS**

- A. Existing Utilities: Do not interrupt utilities serving facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary utility services according to requirements indicated:
  - 1. Notify Architect not less than two days in advance of proposed utility interruptions.
  - 2. Do not proceed with utility interruptions without Architect's written permission.
- B. Service Conditions: Rate surge protection devices for continuous operation under the following conditions, unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. Maximum Continuous Operating Voltage: Not less than 115 percent of nominal system operating voltage.
  - 2. Operating Temperature: -40 to 140 deg F.
  - 3. Humidity: 5 to 95 percent, non-condensing.
  - 4. Altitude: Up to 20,000 feet above sea level.

# 1.7 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate location of field-mounted surge protection devices to allow adequate clearances for maintenance. Coordinate placement of breakers in electrical panelboards feeding field-mounted surge protection devices so that conductor leads are kept to an absolute minimum.
- B. Coordinate surge protection devices with Division 26 Section "Electrical Power Monitoring and Control."

#### 1.8 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of surge protection devices that fail in materials or workmanship within five years from date of Substantial Completion.

## PART 2 – PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Current Technology, Inc.
  - 2. Cutler-Hammer, Inc.; Eaton Corporation.
  - 3. EFI Electronics
  - 4. General Electric Company.
  - 5. LEA International.

- 6. Leviton Mfg. Company Inc.
- 7. Liebert Corporation; a division of Emerson.
- 8. Siemens Energy & Automation, Inc.
- 9. Square D; Schneider Electric.
- 10. United Power Corporation.

# 2.2 VOLTAGE SURGE SUPPRESSION – GENERAL

- A. Electrical Requirements:
  - 1. Unit Operating Voltage Refer to drawings for operating voltage and unit configuration.
  - 2. Maximum Continuous Operating Voltage (MCOV) The MCOV shall be greater than 115% of the nominal system operating voltage.
  - 3. The suppression system shall incorporate a hybrid designed Metal-Oxide Varistors (MOV) surge protection device for the service entrance and other distribution level. The system shall not utilize silicon avalanche diodes, selenium cell, air gaps or other components that may crowbar the system voltage leading to system upset or create any environmental hazards.
  - 4. Protection Modes For a wye-configured system, the device must have directly connected suppression elements between line-neutral (L-N), line-ground (L-G), and neutral-ground (N-G). For a delta-configured system, the device must have suppression elements between line to line (L-L) and line to ground (L-G).
  - 5. UL 1449 3rd Edition Voltage Protection Rating (VPR) The maximum UL 1449 3rd Edition VPR for the device must not exceed the following:
    - a. 208Y/120 V:
      - 1) L-N; L-G; N-G: 700 V.
      - 2) L-L: 1200 V.
    - b. 480Y/277 V:
      - 1) L-N; L-G; N-G: 1200 V.
      - 2) L-L: 2000 V.
  - 6. ANSI/IEEE Cat. C3 Let Through Voltage The let through voltage based on IEEE C62.41 and C62.45 recommended procedures for Category C3 surges (20 kV, 10 kA) shall be less than:
    - a. 208Y/120 V L-N: 560 V.
    - b. 480Y/277 V L-N: 960 V.
  - 7. ANSI/IEEE Cat. B3 Let Through Voltage Let through voltage based on IEEE C62.41 and C62.45 recommended procedures for the ANSI/IEEE Cat. B3 ringwave (6 kV, 500 amps) shall be less than:
    - a. 208Y/120 V L-N: 160 V.
    - b. 480Y/277 V L-N: 165 V.
- B. SPD Design
  - 1. Balanced Suppression Platform The surge current shall be equally distributed to all MOV components to ensure equal stressing and maximum performance. The surge suppression platform must provide equal impedance paths to each matched MOV. Designs incorporating SPD modules shall not be acceptable.
  - 2. Electrical Noise Filter Each unit shall include a high-performance EMI/RFI noise rejection filter. Noise attenuation for electric line noise shall be 50 dB at 100 kHz using the MIL-STD-220A insertion loss test method. Products not able to demonstrate noise

attenuation of 50 dB @ 100 kHz shall be rejected.

