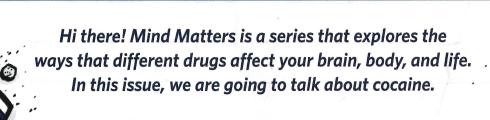






THE BODY'S RESPONSE TO

COCAINE





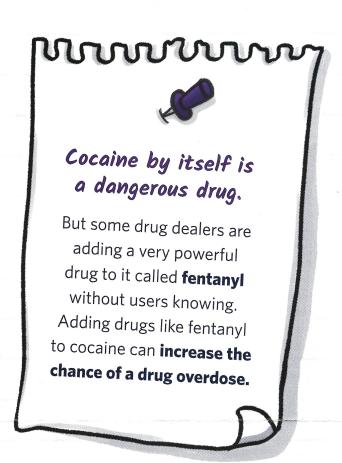
What is cocaine?

Cocaine is a drug that is made of dried leaves from the South American coca plant. Cocaine is also called other names like "blow," "coke," or "snow."

Illegal cocaine looks like a very fine, white powder. Sometimes drug dealers mix it with flour or corn starch to increase profits.

Cocaine is a stimulant that can make you feel like you have more energy and are extra alert. But it can also make you feel restless, grouchy, anxious, panicked, and paranoid. It can even cause a heart attack, stroke, or coma.

Cocaine is mostly available as an illegal drug that some people use to get high. In rare cases, it is also used as a prescription drug for certain surgeries.



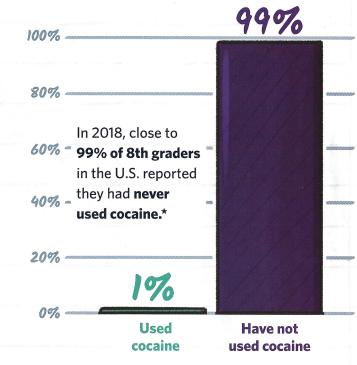
How do people use cocaine?

People use cocaine by snorting the powder through their nose, or by rubbing it on their gums. They can also mix it with water and inject it into their body. Some people smoke cocaine that has been heated to make a rock crystal, called "crack," which refers to the crackling sound as it's heated.



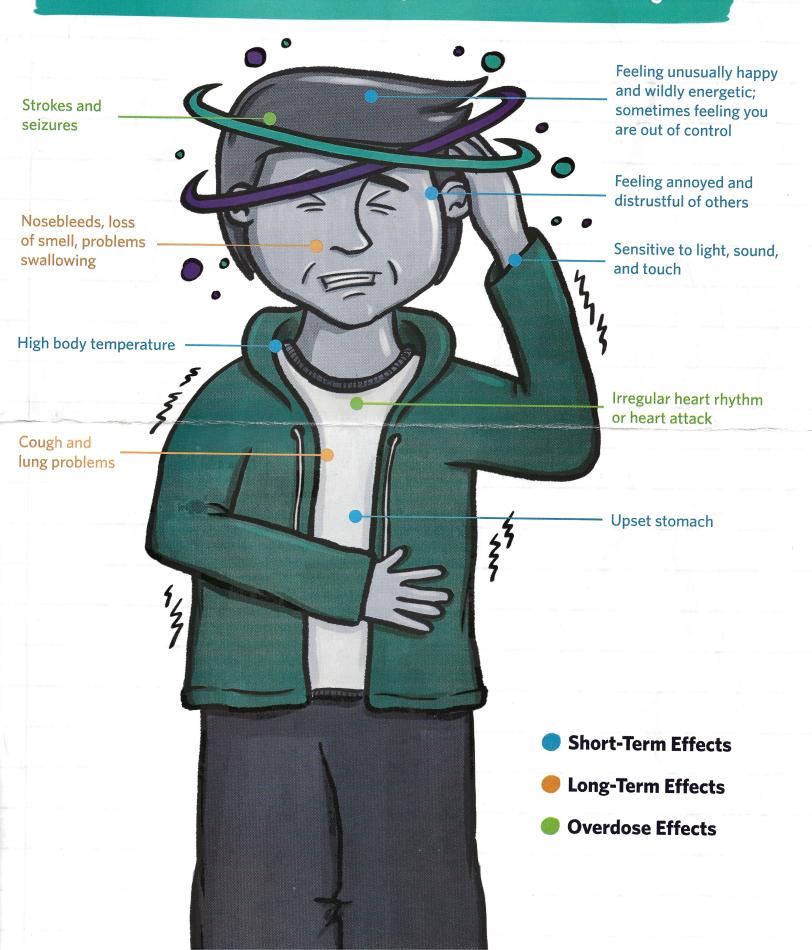
How does cocaine work?

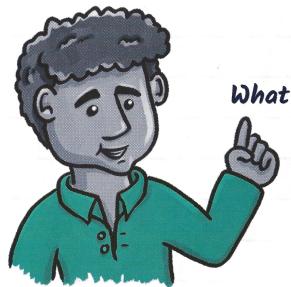
Cocaine changes how the brain works by increasing the amount of a chemical called **dopamine** in parts of the brain that control reward and motivation. If you use it often, your brain will get used to the large amount of dopamine produced by the drug, and other healthy activities will seem less interesting or fun. You will want more and more of the drug just to feel normal.





How can cocaine affect your brain and body?





What if someone I know needs help?

If you think a friend or family member has a problem with drugs, talk to an adult you trust—like a parent, coach, or teacher—right away. Remember, treatment is available and people can get better.

For more information, go to teens.drugabuse.gov.







*Johnston, et al. (2019). Monitoring the Future national survey results on drug use: 1975–2018: Overview, key findings on adolescent drug use. Ann Arbor: Institute for Social Research, The University of Michigan.

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