LDR Upgrade Riverton Hospital

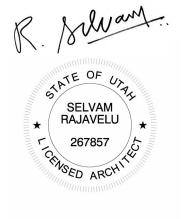
3741 W 12600 S Riverton, UT 84065

for

INTERMOUNTAIN HEALTHCARE

Construction Documents

Oct. 28, 2025





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BID FORM

TO: IHC Health Services, Inc. (Intermountain Healthcare)

> Facility Design and Construction (FD&C) 36 South State Street, 16th Floor Salt Lake City, Utah 84111-1486

Attention: AnnaLisa Silcox

Email: AnnaLisa.Silcox@imail.org

PROJECT: Intermountain Healthcare Project Riverton Hospital, L&D Upgrade

3741 W 12600 S

Riverton, UT 84065	
NAME OF BIDDER:	
BIDDER ADDRESS:	
DATE:	
The undersigned, in compliance with your Invitation To Bid, having examined the Dra Specifications (Contract Documents) and related documents and the site of the proposed work familiar with all of the conditions surrounding the construction of the proposed project, independently of labor, hereby propose to furnish all labor, material above-named, equipment and required in connection with or incidental to the construction of the above named projeconformance with the following specification and drawings:	k and being cluding the appliances
Instructions to Bidders, General Conditions, Supplemental General Conditions, Specification D shown, and all applicable addenda and Drawings as listed on the drawing cover sheets as prep NJRA Architects.	
I/We certify, by signing this BID FORM, that I/We have a working relationship with the subcontractors and that Bids we're not solicited from; and/or the received Contract Document listed in any Plan Rooms for distribution to subcontractors broadly.	
BASE BID – for the Fillmore Community Hospital, LDR Remodel for Intermountain Healt	thcare:

For Work of the contract listed above and shown on the Drawings and described in the Project Manual,

(In the case of discrepancy, written amount shall govern)

I/We agree to perform for the sum of:

ALTERNATES:

_Dollars (\$____

Add Alternate No. 1: Cost to remodel nurse stationation outlined in the construction documents.	on outside the LDR room and associa	ted work as
ADD/DELETE (In the case of discrepancy, written amount shall govern) Required additional calendar days:	Dollars (\$)
CONTRACTOR'S PROPOSED CONSTR	UCTION TIME PERIOD:	
This Bid requires a construction time in calendar c	lays from the date of authorization of_	
calendar days. The anticipated date of Substantia	I Completion is thus,	20
ALLOWANCES:		
The noted allowances are included in the returning the Owner has the discretion of use of the funds.	ng Bid and will be tracked as individu	al items whereas
ADDENDA:		
I/We acknowledge receipt of the following addenda	a for the above noted project:/	<i> </i>
SCHEDULE OF VALUES:		
I/We have attached with this Bid Form our Schedu Base Bid. We submit this for Owner review of sub		
TYPE OF ORGANIZATION:		
(Corporation, Partnership, Individual, etc.)		
SEAL (If a Corporation)	Respectfully Submitted,	
	Name of Bidder	
	Authorized Signature	

SECTION 00 2213

SUPPLEMENTARY INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

A. The Supplementary Instructions to Bidders herein describe, contain changes and additions to Section 00 0100 - AIA A701 Instructions to Bidders (included by reference copies may be obtained from the Architect's office for the cost of reproduction). Where any part of the Instructions to Bidders is modified by these Supplementary instructions, the unaltered provisions shall remain in effect.

3.1.5 COPIES

Add the following:

The title or cover sheet to the drawings and the index to the Project Manual contains a list of all documents which comprise a full set of bid documents for this project. Any Contractor, Subcontractor, vendor or any other person participating in or bidding on this project shall be responsible for the information contained in any and all sheets of drawings and all sections of the specifications. If any person, party or entity elects to submit bids for any portion, or all, of this project, that person, party or entity shall be responsible for any and all information contained in these drawings and specifications, including, but not limited to, any subsequent addendums or clarifications that may be issued.

3.3 SUBSTITUTIONS

Amend 3.3.2 to read:

No substitution will be considered prior to receipt of Bids unless written request for approval has been received by the Architect at least 7 days prior to the date for receipt of Bids. Such requests...

3.4 ADDENDA

Amend 3.4.3 to read:

No addenda will be issued later than 24 hours prior to the date for receipt of Bids except an addendum may be issued no later than 12 hours prior to the date for receipt of bids for the purpose of cancellation or postponement of receipt of bids. It is the responsibility of the Bidder to disseminate telephone addendum information to sub-bidders.

4.2 BID SECURITY

Delete this article in its entirety. Bid bonds will not be required for this project.

4.3 SUBMISSION OF BIDS

Amend 4.3.4 to read:

Bids shall be hand delivered in sealed envelope or emailed to the Owner at the address noted in the Invitation to Bid. Bids submitted orally, or by telephone or facsimile will not be considered.

5.3 ACCEPTANCE OF BID (AWARD)

Amend 5.3.2 to read:

The Owner shall ... to determine the low bidder on the basis of the sum of the Base Bid or on the basis of the sum of the Base Bid and any combined accepted Alternates. Cost of insurance will not be used as the basis of award.

ARTICLE 7 - PERFORMANCE AND PAYMENT BOND

Delete this Article in its entirety. Bonds will not be required for this Project.

END OF SECTION

Intermountain Health Riverton Hospital L&D Upgrade

SECTION 00 5200

OWNER/CONTRACTOR AGREEMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Intermountain Healthcare's 'CONTRACTOR AGREEMENT' (Stipulated Sum) for Construction between the Owner and General Contractor' where the basis of payment is a STIPULATED SUM, will presumably be used on this project. An electronic copy may be obtained from Intermountain Healthcare's Project Manager.

SECTION 00 6000

BONDS, CERTIFICATES AND OWNER DOCUMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. The following documents are incorporated by reference; copies may be obtained from Intermountain Healthcare or the Architect for the cost of reproduction, if necessary. Electronic copies of the Intermountain Healthcare Documents can be obtained by contacting the Intermountain Healthcare Project Manager.
 - 1. Intermountain Healthcare Document 'Application and Certificate for Payment'
 - Intermountain Healthcare Document 'Application and Certificate for Payment Continuation Sheet'
 - 3. Intermountain Healthcare Document 'Change Order' (CO)
 - 4. Intermountain Healthcare Document 'Proposed Change Order' (PCO)
 - 5. Intermountain Healthcare Document 'A/E Supplement Instructions' (ASI)
 - 6. Intermountain Healthcare Document 'Proposal Request' (PR)
 - 7. Intermountain Healthcare Document 'Construction Change Directive' (CCD)
 - 8. Intermountain Healthcare Document 'Request For Information' (RFI)
 - 9. AIA Document G704 'Certificate of Substantial Completion'
 - 10. AIA Document G707 'Consent of Surety to Final Payment' (if required)
 - 11. AIA Document G707A 'Consent of Surety to Reduction in or Partial Release of Retainage' (if required)
 - 12. AIA Document A312 'Payment Bond' (if required)
 - 13. AIA Document A312 'Performance Bond' (if required)

Intermountain Health Riverton Hospital L&D Upgrade

SECTION 00 6276.13

TAX EXEMPTION CERTIFICATE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Construction materials purchased by or on behalf of **Intermountain Healthcare** may be exempt from Utah sales and use taxes. Tax Exempt **Form TC-721** must be used by vendors when purchasing construction materials for **Intermountain Healthcare** projects. A copy of Form TC-721, with the Owner's pertinent tax information, follows this cover page.

Intermountain Health Riverton Hospital L&D Upgrade

SECTION 00 7000

GENERAL CONDITIONS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. INTERMOUNTAIN HEALTHCARE GENERAL CONDITIONS of the Contract for Construction to be furnished, as requested. Where any part of the General Conditions is modified, the unaltered provisions shall remain in effect. An electronic copy may be obtained from Intermountain Healthcare's Project Manager.

SECTION 01 10 00 - SUMMARY

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Work covered by the Contract Documents.
 - 2. Use of premises.
 - 3. Code compliance
 - 4. Dust control
 - 5. Protection of existing improvements
 - 6. Traffic Control
 - 7. Temporary Controls

1.3 WORK COVERED BY CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

Project Identification: THIS PROJECT INCLUDES THE FOLLOWING SCOPE OF WORK:

- A. FINISH UPGRADE OF 9 L&D PATIENT ROOMS IN 5 PHASES FOR A TOTAL OF 3,900 SQ. FT. UPGRADE INCLUDES NEW INTERIOR FINISHES, CABINETRY, LIGHTING, ELECTRICAL OUTLETS, AND A TRENCH DRAIN IN THE TOILET ROOMS. SEE ASSOCIATED PLUMBING AND ELECTRICAL DRAWINGS FOR WORK OUTLINED IN THE CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS.
- B. Work includes plumbing upgrades in the ceiling of the floor below, level 2 existing operating rooms. See demolition plans for containment.

Project Location: Riverton Hospital

Address: 3741 W 12600 S, Riverton, UT 84065

- A. 1. Owner: Intermountain Healthcare, 36 South State Street, 23rd Floor Salt Lake City, Utah 84631
 - 2. Owner's Representative: Cor Aldean
- B. Architect: NJRA Architects, 5223 S Ascension Way, Murray, Utah 84123.
- C. The Work consists of the following:
 - 1. The Work includes: architectural, structural, mechanical, plumbing and electrical work as defined on the contract documents.

SUMMARY 01 10 00 - 1

1.4 USE OF PREMISES

A. Contractor's use of premises is limited only by Owner's right to perform work or to retain other contractors on portions of Project.

B. Assume full responsibility for the protection and safekeeping of products under this Contract, stored on the site.

1.5 CODE COMPLIANCE

- A. All work shall comply with current edition of codes including but not limited to the following:
 - 1. International Building Code
 - 2. International Mechanical Code
 - 3. International Plumbing Code
 - 4. NFPA
 - 5. National Electric Code
 - 6. OSHA Regulation
 - 7. Health and Safety Regulations
 - 8. Utility Company Regulations
 - 9. Police, Fire Department Rules
 - 10. Environmental Protection Regulations
 - 11. Americans with Disabilities Act
- B. Arrange for authorities having jurisdiction to inspect and test according to their requirements and for each temporary utility before use. Obtain required certifications and permits.
- C. Requirements of codes and regulations shall be considered as the minimum. Where the contract documents exceed (without violating) code and regulation requirements, contract requirements shall take precedence. Where codes conflict, the more stringent shall apply.

1.6 DUST CONTROL

Temporary partitions should be constructed as called out on the Contract Documents and as mentioned in specification Section 024119 – Selective Demolition.

1.7 PROTECTION OF EXISTING IMPROVEMENTS

- A. Take precautions necessary to protect all existing utilities, monitor wells, and other Site improvements to remain from damage due to the work of this Project.
- B. Provide restoration of damaged property if damage is a result of construction activities.

SUMMARY 01 10 00 - 2

Intermountain Health Riverton Hospital L&D Upgrade

1.8 TRAFFIC CONTROL

A. Maintain control of vehicular and pedestrian traffic caused by, or resulting from, the work of this Project.

B. Means of control shall be in accordance with the applicable regulations of the jurisdiction responsible for traffic safety.

1.9 TEMPORARY CONTROLS

A. Conform to all applicable state and local ordinances and regulations. Obtain and pay for necessary permits and licenses as required by local jurisdictions.

END OF SECTION

SUMMARY 01 10 00 - 3

SECTION 012900 - PAYMENT PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes measurement and payment provisions for, but not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Materials Delivered but Not Yet Installed.
 - 2. Schedule of Values.
 - 3. Applications for Payment.
 - 4. Preliminary Progress Schedule.
 - 5. Construction Progress Schedule.
 - 6. Change Orders.

1.2 MATERIALS DELIVERED BUT NOT INSTALLED

- A. Exclude from Applications for Payment materials or equipment delivered and stored, but not yet incorporated into the Work, unless circumstances dictate acceptance (i.e. pre-purchase of equipment for early delivery to prevent delay of construction or subsequent facility opening date) and pre-payment is agreed to, in writing, by the Owner.
- B. If Owner has agreed to make early payment on account of materials or equipment not incorporated in the Work, but delivered and stored in conformance with the requirements of the Contract Documents, at the site, or at some other location agreed upon in writing, such pre-payment shall be conditioned upon approval by Contractor's Insurance Carrier, and Architect, in writing, prior to submission by Contractor of the applicable payment request.
- C. Pre-payment request shall contain substantiating documentation, including:
 - 1. Bill(s) of Sale.
 - 2. Evidence of insurance for the materials or equipment, covering the item(s) until completion of installation.
 - 3. Provision for transportation to the Project Site.
 - 4. Protection of Owner's interest under any circumstance (i.e. Owner's right to retrieve equipment or materials from storage area of a bankrupt company's property).
 - 5. Provision for inspection/testing at the stored location.
 - 6. Provision for security until completion of installation.

1.3 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

A. Type schedule on AIA Document G703. Owner's Standard Invoice/Schedule of Values or Contractor's standard forms and automated printout equivalent to the AIA Document will be considered for approval by Owner upon Contractor's request. Identify schedule with:

- 1. Title of Project and location.
- 2. Architect and Project number.
- Name and Address of Contractor.
- 4. Contract designation.
- 5. Date of submission.
- B. Schedule shall list the installed dollar value of the component parts of the Work in sufficient detail to serve as a basis for computing values for progress payments during construction.
- C. List each subcontract first using the Table of Contents of the Project Manual as the format.
 - 1. Next list any allowances included in the contract amount.
 - 2. List each major section or portion of work to be performed by the Contractor.
 - 3. List Contractor's fee separately.
 - 4. List any contingencies.
 - 5. Identify each line item with the number and title of the respective major section of the specifications.
 - 6. Subdivide items to correspond with cost correlation requirements for construction progress schedule.
- D. For each major line item list sub-values of major products by building area or floor level or other operations under the item.
- E. For the various portions of the Work:
 - 1. Each item shall include a directly proportional amount of the Contractor's overhead and profit.
 - 2. For items on which progress payments will be requested for stored materials, break down the value into:
 - a. The cost of the materials, delivered and unloaded, with taxes paid.
 - b. The total installed value.
- F. The sum of all values listed in the schedule shall equal the total Contract Sum.
- G. Refer to General Conditions, Article 12, for changes.

1.4 APPLICATIONS FOR PAYMENT

- A. Format and Data Required:
 - Submit applications typed on AIA Document G702/703, Application for Payment. Contractor's standard forms and automated print-out equivalent to the AIA Document will be considered for approval by Architect upon request by the Contractor.
 - 2. Submit 2 copies with "wet" signatures.
 - 3. Add provision for Inspector of Record's signature.
- B. Provide itemized data on continuation sheet:

- 1. Format, schedules, line items and values: Those of the Schedule of Values accepted by Architect.
- 2. Include Payment Application number.
- C. Preparation of Application for Each Progress Payment:
 - 1. Application Form:
 - a. Fill in required information, including that for Change Orders executed prior to date of submittal of application along with the number assigned to each Change Order.
 - b. Fill in summary of dollar values to agree with respective totals indicated on continuation sheets.
 - c. Certification that the Project Record Documents are current with the progress status of the Project.
 - d. Execute certification with signature of a responsible officer of Contract firm.
 - 2. Continuation Sheets:
 - a. Fill in total list of all scheduled component items of Work, with item number and scheduled dollar value for each item.
 - b. Fill in dollar value in each column for each scheduled line item when work has been performed or products stored.
 - 1) Round off values to nearest dollar, or as specified for Schedule of Values, and percent of item completion.
 - c. List each Change Order executed prior to date of submission, at the end of the continuation sheets.
 - 1) List by Change Order number, and description, as for an original component item of work.
- B. Substantiating Data for Progress Payments:
 - 1. When Owner or Architect requires substantiating data, submit information, with a cover letter identifying:
 - a. Project.
 - b. Application number and date.
 - c. Detailed list of enclosures.
 - d. For stored products.
 - 1) Item number and identification as shown on application.
 - 2) Description of specific Material.
 - 2. Submit 1 copy of data and cover letter for each copy of application.
 - 3. Revised updated CPM schedule.
 - 4. Current period's General Contractor Conditional Waiver and the prior period's Unconditional Waiver.
 - 5. Waivers from Subcontractors.
 - 6. Copies of invoices for National Purchase Agreement (NPA) items.
 - 7. Corrections and updates to "as-built" documents.
- C. Preparation of Application for Final Payment:
 - 1. Fill in application form as specified for progress payments.
 - 2. Use continuation sheet for presenting the final statement of accounting as specified in Section 01700 CONTRACT CLOSEOUT.
- D. Submittal Procedure:

- 1. Submit Applications for Payment to Owner at the times stipulated in the Agreement.
- 2. Number: 3 copies of each Application.
- 3. When Owner, Inspector of Record, and Contractor agree on percentages to be requested, and when agreed and signed by them and Architect, Architect will transmit the Certificate for Payment to Owner.
- 4. Approval and signing of the Application for Payment by Owner and Architect is contingent upon approval of the current status of the As-Built Drawings/Record Documents and submittal of updated CPM schedule.

1.5 CHANGE ORDERS

- A. Change Orders shall be processed by the Architect in accordance with the Conditions of the Contract, Supplementary Conditions of the Contract, and as herein specified.
- B. Coordination with Contractor's Submittals:
 - 1. Revise Schedule of Values and Application for Payment forms monthly to record each change as a separate item of Work, and to record the adjusted Contract Sum.
 - 2. Upon completion of work under a Change Order, enter pertinent changes in record documents.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01 31 00 - PROJECT MANAGEMENT AND COORDINATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. This Section describes the requirements for Project coordination.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF REQUIREMENTS

- A. Minimum administrative and supervisory requirements necessary for coordination of Work shall be fulfilled collectively by the Contractor in coordination with subcontractors including, but not necessarily limited to, the following:
 - 1. Coordination drawings.
 - 2. Coordination meetings.
 - 3. Administrative coordinating personnel.
 - 4. Contractor's coordination of work.

1.3 COORDINATION MEETINGS

A. Schedule and conduct meetings and conferences at project site, unless otherwise indicated.

1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE COORDINATION PERSONNEL

- A. Provide a General Superintendent and other administrative and supervisory personnel required for performance of the Work.
- B. Provide specific coordinating personnel for each subcontractor as reasonably required for interfacing Work with other work of total Project.
- C. Submittal of Staff Names, Duties: Within 7 days of Notice to Proceed submit to the Owner a listing of principal staff assignments and consultants, including names, addresses and telephone numbers.

1.5 CONTRACTOR'S COORDINATION OF WORK

- A. Provide and coordinate the following:
 - 1. General and special services and operations to furnish and install Work.
 - 2. Primary, major and accessory materials, and items necessary to complete the installation.
 - 3. Labor operations and material items reasonably incidental for finishing.

- Performance of work and delivery of materials in accordance with established construction schedules.
- B. Coordinate all aspects of construction operations, generally, and specifically as required to provide Owner with a complete, operable facility.
 - 1. Resolve any dispute over coordination, or failure to coordinate, such that resolution is consistent with Contract Documents. When such resolution is not possible, refer to the General Conditions.
 - 2. Where proper execution of this Work depends on the work of any other contractor, inspect and promptly report to Architect any defects in such work that render it unsuitable for such proper execution and results.
 - 3. Cooperate with other contractors on the Project site and with Architect so that completion of all work can proceed with prudent speed.
 - a. Furnish other contractors, whose work is fitted to this work, detail and erection drawings giving full information regarding the fabrication and assembly of this Work.
 - b. So far as possible, drawings shall indicate checked field measurements.
 - c. Cooperate in timing this Work to join with the work of other contractors or the Owner.
 - 4. Check the drawings of other contracts for interferences with this Work and promptly report to Architect, in writing, any such interferences.
 - 5. Submit complete information, including Drawings, descriptions, sketches, marked prints, etc., as required for Architect's review and coordination of drawings by others which are a part of this Work.
- C. Mechanical, Electrical, and Related Systems Coordination: Prior to proceeding with the work, and before installation, coordinate and work out all "tight" conditions involving work of various Sections.
 - 1. Before work proceeds in these areas, prepare supplemental drawings for review by the Architect.
 - 2. Provide all work necessary to coordinate tight conditions, including supplemental drawings in sufficient detail for showing that all work is coordinated in "tight" areas, and additional labor and materials necessary to overcome "tight" conditions at no increase in cost to the Owner.
 - 3. Coordination of "tight" conditions shall include:
 - a. Providing sufficient clear space around all equipment necessary for maintenance access and as required by Code.

b. Adjustments in depth, position, and elevation of underground and overhead utilities at points of conflict. Utility space conflicts shall be resolved by giving precedence to those utilities which are called out to be sloped. The term "utility" as used in this paragraph includes: all piping, conduit, and ductwork.

1.6 COORDINATION DRAWINGS

- A. Submit plans and cross-sections in sufficient detail to show coordinated layout of all ducts, pipes, electrical work, access doors, above ceiling clearances, canopy rigging, acoustical curtains, and other related items. Plans and cross-sections shall be provided that include all underground ducts, electrical ductbanks, piping, and other underground utilities.
- B. Engage professional drafter to prepare these drawings to one-quarter scale on Auto-CAD with title blocks to match the Contract Drawings.
 - 1. These plans shall reflect existing dimensions as field-verified by the Contractor.
 - Plans shall be uniform and identical and shall serve as backgrounds for preparation of shop or layout drawings required under Divisions 15 and 16 and ultimately for recording of as-built information required under these divisions.
 - 3. Where additional sheets of elevations, sections, details, and/or diagrams are required, such sheets shall match the Contract Drawings with respect to size and title block.
 - 4. Prior to beginning excavation for structural footings and utilities, submit a coordination plan showing all underground utilities including: all underground piping, underground ductwork, electrical and communication ductbanks.
 - a. The plan shall be a composite overlay of sheets each dedicated to a single underground utility using a common background and scale.
 - b. Dimensions shall be sufficient to clearly indicate the position and depth of each utility relative to structural footings, above grade structures, and finished grade.
 - c. At points where the plan indicates that utilities will cross each other, cross a structural footing, or run within six (6) feet parallel to either each other or a structural footing, provide a cross section drawing.
 - d. Cross section drawings shall clearly show the relative positions and depths of each utility and structural footing.
 - e. The composite plan and cross section drawing(s) shall be updated to "as-builts" and submitted with the Project Record (As-Built) Drawings.

C. Do not commence work until the Architect has reviewed these Drawings.

1.7 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- A. Prior to starting a particular type or kind of work:
 - 1. Examine for relevant information, all Contract Documents and subsequent data issued;
 - 2. Check accepted submittals and verify dimensions at job site;
 - 3. Consult manufacturers for instructions applicable to conditions under which Work is to be installed;
 - 4. Inspect areas, surfaces or construction receiving the Work.
 - a. Start of work shall signify compliance with the above requirements and acceptance of previously placed construction or substrates as being in satisfactory condition to achieve proper installations and first quality workmanship as intended under these specifications.
 - b. Failure to so inspect and report shall constitute an acceptance of the other contractor's work.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01 33 00 - SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for submitting Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples, and other submittals.

1.3 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

- A. General: Electronic copies of CAD Drawings of the Contract Drawings will not be provided by Architect for Contractor's use in preparing submittals.
- B. Coordination: Coordinate preparation and processing of submittals with performance of construction activities.
- C. Submittals Schedule: Comply with requirements in Division 1 Section "Construction Progress Documentation" for list of submittals and time requirements for scheduled performance of related construction activities. Submittals should be submitted by contractor to architect within 30 days from notice to proceed.
- D. Processing Time: Allow enough time for submittal review, including time for resubmittals, as follows. Time for review shall commence on Architect's receipt of submittal. No extension of the Contract Time will be authorized because of failure to transmit submittals enough in advance of the Work to permit processing, including resubmittals.
 - 1. Initial Review: Allow 10 days for initial review of each submittal. Allow additional time if coordination with subsequent submittals is required. Architect will advise Contractor when a submittal being processed must be delayed for coordination.
 - 2. Resubmittal Review: Allow 10 days for review of each resubmittal.
- E. Identification: Place a permanent label or title block on each submittal for identification.
 - 1. Indicate name of firm or entity that prepared each submittal on label or title block.
 - 2. Include the following information on label for processing and recording action taken:
 - a. Project name.

- b. Date.
- c. Name and address of Architect.
- d. Name and address of Contractor.
- e. Name and address of subcontractor.
- f. Name and address of supplier.
- g. Name of manufacturer.
- h. Submittal number or other unique identifier, including revision identifier.
- i. Number and title of appropriate Specification Section.
- j. Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate.
- k. Location(s) where product is to be installed, as appropriate.
- F. Transmittal: Package each submittal individually and appropriately for transmittal and handling. Transmit each submittal using a transmittal form.
- G. Distribution: Furnish copies of final submittals to manufacturers, subcontractors, suppliers, fabricators, installers, authorities having jurisdiction, and others as necessary for performance of construction activities.
 - 1. Use for Construction: Use only final submittals with mark indicating "Approval notation from Architect's action stamp".

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Prepare and submit Action Submittals required by individual Specification Sections.
- B. Product Data: Collect information into a single submittal for each element of construction and type of product or equipment.
 - 1. Mark each copy of each submittal to show which products and options are applicable.
 - 2. Include the following information, as applicable:
 - a. Manufacturer's written recommendations.
 - b. Manufacturer's product specifications.
 - Manufacturer's installation instructions.
 - d. Standard color charts.
 - e. Manufacturer's catalog cuts.
 - f. Standard product operation and maintenance manuals.
 - g. Compliance with specified referenced standards.
 - 3. Submit Product Data concurrent with Samples.
 - 4. Number of Copies: Submit four copies of Product Data, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Shop Drawings: Prepare Project-specific information, drawn accurately to scale. Do not base Shop Drawings on reproductions of the Contract Documents or standard printed data.

- 1. Preparation: Fully illustrate requirements in the Contract Documents. Include the following information, as applicable:
 - a. Dimensions.
 - b. Identification of products.
 - c. Fabrication and installation drawings.
 - d. Roughing-in and setting diagrams.
 - e. Wiring diagrams showing field-installed wiring, including power, signal, and control wiring.
 - f. Shopwork manufacturing instructions.
 - g. Schedules.
 - h. Design calculations.
 - i. Compliance with specified standards.
 - j. Relationship to adjoining construction clearly indicated.
- 2. Sheet Size: Except for templates, patterns, and similar full-size drawings, submit Shop Drawings on sheets at least 8-1/2 by 11 inches (215 by 280 mm) but no larger than 30 by 40 inches (750 by 1000 mm).
- 3. Number of Copies: Submit four opaque copies of each submittal, Architect will retain two copies; remainder will be returned.
- D. Samples: Submit Samples for review of kind, color, pattern, and texture for a check of these characteristics with other elements and for a comparison of these characteristics between submittal and actual component as delivered and installed.
 - 1. Samples for Initial Selection: Submit manufacturer's color charts consisting of units or sections of units showing the full range of colors, textures, and patterns available.
 - a. Number of Samples: Submit one full set of available choices where color, pattern, texture, or similar characteristics are required to be selected from manufacturer's product line. Architect will return submittal with options selected.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 CONTRACTOR'S REVIEW

A. Review each submittal and check for coordination with other Work of the Contract and for compliance with the Contract Documents. Note corrections and field dimensions. Mark with approval stamp before submitting to Architect.

3.2 ARCHITECT'S ACTION

- A. General: Architect will not review submittals that do not bear Contractor's approval.
- B. Action Submittals: Architect will review each submittal, make marks to indicate corrections or modifications required, and return it. Architect will stamp each submittal

with an action stamp and will mark stamp appropriately to indicate action taken, as follows:

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01 40 00 - QUALITY REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section describes the requirements for Owner furnished testing and inspection services which include the following:
 - 1. Observation by Inspector of Record.
 - 2. Laboratory responsibilities.
 - 3. Laboratory reports.
 - 4. Limits on testing laboratory authority.
 - 5. Contractor responsibilities.
 - 6. Schedule of inspections and tests.
- B. These services are identified to indicate the requirement for cooperation and assistance needed by Owner's testing and inspection agency.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Testing and Inspection Agency Qualifications: A testing and inspection agency must have a minimum 5 years continuing experience preceding date of these Contract Documents, and be qualified in accordance with the following American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) publications:
 - 1. ASTM E 548-84 Standard Practice for Generic Criteria for use in the Evaluation of Testing and Inspection Agencies.
 - 2. ASTM E 699-79 (1984) Standard Criteria for Evaluation of Agencies Involved in Testing, Quality Assurance, and Evaluating Building Components in Accordance with Test Methods Promulgated by ASTM Committee E-6.
- B. Testing Equipment: Calibrated at intervals with devices of accuracy traceable to either National Bureau of Standards or accepted values of natural physical constants.

1.3 INSPECTION AND TESTING PERSONNEL AND FACILITIES

- A. Inspector of Record:
 - 1. The Owner will employ one or more qualified Inspectors of Record, acceptable to the Local Building Department issuing Permits who will be employed continuously at the construction site, working under the Owner Representative's general direction. The IOR(s) will observe progress of the work and to report to the Owner any non-conformance

with Contract Documents.

- 2. In compliance with the State Building Code, Part 1, Title 24 of the California Code of Regulations, Article 7-145, the Inspector of Record shall have personal knowledge, obtained by continuous inspection of all parts of the work of construction in all stages of its progress, to ensure that the work is in accordance with the approved contract documents.
- 3. Specific duties and limits of responsibilities include the following:
 - a. Observing and spot checking materials upon arrival at site, and work in progress, to determine conformance with Contract Documents. Reporting any defects immediately to the Owner.
 - b. Maintaining liaison with the Contractor and his Subcontractors only through Contractor's superintendent.
 - c. Evaluating Contractor's suggestions and reporting them with recommendations to the Owner for final decision.
 - d. Remaining alert to the Construction Schedule and immediately reporting any potential delays and problems to the Owner.
 - e. Maintaining a Daily Log of activities on site, pertinent to a continuous project report record.
 - f. Preparing a Verified Report every 3 months (or sooner if required for a specific project schedule).
 - g. Receiving Samples of construction materials at the jobsite.
 - h. Scheduling and accompanying regulatory inspectors through the project and reporting to the Owner the results of such inspection visits.
 - i. Being alert to conditions which could affect Hospital's existing operation.
 - j. Reviewing and verifying degree of work completion with that cited in Contractor's monthly payment request.
 - k. Maintaining Contract information and Shop Drawing files.
 - I. Preparing a Field Inspection Report of incomplete or unsatisfactory work at intervals throughout the work progress. Checking off such items when made complete and satisfactory by Contractor.
 - m. Attending project meetings in accordance with specifications Section 013100.
 - n. Enforcing Infection Control requirements.
 - o. Provide all coordination for independent Testing Laboratories.

- p. Participate in formation of Final Punch List.
- B. Local Permit Issuing Agency will approve the Inspector of Record for the project who shall be allowed access to the project site at any time.
- C. Geotechnical Engineer: Observation of all excavations and engineering control of all fills and backfills shall be by a Geotechnical Engineer.
 - 1. Owner will contract with the Geotechnical Engineer for observation and testing of all excavations and engineering control of all fills and backfills.
 - 2. The Geotechnical Engineer shall submit a Final Report verifying that Work has been performed in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents and Soils Investigation Report(s) prepared for this Project.
 - 3. The Geotechnical Engineer shall distribute the Final Report in accordance with Paragraph 1.4, B.
- D. Testing and Inspection Agency:
 - 1. The Owner will employ and pay for the services of an independent testing and inspection agency to perform the tests and inspections required herein except where noted otherwise.
 - a. Employment of the testing and inspection agency shall in no way relieve the Contractor's obligation to perform the work defined in the Contract Documents.
 - 2. Limitations of authority of the Testing and Inspection Agency:
 - a. Testing Agency is not authorized to:
 - Release, revoke, alter, or enlarge on the requirements of the Contract Documents;
 - 2) Approve or accept any portion of the Work, or;
 - 3) Perform any duties of the Contractor.
 - 3. All work shall conform to the requirements of state and local applicable Codes.
 - 4. Testing and inspection agency shall perform tests and inspections as required by applicable regulation as indicated in the specification Sections, and as directed by the Owner and required by the Code.
 - 5. Testing and inspection agency shall prepare, cure, store, and transport job samples to the Laboratory.
 - 6. At the completion of the Project, verified reports shall be submitted as required by CCR, Title 22 and as directed.

1.4 LABORATORY REPORTS

- A. After each inspection and test, promptly submit copies of laboratory report which includes:
 - 1. Date issued,
 - 2. Project title and number,
 - 3. Name of Inspector from inspection agency,
 - 4. Date and time of sampling or inspection,
 - 5. Identification of product and specifications section,
 - 6. Location in the Project,
 - 7. Type of inspection or test,
 - 8. Date of test,
 - 9. Results of tests,
 - 10. Conformance with Contract Documents,
 - 11. Whether original test or re-test,
 - 12. State/local permit number,
- B. Reports shall be distributed to the following:
 - 1. Architect of Record
 - 2. Inspector of Record (I.O.R.)
 - 3. General Contractor
 - 4. Owner.
 - 5. Applicable Consultant
 - 6. Local Jurisdiction where applicable

1.5 LABORATORY RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. Provide qualified personnel at site. Cooperate with Architect/Inspector of Record and Contractor in performance of services.
- B. Perform specified inspecting, sampling, and testing of Products in accordance with specified standards.
- C. Ascertain compliance of materials and mixes with requirements of Contract Documents.

- D. Promptly notify Architect, IOR and Contractor of observed irregularities or non-conformance of Work or Products.
- E. Perform additional inspection and test required by Architect.
- F. Attend preconstruction meetings and progress meetings when requested.

1.6 CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. Cooperate with Inspector of Record and Testing and Inspection Agency and provide access to Work, including off-site manufacturer's or fabricator's operations.
 - 1. Provide required quantities of material samples to be tested.
 - 2. Samples will be selected and taken by representative of Testing and Inspection Agency.
- B. Furnish copies of product data and test reports as required.
- C. Furnish incidental labor and facilities:
 - 1. To provide access to work to be tested;
 - 2. To obtain and handle samples at the Project site, or at the source of the Product to be tested or inspected;
 - 3. To facilitate inspections and tests, and;
 - 4. For storage and curing of test samples at the Project site.
- D. Provide, on a weekly basis, a Short Interval Project Schedule with a minimum three-week duration which identifies upcoming testing requirements.
- E. Schedule the tests and inspections required by the Contract Documents and applicable codes and regulations with the Inspector of Record and the Testing and Inspection Agency, a minimum of 48 hours in advance.
 - When tests or inspections cannot be performed after such notice, or if retests and re-inspections are required due to the fault of the Contractor, all costs for such re-work shall be deducted from the Contract Amount. If the remaining unpaid balance in the Contract is insufficient to cover the Change Order for this work, Contractor shall pay the difference directly to the Owner.
 - 2. Do not cover corrected Work until said Work has been re-tested and or reinspected satisfactorily.
- F. Arrange with Owner's Testing and Inspection Agency and pay for additional samples and tests required for the Contractor's convenience when approved by Owner.

