

LEUKEMIA CANCER

CANCER STARTS IN THE GUT

THIS IS WHAT US MEDICAL SAYS ABOUT LEUKEMIA

Why Not Fight Cancer Holistically To Save Yourself??

Leukemia is treatable with chemotherapy, radiation therapy, Holistic Therapy, stem cell transplantation, CAR T-cell therapy, targeted therapy, and other drugs and methods. The goal of leukemia treatment is to put the disease into remission (where no cancer is detectable in the patient's body) and, ultimately, to cure the patient.

Common treatments used to fight leukemia include:

- HHH Therapy or Chemotherapy. Chemotherapy is the major form of treatment for leukemia. ...
- HHH Therapy or Targeted therapy. ...
- HHH Therapy or Radiation therapy. ...
- HHH Therapy or Bone marrow transplant. ...
- HHH Therapy and Immunotherapy. . PREFERRED METHOD..
- HHH Therapy or Engineering immune cells to fight leukemia. ...
- HHH Therapy Clinical trials.

THIS IS WHAT WE SAY!!! NO TO CHEMOTHERAPY

HOLISTIC LEUKEMIA TREATMENT IS A NEW HOPE

Leukemia is a type of cancer that affects the blood and bone marrow, where blood cells are produced. It is characterized by the abnormal production of immature white blood cells, which crowd out healthy cells and impair their normal function.

Causes and Risk Factors: The exact cause of leukemia is often unknown, but certain factors can increase the risk of developing the disease. These risk factors include:

1. Genetic predisposition: Certain genetic mutations or chromosomal abnormalities can increase the risk of developing leukemia. Some genetic syndromes, such as Down syndrome and Li-Fraumeni syndrome, are associated with an increased risk.
2. Exposure to radiation and certain chemicals: Prolonged exposure to high levels of ionizing radiation, such as during cancer treatment or nuclear accidents, is a known risk factor. Exposure to certain chemicals, such as benzene and formaldehyde, also increases the risk.
3. Family history: Having a close family member, such as a parent or sibling, with leukemia increases the risk.
4. Previous cancer treatment: Previous treatment with chemotherapy or radiation therapy for another type of cancer increases the risk of developing leukemia later in life.
5. Certain blood disorders: Certain preexisting blood disorders, such as myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS) or myeloproliferative neoplasms (MPNs), can progress to leukemia.
6. Age and gender: Leukemia can occur at any age, but it is more common in adults over the age of 55 and in children.

Symptoms: The signs and symptoms of leukemia can vary depending on the type of leukemia and the stage of the disease. Common symptoms may include:

1. Fatigue or weakness.
2. Pale skin or shortness of breath due to anemia.
3. Frequent infections or slow healing of infections.
4. Easy bruising or bleeding, such as nosebleeds or bleeding gums.
5. Swollen lymph nodes, enlarged liver or spleen.
6. Bone pain or tenderness.
7. Weight loss or loss of appetite.
8. Night sweats.

It's important to note that these symptoms can also be caused by other conditions, so it's crucial to consult a healthcare professional for proper evaluation and diagnosis.

Diagnosis and Treatment: The diagnostic process for leukemia may involve:

1. Blood tests: A complete blood count (CBC) can detect abnormal levels of blood cells, such as an increased number of white blood cells or immature cells.
2. Bone marrow biopsy: A sample of bone marrow is taken to examine the cells for abnormalities and determine the specific type of leukemia.
3. Cytogenetic analysis: This test evaluates the genetic makeup of leukemia cells to identify specific chromosomal abnormalities.

