# Emergency and Critical Care Veterinary Technology Courses-CEUs \*Presented by Certificates on Demand\*

- **4** Instructor: Tricia Elliott, MS, RVT, CVT | <u>elliott.tricia@gmail.com</u>
- **4** Courses will be scheduled on demand and instructed in a hosting hospital setting
- **4** Attendees: Veterinary Assistants and Certified Veterinary Technicians/ Technologists
- Continuing Education price: \$50/hour- Earn 1 CEU (3-hour minimum); OVMB approved

## **Course Structure**

#### LECTURES/ TECHNICAL SKILLS LAB

- · Power point lecture: Course materials will be supplied to students
  - o Wet-lab break-out sessions: Practice technical skills with real samples and microscopes

## **Course Objectives**

### **EMERGENCY AND CRITICAL CARE I**

- Triage (ABC's)
- · Addressing common emergency situations
- Emergency techniques (wound care, monitoring patient, crash cart)

#### **EMERGENCY AND CRITICAL CARE II**

- · Advanced emergency techniques- CPCR, bandage application
- · Addressing anesthetic emergencies
- Complicated emergencies

## **Emergency and Critical Care I (4 hours / 4 hours of CE)**

Triage- Airway, breathing, and circulation

Intravenous catheter- IV catheter placement, IV fluids, troubleshooting

#### **Common animal emergencies**- Causes and treatments

- Allergic reactions- Edema, insect stings, arachnid bites, and snake bites
- Chocking- Heimlich maneuver for different species
- Heat stroke- Disseminated intravascular coagulation (DIC), organ failure
- Poisoning and toxins- Snail bait, rat poison, NSAIDs, organophosphates, prescription medications
- Hit by car-assessing the patient, triaging injuries
- Burned patients- Source: thermal, chemicals, electrical, radiation; 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup> degree burns
- Fight injuries- assessing the patient, triaging injuries

**Wound treatment-** Cleaning and/ or debriding wounds, antiseptics to use, wound dressings (i.e. sugar)

Monitoring vitals- Heart rate, respiratory rate, tissue oxygen saturation, and blood pressure

<u>Crash cart essentials</u>-What to include? Equipment used in emergencies

## **Emergency and Critical Care II (4 hours / 4 hours of CE)**

**<u>CPCR-</u>** Cardiopulmonary cerebral resuscitation-model simulation

**Applying bandages or casts**- Application/ simulation of common bandages, splints and casts

**Emergency Anesthesia-** Principle approach to emergency anesthesia

**<u>Complicated emergencies-</u>** Causes and treatments

- Seizures- Idiopathic epilepsy, Petit and Grand Mal seizures
- Head trauma- Concussion, contusion, sub-dural hemorrhage, pupillary responses, increased IOP
- Heart failure-Clinical signs, collapse, syncope, cyanosis, pulmonary edema, cardiomegaly
- Bleeding disorders- Clinical signs, trauma, thrombocytopenia, toxicity, cancers
- · Bloat and torsion-Clinical signs and complicating factors, breed disposition to GDV
- Diaphragmatic hernia-Congenital vs. traumatic, pericardial or pleural effusion
- Spinal cord trauma- Asymmetrical Hemiplegia, ruptured disc, pain sensation, proprioception