- G. Contractor shall pay costs for the following specified items:
 - 1. Design mixes for:
 - a. Cast-in-Place concrete
 - b. Asphalt paving
 - 2. Redesign of mixes due to change in source of ingredients.
 - 3. Certified mill test reports.
 - 4. Pre-construction tests for masonry units.
 - 5. Preparation and delivery to laboratory of pre-construction masonry prisms for testing.
- H. Notification of Architect:
 - 1. In addition to tests and inspections called for in this Section, notify applicable parties of inspections and testing called for in the individual Sections of the Specifications or on the Drawings.
 - 2. Notify 48 hours in advance, to assure inspections prior to covering up or closing in of work involved. Any work covered up before such required inspection or testing shall be uncovered or removed at the Contractor's expense.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01 50 00 - TEMPORARY FACILITIES AND CONTROLS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes requirements for temporary utilities, support facilities, and security and protection facilities.

1.3 USE CHARGES

- A. General: Cost or use charges for temporary facilities shall be included in the Contract Sum. Allow other entities to use temporary services and facilities without cost.
- B. Water Service: Pay water service use charges for water used by all entities for construction operations.
- C. Electric Power Service: Pay electric power service use charges for electricity used by all entities for construction operations.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Electric Service: Comply with NECA, NEMA, and UL standards and regulations for temporary electric service. Install service to comply with NFPA 70.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

2.2 TEMPORARY FACILITIES

- A. Field Offices, General: Prefabricated or mobile units with serviceable finishes, temperature controls, and foundations adequate for normal loading.
- B. Common-Use Field Office: Of sufficient size to accommodate needs of construction personnel. Keep office clean and orderly. Furnish and equip offices as follows:
 - 1. Furniture required for Project-site documents including file cabinets, plan tables, plan racks, and bookcases.

- 2. Heating and cooling equipment necessary to maintain a uniform indoor temperature of 68 to 72 deg F.
- 3. Lighting fixtures capable of maintaining average illumination of 20 fc at desk height.

2.3 EQUIPMENT

- A. Fire Extinguishers: Portable, UL rated; with class and extinguishing agent as required by locations and classes of fire exposures.
- B. Heating Equipment: Unless Owner authorizes use of permanent heating system, provide vented, self-contained, liquid-propane-gas or fuel-oil heaters with individual space thermostatic control.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Locate facilities where they will serve Project adequately and result in minimum interference with performance of the Work. Relocate and modify facilities as required by progress of the Work.
- B. Provide each facility ready for use when needed to avoid delay. Do not remove until facilities are no longer needed or are replaced by authorized use of completed permanent facilities.

3.2 TEMPORARY UTILITY INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install temporary service or connect to existing service.
 - 1. Arrange with utility company, Owner, and existing users for time when service can be interrupted, if necessary, to make connections for temporary services.
- B. Water Service: Install water service and distribution piping in sizes and pressures adequate for construction.
- C. Sanitary Facilities: Provide temporary toilets, wash facilities, and drinking water for use of construction personnel. Comply with authorities having jurisdiction for type, number, location, operation, and maintenance of fixtures and facilities.
- D. Heating: Provide temporary heating required by construction activities for curing or drying of completed installations or for protecting installed construction from adverse effects of low temperatures or high humidity. Select equipment that will not have a harmful effect on completed installations or elements being installed.
- E. Electric Power Service: Provide electric power service and distribution system of sufficient size, capacity, and power characteristics required for construction operations.
- F. Lighting: Provide temporary lighting with local switching that provides adequate illumination for construction operations, observations, inspections, and traffic conditions.

- G. Telephone Service: Provide temporary telephone service in common-use facilities for use by all construction personnel. Install one telephone line(s) for each field office.
- H. Traffic Controls: Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Protect existing site improvements to remain including curbs, pavement, and utilities.
 - 2. Maintain access for fire-fighting equipment and access to fire hydrants.
- I. Parking: Provide temporary parking areas for construction personnel.
- J. Dewatering Facilities and Drains: Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction. Maintain Project site, excavations, and construction free of water.
 - 1. Dispose of rainwater in a lawful manner that will not result in flooding Project or adjoining properties nor endanger permanent Work or temporary facilities.
 - 2. Remove snow and ice as required to minimize accumulations.
- K. Project Identification and Temporary Signs: Provide Project Identification sign. Install signs where indicated to inform public and individuals seeking entrance to Project. Unauthorized signs are not permitted.
- L. Waste Disposal Facilities: Provide waste-collection containers in sizes adequate to handle waste from construction operations. Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction. Comply with Division 1 Section "Cleaning" for progress cleaning requirements.
- M. Temporary Stairs: Until permanent stairs are available, provide temporary stairs where ladders are not adequate.

3.3 SECURITY AND PROTECTION FACILITIES INSTALLATION

- A. Environmental Protection: Provide protection, operate temporary facilities, and conduct construction in ways and by methods that comply with environmental regulations and that minimize possible air, waterway, and subsoil contamination or pollution or other undesirable effects.
- B. Temporary Erosion and Sedimentation Control: Provide measures to prevent soil erosion and discharge of soil-bearing water runoff and airborne dust to adjacent properties and walkways, according to requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Inspect, repair, and maintain erosion- and sedimentation-control measures during construction until permanent vegetation has been established.
- C. Stormwater Control: Comply with authorities having jurisdiction. Provide barriers in and around excavations and subgrade construction to prevent flooding by runoff of stormwater from heavy rains.
- D. Site Enclosure Fence: Before construction operations, furnish and install site enclosure fence in a manner that will prevent people and animals from easily entering site except by entrance gates.

- E. Barricades, Warning Signs, and Lights: Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction for erecting structurally adequate barricades, including warning signs and lighting.
- F. Temporary Fire Protection: Install and maintain temporary fire-protection facilities of types needed to protect against reasonably predictable and controllable fire losses. Comply with NFPA 241.
 - 1. Supervise welding operations, combustion-type temporary heating units, and similar sources of fire ignition according to requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 2. Develop and supervise an overall fire-prevention and -protection program for personnel at Project site. Review needs with local fire department and establish procedures to be followed. Instruct personnel in methods and procedures. Post warnings and information.

3.4 OPERATION, TERMINATION, AND REMOVAL

- A. Maintenance: Maintain facilities in good operating condition until removal.
 - 1. Maintain operation of temporary enclosures, heating, cooling, humidity control, ventilation, and similar facilities on a 24-hour basis where required to achieve indicated results and to avoid possibility of damage.
- B. Termination and Removal: Remove each temporary facility when need for its service has ended, when it has been replaced by authorized use of a permanent facility, or no later than Substantial Completion. Complete or, if necessary, restore permanent construction that may have been delayed because of interference with temporary facility. Repair damaged Work, clean exposed surfaces, and replace construction that cannot be satisfactorily repaired.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01 60 00- PRODUCT REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Work Included: This Section contains definitions, product requirements and requirements for prior approved items.
- B. Delivery and storage of materials and equipment.
- C. Procedures for selecting products and approving substitutions.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. General: Definitions are not intended to negate the meaning of other terms used in Contract Documents, including specialties, systems, structure, finishes, accessories, furnishings, special construction, and similar terms, which are self-explanatory and have recognized meanings in the construction industry.
- B. Products: Purchased items for incorporation into the Work, regardless of whether specifically purchased for Project or taken from Contractor's stock of previously purchased products.
- C. Materials: Products which must be substantially cut, shaped, worked, mixed, finished, refined, or otherwise fabricated, processed, installed, or applied to form units of Work.
- D. Appliances, Equipment, and Fixtures: Products with operational parts, regardless of whether motorized or manually operated and particularly including products with service connections (wiring, piping, etc.).
- E. System: A unit of Work (i.e., structural system, vacuum system, etc.) shown or specified to include particular products, materials, appliances, equipment, or fixtures.
- F. Substitutions: Where products, materials, appliances, equipment, or fixtures are listed by trade name(s), manufacturer name(s), or catalog reference(s) or where these items are shown or specified as part of a system or systems, items or systems proposed for use by Contractor that are not listed or differ from those shown or specified as part of a system will be considered substitutions.
 - 1. Submit substitutions in accordance with requirements of this Section.
 - 2. The requirements for substitutions do not apply to specified Contractor options. Revisions to Contract Documents, where requested by Owner or Architect are changes, not substitutions.
 - 3. Contractor's determinations of and compliance with governing regulations and orders issued by governing authorities do not constitute substitutions, and do not constitute a basis for change orders; except as

provided for under substitution procedures in this Section or elsewhere in Contract Documents.

G. Prior -to-Bid Approvals: Products, materials, appliances, equipment, fixtures, or systems that have been proposed as substitutions and accepted by Owner prior to bid.

1.3 DESCRIPTION

- A. General: Specific products, materials, appliances, equipment, fixtures, accessories, manufacturers, and proprietary mentioned by name, grade, or brand, in Specifications or on Drawings have been selected for their particular fitness, availability, and desirability for use appropriate to Work of this Project and are intended to establish the standard of quality.
- B. Compliance: The compliance requirements, for individual products are multiple in nature and may include generic, descriptive, proprietary, performance, prescriptive, compliance with standards, compliance with codes, conformance with graphic details, and other similar forms and methods of indicating requirements.

1.4 PRODUCT REQUIREMENTS

- A. General: Provide products which comply with requirements, and which are undamaged and unused at time of installation, and which are complete with accessories, trim, finish, safety guards, and other devices and details needed for a complete installation and for intended use.
 - Materials shall be new unless otherwise specified and unused, except for testing of current production models on date of order, undamaged, and undeteriorated at time of use.
 - 2. Identify materials in accordance with accepted trade standards and requirements of this Section.
 - 3. Select and use methods or processes, including intermediate processes, which will produce the specified finished material or product.
 - 4. Ascertain that the Work, including materials, products, and equipment delivered and installed, is in full compliance with the Contract Documents and appropriate submittals.
 - 5. Standard Products: Where available, provide standard products of types which have been produced and used previously and successfully on other projects and in similar applications.
 - 6. Continued Availability: Where additional amounts of product, by nature of its application, are likely to be needed by Owner at a later date for maintenance and repair or replacement work, provide a standard, domestically produced product which is likely to be available to Owner at such later date.

- B. Nameplates: Except as otherwise indicated for required approval labels and operating data, do not permanently attach or imprint manufacturer's or producer's nameplates or trademarks on exposed surfaces of products which will be exposed to view either in occupied spaces or on exterior of the Work.
 - 1. Labels: Locate required labels and stamps on a concealed surface or, where required for observation after installation, on an accessible surface which, in occupied spaces, is not conspicuous.
 - 2. Equipment Nameplates: Provide permanent nameplate on each item of service-connected or power-operated equipment. See sections specifying equipment requirements for specifics.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Special Requirement: Due to certain Owner requirements, Owner will not consider substitutions on certain items. Therefore, substitutions will not be considered for items followed by the words: "no substitution(s)."
- B. Architect's Compensation:
 - 1. Except as limited by provisions of Owner-Architect or Owner-Contractor Agreements, Contractor shall reimburse Owner for compensation paid to Architect for evaluation of substitution proposals made during construction, whether or not substitution is accepted by Owner.
 - 2. Refer to Request for Substitution form at the end of this Section.

C. Delays and Costs:

- Substitution proposals made during construction shall be in accordance with procedures outlined in this Section, and be made in sufficient time to allow for adequate time for Architect's review and evaluation.
- 2. Delays and added costs associated with inadequate supportive data, necessary extended evaluations, or redesign work caused by substitutions shall be borne by Contractor.
- 3. Cost changes resulting from proposed substitutions shall be clearly stated with the initial substitution proposal. Subsequently discovered costs resulting from the substitution shall be borne by Contractor.

1.6 TRANSPORTATION AND HANDLING

- A. Transport products by methods to avoid product damage; deliver in undamaged condition in manufacturer's unopened containers or packaging, dry.
- B. Provide equipment and personnel to handle products by methods to prevent soiling or damage.
- C. Promptly inspect shipments to assure that products comply with requirements,

- quantities are correct, and products are undamaged.
- D. Deliver products in the manufacturer's sealed container or other packaging system, complete with labels and instructions for handling, storing, unpacking, protecting and installing.

1.7 STORAGE AND PROTECTION

- A. Store Products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, with seals and labels intact and legible.
- B. Store sensitive products in weathertight enclosures; maintain within temperature and humidity ranges required by manufacturer's instructions.
- C. For exterior storage of fabricated products, place on sloped supports above ground. Cover products subject to deterioration with impervious sheet covering; provide ventilation to avoid condensation.
- D. Store loose granular materials on solid surfaces in a well-drained area; prevent mixing with foreign matter.
- E. Arrange storage to provide access for inspection, periodically inspect to assure products are undamaged and are maintained under required conditions.
- F. After installation, provide covering to protect products from damage from traffic and construction operations, remove when no longer needed.

1.8 PROCEDURES

- A. Procedures for Selecting Products: Contractor's options for selecting products are limited by Contract Document requirements and governing regulations, and are not controlled by industry traditions or procedures experienced by Contractor on previous construction projects.
 - 1. Single Product/Manufacturer Name:
 - a. Provide product indicated. Do not offer to provide an unnamed product unless it has been accepted under substitution provisions listed below.
 - b. Except as otherwise indicated, "Named" is defined to mean manufacturer's name for product as recorded in latest issue of published product literature as of date of Contract Documents.
 - c. Refer to requests to use products of a later (or earlier) model to Architect for acceptance before proceeding.
 - 2. Two or More Product/Manufacturer Names:
 - a. Provide 1 of the named products, at Contractor's option.

- b. Do not offer to provide an unnamed product unless it has been accepted under substitution provisions listed below.
- 3. Performance Requirements:
 - a. Provide products which comply with specific performances indicated and which are recommended by manufacturer (in published product literature or by individual certification) for application indicated.
 - b. Overall performance of a product is implied where product is specified for specific performances.
- 4. Standards, Codes, and Regulations: Where compliance with an imposed standard, code, or regulation is required, selection from among products which comply with requirements of those standards, codes, and regulations is Contractor's option.
- 5. Prescriptive Requirements: Provide products which have been produced in accordance with prescriptive requirements, using specified ingredients and components, and complying with specified requirements for mixing, fabricating, curing, finishing, testing, and similar operations in manufacturing process.
- 6. Visual Matching:
 - a. Where matching of an established sample is required, final judgment of whether a product proposed by Contractor matches sample satisfactorily is Architect's judgment.
 - b. Where no product exists within specified cost category, which matches sample satisfactorily and complies with requirements, comply with provisions concerning, substitutions and change orders for selection of an equivalent product.

7. Visual Selection:

- a. Where specified product requirements include "color(s), pattern(s), texture(s), etc. selected by Architect" or words of similar effect, selection of manufacturer and basic product (complying with requirements) is Contractor's option, and subsequent selection of color(s), pattern(s), and texture(s), etc. is Architect's selection.
- b. Where specified product requirements include "color(s), pattern(s), texture(s), etc., to match Architect's sample" or words to that effect, selection of product (complying with requirements, and within established cost category) is Architect's selection, including designation of manufacturer where necessary to obtain desired color, pattern, or texture.

1.9 SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES

A. Prior (-to-Bid) Approvals: Substitute products, materials, appliances, equipment, fixtures, or systems will be considered by Architect.

- Any bidder, material supplier, or manufacturer desiring to propose substitution(s) shall:
 - a. Submit in a sealed envelope catalog cuts, shop drawings, or other descriptive literature for products, materials, appliances, equipment, fixtures, or systems for proposed substitution.
 - b. Submit not later than 14 calendar days before bid opening
- 1. Make request to Architect in triplicate on copies of Request for Substitution form included at end of this Section.
- 2. Submittal(s) shall include a complete and adequate analysis showing point-forpoint comparison to specified item(s) or system(s) and must prove equality or superiority.
- 3. Include related Section and Drawing number(s), and fully document compliance with requirements for substitutions.
- 4. Include product data/drawings, description of methods, samples.
 - a. Where applicable, statement of effect on construction time and coordination with other affected Work.
 - b. Cost information for proposal.
- 5. Include identification of previous use locally with dates and names of Architect and Owner.
- 6. Anything less will not be considered.
- 7. Equivalency:
 - a. The Architect will be the initial judge of equivalency of proposed substitution(s).
 - b. Architect will make written recommendation of acceptance or rejection to Owner.
- 8. Satisfaction:
 - a. Prior to proposing substitution(s), certify that item or system is equal to that specified.
 - b. That it will fit into space allocated.
 - That item affords comparable ease of operation, maintenance, and service.

- d. That appearance, longevity, and suitability for climate and use are comparable to item specified.
- e. That substitution is in Owner's interest.
- 9. Manufacturer's data which is readily available to Architect is not acceptable for establishing proof of quality.
 - a. Provide laboratory test data performed by a nationally recognized independent testing laboratory known for its testing expertise.
 - b. Laboratory test shall include types of materials used in substitute item or system, including their thickness and strength, and a direct comparison to item or system specified for capacities, capabilities, coatings, functions, life cycle usage, and operations.
 - c. No change in Architect's design intent will be allowed where item or system will be exposed and where it will be used.
- 10. Proof: Burden of proof that a proposed substitution is equal or equivalent to a specified item or system shall be upon Contractor, who shall support his request with sufficient test data, samples, brochures, and other means to permit Architect to make a fair and equitable decision on merits of proposal.
- 11. Based on Architect's written recommendation of acceptance or rejection, Owner will determine acceptability of proposed substitutions.
- 12. Architect will notify Bidders of Owner's acceptance not later than 5 calendar days prior to bid opening via an addendum to the Contract Documents listing only accepted substitutions.
- 13. Responsibility: Acceptance of substitutions shall not relieve Contractor from responsibility for complying with all other requirements of the Contract Documents and coordinating substitution(s) with adjacent materials and other affected equipment.

B. During Construction:

- 1. Substitutions will not be considered when they are indicated or implied on submittals without separate written request prior to submittal, or when acceptance will require substantial revision of Contract Documents.
- 2. Architect and Owner will consider requests from Contractor during construction for substitutions (following procedures outlined above for prior approvals) only under 1 or more of the following conditions:
 - a. Substitution is required for compliance with subsequent interpretation of code requirements or insurance regulations.
 - b. Shown or specified item or system cannot be provided within Contract Time or becomes unavailable due to no fault of Contractor.

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c. Subsequent information disclosed inability of item(s) or system(s) to perform properly or to fit in designated space, or manufacturer(s) refuse(s) to certify or warrant performance as required.

d. When, in Architect's judgment, a substitution would be substantially in Owner's best interests in terms of cost (substantial credit), time, or other valuable considerations, after deducting offsetting responsibilities Owner may be required to bear, including additional compensation to Architect for evaluation and redesign services, increased cost of other work by Owner or separate contractors, and similar considerations.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS Not used.

PART 3 - EXECUTION Not used.

END OF SECTION

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REQUEST FOR SUBSTITUTION

Α.	Completed reproduction of this form shall accompany all requests for substitutions. Failure to submit form with request shall be cause for rejection. Substituted items or systems may be incorporated into the Work only after receipt of Owner's written approval. Fill in all applicable spaces and cross out all nonapplicable information bracketed ([]) or unbracketed.		
	[Subcontractor:] [Material Supplier:] [Manufacturer:] Date: Requested Substitution: Reference: Specification SectionDrawing Reference Reason for Substitution: [Prior Approval] [During Construction]:		
В.	Resulting Change to Contract Amount: [Add] [Deduct](Include supporting documentation.)		
C.	For substitutions made during construction the Architect will, upon receipt of substitution proposal, fill in the following compensation information, add it to or deduct it from the Change to the Contract Amount and submit Net Change to Contract Amount to Owner for approval. Upon receipt of Owner's approval, Architect will proceed with substitution review.		
D. E.	Architect's Fee for Substitution Evaluation: Architect's Fee for Changes to Contract:		
F.	Documents Due to Substitution: Net Change to Contract Amount (B + C + D): [Add] [Deduct] Resulting Change to Contract Time: AddDeduct Summary of Related Work Requiring Coordination (if any):		
	(Contractor shall assume responsibility for complete coordination with Work of all trades involved if Substitution Request is approved.)		
G.	Attached Documentation: The following is herewith attached to provide complete documentation of requested substitution:		
	[]Product Data []Samples []Shop Drawings []Test Reports []Other:		
Н.	Contractor's Signature		
	Subcontractor's/Supplier's/Manufacturer's Signature		

SECTION 01 76 00- GUARANTIES AND WARRANTIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes requirements for guaranties and warranties for contract closeout and during specified guaranty/warranty periods.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF REQUIREMENTS

- A. General Limitations: It is recognized that specific guaranties and warranties are intended to protect Owner against failure of the Work to perform as required, and against deficient, defective, and faulty materials and workmanship, regardless of sources.
- B. Related Damages and Losses: When correcting guarantied or warranted work which has failed, remove and replace other Work of Project which has been damaged as a result of such failure or which must be removed and replaced to provide access for correction of Work.
- C. Reinstatement of Guaranty or Warranty Period: In addition to requirements in the General Conditions, when Work covered by a special project guaranty or product warranty has failed and has been corrected by replacement or restoration, reinstate guaranty or warranty by written endorsement for 1 year starting on date of acceptance of replaced or restored Work.
- D. Replacement Cost, Obligations: Except as otherwise indicated, cost of replacing or restoring failing guaranties or warranted units or products is Contractor's obligation, without regard for whether Owner has already benefitted from use through a portion of anticipated useful service lives.
- E. Rejection of Warranties: Owner reserves the right, at time of Substantial Completion or thereafter, to reject coincidental product warranties submitted by Contractor, which in opinion of Owner detract from or confuse interpretation of requirements of Contract Documents.
- F. Contractor's Procurement Obligations: Do not purchase, subcontract for, or allow others to purchase or subcontract for materials or units of Work for Project where a special project guaranty, specified product warranty, certification, or similar commitment is required until it has been determined that entities required to sign or countersign such commitments are willing to do so.
- G. Specific Guaranty or Warranty Forms: Where a special project guaranty or specified project warranty is required, prepare a written document to contain terms and appropriate identification; ready for execution by required parties.
 - 1. A sample form is attached as the last article of this Section.
 - 2. Refer to individual sections of Divisions 2 through 33 for specific content and requirements.
 - 3. Submit draft to Owner for approval prior to final executions.

1.3 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED

- A. Compile specified warranties.
- B. Compile specified service and maintenance contracts.
- C. Co-execute submittals when so specified.
- D. Review submittals to verify compliance with Contract Documents.
- E. Submit to Architect for review and transmittal to Owner.

1.4 SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Assemble warranties, bonds, and service and maintenance contracts, executed by each of the respective manufacturers, suppliers, and subcontractors.
- B. Number of original signed copies required: 2 each.
- C. Table of Contents: Neatly typed, in orderly sequence. Provide complete index information for each item.
 - 1. Product or work item with index number to bound item.
 - 2. Firm, with name of principal, address, and telephone number.
 - 3. Scope.
 - 4. Date of beginning of warranty, bond or service and maintenance contract.
 - 5. Duration of warranty, bond, or service maintenance contract.
 - 6. Provide information for Owner's personnel:
 - a. Procedure to be followed in case of failure.
 - b. Circumstances which might affect the validity of warranty or bond.
 - 7. Contractor, name of responsible principal, address and telephone number.

1.5 FORM OF SUBMITTALS

- A. Prepare in duplicate packets.
- B. Format:
 - 1. Size 8-1/2 x 11 inches on punched sheets for standard 3-ring binder.
 - a. Fold larger sheets to fit into binders.
 - 2. Warranty-Guaranty wording shall be as printed below.
 - 3. Cover: Identify each packet with typed or printed title "GUARANTIES AND

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WARRANTIES". List:

- a. Title of Project.
- b. Name of Contractor.
- C. Binders: Commercial quality, 3-ring, with durable and cleanable plastic covers.

1.6 TIME OF SUBMITTALS

- A. Make submittals within 10 days after date of Substantial Completion prior to final request for payment.
- B. For items or work, where acceptance is delayed materially beyond Date of Substantial Completion, provide updated submittal within 10 days after acceptance, listing date of acceptance as start of warranty period.

1.7 SUBMITTALS REQUIRED

- A. Submit warranties, bonds, service and maintenance contracts as specified in respective Sections of Specifications and as follows:
 - 1. Provide when noted in individual Sections of the Project Manual Divisions 2 through 33.

1.8 SAMPLE FORM OF WARRANTY-GUARANTY

- A. Print or type Warranty-Guaranty on installing contractor's own letterhead.
- B. Wording and signatures required.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

Not used.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

Not used.

END OF SECTION

A. GUARANTEE-WARRANTY

When required by the specifications, warranties and/or guarantees other than one year shall be in the form of the following on the Contractor's own letterhead:

"GUARANTEE-WARRANTY FOR INTERMOUNTAIN HEALTHCARE, FCH- LDR Remodel"

(name of product, equipment or system) that LDR Labor and Delivery Room Remodel proj Documents and that the work as installed will the specifications. We agree to repair or repl work which may be displaced by so doing, th within a period of years fror whatsoever to the Owner, ordinary wear and In the event of our failure to comply with the abeing notified in writing by the Owner, we col proceed to have said defects repaired and m	tor and/or Material Manufacturer guarantee that the we have installed in theFillmore Community Hospitaliect, has been done in accordance with the Contract I fulfill the requirements of the guaranty-warranty included in lace any or all of our work, together with any other adjacent at may prove to be defective in its workmanship or material in the date of Substantial Completion, without any expense tear and unusual abuse or neglect excepted. Above mentioned conditions within sixty (60) days after lectively or separately do hereby authorize the Owner to ade good at our expense, and we will honor and pay the
costs and charges therefore upon demand.	
Signed(Subcontractor)	Countersigned
(Subcontractor)	(General Contractor)
(Subcontractor) Name(Print)	Countersigned (General Contractor) Name (Print)
Company	Company
Address	Address
License No	License No
Countersigned(Material Manufac	turer)
Name (Print)	<u> </u>
Company	
Address	<u>_</u>

SECTION 01 78 23 - OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA

PART 1 - GENERAL

PART 2 - RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

2.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for preparing operation and maintenance manuals, including the following:
 - 1. Operation and maintenance documentation directory.
 - 2. Emergency manuals.
 - 3. Operation manuals for systems, subsystems, and equipment.
 - 4. Maintenance manuals for the care and maintenance of products, materials, and finishes.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 1 Section "Submittal Procedures" for submitting copies of submittals for operation and maintenance manuals.
 - 2. Division 1 Section "Project Record Documents" for preparing Record Drawings for operation and maintenance manuals.
 - 3. Divisions 2 through 33 Sections for specific operation and maintenance manual requirements for the Work in those Sections.

2.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. System: An organized collection of parts, equipment, or subsystems united by regular interaction.
- B. Subsystem: A portion of a system with characteristics similar to a system.

2.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Final Submittal: Submit one copy one of each manual in final form at least 15 days before final inspection. Architect will return copy with comments within 15 days after final inspection.
 - 1. Correct or modify each manual to comply with Architect's comments. Submit 3 copies of each corrected manual within 15 days of receipt of Architect's comments.

2.5 COORDINATION

A. Where operation and maintenance documentation includes information on installations by more than one factory-authorized service representative, assemble and coordinate information furnished by representatives and prepare manuals.

PART 3 - OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DOCUMENTATION DIRECTORY

- A. Organization: Include a section in the directory for each of the following:
 - 1. List of documents.
 - 2. List of systems.
 - 3. List of equipment.
 - 4. Table of contents.
- B. List of Systems and Subsystems: List systems alphabetically. Include references to operation and maintenance manuals that contain information about each system.
- C. List of Equipment: List equipment for each system, organized alphabetically by system. For pieces of equipment not part of system, list alphabetically in separate list.
- D. Tables of Contents: Include a table of contents for each emergency, operation, and maintenance manual.
- E. Identification: In the documentation directory and in each operation and maintenance manual, identify each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment with same designation used in the Contract Documents. If no designation exists, assign a designation according to ASHRAE Guideline 4, "Preparation of Operating and Maintenance Documentation for Building Systems."

3.2 MANUALS, GENERAL

- A. Organization: Unless otherwise indicated, organize each manual into a separate section for each system and subsystem, and a separate section for each piece of equipment not part of a system. Each manual shall contain the following materials, in the order listed:
 - 1. Title page.
 - 2. Table of contents.
 - 3. Manual contents.
- B. Title Page: Enclose title page in transparent plastic sleeve. Include the following information:
 - 1. Subject matter included in manual.
 - 2. Name and address of Project.
 - 3. Name and address of Owner.
 - 4. Date of submittal.
 - 5. Name, address, and telephone number of Contractor.
 - 6. Cross-reference to related systems in other operation and maintenance manuals.

- C. Table of Contents: List each product included in manual, identified by product name, indexed to the content of the volume, and cross-referenced to Specification Section number in Project Manual.
 - 1. If operation or maintenance documentation requires more than one volume to accommodate data, include comprehensive table of contents for all volumes in each volume of the set.
- D. Manual Contents: Organize into sets of manageable size. Arrange contents alphabetically by system, subsystem, and equipment. If possible, assemble instructions for subsystems, equipment, and components of one system into a single binder.
 - 1. Binders/Maintenance Manuals: Organize operation and maintenance data into suitable sets of mangeable size. Binders shall be Red Buckram binders with easy view metal for sheet size 11" X 8 ½" with expandable metal capacity as required for the project, rivet through construction with library corners using #12 BB and lining with same materials as cover, front cover and back-bone foil stamped in white. Binders shall be as manufactured by Hiller Bookbinding or equal. The master index sheet and each tabbed index sheet shall be AICO Gold-Line indexes or equal. Mark appropriate identification on front spine of each binder. Include the following types of information:
 - a. If two or more binders are necessary to accommodate data of a system, organize data in each binder into groupings by subsystem and related components. Crossreference other binders if necessary to provide essential information for proper operation or maintenance of equipment or system.
 - b. Identify each binder on front and spine, with printed title "OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL," Project title or name, and subject matter of contents. Indicate volume number for multiple-volume sets.
 - 2. Protective Plastic Sleeves: Transparent plastic sleeves designed to enclose diagnostic software diskettes for computerized electronic equipment.
 - 3. Drawings: Attach reinforced, punched binder tabs on drawings and bind with text.
 - a. If oversize drawings are necessary, fold drawings to same size as text pages and use as foldouts.
 - b. If drawings are too large to be used as foldouts, fold and place drawings in labeled envelopes and bind envelopes in rear of manual. At appropriate locations in manual, insert typewritten pages indicating drawing titles, descriptions of contents, and drawing locations.

3.3 EMERGENCY MANUALS

- A. Content: Organize manual into a separate section for each of the following:
 - 1. Type of emergency.
 - 2. Emergency instructions.
 - 3. Emergency procedures.

- B. Type of Emergency: Where applicable for each type of emergency indicated below, include instructions and procedures for each system, subsystem, piece of equipment, and component:
 - 1. Fire.
 - 2. Flood.
 - 3. Gas leak.
 - 4. Water leak.
 - 5. Power failure.
 - 6. Water outage.
 - 7. System, subsystem, or equipment failure.
 - 8. Chemical release or spill.
- C. Emergency Instructions: Describe and explain warnings, trouble indications, error messages, and similar codes and signals. Include responsibilities of Owner's operating personnel for notification of Installer, supplier, and manufacturer to maintain warranties.
- D. Emergency Procedures: Include the following, as applicable:
 - 1. Instructions on stopping.
 - 2. Shutdown instructions for each type of emergency.
 - 3. Operating instructions for conditions outside normal operating limits.
 - 4. Required sequences for electric or electronic systems.
 - 5. Special operating instructions and procedures.

3.4 OPERATION MANUALS

- A. Content: In addition to requirements in this Section, include operation data required in individual Specification Sections and the following information:
 - 1. System, subsystem, and equipment descriptions.
 - 2. Performance and design criteria if Contractor is delegated design responsibility.
 - 3. Operating standards.
 - 4. Operating procedures.
 - 5. Operating logs.
 - 6. Wiring diagrams.
 - 7. Control diagrams.
 - 8. Piped system diagrams.
 - 9. Precautions against improper use.
 - 10. License requirements including inspection and renewal dates.
- B. Descriptions: Include the following:
 - 1. Product name and model number.
 - 2. Manufacturer's name.
 - 3. Equipment identification with serial number of each component.
 - 4. Equipment function.
 - 5. Operating characteristics.
 - 6. Limiting conditions.
 - 7. Performance curves.
 - 8. Engineering data and tests.

- 9. Complete nomenclature and number of replacement parts.
- C. Operating Procedures: Include the following, as applicable:
 - 1. Startup procedures.
 - 2. Equipment or system break-in procedures.
 - 3. Routine and normal operating instructions.
 - 4. Regulation and control procedures.
 - 5. Instructions on stopping.
 - 6. Normal shutdown instructions.
 - 7. Seasonal and weekend operating instructions.
 - 8. Required sequences for electric or electronic systems.
 - 9. Special operating instructions and procedures.
- D. Systems and Equipment Controls: Describe the sequence of operation, and diagram controls as installed.
- E. Piped Systems: Diagram piping as installed, and identify color-coding where required for identification.

3.5 PRODUCT MAINTENANCE MANUAL

- A. Content: Organize manual into a separate section for each product, material, and finish. Include source information, product information, maintenance procedures, repair materials and sources, and warranties and bonds, as described below.
- B. Source Information: List each product included in manual, identified by product name and arranged to match manual's table of contents. For each product, list name, address, and telephone number of Installer or supplier and maintenance service agent, and cross-reference Specification Section number and title in Project Manual.
- C. Product Information: Include the following, as applicable:
 - 1. Product name and model number.
 - 2. Manufacturer's name.
 - 3. Color, pattern, and texture.
 - 4. Material and chemical composition.
 - 5. Reordering information for specially manufactured products.
- D. Maintenance Procedures: Include manufacturer's written recommendations and the following:
 - 1. Inspection procedures.
 - 2. Types of cleaning agents to be used and methods of cleaning.
 - 3. List of cleaning agents and methods of cleaning detrimental to product.
 - 4. Schedule for routine cleaning and maintenance.
 - 5. Repair instructions.
- E. Repair Materials and Sources: Include lists of materials and local sources of materials and related services.

- F. Warranties and Bonds: Include copies of warranties and bonds and lists of circumstances and conditions that would affect validity of warranties or bonds.
 - 1. Include procedures to follow and required notifications for warranty claims.