Treatment options for leukemia depend on factors such as the type of leukemia, subtype, genetic abnormalities, stage of the disease, and the individual's overall health. The main treatment modalities include:

1. HHH Therapy or Chemotherapy: Anti-cancer drugs are administered orally or intravenously to kill cancer cells or prevent their growth. Chemotherapy is the mainstay of treatment for most types of leukemia.
2. HHH Therapy or Targeted therapy: Targeted drugs are designed to specifically target and inhibit the activity of specific molecules or genetic abnormalities in leukemia cells. These drugs can be used in combination with chemotherapy or as a stand-alone treatment for certain types of leukemia.
3. HHH Therapy and Immunotherapy: Immunotherapy helps stimulate the immune system to recognize and destroy cancer cells. Examples include monoclonal antibodies and immune checkpoint inhibitors.
4. HHH Therapy or Stem cell transplant: Stem cell transplantation, also known as a bone marrow transplant, involves replacing damaged or cancerous bone marrow with healthy stem cells. It may be used in certain cases, particularly for high-risk or relapsed leukemia.
5. HHH Therapy or Radiation therapy: High-energy radiation is used to target and the cancer.

1. Cancer Treatment Vitamin Support Package

UPON REQUEST

ADDITIONAL TREATMENTS IF REQUESTED

UPON REQUEST

Leukemia is a form of cancer that begins in the cells of the blood and bone marrow. This type of cancer involves an abnormal production of white blood cells, which can impair normal functioning of the immune system. It is important to note that this type of cancer does not follow a set path with each case being unique; however, prompt diagnosis and early treatment are key to managing **Leukemia** effectively. Experts are here to share some tips on how to treat leukemia combining the best of conventional and complementary methods.

LEUKEMIA SYMPTOMS

- Fatigue
- Fever
- Weight Loss
- Night Sweats
- Bone and Joint Pain
- Bleeding and Bruising Easily
- Enlarged Lymph Nodes

MAIN TYPES OF LEUKEMIA

Leukemia is a type of cancer that affects the white blood cells, and there are four main types:

- **Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML)** rapidly produces malignant cells which crowd out healthy cells in the bone marrow.
- **Acute Lymphocytic Leukemia (ALL)** involves over-production of malignant immature lymphocytes.
- **Chronic Myeloid Leukemia (CML)** slowly develops over time, with too many myeloid cells being produced in the bone marrow.
- **Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia (CLL)** is an accumulation of abnormal B-cells that generally has a longer life expectancy than the other three types.

WHAT CAUSES LEUKEMIA?

Smoking, exposure to certain chemicals (benzene), ionizing radiation, a history of radiation and chemotherapy, are some of the risk factors for acquiring leukemia. Medical scientists have also found **specific changes in DNA that can cause cells in the bone marrow to become cancerous**. Just for a quick insight into how this works,

one has to understand that the way our cells behave is dictated by DNA information within them. The DNA makes up our genes which essentially gives instructions to our cells. Of all the genes, there are two particularly important ones when it comes to the topic of cancer:

- **Oncogenes** – Genes that help our cells grow, divide and survive
- **Tumor Suppressor Genes** – Genes that stop the cell division and initiate their death at the right time Consequentially, the terrain opens up for cancerous developments, once particular DNA mutations that turn off tumor suppressor genes but initiate an increased activity of oncogenes. When it comes to the cause of Leukemia, scientists have figured that a mutation known as chromosome translocation can directly lead to the development of the disease. This happens when one of the 23 chromosomes packed within our DNA breaks off, thus affecting both Oncogenes and tumor suppressor genes. Unfortunately, this mutation is often observed in children, particularly in those with chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) and acute lymphocytic leukemia (ALL).

FIRST STEPS IN AN ALTERNATIVE LEUKEMIA TREATMENT

Although there is no certain formula for leukemia prevention, there are numerous preventive measures that could help facilitate a leukemia-unfriendly (or any other type of cancer for that matter) terrain in your body. The most rudimentary steps to take are, of course, those affecting your diet. Simple changes such as switching to a diet that's rich in fruit and vegetables (at least 10 per day), putting emphasis on whole grain foods, and protein-rich products are just some of the dietary solutions that can have a prophylactic effect on one's health. Healthy foods as well a schedule that provides small meals with 2-hour intervals in between will make your food consumption pattern suit the anti-cancer agenda. Dietary beet intake is also seeing increasing popularity, as this miracle vegetable possess numerous anti-inflammatory, antioxidant properties, and is known to impede cancer cell growth. One should also drop habits such as smoking or excessive alcohol consumption.

