

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

# **DESMODUR VL**

Material number: 00410063

# 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### Use

Hardener for coating materials or adhesives

For details of the identified uses according to REACH-Regulation (EU) No. 1907/2006 refer to the annex of this safety data sheet.

#### Uses advised against:

Consumer spray application is not supported.

Consumer applications that require heating above room temperature before or during use are not supported. Professional cleaning activities with Aprotic Polar Solvents are not supported.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Covestro Deutschland AG COV-CTO-HSEQ-PSRA-PSI D-51365 LEVERKUSEN

Tel.: +49 214 6009 4068

e-mail: ProductSafetyEMLA@covestro.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

In case of emergency: +49 214 30 99300 (Safety Desk)

National Chemical Emergency Centre - UK

Tel: +44 1865 407 333

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute toxicity, Inhalative, Category 4 (H332)

Skin irritation, Category 2 (H315)

Eye irritation, Category 2 (H319)

Sensitization of the respiratory airways, Category 1 (H334)

Sensitization of the skin, Category 1 (H317)

Carcinogenicity, Category 2 (H351)

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (H335)

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure), Category 2 (H373)

#### 2.2 Label elements





Danger

# Hazardous components which must be listed on the label

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

#### Hazard statements:

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### **Precautionary statements:**

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a

POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

In case of hypersensitivity of the respiratory tract (e.g. asthmatics and those who suffer from chronic bronchitis) it is inadvisable to work with the product.

Symptoms affecting the respiratory tract can also occur several hours after overexposure.

Dust, vapors and aerosols are the primary risk to the respiratory tract.

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Type of product: Mixture

#### 3.2 Mixtures

polyisocyanate based on diphenylmethane diisocyanate

#### **Hazardous components**

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Concentration [wt.-%]: ca. 80 Index-No.: 615-005-00-9 CAS-No.: 9016-87-9

Classification (1272/2008/CE): Acute Tox. 4 Inhalative H332 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Resp.

Sens. 1 H334 Skin Sens. 1 H317 Carc. 2 H351 STOT SE 3 H335 STOT RE 2 Inhalative H373

Specific threshold concentration:

 Eye Irrit. 2
 H319
 >= 5 %

 Skin Irrit. 2
 H315
 >= 5 %

 Resp. Sens. 1
 H334
 >= 0.1 %

 STOT SE 3
 H335
 >= 5 %

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate Concentration [wt.-%]: ca. 10

Index-No.: 615-005-00-9 EC-No.: 202-966-0

REACH Registration Number: 01-2119457014-47-0006, 01-2119457014-47-0007, 01-2119457014-47-0008,

01-2119457014-47-0009, 01-2119457014-47-0031

CAS-No.: 101-68-8

Classification (1272/2008/CE): Acute Tox. 4 Inhalative H332 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Resp.

Sens. 1 H334 Skin Sens. 1 H317 Carc. 2 H351 STOT SE 3 H335 STOT RE 2 Inhalative H373

Specific threshold concentration:

 Eye Irrit. 2
 H319
 >= 5 %

 Skin Irrit. 2
 H315
 >= 5 %

 Resp. Sens. 1
 H334
 >= 0.1 %

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

STOT SE 3 H335 >= 5 %

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate Concentration [wt.-%]: ca. 10 Index-No.: 615-005-00-9 EC-No.: 227-534-9

REACH Registration Number: 01-2119480143-45-0000, 01-2119480143-45-0001, 01-2119480143-45-0002

CAS-No.: 5873-54-1

Classification (1272/2008/CE): Acute Tox. 4 Inhalative H332 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Resp.

Sens. 1 H334 Skin Sens. 1 H317 Carc. 2 H351 STOT SE 3 H335 STOT RE 2 Inhalative H373

Specific threshold concentration:

Eye Irrit. 2 H319 >= 5 % Skin Irrit. 2 H315 >= 5 % Resp. Sens. 1 H334 >= 0.1 % STOT SE 3 H335 >= 5 %

#### Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation

This product contains no substances of very high concern in concentrations where an information obligation applies (REACH Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Article 59).

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice: Soiled, soaked clothing and shoes must be immediately removed, decontaminated and disposed of.

If inhaled: Take the person into the fresh air and keep him warm, let him rest; if there is difficulty in breathing, medical advice is required.

In case of skin contact: In the event of contact with the skin, preferably wash with a cleanser based on polyethylene glycol or with plenty of warm water and soap. Consult a doctor in the event of a skin reaction.

In case of eye contact: Hold the eyes open and rinse with preferably lukewarm water for a sufficiently long period of time (at least 10 minutes). Contact an ophthalmologist.

If swallowed: DO NOT induce vomiting. Wash/clean mouth with water. Medical advice is required.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Notes to physician: The product irritates the respiratory tract and may trigger sensitisation of the skin and respiratory tract. Treatment of acute irritation or bronchial constriction is primarily symptomatic. Extended medical treatment may be required depending on the degree of exposure and the severity of the symptoms.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Therapeutic measures: No information available.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide (CO2), Foam, extinguishing powder, in cases of larger fires, water spray should be used.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: High volume water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Burning releases carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen, isocyanate vapors and traces of hydrogen cyanide. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Fire in vicinity poses risk of pressure build-up and rupture. Containers at risk from fire should be cooled with

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

water and, if possible, removed from the danger area.

#### 5.3 Advice for fire-fighters

For firefighting, self-contained breathing apparatus is required, plus a gas-tight chemical hazmat suit.

Do not allow contaminated extinguishing water to enter the soil, ground-water or surface waters.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on protective equipment (see section 8). Ensure adequate ventilation/exhaust extraction. Keep unauthorized persons away.

#### 6.2 Environment related measures

Do not allow to escape into waterways, wastewater or soil.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Remove mechanically; cover the remainder with wet, absorbent material (e.g. sawdust, chemical binder based on calcium silicate hydrate, sand). After approx. one hour transfer to waste container and do not seal (evolution of CO2!). Keep damp in a safe ventilated area for several days.

Spill area can be decontaminated with the following recommended decontamination solution:

Decontamination solution 1: 8-10% sodium carbonate and 2% of liquid soap in water

Decontamination solution 2: Liquid/yellow soap (potassium soap with ~15% anionic tenside): 20ml; Water:700ml; Polyethylenglycol (PEG 400): 350ml

Decontamination solution 3: 30 % commercial laundry detergent containing monoethanolamine, 70 % water

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For further disposal measures see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

General conditions of use are further specified in the annex according to REACH-Regulation (EU) No. 1907/2006.