3.6 SYSTEMS AND EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL

- A. Content: For each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment not part of a system, include source information, manufacturers' maintenance documentation, maintenance procedures, maintenance and service schedules, spare parts list and source information, maintenance service contracts, and warranty and bond information, as described below.
- B. Source Information: List each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment included in manual, identified by product name and arranged to match manual's table of contents. For each product, list name, address, and telephone number of Installer or supplier and maintenance service agent, and cross-reference Specification Section number and title in Project Manual.
- C. Manufacturers' Maintenance Documentation: Manufacturers' maintenance documentation including the following information for each component part or piece of equipment:
 - 1. Standard printed maintenance instructions and bulletins.
 - 2. Drawings, diagrams, and instructions required for maintenance, including disassembly and component removal, replacement, and assembly.
 - 3. Identification and nomenclature of parts and components.
 - 4. List of items recommended to be stocked as spare parts.
- D. Maintenance Procedures: Include the following information and items that detail essential maintenance procedures:
 - 1. Test and inspection instructions.
 - 2. Troubleshooting guide.
 - 3. Precautions against improper maintenance.
 - 4. Aligning, adjusting, and checking instructions.
 - 5. Demonstration and training videotape, if available.
- E. Maintenance and Service Schedules: Include service and lubrication requirements, list of required lubricants for equipment, and separate schedules for preventive and routine maintenance and service with standard time allotment.
 - 1. Scheduled Maintenance and Service: Tabulate actions for daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly, semiannual, and annual frequencies.
 - 2. Maintenance and Service Record: Include manufacturers' forms for recording maintenance.
- F. Spare Parts List and Source Information: Include lists of replacement and repair parts, with parts identified and cross-referenced to manufacturers' maintenance documentation and local sources of maintenance materials and related services.

- G. Warranties and Bonds: Include copies of warranties and bonds and lists of circumstances and conditions that would affect validity of warranties or bonds.
 - 1. Include procedures to follow and required notifications for warranty claims.

EXECUTION

3.7 MANUAL PREPARATION

- A. Emergency Manual: Assemble a complete set of emergency information indicating procedures for use by emergency personnel and by Owner's operating personnel for types of emergencies indicated.
- B. Product Maintenance Manual: Assemble a complete set of maintenance data indicating care and maintenance of each product, material, and finish incorporated into the Work.
- C. Operation and Maintenance Manuals: Assemble a complete set of operation and maintenance data indicating operation and maintenance of each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment not part of a system.
 - 1. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to assemble and prepare information for each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment not part of a system.
 - 2. Prepare a separate manual for each system and subsystem, in the form of an instructional manual for use by Owner's operating personnel.
- D. Manufacturers' Data: Where manuals contain manufacturers' standard printed data, include only sheets pertinent to product or component installed. Mark each sheet to identify each product or component incorporated into the Work. If data include more than one item in a tabular format, identify each item using appropriate references from the Contract Documents. Identify data applicable to the Work and delete references to information not applicable.
 - 1. Prepare supplementary text if manufacturers' standard printed data are not available and where the information is necessary for proper operation and maintenance of equipment or systems.
- E. Drawings: Prepare drawings supplementing manufacturers' printed data to illustrate the relationship of component parts of equipment and systems and to illustrate control sequence and flow diagrams. Coordinate these drawings with information contained in Record Drawings to ensure correct illustration of completed installation.
 - 1. Do not use original Project Record Documents as part of operation and maintenance manuals.
 - 2. Comply with requirements of newly prepared Record Drawings in Division 1 Section "Project Record Documents."
 - F. Comply with Division 1 Sections for schedule for submitting operation and maintenance documentation.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01 78 39 - PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for Project Record Documents, including the following:
 - 1. Record Drawings.
 - 2. Record Specifications.
 - Record Product Data.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 1 Section for general closeout procedures.
 - 2. Division 1 Section "Operation and Maintenance Data" for operation and maintenance manual requirements.
 - 3. Divisions 2 through 33 Sections for specific requirements for Project Record Documents of the Work in those Sections.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Record Drawings: Comply with the following:
 - 1. Number of Copies: Submit one set(s) of marked-up Record Prints.
 - a. Final Submittal: Submit one set(s) of marked-up Record Prints showing modifications for trades involved in the project.
- B. Record Specifications: Submit one copy of Project's Specifications, including addenda and contract modifications.
- C. Record Product Data: Submit one copy of each Product Data submittal.
 - 1. Where Record Product Data is required as part of operation and maintenance manuals, submit marked-up Product Data as an insert in manual instead of submittal as Record Product Data.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 RECORD DRAWINGS

- A. Record Prints: Maintain one set of blue- or black-line white prints of the Contract Drawings and Shop Drawings.
 - 1. Preparation: Mark Record Prints to show the actual installation where installation varies from that shown originally. Require individual or entity who obtained record data, whether individual or entity is Installer, subcontractor, or similar entity, to prepare the marked-up Record Prints.
 - a. Give particular attention to information on concealed elements that would be difficult to identify or measure and record later.
 - b. Accurately record information in an understandable drawing technique.
 - c. Record data as soon as possible after obtaining it. Record and check the markup before enclosing concealed installations.
 - 2. Content: Types of items requiring marking include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Dimensional changes to Drawings.
 - b. Revisions to details shown on Drawings.
 - c. Depths of foundations below first floor.
 - d. Locations and depths of underground utilities.
 - e. Revisions to routing of piping and conduits.
 - f. Revisions to electrical circuitry.
 - g. Actual equipment locations.
 - h. Duct size and routing.
 - i. Locations of concealed internal utilities.
 - j. Changes made following Architect's written orders.
 - k. Details not on the original Contract Drawings.
 - I. Field records for variable and concealed conditions.
 - 3. Mark the Contract Drawings or Shop Drawings, whichever is most capable of showing actual physical conditions, completely and accurately. If Shop Drawings are marked, show cross-reference on the Contract Drawings.
 - 4. Mark record sets with erasable, red-colored pencil. Use other colors to distinguish between changes for different categories of the Work at same location.
 - 5. Mark important additional information that was either shown schematically or omitted from original Drawinas.
 - 6. Note Construction Change Directive numbers, alternate numbers, Change Order numbers, and similar identification, where applicable.

2.2 RECORD SPECIFICATIONS

A. Preparation: Mark Specifications to indicate the actual product installation where installation varies from that indicated in Specifications, addenda, and contract modifications.

1. Give particular attention to information on concealed products and installations that cannot be readily identified and recorded later.

2.3 MISCELLANEOUS RECORD SUBMITTALS

A. Assemble miscellaneous records required by other Specification Sections for miscellaneous record keeping and submittal in connection with actual performance of the Work. Bind or file miscellaneous records and identify each, ready for continued use and reference.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 RECORDING AND MAINTENANCE

- A. Recording: Maintain one copy of each submittal during the construction period for Project Record Document purposes. Post changes and modifications to Project Record Documents as they occur; do not wait until the end of Project.
- B. Maintenance of Record Documents and Samples: Store Record Documents and Samples in the field office apart from the Contract Documents used for construction. Do not use Project Record Documents for construction purposes. Maintain Record Documents in good order and in a clean, dry, legible condition, protected from deterioration and loss. Provide access to Project Record Documents for Architect's reference during normal working hours.

FND OF SECTION

SECTION 01 79 00- CLEANING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Work Included: Requirements for periodic, general, and final cleaning of the project.
- B. Provide temporary and periodic clean-up of extra materials, waste and general debris during construction of the work, together with the final clean-up and cleaning, polishing and other "housekeeping" required to bring various surfaces to an acceptable condition prior to final inspection, or before additional work is done during construction.
- C. This Section includes requirements for Cleaning for all phases of the Project. Some requirements of this Section may not be applicable to individual project Phases.

1.2 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Maintain premises and public properties free from accumulations of waste, debris, and rubbish in accordance with applicable safety and insurance standards and local ordinances.
- B. The acceptable level of cleanliness of the Project shall be the decision of the Architect.
 - 1. Work necessary to achieve such acceptable state shall be performed when required.
- C. Burning: Burning of waste materials and/or rubbish on Site is not permitted.

1.3 CLEAN-UP DURING CONSTRUCTION

- A. During construction, provide cleaning-up as follows:
 - 1. Maintain areas free of waste materials, debris, and rubbish. Maintain site in a clean and orderly condition.
 - 2. Remove debris and rubbish from pipe chases, plenums, down spouts, attics, crawl spaces, and other closed or remote spaces, prior to enclosing the space.
 - 3. Broom and vacuum clean interior areas prior to start of surface finishing, and continue cleaning to eliminate dust.
 - 4. Remove waste materials, debris, and rubbish from site weekly, or more often if needed, and dispose off-site in compliance with local regulations.
 - 5. Storage areas: Ensure that materials to be used for construction are

- stored in designated structures or areas by the appropriate trades. Maintain such areas or structures in a clean condition for the life of the Project.
- 6. Containers: Provide appropriate containers, such as dump containers, and locate on site for collection of waste materials and rubbish.
- 7. Supervision: Oversee all cleaning of areas by the trades using them. Ensure that resulting accumulations are deposited in appropriate containers.
- 8. Clean-up: Daily, weekly, or as necessary, clean-up floors and Site areas. Remove all loose materials, by sweeping if necessary.

1.4 FINAL CLEANING

- A. Provide final clean-up and polishing just prior to final inspection and/or acceptance of the work of the Project.
- B. Preparation:
 - 1. Prior to final inspection, remove all loose material of any nature, except spare parts, loose furniture or furnishings, manuals, parts books, and similar items.
 - 2. Remove all temporary buildings, utility lines or pipes and other work of a temporary nature.
 - 3. Remove all temporary wrappings. Leave no trace of wrap or adhesive.

C. Surface Cleaning:

- 1. Special cleaning for specific units of Work as specified and as shown on Drawings.
- 2. Provide final cleaning of the Work, at time indicated, consisting of cleaning each surface or unit of Work to normal "clean" condition expected for a first-class building cleaning and maintenance program.
- 3. Comply with manufacturer's instructions for cleaning operations.
- D. The following are examples, but not by way of limitation, of cleaning levels required:
 - 1. Remove labels which are not required as permanent labels.
 - 2. Clean transparent materials, including mirrors and window/door glass, to a polished condition, removing substances which are noticeable as vision-obscuring materials. Replace broken glass and damaged transparent materials.
 - 3. Clean exposed exterior and interior hard-surfaced finishes to a dirt-free condition, free of dust, stains, films, and similar noticeable distracting

substances.

- a. Except as otherwise indicated, avoid disturbance of natural weathering of exterior surfaces.
- b. Restore reflective surfaces to original reflective condition.
- 4. Wipe surfaces of mechanical and electrical equipment clean, including elevator equipment and similar equipment; remove excess lubrication and other substances.
- 5. Remove debris and surface dust from limited-access spaces including roofs, plenums, shafts, trenches, equipment vaults, manholes, attics, and similar spaces.
- 6. Clean concrete floors in unoccupied spaces broom clean.
- 7. Vacuum clean carpeted surfaces and similar soft surfaces.
- 8. Clean plumbing fixtures to a sanitary condition, free of stains including those resulting from water exposure.
- 9. Clean light fixtures and lamps so as to function with full efficiency.
- 10. Clean Project Site (staging areas, Contractor Parking areas), including landscape development areas, of litter and foreign substances.
- 11. Sweep paved areas to a broom-clean condition; remove stains, petro-chemical spills, and other foreign deposits.
- E. Pest Control: Engage an experienced exterminator to make a final inspection of Project, and to rid Project of rodents, insects, and other pests.
- F. Removal of Protection: Except as otherwise indicated or requested by Hospital Representative, remove temporary protection devices and facilities which were installed during course of Work to protect previously completed Work during remainder of construction period.

G. Compliances:

- Comply with safety standards and governing regulations for cleaning operations.
- 2. Do not burn waste materials at site, or bury debris or excess materials on the property, or discharge volatile or other harmful or dangerous materials into drainage systems.
- 3. Remove waste materials from site and dispose of in a lawful manner.
- H. Moving Parts: Lubricate moving parts as recommended by the parts manufacturer, or as directed by the Architect. Wipe clean, all surplus lubricants.
- I. Protection: Protect finished floors from damage due to traffic or other causes.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02 41 19 - SELECTIVE DEMOLITION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Demolition and removal of selected portions of a building or structure.
 - 2. Repair procedures for selective demolition operations.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Remove: Carefully detach items from existing construction and legally dispose of them off-site, unless indicated to be removed and salvaged or removed and reinstalled.
- B. Remove and Reinstall: Detach items from existing construction, prepare them for reuse, and reinstall them where indicated.
- C. Existing to Remain: Existing items of construction that are not to be removed and that are not otherwise indicated to be removed, removed and salvaged, or removed and reinstalled.

1.4 MATERIALS OWNERSHIP

A. Except for items or materials indicated to be reused, salvaged, reinstalled, or otherwise indicated to remain Owner's property, demolished materials shall become Contractor's property and shall be removed from Project site.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Proposed Dust-Control and Noise-Control Measures: Submit statement or drawing that indicates the measures proposed for use, proposed locations, and proposed time frame for their operation. Identify options if proposed measures are later determined to be inadequate.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Owner will occupy portions of building immediately adjacent to selective demolition area. Conduct selective demolition so Owner's operations will not be disrupted. Provide not less than 72 hours' notice to Owner of activities that will affect Owner's operations.

- B. Maintain access to existing walkways, corridors, and other adjacent occupied or used facilities.
 - 1. Do not close or obstruct walkways, corridors, or other occupied or used facilities without written permission from authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Owner assumes no responsibility for condition of areas to be selectively demolished.
 - 1. Conditions existing at time of inspection for bidding purpose will be maintained by Owner as far as practical.
- D. Hazardous Materials: It is not expected that hazardous materials will be encountered in the Work.
 - If materials suspected of containing hazardous materials are encountered in the work, Contractor will be responsible for removal and disposal of all materials. A copy of an Asbestos Report will be provided to the Contractor prior to construction beginning. See Bid Proposal for unit price to remove hazardous materials.
- E. Storage or sale of removed items or materials on-site will not be permitted.
- F. Utility Service: Maintain existing utilities indicated to remain in service and protect them against damage during selective demolition operations.
 - 1. Maintain fire-protection facilities in service during selective demolition operations.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that utilities have been disconnected and capped.
- B. Survey existing conditions and correlate with requirements indicated to determine extent of selective demolition required.
- C. When unanticipated mechanical, electrical, or structural elements that conflict with intended function or design are encountered, investigate and measure the nature and extent of conflict. Promptly submit a written report to Architect.

3.2 UTILITY SERVICES

- A. Existing Utilities: Maintain services indicated to remain and protect them against damage during selective demolition operations.
- B. Do not interrupt existing utilities serving occupied or operating facilities unless authorized in writing by Owner and authorities having jurisdiction. Provide temporary services during interruptions to existing utilities, as acceptable to Owner and to authorities having jurisdiction.

- 1. Provide at least 72 hours' notice to Owner if shutdown of service is required during changeover.
- C. Utility Requirements: Locate, identify, disconnect, and seal or cap off indicated utilities serving areas to be selectively demolished.

3.3 PREPARATION

- A. Temporary Enclosures: Provide temporary enclosures for protection of existing building and construction, in progress and completed, from exposure, foul weather, other construction operations, and similar activities. Provide temporary weathertight enclosure for building exterior.
 - Where heating or cooling is needed and permanent enclosure is not complete, provide insulated temporary enclosures. Coordinate enclosure with ventilating and material drying or curing requirements to avoid dangerous conditions and effects.
- B. Temporary Partitions: Erect and maintain dustproof partitions and temporary enclosures to limit dust and dirt migration and to separate areas from fumes and noise.

3.4 SELECTIVE DEMOLITION

- A. General: Demolish and remove existing construction only to the extent required by new construction and as indicated. Use methods required to complete the Work within limitations of governing regulations and as follows:
 - 1. Neatly cut openings and holes plumb, square, and true to dimensions required. Use cutting methods least likely to damage construction to remain or adjoining construction. Use hand tools or small power tools designed for sawing or grinding, not hammering and chopping, to minimize disturbance of adjacent surfaces. Temporarily cover openings to remain.
 - 2. Cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces to avoid marring existing finished surfaces.
 - 3. Dispose of demolished items and materials promptly.
- B. Existing Facilities: Comply with building manager's requirements for using and protecting building facilities during selective demolition operations.

3.5 DISPOSAL OF DEMOLISHED MATERIALS

- A. General: Promptly dispose of demolished materials. Do not allow demolished materials to accumulate on-site.
- B. Burning: Do not burn demolished materials.
- C. Disposal: Transport demolished materials off Owner's property and legally dispose of them.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 06 10 00- ROUGH CARPENTRY

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Work Included: Rough carpentry, complete, as shown on Drawings and as specified, including:
 - 1. Miscellaneous fire-treated blocking, backing and plywood as shown.
- B. Work Specified Elsewhere:
 - 1. Section 06 41 23 Interior Architectural Woodwork.

1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. American Plywood Association (APA):
 - 1. Guide to Plywood Grades.
- B. American Wood Preservers Association (AWPA):
 - 1. C20; Structural Lumber Fire-Retardant Treatment by Pressure Process.
 - 2. C27; Plywood Fire-Retardant Treatment by Pressure Process.
 - 3. M4; Standard for the Care of Preservative-Treated Wood Products.
- C. West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau (WCLIB):
 - 1. Standard Grading Rules for West Coast lumber.
- D. Western Wood Products Association (WWPA):
 - 1. Western Lumber Grading Rules.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Comply with requirements of Section 013300 Submittal Requirements.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show specially fabricated rough hardware.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- B. Comply with latest edition of the following standards:
 - Western Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau (WCLIB) "Standard Grading Rules No. 16."
 - Western Wood Products Association (WWPA) "Grading Rules for Western

Lumber."

- American Plywood Association (APA) "Guide to Plywood Grades."
- 4. United States Product Standard (PS) "Construction and Industrial Plywood" (PS 1-74).
- 5. American Wood Preserver's Association (AWPA):
 - a. "Structural Lumber Fire-Retardant Treatment by Pressure Process" (AWPA C27-74).
 - b. "Plywood Fire-Retardant Treatment by Pressure Process" (AWPA C27-74).
- C. Grade Marks: Identify all wood materials by official grade mark.
 - Lumber: Mark each piece of lumber with grade mark WCLIB (or WWPA) or of agency certified by WCLIB (or WWPA), and accompany each mill shipment to site by certificate of inspection by WCLIB (or WWPA) and FR-S where fire treatment is required.
 - 2. Softwood Plywood: Show Type, Grade, Class and Identification Index; per APA Guide to Plywood Grades, and per requirements of NBS PS-1.
- C. Fire-Retardant Treatment:
 - 1. Fire-Retardant Treatment: UL classification FR-S.
 - 2. Obtain each type of fire-retardant treated wood products from one source for both treatment and fire-retardant formulation.
- D. Pressure treatment shall not adversely affect application, permanence, or appearance of finish paint systems.

1.5 PRODUCT HANDLING

- A. Facilities: Provide proper facilities for handling and storage of materials to prevent damage to edges, ends, and surfaces.
- B. Storage: Keep materials dry. Stack materials off ground on level flat forms, fully protected from weather.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Requirements: Maintain uniform moisture content of lumber at not more than 19 percent before, during and after installation.
- B. Sequencing and Scheduling: Coordinate details with other Work supporting, adjoining or fastening to rough carpentry Work.

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Wood (all wood shall be fire treated):
 - 1. Lumber: Douglas fir; No. 3 or construction grade per WCLIB.
 - 2. Plywood: NBS PS-1 grade structural one, C-C exterior.
 - 3. Use only material that is free of urea-formaldehyde.

B. Fasteners:

- 1. Nails: Common wire typical.
- 2. Powder-Actuated Devices (PAD): As specified in Section 050500 Metal Fasteners.
- 3. Expansion Bolts: As specified in Section 050500 Metal Fasteners.
- 4. Miscellaneous Hardware: Provide common screws, bolts, fastenings, washers and nuts, and other items required to complete rough carpentry Work.
- 5. Finish: Hot-dip galvanize fasteners for exterior work.

2.2 ROUGH HARDWARE

- A. All exterior hardware shall be hot-dipped galvanized per ASTM A-123 Standards.
 - 1. Nails:
 - a. Common wire for typical framing, blocking, etc. Box nails will not be allowed.
 - b. Annular ring common wire nails for plywood floor.
 - 2. Bolts: Hexagonal heads, Grade A conforming to ASTM A307.
 - 3. Washers: Washers for bearing against wood shall be provided under all bolt heads and nuts.
 - a. Malleable iron or steel plate having an area equal to 16 times the area of bolt or lag screw.
 - b. Steel washers shall have a thickness not less than 1/10 the length of the washer's longest side.
 - c. Malleable iron washers shall have a thickness not less than 1/2 the bolt or lag screw diameter and having a bearing surface for the nut or head equal in diameter to not less than the long diameter of the nut or head.
 - 4. Anchor Bolts: Hexagonal heads, Grade A conforming to ASTM 307, 1-

- 1/2-inch-diameter by 10 inch.
- 5. Rough Framing Connectors: KC Metal Products or approved equal. For connector type, see Drawings.
- B. Powder Driven Fasteners, Expansion Bolts and Expansion Anchors: As specified under 050500 Metal Fasteners.

2.3 FABRICATION

A. Lumber:

- 1. Moisture Content: Air- or kiln-dry to 19 percent maximum moisture content at time of surfacing.
- 2. Finish: Surfaced four sides, S4S, unless otherwise specified.
- 3. Size: Per rules of governing standard. Sizes shown are nominal unless otherwise specified.
- B. Fire-Retardant Treated Lumber and Plywood: Pressure treat rough carpentry materials per Reference Standards to obtain specified UL Classification.
 - 1. Type: Hoover Treated Wood Products, "Exterior Fire-X," or equal.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verification of Conditions: Examine areas to receive rough carpentry Work and verify following:
 - 1. Completion of installation of building components to receive rough carpentry Work.
 - 2. That spacing, direction, and details of supports are correct to accommodate installation of blocking, backing, stripping, furring, and nailers.
 - 3. That surfaces are satisfactory to receive Work. Do not commence installation until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Provide wood blocking, backing, furring, grounds, nailers, stripping, and similar items as detailed and otherwise required to anchor fixtures and equipment to be installed by other trades. Perform cutting, boring, and similar Work required. Install members true to line. Fit accurately. Secure rigidly. Provide special framing, even if not specifically shown, as required to properly complete Work.
- B. Sills or Plates on Concrete: Set in grout if surface of concrete deviates from true plane by more than 1/16-inch in 4 feet. Anchor with bolts as shown. Use two bolts minimum per piece with one bolt located between 4 inches and 8 inches

- from each end of each piece of sill.
- C. Nail Joints: Per minimum requirements of applicable code unless otherwise shown.
- D. Plywood: Sheet layout, nailing and edge-blocking as shown. Gap joints 1/16-inch. Butt joints accurately at centerlines of supporting members.

E. Fasteners:

- 1. General: Furnish and accurately locate items to be embedded in concrete. Secure such items in place before concrete is poured.
- 2. Nails: If wood tends to split, pre-drill holes three-fourths of nail diameter.
- 3. Lag Screws: Screw into place; do not hammer. Use soap or other lubricant to ease insertion. Pre-drill holes diameter of shank for unthreaded portion, two-thirds of shank diameter for threaded portion.
- 4. Bolts and Nuts: When installed, bear no more than 1/2-inch of threads on wood and allow no more than 1/2-inch of bolt to project beyond nut. Drill bolt holes 1/32-inch oversize. Tighten nuts snug when placed, and re-tighten at end of job or just before closing in.
- 5. Sheet Metal Fasteners: Nail or bolt per manufacturer's instructions. Nail or bolt holes. Use nails provided by manufacturer.

3.3 PLYWOOD BACKING FOR TELEPHONE AND ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

- A. Panels: Not less than 3/4-inch thick. Use largest sizes practicable.
- B. Joints: Tightly butt vee-joints.
- C. Finish: Slightly ease exposed edges, sandpaper smooth as required.
- D. Fastening: Secure to metal studs and backing plates with flat-head countersunk sheet metal screws at 12-inch centers at panel edges and at 16-inch centers in panel field.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 06 16 00 - SHEATHING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Wall Sheathing.
 - 2. Exterior Gypsum Soffit Board.
 - 3. Fire Retardant Plywood.
 - 4. Exterior Wall Sheathing.
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 061053 "Rough Carpentry" for plywood backing panels.
 - 2. Section 072729 "Fluid Applied Air and Vapor Barrier" for exterior weather barrier.

1.3 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Stack panels flat with spacers beneath and between each bundle to provide air circulation. Protect sheathing from weather by covering with waterproof sheeting, securely anchored. Provide for air circulation around stacks and under coverings.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: For assemblies with fire-resistance ratings, provide materials and construction identical to those of assemblies tested for fire resistance per ASTM E 119 by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

2.2 EXTERIOR GYPSUM SOFFIT BOARD:

- A. ASTM C 1396/C 1396M, with manufacturer's standard edges.
- B. Core: 5/8 inch (15.9 mm), Type X for use at all exterior applications.

2.3 FIRE-RETARDANT-TREATED PLYWOOD

- A. General: Use materials complying with requirements in this article that are acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction and with fire-test-response characteristics specified as determined by testing identical products per test method indicated by a qualified testing agency.
- B. Fire-Retardant-Treated Plywood by Pressure Process: Products with a flame-spread index of 25 or less when tested according to ASTM E 84, and with no evidence of

significant progressive combustion when the test is extended an additional 20 minutes, and with the flame front not extending more than 10.5 feet (3.2 m) beyond the centerline of the burners at any time during the test.

- 1. Use treatment that does not promote corrosion of metal fasteners.
- 2. Interior Type A: Treated materials shall have a moisture content of 28 percent or less when tested according to ASTM D 3201 at 92 percent relative humidity. Use where exterior type is not indicated. Type and Thickness: Type X, 5/8 inch thick.
- 3. Size: 48 by 96 inches.
- 4. Thickness: ½" or ¾" as indicated on the drawings.
- C. Kiln-dry material after treatment to a maximum moisture content of 15 percent. Do not use material that is warped or does not comply with requirements for untreated material.
- D. Identify fire-retardant-treated plywood with appropriate classification marking of qualified testing agency.

2.4 EXTERIOR WALL SHEATHING

- A. 7/16" OSB Board- See structural drawings for more information regarding the shear walls.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements.
 - 2. Thickness: 7/16 inch thick.
 - 3. Size: 48 by 96 inches.
 - 4. Provide air and vapor barrier at all exterior areas under the exterior finish.

2.5 FASTENERS

- A. General: Provide fasteners of size and type indicated that comply with requirements specified in this article for material and manufacture.
- B. Nails, Brads, and Staples: ASTM F 1667.
- C. Power-Driven Fasteners: NES NER-272.
- D. Wood Screws: ASME B18.6.1.
- E. Screws for Fastening Sheathing to Cold-Formed Metal Framing: Steel drill screws, in length recommended by sheathing manufacturer for thickness of sheathing to be attached, with organic-polymer or other corrosion-protective coating having a salt-spray resistance of more than 800 hours according to ASTM B 117.
 - 1. For steel framing less than 0.0329 inch thick, use screws that comply with ASTM C 1002.
 - 2. For steel framing from 0.033 to 0.112 inch thick, use screws that comply with ASTM C 954.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. Do not use materials with defects that impair quality of sheathing or pieces that are too small to use with minimum number of joints or optimum joint arrangement. Arrange joints so that pieces do not span between fewer than three support members.

- B. Cut panels at penetrations, edges, and other obstructions of work; fit tightly against abutting construction unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Securely attach to substrate by fastening as indicated, complying with the following:
 - 1. NES NER-272 for power-driven fasteners.
 - 2. Table 2304.9.1, "Fastening Schedule," in ICC's "International Building Code."
 - 3. Table R602.3(1), "Fastener Schedule for Structural Members," and Table R602.3(2), "Alternate Attachments," in ICC's "International Residential Code for One- and Two-Family Dwellings."
- D. Coordinate wall and roof sheathing installation with flashing and joint-sealant installation so these materials are installed in sequence and manner that prevent exterior moisture from passing through completed assembly.
- E. Do not bridge building expansion joints; cut and space edges of panels to match spacing of structural support elements.
- F. Coordinate sheathing installation with installation of materials installed over sheathing so sheathing is not exposed to precipitation or left exposed at end of the workday when rain is forecast.

3.2 SHEATHING INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 1. Fasten gypsum sheathing to cold-formed metal framing with screws.
 - 2. Install boards with a 3/8-inch gap where non-load-bearing construction abuts structural elements.
 - 3. Install boards with a 1/4-inch gap where they abut masonry or similar materials that might retain moisture, to prevent wicking.
- B. Apply fasteners so heads bear tightly against face of sheathing, but do not cut into facing.
- C. Horizontal Installation: Abut ends of boards over centers of studs, and stagger end joints of adjacent boards not less than one stud spacing. Attach boards at perimeter and within field of board to each steel stud.
 - 1. Space fasteners approximately 8 inches o.c. and set back a minimum of 3/8 inch from edges and ends of boards.
- D. Vertical Installation: Install board vertical edges centered over studs. Abut ends and edges of each board with those of adjacent boards. Attach boards at perimeter and within field of board to each stud.
 - 1. Space fasteners approximately 8 inches o.c. and set back a minimum of 3/8 inch from edges and ends of boards.
- E. Seal sheathing joints according to sheathing manufacturer's written instructions.
 - Apply glass-fiber sheathing tape to glass-mat gypsum sheathing joints and apply and trowel silicone emulsion sealant to embed entire face of tape in sealant. Apply sealant to exposed fasteners with a trowel so fasteners are completely covered. Seal other penetrations and openings.
- F. Provide Weather Barrier at Aluminum Wall System.
- 3.3 CEMENTITIOUS BACKER UNIT INSTALLATION
 - A. Install panels and treat joints according to ANSI A108.11 and manufacturer's written instructions for type of application indicated.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 06 41 23- INTERIOR ARCHITECTURAL WOODWORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Work Included: Provide and install new plastic laminate and solid surface countertop. All casework to be:

AWI Premium Grade. AWI certification NOT required.

- B. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Plastic-laminate cabinets- New (See floor plans)
 - 2. Plastic-laminate countertops- New (See floor plans)
 - 3. Solid-surfacing-material countertops- New (See floor plans)
- C. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 6 Section "Rough Carpentry" for wood furring, blocking, shims, and hanging strips required for installing woodwork and concealed within other construction before woodwork installation.
 - 2. Division 8 Section "Flush Wood Doors."

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Interior architectural woodwork includes wood furring, blocking, shims, and hanging strips for installing woodwork items, unless concealed within other construction before woodwork installation.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Shop Drawings: Show location of each item, dimensioned plans and elevations, large-scale details, attachment devices, and other components.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: Manufacturer's color charts consisting of units or sections of units showing the full range of colors, textures, and patterns available for each type of material indicated.
 - 1. Plastic laminates.
 - 2. Solid Surface
 - 3. Shop-applied transparent finishes.
- C. Samples for Verification:

- 1. Plastic laminates, 8 by 10 inches, for each type, color, pattern, and surface finish.
- 2. Solid-surfacing materials, 6 inches square.
- 3. Quartz materials, 6 inches square.
- 4. One sample door with required hardware.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who has completed architectural woodwork similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project and whose work has resulted in construction with a record of successful in-service performance.

B. Fabricator Qualifications:

- 1. Shop that employs skilled workers who custom-fabricate products similar to those required for this Project and whose products have a record of successful in-service performance.
- 2. Shop is a certified participant in AWI's Quality Certification
- C. Quality Standard: Unless otherwise indicated, comply with AWI's "Architectural Woodwork Quality Standards" for grades of interior architectural woodwork, construction, finishes, and other requirements.
 - 1. Provide AWI certification labels or compliance certificate indicating that woodwork complies with requirements of grades specified.
- D. Single-sourcing materials: It is the intent of the Contract Documents to single-source plastic laminate and solid surface materials specified in this section when scheduled on the drawings to assure matching of specified finishes.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Do not deliver woodwork until painting and similar operations that could damage woodwork have been completed in installation areas. If woodwork must be stored in other than installation areas, store only in areas where environmental conditions comply with requirements specified in "Project Conditions" Article.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install woodwork until building is enclosed, wet work is complete, and HVAC system is operating and maintaining temperature and relative humidity at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.
- B. Field Measurements: Where woodwork is indicated to fit to other construction, verify dimensions of other construction by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings. Coordinate fabrication schedule with construction progress to avoid delaying the Work.
 - 1. Established Dimensions: Where field measurements cannot be made without delaying the Work, establish dimensions and proceed with fabricating woodwork without field measurements. Provide allowance for trimming at site,

and coordinate construction to ensure that actual dimensions correspond to established dimensions.

1.8 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate sizes and locations of framing, blocking, furring, reinforcements, and other related units of Work specified in other Sections to ensure that interior architectural woodwork can be supported and installed as indicated.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide materials that comply with requirements of the AWI quality standard for each type of woodwork and quality grade specified, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Wood Species and Cut for Transparent Finish: (Typical at all wood panels)
 - 1. Species: See finish schedule.
 - 2. Application:
 - a. Face Panel Grade: HPVA Grade A
 - b. Color: See Finish Schedule.
- C. Wood Products: Comply with the following:
 - 1. Hardboard: AHA A135.4.
 - 2. Softwood Plywood: DOC PS 1, Medium Density Overlay.
 - 3. Hardwood Plywood and Face Veneers: HPVA HP-1.
- D. Thermoset Decorative Overlay: Particleboard complying with ANSI A208.1, Grade M-2, or medium-density fiberboard complying with ANSI A208.2, Grade MD, with surface of thermally fused, melamine-impregnated decorative paper complying with LMA SAT-
- E. High-Pressure Decorative Laminate: NEMA LD 3, grades as indicated, or if not indicated, as required by woodwork quality standard.
 - 1. Manufacturer: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide high-pressure decorative laminates by one of the following:
 - a. Wilsonart
 - b. Formica Corporation.
- F. Solid-Surfacing Material: Homogeneous solid sheets of filled plastic resin complying with ISSFA-2.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Solid Surface: See finish Schedule

- 2. Type: Standard slab type, unless Special Purpose type is indicated.
- 3. Colors and Patterns: As per finish schedule.
- G. Adhesive for Bonding Plastic Laminate: Contact cement.

