

Effect of Exercise

Increased Breathing Rate

To take in more **oxygen** and remove more carbon dioxide.



Elevated Heart & Breathing Rate

After **exercise**, these stay elevated to repay **oxygen debt** and remove lactic acid.



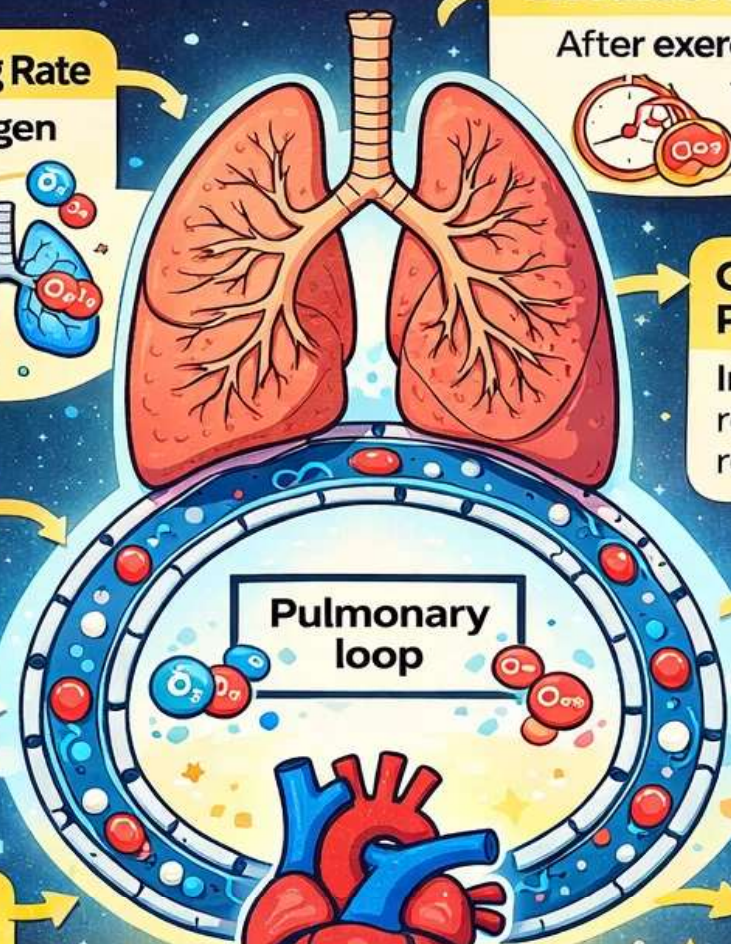
Carbon Dioxide Production

Increases as a result of faster respiration.



Blood Flow

Oxygen is carried by red blood cells



Vasodilation

Blood vessels widen to increase blood flow & release heat.

Increased Heart Rate

To pump more **oxygenated** blood to the muscles.



Lactic Acid Buildup

Lactic acid builds up in muscles causing fatigue and cramps.

Increased Body Temperature

Causes sweating, which helps cool the body.

Increased Heart Rate

To pump more **oxygenated** blood to the muscles.



Faster Muscle Respiration

Muscles use more **oxygen** and **glucose** for energy.



Depleted Energy Stores

Muscles use up **glucose** and **glycogen** for energy during activity.

