

May 21, 2026

Shavuot Message

# Shavuot (The Feast of Weeks)

**Leviticus 23:9-14**

**Shavuot**

## The Meaning of the Threshing Floor

### Introduction

A threshing floor is a flat surface where grain is separated from the chaff after harvest. This process involves beating the harvested stalks of grain to loosen the edible grains from their husks. In biblical times, these floors were often located outside the city, symbolizing a place of work and productivity. In ancient Israel, the threshing floor was a vital part of agricultural life. It was not only a place of labor but also a communal gathering spot. Farmers would bring their harvest to these floors, making them sites of social interaction and economic exchange. The act of threshing was essential for sustaining life, as grain was a staple food source.

# Ruth and Boaz

## Ruth 3:1-18

1. One of the most notable biblical references to a threshing floor is found in the Book of Ruth.
2. After the harvest, Ruth approaches Boaz on the threshing floor, which serves as a setting for her request for redemption
3. This encounter highlights the themes of loyalty, provision, and God's providential care.

# David's Threshing Floor

## 2 Samuel 24:18-25

1. King David purchased the threshing floor of Araunah the Jebusite to build an altar to the Lord.
2. This site later became the location for Solomon's Temple, emphasizing the spiritual significance of the threshing floor as a place of worship and sacrifice.
3. This was also the place where the Angel of Yehovah was about to destroy Jerusalem but Yehovah called out and said to stop it is done after the plague that broke out against Jerusalem.

# Judgement

## Jeremiah 51:33

1. In the prophetic literature, the threshing floor often symbolizes divine judgment.
2. In Jeremiah 51:33, God describes Babylon as a threshing floor that will be trampled, indicating a time of reckoning for the nation.
3. If Israel stayed true to Elohim, the prophet Joel promised their "threshing floors will be filled with grain." (Joel 2:24)

## Specific Names Shavuot is known as

1. Feast of Bikkurim – First Fruits of the harvest are offered to God
2. Matan Torah – The Giving of the Torah on Mount Sinai.
3. Feast of the Holy Spirit – Commemorates the outpouring of the Ruach haKodesh in Acts
- 2.

## His Winnowing Fork is Ready

### Matthew 3:12-16

1. The Winnowing Fork is about separation. The chaff is the lighter part of the grain to be carried away by the wind. The wind is Hebrew is (Ruach) which is the same word we

have as Spirit!

2. Yeshua will separate the Wheat and the Chaff and the end of days. Are you wheat which is the Heavier part that stays or are you the chaff the part that is carried away like Matthew 25. The ones carried away are the ones being judged NOT raptured.
3. The Wheat is gathered into the barn meaning we the wheat are gathered and are with Yeshua at the end of days. Are you ready for that time and day?

## **Take Away**

1. The account of Ruth and Boaz takes place during Shavuot.
2. The Torah was given around the time of Shavuot and the Ruach HaKodesh was given on the very day of Shavuot.
3. Shavuot is about separation but it is also about uniting both Jew and Gentile together as One body.

## **Application**

1. I will rejoice that He has given us His Torah (The Whole Bible) and His Ruach HaKodesh on this Feast time.
2. I will remember that this feast is about separation of the wheat from chaff. I want to be the Wheat!

3. I will continue to study The Father's Word and hide it inside my heart.

Beth Ohr Messianic Congregation

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