- 3. Extended Range Filter The Surge Protective Device shall have a High Frequency Extended Range Tracking Filter in each Line to Neutral mode with compliance to UL 1283 and NEMA LS1. The filter shall have published high frequency attenuation rating in the attenuation frequencies:
  - a. Insertion Loss (ratio):
    - 1) 50kHz: 40
    - 2) 100kHz: 316
    - 3) 500kHz: 316
    - 4) 1MHz: 89
    - 5) 10MHz: 200
    - 6) 100MHz: 79
  - b. Insertion Loss (dB):
    - 1) 50kHz: 32
      - 2) 100kHz: 50
      - 3) 500kHz: 50
      - 4) 1MHz: 39
      - 5) 10MHz: 46
      - 6) 100MHz: 38
- 4. Internal Connections No plug-in component modules or printed circuit boards shall be used as surge current conductors. All internal components shall be hardwired with connections utilizing low impedance conductors and compression fittings.
- 5. Standard Monitoring Diagnostics Each SPD shall provide integral monitoring options:
  - a. Each unit shall provide a green / red solid state indicator light shall be provided on each phase. The absence of a green light and the presence of a red light shall indicate which phase(s) have been damaged.
  - b. Contacts for Remote Status Monitoring The SPD device must include form C dry contacts (one NO and one NC) for remote annunciation of unit status. The remote alarm shall change state if any of the three phases detect a fault condition.
- 6. Overcurrent Protection Fusing: In order to isolate the SPD under any fault condition, the manufacturer shall provide:
  - a. Individual Fusing: MOVs shall be individually fused via Copper Fuse Trace. The Copper Fuse shall allow protection during high surge (kA) events. SPD shall safely reach an end-of-life condition when subjected to fault current levels between 0 and 200 kA, including low level fault currents from 5 to 5000 amperes.
  - b. Thermal Protection: MOVs shall be equipped with Thermal Fuse Spring (TFS) technology which allows disconnection of the suppression component at the overheated stage common during temporary over voltage condition. For small fault currents between 100mA to 30Amp, or if the occurrence is over a longer period of time, the TFS will disconnect first. Manufacturers that utilize fuse trace only shall not be approved since there is no fault current protection between 100mA to 30A,
  - c. All overcurrent protection components shall be tested in compliance with UL 1449-Limited Current Test and AIC rating test.
- C. Minimum Repetitive Surge Current Capability as per ANSI/IEEE C62.41 and ANSI/IEEE C62.45 2002:
  - 1. The suppression filter system shall be repetitive surge tested in every mode utilizing a 1.2

x 50 microseconds, 20kV open circuit voltage. 8 x 20 microsecond, 10kA short circuit current Category C3 bi-wave at one minute intervals without suffering either performance degradation or more than 10% deviation of clamping voltage at a specified surge current. The minimum repetitive surge current capability as per ANSI/IEEE C62.41 and ANSI/IEEE C62.45 – 1992 shall be:

- a. Service Entrance: 5000 impulse per mode.
- b. Distribution Locations: 5000 impulse per mode.
- c. Branch Locations: 5000 impulse per mode.

## 2.3 SYSTEM APPLICATION

- A. Locations Electrical drawings indicate the location and IEEE Category requirements of all required SPD's.
- B. Surge Current Capacity The minimum total surge current 8 x 20 microsecond waveform that the device is capable of withstanding shall be as follows:
  - 1. IEEE Category "C" Locations:
    - a. Per Phase: 250kA.
    - b. Per Mode: 125kA.
  - 2. IEEE Category "B" Locations:
    - a. Per Phase: 160kA.
    - b. Per Mode: 80kA.
  - 3. IEEE Category "A" Locations:
    - a. Per Phase: 120kA.
    - b. Per Mode: 60kA.
- C. Lighting and Appliance Panelboard Requirements Any one of the following options are acceptable:
  - 1. Factory-Installed SPD Option:
    - a. The SPD shall not limit the use of Through-feed lugs, Sub-feed lugs and Sub-feed breaker options.
    - b. The SPD shall be immediately installed on the load side of the main breaker or main lugs.
    - c. The panelboard shall be capable of re-energizing upon removal of the SPD.
    - d. A direct bus bar connection shall be used to mount the SPD component to the panelboard bus bar to reduce the impedance of the shunt path.
    - e. The SPD panelboard shall be constructed using a direct bus bar connection (cable connection between bus bar and SPD device in not acceptable). SPD units that use a cable connection do not meet the intent of this specification. For this option, the breaker shown on the electrical drawings shall be deleted.
    - f. The SPD shall be included and mounted within the panelboard by the manufacturer of the panelboard.
    - g. The SPD shall be of the same manufacturer as the panelboard.
    - h. The complete panelboard including the SPD shall be UL67 listed.
  - 2. Electronic grade Panelboard Extension Option:
    - a. The SPD shall not limit the use of Through-feed lugs, Sub-feed lugs and Sub-feed breaker options.
    - b. The SPD shall be installed in an panelboard extension consisting of a box and