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Exhaust ventilation necessary if product is sprayed.

Solid products: Avoid formation and deposition of dust.

The threshold limit values noted in section 8 must be monitored.

In all areas where isocyanate aerosols and/or vapor concentrations are produced in elevated concentrations, exhaust ventilation must be provided in such a way that the workplace exposure limits (WEL) is not exceeded. The air should be drawn away from the personnel handling the product

Products containing solvent: Explosion protection required.

The personal protective measures described in section 8 must be observed. The precautions required in the

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

handling of isocyanates must be taken. Avoid contact with skin and eyes and the inhalation of vapor.

Keep away from foodstuffs, drinks and tobacco. Wash hands before breaks and at end of work and use skin-protecting ointment. Keep working clothes separately. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed and dry. Further information on the storage conditions which must be observed to preserve quality can be found in our product information sheet.

Storage class (TRGS 510): 10: Combustible liquids

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

For details of the identified uses according to REACH-Regulation (EU) No. 1907/2006 refer to the annex of this safety data sheet.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Risk management measures are further specified in the annex according to REACH-Regulation (EU) No. 1907/2006.

Provide general ventilation.

Provide suitable exact ventilation.

Inspect and maintain equipment.

Hygiene measures:

Avoid skin and eye contact.

Wash off skin contamination immediately

Clear spills immediately

Provide hazard information and training to personnel

UK Workplace Exposure Limits (WEL), per EH40 document (Health & Safety Executive). If no UK value exists, EU exposure limits given where available.

## 8.1 Control parameters

#### Components with workplace control parameters

| Substance   | CAS-No.   | Basis    | Type | Value         | Ceiling<br>Limit<br>Value | Remarks           |
|---|-----------|----------|------|---------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| diphenylmethane-4,4'-d iisocyanate                          | 101-68-8  | EH40 WEL | STEL | 0.07<br>mg/m3 |                           | , measured as NCO |
| diphenylmethane-4,4'-d iisocyanate                          | 101-68-8  | EH40 WEL | TWA  | 0.02<br>mg/m3 |                           | , measured as NCO |
| diphenylmethane-diisoc<br>yanate, isomers and<br>homologues | 9016-87-9 | EH40 WEL | STEL | 0.07<br>mg/m3 |                           | , measured as NCO |
| diphenylmethane-diisoc<br>yanate, isomers and<br>homologues | 9016-87-9 | EH40 WEL | TWA  | 0.02<br>mg/m3 |                           | , measured as NCO |
| Diphenylmethane-2,4'-d iisocyanate                          | 5873-54-1 | EH40 WEL | STEL | 0.07<br>mg/m3 |                           | , measured as NCO |
| Diphenylmethane-2,4'-d iisocyanate                          | 5873-54-1 | EH40 WEL | TWA  | 0.02<br>mg/m3 |                           | , measured as NCO |
| 2,2'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate                         | 2536-05-2 | EH40 WEL | STEL | 0.07<br>mg/m3 |                           | , measured as NCO |
| 2,2'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate                         | 2536-05-2 | EH40 WEL | TWA  | 0.02<br>mg/m3 |                           | , measured as NCO |

Exposition assessment value (EBW) per TRGS 430:Polyisocyanate content (MDI oligomers and/or prepolymers) 45 %. Use an exposition assessment value of 0,05 mg/m³.

The product may contain traces of phenylisocyanate.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

# **Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)**

# diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

| Value type | Route of exposure | Health Effects | Value | Remarks      |
|------------|-------------------|----------------|-------|--------------|
|            |                   |                |       | not required |

# diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

| Workers   | Inhalation  | Long-term systemic effects               |  | No hazard identified  |
|-----------|-------------|--|--|---|
| Workers   | Inhalation  | Acute systemic effects                   |  | No hazard identified  |
| Workers   | Inhalation  | Long-term local effects                  | 0.05 mg/m3   | Most sensitive endpoint:<br>Irritation (respiratory tract)  |
| Workers   | Inhalation  | Acute local effects                      | 0.1 mg/m3  | Most sensitive endpoint:<br>Irritation (respiratory tract)  |
| Workers   | Dermal      | Long-term systemic effects               |  | No hazard identified  |
| Workers   | Dermal      | Acute systemic effects                   |  | No hazard identified  |
| Workers   | Dermal      | Long-term local effects                  |  | Medium hazard Most sensitive endpoint: Sensitisation (skin) |
| Workers   | Dermal      | Acute local effects                      | e local effects  Medium hazard Most endpoint: Sensitisatio |   |
| Workers   | Eye contact | Local effects                            |  | Medium hazard   |
| Consumers | Inhalation  | Long-term systemic No hazard ide effects |  | No hazard identified  |
| Consumers | Inhalation  | Acute systemic No hazard iden            |  | No hazard identified  |
| Consumers | Inhalation  | Long-term local effects                  | 0.025 mg/m3  | Most sensitive endpoint:<br>Irritation (respiratory tract)  |
| Consumers | Inhalation  | Acute local effects                      | 0.05 mg/m3   | Most sensitive endpoint:<br>Irritation (respiratory tract)  |
| Consumers | Dermal      | Long-term systemic effects               |  | No hazard identified  |
| Consumers | Dermal      | Acute systemic effects                   |  | No hazard identified  |
| Consumers | Dermal      | Long-term local effects                  |  | Medium hazard Most sensitive endpoint: Sensitisation (skin) |
| Consumers | Dermal      | Acute local effects                      |  | Medium hazard Most sensitive endpoint: Sensitisation (skin) |
| Consumers | Oral        | Long-term systemic effects               |  | No hazard identified  |
| Consumers | Oral        | Acute systemic effects                   |  | No hazard identified  |
| Consumers | Eye contact | Local effects                            |  | Medium hazard   |

# Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

| Value type | Route of exposure | Health Effects             | Value | Remarks              |
|------------|-------------------|----------------------------|-------|----------------------|
| Workers    | Inhalation        | Long-term systemic effects |       | No hazard identified |
| Workers    | Inhalation        | Acute systemic effects     |       | No hazard identified |