H. Edge-banding:

- 1. Edge-banding for cabinet body parts shall be purified **3 mm PVC** applied with hot melt glue by automatic edge-banding equipment.
- 2. Edge-banding for door and drawer fronts shall be purified 3 mm PVC applied with hot melt glue by automatic edge-banding equipment. Edges and corners shall be rounded with a 3 mm radius and scraped free from machining or chatter marks.
- 3. Color shall match vertical laminate at cabinets or as selected by Architect from manufacturer's full color range for solids and patterns.

I. Cores:

- 1. All sides, tops, countertops, bottoms, doors, drawer fronts, and partitions shall have minimum 3/4" thick multi-core premium grade panel product cores manufactured for uses as a core material for laminated casework. Provide 1-inch thickness for bottom panel of wall hung units (same as shelves).
- 2. Shelf Cores: Shelves shall have the same core material as specified for the cabinet body except provide 3/4-inch thickness.
- 3. Multi-Core Panel Products:

Simpson Plyron, Simpson States Industries "Armorcore" True North "Multi- Core"

2.2 CABINET HARDWARE AND ACCESSORIES

- A. General: Provide cabinet hardware and accessory materials associated with architectural cabinets.
- B. Hardware Standard: Comply with BHMA A156.9 for items indicated by referencing BHMA numbers or items referenced to this standard.
- C. Frameless Concealed Hinges (European Type): BHMA A156.9, B01602, 170 degrees of opening, self-closing.
- D. Door and Drawer Pulls: Back mounted, 4 inches long, wire pull, Finish-Satin Nickel, 5/16" in diameter.
- E. Catches: Magnetic catches, BHMA A156.9, B03141.
- F. Shelf Rests: BHMA A156.9, B04013.
- G. Drawer Slides: Side-mounted, full-extension, zinc-plated steel drawer slides with steel ball bearings, BHMA A156.9, B05091, and rated for the following loads:
 - Box Drawer Slides: 100 lbf.
 Pencil Drawer Slides: 45 lbf.

- H. Door Locks: BHMA A156.11, E07121. (Typical at cabinets under sink)
- I. Drawer Locks: BHMA A156.11, E07041.
- J. Keyboard Trays: VersaTables, 24 inches wide, 14inches deep, Model KD-2414
- K. Grommets for Cable Passage through Countertops: 2-1/2-inch beige, molded-plastic grommets and matching plastic caps with slot for wire passage.
- L. Exposed Hardware Finishes: For exposed hardware, provide finish that complies with BHMA A156.18 for BHMA finish number indicated.
 - 1. Satin Chromium Plated: BHMA 652 for steel base.
- M. For concealed hardware, provide manufacturer's standard finish that complies with product class requirements in BHMA A156.9.

2.3 INSTALLATION MATERIALS

- A. Furring, Blocking, Shims, and Hanging Strips: Softwood or hardwood lumber, kiln-dried to less than 15 percent moisture content.
- B. Anchors: Select material, type, size, and finish required for each substrate for secure anchorage. Provide nonferrous-metal or hot-dip galvanized anchors and inserts on inside face of exterior walls and elsewhere as required for corrosion resistance. Provide toothed-steel or lead expansion sleeves for drilled-in-place anchors.

2.4 FABRICATION, GENERAL

- A. Interior Woodwork Grade: Provide **Premium Grade** interior woodwork complying with the referenced quality standard.
- B. Wood Moisture Content: Comply with requirements of referenced quality standard for wood moisture content in relation to ambient relative humidity during fabrication and in installation areas.
- C. Complete fabrication, including assembly, finishing, and hardware application, to maximum extent possible, before shipment to Project site. Disassemble components only as necessary for shipment and installation. Where necessary for fitting at site, provide ample allowance for scribing, trimming, and fitting.

2.5 INTERIOR STANDING AND RUNNING TRIM FOR TRANSPARENT FINISH

- A. Quality Standard: Comply with AWI Section 300.
- B. Grade: **Premium.**

2.6 PLASTIC-LAMINATE CABINETS

- A. Quality Standard: Comply with AWI Section 400 requirements for laminate cabinets.
- B. Grade: **Premium**.

- C. AWI Type of Cabinet Construction: Flush overlay.
- D. Laminate Cladding for Exposed Surfaces: High-pressure decorative laminate complying with the following requirements:
 - 1. Horizontal Surfaces Other Than Tops: HGS.
 - 2. Vertical Surfaces: HGS.
 - 3. Edges: PVC T-mold matching laminate in color, pattern, and finish.
- E. Materials for Semi-exposed Surfaces: Provide surface materials indicated below:
 - 1. Surfaces Other Than Drawer Bodies: High-pressure decorative laminate, Grade VGS.
 - 2. Drawer Sides and Backs: Melamine.
 - 3. Drawer Bottoms: Melamine
- F. Materials for Exposed Surfaces: Plastic Laminate
- G. Retain one each from three groups below or revise to suit Project.
- H. Colors, Patterns, and Finishes: Provide materials and products that result in colors and textures of exposed laminate surfaces complying with the following requirements:
 - 1. Provide Architect's selections from laminate manufacturer's full range of colors and finishes in the following categories:
 - a. Solid colors.
 - b. Patterns.

2.7 PLASTIC-LAMINATE COUNTERTOPS

- A. Quality Standard: Comply with AWI Section 400 requirements for high-pressure decorative laminate countertops.
- B. Grade: **Premium**.
- C. High-Pressure Decorative Laminate Grade: HGS.
- D. Colors, Patterns, and Finishes: Provide materials and products that result in colors and textures of exposed laminate surfaces complying with the following requirements:
 - 1. Provide Architect's selections from manufacturer's full range of colors and finishes in the following categories:
 - a. Solid colors.
 - b. Patterns.
- E. Edge Treatment: Countertop front edge shall be full bullnose type with same laminate cladding on horizontal surfaces. Side edge, that is visible, shall be finished with same laminate cladding on horizontal surfaces.
- F. Core Material: Shall be 1 1/4" thick solid plywood or high density particle board.

G. Side Splash: Provide 3/4" side splash at all locations where counter abuts perpendicular wall. Side splash shall be attached to wall but not to countertop to allow for expansion or contraction of countertop after installation.

2.8 SOLID-SURFACING-MATERIAL COUNTERTOPS

- A. Grade: Premium.
- B. Solid-Surfacing-Material Thickness: 3/4 inch.
- C. Solid-Surfacing-Quartz -Material Thickness: 2 cm.
- D. Colors, Patterns, and Finishes: Provide materials and products that result in colors of solid-surfacing material complying with the following requirements:
 - 1. Match project finish schedule. Provide Architect with sample for verification.
- E. Fabricate tops in one piece, unless otherwise indicated. Comply with solid-surfacing-material manufacturer's written recommendations for adhesives, sealers, fabrication, and finishing.
 - 1. Fabricate tops with shop-applied edges of materials and configuration indicated.
 - 2. Provide Integral back splash.
 - 3. Provide Integral side splash where countertop abuts perpendicular wall.

2.9 Wood Veneer Casework:

- 1. Applicable Standard: AWI Section 400A Wood Cabinets.
- 2. Grade: Premium.
- 3. Construction Style: Flush overlay.
- 4. Scribing: Flush with door faces and per Premium Grade regardless of specified casework grade.
- Materials:
 - a. Exposed Surfaces: Hardwood plywood.
 - b. Semi-Exposed Surfaces: Hardwood Plywood.
 - c. Edges: Wood veneer tape banding to match exposed surfaces, not less than 1/16-inch-thick.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Condition woodwork to average prevailing humidity conditions in installation areas before installation.

B. Before installing architectural woodwork, examine shop-fabricated work for completion and complete work as required, including removal of packing and backpriming.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Quality Standard: Install woodwork to comply with AWI Section 1700 for the same grade specified in Part 2 of this Section for type of woodwork involved.
- B. Install woodwork level, plumb, true, and straight. Shim as required with concealed shims. Install level and plumb (including tops) to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 96 inches.
- C. Scribe and cut woodwork to fit adjoining work, and refinish cut surfaces and repair damaged finish at cuts.
- D. Anchor woodwork to anchors or blocking built in or directly attached to substrates. Secure with countersunk, concealed fasteners and blind nailing as required for complete installation.
- E. Standing and Running Trim: Install with minimum number of joints possible, using full-length pieces (from maximum length of lumber available) to greatest extent possible. Do not use pieces less than 36 inches long, except where shorter single-length pieces are necessary.
- F. Cabinets: Install without distortion so doors and drawers fit openings properly and are accurately aligned. Adjust hardware to center doors and drawers in openings and to provide unencumbered operation. Complete installation of hardware and accessory items as indicated.
 - 1. Install cabinets with no more than 1/8 inch in 96-inch sag, bow, or other variation from a straight line.
 - 2. Fasten wall cabinets through back, near top and bottom, at ends and not more than 16 inches o.c. with No. 10 wafer-head screws sized for 1-inch penetration into wood framing, blocking, or hanging strips.
- G. Countertops: Anchor securely by screwing through corner blocks of base cabinets or other supports into underside of countertop.
 - 1. Install countertops with no more than 1/8 inch in 96-inch sag, bow, or other variation from a straight line.
 - 2. Secure backsplashes to tops and to walls.
 - 3. Calk space between backsplash and wall with sealant specified in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."
 - 4. Cut circular openings in countertop for electrical cord access below countertop. Provide a grommet around opening for finish appearance. Color of grommet to match countertop. The number of openings required will be determined by the Owner but will not exceed 250.
 - 5. Cut openings in countertops for the installation of grilles as indicated on the drawings and as approved by Architect.
 - 6. Provide full bullnose edge, Typical

3.3 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

A. Repair damaged and defective woodwork, where possible, to eliminate functional and visual defects; where not possible to repair, replace woodwork. Adjust joinery for uniform appearance.

- B. Clean, lubricate, and adjust hardware.
- C. Clean woodwork on exposed and semi-exposed surfaces. Touch up shop-applied finishes to restore damaged or soiled areas. END OF SECTION

SECTION 07 21 00- BUILDING INSULATION

PART 1 -

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Furnish labor, materials, tools, equipment, and services for Building Insulation in accordance with provisions of Contract Documents.
- B. Completely coordinate with work of other trades.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. ASTM International (ASTM):

- 1. ASTM C518 Standard Test Method for Steady-State Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Heat Flow Meter Apparatus.
- 2. ASTM C665 Standard Specification for Mineral-Fiber Blanket Thermal Insulation for Light Frame Construction and Manufactured Housing.
- 3. ASTM C578 Standard Specification for Rigid, Cellular Polystyrene Thermal Insulation.
- 4. ASTM C739 Standard Specification for Cellulosic Fiber Loose-Fill Thermal Insulation.
- 5. ASTM C1289
- 6. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials.
- 7. ASTM E90 Standard Test Method for Laboratory Measurement of Airborne Sound Transmission Loss of Building Partitions and Elements.
- 8. ASTM E119 Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials.
- 9. ASTM E136 Standard Test Method for Behavior of Materials in a Vertical Tube Furnace at 750°C.
- B. Insulation value exterior walls: R-19.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data:

1. Manufacturers' product data sheets, details and installation instructions including components and accessories, indicating product is in compliance with specifications.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS

- A. Rigid Board Insulation Extruded Polystyrene (XPS):
 - 1. Base:
 - a. Dow Chemical.
 - 2. Optional:
 - a. Pactiv Building Products.
 - b. Owens-Corning.

B. Insulated Drainage Board:

- 1. Base:
 - a. Dow Chemical.
- 2. Optional:

- a. Owens-Corning.
- C. Polyisocynurate Board Insulation
 - 1. Base:
 - a. Hunter Panels
 - 2. Optional:
 - a. Apache Products Company
 - b. Johns Manville.
 - c. Celotex Coorporation
 - d. Atlas Energy Shield PRO
- D. Mineral Fiber Spandrel Insulation:
 - 1. Base:
 - a. Thermafiber.
 - 2. Optional:
 - a. Owens-Corning.
 - b. Industrial Insulations Group.
- E. Fiberglass Batt Insulation:
 - 1. Base:
 - a. Owens-Corning.
 - 2. Optional:
 - a. CertainTeed
 - b. Johns Manville.
 - c. Knauf Insulation.
- F. Vapor Retarder (VR):
 - 1. Base:
 - a. Griffolyn, Reef Industries.
 - 2. Optional:
 - a. Lamtec.
- G. Other Materials:
 - 1. Base:
 - a. As indicated.
- H. Other manufacturers desiring approval comply with Section 00 26 00.

2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Rigid Board Insulation Extruded Polystyrene Foam (XPS): (Perimeter Insulation below grade)
 - 1. Minimum Compressive Strength:
 - a. 25 PSI. (type IV)
 - 2. Minimum Surface Burning Characteristics per IBC, ASTM E84 and NFPA 268:
 - a. Flame Spread: 25 or less.
 - b. Smoke Developed: less than 450.
 - c. No ignition from radiant heat source.
 - 3. Water vapor permeance per ASTM E96:
 - a. 1.50 perm, maximum.
 - 4. Water absorption per ASTM D2842:
 - a. 0.3 percent, maximum.
 - 5. Thermal resistance per ASTM C518:
 - a. R-value of 5.0 per inch at 75 DegF mean temperature.
 - 6. Base Product:

- a. Styrofoam by Dow.
- 7. Optional:
 - a. GreenGuard by Pactiv Corporation.
 - b. Foamular by Owens Corning.
- 8. Minimum thickness: 2 IN or as otherwise shown or required.
- 9. Adhesives for adhering polystyrene insulation: As recommended by insulation manufacturer.
- B. Foil Faced, Polyisocyanurate Board Insulation: (exterior insulation above grade)
- 1. Polyisocyanurate wall insulation..
- 2. UL listed for assembly indicated.
- 3. Rigid, closed cell foam core bonded to impermeable foil facing material.
- 4. ASTM C1289 Type I, Class 1.
- 5. R-value: 6.5 per inch in accordance with ASTM C1303, CAN/ULC \$770.
- 6. Compressive Strength: 20 PSI minimum per ASTM D1621, Grade 2.
- 7. Dimensional Stability: 2 percent maximum linear change in seven days per ASTM D2126.
- 8. Base Product: Hunter Panels Xci Foil (Class A).
- 9. Thickness: 2.5 Inch (Total Design R-Value 19.40)

В.

- C. Mineral Fiber Spandrel Insulation:
 - 1. Foil-faced, non-combustible, water repellant, semi-rigid mineral wool insulation board.
 - a. Tape seams with vapor retarder tape.
 - 2. Nominal Density: 8 PCF.
 - 3. Minimum Thermal Value: R4 per IN.
 - 4. Thickness:
 - a. 3 IN.
 - 5. Use a lesser thickness, where required, to maintain 1 IN clearance between back of glass unit and face of spandrel insulation.
 - 6. Flame spread not to exceed 25 when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.
 - 7. Smoke developed not to exceed 50 when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.
 - 8. Base Product:
 - a. Firespan 90 Curtainwall insulation, Thermafiber.

- 9. Mechanical fasteners; impaling clips/pins:
 - a. Pronged hangers and slotted washers or arrow pointed hangers.
 - b. Size pins to fit insulation thickness.
 - c. Base Product: GEMCO as manufactured by Goodloe E. Moore.
 - 1) Gemco pronged hanger with WP washer.
 - d. Optional: Stic-Klip Manufacturing.
- D. Unfaced Fiberglass Batt Insulation:
 - 1. Inorganic fibers and resinous binders formed into flexible blankets or semi-rigid sheets.
 - 2. Un-faced, Type I in accordance with ASTM C665.
 - 3. Minimum Surface Burning Characteristics per ASTM E84: Flame Spread: <25; Smoke Developed: <50.
 - 4. Combustion characteristics: Noncombustible; unfaced per ASTM E136.

- 5. Manufactured without urea-formaldehyde binders.
- 6. Nominal Thickness / Thermal Resistance Value, measured at 75 DegF:
 - a. Nominal Thickness: 6-1/2 IN / R-19.
- E. Sheet metal vapor retarder:
 - 1. Minimum 24 GA galvanized steel sheet metal.
 - a. Continuous taping flange.
 - b. Size: As required.
 - c. Profile: As required.
 - 2. Provide at interface of vapor retarder and steel structure adjacent to the exterior wall.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSPECTION

- A. Verify suitability of substrate to accept installation.
- B. Installation indicates acceptance of responsibility for performance.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. General:

- 1. Insulate full thickness over surfaces to be insulated.
- 2. Fit tightly around obstructions, fill voids.
- 3. Cover penetrations with insulation.
- 4. Comply with manufacturer's instructions for installation unless more stringent requirements are specified.
- 5. If manufacturer's instructions are not available, or not applicable, consult manufacturer's technical representative for specific recommendations prior to installation.
- 6. Apply rigid insulation over 2 IN thickness in double layer with staggered joints to achieve total thickness.
- 7. Do not use broken or torn pieces of insulation.
- 8. Provide minimum cover of 5/8 IN type X gypsum wallboard over exposed foam surfaces.
- B. Rigid Board Insulation (XPS) at foundations:
 - 1. Extend down for distance indicated in one layer.
 - a. If not indicated, extend down to design frost line.
 - 2. Install in mastic with tight joints on walls.
 - 3. Protect from damage and/or displacement during backfilling.
 - 4. Do not apply to exterior, exposed portions of foundation.

C. Polyisocyanurate Foam Insulation at exterior Cavity Walls

- 1. Verify vapor retarder and moisture barrier installation is complete.
- 2. Comply with manufacturer's directions for particular conditions of installation.
- 3. Extend insulation full thickness in one layer over entire area to be insulated.
- 4. Install insulation over 2.5 IN thick in multiple layers. Stagger joints.
- 5. Adhere insulation to sheathing per insulation manufacturer's recommendations. Tape Joints
- 6. Cut and fill tightly around penetrating elements and abutting construction.
- 7. Seal unavoidable joints at penetrations and voids with polyurethane spray foam insulation to maintain R-value.

- 8. Tape joints.
- D Un-Faced Batt Insulation at exterior Stud Wall systems:
 - 1. General:
 - a. This Article describes a system of un-faced fiberglass batts which are friction-fit between the stud framing members, and a subsequent installation of sheet vapor retarder over the face of framing.
 - 1) Batts which are pre-faced with Vapor Retarder are not acceptable.
 - b. Position vapor retarder over inside face of framing.
 - 2. Installing Batts:
 - a. Friction fit un-faced batts between studs.
 - b. Tightly butt ends.
 - c. Where specified thickness of batts is less than the depth of framing, install retaining devices to prevent sagging.

END OF SECTION

	END OF GEOMOTY

SECTION 07 84 00 - FIRESTOPPING

Part 1 - GENERAL

1.1 Summary

- A. Furnish labor, materials, tools, equipment, and services for Firestopping, in accordance with provisions of Contract Documents.
- B. Completely coordinate with work of other trades.

1.2 Quality Assurance

- A. Installer Qualifications:
 - 1. Certified, licensed or approved by firestopping manufacturer, trained to install firestop products per specified requirements.
 - 2. Licensed by State or local authority, where applicable.
 - 3. Shown to have successfully completed not less than five (5) comparable scale projects.
- B. Provide firestop systems in compliance with following requirements:
 - 1. Obtain firestop system for each type of penetration and construction condition from a single firestop systems manufacturer.
 - 2. Firestop products and systems shall bear classification marking of qualified testing and inspection agency.
 - 3. Firestopping tests, performed by qualified, testing and inspection agency.
 - a. UL or other agency, performing testing and follow-up inspection services for firestop systems, acceptable to local authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 4. Existing applications for which no tested and listed classified system is available through a manufacturer:
 - a. Provide Engineering Judgment or Equivalent Fire Resistance Rated Assembly (EFRRA) for submittal derived from similar UL system designs or other tests approved by local authorities having jurisdiction, prior to installation.
 - b. Engineering judgment drawings must follow requirements set forth by International Firestop Council.
 - 5. Inspect applied firestopping systems in accordance with International Building Code (IBC) Chapter 17.
 - a. Inspections shall be performed by an FMG 4991 Approved Specialty Contractor/UL Qualified Firestop Contractor and/or ASTM E2174 and ASTM E2393.
 - b. See Section 01 45 23.
 - 6. FM Approved in accordance with FM Standard 4991 Approval of Firestop Contractors.
 - 7. UL Qualified Firestop Contractor.
- C. Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL):
 - 1. UL 263, Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials
 - 2. UL 723, Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials
 - 3. UL 1479, Fire Tests of Through Penetration Firestops
 - 4. UL 2079, Tests for Fire Resistance of Building Joint Systems
- D. ASTM International (ASTM):
 - 1. ASTM E84 Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials
 - 2. ASTM E119 Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials
 - 3. ASTM E136 Test Method for Behavior of Materials in a Vertical Tube Furnace at 750F

- 4. ASTM E814 Fire Tests of Through Penetration Fire Stops
- 5. ASTM E1399 Cyclic Movement and Measuring the Minimum and Maximum Joint Widths of Architectural Joint Systems
- 6. ASTM E1966 Test Method for Fire Resistive Joint Systems
- 7. ASTM E2174 Standard Practice for On-site Inspection of Installed Fire Stops
- 8. ASTM E2307 Standard Test Method for Determining the Fire Endurance of Perimeter Fire Barrier Systems Using the Intermediate-Scale, Multi Story Test Apparatus (ISMA)
- 9. ASTM E2393 Standard Practice for On-site Inspection of Installed Fire Resistive Joint Systems and Perimeter Fire Barriers
- 10. ASTM G21 Standard Practice for Determining Resistance of Synthetic Polymeric Materials to Fungi
- E. Building Code as locally adopted and amended.
- F. Underwriters Laboratories (UL) Fire Resistance Directory:
 - 1. Through Penetration Firestop Systems (XHEZ).
 - 2. Joint Systems (XHBN).
 - 3. Fill, Void or Cavity Materials (XHHW).
 - 4. Firestop Devices (XHJI).
 - 5. Forming Materials (XHKU).
 - 6. Wall Opening Protective Materials (CLIV).
- G. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):
 - 1. NFPA 70: National Electrical Code
 - 2. NFPA 101: Life Safety Code
 - 3. NFPA 22: Standard for High Challenge Fire Walls, Fire Walls, and Fire Barrier Walls
 - 4. NFPA 251: Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials
- H. Firestop Contractors International Association (FCIA): MOP FCIA Firestop Manual of Practice
- I. International Firestop Council (IFC):
 - 1. Recommended IFC Guidelines for Evaluating Firestop Engineering Judgments, latest revision.
 - 2. Inspectors Field Pocket Guide, latest edition.
- J. Identification Labels for Firestop Assemblies:
 - 1. Follow guidelines set in Chapter 7 of International Building Code.
 - 2. Coordinate with Section 04 22 00 and Section 09 29 00.
 - 3. Label penetration on both sides of wall or slab.
 - 4. Label each penetration or group of similar penetrations with a permanent label marked with the following information:
 - a. UL system number.
 - b. Rating.
 - c. Products used.
 - d. Installation date.
 - e. Installer name.
 - f. Penetration reference number unique to each location.
- K. Pipe insulation shall not be removed, cut away or otherwise interrupted through wall or floor openings.
 - 1. Provide products appropriately tested for the thickness and type of insulation utilized.
- L. Cabling where frequent cable moves, add-ons, and changes are likely to occur in future:
 - 1. Where cable trays are used:
 - a. Utilize re-enterable products (e.g. removable intumescent pillows) specifically designed for retrofit.

- 2. Where cable trays are not used:
 - a. Utilize fire-rated cable pathway devices.
 - b. Where not practical, re-enterable products designed for retrofit may be used.
- M. Protect penetrations passing through fire-resistance rated floor-ceiling assemblies contained within chase wall assemblies with products tested by being fully exposed to fire outside of chase wall.
 - 1. Identify systems within UL Fire Resistance Directory with the words: Chase Wall Optional.
- N. Fire Resistive Joint Sealant:
 - 1. Provide flexible fire-resistive joint sealants to accommodate normal and thermal building movement without seal damage.
 - 2. Provide fire-resistive joint sealants designed to accommodate a specific range of movement.
 - Test in accordance with cyclic movement test criteria as outlined in: ASTM E1399, ASTM E1966 or UL 2079.
 - 3. Provide fire-resistive joint systems subjected to an air leakage test.
 - a. Conduct in accordance with UL 2079, with published L-Ratings for ambient and elevated temperatures, as evidence of ability of fire-resistive joint system to restrict movement of smoke.
 - 4. Coordinate firestopping with acoustical sealant requirements in Section 07 92 16.
- O. Subject smoke wall containment systems to air leakage test.
 - 1. Conduct in accordance with UL 1479, with published L-Ratings for ambient and elevated temperatures, as evidence of ability of fire-resistive joint system to restrict movement of smoke.
- P. System Description:
 - 1. Through Penetration Firestop Systems for protection of penetrations through following fire-resistance rated assemblies, including both blank openings and openings containing penetrating items:
 - a. Roof assemblies.
 - b. Floor assemblies.
 - c. Wall and partition assemblies.
 - d. Fire-rated smoke barrier assemblies.
 - e. Existing, fire and smoke-rated assemblies.
 - f. Construction enclosing compartmentalized areas.
 - 2. Fire Resistive Joint Assemblies for linear voids where fire-rated floor, roof, or wall assemblies abut one another, including following types of joints:
 - a. Top and bottom of wall interface with overhead roof or floor structure:
 - 1) Coordinate with acoustical sealant specified in Section 09 29 00.
 - 2) Select products to maintain acoustical, smoke and fire ratings indicated.
 - b. Non-Fire Rated Expansion Joints: Specified in Section 07 95 13.
 - c. Fire Rated Expansion Joints: Specified in Section 07 95 13.
- Q. LEED Requirements:
 - 1. Refer to Section 01 81 16, LEED HC v2009 Requirements, for additional performance requirements that may apply to products specified in this section.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Manufacturer's standard information indicating certification of products proposed for use on project.
- B. Project Information: UL reports with illustration of systems, system numbers, temperature ratings, and products proposed for use on project.
- C. Contract Closeout Information:

- 1. Warranty.
- 2. Electronic file of project firestopping documentation.
- LEED Information: IEQ 4.1, Low-Emitting Materials, Adhesives and Sealants:
 Manufacturer's product data for construction adhesives and sealants including VOC content.

1.4 warranty

A. Written five (5) year warranty guaranteeing quality of installation and meeting requirements of manufacturer's written instructions and tested systems.

Part 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.1 Acceptable manufacturers
 - A. Firestopping:
 - 1. Base:
 - a. 3M Firestopping Products.
 - B. Forming Materials:
 - 1. Base:
 - a. 3M Firestopping Products.
 - C. Other manufacturers desiring approval, comply with Section 00 26 00.
 - 1. See systems Volume 2 of UL Building Materials Directory.

2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Through Penetration Firestop Systems:
 - 1. VOC content not to exceed 250 g/L
 - 2. Base Products:
 - a. FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant.
 - b. CP 604 Self-leveling Firestop Sealant.
 - c. CP 620 Fire Foam.
 - d. CP 606 Flexible Firestop Sealant.
 - e. CP 601S Elastomeric Firestop Sealant.
- B. Fire-resistive Joints:
 - 1. VOC content not to exceed 250 g/L
 - 2. Base Products:
 - a. CFS-SP WB Firestop Joint Spray.
 - b. CP 601S Elastomeric Firestop Sealant.
 - c. CP 606 Flexible Firestop Sealant.
 - d. CP 604 Self-leveling Firestop Sealant.
- C. Firestop Devices:
 - 1. Factory-assembled collars lined with intumescent material sized to fit specific outside diameter of penetrating item.
 - 2. Base Products:
 - a. CP 680-P Cast-in-Place Firestop Device.
 - b. CP 680-M Cast-in-Place Firestop Device.
 - c. CP 681 Tub Box Kit.
 - d. CFS-DID Firestop Device.
- D. Intumescent Pads, Wall Opening Protective Materials:
 - 1. Intumescent, non-curing pads or inserts for protection of electrical panels, switch and receptacle boxes, medical gas outlets and valve boxes and other items recessed in face of fire rated walls.

Intermountain Health Riverton Hospital L&D Upgrade

2. Base Product:

- a. CFS-P PA Firestop Putty Pad.
- b. CP 617 Firestop Putty Pad.
- c. Hilti Biox Insert.

E. Fire-rated Cable Pathways:

1. Usage:

- a. Cables passing through fire-rated floors or walls shall pass through fire-rated cable pathway devices made from an intumescent material that adjusts automatically to cable additions or subtractions.
- 2. Product description and requirements:
 - a. Pathway device modules comprised of steel raceway and intumescent pads with adjustable smoke seal sleeve.
 - b. F-Rating equal to the rating of barrier the device penetrates.
 - c. Pathway devices shall be capable of allowing a 0 to 100 percent fill of cables.
 - d. Size to accommodate quantity and size of electrical wires and data cables indicated plus 100 percent expansion.
 - e. Provide wire devices with steel wall plates allowing for single or multiple devices ganged together without requiring additional wall structure framing.
- 3. Base product:
 - a. CP 653 Speed Sleeve.
 - 1) Use in conjunction with CFS-SL GP when more than one device is required.
 - b. CFS-CC Firestop Cable Collar.

F. Firestop Putty:

- 1. Intumescent, non-hardening, water resistant putties containing no solvents, inorganic fibers or silicone compounds.
- 2. Firestop putty shall be provided and installed at, but not limited to, the gap between wire, cabling, or both, exiting an open end of conduit, where conduit penetrates one or both sides of a smoke or fire rated wall assembly.
- 3. Base products:
 - a. CP 618 Firestop Putty Stick.
 - b. CFS-PL Firestop Plug.

G. Wrap Strips:

- 1. Single component intumescent elastomeric strips faced on both sides with a plastic film:
- 2. Base Products:
 - a. CP 643N Firestop Collar.
 - b. CP 644 Firestop Collar.
 - c. CP 648E/648S Wrap Strips.

H. Firestop Blocks:

- 1. Re-enterable, non-curing, intumescent flexible block.
- 2. Base products:
 - a. CFS-BL Fire Block.
 - b. CFS-PL Firestop Plug.

I. Mortar:

- 1. Portland cement based dry-mix product formulated for mixing with water at Project site to form a non-shrinking, water-resistant, homogenous mortar.
- 2. Base product:
 - a. CP 637 Firestop Mortar.

J. Silicone Sealants:

- 1. Moisture curing, single component, silicone elastomeric sealant for horizontal surfaces pourable or nonsag or vertical surface nonsag.
- 2. Base product:

- a. CP 601S Elastomeric Firestop Sealant.
- b. CP 604 Self LevelingSilicone Firestop Sealant.
- c. CFS-SIL SL Self Leveling Silicone Firestop Sealant.

K. Pre-formed mineral wool:

- 1. CP 767 Speed Strips
- 2. CP 777 Speed Plugs

L. Fire Sealant:

- 1. Single component latex or acrylic formulations that upon cure do not re-emulsify during exposure to moisture.
 - a. CP 601S Elastic Firestop Sealant.
 - b. CP 606 Fire Resistant Joint Filler.
 - c. CP 672 Firestop Joint Spray.
 - d. CFS-SP WB Firestop Joint Spray.
- 2. VOC content of sealants shall be no greater than 250 g/L.
- 3. VOC content of sealants shall be no greater than 250 g/L.
- 4. Adhesives and sealants shall contain no carcinogen or reproductive toxicant components present at more than 1 percent of total mass of the product as defined in the California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment's (OEHHA) list entitled, Chemicals Known to the State to Cause Cancer, or the Reproductive Toxicity, Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65).

M. Composite Sheet:

- 1. Non-curing, re-penetrable material.
- 2. Base Products:
 - a. CP 675T Firestop Board.
 - b. CFS-BL FireBlock.

N. Forming Materials:

- 1. Materials listed as components in laboratory-approved designs.
- 2. Mineral Wool:
 - a. Base Product: CP 767 Speed Strip
 - b. Similar product specifically named as components in laboratory-approved designs.
- O. Perimeter Fire Containment: Specified in Section 07 84 53.
- P. Acoustical Sealant: Specified in Section 07 92 16.

2.3 THROUGH PENETRATION FIRESTOP SYSTEMS

A. General:

- 1. Schedules below identify requirements for acceptable through penetration firestop systems based on barrier type, fire-resistive rating, and penetrant type. Each system must comply with building code and fire code as locally adopted and amended.
- 2. Requirements for single-membrane penetrations and through penetration firestops are identical. Unless otherwise noted, penetrants which pass through a single membrane, shall be treated the same as if it passed through the entire fire-resistive assembly.
- 3. Select each firestop system based on actual field conditions, including penetration type, shape, size, quantities and physical position within opening.
- 4. Refer to Plans for indication of the required ratings of fire-resistive wall, floor, and roof assemblies.
- 5. Indicated ratings are minimum and may be exceeded.
- 6. Firestop Assemblies at Fire-Rated Walls:

- a. The minimum Fire (F) Rating for Firestop assemblies in walls shall equal that of the wall, but not less than 1-HR.
- b. The minimum Temperature (T) Rating of Firestop assemblies in walls may equal zero.
- c. Smoke Barrier: In addition to (F) Rating, (L) Rating of maximum 5 CFM per SF.
- d. Non-rated walls and Smoke-Partitions with no fire-resistive requirement: Assembly with (L) rating.
- 7. Firestop assemblies at fire-rated floors and roofs:
 - a. Minimum Fire (F) and Temperature (T) Ratings of Firestop assemblies used in floors or roof shall equal hourly rating of floor or roof being penetrated, but not less than 1-HR.
 - 1) Exception 1: The T-rating may equal zero when portion of penetration, above or below floor, is contained within a wall.
 - 2) Exception 2: Firestops are not required for floor penetrations within a 2-hour rated shaft enclosure.
- B. Voids in wall with no penetrations:
 - 1. Fill with approved through penetration firestopping system.
 - 2. Contractor's option: Patch void in wall with like construction.
- C. Penetrating Ducts with Dampers:
 - 1. Utilize only firestop materials which are included in damper's classification.
 - 2. Do not install firestop systems that hamper performance of fire dampers.
- D. Cable Trays and similar devices:
 - Provide re-enterable products specifically designed for removal and re-installation at openings within walls and floors designed to accommodate voice, data and video cabling.
- E. Electrical panels and devices, medical gas outlets and valve boxes, film illuminators, and other items recessed in to face of rated walls:
 - Where electrical devices are placed on opposite sides of wall, and are less than 24 IN
 apart measured horizontally, install intumescent pads over back of devices in approved
 manner or maintain continuity of rated barrier within wall cavity surrounding recessed
 item.

2.4 FIRE-RESISTIVE JOINT ASSEMBLIES – GENERAL

A. General:

1. Where joint will be exposed to elements, fire-resistive joint sealant must be approved by manufacturer for use in exterior applications and shall comply with ASTM C920.