trim as follows:

- Box: The unit's box shall be formed of galvanized and chemically cleansed metal and all breaks in galvanizing shall be painted with metallic paint. Minimum size shall be 16" high and in width and depth to match the panelboard dimensions. It shall have removable tope and bottom end-plates to facilitate attachment to the top of bottom of a panelboard (also with removable end-plates) in order to provide a continuous barrier-free volume for routing feeder or branch wiring through the extension box. Collar hardware shall be provided to mate the panelboard and the box.
- 2) Trim: The unit shall be constructed with gray baked enamel sheet metal trim suitable for attachment to the panelboard. Trim shall be flush- or surface mounted to match panelboard trim requirements. Refer to panelboard schedules.
- c. Provide a multi-pole circuit breaker in the panelboard in size as recommended by the manufacturer to feed the surge protection device. The size of the breaker shall supersede the size of the breaker shown on the electrical drawings.
- d. Provide copper conductors in size as recommended by the manufacturer for connecting the phases, neutral, and ground between the surge protection device and the circuit breaker in the panelboard. The size of the conductor shall supersede the size of the conductors shown on the electrical drawings.
- 3. Wall-Mounted and/or Retrofit Application Option:
  - a. The SPD shall be wall-mounted immediately adjacent to the panelboard. Conform to all NEC clearance requirements.
  - b. Provide a multi-pole circuit breaker in the panelboard in size as recommended by the manufacturer to feed the surge protection device. The size of the breaker shall supersede the size of the breaker shown on the electrical drawings.
  - c. Provide copper conductors in size as recommended by the manufacturer for connecting the phases, neutral, and ground between the surge protection device and the circuit breaker in the panelboard. The size of the conductor shall supersede the size of the conductors shown on the electrical drawings. Route conductors in conduit sized in accordance with all NEC requirements.
- D. Power Distribution Panelboard, Motor Control Center, and Switchboard Requirements Any one of the following options are acceptable:
  - 1. Factory-Installed SPD Option:
    - a. The SPD shall be of the same manufacturer as the power distribution panelboard, motor control center, or switchboard.
    - b. The SPD shall be factory installed inside the power distribution panelboard, motor control center, or switchboard at the assembly point by the original equipment manufacturer.
    - c. Locate surge protection device on load side of main disconnect device or main lugs, as close as possible to the phase conductors and ground/neutral bar.
    - d. Provide a disconnect sized in accordance with all manufacturer's recommendations. The disconnect shall be directly integrated to the surge protection device and assembly bus by using bolted bus bar connections. The disconnect is the preferred method. If otherwise recommended by the manufacturer, provide a multi-pole circuit breaker in the panelboard in size as recommended by the manufacturer to feed the surge protection device. The size

of the breaker shall supersede the size of the breaker shown on the electrical drawings. Provide copper conductors in size as recommended by the manufacturer for connecting the phases, neutral, and ground between the surge protection device and the circuit breaker in the panelboard. The size of the conductor shall supersede the size of the conductors shown on the electrical drawings.