 Version 12.0
 Revision Date 27.08.2019
 Print Date 28.08.2019

| Workers   | Inhalation  | Long-term local 0.05 mg/m3 effects    |            | Most sensitive endpoint:<br>Irritation (respiratory tract)  |
|-----------|-------------|---------------------------------------|------------|---|
| Workers   | Inhalation  | Acute local effects 0.1 mg/m3         |            | Most sensitive endpoint:<br>Irritation (respiratory tract)  |
| Workers   | Dermal      | Long-term systemic effects            |            | No hazard identified  |
| Workers   | Dermal      | Acute systemic effects                |            | No hazard identified  |
| Workers   | Dermal      | Long-term local effects               |            | Medium hazard Most sensitive endpoint: Sensitisation (skin) |
| Workers   | Dermal      | Acute local effects                   |            | Medium hazard Most sensitive endpoint: Sensitisation (skin) |
| Workers   | Eye contact | Local effects                         |            | Medium hazard   |
| Consumers | Inhalation  | Long-term systemic effects            |            | No hazard identified  |
| Consumers | Inhalation  | Acute systemic No hazard idea effects |            | No hazard identified  |
| Consumers | Inhalation  |                                       |            | Most sensitive endpoint:<br>Irritation (respiratory tract)  |
| Consumers | Inhalation  | Acute local effects                   | 0.05 mg/m3 | Most sensitive endpoint:<br>Irritation (respiratory tract)  |
| Consumers | Dermal      | Long-term systemic effects            |            | No hazard identified  |
| Consumers | Dermal      | Acute systemic effects                |            | No hazard identified  |
| Consumers | Dermal      | Long-term local effects               |            | Medium hazard Most sensitive endpoint: Sensitisation (skin) |
| Consumers | Dermal      | Acute local effects                   |            | Medium hazard Most sensitive endpoint: Sensitisation (skin) |
| Consumers | Oral        | Long-term systemic effects            |            | No hazard identified  |
| Consumers | Oral        | Acute systemic effects                |            | No hazard identified  |
| Consumers | Eye contact | Local effects                         |            | Medium hazard   |

# **Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)**

# diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

| Compartment              | Value              | Remarks |
|--------------------------|--------------------|---------|
| Fresh water              | 1 mg/l             |         |
| Marine water             | 0.1 mg/l           |         |
| Sewage treatment plant   | 1 mg/l             |         |
| Soil                     | 1 mg/kg dry weight |         |
| Intermittent use/release | 10 mg/l            |         |

# Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

| Compartment            | Value              | Remarks |
|------------------------|--------------------|---------|
| Fresh water            | 1 mg/l             |         |
| Marine water           | 0.1 mg/l           |         |
| Sewage treatment plant | 1 mg/l             |         |
| Soil                   | 1 mg/kg dry weight |         |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

| Intermittent use/release | 10 mg/l |  |  |
|--------------------------|---------|--|--|
|--------------------------|---------|--|--|

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection required in insufficiently ventilated working areas and during spraying. An air-fed mask, or for short periods of work, a combination of charcoal filter and particulate filter A2-P2 (EN529) is recommended.

If applicable, further recommendations regarding respiratory protection can be found in the annex.

In case of hypersensitivity of the respiratory tract (e.g. asthmatics and those who suffer from chronic bronchitis) it is inadvisable to work with the product.

#### Hand protection

Suitable materials for safety gloves; EN 374:

Butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, chloroprene rubber (neoprene).

Notice: suitable materials that provide sufficient protection for industrial cleaning with Aprotic Polar Solvents (meeting the IUPAC definition): butyl rubber.

When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 5 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 240 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 3 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to EN374) is recommended.

Glove thickness alone is not a good indicator of the level of protection a glove provides against a chemical substance as this level of protection is also highly dependent of the specific composition of the material a glove is fabricated from. The thickness of the glove must depending on model and type of material, generally be more than 0,35 mm to offer sufficient protection for prolonged and frequent contact with the substance. As an exception to this general rule it is known that multilayer laminate gloves may offer prolonged protection at thicknesses less than 0,35 mm. Other glove materials with a thickness of less than 0,35 mm may offer sufficient protection when only brief contact is expected.

For solvent free products:

Example:

Polychloroprene - CR: thickness >=0,5mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness >=0,35mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Butyl rubber - IIR: thickness >=0,5mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Fluorinated rubber - FKM: thickness >=0,4mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Recommendation: contaminated gloves should be disposed of.

# Eye protection

Use safety glasses with side shields, conforming to EN 166.

# Skin and body protection

Use protective clothing (chemically resistant).

In case of hypersensitivity of the skin it is inadvisable to work with the product.

Safety precautions for handling freshly molded polyurethane parts: see section 16

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: liquid
Colour: brown
Odour: earthy,

Odour: earthy, musty
Odour Threshold: not established
pH: not applicable

Pour point: ca. -30 °C ISO 3016 Boiling point/boiling range: > 300 °C at 1,013 hPa DIN 53171 Flash point: ca. 229 °C DIN EN 22719

Evaporation rate: not established Flammability (solid, gas): not applicable Burning number: not applicable

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Vapour pressure: Diphenyl-methane-diisocyanate, (MDI)

< 0,00001 hPa at 20 °C < 0,0005 hPa (50°C)

For products with a very low vapor pressure, the apparent vapor pressure may exceed the vapor pressure of the pure product due to conditions of manufacturing, storage or transportation, e.g. by solved gases like nitrogen or carbon dioxide:

ca. 11 hPa at 20 °C EG A4 ca. 20 hPa at 50 °C EG A4 ca. 22 hPa at 55 °C EG A4

Vapour density: not established

Density: ca. 1.23 g/cm³ at 20 °C DIN 51757

Miscibility with water: immiscible at 15 °C
Surface tension: not established
Partition coefficient not established

(n-octanol/water):

Auto-ignition temperature: not applicable

Ignition temperature: > 500 °C DIN 51794

Decomposition temperature: not established

Viscosity, dynamic: ca. 145 mPa.s at 20 °C DIN 53019

Explosive properties: not established

Dust explosion class: not applicable

Oxidising properties: not established

#### 9.2 Other information

The indicated values do not necessarily correspond to the product specification. Please refer to the technical information sheet for specification data.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

# 10.1 Reactivity

This information is not available.

# 10.2 Chemical stability

Polymerises at about 200 °C with evolution of CO2.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Exothermic reaction with amines and alcohols; reacts with water forming CO2; in closed containers, risk of bursting owing to increase of pressure.

# 10.4 Conditions to avoid

This information is not available.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

This information is not available.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products when stored and handled correctly.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Toxicological studies on the product are not yet available.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Please find below the toxicological data available to us for the components (hazardous components).