B. Head-of-Wall Assemblies:

- 1. General:
 - a. Use at top of fire-rated and smoke barrier walls and partitions where they abut floor and roof structures above.
 - b. Select systems with D designation, rated for dynamic movement capability.
 - c. Select systems that can accommodate deflection of structure above.
 - d. Maximum Leakage for Fire-resistive Joints in Smoke Barriers: 5 CFM or less per linear foot as tested in accordance with UL 2079.
 - e. Seal non-fire-rated sound-control walls and smoke partitions with acoustical sealant as specified in Section 07 92 16.
- 2. Minimum F and T ratings:
 - a. The minimum fire rating for firestop assemblies in walls shall equal that of wall, but not less than 1-HR.
 - b. The minimum temperature rating of firestop assemblies in walls may equal zero.
- 3. Acceptable Systems:

- a. Metal stud and drywall partitions: Select system from UL HW-D-0000 Series.
- b. Concrete and Masonry Walls: Select system from UL HW-D-1000 Series.

Part 3 - FXFCUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Examine areas and conditions under which work is to be performed and identify conditions detrimental to proper or timely completion.
- B. Surfaces to which firestop materials will be applied shall be free of dirt, grease, oil, scale, laitance, rust, release agents, water repellents, and any other substances that may inhibit optimum adhesion.
- C. Provide masking and temporary covering to prevent soiling of adjacent surfaces by firestopping materials.
- D. Do not proceed until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 Installation

A. General:

- Install firestop systems in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and conditions of testing and classification as specified in UL or other acceptable third-party testing agency listing.
- 2. Penetrations through fire-resistive floor assemblies shall be sealed with firestop system providing minimum Class 1 W-rating as tested in accordance with UL 1479 and ensure air and water resistant seal.
- 3. Protect materials from damage on surfaces subjected to traffic.

B. Identification Labels:

- 1. Identify each firestop assembly as defined in Quality Assurance.
- 2. Do not locate identification labels, tags, or both, on finished surfaces or where exposed to view by public.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Owner shall engage a qualified independent inspection agency to inspect firestop systems in accordance with ASTM E2174, Standard Practice for On-site Inspection of Installed Fire Stops, and ASTM E2393, Standard Practice for On-Site Inspection of Installed Fire Resistive Joint Systems and Perimeter Fire Barriers.
- B. Construct mock-up on-site to include typical through penetration and fire-resistive joint applications for project.
- C. Maintain areas of work accessible until inspection by authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. Where deficiencies are found, repair or replace assemblies to comply with requirements.

3.4 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Remove equipment, materials and debris, leaving area in undamaged, clean condition.
- B. Clean surfaces adjacent to sealed openings free of excess materials and soiling as work progresses.
- C. Perform patching and repair of firestopping systems damaged by other trades.

END OF SECTION

Intermountain Health Riverton Hospital L&D Upgrade

SECTION 07 92 00 - JOINT SEALANTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes sealants for the following applications, including those specified by reference to this Section:
 - 1. Exterior joints in the following vertical surfaces and nontraffic horizontal surfaces:
 - a. Perimeter joints between materials listed above and frames of doors and windows.
 - 2. Exterior joints in the following horizontal traffic surfaces:
 - a. Control, expansion, and isolation joints in cast-in-place concrete slabs.
 - 3. Interior joints in the following vertical surfaces and horizontal nontraffic surfaces:
 - a. Vertical control joints on exposed surfaces of interior unit masonry and concrete walls and partitions.
 - b. Perimeter joints between interior wall surfaces and frames of interior doors, windows, and elevator entrances.
 - c. Joints between plumbing fixtures and adjoining walls, floors, and counters.
 - d. Other joints as indicated.

1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Provide elastomeric joint sealants that establish and maintain watertight and airtight continuous joint seals without staining or deteriorating joint substrates.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each joint-sealant product indicated.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver materials to Project site in original unopened containers or bundles with labels indicating manufacturer, product name and designation, color, expiration date, pot life, curing time, and mixing instructions for multicomponent materials.

B. Store and handle materials in compliance with manufacturer's written instructions to prevent their deterioration or damage due to moisture, high or low temperatures, contaminants, or other causes.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants under the following conditions:
 - 1. When ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by joint sealant manufacturer.
- B. Joint-Width Conditions: Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants where joint widths are less than those allowed by joint sealant manufacturer for applications indicated.
- C. Joint-Substrate Conditions: Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants until contaminants capable of interfering with adhesion are removed from joint substrates.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PRODUCTS AND MANUFACTURERS

A. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products indicated for each type in the sealant schedules at the end of Part 3.

2.2 MATERIALS, GENERAL

- A. Compatibility: Provide joint sealants, backings, and other related materials that are compatible with one another and with joint substrates under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by sealant manufacturer based on testing and field experience.
- B. Colors of Exposed Joint Sealants: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range for this characteristic.

2.3 ELASTOMERIC JOINT SEALANTS

A. Elastomeric Sealant Standard: Comply with ASTM C 920 and other requirements indicated for each liquid-applied chemically curing sealant in the Elastomeric Joint-Sealant Schedule at the end of Part 3, including those referencing ASTM C 920 classifications for type, grade, class, and uses.

2.4 ACOUSTICAL JOINT SEALANTS

A. Acoustical Sealant for Exposed and Concealed Joints: For each product of this description indicated in the Acoustical Joint-Sealant Schedule at the end of Part 3, provide manufacturer's standard nonsag, paintable, nonstaining latex sealant complying with ASTM C 834 and the following: 1. Product effectively reduces airborne sound transmission through perimeter joints and openings in building construction as demonstrated by testing representative assemblies according to ASTM E 90.

2.5 JOINT-SEALANT BACKING

A. General: Provide sealant backings of material and type that are nonstaining; are compatible with joint substrates, sealants, primers, and other joint fillers; and are approved for applications indicated by sealant manufacturer based on field experience and laboratory testing.

2.6 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Primer: Material recommended by joint sealant manufacturer where required for adhesion of sealant to joint substrates indicated, as determined from preconstruction joint-sealant-substrate tests and field tests.
- B. Cleaners for Nonporous Surfaces: Chemical cleaners acceptable to manufacturers of sealants and sealant backing materials, free of oily residues or other substances capable of staining or harming joint substrates and adjacent nonporous surfaces in any way, and formulated to promote optimum adhesion of sealants with joint substrates.
- C. Masking Tape: Nonstaining, nonabsorbent material compatible with joint sealants and surfaces adjacent to joints.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine joints indicated to receive joint sealants, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for joint configuration, installation tolerances, and other conditions affecting joint-sealant performance.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Surface Cleaning of Joints: Clean out joints immediately before installing joint sealants to comply with joint sealant manufacturer's written instructions and the following requirements:
 - Remove all foreign material from joint substrates that could interfere with adhesion of joint sealant, including dust, paints (except for permanent, protective coatings tested and approved for sealant adhesion and compatibility by sealant manufacturer), old joint sealants, oil, grease, waterproofing, water repellents, water, surface dirt, and frost.
 - 2. Clean porous joint substrate surfaces by brushing, grinding, blast cleaning, mechanical abrading, or a combination of these methods to produce a clean, sound substrate capable of developing optimum bond with joint sealants. Re

move loose particles remaining from above cleaning operations by vacuuming or blowing out joints with oil-free compressed air. Porous joint surfaces include the following:

- a. Concrete.
- b. Masonry.
- c. Unglazed surfaces of ceramic tile.
- 3. Remove laitance and form-release agents from concrete.
- B. Joint Priming: Prime joint substrates where recommended in writing by joint sealant manufacturer, based on preconstruction joint-sealant-substrate tests or prior experience. Apply primer to comply with joint sealant manufacturer's written instructions. Confine primers to areas of joint-sealant bond; do not allow spillage or migration onto adjoining surfaces.
- C. Masking Tape: Use masking tape where required to prevent contact of sealant with adjoining surfaces that otherwise would be permanently stained or damaged by such contact or by cleaning methods required to remove sealant smears. Remove tape immediately after tooling without disturbing joint seal.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF JOINT SEALANTS

- A. General: Comply with joint sealant manufacturer's written installation instructions for products and applications indicated, unless more stringent requirements apply.
- B. Sealant Installation Standard: Comply with recommendations of ASTM C 1193 for use of joint sealants as applicable to materials, applications, and conditions indicated.
- C. Acoustical Sealant Application Standard: Comply with recommendations of ASTM C 919 for use of joint sealants in acoustical applications as applicable to materials, applications, and conditions indicated.
- D. Install sealant backings of type indicated to support sealants during application and at position required to produce cross-sectional shapes and depths of installed sealants relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.
- E. Install bond-breaker tape behind sealants where sealant backings are not used between sealants and back of joints.
- F. Install sealants by proven techniques to comply with the following and at the same time backings are installed:
 - 1. Place sealants so they directly contact and fully wet joint substrates.
 - 2. Completely fill recesses provided for each joint configuration.
 - 3. Produce uniform, cross-sectional shapes and depths relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.
- G. Tooling of Nonsag Sealants: Immediately after sealant application and before skinning or curing begins, tool sealants according to requirements specified below to form smooth, uniform beads of configuration indicated; to eliminate air pockets; and to ensure contact and adhesion of sealant with sides of joint.

- 1. Remove excess sealants from surfaces adjacent to joint.
- 2. Use tooling agents that are approved in writing by sealant manufacturer and that do not discolor sealants or adjacent surfaces.

3.4 CLEANING

A. Clean off excess sealants or sealant smears adjacent to joints as the Work progresses by methods and with cleaning materials approved in writing by manufacturers of joint sealants and of products in which joints occur.

3.5 PROTECTION

A. Protect joint sealants during and after curing period from contact with contaminating substances and from damage resulting from construction operations or other causes so sealants are without deterioration or damage at time of Substantial Completion. If, despite such protection, damage or deterioration occurs, cut out and remove damaged or deteriorated joint sealants immediately so installations with repaired areas are indistinguishable from the original work.

3.6 ELASTOMERIC JOINT-SEALANT SCHEDULE

- A. Multicomponent Nonsag Polysulfide Sealant: Where joint sealants of this type are indicated, provide products complying with the following:
 - 1. Products: Provide one of the following:
 - a. cm-60; W.R Meadows, Inc.
 - b. T-2235-M; Morton International, Inc.
 - c. T-2282; Morton International, Inc.
 - d. Thiokol 2P: Morton International, Inc.
 - e. GC-5 Synthacalk; Pecora Corporation.
 - f. Two-Part Sealant; Sonneborn Building Products Div., ChemRex Inc.
 - 2. Type and Grade: M (multicomponent) and NS (nonsag).
 - 3. Class: 25.
 - 4. Uses Related to Exposure: T (traffic)

3.7 LATEX JOINT-SEALANT SCHEDULE

- A. Latex Sealant: Where joint sealants of this type are indicated, provide products complying with the following:
 - 1. Products: Provide one of the following:
 - a. Chem-Calk 600; Bostik Inc.
 - b. NuFlex 330; NUCO Industries, Inc.
 - c. LC 160 All Purpose Acrylic Caulk; Ohio Sealants, Inc.
 - d. AC-20; Pecora Corporation.
 - e. PSI-701; Polymeric Systems, Inc.

- f. Sonolac; Sonneborn Building Products Div., ChemRex, Inc.
- g. Tremflex 834; Tremco.

3.8 ACOUSTICAL JOINT-SEALANT SCHEDULE

- A. Acoustical Sealant for Exposed and Concealed Joints: At all sound partitions and where joint sealants of this type are indicated, provide products complying with the following:
 - 1. Products: Provide one of the following:
 - a. AC-20 FTR Acoustical and Insulation Sealant; Pecora Corporation.
 - b. SHEETROCK Acoustical Sealant; USG Corp., United States Gypsum Co.
- B. Acoustical Sealant for Concealed Joints: At all sound partitions and where joint sealants of this type are indicated, provide products complying with the following:
 - 1. Products: Provide one of the following:
 - a. Pro-Series SC-170 Rubber Base Sound Sealant; Ohio Sealants, Inc.
 - b. BA-98; Pecora Corporation.
 - c. Tremco Acoustical Sealant; Tremco.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 08 31 13 - ACCESS PANELS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Work Included: Provide and install access panels, complete, as shown on Drawings as specified, and if not shown on Drawings, as required to access mechanical, electrical, plumbing and other equipment in conformance with governing codes and workplace safety guidelines.
 - 1. Ceiling-mounted access panels.
- B. Work Specified Elsewhere:
 - 1. Section 092216 Non-Structural Metal framing
 - 2. Section 092900 Gypsum Board.
 - 4. Section 099123 Interior Painting.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Conform to the requirements of Section 013300 Submittal Requirements.
- B. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's specifications, catalog cuts, and installation instructions. Submit approved test data or State Fire Marshal listing for fire-rated assemblies.
- C. Shop Drawings: Show attachment to partition, soffit, and ceiling framing at each typical condition.

1.3 PRODUCT HANDLING

- A. Delivery and Storage: Deliver and store panels in manufacturer's standard protective packaging.
- B. Protection: Do not remove protective packaging until time of installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ACCESS PANELS FOR CEILINGS

- A. Glass Fiber Reinforced Gypsum (GFRG) Types:
 - 1. Manufacturer: Stealth Panels by Wind-lock
 - Non-Rated Gypsum Board Ceilings: Lay-in GFRG panels with rounded corners and matching GFRG frames with tapered edges. Panels to be gasketed to prevent migration of dust particles from

ACCESS PANELS 08 31 13 - 1

- structure above. Provide smooth finish on panel and frame faces.
- 3. Sizes: 18 inches by 18 inches clear opening size, unless otherwise shown. (See manufacturer's recommendation for rough opening sizes).
- 4. Hardware: Manufacturer's standard.

B. Metal Types:

- 1. Manufacturers: Karp Associates, Inc., Larsen's Manufacturing Co., Milcor, Nystrom, Inc., JL Industries, or equal. Karp specified as standard.
- 2. Non-Rated Gypsum Board Partitions: Karp Type KDW, flush panel type with frame flanges for joint compound concealment, 16-gauge steel frames and 14-gauge steel doors.
- 3. Fire-Rated Gypsum Board Partitions: Karp Type KRP-250FR, 16-gauge steel doors and frames. Provide UL label.
- 4. Exterior Cement Plaster Soffits: Karp Type DSC-210 PL; frame of 13-gauge and door of 16-gauge galvanized steel finished with baked enamel, recessed, and lined with galvanized self-furring steel lath. Provide concealed pivoting rod hinge and keyoperated stainless steel lock.

2.2 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. General: Provide fastening devices, masonry anchors, casing beads, and other items as required to secure door and frame in place.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verification of Conditions: Examine construction to receive access panels and verify correctness of dimensions and other supporting or adjoining conditions. Do not install panels until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected. Verify that locations serve portion of work to which access is required.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install, per manufacturer's recommendations, securely to framing in locations required to give access to plumbing, mechanical, electrical, or similar devices concealed in walls or ceilings.
- B. GFRG Access Panels: Conceal joint between GFRG frame and gypsum board with tape and joint compound as specified under Section 092900.

ACCESS PANELS 08 31 13 - 2

C. Coordination: Coordinate with other trades to verify correct sizes and locations of access panels.

3.3 ADJUSTMENT

A. General: Following installation, adjust access panels for smooth operation.

3.4 CLEANING

A. General: Thoroughly clean surface of grease, oil, or other impurities, touch up abraded prime coats and otherwise prepare for finish painting.

END OF SECTION

ACCESS PANELS 08 31 13 - 3

SECTION 09 22 16 - NON-STRUCTURAL METAL FRAMING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Non-load-bearing steel framing systems for interior gypsum board assemblies.
 - 2. Suspension systems for interior gypsum ceilings, soffits, and grid systems.
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 092900 "Gypsum Board" for interior Gypsum sheathing.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: For fire-resistance-rated assemblies that incorporate non-load-bearing steel framing, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated, according to ASTM E 119 by an independent testing agency.
- B. STC-Rated Assemblies: For STC-rated assemblies, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated, according to ASTM E 90 and classified according to ASTM E 413 by an independent testing agency.

2.2 FRAMING SYSTEMS

- A. Framing Members, General: Comply with ASTM C 754 for conditions indicated.
 - 1. Steel Sheet Components: Comply with ASTM C 645 requirements for metal unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Protective Coating: ASTM A 653/A 653M, G40 (Z120) hot-dip galvanized unless otherwise indicated.

- B. Studs and Runners: ASTM C 645. Use either steel studs and runners or dimpled steel studs and runners.
 - 1. Steel Studs and Runners (or Dimpled Steel Studs and Runners):
 - a. Thickness: 33 Mil Structural, unless noted otherwise.
 - b. Depth: As indicated on Drawings.
- C. Slip-Type Head Joints: Where indicated, provide one of the following:
 - 1. Single Long-Leg Runner System: ASTM C 645 top runner with 2-inch- (51-mm-) deep flanges in thickness not less than indicated for studs, installed with studs friction fit into top runner and with continuous bridging located within 12 inches (305 mm) of the top of studs to provide lateral bracing.
 - 2. Deflection Track: Steel sheet top runner manufactured to prevent cracking of finishes applied to interior partition framing resulting from deflection of structure above; in thickness not less than indicated for studs and in width to accommodate depth of studs.
- D. Flat Strap and Backing Plate: Steel sheet for blocking and bracing in length and width indicated.
 - 1. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: As indicated on Drawings.
- E. Cold-Rolled Channel Bridging: Steel, 0.053-inch (1.34-mm) minimum base-metal thickness, with minimum 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) wide flanges.
 - 1. Depth: 1-1/2 inches (38 mm).
 - 2. Clip Angle: Not less than 1-1/2 by 1-1/2 inches (38 by 38 mm), 0.068-inch- (1.72-mm-) thick, galvanized steel.
- F. Hat-Shaped, Rigid Furring Channels: ASTM C 645.
 - 1. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.033 inch (0.84 mm).
 - 2. Depth: 7/8 inch (22.2 mm).
- G. Resilient Furring Channels: 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) deep, steel sheet members designed to reduce sound transmission.
 - 1. Configuration: hat shaped.
- H. Cold-Rolled Furring Channels: 0.053-inch (1.34-mm) uncoated-steel thickness, with minimum 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) wide flanges.
 - 1. Depth: 3/4 inch (19 mm).
 - 2. Furring Brackets: Adjustable, corrugated-edge type of steel sheet with minimum uncoated-steel thickness of 0.033 inch (0.8 mm).
 - 3. Tie Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, 0.062-inch- (1.59-mm-) diameter wire, or double strand of 0.048-inch- (1.21-mm-) diameter wire.

2.3 SUSPENSION SYSTEMS

- A. Tie Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, 0.062-inch- (1.59-mm-) diameter wire, or double strand of 0.048-inch- (1.21-mm-) diameter wire.
- B. Hanger Attachments to Concrete:

- 1. Anchors: Fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials with holes or loops for attaching wire hangers and capable of sustaining, without failure, a load equal to 5 times that imposed by construction as determined by testing according to ASTM E 488 by an independent testing agency.
 - a. Type: Post-installed, expansion anchor.
- 2. Powder-Actuated Fasteners: Suitable for application indicated, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials with clips or other devices for attaching hangers of type indicated, and capable of sustaining, without failure, a load equal to 10 times that imposed by construction as determined by testing according to ASTM E 1190 by an independent testing agency.
- C. Wire Hangers: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, 0.16 inch (4.12 mm) in diameter.
- D. Carrying Channels: Cold-rolled, commercial-steel sheet with a base-metal thickness of 0.053 inch (1.34 mm) and minimum 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) wide flanges.
 - 1. Depth: 1-1/2 inches (38 mm).
- E. Furring Channels (Furring Members):
 - 1. Cold-Rolled Channels: 0.053-inch (1.34-mm) uncoated-steel thickness, with minimum 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) wide flanges, 3/4 inch (19 mm) deep.
 - 2. Steel Studs and Runners: ASTM C 645.
 - a. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.033 inch (0.84 mm), unless noted otherwise.
 - b. Depth: 1-5/8 inches (41 mm) unless noted otherwise.
 - 3. Hat-Shaped, Rigid Furring Channels: ASTM C 645, 7/8 inch (22 mm) deep.
 - a. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.033 inch (0.84 mm).
 - 4. Resilient Furring Channels: 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) deep members designed to reduce sound transmission.
 - a. Configuration: hat shaped.
- F. Grid Suspension System for Gypsum Board Ceilings: ASTM C 645, direct-hung system composed of main beams and cross-furring members that interlock.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. Armstrong World Industries, Inc.; Drywall Grid Systems.
 - b. Chicago Metallic Corporation; Drywall Grid System.
 - c. USG Corporation; Drywall Suspension System.

2.4 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide auxiliary materials that comply with referenced installation standards.
 - 1. Fasteners for Metal Framing: Of type, material, size, corrosion resistance, holding power, and other properties required to fasten steel members to substrates.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and substrates, with Installer present, and including welded hollow-metal frames, cast-in anchors, and structural framing, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Suspended Assemblies: Coordinate installation of suspension systems with installation of overhead structure to ensure that inserts and other provisions for anchorages to building structure have been installed to receive hangers at spacing required to support the Work and that hangers will develop their full strength.
 - 1. Furnish concrete inserts and other devices indicated to other trades for installation in advance of time needed for coordination and construction.

3.3 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Installation Standard: ASTM C 754.
 - 1. Gypsum Plaster Assemblies: Also comply with requirements in ASTM C 841 that apply to framing installation.
 - 2. Portland Cement Plaster Assemblies: Also comply with requirements in ASTM C 1063 that apply to framing installation.
 - 3. Gypsum Veneer Plaster Assemblies: Also comply with requirements in ASTM C 844 that apply to framing installation.
 - 4. Gypsum Board Assemblies: Also comply with requirements in ASTM C 840 that apply to framing installation.
- B. Install supplementary framing, and blocking to support fixtures, equipment services, heavy trim, grab bars, toilet accessories, furnishings, or similar construction.
- C. Install bracing at terminations in assemblies.
- D. Do not bridge building control and expansion joints with non-load-bearing steel framing members. Frame both sides of joints independently.

3.4 INSTALLING FRAMED ASSEMBLIES

- A. Install framing system components according to spacings indicated, but not greater than spacings required by referenced installation standards for assembly types.
 - 1. Single-Layer Application: 16 inches (406 mm) o.c. unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Multilayer Application: 16 inches (406 mm) o.c. unless otherwise indicated.
 - 3. Tile Backing Panels: 16 inches (406 mm) o.c. unless otherwise indicated.

B. Where studs are installed directly against exterior masonry walls or dissimilar metals at exterior walls, install isolation strip between studs and exterior wall.

- C. Install studs so flanges within framing system point in same direction.
- D. Install tracks (runners) at floors and overhead supports. Extend framing full height to structural supports or substrates above suspended ceilings except where partitions are indicated to terminate at suspended ceilings. Continue framing around ducts penetrating partitions above ceiling.
 - 1. Slip-Type Head Joints: Where framing extends to overhead structural supports, install to produce joints at tops of framing systems that prevent axial loading of finished assemblies.
 - 2. Door Openings: Screw vertical studs at jambs to jamb anchor clips on door frames; install runner track section (for cripple studs) at head and secure to jamb studs.
 - a. Install two studs at each jamb unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. Install cripple studs at head adjacent to each jamb stud, with a minimum 1/2-inch (13-mm) clearance from jamb stud to allow for installation of control joint in finished assembly.
 - Extend jamb studs through suspended ceilings and attach to underside of overhead structure.
 - 3. Other Framed Openings: Frame openings other than door openings the same as required for door openings unless otherwise indicated. Install framing below sills of openings to match framing required above door heads.
 - 4. Fire-Resistance-Rated Partitions: Install framing to comply with fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated and support closures and to make partitions continuous from floor to underside of solid structure.
 - a. Firestop Track: Where indicated, install to maintain continuity of fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated.
 - 5. Sound-Rated Partitions: Install framing to comply with sound-rated assembly indicated.
 - 6. Curved Partitions:
 - a. Bend track to uniform curve and locate straight lengths so they are tangent to arcs.
 - b. Begin and end each arc with a stud, and space intermediate studs equally along arcs. On straight lengths of no fewer than two studs at ends of arcs, place studs 6 inches (150 mm) o.c.
- E. Direct Furring:
 - 1. Screw to wood framing.
 - 2. Attach to concrete or masonry with stub nails, screws designed for masonry attachment, or powder-driven fasteners spaced 24 inches (610 mm) o.c.

3.5 INSTALLING SUSPENSION SYSTEMS

- A. Install suspension system components according to spacings indicated, but not greater than spacings required by referenced installation standards for assembly types.
 - 1. Hangers: 48 inches (1219 mm) o.c.

- 2. Carrying Channels (Main Runners): 48 inches (1219 mm) o.c.
- 3. Furring Channels (Furring Members): 16 inches (406 mm) o.c.
- B. Isolate suspension systems from building structure where they abut or are penetrated by building structure to prevent transfer of loading imposed by structural movement.
- C. Suspend hangers from building structure as follows:
 - 1. Install hangers plumb and free from contact with insulation or other objects within ceiling plenum that are not part of supporting structural or suspension system.
 - a. Splay hangers only where required to miss obstructions and offset resulting horizontal forces by bracing, countersplaying, or other equally effective means.
 - 2. Where width of ducts and other construction within ceiling plenum produces hanger spacings that interfere with locations of hangers required to support standard suspension system members, install supplemental suspension members and hangers in the form of unistrut or equivalent devices.
 - 3. Wire Hangers: Secure by looping and wire tying, either directly to structures or to inserts, eye screws, or other devices and fasteners that are secure and appropriate for substrate, and in a manner that will not cause hangers to deteriorate or otherwise fail.
 - 4. Flat Hangers: Secure to structure, including intermediate framing members, by attaching to inserts, eye screws, or other devices and fasteners that are secure and appropriate for structure and hanger, and in a manner that will not cause hangers to deteriorate or otherwise fail.
 - 5. Do not attach hangers to steel roof deck.
 - 6. Do not attach hangers to permanent metal forms. Furnish cast-in-place hanger inserts that extend through forms.
 - 7. Do not attach hangers to rolled-in hanger tabs of composite steel floor deck.
 - 8. Do not connect or suspend steel framing from ducts, pipes, or conduit.
- D. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Wire tie furring channels to supports.
- E. Seismic Bracing: Sway-brace suspension systems with hangers used for support.
- F. Grid Suspension Systems: Attach perimeter wall track or angle where grid suspension systems meet vertical surfaces. Mechanically join main beam and cross-furring members to each other and butt-cut to fit into wall track.
- G. Installation Tolerances: Install suspension systems that are level to within 1/8 inch in 12 feet (3 mm in 3.6 m) measured lengthwise on each member that will receive finishes and transversely between parallel members that will receive finishes.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 09 29 00 - GYPSUM BOARD

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Work Included: Provide and Install gypsum board panels and cementitious panels, complete as shown, including finishing materials and accessories.
 - 1. Interior gypsum board walls, ceilings and soffits:
 - a. Fire/smoke-rated assemblies.
 - b. Acoustic assemblies.
 - c. Water-resistant assemblies.
 - d. Impact-resistant gypsum board wall assemblies.
 - e. General wall assemblies, including multi-layer assemblies to facilitate reveals and other decorative features.
 - f. Cementitious backer board for interior tile assemblies.
 - 2. Interior finishing materials and accessories:
 - a. Tapes, joint treatments, and coating materials to prepare wall surfaces for painting by others.
 - b. Corner beads, reveals, and other trims.
 - c. Neoprene tapes for sealing to work by others.
 - d. Fasteners, adhesives and sealants.
 - e. Special trim and accessories.
 - 3. Projectile Resistant Backing: ballistic-proof fiberglass backing for Pharmacy wall assemblies and where shown on Drawinas.
- B. Work Specified Elsewhere:
 - 1. Section 092216 Non-Structural Metal Framing.
 - 4. Section 093000 Tile.
 - 5. Section 072400 Exterior Insulation and Finish System (EIFS).
 - 6. Section 099123 Interior Painting.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

A. Comply with requirements of Section 013300 – Submittal Procedures.

B. Provide manufacturers' data describing products and installations.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with the latest edition of the following standards:
 - 1. American Society for Testing and Materials ASTM C 840, Standard Specification for Application and Finishing of Gypsum Board.
 - Gypsum Association (GA) File Numbers in GA-600 Fire Resistance Design Manual.
- B. Fire rated gypsum board systems shall satisfy minimum fire ratings as noted and shall conform to methods approved by applicable Building Code.
- C. Tolerances of Installed Trims and Accessories:
 - 1. Horizontal Variation from Level: 1/8-inch in 12 feet.
 - 2. Vertical Variation from Plumb: 1/8-inch in 8 feet.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Comply with requirements of Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- B. Deliver materials to the project site with manufacturers' labels intact and legible.
- C. Keep materials dry by storing inside building and fully protect from weather.
- D. Stack gypsum board neatly and flat, with care to avoid damage to edges, ends and surfaces.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Requirements: Establish and maintain application and finishing environment in accordance with ASTM C 840.
- B. Provide adequate ventilation to eliminate excessive moisture within building during this work.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS - INTERIOR APPLICATIONS

- A. Interior Gypsum Board: Use 5/8-inch-thick, Type 'X' gypsum board throughout, unless otherwise noted.
 - 1. Typical Finish Board, use throughout unless otherwise noted. ASTM C 36, Type X; tapered, or beveled taper edge, 48 inches wide by maximum length to minimize number of joints.

- 2. Water-Resistant Gypsum Backing Board: Provide USG's Fiberock Brand "Aqua-Tough"; Georgia-Pacific (GP) "DensShield Tile Guard"; Glass-Mat, Water-Resistant Backing Board through core gypsum board panels per ASTM C 1178, Type FRX-G; tapered, or beveled taper edge, 48 inches wide by maximum length to minimize number of joints.
 - a. Locations: Use at high humidity/moisture locations, including HSKP rooms, Kitchen and Servery areas.
- 3. High Abuse, Impact Resistant Board: Provide National Gypsum Hi-Abuse Kal-Kore, USG's Fiberock Brand "Aqua-Tough". 5/8-inch-thick, ASTM C1278, Type X; fiber reinforced gypsum panels; tapered, or beveled taper edge, 48 inches wide by maximum length to minimize number of joints.
 - a. Gypsum core wall panel with additives to enhance surface indentation resistance, and impact resistance of the core and surface with abrasion-resistant paper on front and long edges with heavy liner paper bonded to the back side and conforming to ASTM C36.
 - b. Impact Resistance: No failure after 100 impacts when tested in accordance with ASTM E695, modified.
 - c. Indentation Resistance: Not less than the following loads to produce the indicated depth of the surface indentation when tested in accordance with ASTM D1037, modified:
 - 1) 0.100-inch at 260 pounds.
 - 2) 0.200-inch at 524 pounds.
 - d. Locations: Typical all corridors from finished floor to 48 inches above finished floor.
- 4. 1/4-inch Flexible Type: Provide board manufactured to bend to fit tighter radii than specified regular-type gypsum board.
 - a. Provide only at non-rated curved layouts that exceed maximum allowable bending radii of specified standard thickness gypsum board.
 - b. Thickness: 1/4 inch. Provide minimum 2 layer application with staggered joints.
 - c. Long Edges: Tapered.
- 5. Early-install/Concealed locations (Contractor Option): Provide Georgia Pacific DensGlass Ultra Shaft and DensAmor Plus in conformance with ASTM D 3273; products inherently mold and mildew resistant for use in shaftwalls, concealed locations above finished ceilings, internal layers of multi-layer assemblies and other locations approved by Architect to allow installation before the building enclosure is 100-percent complete.

- a. Use at Shaft-side of shaft assemblies and any location where early install is required prior to closing in of the building.
- B. Cementitious Backer Board: Per ANSI A108.1; Provide Custom Building Product's "Wonderboard"; USG's "Durock Cement Board". Panels of high-density portland cement surface coating on both faces of lightweight portland cement and expanded ceramic aggregate core, nominal 5/8-inch-thick and 3.2 to 3.8 pounds per square foot.
 - 1. General: Provide as shown on Drawings for tile assemblies specified in Section 093000 Tile. (Typical at all toilets/restrooms) At fire-rated wall assemblies and inside faces of exterior walls, apply over gypsum board base layer.
- C Acoustically enhanced Gypsum Wallboard Composite:
 - a. Two-ply high density, mold resistant, paper faced gypsum wallboard laminated together with viscoelastic dampening polymer.
 - b. Composite Thickness 5/8 inches
 - c. Fire-resistance, Type X gypsum core
 - d. Base Product: Quite Rock ES by PABCO Gypsum OR Sound Break XP by National Gypsum Company
 - D. Interior Joint Finishing Materials:
 - 1. General: Comply with ASTM C 475/C 475M.
 - Joint Tape:
 - a. Interior Gypsum Wallboard: Paper.
 - b. Tile Backing Panels: As recommended by panel manufacturer.
 - 3. Joint Compound for Interior Gypsum Wallboard: For each coat use formulation that is compatible with other compounds applied on previous or for successive coats.
 - a. Prefilling: At open joints, beveled panel edges, and damaged surface areas, use setting-type taping compound.
 - b. Embedding and First Coat: For embedding tape and first coat on joints, fasteners, and trim flanges, use setting-type taping or drying-type, all-purpose compound as recommended by the manufacturer to obtain best results from actual project conditions.
 - 1) Use setting-type compound for installing paper-faced metal trim accessories.
 - c. Fill Coat: For second coat, use drying-type, all-purpose compound.
 - d. Finish Coat: For third coat, use drying-type, all-purpose compound.

- e. Skim Coat: For final coat of Level 5 finish, use drying-type, all-purpose compound.
- 4. Joint Compound for Tile Backing Panels:
 - a. Water-Resistant Gypsum Backing Board: Use setting-type taping compound and setting-type, sandable topping compound.
 - b. Glass-Mat, Water-Resistant Backing Panel: As recommended by backing panel manufacturer.
 - Cementitious Backer Units: As recommended by backer unit manufacturer.

E. Fasteners:

- Screws: ASTM C 954 or ASTM C 1002 self-drilling and self-tapping steel screws with double-lead thread design as approved by system manufacturer for standard and heavier gauge load bearing steel framing.
- 2. Nails: ASTM C 514, annular ring type as approved by system manufacturer.
- Staples: Galvanized, as recommended to approved accessory manufacturer.
- F. Metal Backing: Refer to Section 092216 Non-Structural Metal Framing.
- G. Metal Accessories: ASTM C 1047 Electro-galvanized steel corner beads and trim (casing beads) formed for application of joint cement and manufactured specifically for gypsum board construction, minimum base steel 0.014 inch thick.
- H. Special Trims and Accessories:
 - 1. General: Provide extruded aluminum trims and accessories in conforming to profiles and shapes as shown on Drawings and as specified.
 - a. Provide double-layer gypsum board assemblies at locations shown on Drawings to receive recessed reveal trims.
 - b. Material: Extruded aluminum alloy 6063 T5.
 - c. Manufacturer: Provide products manufactured by Gordon, Fry Reglet Company, Flannery Company, or equal.
 - a. Accessories: For each trim profile noted below, provide factory fabricated where required by layouts shown on Drawings, including:
 - 1) Mitered assemblies for "T-intersections" and "X-intersections".