- e. The SPD shall be integral to power distribution panelboard, motor control center, or switchboard as factory standardized design.
- f. All monitoring diagnostics features shall be visible from the front of the equipment.
- 2. Wall-Mounted and/or Retrofit Applications Option:
  - a. The SPD shall be wall-mounted immediately adjacent to the panelboard. Conform to all NEC clearance requirements.
  - b. Provide a multi-pole circuit breaker in the panelboard in size as recommended by the manufacturer to feed the surge protection device. The size of the breaker shall supersede the size of the breaker shown on the electrical drawings.
  - c. Provide copper conductors in size as recommended by the manufacturer for connecting the phases, neutral, and ground between the surge protection device and the circuit breaker in the panelboard. The size of the conductor shall supersede the size of the conductors shown on the electrical drawings. Route conductors in conduit sized in accordance with all NEC requirements.

# 2.4 ENCLOSURES

- A. Provide enclosures suitable for locations as indicated on the drawings or as described below:
  - 1. NEMA 1/3R rainproof enclosures intended for outdoor use primarily to provide protection against rain, sleet and damage from external ice formation.
  - 2. NEMA 12 dust-tight enclosures intended for indoor use primarily to provide protection against circulating dust, falling dirt and dripping non-corrosive liquids. (Panelboards Only)
  - 3. NEMA 4 watertight stainless steel intended for indoor or outdoor use primarily to provide protection against windblown dust and rain, splashing rain, hose-directed water, and damage from external ice formation. (Side Mounted Unites Only)

# PART 3 – EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSTALLATION OF SURGE PROTECTION DEVICES

- A. Install devices at service entrance on load side, with ground lead bonded to service entrance ground.
- B. Install devices for panelboard and auxiliary panels with conductors or buses between surge protection device and points of attachment as short and straight as possible. Do not exceed manufacturer's recommended lead length. Do not bond neutral and ground at SPD.

# 3.2 PLACING SYSTEM INTO SERVICE

## SURGE PROTECTIVE DEVICES

- A. Do not energize or connect electrical equipment to their sources until surge protection devices are installed and connected.
- 3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL
  - A. Testing: Perform the following field tests and inspections and prepare test reports:
    - 1. After installing surge protection devices, but before electrical circuitry has been energized, test for compliance with requirements.
    - 2. Complete startup checks according to manufacturer's written instructions.
    - 3. Perform each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical test stated in NETA ATS, "Surge Arresters, Low-Voltage Surge Protection Devices" Section. Certify compliance with test parameters.
  - B. Remove and replace malfunctioning units and retest as specified above.

# 3.4 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain surge protective devices. Refer to Division 1 Section "Closeout Procedures" or "Demonstration and Training" as may be applicable.

SECTION 260452 - GROUNDING

## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

- A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification Sections, apply to work of this section.
- B. This section is a Division 26 General Provisions section, and is part of each Division 26, 27, and 28 sections making reference to grounding.
- 1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:
  - A. Extent of grounding work is indicated by drawings and schedules and is specified herein.
  - B. Ground the complete electrical installation including the system neutral, metallic conduits and raceways, boxes, fittings, devices, cabinets, equipment, and separately derived systems in accordance with the NEC and all other applicable codes to provide a permanent, continuous, low impedance, grounding system.
  - C. Provide grounding system such that the resistance from the service entrance ground bus, through the grounding electrode to earth is not greater than 5 ohms.
- 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE:
  - A. STANDARDS: Refer to Section 260001 Electrical General Provisions as applicable.
  - B. TESTING: Submit results of ground resistance testing as specified in this section. Include name of testing agency with report. Include test results in operation and maintenance manuals.

## PART 2 – PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 GENERAL:

- A. Provide grounding equipment and accessories of types, sizes, ratings, and electrical characteristics indicated or as otherwise required to provide a complete system.
- 2.2 GROUNDING CONDUCTORS:
  - A. Unless noted otherwise, provide grounding conductors with stranding and insulation types to match phase conductors. Provide conductors with green insulation if possible; otherwise wrap with green tape. Size ground conductors as indicated on drawings. Do not size ground conductors smaller than that allowable by NEC.
- 2.3 GROUND RODS:

- A. Provide copper clad, steel, 3/4" diameter by 10' long, ground rods (Weaver, Cadweld, or equivalent).
- 2.4 INSULATED GROUNDING BUSHINGS:
  - A. Provide plated malleable iron body with 150 degree Centigrade molded plastic insulating throat, lay-in grounding lug with hardened stainless steel fasteners (OZ Gedney BLG or equivalent).
- 2.5 CONNECTION TO PIPES:
  - A. Provide heavy duty, cast bronze, ground clamp systems with silicon bronze bolts and nuts (OZ Gedney G Series B or equivalent).
- 2.6 CONNECTIONS TO STRUCTURAL STEEL, GROUND RODS, OR SPLICES:
  - A. Provide exothermic welds. (Cadweld or equivalent)
- 2.7 BONDING JUMPERS:
  - A. Provide bonding jumpers with hot dip galvanized malleable or ductile iron clamps, hot dip galvanized steel U-bolts, and tinned copper braids (OZ Gedney BJ Series or equivalent).

### PART 3 – EXECUTION

#### 3.1 GENERAL:

- A. Install grounding systems in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions, applicable requirements of NEC, NEMA standards, and NECA's "Standards of Installation", and in compliance with recognized industry practices to ensure that products fulfill requirements.
- 3.2 CLEANING:
  - A. Thoroughly clean all metal contact surfaces prior to installation of clamp-on connectors.
- 3.3 SEPARATELY DERIVED SYSTEMS:
  - A. Ground each separately derived system in accordance with NEC Section 250-16 unless otherwise indicated on drawings.
- 3.4 EQUIPMENT BONDING AND GROUNDING:
  - A. Provide an NEC sized conductor, whether indicated or not on the drawings, in raceways as follows:
    - 1. Non-metallic conduits and ducts.
    - 2. Distribution feeders.
    - 3. Motor and equipment branch circuits.
    - 4. Device and lighting branch circuits.
    - 5. Full length of all multi-outlet assemblies and other surface wireways.

## 3.5 ADDITIONAL GROUNDING INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS:

- A. Provide grounding bushings on all service conduit and conduits installed in concentric/eccentric knock-outs or reducing washer at panelboards, cabinets, and gutters.
- B. Provide bonding jumpers across expansion and deflection couplings in conduit runs, across pipe connections at water meters, and across dielectric couplings in metallic cold water piping system. Connection to water piping system shall be made electrically continuous by connecting to the street side of the water main valve and/or installing additional bonding jumpers across the meter, valves or service unions that might be disconnected.
- C. Provide bonding wire in all flexible conduits.
- D. Isolated Ground Circuits: Circuits used for isolated ground outlets shall be run in separate raceways or shall have a separate green insulated ground conductor installed and tagged for identification at all outlet and junction boxes.

## 3.6 TESTING:

A. Obtain and record ground resistance measurements both from service entrance ground bus to the ground electrode and from the ground electrode to earth. Install additional bonding and grounding electrodes as required to comply with resistance limits specified under this Section. Use independent testing agency for all testing.

# SECTION 262653 - ELECTRIC VEHICLE SERVICE EQUIPMENT - LEVEL 2

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes EV charging equipment that provides Level 2 EV charging.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. EV: Electric vehicle.
- B. EV Cable: The off-board cable containing the conductor(s) to connect the EV power controller to the EV that provides both power and communications during energy transfer.
- C. EV Charger or EV Charging Equipment: See "EVSE."
- D. EV Connector: A conductive device that, when electrically coupled to an EV inlet, establishes an electrical connection to the EV for the purpose of power transfer and information exchange. This device is part of the EV coupler.
- E. EV Coupler: A mating EV inlet and connector set.
- F. EV Inlet: The device in the vehicle into which the EV connector is inserted, and a conductive connection is made for the transfer of power and communication. This device is part of the EV coupler.
- G. EVSE: Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment. It includes the EV charging equipment and conductors, including the ungrounded, grounded, and equipment grounding conductors and EV cables, attachment plugs, and all other fittings, devices, power outlets, or apparatus installed specifically for transferring energy between the premise wiring and the EV.