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity, oral

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

LD50 rat, male/female: > 10,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate LD50 rat, male/female: > 2,000 mg/kg Method: Directive 84/449/EEC, B.1

Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate LD50 rat, male/female: > 2,000 mg/kg Method: Directive 84/449/EEC, B.1

Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

#### Acute toxicity, dermal

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues LD50 rabbit, male/female: > 9,400 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate LD50 rabbit, male/female: > 9,400 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402 Studies of a comparable product.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate LD50 rabbit, male/female: > 9,400 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402 Studies of a comparable product.

# Acute toxicity, inhalation

ATEmix (inhal.): 1.5 mg/l, 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

LC50 rat, male/female: 0.31 mg/l, 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

The test atmosphere generated in the animal study is not representative of workplace environments, how the substance is placed on the market, and how it can reasonably be expected to be used. Therefore the test result cannot be directly applied for the purpose of assessing hazard. Based on expert judgment and the weight of the evidence, a modified classification for acute inhalation toxicity is justified.

Assessment: Harmful if inhaled.

Converted acute toxicity point estimate 1.5 mg/l

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate LC50 rat, male: 0.368 mg/l, 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

The test atmosphere generated in the animal study is not representative of workplace environments, how the substance is placed on the market, and how it can reasonably be expected to be used. Therefore the test result cannot be directly applied for the purpose of assessing hazard. Based on expert judgment and the weight of the evidence, a modified classification for acute inhalation toxicity is justified.

Assessment: Harmful if inhaled.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Converted acute toxicity point estimate 1.5 mg/l

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate LC50 rat, male: 0.387 mg/l, 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist

The test atmosphere generated in the animal study is not representative of workplace environments, how the substance is placed on the market, and how it can reasonably be expected to be used. Therefore the test result cannot be directly applied for the purpose of assessing hazard. Based on expert judgment and the weight of the evidence, a modified classification for acute inhalation toxicity is justified.

Assessment: Harmful if inhaled.

Converted acute toxicity point estimate 1.5 mg/l

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement

#### **Primary skin irritation**

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Species: rabbit Result: slight irritant

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Species: rabbit Result: irritating

Classification: Causes skin irritation. Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Species: rabbit Result: irritating

Classification: Causes skin irritation. Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

# Primary mucosae irritation

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Species: rabbit Result: non-irritant

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Species: rabbit Result: non-irritant

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Species: rabbit Result: non-irritant

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

Species: Human experience

Result: irritating

#### Sensitisation

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Skin sensitisation according to Magnusson/Kligmann (maximizing test):

Species: Guinea pig Result: negative

Classification: Does not cause skin sensitization.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Skin sensitization (local lymph node assay (LLNA)):

Species: Mouse Result: positive

Classification: May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 429

Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

Respiratory sensitization

Species: rat Result: positive

Classification: May cause sensitization by inhalation.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Skin sensitisation according to Buehler (epicutaneous test):

Species: Guinea pig Result: negative

Classification: Does not cause skin sensitization.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Skin sensitization (local lymph node assay (LLNA)):

Species: Mouse Result: positive

Classification: May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 429

Respiratory sensitization Species: Guinea pig Result: positive

Classification: May cause sensitization by inhalation.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Skin sensitisation according to Buehler (epicutaneous test):

Species: Guinea pig Result: negative

Classification: Does not cause skin sensitization.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

Skin sensitization (local lymph node assay (LLNA)):

Species: Mouse Result: positive

Classification: May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 429

Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

Respiratory sensitization Species: Guinea pig Result: positive

Classification: May cause sensitization by inhalation. Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

#### Subacute, subchronic and prolonged toxicity

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

NOAEL: 0,2 mg/m3

LOAEL (Lowest observable adverse effect level): 1 mg/m3

Application Route: Inhalative Species: rat, male/female Dose Levels: 0 - 0,2 - 1 - 6 mg/m3

Exposure duration: 2 a

Frequency of treatment: 6 hours a day, 5 days a week

Target Organs: Lungs, Nasal inner lining

Test substance: as aerosol Method: OECD Test Guideline 453

Findings: Irritation to nasal cavity and to lungs.

Studies of a comparable product.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

NOAEL: 0,2 mg/m3

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

LOAEL (Lowest observable adverse effect level): 1 mg/m3

Application Route: Inhalative Species: rat, male/female Dose Levels: 0 - 0,2 - 1 - 6 mg/m3

Exposure duration: 2 a

Frequency of treatment: 6 hours a day, 5 days a week

Target Organs: Lungs, Nasal inner lining

Test substance: as aerosol Method: OECD Test Guideline 453

Findings: Irritation to nasal cavity and to lungs.

Studies of a comparable product.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

NOAEL: 0,2 mg/m3

LOAEL (Lowest observable adverse effect level): 1 mg/m3

Application Route: Inhalative Species: rat, male/female Dose Levels: 0 - 0,2 - 1 - 6 mg/m3

Exposure duration: 2 a

Frequency of treatment: 6 hours a day, 5 days a week

Target Organs: Lungs, Nasal inner lining

Test substance: as aerosol

Method: OECD Test Guideline 453

Findings: Irritation to nasal cavity and to lungs.

Studies of a comparable product.

#### Carcinogenicity

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Species: rat, male/female Application Route: Inhalative Dose Levels: 0 - 0,2 - 1 - 6 mg/m3 Test substance: as aerosol Exposure duration: 2 a

Frequency of treatment: 6 hours/day, 5 days/week

Method: OECD Test Guideline 453

Occurrence of tumors in the highest dose group.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Species: rat, male/female Application Route: Inhalative Dose Levels: 0 - 0,2 - 1 - 6 mg/m3 Test substance: as aerosol Exposure duration: 2 a

Frequency of treatment: 6 hours/day, 5 days/week

Method: OECD Test Guideline 453

Occurrence of tumors in the highest dose group.

Studies of a comparable product.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Species: rat, male/female Application Route: Inhalative Dose Levels: 0 - 0,2 - 1 - 6 mg/m3 Test substance: as aerosol Exposure duration: 2 a

Frequency of treatment: 6 hours/day, 5 days/week

Method: OECD Test Guideline 453

Occurrence of tumors in the highest dose group.

Studies of a comparable product.

#### Reproductive toxicity/Fertility

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues No data available.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

No data available.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

No data available.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

#### Reproductive toxicity/Teratogenicity

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

NOAEL (teratogenicity): 12 mg/m<sup>3</sup> NOAEL (maternal): 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

NOAEL (developmental toxicity): 4 mg/m3

Species: rat, female Application Route: Inhalative Dose Levels: 0 - 1 - 4 - 12 mg/m3

Frequency of treatment: 6 hours/day (Exposure duration: 10 days (day 6 - 15 p.c.))