- 2) Finished end caps.
- 2. Partition "End Cap" Trims: Provide for providing finished ends to gypsum board walls including chemical conversion coating. Typical where gypsum board walls butt mullions of window or window wall assemblies, allowing attachment of partition cap to mullion prior to construction of gypsum board wall.
 - a. Overall Width: Provide width matched to partition assembly, including:
 - 1) 4-inch stud walls with 5/8-inch gypsum board each side.
 - 2) 6-inch stud walls with 5/8-inch gypsum board each side.
 - Tape/screw Flanges: Nominal 7/8-inch. b.
 - Manufacturer: Provide "910 Series" Final Forms by Gordon or c. equivalent products manufactured by Fry Realet Company, Flannery Company, or equal.
- 3. Reveal "Top Track" Trim: Provide for top of wall or partial height partition top cap termination where shown on Drawings.
 - Reveal Depth: Nominal 5/8-inch for use with 5/8-inch gypsum a. board panels.
 - b. Reveal Width: As shown on Drawings.
 - Overall Width: Provide width matched to partition assembly, C. including:
 - 4-inch stud walls with 5/8-inch gypsum board each side. 1)
 - 2) 6-inch stud walls with 5/8-inch gypsum board each side.
 - d. Tape/screw Flanges: Nominal 7/8-inch.
 - Manufacturer: Provide "922 Series" Final Forms by Gordon or e. equivalent products manufactured by Fry Reglet Company, Flannery Company, or equal.
- Reveal "Field" Trims: Provide for creating square-edged vertical and 4. horizontal reveal lines in gypsum board wall assemblies where shown on Drawings.
 - Depth: Nominal 5/8-inch for use with 5/8-inch gypsum board a. panels.
 - b. Reveal Width: As shown on Drawings.
 - Tape/crew Flanges: Nominal 7/8-inch. C.
 - d. Manufacturer: Provide "500 Series" double-sided Final Forms GYPSUM BOARD

- reveals by Gordon or equivalent products manufactured by Fry Reglet Company, Flannery Company, or equal.
- 5. Reveal "Edge" Trim: Provide for finished vertical and horizontal reveal edges at top and sides of gypsum board panels where shown on Drawings.
 - a. Reveal Depth: Nominal 5/8-inch for use with 5/8-inch gypsum board panels.
 - b. Reveal Width: As shown on Drawings.
 - c. Tape/screw Flanges: Nominal 7/8-inch.
 - d. Manufacturer: Provide "200 Series" Final Forms by Gordon or equivalent products manufactured by Fry Reglet Company, Flannery Company, or equal.
- 6. Reveal "Base" Trim: Provide for recessed base at bottom of gypsum board panels at floor where shown on Drawings.
 - a. Reveal Depth: Nominal 5/8-inch for use with 5/8-inch gypsum board panels.
 - b. Reveal Width: 4-inches.
 - c. Tape/screw Flanges: Nominal 7/8-inch.
 - d. Manufacturer: Provide "800 Series" Final Forms by Gordon or equivalent products manufactured by Fry Reglet Company, Flannery Company, or equal.
- 7. Special Fabrications: Provide factory fabricated mitered assemblies for "T-intersections" and "X-intersections" where shown on Drawings.
- 8. Finish: Special trims to be primed and painted to match adjacent wall surfaces as specified in Section 099123 Interior Painting.
- I. Adhesive for Laminating Board: As recommended by approved board manufacturer.
- J. Acoustical Sealant: As specified in Section 079200 Joint Sealants.
- K. Electrical Box Sealer:
 - a. Non-rated Locations: As specified in Section 079200 Joint Sealants.
 - b. Fire-rated Locations: As specified in Section 078413 Penetration Firestopping.
- L. Concealed, Non-Rated Access Panels: As specified in Section 08310 Access Panels.

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Inspect areas and surfaces scheduled to receive gypsum board and verify that:
 - 1. Support systems are in proper alignment, straight and true.
 - Required blocking, bracing and backing members of support systems are installed.
- B. Do not start work until unsatisfactory conditions are corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Coordinate details with other work supporting, adjoining, or fastening to gypsum board.

3.4 INSTALLATION - INTERIOR GYPSUM BOARD

- A. General Requirements:
 - 1. Apply and finish gypsum board in accordance with requirements of ASTM C 840 unless otherwise noted.
 - Cut gypsum board by scoring and breaking or sawing from face side.
 Smooth all cut edges and ends of gypsum board where necessary, in order to obtain neat jointing.
 - 3. Scribe ceiling board neatly in casing bead where it meets surfaces in other planes.
 - 4. Apply first to the ceiling at right angles to framing members, then to walls. Use boards of maximum practical length so that a minimum number of end joints occur.
 - 5. Apply in either vertical or horizontal direction with ends and edges falling on framing members or other solid backing except where edge joints are at right angles to support. Bring ends and edges into contact with adjoining board, but do not force into place.
 - 6. Lay out joints at openings so that no end joint aligns with edges of opening unless control joints will be installed at these points.
 - a. All joints running parallel to framing shall be centered as near as possible on face of framing member.
 - b. Stagger end joints and arrange joints on opposite sides of partition to occur on different studs.
 - c. At external corners, butt and fit board to provide solid edge.
 - 7. Hold gypsum board nominal 1/4-inch above floor or curb typical.
 - 8. Where gypsum board is carried full height to structure above, provide

for deflection of structure by undercutting board nominal 3/8 inch and seal top edge of board to structure in continuous bead to form elastic closure.

- 9. Cut board to fit electrical outlets, pipes, or other items as required.
 - a. Cut gypsum board by scoring on face and back in outline before removal or by cutting with a saw or other suitable tool.
 - b. Smooth all cut out where necessary.
- 10. After trim is applied and prior to decoration, correct surface damage and defects.
- 11. Provide gypsum backer board gusset at double stud walls where studs are less than 3-5/8 inches thick.

12. Fastening:

- a. Attach board from center to edges and ends, pressing firmly against supports. Place fasteners approximately not more than 1 inch nor less than 3/8 inch from edges with heads just below gypsum board surfaces; but do not break paper.
- b. Walls: Space screws maximum 12 inches on center for ceilings and maximum 16 inches on center for walls in field and along abutting edges.
- c. Suspended Ceilings: Space screws maximum 12 inches on center in field and along abutting edges.

B. Curved Surfaces:

- 1. Install panels horizontally (perpendicular to supports) and unbroken, to extent possible, across curved surface plus 12-inch-long straight sections at ends of curves and tangent to them.
- 2. 1/4-inch Board Application: For double-layer construction, fasten base layer to studs with screws 16 inches o.c. Center gypsum board face layer over joints in base layer, and fasten to studs with screws spaced 12 inches o.c.
 - a. Continue double layer 1/4-icnh board application to closest adjacent inside or outside corners. Do not "shim" double board to align with adjacent 5/8 thick gypsum board.
- 3. Fire-rated Assemblies: Provide in strict conformance with referenced ULlisted assembly. Use on standard thickness type "X" board bent per manufacturer's written instructions.

C. Joint Treatment:

1. Apply tape and cement to joints and corners in strict accordance with directions of gypsum board manufacturer.

- 2. Pre-fill V-grooves formed by the abutting beveled or rounded wrapped edges with joint compound as per manufacturing recommendations.
- 3. Use tape and cement, allow to dry between coats. Use number of coats required by level of finish specified.
- 4. Work final coat to smooth level plane surface.
- Protect external corners with metal corner beads unless otherwise noted.
- 6. Treat fastening head dimples same as joints; tape may be omitted.
- 7. Joints and fastening head dimples in backer board need only be treated as required to preserve fire rating.
- 8. Seal joints shown on Drawings and where gypsum board meets dissimilar material with specified sealant. Tool to neat surface, ready for paint; remove excess material.

D. Fire-Rated Conditions:

- At penetrations of rated assemblies, preserve continuity of fire rating with firestopping systems as specified in Section 07840 – Firestopping and Smoke Seals.
- 2. Where adjacent interior spaces have suspended ceilings of different heights, extend separating partition finish on both faces of studs to at least 3 inches above higher ceiling finish.
- 3. Conform to applicable codes and authorities for requirements of taping and cementing joints and fastener heads.

E. Sound Retardant Partitions:

- 1. Construct partitions in accordance with Drawings and as herein specified.
- 2. Hold face layers and base layers 1/4 inch clear from abutting surfaces, floors, walls and overhead structure. Seal with specified sealant and tape. Tape not required at floors.
- 3. Provide airtight closures at wall penetrations (outlet boxes, pipes, duct work and other items) by neatly cutting gypsum board to clear penetrations. Seal void with specified sealant and apply joint tape to both gypsum board and penetrating object.
- 4. Seal airtight the backs and sides of electrical junction boxes with resilient sealer pads.
- F. Furring over Recessed Light Fixtures: At non-rated lighting fixtures, construct furring from gypsum board as indicated on Drawings.

- G. Water-Resistant Board: During board application, coat all cut edges with approved water resistant adhesive as recommended by manufacturer for the application.
- H. Enclosure System: Install in strict accordance with requirements of approved manufacturer's system using metal components, gypsum components, and other accessories as required.
- I. Cementitious Backer Board:
 - 1. General: Install cementitious backer board in strict conformance with the requirements of the tile assemblies specified in Section 093000 Tile.
 - 2. Provide support systems so that all edges of cementitious backer boards are supported.
 - 3. Use only corrosion-resistant fasteners.

3.5 FINISHING INTERIOR GYPSUM BOARD ASSEMBLIES

- A. Levels of Gypsum Board Finish: Provide the following levels of gypsum board finish per USG "Gypsum Construction Handbook, Centennial Edition".
 - 1. Level 1: for ceiling plenum areas, concealed areas, and where indicated, unless a higher level of finish is required for fire-resistive-rated assemblies and sound-rated assemblies.
 - 2. Level 2: where water-resistant gypsum backing board panels form substrates for tile, and where indicated.
 - Level 3: Not used.
 - 4. Level 4: Not used.
 - Level 5: Typical, for all gypsum board surfaces unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Level 4 gypsum board finish: Embed tape in joint compound and apply three separate coats of joint compound over joints, angles, fastener heads, and accessories. Touch up and sand between coats and after last coat as needed to produce a surface free of visual defects and ready for decoration. Use the following joint compound combination:
 - 1. Embedding and First Coat: Ready-mixed, drying-type, all-purpose or taping compound.
 - 2. Fill (Second) Coat: Ready-mixed, drying-type, all-purpose or topping compound.
 - 3. Finish (Third) Coat: Ready-mixed, drying-type, all-purpose or topping compound.
- C. Where Level 5 gypsum board finish is indicated: apply joint compound combination specified for Level 4 plus a thin, uniform skim coat of joint compound over entire surface.

- Use joint compound specified for the finish (third coat) or a product specially formulated for this purpose and acceptable to gypsum board manufacturer.
- 2. Produce surfaces free of tool marks and ridges ready for decoration of type indicated.
- D. Where Level 2 gypsum board finish is indicated, apply joint specified for first coat in addition to embedding coat.
- E. Where Level 1 gypsum board finish is indicated, apply joint compound specified for embedding coat.
- F. Finish water-resistant gypsum backing board forming base for mortar-set ceramic tile to comply with ASTM C 840 and board manufacturer's directions for treatment of joints behind tile.
- G. Impact-Resistant Gypsum Board:
 - 1. Construct partitions in accordance with Drawings and as herein specified.
 - 2. General: Install to a height of no less than 4 feet above finish floor at locations shown on Drawings.

3.6 PARTITION IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify partitions indicated on drawings as having a required fire or smoke rating.
 - 1. Follow guidelines set in Chapter 7 of International Building Code or as locally amended.
 - 2. Permanently identify with stenciling
 - a. Mininum 6 inches high letters with minimum ½ inch stroke.
 - b. Bottom of lettering to start at 6 inches above ceiling.
 - c. Stenciling to be 10 feet on center max.
 - d. Color: Red for 1-hr rated walls, Blue for 2-hr rated walls, Green for smoke partition walls.
 - e. Provide in a manner acceptable to authority having jurisdiction.

3.7 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Remedy any fastener popping or ridging.
- B. Promptly remove any residual joint compound from adjacent surfaces.
- C. Provide final protection and maintain conditions, in a manner suitable to Installer, that ensures gypsum board assemblies remain without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 09 30 00 - TILING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Porcelain floor and wall tile.
 - 2. Stone or solid surface thresholds installed as part of tile installations (see finish schedule)
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 9 Section "Gypsum Board Assemblies" for cementitious backer board installed in gypsum wallboard assemblies.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Facial Dimension: Nominal tile size as defined in ANSI A137.1.
- B. Installation products: ANSI A118
- C. Installation procedures ANSI 108

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of tile, mortar, grout, and other products specified.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show locations for each type of tile and tile pattern.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of tile and grout indicated. Include Samples of accessories involving color selection.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source Limitations for Tile: Obtain all tile of same type and color or finish from one source or producer.
 - 1. Obtain tile from same production run and of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties for each contiguous area.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver and store packaged materials in original containers with seals unbroken and labels intact until time of use. Comply with requirement of ANSI A137.1 for labeling sealed tile packages.

B. Store liquid latexes and emulsion adhesives in unopened containers and protected from freezing.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not install tile until construction in spaces is completed and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are being maintained to comply with referenced standards and manufacturer's written instructions.

1.8 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Deliver extra materials to Owner. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed, are packaged with protective covering for storage, and are identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Tile and Trim Units: Furnish quantity of full-size units equal to 3 percent of amount installed, for each type, composition, color, pattern, and size indicated.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply for product selection:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following manufacturers specified:

2.2 PRODUCTS, GENERAL

- A. ANSI Ceramic Tile Standard: Provide tile that complies with ANSI A137.1, "Specifications for Ceramic Tile," for types, compositions, and other characteristics indicated.
 - 1. Provide tile complying with Standard Grade requirements, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Colors, Textures, and Patterns: Where manufacturer's standard products are indicated for tile, grout, and other products requiring selection of colors, surface textures, patterns, and other appearance characteristics, provide specific products or materials complying with the following requirements:
 - Provide Architect's selections from manufacturer's full range of colors, textures, and patterns for products of type indicated. Several colors may be used as indicated on the drawings.

2.3 TILE PRODUCTS

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Crossville- (See finish schedule)
- B. Unglazed Ceramic Mosaic Tile: Factory-mounted flat tile as follows:
 - 1. Composition: Porcelain
 - 2. Surface: Smooth, without abrasive admixture.
 - 3. Module Size: see drawings
 - 4. Nominal Thickness: 5/16 inch
 - 5. Face: Plain with linear edges.

2.4 THRESHOLDS

- A. General: Fabricate to sizes and profiles indicated or required to provide transition between adjacent floor finishes.
 - 1. Bevel edges at 1:2 slope, aligning lower edge of bevel with adjacent floor finish. Limit height of bevel to 1/2 inch or less, and finish bevel to match face of threshold.
- B. Marble Thresholds: ASTM C 503 with a minimum abrasion resistance of 10 per ASTM C 1353 or ASTM C 241 and with honed finish.
 - 1. Description: Uniform, fine- to medium-grained white stone with gray veining.

2.5 WATERPROOFING FOR THIN-SET TILE INSTALLATIONS

- A. Liquid rubber Product: brush or roller applied with fiberglass reinforcing fabric at all corners, cracks and coves. Product complies with ANSI A118.10 and ANSI A118.12
 - 1. Product: Mapei "Aqua Defense" or approved equal.
- B. Chlorinated-Polyethylene-Sheet Product: Nonplasticized, chlorinated polyethylene faced on both sides with high-strength, nonwoven polyester fabric, for adhering to latex-portland cement mortar; 60 inches.
 - 1. Product: Noble Company (The); Nobleseal TS.
- C. Professional, Cement-Based Waterproofing Membrane. Trowel applied, flexible, fibermesh reinforced waterproofing and crack isolation membrane for installation under ceramic tile and stone.
 - 1. Product: MAPEI COROPORATION; Mapelastic 315.

2.6 SETTING AND GROUTING MATERIALS

A. Use non-shrink high strength grout for ceramic tilework. (REFER TO FLOOR AND WALL TILE INSTALLATION SCHEDULES AT THE END OF THIS SECTION FOR SPECIFIC APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS)

- B. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Custom Building Products.
 - 2. Mapei
 - 3. Laticrete International
- C. Portland Cement Mortar (Thickset) Installation Materials: ANSI A108.1A and as specified below:
 - 1. Cleavage Membrane: Asphalt felt, ASTM D 226, Type I (No. 15); or polyethylene sheeting, ASTM D 4397, 4.0 mils thick.
- D. Dry-Set Portland Cement Mortar (Thin Set): ANSI A118.1 and ISO 13007
 - 1. For wall applications, provide nonsagging mortar that complies with Paragraph C-4.6.1 in addition to the other requirements in ANSI A118.1 and ISO 13007 C2TES1P1.
- E. Latex-Portland Cement Mortar (Thin Set): ANSI A118.4 and ISO 13007, consisting of the following:
 - 1. Prepackaged dry-mortar mix containing dry, redispersible, ethylene vinyl acetate additive to which only water must be added at Project site.
 - a. For wall applications, provide nonsagging mortar that complies with Paragraph F-4.6.1 in addition to the other requirements in ANSI A118.4 and ISO 13007 C2TES1P1.
- F. Epoxy/Resin-Based Thinset Mortar: Solvent-free, 100%-solids epoxy setting floor and wall mortar that is suited for areas where most chemical-resistant setting material is necessary. ISO 13007 R2.
 - 1. For floor, wall and base in restroom areas as indicated on finish plans: MAPEI, Opticolor.
- G. Epoxy/Resin-Based Grout: ISO 13007 RG 100%-solid epoxy grout, with high chemical, stain, and enzymatic resistance.
 - 1. For floor, wall and base in kitchen areas: MAPEI, Kerapoxy IEG.
- H. Resin Grout: meets and exceeds ANSI A118.3, stain/mold/mildew/chemical-resistant, UV-resistant, impervious, semi-flexible, low-shrinkage, crack-resistant, color-consistent resin grout for use with tile and stone.

For floor, base and walls in restroom areas as indicated on finish plans MAPEI, Opticolor. See Finish Legend for color.

For floor and wall applications of glass tiles and glass mix tiles as indicated on finish plans: MAPEI, Opticolor. See Finish Legend for color.

1. Flatten trowel ridges prior to setting glass tiles.

2.7 ELASTOMERIC SEALANTS

- A. General: Provide manufacturer's standard chemically curing, elastomeric sealants of base polymer and characteristics required.
- B. Colors: Provide colors of exposed sealants to match colors of grout in tile adjoining sealed joints, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Products:
 - a. Bostik; Chem-Calk 550.
 - b. Mameco International, Inc.; Vulkem 245.
 - c. Tremco, Inc.: THC-900.

2.8 TILE BACKING

- A. **Cementitious Backer Units**: for use in lieu of a Portland cement mortar bed. Must meet ANSI A118.9 and ASTM C 1325 for product specification and ANSI A108.11 for installation methods.
- B. Fiber Cement Underlayment: Must meet ASTM C 1288 for product specification and ANSI A108.11 for installation methods.

2.9 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Trowelable Underlayments and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement-based formulation provided or approved by manufacturer of tile-setting materials for installations indicated.
- B. Tile Cleaner: A neutral cleaner capable of removing soil and residue without harming tile and grout surfaces, specifically approved for materials and installations indicated by tile and grout manufacturers.
- C. Grout Sealer: Manufacturer's standard product for sealing grout joints that does not change color or appearance of grout.
- D. Edge protection and transition: for finishing edges of all tiled wall corners or transitions to another material.
 - 1. Schluter Rondec or Jolly as required. Choose from manufacturers full line of colors.

2.10 MIXING MORTARS AND GROUT

- A. Use epoxy based grout for floors, walls and cove base on walls conforming to ISO 13007 R2 and ISO 13007 RG Ensyme resistant formula, respectively. Equal to Mapei "OptiColor".
- B. Mix mortars and grouts to comply with referenced standards and mortar and grout manufacturers' written instructions.

- C. Add materials, water, and additives in accurate proportions.
- D. Obtain and use type of mixing equipment, mixer speeds, mixing containers, mixing time, and other procedures to produce mortars and grouts of uniform quality with optimum performance characteristics for installations indicated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions where tile will be installed, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of installed tile.
 - 1. Verify that substrates for setting tile are firm; dry; clean; free of oil, waxy films, and curing compounds; and within flatness tolerances required by referenced ANSI A108 Series of tile installation standards for installations indicated.
 - 2. Verify that installation of grounds, anchors, recessed frames, electrical and mechanical units of work, and similar items located in or behind tile has been completed before installing tile.
 - 3. Verify that joints and cracks in tile substrates are coordinated with tile joint locations; if not coordinated, adjust joint locations in consultation with Architect.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Remove coatings, including curing compounds and other substances that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, that are incompatible with tile-setting materials.
- B. Provide concrete substrates for tile floors installed with adhesives or thin-set mortar that comply with flatness tolerances specified in referenced ANSI A108 Series of tile installation standards.
 - 1. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions with trowelable leveling and patching compound according to tile-setting material manufacturer's written instructions. Use product specifically recommended by tile-setting material manufacturer.
 - 2. Remove protrusions, bumps, and ridges by sanding or grinding.

3.3 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. ANSI Tile Installation Standards: Comply with parts of ANSI A108 Series "Specifications for Installation of Ceramic Tile" that apply to types of setting and grouting materials and to methods indicated in ceramic tile installation schedules.
- B. TCA Installation Guidelines: TCA's "Handbook for Ceramic Tile Installation." Comply with TCA installation methods indicated in ceramic tile installation schedules.
- C. Extend tile work into recesses and under or behind equipment and fixtures to form complete covering without interruptions, unless otherwise indicated. Terminate work neatly at obstructions, edges, and corners without disrupting pattern or joint alignments.

D. Accurately form intersections and returns. Perform cutting and drilling of tile without marring visible surfaces. Carefully grind cut edges of tile abutting trim, finish, or built-in items for straight aligned joints. Fit tile closely to electrical outlets, piping, fixtures, and other penetrations so plates, collars, or covers overlap tile.

- E. Jointing Pattern: Lay tile in grid pattern, unless otherwise indicated. Align joints when adjoining tiles on floor, base, walls, and trim are same size. Lay out tile work and center tile fields in both directions in each space or on each wall area. Adjust to minimize tile cutting. Provide uniform joint widths, unless otherwise indicated.
- F. Lay out tile wainscots to next full tile beyond dimensions indicated.
- G. Use crack isolation mat where poured gypsum is used for leveling.
- H. Grout tile to comply with requirements of the following tile installation standards: For ceramic tile grouts (sand-portland cement; dry-set, commercial portland cement; and latex-portland cement grouts), comply with ANSI A108.10. Epoxy/Resin-Based Grout: ISO 13007 RG 100%-solid epoxy grout, with high chemical, stain, and enzymatic.

3.4 WATERPROOFING INSTALLATION

- A. Use bonded waterproof membrane together with fiberglass tape in corners for floors and minimum 18" up walls for wet locations, unless otherwise noted.
- B. Install waterproofing to comply with ANSI A108.13 and waterproofing manufacturer's written instructions to produce waterproof membrane of uniform thickness bonded securely to substrate.
- C. Do not install tile over waterproofing until waterproofing has cured and been tested to determine that it is watertight.

3.5 FLOOR TILE INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install tile to comply with requirements in the Floor Tile Installation Schedule, including those referencing TCA installation methods and ANSI A108 Series of tile installation standards.
 - 1. For installations indicated below, follow procedures in ANSI A108 Series tile installation standards for providing 95 percent mortar coverage.
 - a. Tile floors in wet areas.
 - b. Tile floors composed of tiles 8 by 8 inches or larger.
- B. Joint Widths: Install tile on floors with the following joint widths:
 - 1. Ceramic Mosaic Tile: 1/8 inch.
 - 2. Quarry Tile: 1/4 inch.
 - 3. Glazed Wall Tile: 1/16 inch.
 - 4. Porcelain Tile: coordinate with Architect prior to installation.
- C. Stone Thresholds: Install stone thresholds at locations indicated; set in same type of setting bed as abutting field tile, unless otherwise indicated.

- 1. Set thresholds in latex-portland cement mortar for locations where mortar bed would otherwise be exposed above adjacent non-tile floor finish.
- D. Grout Sealer: Apply grout sealer to cementitious grout joints according to grout-sealer manufacturer's written instructions. As soon as grout sealer has penetrated grout joints, remove excess sealer and sealer that has transferred to tile faces by wiping with soft cloth.
- E. Cover finished work with Kraft paper for minimum 72 hours during drying.

3.6 WALL AND CEILING TILE INSTALLATION

- A. Install types of tile designated for wall installations to comply with requirements in the Wall Tile Installation Schedule, including those referencing TCA installation methods and ANSI setting-bed standards.
- B. Joint Widths: Install tile on walls with the following joint widths:
 - 1. Wall Tile: See finish schedule for more information.

3.7 CLEANING AND PROTECTING

- A. Cleaning: On completion of placement and grouting, clean all ceramic tile surfaces so they are free of foreign matter.
 - 1. Remove grout residue from tile as soon as possible.
 - 2. Clean grout smears and haze from tile according to tile and grout manufacturer's written instructions, but no sooner than 10 days after installation. Use only cleaners recommended by tile and grout manufacturers and only after determining that cleaners are safe to use by testing on samples of tile and other surfaces to be cleaned. Protect metal surfaces and plumbing fixtures from effects of cleaning. Flush surfaces with clean water before and after cleaning.
- B. Prohibit foot and wheel traffic from tiled floors for at least seven days after grouting is completed.

3.8 FLOOR TILE INSTALLATION SCHEDULE

- A. Tile Installation: Installation of mortar setting beds on vertical horizontal surfaces. Interior floor installation on concrete; cement mortar bed (thickset) with cleavage membrane; TCNA F114 and ANSI A108.1B
 - 1. Tile Type: Porcelain floor tile.
 - 2. Medium-Set Mortar: Epoxy, comply with ANSI A118.3.
 - 3. Grout: Resin-Based Grout

3.9 WALL TILE INSTALLATION SCHEDULE

A. Tile Installation: Interior restroom wall and shower-receptor installation over **cementitious** backer units.

Tile Type: Porcelain wall tile, glazed wall tile, glass tile. Medium-Set Mortar: Epoxy, comply with ANSI A118.3 Grout: Resin-Based Grout. 1.

2.

3.

END OF SECTION 09 30 00

093000 - 9 TILING

<u>SECTION 09 51 13 – ACOUSTICAL PANEL CEILINGS</u>

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Work Included: Provide and install acoustical ceilings panels and accessories, complete, as shown and specified, including:
 - 1. Mineral core acoustical ceiling panels. (Re-use existing where applicable, replace with new if damaged during construction to match existing)
- B. Work Specified Elsewhere:
 - 1. Section 092216 Non-Structural Metal Framing.
 - 2. Section 122200 Curatins and Drapes.
 - 3. Division 23 Mechanical (Air Supply, Ducts, and Connections).
 - 4. Division 26 Electrical (Lighting Fixture Attachments).

1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):
 - 1. C635; Metal Suspension Systems for Acoustical Tile and Lay-In Panel Ceilings.
 - 2. C636; Standard Practice for Installation of Metal Ceiling Suspension Systems for Acoustical Tile and Lay-In Panels.
- B. Ceiling and Interior System Contractors Association (CISCA):
 - 1. Ceiling Systems Handbook.

1.3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Performance Criteria:
 - 1. Fire-Hazard Classification: Provide acoustical ceilings that are identical to those tested for following fire hazard characteristics, per ASTM test method indicated below, by UL or other testing and inspecting organizations acceptable to authorities have jurisdiction. Identify acoustical ceiling components with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting organization.
 - a. Test Method: ASTM E84.
 - b. Flame Spread: 25 or less.
 - c. Smoke Developed: 50 or less.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Comply with requirements of Section 013300 Submittal Procedures.
- B. Product Data: Manufacturer's specifications, data, and installation instructions.
- C. Shop Drawings:
 - Coordination Drawings: Reflected ceiling plans drawn accurately to scale and coordinating penetrations and ceiling-mounted items. Show following:
 - a. Ceiling suspension members.
 - b. Method of attaching hangers to building structure.
 - c. Ceiling-mounted items including light fixtures; air outlets and inlets; speakers; sprinkler heads; and special moldings at walls, column penetrations, and other junctures with adjoining construction.

D. Samples:

- 1. For Initial Selection: Manufacturer's standard sample sets consisting of actual acoustical units or sections of units showing full range of colors, textures, and patterns available for each type of unit indicated.
- 2. For Verification: 12-inch-square sample of each type of exposed finish specified or selected and of same thickness and material indicated for final unit of Work. Where finishes involve normal color and texture variations, include sample sets showing full range of variations expected.
- E. Qualification Data: For firms and persons specified in Quality Assurance article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include list of completed projects with project names, addresses, names of Architects and Owners, and other information specified.
- F. Research Reports: Or evaluation reports of model code organization acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction that show compliance of acoustical ceiling system and components with building code in effect for Project.
- G. Product Test Reports: From qualified independent testing agencies that are based on its testing or current products for compliance of acoustical ceiling systems and components with requirements.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Qualifications of Installer: Engage experienced Installer who has successfully completed acoustical ceilings similar in material, design, and extent to those indicated for Project.

- B. Single-Source Responsibility: Obtain each type of acoustical ceiling unit from single source with resources to provide products of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties without delaying progress of Work.
- C. Coordination of Work: Coordinate layout and installation of acoustical ceiling units and suspension system components with other construction that penetrates ceilings or is supported by them, including light fixtures, HVAC equipment, fire-suppression system components (if any), and partition system (if any).

1.7 PRODUCT HANDLING

- A. Delivery and Storage: Deliver acoustical ceiling units to Project site in original, unopened packages and store them in fully enclosed space protected against damage from moisture, direct sunlight, surface contamination, and other causes.
- B. Handling: Handle acoustical ceiling units carefully to avoid chipping edges or damaging units in any way.

1.8 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Storage: Before installing acoustical ceiling units, permit them to reach room temperature and stabilized moisture content.
- B. Space Enclosure: Do not install acoustical ceilings until space is enclosed and weatherproof, wet-work in space is completed and nominally dry, work above ceilings is complete, and ambient conditions of temperature and humidity will be continuously maintained at values near those expected for final occupancy.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MINERAL CORE ACOUSTICAL PANELS

- A. Manufacturer: Provide products manufactured by CertainTeed; USG; or Armstrong.
 - 1. Basis-of-Design: See notes on ceiling plan.
- B. Mineral Core Acoustical Panel Types:
 - 1. See notes on ceiling plan.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verification of Conditions: Examine substrates and structural framing to which ceiling system attached or abuts, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements specified in this and other sections that affect installation and

anchorage of ceiling system. Do not proceed with installation until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install acoustical ceiling systems per Reference Standards and manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Acoustical Ceiling Tiles:
 - General: Make joints straight and true to line with exposed surfaces flush and level. Tightly butt tiles with corners and arises full and without broken edges.
 - 2. Suspended System:
 - Concealed Grid: Install tile with concealed metal splines in kerfed edges between tiles to form concealed mechanical joints.
 - b. Edge Units: Install spring steel spacers where supported on edge trim.
 - c. Access Tile: Install units by concealed saddle and notched hook spline method.
 - d. Identification Markers: Install one per access tile; locate on tile as directed.

3.3 CLEANING

A. Cleaning: Clean exposed surfaces of acoustical ceiling panels. Comply with manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and touch-up of minor finish damage. Remove and replace work that cannot be successfully cleaned and repaired to permanently eliminate evidence of damage.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 09 65 19 - RESILIENT FLOORING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Work Included: Provide and install resilient flooring, resilient base and accessories, complete as shown on Drawings and as specified, including:
 - 1. Homogeneous sheet vinyl, heat welded including integral coved base. (Coved base to be continuously glued and secured to wall and not attached with glue tape).
 - 2. Homogenous Sheet Vinyl Flooring
 - 3. Resilient Base at VCT flooring.
 - 4. Edge Strips, Reducer Strips and other floor-edge transitions.
 - 5. Cap trim, cove-shaped furring, and accessories for cove base installations.
 - 6. Hot Weld Strips and cold seam materials.
 - 7. Adhesives and other accessory materials as required to provide complete floor assemblies as specified.
- B. Work Specified Elsewhere:
 - 1. Section 035300 Concrete Toppings.
 - Section 087100 Door Hardware.
 - 3. Section 093000 Tile.

1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. Resilient Floor Covering Institute (RFCI).
- B. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):
 - 1. ASTM E-1907-98: "Standard Practices for Determining Moisture-Related Acceptability of Concrete Floors to Receive Moisture-Sensitive Finishes".

2. ASTM F-1869-89: "Standard Test Method for Measuring Moisture Vapor Emission Rate of Concrete Subfloor Using Anhydrous Calcium Chloride".

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Comply with requirements of Section 013300 Submittal Procedures.
- B. General: Schedule submittals as required to provide a minimum of 60-days from flooring materials order day to start of installation.
- C. Shop Drawings: Provide seaming diagrams for public spaces including corridors.

D. Samples:

- 1. Edge, Reducer and Transition Strips: Each specified type and color, 12 inches long.
- 2. Resilient Tile Flooring: 2 samples, each type and color specified, 12 inches square.
- 3. Resilient Sheet Flooring: 2 samples, each type and color specified, 12 inches square.
- 4. Resilient Base: 2 samples each type and color, 12 inches long. None required for black color.
- E. Product Data: Manufacturer's specifications, data, and installation instructions.
- F. Qualifications: Submit Contractor's and Installer's project lists and specified manufacturer certifications, including project names and addresses and contact names and telephone numbers.
- G. Maintenance Manuals: Manufacturer's written maintenance instructions.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Qualifications of Installer: Minimum of three project installations of extent comparable to proposed Project.
- B. Regulatory Requirement: Materials shall have the following flammability ratings, according to NFPA 253:
 - 1. Smoke Density: 45 or less.

- 2. Critical Radiant Flux: Class I Minimum 0.45 watts per square centimeter. (Class II Minimum 0.22 watts per square centimeter.)
- C. Slip Resistance: Static coefficient of friction for installed flooring shall be equal to or greater than .06 when measured with a James Machine per ASTM D2047.