#### 1.4 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at project site.

#### 1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

## ELECTRIC VEHICLE SERVICE EQUIPMENT - LEVEL 2

- 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for EV charging equipment.
- 2. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, electrical characteristics, and furnished specialties and accessories.
- B. Shop Drawings: For EV charging equipment.
  - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and mounting details.
  - 2. Include details of equipment assemblies. Indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
  - 3. Detail fabrication and assembly of mounting assemblies for EV charging equipment.
  - 4. Include diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. Product Schedule: For EV charging equipment use same designations indicated on drawings.

# 1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Coordination Drawings: Area plans and details, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, using input from installers of the items involved:
  - 1. Structural members to which equipment will be attached.
  - 2. Electrical service.
  - 3. Items penetrating finished floors and ceilings.
- B. Qualification Data: For Installer.
- C. Seismic Qualification Certificates: For EV charging equipment, accessories, and components, from manufacturer.
  - 1. Basis for Certification: Indicate whether withstand certification is based on actual test of assembled components or on calculation.
  - 2. Dimensioned Outline Drawings of Equipment Unit: Identify center of gravity and locate and describe mounting and anchorage provisions.
  - 3. Detailed description of equipment anchorage devices on which the certification is based and their installation requirements.
- D. Field quality-control reports.
- E. Sample Warranty: For manufacturer's warranty.

## 1.7 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For EV charging equipment to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

#### 1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An authorized representative who is trained and approved by manufacturer.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and use.
- C. Comply with NFPA, 70 Article 625.
- D. Comply with UL 2231-1, UL 2231-2UL 2594, UL 2251, UL 1998, UL 991.
- E. Comply with SAE J1772.

## 1.9 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Rate equipment for continuous operation under the following conditions unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. Ambient Temperature: Not exceeding minus 22 to plus 122 deg F.
  - 2. Storage Temperature: Not exceeding minus 40 to plus 178 F.
  - 3. Altitude: Not exceeding 4500 feet.
- B. Interruption of Existing Electric Service: Do not interrupt electric service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary electric service according to requirements indicated:
  - 1. Notify Owner no fewer than 72 hours in advance of proposed interruption of electric service.
  - 2. Do not proceed with interruption of electric service without Owner's written permission.

## 1.10 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer and Installer agree to repair or replace components of EV charging units that fail(s) in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: Three year from date of Substantial Completion.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.1 MANUFACTURER/MODEL
  - A. Clipper Creek HCS-D40
    - 1. Provide with Pedestal, Pedestal Dual Mount Kit and Extension Cable Management Kit (Dual-Mount).

#### ELECTRIC VEHICLE SERVICE EQUIPMENT - LEVEL 2

B. No substitutions are allowed.

#### 2.2 ENERGY MONITORING

- A. Evolution Electric Vehicle Systems Energy Monitoring Module EEVS-ETH-064.
- B. No substitutions are allowed.

#### 2.3 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. EVSE must have drivers assistance that includes tool free number printed on station.
- B. EVSE must be able to provide free charging to select vehicles/drivers.
- C. EVSE must have ability to set (by port) allowed load based on percentage of current load or set a maximum load (kW).

#### 2.4 EV CHARGING EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and use.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.
- C. ADA compliant.
- D. EV Charging Equipment Mounting: As indicated on drawings.
- E. Enclosures:
  - 1. NEMA 4 Watertight.
- F. EV Cable and Connectors:
  - 1. SAE J1772 connector.
  - 2. Double connectors with locking holster.
  - 3. 25-foot cable with cable management system.
  - 4. Field-replaceable connector and cable assembly.
  - 5. Cable Management: Non-retractable, integrated with the enclosure
- G. Status Indicators
  - 1. LEDs to indicate power available status indicator, charging green indicator, power fault red indictor (solid or blinking), charging fault red indicator (solid or blinking).
- H. Pedestal.
- I. Pedestal dual mount kit.