Test period: 20 d

Test substance: as aerosol

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414 NOAEL (developmental toxicity): 4 mg/m3

Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate NOAEL (teratogenicity): 12 mg/m³ NOAEL (maternal): 4 mg/m³

NOAEL (developmental toxicity): 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Species: rat, female

Application Route: Inhalative Dose Levels: 0 - 1 - 4 - 12 mg/m3

Frequency of treatment: 6 hours/day (Exposure duration: 10 days (day 6 - 15 p.c.))

Test period: 20 d

Test substance: as aerosol

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414 NOAEL (developmental toxicity): 4 mg/m3

Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.

Studies of a comparable product.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate NOAEL (teratogenicity): 12 mg/m³ NOAEL (maternal): 4 mg/m³

NOAEL (developmental toxicity): 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Species: rat, female Application Route: Inhalative Dose Levels: 0 - 1 - 4 - 12 mg/m3

Frequency of treatment: 6 hours/day (Exposure duration: 10 days (day 6 - 15 p.c.))

14/177

Test period: 20 d

Test substance: as aerosol

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414 NOAEL (developmental toxicity): 4 mg/m3

Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.

Studies of a comparable product.

#### Genotoxicity in vitro

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues Test type: Salmonella/microsome test (Ames test)

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium Metabolic activation: with/without

Result: negative

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Test type: Salmonella/microsome test (Ames test)

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium Metabolic activation: with/without

Result: negative

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Test type: Salmonella/microsome test (Ames test)

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium Metabolic activation: with/without

Result: negative

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

#### Genotoxicity in vivo

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Test type: Micronucleus test

Species: rat, male

Application Route: Inhalative (exposure period: 3x1h/day over 3 weeks)

Result: negative

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474 Studies of a comparable product.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Test type: Micronucleus test

Species: rat, male

Application Route: Inhalative (exposure period: 3x1h/day over 3 weeks)

Result: negative

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Test type: comet assay Species: rat, male

Application Route: Inhalative Dose: 2 - 5 - 11 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Result: negative

Method: OECD Test Guideline 489

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate Test type: Micronucleus test

Species: rat, male

Application Route: Inhalative (exposure period: 3x1h/day over 3 weeks)

Result: negative

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

#### STOT evaluation – one-time exposure

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Route of exposure: Inhalative Target Organs: Respiratory Tract May cause respiratory irritation.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate Route of exposure: Inhalative Target Organs: Respiratory Tract May cause respiratory irritation.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate Route of exposure: Inhalative Target Organs: Respiratory Tract May cause respiratory irritation.

# STOT evaluation - repeated exposure

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Route of exposure: Inhalative Target Organs: Respiratory Tract

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate Route of exposure: Inhalative Target Organs: Respiratory Tract

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate Route of exposure: Inhalative Target Organs: Respiratory Tract

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### **Aspiration toxicity**

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **CMR Assessment**

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer by inhalation (Carc. 2).

Mutagenicity: In vitro an in vivo tests did not show mutagenic effects. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity: Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity/Fertility: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer by inhalation (Carc. 2).

Mutagenicity: In vitro an in vivo tests did not show mutagenic effects. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity: Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity/Fertility: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer by inhalation (Carc. 2).

Mutagenicity: In vitro an in vivo tests did not show mutagenic effects. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity: Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity/Fertility: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Toxicology Assessment**

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Acute effects: Harmful if inhaled. The product causes irritation of eyes, skin and mucous membranes.

Sensitization: May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact.

# diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Acute effects: Harmful if inhaled. The product causes irritation of eyes, skin and mucous membranes.

Sensitization: May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact.

# Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Acute effects: Harmful if inhaled. The product causes irritation of eyes, skin and mucous membranes.

Sensitization: May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact.

#### **Additional information**

Special properties/effects: Over-exposure entails the risk of concentration-dependent irritating effects on eyes, nose throat, and respiratory tract. Delayed appearance of the complaints and development of hypersensitivity (difficult breathing, coughing, asthma) are possible. Hypersensitive persons may suffer from these effects even at low isocyanate concentrations, including concentrations below the occupational exposure limit. Prolonged contact with the skin may cause tanning and irritant effects.

Industrial cleaning with Aprotic Polar Solvents (meeting the IUPAC definition) may lead to formation of (hazardous) primary aromatic amines (> 0.1 %). Primary aromatic amines are chemicals that are regarded as potentially carcinogenic for humans based on animal testing. Some of these chemicals are known human carcinogens. Compliance with the control measures recommended in the exposure scenario is expected to protect against these effects.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Animal tests and other research indicate that skin contact with diisocyanates can play a role in causing isocyanate sensitization and respiratory reaction.

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Ecotoxicological studies of the product are not available.

Do not allow to escape into waterways, wastewater or soil.

Please find below the ecotoxicological data available to us for the components.

#### 12.1 Toxicity

#### **Acute Fish toxicity**

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

LC50 > 1,000 mg/l

Test type: Acute Fish toxicity Species: Danio rerio (zebra fish) Exposure duration: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

LC50 > 1,000 mg/l

Test type: Acute Fish toxicity Species: Danio rerio (zebra fish) Exposure duration: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 Studies of a comparable product.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

LC50 > 1,000 mg/l

Test type: Acute Fish toxicity Species: Danio rerio (zebra fish) Exposure duration: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Studies of a comparable product.

#### **Chronic Fish toxicity**

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues Study scientifically not justified.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate Study scientifically not justified.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate Study scientifically not justified.

#### Acute toxicity for daphnia

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

EC50 > 1,000 mg/l Test type: static test

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Exposure duration: 24 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

EC50 > 1,000 mg/l

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Exposure duration: 24 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Studies of a comparable product.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

EC50 > 1,000 mg/l

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Exposure duration: 24 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Studies of a comparable product.

#### Chronic toxicity to daphnia

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

NOEC (Reproduction) > 10 mg/l Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Exposure duration: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate NOEC (Reproduction) > 10 mg/l Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Exposure duration: 21 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Studies of a comparable product.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate NOEC (Reproduction) > 10 mg/l Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Exposure duration: 21 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Studies of a comparable product.