ALTERNATIVE LEUKEMIA TREATMENT OPTIONS

There are some natural remedies to mention here. Of all **the clinically tested natural substances, the ones that showed a positive impact on leukemia treatment**, when used together with conventional therapies were flavonoids found in vegetables, billberry and curcumin (found in turmeric). **Fucoidan** has a positive impact on leukemia cell

suppression while **parthenolide, a compound found in feverfew**, is known to have a positive effect on chronic myelogenous leukemia (CML). Remedies such as Lycium berry, rosemary, berberine (found in Coptis Chinensis), indole-3-carbinol (found in Brussel sprouts, cabbage, cauliflower) and **Diindolylmethane are also known to positively affect the course of leukemia treatment**. Meanwhile, an increased intake of Vitamin C and E, as well as beta-carotene (red-orange pigment found in vegetables and foods) are known to significantly reduce the risk of infections and alleviate side effects during the traditional treatment course. When it comes to the homeopathic treatment of Leukemia, the choice of the right remedy should once again be based on the individual case, as it's used to not only treat the pathological condition but the person. The type of leukemia, the specific complaints of the patient, general symptoms as well as other constitutional indications, should all be considered when resorting to homeopathic treatment of leukemia. With that said, the homeopathic remedies listed below should be taken with professional guidance. Some of the homeopathic remedies for leukemia treatment are:

- Arsenicum Iodatum
- Acetic Acid
- Baryta Muriatica
- Baryta Iodata
- Calcarea Phosphorica
- Carboneum Sulphuratum
- Chininum Sulphuricum
- Ferrum Picricum
- Kali Phosphoricum
- Natrum Muriaticum
- Picricum Acidum
- Sulphur

These do not represent the whole range of homeopathic remedies available for leukemia. Although homeopathic remedies are not as successful when treating the disease in its advanced stages, they can significantly boost a patient's well-being and improve the general quality of life.

ALTERNATIVE TREATMENT FOR LEUKEMIA AT HOLITST HEALTH HOSPITAL

The general agenda at our **alternative cancer treatment center** Cancer Foundation is that each case requires a special, customized approach. With that in mind, we develop

a special plan for each patient's needs, aiming to achieve the optimal results by combining eastern and western medicine. **Insulin Potentiated Therapy (IPT)** is particularly effective. Therapeutic dosages of **antioxidants such as glutathione**, vitamin C, and **Alpha-lipoic acid** are frequently practiced in order to scavenge the free radicals and boost the natural detoxification process. The so-called "**Myers Cocktail**" is used as an effective side remedy when dealing with consequences of chemotherapy. This nutrient-rich blend is made to provide the patient's body with all the deficient vitamins and minerals to eliminate the root cause of chronic conditions such as leukemia. The intravenous delivery provides that the dosage of nutrients reaches the individual's cells directly. Meanwhile, homeopathic detox, which involves a special compound mix prepared, aims to sweep patient's body of dead white blood cells and chemical by-products, produced from reactions with traditional medicines. Seeking and destroying cancer cells by robbing them of their ability to maintain life and reproduce, removing cancer cells debris and reducing the side effects of chemotherapy, it's a multi-purpose blend that has proved its efficiency repeatedly. To learn more about our alternative leukemia treatment options please call our office to schedule a consultation with one of our specialists.

Hydrazine Sulfate (cachexia)(tumor shrinkage):

Garlic (induces apoptosis in human leukemic cells)

Diet:

Modified Keto, Mediterranean or Alkaline Diets:

Consume Meat products in moderation along with vegetables and fruit in moderation

**FASTING FIRST TO RID THE BODY OF
WASTE AND TOXIC CELLS**