J. Pedestal Extension cable management kit (dual mount).

#### 2.5 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Seismic Performance: EV charging equipment shall withstand the effects of earthquake motions determined according to ASCE/SEI 7.
  - 1. The term "withstand" means "the unit will remain in place without separation of any parts when subjected to the seismic forces specified and the unit will be fully operational after the seismic event."
  - 2. Component Importance Factor: 1.0.
- B. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes.
- C. Short Circuit Rating: 5000 RMS Symetrical Amps at 240VAC.
- D. Emission FCC Class: Class B.
- E. Ground fault protection integral, CCID 20 mA, auto rest.
- F. Ground fault protection system (CCID) automatic self-test before each charge session..
- G. Continuous earth ground monitor to ensure consistent connection to good earth ground.
- H. Auto-Reclosure: System will automatically resume standard operation after minor power fault has cleared.
- I. Input Power:
  - 1. 208V ac, 60 Hz, single-phase services per charger.
- J. Input Power Connection:
  - 1. Hardwire (Line 1, Line 2, and Ground)
- K. Feeder Circuit Breaker:
  - 1. 40A, 2-pole.
- L. Output Power:
  - 1. 208V ac, 32A.

## 2.6 GENERAL FINISH REQUIREMENTS

A. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by utilizing cushioning materials or foam or by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.

B. Appearance of Finished Work: Noticeable variations in same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine roughing-in for EV charging equipment electrical conduit to verify actual locations of conduit connections before equipment installation.
- C. Examine floors and pavement for suitable conditions where EV charging equipment will be installed.
- D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 413.
- B. Pole Mounting:
  - 1. Allow a minimum of 24 inches (600 mm) of clearance around EV charging equipment.
  - 2. EV charging equipment receptacles or holders shall be not less than 24 inches (600 mm) and not more than 4 feet (1.2 m) above finished grade.
  - 3. Mount EV charging equipment plumb and rigid without distortion of enclosure.
  - 4. Secure EV charging equipment according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- C. Comply with mounting and anchoring requirements specified in Section 260548.16 "Seismic Controls for Electrical Systems."
- D. Wiring Method: Install cables in raceways and cable trays. Conceal raceway and cables except in unfinished spaces.
  - 1. Comply with requirements for raceways and boxes specified in Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems."
  - 2. Comply with requirements for underground raceways and enclosures specified in Section 260543 "Underground Ducts and Raceways for Electrical Systems."
- E. Wiring Method: Conceal conductors and cables in accessible ceilings, walls, and floors where possible.

- F. Wiring within Enclosures: Bundle, lace, and train conductors to terminal points with no excess and without exceeding manufacturer's limitations on bending radii. Install lacing bars and distribution spools.
- G. Disconnect: Install disconnect in a readily accessible location according to Section 262816 "Enclosed Switches and Circuit Breakers."
- H. Circuit Breakers: Comply with Section 262816 "Enclosed Switches and Circuit Breakers."
- I. Temporary Lifting Provisions: Remove temporary lifting eyes, channels, and brackets and temporary blocking from enclosures and components.
- J. Secure covers to enclosure.

#### 3.3 CONNECTIONS

- A. Connect wiring according to Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."
- B. Comply with grounding requirements in Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems."
- C. Comply with requirements for installation of conduit in Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems." Drawings indicate general arrangement of conduit, fittings, and specialties.
- D. Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torquetightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A-486B.

#### 3.4 ENERGY MONITORING

- A. Provide temporary data connection to allow remote commissioning by Evolution Electric Vehicle Systems. Coordinate all requirements with Stuart Irwin (phone: 248.408.4162; email: <u>stuart@evolutionevs.com</u>).
- B. An electric vehicle shall be provided by the contractor at the time of commissioning of each station to facilitate commissioning. If one cannot be provided, the contractor shall coordinate test load with Evolution Electric Vehicle Systems in advance.

# 3.5 IDENTIFICATION

A. Identify system components, wiring, cabling, and terminals. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."

## 3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to test and inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections.
- B. Perform tests and inspections with the assistance of a factory-authorized service representative.
- C. Tests and Inspections:
  - 1. For each unit of EV charging equipment, perform the following tests and inspections:
    - a. Unit self-test.
    - b. Operation test with load bank.
    - c. Operation test with EV.
- D. EV charging equipment will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- E. Prepare test and inspection reports.

### 3.7 DEMONSTRATION

- A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain EV charging equipment.
- B. Provide a minimum four (4) hour training.