#### Acute toxicity for algae

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

ErC50 > 1,640 mg/l

Test type: Growth inhibition

Species: scenedesmus subspicatus

Exposure duration: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

ErC50 > 1,640 mg/lTest type: Growth inhibition

Species: scenedesmus subspicatus

Exposure duration: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Studies of a comparable product.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

ErC50 > 1,640 mg/l Test type: Growth inhibition

Species: scenedesmus subspicatus

Exposure duration: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Studies of a comparable product.

# Acute bacterial toxicity

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

EC50 > 100 mg/l

Test type: Respiration inhibition Species: activated sludge Exposure duration: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

EC50 > 100 mg/l

Test type: Respiration inhibition Species: activated sludge Exposure duration: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209 Studies of a comparable product.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

EC50 > 100 mg/l

Test type: Respiration inhibition Species: activated sludge Exposure duration: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209 Studies of a comparable product.

#### Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

NOEC (mortality) > 1,000 mg/kg Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms)

Exposure duration: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 207

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate NOEC (mortality) > 1,000 mg/kg Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms) Exposure duration: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 207 Studies of a comparable product.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate NOEC (mortality) > 1,000 mg/kg Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms) Exposure duration: 14 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 207

Method: OECD Test Guideline 207 Studies of a comparable product.

#### Toxicity to terrestrial plants

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

NOEC (seedling emergence) > 1,000 mg/kg

Species: Avena sativa (oats) Exposure duration: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 208

NOEC (Growth rate) > 1,000 mg/kg

Species: Avena sativa (oats) Exposure duration: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 208

NOEC (seedling emergence) > 1,000 mg/kg

Species: Lactuca sativa (lettuce)

Exposure duration: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 208

NOEC (Growth rate) > 1,000 mg/kg Species: Lactuca sativa (lettuce)

Exposure duration: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 208

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

NOEC (seedling emergence) > 1,000 mg/kg

Species: Avena sativa (oats) Exposure duration: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 208 Studies of a comparable product.

NOEC (Growth rate) > 1,000 mg/kg

Species: Avena sativa (oats) Exposure duration: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 208 Studies of a comparable product.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

NOEC (seedling emergence) > 1,000 mg/kg

Species: Lactuca sativa (lettuce)

Exposure duration: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 208 Studies of a comparable product.

NOEC (Growth rate) > 1,000 mg/kg Species: Lactuca sativa (lettuce)

Exposure duration: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 208 Studies of a comparable product.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

NOEC (seedling emergence) > 1,000 mg/kg

Species: Avena sativa (oats)

Exposure duration: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 208 Studies of a comparable product.

NOEC (Growth rate) > 1,000 mg/kg

Species: Avena sativa (oats)

Exposure duration: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 208 Studies of a comparable product.

NOEC (seedling emergence) > 1,000 mg/kg

Species: Lactuca sativa (lettuce)

Exposure duration: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 208 Studies of a comparable product.

NOEC (Growth rate) > 1,000 mg/kg

Species: Lactuca sativa (lettuce)

Exposure duration: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 208 Studies of a comparable product.

#### **Ecotoxicology Assessment**

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Acute aquatic toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Toxicity Data on Soil: Not expected to adsorb on soil. The substance is graded as non-critical to soil-dwelling organisms.

Impact on Sewage Treatment: Because of the low bacterial toxicity, there is no risk of an adverse effect on the performance of biological waste water treatment plants.

#### diphenylmethane-4.4'-diisocvanate

Acute aquatic toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Toxicity Data on Soil: Not expected to adsorb on soil. The substance is graded as non-critical to soil-dwelling

Impact on Sewage Treatment: Because of the low bacterial toxicity, there is no risk of an adverse effect on the performance of biological waste water treatment plants.

#### Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Acute aquatic toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Toxicity Data on Soil: Not expected to adsorb on soil. The substance is graded as non-critical to soil-dwelling organisms.

Impact on Sewage Treatment: Because of the low bacterial toxicity, there is no risk of an adverse effect on the performance of biological waste water treatment plants.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

#### Biodegradability

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Test type: aerobic Inoculum: activated sludge

Biodegradation: 0 %, 28 d, i.e. not inherently degradable

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302 C

According to the results of tests of biodegradability this product is not readily biodegradable.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Biodegradation: 0 %, 28 d, i.e. not inherently degradable

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302 C Studies of a comparable product.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Biodegradation: 0 %, 28 d, i.e. not inherently degradable

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302 C Studies of a comparable product.

#### Stability in water

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Test type: Hydrolysis Half life: 20 h at 25 °C

The substance hydrolyzes rapidly in water.

Studies of a comparable product.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

Test type: Hydrolysis Half life: 20 h at 25 °C

The substance hydrolyzes rapidly in water.

Studies of a comparable product.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

Test type: Hydrolysis Half life: 20 h at 25 °C

The substance hydrolyzes rapidly in water.

Studies of a comparable product.

#### Photodegradation

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Test type: Phototransformation in air

Temperature: 25 °C sensitizer: OH-radicals

Concentration sensibilisator: 500,000 1/cm3

Half-life indirect photolysis: 0.92 d Method: SRC - AOP (calculation)

After evaporation or exposure to the air, the product will be moderately degraded by photochemical

processes.

Studies of a comparable product.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate Test type: Phototransformation in air

sensitizer: OH-radicals

Concentration sensibilisator: 500,000 1/cm3

Rate constant: 1.16E-11 cm3/s Half-life indirect photolysis: 0.92 d Method: SRC - AOP (calculation)

After evaporation or exposure to the air, the product will be moderately degraded by photochemical

processes.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate Test type: Phototransformation in air

sensitizer: OH-radicals

Concentration sensibilisator: 500.000 1/cm3

Rate constant: 1.16E-11 cm3/s Half-life indirect photolysis: 0.92 d Method: SRC - AOP (calculation)

After evaporation or exposure to the air, the product will be moderately degraded by photochemical

processes.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

#### Volatility (Henry's Law constant)

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate Calculated value = 0.0229 Pa\*m3/mol

The substance has to be scored as being slightly volatile from water.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate Calculated value = 0.0229 Pa\*m3/mol

The substance has to be scored as being slightly volatile from water.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

#### **Bioaccumulation**

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 14 Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp) Exposure duration: 42 d Concentration: 0.2 mg/l

Method: OECD Test Guideline 305 C

An accumulation in aquatic organisms is not to be expected.

The substance hydrolyzes rapidly in water.