1.5 PRODUCT HANDLING

- A. Comply with requirements of Section 016000 Product Requirments.
- B. Delivery: Deliver materials to Project site in manufacturer's unopened containers clearly marked with manufacturer's name, brand, size, thickness, grade, color, graining, and design.
- C. Storage: Store materials per manufacturer's recommendations and at not less than 70 degrees F for at least 24 hours before installation.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Requirements: Maintain temperature in spaces to receive resilient flooring at 70 degrees F minimum at least 48 hours before, during, after installation; thereafter, maintain a 55 degrees F minimum.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL

- A. Basis-of-Design: Tile Products as scheduled on the Drawings provide a "Basis-of-Design" for each scheduled Resilient Flooring Product and have been selected and approved for use by the Owner based manufacturer's samples provided to the Architect, and have been fully coordinated with finish materials specified elsewhere.
- B. Resilient Flooring substitution requests will only be considered for acceptance by the Architect when the following conditions are met:
 - 1. Proposed substitution Resilient Flooring meets or exceeds the specified material, construction and performance criteria.
 - 2. Proposed Resilient Flooring substitution visually matches scheduled types for thickness, textures, patterns, color, and reflectance and other surface characteristics as determined by the Architect.
 - 3. Acceptance of a proposed substitution Resilient Flooring by the Architect shall incur no additional cost to the Owner, including costs incurred to re-select adjacent finishes specified elsewhere

as required to coordinate and match substituted Resilient Flooring for color, texture or pattern.

2.2 RESILIENT BASE AND ACCESSORIES

Intermountain Health

- A. Manufacturer: Provide products manufactured by Mannigton.
- B. Adhesive for Resilient Bases: Waterproof type recommended in writing or supplied directly by base manufacturer.
- C. Resilient Base Materials: Thermoplastic Rubber, Type TP- Premium Edge wall base. Finish: Smooth Matte Finish. Corners- Factory pre-formed. Thickness-1/8"; 4-foot minimum length.
 - 1. Provide colors as scheduled on Drawings and specified and as required to match Architect's samples.
 - 2. Provide manufacturer's standard black at casework bases.
- D. Resilient Base Types:
 - 1. Rubber Wall Base by Roppe.
 - a. Color: As scheduled on Drawings.
 - b. Height: 4-inches.
 - c. Seal rubber base to resilient flooring with continuous clear silicon sealant.
- E. Locations: Provide resilient base at locations shown or scheduled on Drawings, including:
 - 1. Exposed, Sealed and Painted Concrete floors.
 - 2. Floors finished with materials specified in this Section.
 - 3. Plywood.

2.4 SHEET VINYL FLOORING

- A. General: Provide PVC-Free Resilient Sheet Flooring in conformance with ASTM F-1303, Type I, Grade 1, Class B Backing, for types, compositions, and other characteristics indicated.
 - 1. Manufacturer: Provide "**Tarkett- IQ Optima**" Commercial Flooring. See finish floor plan and schedule.
 - 2. Vinyl Flooring Types:

- a. As scheduled on Drawings.
- B. Performance Requirements:
 - 1. Fire Resistance: 450 or less when tested per ASTM E-662/NFPA 258 (Smoke Density). 0.45-watts/cm² or better (Class 1 or better) when tested per ASTM E-648/NFPA 253 (Critical Radiant Flux).
 - 2. Static Load Limit: 750-pounds per square inch or better when tested per ASTM F-970.
 - 3. Slip Resistance: equal or exceed specified requirements.
- C. Sheet Vinyl Flooring Accessories:
 - Adhesive: Provide Solvent-free Adhesives recommended by each Sheet Vinyl Flooring Manufacture in writing for use with each type of specified Sheet Vinyl Flooring and for the actual conditions at the project area.
 - a. Adhesive Trowel: Use appropriate trowel tooth patterns as recommended by the Adhesive Manufacturer in writing for use with the specified Sheet Vinyl Flooring types.
 - 2. Sub-Floor Primer and Sealer: Provide sub-floor Sealers or Primers where recommended by the Resilient Sheet Flooring Manufacturer(s) in writing where required by the Sub-Floor conditions at the project area at the project area noted during verification of conditions.
 - 3. Welding Rods: For Sheet Vinyl Flooring shown on Drawings or scheduled to receive heat-welded seams, provide 4-mm welding rod as recommended in writing by the manufacturer of each specified type of Flooring. Provide single-sourcing of welding rods and sheet vinyl flooring for each specified type of Resilient Sheet Flooring.
 - Colors: Provide welding rods to match Architect's samples or as selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range of colors.
 - 4. Sheet Vinyl Flooring Initial Cleaning: Typical at all locations, follow Resilient Sheet Flooring manufacturer's written instructions recommending process and product for each specified type.
 - a. Finish Sheen: to be Matte (match with adjacent existing).

2.6 MATERIALS FOR COVED BASE AT RESILIENT FLOORS

A. General: Provide materials as required to install cove base at locations shown or scheduled on Drawings. Not all specified resilient sheet flooring types may require cove base; some resilient flooring types may be scheduled to receive several base treatments, including cove base.

B. Materials:

- 1. Fillet Cove Strips: Provide redwood cove strips as recommended by each specified resilient sheet flooring manufacturer in writing to coordinate with each specified resilient sheet flooring type.
- 2. Outside Corner for Resilient Sheet Coved Base: Provide the each specified manufacturer's outside pre-molded corner to match each specified resilient sheet flooring type. Provide types and color(s) as scheduled on Drawings and as specified.
- 3. Cap Strip: Extruded aluminum, clear anodized. Single-source one cap strip type and finish for use through-out entire scope of project. Provide cap strips in the longest length practical to minimize butt joints.

2.7 REDUCER STRIPS, EDGE STRIPS AND TRANSITIONS

- A. Manufacturer: Where Manufacturer's standard products are scheduled on Drawings and specified, provide the specific products indicated or materials complying with the requirements set forth in this Section.
- B. Adhesive for reducer, edge and transition strips: Waterproof type recommended in writing or supplied directly by base manufacturer.
- C. Locations: Provide reducer, edge and transition strips at locations where different floor finishes meet, as required to protect the transition joint and/or provide a gentle transition between floor finishes of differing thicknesses, including:
 - 1. Exposed, Sealed and Painted Concrete floors: to any other floor finish.
 - 2. Section 093000 Tile: to any floor finish specified in this Section and Section 096813 Tile Carpeting.
 - 3. Floor finishes specified in this Section:
 - a. All locations between two different floor finish materials specified in this Section.

- b. Between two different floor finish colors of the same material specified in this Section when shown or scheduled on Drawings.
- c. Between floor finishes specified in this Section and at transitions to carpet specified in Section 096813 Tile Carpeting.
- D. Manufacturer: Provide reducer, edge and transition strips by Johnsonite, Mercer, or equal.
 - 1. Provide reducer, edge and transition strips at all level differences in flooring. Center on door frame where possible.
 - a. Colors: As selcted by the Architect from the manufacturer's full range of standard colors.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 FXAMINATION

- A. Verification of Conditions: Examine substrates and adjoining construction and conditions under which Work will be installed. Give written notification of deficiencies detrimental to proper or timely installation; do not proceed until corrected.
- B. Slab Moisture Test:
 - General: Test substrates to determine acceptable dryness prior to application of resilient flooring. Use ASTM F-1869-89, "Standard Test Method for Measuring Moisture Vapor Emission Rate of Concrete Subfloor Using Anhydrous Calcium Chloride", as applicable for the specified flooring as recommended by resilient flooring manufacturer.
 - 2. Slab-Moisture Content Testing: Perform tests at locations not more than 50 feet apart in every direction, but no less than one test per 1000-square feet. Verify the following performance criteria are equaled or exceeded before beginning floor installation:
 - a. Vapor and moisture barrier shall reduce vapor transmissions from concrete slabs-on-grade and above-grade concrete and metal deck assemblies to 3 pounds or less per 1000-square feet in a 24-hour period when tested per ASTM F-1869-89.
 - b. Alkalinity: Maximum pH of 10.

3. Contingency for High Moisture Readings: Report all unacceptable test results to Architect.

C. Air-Moisture Content Testing:

1. General: Determine relative humidity of air in rooms to receive resilient flooring, using wet-bulb and dry-bulb sling pyschrometer. Do not install resilient flooring when relative humidity exceeds 45 percent.

D. Adhesion Test:

- 1. Secure one, three-foot-square piece of each specified type of resilient sheet or 3-foot by 3-foot area of each specified type of tile in each typical area that has passed the specified moisture test, using adhesive(s) as specified and recommended by manufacturer(s).
- 2. The test pieces shall remain in place for 72 hours.
- 3. Determine if the adhesive is bonding the material satisfactorily to the surface. Resilient flooring should not be able to be removed without severe deformation, tearing, or destruction of the sample(s).
- 4. Where there is evidence of unsatisfactory bonding, manufacturer's representative is to be notified in order that they may verify and evaluate the conditions.
- 5. Notify Architect immediately if, in the opinion of manufacturer's representative, the adhesion test results are unsatisfactory.
- 6. Remove successful test pieces and adhesive prior to commencing final installation.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Surface Preparation: Clean substrate of deleterious materials which impair bonding of resilient flooring. Do Work on smooth, even troweled finish. Remove rough areas and protrusions from concrete by griding. Fill cracks, rough areas, and other surface defects with an acceptable plastic filler.
- B. Primer/Sealer Coat: Apply primer to concrete surfaces; work well into surfaces; use minimum quantity that will assure complete surface coverage with a non-absorptive base. Allow primer to thoroughly dry before applying adhesive.

- 1. Prime coat may be omitted if recommended by resilient flooring manufacturer in writing based on review of the project area. Review the requirements for each specified type of resilient flooring for each project area.
- 2. Do not combine different specified flooring types under one manufacturer's recommendation.

3.3 INSTALLATION

A. Edge Strips:

- 1. General: Install in continuous lengths at door openings and other exposed edges of resilient flooring, unless otherwise shown. Install edge strips before applying primer.
- 2. Metal: Anchor strips solidly to substrate with countersunk non-magnetic stainless steel screws; use lead shields for anchoring into concrete; space screws 1-inch from each end and not more than 9-inch centers at intermediate points.
- 3. Vinyl: Set in and securely bond to substrates with adhesive per manufacturer's recommendations.
- B. Prime Coat: Apply primer to concrete surfaces; work well into surfaces; use minimum quantity that will assure complete surface coverage with a non-absorptive base.
 - a. Allow primer to thoroughly dry before applying adhesive.
 - b. Prime coat may be omitted if recommended by resilient flooring manufacturer.
- C. Adhesive: Apply to substrate with properly notched steel trowels; allow adhesive to become tacky before applying resilient flooring.
- D. Resilient Flooring: Extend flooring, and fit neatly and tightly, into breaks and recesses, against bases, around pipes and penetrations, around permanent casework, equipment, and under-casework recesses.

E. Sheet Material:

- 1. General: Lay sheet material with minimum number of joints with bottom surface securely bonded to substrate and top surface left smooth, clean, and free from imperfections.
 - a. Make joints straight, tight, and inconspicuous.

- b. Roll each sheet from center to edges to assure complete bond and tight joints.
- Joints: Provide Chemically Weld; Adhesive Weld; Heat Weld as scheduled on Drawings and in conformance with sheet flooring manufacturer's written instructions.

Coved Bases:

- a. Install a continuous redwood cove strip at intersection of floor and vertical surfaces prior to laying sheet material.
- b. Use cove strip with a 3/4-inch radius; make bases 4 inches high, unless otherwise shown; butt ends; miter corner; secure with acceptable type fasteners.
- c. Apply cove strips and sheet material to solid backing.
- d. Roll sheet material into adhesive; hold in place until complete adhesion is assured.
- e. Make top of base level and straight; terminate top edge into a metal trim cap.
- f. Securely screw trim cap to backing before applying sheet material; use single lengths where possible; make neat mitered corners and butted ends.
- g. Use standard aluminum alloy or stainless steel trim cap of standard design as selected, unless otherwise shown.
- 4. Perimeter Bond System: At Contractor's option, a perimeter bond system may be used for installation of sheet vinyl flooring.
 - a. Do work with manufacturer's approved and trained applicators per manufacturer's recommendations and supervision.
 - b. Install sheet vinyl flooring with adhesive spread only at seam lines, projections, and wall lines.
 - c. Cut seams with an electrically operated cutting machine made for purpose.

F. Resilient Bases:

1. General: Where base is scheduled, install around perimeter of room or space, at base of partitions, walls, columns, pilasters, casework, and other permanent fixtures.

- a. Install top-set coved type bases throughout, except install straight type bases at carpet.
- b. Secure bases to surfaces with waterproof adhesive; make joints tight; keep top and bottom edges in firm contact with adjacent surfaces.
 - 1) Provide a continuous seal of the resilient base to both the wall surface at the upper edge and the floor surface at the bootom edge.
- c. Use longest lengths possible; straight pieces less than 24 inches long not permitted.
- d. Miter or cope inside corners.
- 2. Coved Type: Provide with premolded end stops and premolded onepiece external corners.
- 3. Straight Type: Provide with preformed one-piece external corners.
- 4. Edges and Seams: Match edges at seams. Double cut adjoining lengths. Make tight butt joints.

3.4 CLEANING

- A. General: Not more than four days before Substantial Completion, thoroughly clean work per resilient flooring manufacturer's recommendations. Use of solvents, wet mopping, or washing is prohibited.
- B. Defective and Damaged Work: Replace with acceptable Work at no additional cost to Owner.

3.5 PROTECTION

A. General: Protect Work from traffic during construction period so Work will be without indication of use or damage at time of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 09 91 23- INTERIOR PAINTING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Work Included: Interior and Exterior Painting, complete as shown on Drawings and as specified.
 - 1. Work includes, but is not limited to, painting of following items, materials, and spaces:
 - a. Paint every interior and exterior exposed-to-view unfinished surface, except as otherwise shown on Drawings or as specified.
 - b. Paint the following exposed mechanical and electrical items to match adjacent surfaces even if the items are factory-finished:
 - 1) Wall and ceiling diffusers/registers installed in gypsum board assemblies at any location.
 - 2) Access doors at any location except when concealed above suspended ceilings.
 - 3) Flush-mounted electrical panelboards and cabinets in gypsum board assemblies at any location.
 - 4) All exposed piping, conduit, duct work and similar surfaces in Stair Enclosures and Fire Control Room (except items with factory "red" finish).
 - c. Paint semi-visible areas behind registers, grilles, diffusers, screen vents as required to "black out".
 - d. Paint auxiliary rails of smoke containment screens with high-temperature coating.
 - e. Stairs: Paint all exposed ferrous metal assemblies, concrete landings and treads, including hazard striping as required by code.
 - f. Stenciling at Smoke Partition and Fire Rated Walls: See section 092900 Gypsum Board.
 - 2. Do not paint the following items:
 - a. Factory-finished items specified in various Sections.
 - b. Pre-finished wall, ceiling, and floor coverings.

- c. Concrete traffic or walking decks, walks, steps, and ramps.
- d. Code-Required Labels: Keep equipment identification and fire rating labels free of paint.
- e. Surfaces concealed in walls and above ceilings except as specifically indicated otherwise.
- f. Ducts, piping, conduit, and equipment concealed in walls and ceilings, unless specifically indicated otherwise.
- g. Do not paint "Shell Areas" as shown on drawings except paint all sides of doors and frames at walls into finished areas.
- h. Mechanical or elevator shafts not requiring periodic cleaning.
- i. Mechanically-finished nonferrous metal, such as stainless steel, aluminum, and bronze, except exposed mechanical and electrical items.
- j. Interior spaces specifically noted as unpainted.
- 3. Note: This Section includes a comprehensive listing of paint finish types. Not all paint systems included herein may be required by the Scope of Work of this Project, or the scope of some finishes may be very limited. The responsibility of the Contractor to schedule the Work so that all specified and required Painting Scope is included in the Scope of Work for the Project.
- B. Work Specified Elsewhere:
 - 1. Section 050500 Metal Fasteners.
 - 2. Section 079200 Joint Sealants.
 - 3. Section 099113 Exterior Painting.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Comply with requirements of Section 013300 Submittal Procedures.
- B. Product Data: Submit complete list of materials proposed for use, together with manufacturer's data and specifications.
- C. Samples:
 - Opaque Colors and Finishes: Submit samples, on hardboard, using materials accepted for Project, of each color and paint finish selected with texture to simulate actual conditions. Prepare three samples, 8-1/2 inches by 11 inches, with required number of paint coats clearly visible.

2. Transparent and Stained Finishes: Prepare samples on species and quality of wood to be used in the Work. Re-submit as requested until acceptable sheen, color, and texture are achieved. Label and identify each sample as to location and application.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Labeling: Include following on label of each container:
 - 1. Manufacturer's name and product name.
 - 2. Generic type of paint.
 - 3. Manufacturer's stock number.
 - 4. Color.
 - 5. Instructions for reducing, where applicable.
- B. Special Requirements of Regulatory Agencies: Use materials for Work of this Section which comply with volatile organic compound limitations and other regulations of local Air Quality Management District and other local, state, and federal agencies having jurisdiction.
- C. Project Mock-Up: As directed by the Architect, apply on actual wall surfaces where designated, samples of each and any color selected for final review.
 - 1. On at least 100 square feet of surface as directed, provide full-coat finish samples until required sheen, color and texture are obtained.
 - 2. Duplicate painted finishes of prepared samples.
 - 3. Simulate finished lighting conditions for review of in-place work.

1.4 PRODUCT HANDLING

- A. Comply with requirements of Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- B. Delivery: Deliver material in sealed containers with labels legible and intact.
- C. Storage of Materials:
 - 1. Store only acceptable Project materials on Project site.
 - 2. Store in suitable location.
 - 3. Restrict storage to paint materials and related equipment.
 - 4. Comply with health and fire regulations.

1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Requirements:
 - Comply with manufacturer's recommendations as to environmental conditions under which coatings and coating systems can be stored and applied.
 - 2. Do not apply finish in areas where dust is being generated.
- B. Protection: Cover or otherwise protect finished work of other trades and surfaces not being painted concurrently or not to be painted.

1.6 SCHEDULING

A. Gypsum Board: Verify that a fully-cured skim cooat has been applied to Gypsum Board specified for Level 5 finish and scheduled to receive semi-gloss or gloss paint finishes. Do not proceed until completed.

1.7 MAINTENANCE

A. Extra Materials: At completion of Work, deliver to Owner extra stock of paint of one gallon of each color used of each coating material used. Tightly seal and clearly label containers.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Primers and Single-color Paints: Provide paint systems as manufactured by the following manufacturers. Unless otherwise specified, single source all components of a paint system from a single manufacturer, including primer/sealer/undercoat and body and finish coats to assure compatibility.
 - 1. Benjamin Moore and Co. (BM).
 - 2. ICI Dulux Paints (ICI).
 - 4. Sherwin-Williams Co. (S/W).

2.2 MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide materials selected for coating system for each type of surface which are the product of single manufacturer.
- B. Thinner: As recommended by each manufacturer for his respective product.
- C. Unsuitability of Specified Products: Claims concerning unsuitability of any materials specified will not be entertained, unless such claim is made in writing to the Architect before Work is started.

2.3 COLORS

- A. Color and Sheen: Colors are scheduled on Drawings (or as selected by Architect if not scheduled on Drawings) based on standard color chips provided by one or more of the listed manufacturers.
- B. Mixing: Deliver paints and stains ready mixed to Project site.

2.4 MILDEW RESISTANCE

A. General: Add fungicidal agent to paint per manufacturer's recommendations. Add agent to paint at factory. Clearly indicate on labels that paint is mildew resistant.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verification of Conditions: Examine surfaces scheduled to receive paint and finishes for conditions that might adversely affect execution, permanence, or quality of work and which cannot be put into acceptable condition through preparatory work. Proceed with preparation or coating application only when conditions are satisfactory.
- B. Review all questions regarding the scope of painting with Owner prior to proceeding with Work.

3.2 SURFACE PREPARATION

- A. General: Remove scale, dirt, dust, grit, rust, wax, grease, efflorescence, loose material, and other foreign matter detrimental to proper adhesion of paint.
- B. Gypsum Board:
 - 1. Narrow, Shallow Cracks and Small Holes: Fill with spackling compound.
 - 2. Deep, Wide Cracks and Deep Holes: Rake out, dampen with clear water, and fill with thin layers of gypsum board joint compound.
 - 3. Curing: Allow to dry.
 - 4. Sanding: Sand smooth after drying; do not raise nap of paper on gypsum board.

C. Metals:

- 1. Chipped or Abraded Areas in Shop Coatings: Touch-up using appropriate primer.
- 2. Galvanized Surfaces: Apply a wash coat made by dissolving 8 ounces copper acetate or copper sulfate in one gallon of water; apply with brush.

3. Stainless Steel: Scarify surfaces before applying prime coat.

D. Wood:

- General: If required, sandpaper surfaces smooth before applying primer.
 Thoroughly clean knots; apply thin coat of knot sealer over surfaces shown to receive opaque finish.
- 2. Back Priming: Back prime surfaces installed against cementitious surfaces; give particular attention to sealing cross-grained surfaces.

3. Puttying:

- a. General: Fill nail holes, cracks, and other depressions flush with putty after prime coat application. Allow putty to dry; sandpaper smooth before applying body coat.
- b. For Opaque Finish: Linseed oil type putty.

E. Protection:

- 1. General: Properly protect floors and other adjacent work by drop cloths or other suitable coverings. In areas scheduled for painting, maintain wrappings and factory-applied protection provided by other trades.
- 2. Hardware and Other Obstructions: Remove or protect factory finished items such as hardware, plates, lighting fixtures, grilles, and similar items placed prior to painting. Reposition or remove protection upon completion of each space. Equipment adjacent to surfaces requiring paint disconnected, moved, reset, and reconnected by respective trades.
- 3. Fire Precautions: At end of each work day, place in metal containers or remove from premises, solvent soaked cloths, waste, and other materials which constitute a fire hazard.
- F. Moisture Content: Do not apply initial coating until moisture content of surface is within limitations recommended by paint manufacturer.

3.3 APPLICATION

A. General: Apply paint per manufacturer's instructions and as specified. Thoroughly stir paint and keep at uniform consistency during application. Apply paint evenly, free from drops, ridges, waves, laps, and brush marks; finished surface uniform in sheen, color, and texture. Apply succeeding coats to unscarred and completely integral base coats; slightly vary color of undercoats to distinguish them from preceding coat. Allow sufficient time between coats to assure proper drying. Sandpaper smooth interior finishes between coats.

- B. Prime Coat: Do not thin primers in excess of manufacturer's printed directions. Apply by brush, unless otherwise specified, within 8 hours after cleaning.
- C. Body and Finish Coats: Do not thin; apply by brush, roller or spray.
- D. Drying Time: Comply with recommendations of product manufacturer for drying time between succeeding coats.
- E. Moldings and Ornaments: Leave clean and true to details with no undue amount of paint in corners and depressions.
- F. Edges of Paint: Where adjoining other materials or colors, make clean and sharp with no overlapping.
- G. Refinishing: Refinish entire wall where portion of finish is deemed not acceptable.
- H. Precaution: Do not paint over fusible links, UL labels, or sprinkler heads.
- I. Exposed Plumbing and Mechanical Items: Finish items without factory finish such as conduits, pipes, access panels, and items of similar nature to match adjacent wall and ceiling surfaces, unless otherwise directed.

3.4 CLEANING

- A. General: Touch up and restore finish where damaged. Remove spilled, splashed, or spattered paint from surfaces. Do not mar surface finish of item being cleaned.
- B. Storage Space: Leave clean and in condition required for equivalent spaces in Project.

3.5 PAINT SYSTEMS

- A. Schedule: Only major areas are scheduled. Treat miscellaneous and similar items and areas within room or space with similar system.
- B. Number of Coats: Where number of coats are specified, it is only as a minimum requirement. Apply additional coats, at no additional cost to Owner, if necessary to completely hide base material, produce uniform color, and provide satisfactory finish result.
- C. Thickness of Coats: For each paint system product, provide the manufacturer's recommended mil-thickness for each applied coat.
- D. Systems Specifications: These specifications are a guide and are meant to establish procedure and quality. Confer with Architect to determine exact finish desired.

- E. Acceptance of Final Colors: Do not apply final coats of paint for either exterior and interior systems until colors have been reviewed and accepted by the Architect.
- 3.6 INTERIOR PAINT SYSTEMS (Systems are based on products by S-W; other manufacturers listed in Part Two may be used)
 - A. Interior Gypsum Board Flat:
 - 1. General: Provide as follows unless otherwise scheduled on Drawings or noted as follows in this Section.
 - 2. Flat Finish Low Odor Zero VOC System
 - 3. Primer: ProMar 200 Zero VOC Interior Latex Primer, B28W2600, 0 g/L VOC
 - 4. 1st coat: ProMar 200 Zero VOC Flat, B30-2600 series, 0 g/L VOC
 - 5. 2nd coat: ProMar 200 Zero VOC Flat, B30-2600 series, 0 a/L VOC
 - B. Interior Gypsum Board Eggshell/Satin:
 - General: Provide as follows unless otherwise scheduled on Drawings or noted as follows in this Section.
 - 2. Primer: ProMar 200 Zero VOC Interior Latex Primer, B28W2600 0 g/L VOC
 - 3. 1st coat: ProMar 200 Zero VOC Eg-Shel B26-2600 series, 0 g/L VOC
 - 4. 2nd coat: ProMar 200 Zero VOC Ea-Shel B26-2600 series, 0 g/L VOC
 - C. Interior Gypsum Board Semi-gloss:
 - 1. General: Provide at stairs, service areas and where scheduled.
 - 2. Primer: ProMar 200 Zero VOC Interior Latex Primer, B28W2600, 0 g/L VOC
 - 3. 1st coat: ProMar 200 Zero VOC Semi-Gloss B31-2600 series, 0 g/L VOC
 - 4. 2nd coat: ProMar 200 Zero VOC Semi-Gloss B31-2600 series, 0 g/L VOC
 - D. Interior Gypsum Board Epoxy Coatings:
 - 1. General: Provide at Restroom and other gypsum surfaces as scheduled on Drawings and required by the the governing Health Codes:
 - 2. Eg-Shel Finish
 - a. Primer: ProMar 200 Zero VOC Primer, B28W2600, 0 g/L VOC
 - b. 1st coat: Pro Industrial Pre-Catalyzed Water-Based Epoxy Eg-Shel, K45 series, <150 g/L VOC
 - c. 2nd coat: Pro Industrial Pre-Catalyzed Water-Based Epoxy Eg-Shel, K45 series, <150 g/L VOC
 - 3. Semi-Gloss Finish (typical, unless noted otherwise)
 - a. Primer: ProMar 200 Zero VOC Primer, B28W2600, 0 g/L VOC
 - b. 1st coat: Pro Industrial Pre-Catalyzed Water-Based Epoxy Semi-Gloss, K46 series, <150 g/L VOC
 - c. 2nd coat: Pro Industrial Pre-Catalyzed Water-Based Epoxy Semi-Gloss, K46 series, <150 g/L VOC

- 4. Gloss Finish
 - a. Primer: ProMar 200 Zero VOC Primer, B28W2600, 0 g/L VOC
 - b. 1st coat: Pro Industrial Zero VOC Water-Based Epoxy Gloss, B73-300 series, 0 g/L VOC
 - c. 2nd coat: Pro Industrial Zero VOC Water-Based Epoxy Gloss, B73-300 series, 0 g/L VOC

E. Interior Ferrous Metal:

- General: Shop and field-applied paint finishes for the Work of Section 050500
 Metal Fabrications, is included in the Scope of Work for those Sections.
- 2. For other exposed-to-view ferrous metal items, including items specified in DIVISION 23 Mechanical; and DIVISION 26 Electrical, provide the finishes as follow:
- 3. Bare Metal Items; High Performance Coating System: Mechanical and Electrical Piping, Conduits, Ductwork, Supports, Hangers, Machinery and Similar Items:
 - a. Eg-Shel or Gloss Finish (Verify with Architect for each room / area prior to painting)
 - b. Primer: Pro Industrial Pro-Cryl Universal Primer, B66-310 series, <100 g/L VOC
 - c. 1st coat: Pro Industrial Zero VOC Water-Based Epoxy Eg-Shel, B73-360 series or Gloss, B73-300 series, 0 g/L VOC
 - d. 2nd coat: Pro Industrial Zero VOC Water-Based Epoxy Eg-Shel, B73-360 series or Gloss, B73-300 series, 0 g/L VOC
- 4. Shop Primed or painted (by others) Items; Semi-Gloss finish:
 - a. Primer: Pro Industrial Pro-Cryl Universal Primer, B66-310 series, <100 g/L VOC
 - b. 1st coat: Pro Industrial Zero VOC Acrylic Semi-Gloss, B66-650 series, 0 a/L VOC
 - c. 2nd coat: Pro Industrial Zero VOC Acrylic Semi-Gloss, B66-650 series, 0 g/L VOC

5. Shop Galvanized Items:

- a. Galvanizing repair provided in Section 050500 Metal Fabrications.
- b. Galvanized Metal Decking & Ferrous Decking Including Bar Joists
 - i. Flat, Eg-Shel, or Semi-Gloss Finish
 - ii. Primer: Pro Industrial Pro-Cryl Universal Primer, B66-310 series, <100 g/L VOC
 - iii. 1st coat: Low VOC Waterborne Acrylic Dryfall, Flat B42W81, Eg-Shel B42W82, Semi-Gloss, B42W83, All sheens <50 g/L VOC

- iv. 2nd coat: Low VOC Waterborne Acrylic Dryfall, Flat B42W81, Eg-Shel B42W82, Semi-Gloss, B42W83, All sheens <50 g/L VOC
- c. Galvanized Metal Decking & Ferrous Decking Including Bar Joists High Performance System
 - i. Primer: Pro Industrial Pro-Cryl Universal Primer, B66-310 series, <100 g/L VOC
 - ii. 1st coat: Pro Industrial Multi-Surface Acrylic Eg-Shel, B66-560 series, <150 g/L VOC
 - iii. 2nd coat: Pro Industrial Multi-Surface Acrylic Eg-Shel, B66-560 series, <150 q/L VOC

F. Interior Aluminum and Copper:

- 1. Refer to Section 076200 Flashing and Sheet Metal for shop and field-applied paint finishes specified in those Sections.
- 2. Mechanical and Electrical Items:
 - a. Pretreatment: Metal Pretreatment.
 - b. 1st Coat: Aluminum Primer. Provide additional general purpose sealer coat when recommended by paint manufacturer.
 - c. 2nd Coat: Acrylic Paint, Semi-Gloss.
 - d. 3rd Coat: Acrylic Paint, Semi-Gloss.

G. Interior Wood:

- General: Transparant Finishes are specified and provided in Section 064123
 Interior Architectural Woodwork
- 2. Semi-Gloss Finish Low Odor Zero VOC System
- 3. Primer: ProMar 200 Zero VOC Primer, B28W2600, 0 g/L VOC
- 4. 1st coat: Pro Industrial Zero VOC Acrylic Semi-Gloss, B66-650 series, 0 g/L VOC
- 2nd coat: Pro Industrial Zero VOC Acrylic Semi-Gloss, B66-650 series, 0 g/L
 VOC.

H. Interior Mechanical Insulation; Finish Varies:

- Provide finish materials recommended in writing by the mechanical insulation manufacturer for their products in exterior locations. Adapt the following as required.
 - a. 1st Coat: General Purpose PVA Sealer, or as recommended by the insulation manufacturer.
 - b. 2nd Coat: Match adjacent finish system.
- I. Miscellaneous Interior Painting Systems:

- Ductwork at Grilles and Diffusers:
 - a. Apply interior surfaces of ductwork partially visible through grilles and diffusers.
 - b. 1st Coat: Galvanized Metal Primer.
 - c. 2nd Coat: Acrylic Paint, Matte Black.
 - d. 3rd Coat: Acrylic Paint, Matte Black.
- 2. Exposed Insulated Pipes and Ductwork:
 - a. 1st Coat: 1 coat General Purpose PVA sealer. Omit sealer where glass fabric jackets are used.
 - b. 2nd Coat: Acrylic Paint, match adjacent finish.
 - c. 3rd Coat: Acrylic Paint, match adjacent finish.
- 3. Exposed Non-Insulated Pipes and Ductwork: Including conduit.
 - a. Cast-Iron Pipe:
 - 1) Pre-treatment: Conform with the requirements of Section 050500 Metal Fabrications.
 - 2) 1st Coat: Ferrous Metal Primer.
 - 3) 2nd Coat: Acrylic Paint, match adjacent finish.
 - 4) 3rd Coat: Acrylic Paint, match adjacent finish.
 - b. Other Pipes, Conduit, and Ductwork:
 - 1) Pre-treatment: Conform with the requirements of Section 050500 Metal Fabrications.
 - 2) 1st Coat: As specified for ferrous and non-ferrous metals as applicable.
 - 3) 2nd Coat: Acrylic Paint, match adjacent finish.
 - 4) 3rd Coat: Acrylic Paint, match adjacent finish.
- J. Miscellaneous Interior Painting Systems:
 - 1. Factory Finished Equipment: Satisfactorily refinish surfaces damaged before, during, or after installation as directed; use 128 semi-gloss enamel.
 - 2. Plywood Equipment Backing:

- a. General: Telephone, Data and Electric Closets.
- b. 1st Coat: Latex Enamel Undercoater.
- c. 2nd Coat: Acrylic Paint; match adjacent finish.
- d. 3rd Coat: Acrylic Paint; match adjacent finish.

K. Pipe Identification:

- 1. General: Per ANSI A13.1; buried pipe, electrical conduit, and pipe in concealed spaces such as furred spaces and shafts not included.
- 2. Color Scheme: ANSI Z53.1 in combination with legend and flow markers; continuous total length coverage. Safety colors as specified under applicable Mechanical Section.
- 3. Legend: Stencil letters of colors, type, and sizes per ANSI A13.1. Tags for identification of pipes less than 3/4-inch overall outside diameter, including valves and fittings; provided under applicable mechanical Section.
- 4. Flow Markers: Provide each type with appropriate size arrows to indicate flow direction in pipe; same color as legend.
- 5. Visibility: Locate legend and flowmarkers for easy visibility from operating floor; space not over 20 feet with at least one per room.