Studies of hydrolysis products.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 200 Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp) Exposure duration: 28 d Concentration: 0.00008 mg/l Test substance: 14C-labelled Method: OECD Test Guideline 305 E

An accumulation in aquatic organisms is not to be expected.

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 200 Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp) Exposure duration: 28 d Concentration: 0.00008 mg/l Test substance: 14C-labelled Method: OECD Test Guideline 305 E

An accumulation in aquatic organisms is not to be expected.

Studies of a comparable product.

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

#### Distribution among environmental compartments

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate Adsorption/Soil not applicable

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate Adsorption/Soil not applicable

## **Environmental distribution**

diphenylmethane-diisocyanate, isomers and homologues no data available

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate no data available

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate no data available

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

Isocyanate reacts with water at the interface forming CO2 and a solid insoluble product with high melting point (polyurea). This reaction is accelerated by surfactants (e.g. detergents) or by watersoluble solvents. Previous experience shows that polyurea is inert and non-degradable.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

Dispose in accordance with applicable international, national and local laws, ordinances and statutes.

For disposal within the EC, the appropriate code according to the European Waste Catalogue (EWC) should be used.

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

After final product withdrawal, all residues must be removed from containers (drip-free, powder-free or paste-free). Packaging empty of usable product can be handed to a professional waste management company; in the EU, this is done per packaging type at collection points run by the existing take-back systems for the chemicals industry. The product and hazardous substance labelling must be left intact on the packaging.

Alternatively, the product and hazardous substance labelling can be removed if the product residues adhering to the sides are rendered non-hazardous. This packaging can also be handed to the collection points run by the existing take-back systems for the chemicals industry for packaging type-specific recycling. Containers must be recycled in compliance with national legislation and environmental regulations.

None disposal into waste water.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### ADR/RID

14.1 UN number
14.2 UN proper shipping name
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
14.4 Packing group
14.5 Environmental hazards
15 Not dangerous goods
16 Not dangerous goods
17 Not dangerous goods
18 Not dangerous goods
19 Not dangerous goods
10 Not dangerous goods
11 Not dangerous goods
12 Not dangerous goods
13 Not dangerous goods
14 Not dangerous goods

#### ADN

14.1 UN number
14.2 UN proper shipping name
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
14.4 Packing group
14.5 Environmental hazards
Not dangerous goods
Not dangerous goods
Not dangerous goods
Not dangerous goods

Dangerous goods classification for inland waterways tanker by request only.

#### IATA

14.1 UN number
14.2 UN proper shipping name
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
14.4 Packing group
14.5 Environmental hazards
15 Not dangerous goods
16 Not dangerous goods
17 Not dangerous goods
18 Not dangerous goods
19 Not dangerous goods
10 Not dangerous goods
11 Not dangerous goods
12 Not dangerous goods
13 Not dangerous goods
14 Not dangerous goods

#### **IMDG**

14.1 UN number
14.2 UN proper shipping name
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
14.4 Packing group
14.5 Marine pollutant
15. Not dangerous goods
16. Not dangerous goods
17. Not dangerous goods
18. Not dangerous goods
19. Not dangerous goods

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

See section 6 - 8.

Additional information : Not dangerous cargo.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Keep dry.

Avoid heat above +50 °C. Avoid temperatures below +10 °C. Keep away from foodstuffs, acids and alkalis.

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable.

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Directive 2012/18/EU on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances. not applicable

# REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles (Annex XVII)

Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: 3, 56, 56

This product contains substances subject to EU Regulation 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex XVII.

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate CAS-No.: 101-68-8, EC-No.: 202-966-0 Subject to REACH Annex XVII, No. 56

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate CAS-No.: 5873-54-1, EC-No.: 227-534-9 Subject to REACH Annex XVII, No. 56

2,2'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate CAS-No.: 2536-05-2, EC-No.: 219-799-4 Subject to REACH Annex XVII, No. 56

#### Water contaminating class (Germany)

1 slightly water endangering

Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1 (5.2)

Any existing national regulations on the handling of isocyanates must be observed.

Products containing solvent:

Any existing national regulations on the handling of solvents must be observed.

#### Other regulations

Take note of Directive 92/85/EEC regarding maternity protection or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

#### A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for:

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

11045

# Full text of the hazard statements of the CLP classification (1272/2008/CE) referred to under sections 2, 3 and 10.

| H315 | Causes skin irritation.  |
|------|--|
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction.                                       |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation.   |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled.  |
| H334 | May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation.  |
| H351 | Suspected of causing cancer.   |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.         |
|      |  |

The product is used mainly as a hardener in coating materials or adhesives. The handling of polyurethane raw materials containing reactive polyisocyanates and residual monomeric MDI requires appropriate protective measures referred to in this safety data sheet. These products may therefore be used only in

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

industrial or trade applications. They are not suitable for use in homeworker (DIY) applications.

ISOPA directives for safe loading/unloading, transport and storage of TDI and MDI. See ISOPA website: www.isopa.org (Product Stewardship "Walk the Talk").

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises

Dangereuses par voie de Navigation intérieure

ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises

Dangereuses par Route

ANSI American National Standards Institute

ASTM American Society of Testing and Materials (US)

ATE Acute Toxic Estimate

AwSv Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen

BCF Bioconcentration Factor
CAS Chemical Abstract Service

CLP Regulation on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and

Mixtures

CMR Cancerogenic Mutagenic Reprotoxic
DIN Deutsches Institut für Normung
DNEL Derived No-Effect Level
EC... Effect Concentration ... %
EWC European Waste Catalogue

IATA International Air Transport Association

IBC Intermediate Bulk Container

ICAOInternational Civil Aviation OrganizationIMDGInternational Maritime Dangerous GoodsIMOInternational Maritime Organization

ISO International Organization for Standardization
IUPAC International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry

LOAEL Lowest Observable Adverse Effect Level

LC... Lethal Concentration, ...%

LD... Lethal Dose, ...%

MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships

NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEL/NOEC No Observed Effect Level/Concentration

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

PBT persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic
PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration

REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals RiD Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de

marchandises Dangereuses

STOT Specific Target Organ Toxicity
TRGS Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe
vPvB very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

WGK Wassergefährdungsklasse

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.