3.8 CLEANING:

- A. Comply with provisions of Section 017900 Cleaning.
- B. Remove paint spots, oil, and stains from adjacent surfaces upon completion of Work; leave Work clean.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 10 26 00 - WALL AND DOOR PROTECTION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Work Included: Provide and install wall protection, wall corner guards and other finish protection products, complete, as shown on Drawings and as specified, including:
 - 1. Surface-Mounted Corner Guards and Partition End Guards.
 - 2. Protective Wall Covering Wainscot
 - Crash Rails
- B. Work Specified Elsewhere:
 - 1. Section 081113 Hollow Metal Doors and Frames.
 - 2. Section 084113 Aluminum Entrances and Storefronts.
 - 3. Section 081416 Flush Wood Doors.
 - 4. Section 079200 Joint Sealants.
 - 5. Section 087100 Door Hardware
 - 6. Section 092216 Non-Structural Metal Framing.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Comply with provisions of Section 013300 Submittal Procedures.
- B. Product Data: Manufacturer's catalog cuts, standard color charts, and data sheets; including installation details and instructions, for each item specified.
- C. Samples:
 - 1. Crash Rails: 12-inch-long piece of each type specified, including color.
 - 2. Corridor Handrail: 12-inch-long piece of each specified type, including mounting bracket and specified finish.
 - 3. Partition End and Corner Guards: 12-inch-long piece of each type specified, including color.
 - 4. Wall protection and Door Protection: 12-inch-square piece of each specified type, including corner and specified color.

1.3 PRODUCT HANDLING

A. Delivery and Storage: Deliver and store items and related fasteners in manufacturer's original packaging, identified with manufacturer's name and type of product, and size. Store materials indoors, protected from moisture and other sources of damage.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURER

- A. General: Provide vinyl/acrovyn wall and corner protection single-sourced from one manufacturer to assure color matching.
- B. Manufacturer: Inpro Corporation, Acrovyn Construction Specialties, Inc., Pawling Corporation OR Korogard
 - a. Basis-of-Design: Acrovyn wall protection systems
- C. Fire Hazard Classification: Flame spread of 25 or less when tested per ASTM E84.

2.3 CORNER GUARDS

- A. Type: Acrovyn Surface mounted Corner Guard with continuous aluminum retainer.
 - 1. Size: 2" X 2" X 4'-0".
 - Mounting Style: Surface-mounted.
 - 3. Color: As scheduled on Drawings.
 - 4. Mounting Height: 4" from top of finished floor. (match existing)
 - 6. Locations: Typical at all corners and as shown on Drawings.

2.4 PROTECTIVE WALL COVERING WAINSCOT

- A. Type: Sheet plastic wall protection by Acrovyn. Typical where shown on Drawings.
 - 1. Size: 0.060" thick Rigid Sheet by sizes shown on Drawings.
 - 2. Mounting Style: Surface-mounted.
 - Extrusion: Extrusion: High-impact vinyl acrylic extrusion, nominal 078"
 (1.98mm) thick. Class A fire rating, when tested in accordance with ASTM E 84.
 - 3. Color: As scheduled on Drawings.

- 4. Mounting Height: From finished floor to 4 feet above finish floor. Align top of wall protection with top of corner guards where occurs (Match adjacent existing).
- 5. Locations: As shown on Drawings.

2.5 CRASH RAILS/ WALL GUARD

- A. Manufacturer: Acrovyn (match adjacent existing)
- B. Type: Acrovyn crash rail, surface-mounted crash rail with continuous aluminum retainer. Typical at corridors and as shown on Drawings (match adjacent existing).
 - 1. Size: 8 inch tall by lengths shown on Drawings (match adjacent existing)
 - 2. Mounting Style: Surface Mounted
 - Color: As scheduled on Drawings.
 - 4. Mounting Height: As shown on Drawings.
 - 5. Locations: Typical at all corridor locations.

2.5 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard, removable, corrosion-resistant fasteners of size and length suitable for the conditions of installation.
- B. Adhesive: As recommended by manufacturer for setting material.
- C. Backing Plates: As specified in Section 092216 Non-Structural Metal Framing and as shown on Drawings.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verification of Conditions: After application of wall base and finish painting of walls is complete, examine areas and conditions under which items are to be installed. If unsatisfactory conditions exist, do not proceed with the Work until such conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Cleaning: Prior to application, clean side of units that will be in contact with wall surface.

3.3 INSTALLATION

A. General: Install units per manufacturer's instructions and as specified. Install wall and corner guards, crash rails and handrails plumb and true and securely fastened to backing plates or substrates.

3.4 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Cleaning: Prior to time of final acceptance, strip units of protective coverings, and clean in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Defective Materials: Remove and replace any defective, misaligned, or damaged units, at no additional cost to Owner.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 221316 - SANITARY WASTE AND VENT PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Pipe, tube, and fittings.
 - 2. Specialty pipe fittings.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. EPDM: Ethylene-propylene-diene terpolymer rubber.
- B. PVC: Polyvinyl chloride plastic.

1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Components and installation shall be capable of withstanding the following minimum working pressure unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Soil, Waste, and Vent Piping: 10-foot head of water.
- B. Seismic Performance: Soil, waste, and vent piping and support and installation shall withstand the effects of earthquake motions determined according to SEI/ASCE 7 and with the requirements specified in Section 230548 "Vibration and Seismic Controls for HVAC."
 - 1. For piping with a seismic importance factor of 1.0 the term "withstand" means "the unit will remain in place without separation of any parts from the device when subjected to the seismic forces specified."
 - 2. For piping with a seismic importance factor of 1.5 the term "withstand" means "the unit will remain in place without separation of any parts from the device when subjected to the seismic forces specified and the unit will be fully operational after the seismic event."

1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Seismic Qualification Certificates: For waste and vent piping, accessories, and components, from manufacturer.
 - 1. Basis for Certification: Indicate whether withstand certification is based on actual test of assembled components or on calculation.
 - 2. Detailed description of piping anchorage devices on which the certification is based and their installation requirements.
- B. Field quality-control reports.

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Piping materials shall bear label, stamp, or other markings of specified testing agency.
- B. Comply with NSF/ANSI 14, "Plastics Piping Systems Components and Related Materials," for plastic piping components. Include marking with "NSF-dwv" for plastic drain, waste, and vent piping; "NSF-sewer" for plastic sewer piping; "NSF-drain" for plastic drain piping, and "NSF-tubular" for plastic continuous waste piping.

1.8 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Interruption of Existing Sanitary Waste Service: Do not interrupt service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary service according to requirements indicated:
 - 1. Notify Construction Manager no fewer than two days in advance of proposed interruption of sanitary waste service.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PIPING MATERIALS

A. Comply with requirements in "Piping Schedule" Article for applications of pipe, tube, fitting materials, and joining methods for specific services, service locations, and pipe sizes.

2.2 HUBLESS, CAST-IRON SOIL PIPE AND FITTINGS

A. Pipe and Fittings: All cast-iron waste, vent and sewer pipe and fittings shall conform to the requirements of CISPI Standard 301 and ASTM A 888. All products shall be marked with the collective trademark of the Cast Soil Pipe Institute and shall be listed by NSF International or receive prior approval of the engineer. All cast-iron pipe and fittings shall be American made and tested. Non-compliant import cast-iron products will not be permitted. Any non-compliant cast-iron product installed by the contractor on this project will be replaced at the contractor's expense and shall include all repairs,

patching, painting and other incidental work required to return the project to its preremediation state.

- B. Pipe shall be epoxy coated.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. AB&I Foundry
 - b. Charoltte Pipe
 - c. Tyler Pipe
 - d. NewAge Epoxy
- C. CISPI, Hubless-Piping Couplings:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. ANACO.
 - b. Ideal
 - c. Mission Rubber Company; a division of MCP Industries, Inc.
 - d. Tyler Pipe.
 - 2. Standards: ASTM C 1277 and CISPI 310.
 - 3. Description: Stainless-steel corrugated shield with stainless-steel bands and tightening devices; and ASTM C 564, rubber sleeve with integral, center pipe stop.
 - 4. Listing: Couplings shall be listed by NSF International. Each coupling shall be embossed with the NSF seal.
- D. Heavy-Duty, Hubless-Piping Couplings:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Husky SD 4000.
 - b. Clamp-All Corp HI-TORQ 125.
 - 2. Standards: ASTM C 1277 and ASTM C 1540.
 - 3. Description: Stainless-steel shield with stainless-steel bands and tightening devices; and ASTM C 564, rubber sleeve with integral, center pipe stop.

2.3 DOUBLE-CONTAINMENT PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. Piping Materials:
 - 1. PVC Double-Containment Pipe and Fittings:
 - a. PVC Carrier Pipe: ASTM D1785, Schedule 40 with ASTM D2466 fittings.
 - 1) Piping Color: White.
 - b. PVC Containment Pipe: ASTM D1785, Schedule 40 with ASTM D2466 fittings.

- 1) Piping Color: Clear.
- c. Supports: Molded supports or disks as supplied by the double containment pipping system manufacturer for the size and piping type specified.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EARTH MOVING

A. Comply with requirements for excavating, trenching, and backfilling specified in Division 31 Section "Earth Moving."

3.2 PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of piping systems. Indicated locations and arrangements were used to size pipe and calculate friction loss, expansion, pump sizing, and other design considerations. Install piping as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on coordination drawings.
- B. Install piping in concealed locations unless otherwise indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.
- C. Install piping indicated to be exposed and piping in equipment rooms and service areas at right angles or parallel to building walls. Diagonal runs are prohibited unless specifically indicated otherwise.
- D. Install piping above accessible ceilings to allow sufficient space for ceiling panel removal.
- E. Install piping to permit valve servicing.
- F. Install piping at indicated slopes.
- G. Install piping free of sags and bends.
- H. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.
- I. Install piping to allow application of insulation.
- J. Install seismic restraints on piping. Comply with SEI/ASCE 7 and with requirements for seismic-restraint devices specified in Division 22 Section "Vibration and Seismic Controls for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."
- K. Make changes in direction for soil and waste drainage and vent piping using appropriate branches, bends, and long-sweep bends. Sanitary tees and short-sweep 1/4 bends may be used on vertical stacks if change in direction of flow is from horizontal to vertical. Use long-turn, double Y-branch and 1/8-bend fittings if two fixtures are installed back to back or side by side with common drain pipe. Straight tees, elbows, and crosses may be used on vent lines. Do not change direction of flow more than 90 degrees. Use proper size of standard increasers and reducers if pipes of

- different sizes are connected. Reducing size of drainage piping in direction of flow is prohibited.
- L. Lay buried building drainage piping beginning at low point of each system. Install true to grades and alignment indicated, with unbroken continuity of invert.
- M. Install soil and waste drainage and vent piping at the following minimum slopes unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Building Sanitary Drain: 2 percent downward in direction of flow for piping.
 - 2. Horizontal Sanitary Drainage Piping: 2 percent downward in direction of flow.
 - 3. Vent Piping: 1 percent down toward vertical fixture vent or toward vent stack.
- N. Install cast-iron soil piping according to CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook," Chapter IV, "Installation of Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings."
 - 1. Install encasement on underground piping according to ASTM A 674 or AWWA C105/A 21.5.
- O. Install underground PVC piping according to ASTM D 2321.
- P. Install PVC Double-Containment as required by the manufacturer:
 - 1. All installers should be trained by manufacturer or manufacturer's rep to ensure that proper installation techniques and considerations are followed.
- Q. Install engineered soil and waste drainage and vent piping systems as follows:
 - 1. Combination Waste and Vent: Comply with standards of authorities having jurisdiction.
- R. Plumbing Specialties:
 - Install cleanouts at grade and extend to where building sanitary drains connect to building sanitary sewers in sanitary drainage gravity-flow piping. Install cleanout fitting with closure plug inside the building in sanitary drainage forcemain piping. Comply with requirements for cleanouts specified in Division 22 Section "Sanitary Waste Piping Specialties."
 - 2. Install drains in sanitary drainage gravity-flow piping. Comply with requirements for drains specified in Division 22 Section "Sanitary Waste Piping Specialties."
 - 3. Install cleanout fitting with closure plug inside the building in sanitary force-main piping.
- S. Do not enclose, cover, or put piping into operation until it is inspected and approved by authorities having jurisdiction.
- T. Install sleeves for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for sleeves specified in Division 22 Section "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for Plumbing Piping."

- U. Install sleeve seals for piping penetrations of concrete walls and slabs. Comply with requirements for sleeve seals specified in Division 22 Section "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for Plumbing Piping."
- V. Install escutcheons for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for escutcheons specified in Division 22 Section "Escutcheons for Plumbing Piping."
- W. Vents shall extend full size through roof and shall project minimum 18-in above the roof.

3.3 JOINT CONSTRUCTION

- A. Join hubless, cast-iron soil piping according to CISPI 310 and CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook" for hubless-piping coupling joints.
- B. Plastic, Nonpressure-Piping, Solvent-Cement Joints: Clean and dry joining surfaces. Join pipe and fittings according to the following:
 - 1. Comply with ASTM F 402 for safe-handling practice of cleaners, primers, and solvent cements.
 - 2. PVC Piping: Join according to ASTM D 2855 and ASTM D 2665 Appendixes.

3.4 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with requirements for seismic-restraint devices specified in Division 22 Section "Vibration and Seismic Controls for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."
- B. Comply with requirements for pipe hanger and support devices and installation specified in Division 22 Section "Hangers and Supports for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."
 - 1. Install carbon-steel pipe hangers for horizontal piping in noncorrosive environments.
 - 2. Install stainless-steel pipe hangers for horizontal piping in corrosive environments.
 - 3. Install carbon-steel pipe support clamps for vertical piping in noncorrosive environments.
 - 4. Install stainless-steel pipe support clamps for vertical piping in corrosive environments.
 - 5. Vertical Piping: MSS Type 8 or Type 42, clamps.
 - 6. Install individual, straight, horizontal piping runs:
 - a. 100 Feet and Less: MSS Type 1, adjustable, steel clevis hangers.
 - b. Longer Than 100 Feet: MSS Type 43, adjustable roller hangers.
 - c. Longer Than 100 Feet if Indicated: MSS Type 49, spring cushion rolls.
 - 7. Multiple, Straight, Horizontal Piping Runs 100 Feet or Longer: MSS Type 44, pipe rolls. Support pipe rolls on trapeze.
 - 8. Base of Vertical Piping: MSS Type 52, spring hangers.

- C. Support horizontal piping and tubing within 12 inches of each fitting and coupling or valve and coupling.
- D. Support vertical piping and tubing at base and at each floor.
- E. Rod diameter may be reduced one size for double-rod hangers, with 3/8-inch minimum rods.
- F. Install hangers for cast-iron soil piping with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters:
 - 1. NPS 1-1/2 and NPS 2: 60 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
 - 2. NPS 3: 60 inches with 1/2-inch rod.
 - 3. NPS 4 and NPS 5: 60 inches with 5/8-inchod.
 - 4. NPS 6 and NPS 8: 60 inches with 3/4-inch rod.
 - 5. NPS 10 and NPS 12: 60 inches with 7/8-inch rod.
 - 6. Spacing for 10-foot lengths may be increased to 10 feet. Spacing for fittings is limited to 60 inches.
- G. Install supports for vertical cast-iron soil piping every 15 feet.
- H. Install hangers for <u>double-containment</u> PVC piping with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters:
 - 1. NPS 1-1/2 and NPS: 48 inches with 3/8-inchrod.
 - 2. NPS 3: 48 inches with 1/2-inchrod.
 - 3. NPS 4 and NPS 5: 48 inches with 5/8-inchrod.
 - 4. NPS 6 and NPS 8: 48 inches with 3/4-inchrod.
 - 5. NPS 10 and NPS 12: 48 inches with 7/8-inchrod.
- I. Install supports for vertical double-containment PVC piping every 48 inches.
- J. Support piping and tubing not listed above according to MSS SP-69 and manufacturer's written instructions.

3.5 CONNECTIONS

- A. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Connect soil and waste piping to exterior sanitary sewerage piping. Use transition fitting to join dissimilar piping materials.
- C. Connect drainage and vent piping to the following:
 - 1. Plumbing Fixtures: Connect drainage piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than required by plumbing code.
 - 2. Plumbing Fixtures and Equipment: Connect atmospheric vent piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than required by authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 3. Plumbing Specialties: Connect drainage and vent piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than required by plumbing code.

- 4. Install test tees (wall cleanouts) in conductors near floor and floor cleanouts with cover flush with floor.
- 5. Comply with requirements for cleanouts and drains specified in Division 22 Section "Sanitary Waste Piping Specialties."
- 6. Equipment: Connect drainage piping as indicated. Provide shutoff valve if indicated and union for each connection. Use flanges instead of unions for connections NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
- D. Where installing piping adjacent to equipment, allow space for service and maintenance of equipment.
- E. Make fixture and equipment connections according to the following unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Install unions, in piping NPS 2 and smaller, adjacent to each valve and at final connection to each piece of equipment.
 - 2. Install flanges, in piping NPS 2-1/2 and larger, adjacent to flanged valves and at final connection to each piece of equipment.

3.6 IDENTIFICATION

A. Identify exposed sanitary waste and vent piping. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Division 22 Section "Identification for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."

3.7 FIFLD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. During installation, notify authorities having jurisdiction at least 24 hours before inspection must be made. Perform tests specified below in presence of authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Roughing-in Inspection: Arrange for inspection of piping before concealing or closing-in after roughing-in and before setting fixtures.
 - 2. Final Inspection: Arrange for final inspection by authorities having jurisdiction to observe tests specified below and to ensure compliance with requirements.
- B. Reinspection: If authorities having jurisdiction find that piping will not pass test or inspection, make required corrections and arrange for reinspection.
- C. Reports: Prepare inspection reports and have them signed by authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. Test sanitary drainage and vent piping according to procedures of authorities having jurisdiction or, in absence of published procedures, as follows:
 - 1. Test for leaks and defects in new piping and parts of existing piping that have been altered, extended, or repaired. If testing is performed in segments, submit separate report for each test, complete with diagram of portion of piping tested.

- 2. Leave uncovered and unconcealed new, altered, extended, or replaced drainage and vent piping until it has been tested and approved. Expose work that was covered or concealed before it was tested.
- 3. Roughing-in Plumbing Test Procedure: Test drainage and vent piping except outside leaders on completion of roughing-in. Close openings in piping system and fill with water to point of overflow, but not less than 10-foot head of water. From 15 minutes before inspection starts to completion of inspection, water level must not drop. Inspect joints for leaks.
- 4. Finished Plumbing Test Procedure: After plumbing fixtures have been set and traps filled with water, test connections and prove they are gastight and watertight. Plug vent-stack openings on roof and building drains where they leave building. Introduce air into piping system equal to pressure of 1-inch wg. Use U-tube or manometer inserted in trap of water closet to measure this pressure. Air pressure must remain constant without introducing additional air throughout period of inspection. Inspect plumbing fixture connections for gas and water leaks.
- 5. Repair leaks and defects with new materials and retest piping, or portion thereof, until satisfactory results are obtained.
- 6. Prepare reports for tests and required corrective action.

3.8 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean interior of piping. Remove dirt and debris as work progresses.
- B. Protect drains during remainder of construction period to avoid clogging with dirt and debris and to prevent damage from traffic and construction work.
- C. Place plugs in ends of uncompleted piping at end of day and when work stops.

3.9 PIPING SCHEDULE

- A. Flanges and unions may be used on aboveground pressure piping unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Aboveground, soil and waste piping NPS 3 and smaller shall be the following:
 - 1. Hubless, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings CISPI hubless-piping couplings; and coupled joints.
 - 2. Dissimilar Pipe-Material Couplings: Shielded, nonpressure transition couplings.
- C. Aboveground, soil and waste piping NPS 4 and larger shall be the following:
 - 1. Hubless, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings heavy-duty hubless-piping couplings; and coupled joints.
 - 2. Dissimilar Pipe-Material Couplings: Shielded, nonpressure transition couplings.
- D. Aboveground, vent piping NPS 3 and smaller shall be the following:
 - 1. Hubless, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings CISPI hubless-piping couplings; and coupled joints.

- 2. Dissimilar Pipe-Material Couplings: Shielded, nonpressure transition couplings.
- E. Aboveground, vent piping NPS 4 and larger shall be the following:
 - 1. Hubless, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings CISPI hubless-piping couplings; and coupled joints.
 - 2. Dissimilar Pipe-Material Couplings: Unshielded, nonpressure transition couplings.
- F. Aboveground, soil and waste piping installed above operating rooms, delivery rooms, trauma rooms, nurseries, central kitchens, sterile processing and Class 1 and 2 imaging rooms shall be the following:
 - 1. Double-Containment piping with solvent cement joints.
 - 2. Dissimilar Pipe-Material Couplings: Shielded, nonpressure transition couplings.
- G. Aboveground Grease, soil, waste and vent piping shall be any of the following:
 - 1. Hubless, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings heavy-duty hubless-piping couplings; and coupled joints.
 - 2. Dissimilar Pipe-Material Couplings: Shielded, nonpressure transition couplings.
- H. Underground Grease, soil, waste and vent piping shall be any of the following:
 - 1. Hubless, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings heavy-duty hubless-piping couplings; and coupled joints.
 - 2. Solid-wall PVC pipe, PVC socket fittings, and solvent-cemented joints. Rated for High Temperatures.
- I. Dissimilar Pipe-Material Couplings: Shielded, nonpressure transition couplings.
- J. Underground, soil, waste, and vent piping NPS 3 and smaller shall be the following:
 - 1. Solid-wall PVC pipe, PVC socket fittings, and solvent-cemented joints. All underground waste piping in boiler room shall be rated for high temperatures.
 - 2. Dissimilar Pipe-Material Couplings: Shielded, nonpressure transition couplings.
- K. Underground, soil and waste piping NPS 4 and larger shall be the following:
 - 1. Solid-wall PVC pipe, PVC socket fittings, and solvent-cemented joints. All underground waste piping in boiler room shall be rated for high temperatures.
 - 2. Dissimilar Pipe-Material Couplings: Shielded, nonpressure transition couplings.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 224000 - PLUMBING FIXTURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following conventional plumbing fixtures and related components:
 - 1. Faucets for lavatories bathtub/showers showers and sinks.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 10 Section "Toilet, Bath, and Laundry Accessories."
 - 2. Division 22 Section "Domestic Water Piping Specialties" for backflow preventers, floor drains, and specialty fixtures not included in this Section.
 - 3. Division 22 Section "Emergency Plumbing Fixtures."
 - 4. Division 22 Section "Drinking Fountains and Water Coolers."

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Accessible Fixture: Plumbing fixture that can be approached, entered, and used by people with disabilities.
- B. Cast Polymer: Cast-filled-polymer-plastic material. This material includes cultured-marble and solid-surface materials.
- C. Cultured Marble: Cast-filled-polymer-plastic material with surface coating.
- D. Fitting: Device that controls the flow of water into or out of the plumbing fixture. Fittings specified in this Section include supplies and stops, faucets and spouts, shower heads and tub spouts, drains and tailpieces, and traps and waste pipes. Piping and general-duty valves are included where indicated.
- E. FRP: Fiberglass-reinforced plastic.
- F. PMMA: Polymethyl methacrylate (acrylic) plastic.
- G. PVC: Polyvinyl chloride plastic.
- H. Solid Surface: Nonporous, homogeneous, cast-polymer-plastic material with heat-, impact-, scratch-, and stain-resistance qualities.

1.4 WARRANTY

A. Provide a one year factory warranty for all fixtures, faucets and valves from the date of substantial completion.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of plumbing fixture indicated. Include selected fixture and trim, fittings, accessories, appliances, appurtenances, equipment, and supports. Indicate materials and finishes, dimensions, construction details, and flow-control rates.
- B. Shop Drawings: Diagram power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. Operation and Maintenance Data: For plumbing fixtures to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.
- D. Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Section.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain plumbing fixtures, faucets, and other components of each category through one source from a single manufacturer.
 - 1. Exception: If fixtures, faucets, or other components are not available from a single manufacturer, obtain similar products from other manufacturers specified for that category.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- C. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with requirements in ICC A117.1, "Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities"; Public Law 90-480, "Architectural Barriers Act"; and Public Law 101-336, "Americans with Disabilities Act"; for plumbing fixtures for people with disabilities.
- D. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with requirements in Public Law 102-486, "Energy Policy Act," about water flow and consumption rates for plumbing fixtures.
- E. NSF Standard: Comply with NSF 61, "Drinking Water System Components--Health Effects," for fixture materials that will be in contact with potable water.
- F. Select combinations of fixtures and trim, faucets, fittings, and other components that are compatible.
- G. Comply with the following applicable standards and other requirements specified for plumbing fixtures:
 - 1. Enameled, Cast-Iron Fixtures: ASME A112.19.1M.
 - 2. Porcelain-Enameled, Formed-Steel Fixtures: ASME A112.19.4M.
 - 3. Slip-Resistant Bathing Surfaces: ASTM F 462.

- 4. Solid-Surface-Material Lavatories and Sinks: ANSI/ICPA SS-1.
- 5. Stainless-Steel Residential Sinks: ASME A112.19.3.
- 6. Vitreous-China Fixtures: ASME A112.19.2M.
- 7. Water-Closet, Flushometer Tank Trim: ASSE 1037.
- 8. Whirlpool Bathtub Fittings: ASME A112.19.8M.
- H. Comply with the following applicable standards and other requirements specified for lavatory and sink faucets:
 - 1. Backflow Protection Devices for Faucets with Side Spray: ASME A112.18.3M.
 - 2. Backflow Protection Devices for Faucets with Hose-Thread Outlet: ASME A112.18.3M.
 - 3. Diverter Valves for Faucets with Hose Spray: ASSE 1025.
 - 4. Faucets: ASME A112.18.1.
 - 5. Hose-Connection Vacuum Breakers: ASSE 1011.
 - 6. Hose-Coupling Threads: ASME B1.20.7.
 - 7. Integral, Atmospheric Vacuum Breakers: ASSE 1001.
 - 8. NSF Potable-Water Materials: NSF 61.
 - 9. Pipe Threads: ASME B1.20.1.
 - 10. Sensor-Actuated Faucets and Electrical Devices: UL 1951.
 - 11. Supply Fittings: ASME A112.18.1.
 - 12. Brass Waste Fittings: ASME A112.18.2.
 - 13. NSF61 Appendage G-AB 1953. Lead free potable drinking faucets.
- I. Comply with the following applicable standards and other requirements specified for bathtub/shower and shower faucets:
 - 1. Backflow Protection Devices for Hand-Held Showers: ASME A112.18.3M.
 - 2. Combination, Pressure-Equalizing and Thermostatic-Control Antiscald Faucets: ASSE 1016.
 - 3. Deck-Mounted Bath/Shower Transfer Valves: ASME 18.7.
 - 4. Faucets: ASME A112.18.1.
 - 5. Hand-Held Showers: ASSE 1014.
 - 6. High-Temperature-Limit Controls for Thermal-Shock-Preventing Devices: ASTM F 445.
 - 7. Hose-Coupling Threads: ASME B1.20.7.
 - 8. Manual-Control Antiscald Faucets: ASTM F 444.
 - 9. Pipe Threads: ASME B1.20.1.
 - 10. Pressure-Equalizing-Control Antiscald Faucets: ASTM F 444 and ASSE 1016.
 - 11. Sensor-Actuated Faucets and Electrical Devices: UL 1951.
 - 12. Thermostatic-Control Antiscald Faucets: ASTM F 444 and ASSE 1016.
- J. Comply with the following applicable standards and other requirements specified for miscellaneous fittings:
 - 1. Atmospheric Vacuum Breakers: ASSE 1001.
 - 2. Brass and Copper Supplies: ASME A112.18.1.
 - 3. Dishwasher Air-Gap Fittings: ASSE 1021.
 - 4. Manual-Operation Flushometers: ASSE 1037.
 - 5. Plastic Tubular Fittings: ASTM F 409.
 - 6. Brass Waste Fittings: ASME A112.18.2.
 - 7. Sensor-Operation Flushometers: ASSE 1037 and UL 1951.

- 8. NSF61 Appendage G-AB 1953. Lead free potable drinking faucets.
- K. Comply with the following applicable standards and other requirements specified for miscellaneous components:
 - 1. Disposers: ASSE 1008 and UL 430.
 - 2. Dishwasher Air-Gap Fittings: ASSE 1021.
 - 3. Flexible Water Connectors: ASME A112.18.6.
 - 4. Floor Drains: ASME A112.6.3.
 - 5. Grab Bars: ASTM F 446.
 - 6. Hose-Coupling Threads: ASME B1.20.7.
 - 7. Off-Floor Fixture Supports: ASME A112.6.1M.
 - 8. Pipe Threads: ASME B1.20.1.
 - 9. Plastic Toilet Seats: ANSI Z124.5.
 - 10. Supply and Drain Protective Shielding Guards: ICC A117.1.

1.7 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Faucet Washers and O-Rings: Equal to 10 percent of amount of each type and size installed.
 - 2. Faucet Cartridges and O-Rings: Equal to 5 percent of amount of each type and size installed.
 - 3. Flushometer Valve, Repair Kits: Equal to 10 percent of amount of each type installed, but no fewer than 12 of each type.
 - 4. Provide hinged-top wood or metal box, or individual metal boxes, with separate compartments for each type and size of extra materials listed above.
 - 5. Toilet Seats: Equal to 5 percent of amount of each type installed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SINK FAUCETS

- A. Sink Faucets:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Chicago Faucets.

2.2 PROTECTIVE SHIELDING GUARDS

A. Protective Shielding Pipe Covers:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Engineered Brass Co.
 - b. Insul-Tect Products Co.; a Subsidiary of MVG Molded Products.
 - c. McGuire Manufacturing Co., Inc.
 - d. Plumberex Specialty Products Inc.
 - e. TCI Products.
 - f. TRUEBRO, Inc.
 - g. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Tubular Brass Plumbing Products Operation.
- 2. Description: Manufactured plastic wraps for covering plumbing fixture hot- and cold-water supplies and trap and drain piping. Comply with Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) requirements. Product shall also meet the ASTM E 84 25/450 smoke and flame rating.
- B. Protective Shielding Piping Enclosures:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. TRUEBRO, Inc.
 - 2. Description: Manufactured plastic enclosure for covering plumbing fixture hotand cold-water supplies and trap and drain piping. Comply with ADA requirements.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine roughing-in of water supply and sanitary drainage and vent piping systems to verify actual locations of piping connections before plumbing fixture installation.
- B. Examine cabinets, counters, floors, and walls for suitable conditions where fixtures will be installed.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Assemble plumbing fixtures, trim, fittings, and other components according to manufacturers' written instructions.
- B. Install off-floor supports, affixed to building substrate, for wall-mounting fixtures.
 - 1. Use carrier supports with waste fitting and seal for back-outlet fixtures.
 - 2. Use carrier supports without waste fitting for fixtures with tubular waste piping.

- 3. Use chair-type carrier supports with rectangular steel uprights for accessible fixtures.
- C. Install back-outlet, wall-mounting fixtures onto waste fitting seals and attach to supports.
- D. Install floor-mounting fixtures on closet flanges or other attachments to piping or building substrate.
- E. Install wall-mounting fixtures with tubular waste piping attached to supports.
- F. Install counter-mounting fixtures in and attached to casework.
- G. Install fixtures level and plumb according to roughing-in drawings.
- H. Install water-supply piping with stop on each supply to each fixture to be connected to water distribution piping. Attach supplies to supports or substrate within pipe spaces behind fixtures. Install stops in locations where they can be easily reached for operation.
 - 1. Exception: Use ball, gate, or globe valves if supply stops are not specified with fixture. Valves are specified in Division 22 Section "General-Duty Valves for Plumbina Pipina."
- I. Install trap and tubular waste piping on drain outlet of each fixture to be directly connected to sanitary drainage system.
- J. Install tubular waste piping on drain outlet of each fixture to be indirectly connected to drainage system.
- K. Install flushometer valves for accessible water closets and urinals with handle mounted on wide side of compartment. Install other actuators in locations that are easy for people with disabilities to reach.
- L. Install toilet seats on water closets.
- M. Install faucet-spout fittings with specified flow rates and patterns in faucet spouts if faucets are not available with required rates and patterns. Include adapters if required.
- N. Install water-supply flow-control fittings with specified flow rates in fixture supplies at stop valves.
- O. Install faucet flow-control fittings with specified flow rates and patterns in faucet spouts if faucets are not available with required rates and patterns. Include adapters if required.
- P. Install shower flow-control fittings with specified maximum flow rates in shower arms.
- Q. Install traps on fixture outlets.
 - 1. Exception: Omit trap on fixtures with integral traps.
 - 2. Exception: Omit trap on indirect wastes, unless otherwise indicated.

- R. Install escutcheons at piping wall ceiling penetrations in exposed, finished locations and within cabinets and millwork. Use deep-pattern escutcheons if required to conceal protruding fittings. Escutcheons are specified in Division 22 Section "Common Work Results for Plumbing."
- S. Set bathtubs and service basins in leveling bed of cement grout. Grout is specified in Division 22 Section "Common Work Results for Plumbing."
- T. Seal joints between fixtures and walls, floors, and countertops using sanitary-type, one-part, mildew-resistant silicone sealant. Match sealant color to fixture color. Sealants are specified in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants."
- U. All plumbing fixtures are to be mounted at the height specified on the Architectural drawings.

3.3 CONNECTIONS

- A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 22 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Connect fixtures with water supplies, stops, and risers, and with traps, soil, waste, and vent piping. Use size fittings required to match fixtures.
- C. Ground equipment according to Division 26 Section "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems."
- D. Connect wiring according to Division 26 Section "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Verify that installed plumbing fixtures are categories and types specified for locations where installed.
- B. Check that plumbing fixtures are complete with trim, faucets, fittings, and other specified components.
- C. Inspect installed plumbing fixtures for damage. Replace damaged fixtures and components.
- D. Test installed fixtures after water systems are pressurized for proper operation. Replace malfunctioning fixtures and components, then retest. Repeat procedure until units operate properly.
- E. Install fresh batteries in sensor-operated mechanisms.

3.5 ADJUSTING

A. Operate and adjust faucets and controls. Replace damaged and malfunctioning fixtures, fittings, and controls.

- B. Adjust water pressure at faucets and flushometer valves to produce proper flow and stream.
- C. Replace washers and seals of leaking and dripping faucets and stops.
- D. Install fresh batteries in sensor-operated mechanisms.

3.6 CLEANING

- A. Clean fixtures, faucets, and other fittings with manufacturers' recommended cleaning methods and materials. Do the following:
 - 1. Remove faucet spouts and strainers, remove sediment and debris, and reinstall strainers and spouts.
 - 2. Remove sediment and debris from drains.
- B. After completing installation of exposed, factory-finished fixtures, faucets, and fittings, inspect exposed finishes and repair damaged finishes.

3.7 PROTECTION

- A. Provide protective covering for installed fixtures and fittings.
- B. Do not allow use of plumbing fixtures for temporary facilities unless approved in writing by Owner.

END OF SECTION