# **Further information**

Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure: Calculation method Acute Tox. 4 H332 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Calculation method Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Calculation method Resp. Sens. 1 H334 Calculation method Skin Sens. 1 H317 Calculation method Carc. 2 H351 Calculation method STOT SE 3 H335 Calculation method **STOT RE 2 H373** Calculation method

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

#### **Annex**

The operational conditions and the implementation of Risk Management Measures (RMM) are dependent on the following priority-/lead substances for the respective exposure routes:

#### Lead substance(s), aquatic environment:

Not relevant

# Lead substance(s), ozone layer:

Not relevant

# **Priority substance(s), Health:**

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

#### Local effects, Skin:

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

#### Local effects, Inhalation:

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

# Local effects, Eyes:

diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

# **Exposure Scenario**

| Number | Title  |
|--------|--|
| ES1    | Formulation or re-packing  |
| ES2    | Use at industrial sites; Use as an intermediate.   |
| ES3    | Use at industrial sites; Use in coatings.  |
| ES4    | Use at industrial sites; Adhesives, sealants.  |
| ES5    | Use at industrial sites; Elastomers; Thermoplastic polyurethane; Polyamide, polyimide & synthetic fibres; Manufacturing of other Polymers. |
| ES6    | Use at industrial sites; Cleaning; with Aprotic Polar Solvents below 40°C.   |
| ES7    | Use at industrial sites; Cleaning; with Aprotic Polar Solvents above 40°C.   |
| ES8    | Use at industrial sites; Cleaning; without Aprotic Polar Solvents.   |
| ES9    | Widespread use by professional workers; Use in coatings.   |
| ES10   | Widespread use by professional workers; Adhesives, sealants.   |
| ES11   | Widespread use by professional workers; Cleaning; without Aprotic Polar Solvents.  |
| ES12   | Consumer use; Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a).  |
| ES13   | Consumer use; Adhesives, sealants (PC1).   |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

# ES1: Formulation or re-packing

#### 1.1. Title section

| Exposure Scenario name | : | Distribution of substance, (including resin manufacture) |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Structured Short Title | : | Formulation or re-packing                                |

| Worker |  |        |
|--------|--|--------|
| CS1    | Distribution of substance, (including resin manufacture) [MDI] | PROC1  |
| CS2    | Distribution of substance, (including resin manufacture) [MDI] | PROC2  |
| CS3    | Distribution of substance, (including resin manufacture) [MDI] | PROC3  |
| CS4    | Distribution of substance, (including resin manufacture) [MDI] | PROC4  |
| CS5    | Distribution of substance, (including resin manufacture) [MDI] | PROC5  |
| CS6    | Distribution of substance, (including resin manufacture) [MDI] | PROC8a |
| CS7    | Distribution of substance, (including resin manufacture) [MDI] | PROC8b |
| CS8    | Distribution of substance, (including resin manufacture) [MDI] | PROC9  |
| CS9    | Distribution of substance, (including resin manufacture) [MDI] | PROC15 |

# 1.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

# 1.2.1. Control of worker exposure: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure (PROC1) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                 |                                  |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : <= 100%                        |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol                      |
| Vapour pressure                                   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C              |
| Physical form of product                          | : Low volatile liquid            |
| Amount used, frequency and durat                  | on of use (or from service life) |
| General exposures                                 | : 8 hours/day                    |
| Frequency of use                                  | : 5 days/week                    |

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying: Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Handle substance within a closed system.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 240 cm² (palm of one hand) |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor                     |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                      |

# 1.2.2. Control of worker exposure: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure (PROC2) [MDI]

| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : | <= 100%             |
|---|---|---------------------|
| Molar Mass  | : | 250 g/mol           |
| Vapour pressure                                   | : | 0.001 Pa at 20 °C   |
| Physical form of product                          | : | Low volatile liquid |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

# Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 480 cm² (palms of both hands) |
|-----------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor                        |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                         |

# 1.2.3. Control of worker exposure: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) (PROC3) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                 |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : <= 100%             |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol           |
| Vapour pressure                                   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C   |
| Physical form of product                          | : Low volatile liquid |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

# Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

# Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 240 cm² (palm of one hand)
Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor
Temperature : 23 °C

# 1.2.4. Control of worker exposure: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises (PROC4) [MDI]

# Product (article) characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100%

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

# Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

# Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric

substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

## Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

# Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 480 cm² (palms of both hands)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor

Temperature : 50 °C

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

# 1.2.5. Control of worker exposure: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) (PROC5) [MDI]

# Product (article) characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass

Vapour pressure

by singliform of me

Physical form of product

250 g/mol

:

<= 100%

0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Low volatile liquid

# Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

Duration of the acitivity

1 hours/day

Frequency of use

: 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

# Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 480 cm<sup>2</sup> (palms of both hands)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor
Temperature : 23 °C

# 1.2.6. Control of worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a) [MDI]

# Product (article) characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100%

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

Duration of the acitivity : 1 hours/day

Remarks : daily or less, ,, Short term

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

# Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

#### BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

# Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 960 cm² (both hands) |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor               |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                |

# 1.2.7. Control of worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities (PROC8b) [MDI]

# **Product (article) characteristics**

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100%

Mixture/Article

: 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure

Molar Mass

: 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product

: Low volatile liquid

# Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

Duration of the acitivity : 1 hours/day

Remarks : daily or less, ,, Short term

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Handle substance within a closed system.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 960 cm² (both hands) |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor               |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                |

# 1.2.8. Control of worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) (PROC9) [MDI]

| Product | (article) | ) characteristics |
|---------|-----------|-------------------|
|---------|-----------|-------------------|

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100%

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

# Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day
Frequency of use : 5 days/week

# Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 480 cm² (palms of both hands) |
|-----------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor                        |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                         |

# 1.2.9. Control of worker exposure: Use as laboratory reagent (PROC15) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                 |                                  |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : <= 100%                        |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol                      |
| Vapour pressure                                   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C              |
| Physical form of product                          | : Low volatile liquid            |
| Amount used, frequency and durati                 | on of use (or from service life) |
| General exposures                                 | : 8 hours/day                    |
| Frequency of use                                  | : 5 days/week                    |

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying: Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

With Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

OR

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

OR

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Without Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

Without Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

:

Wear suitable respiratory protection.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 240 cm² (palm of one hand) |  |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------------|--|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor                     |  |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                      |  |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

#### 1.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### 1.3.1. Worker exposure: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure (PROC1) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level               | RCR   | Remarks  |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0013 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.026 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>Closed system, Efficiency:<br>90% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)   | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection   |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR  $\leq$  1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

### 1.3.2. Worker exposure: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure (PROC2) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level              | RCR  | Remarks                  |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|------|--------------------------|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.013 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.26 | General ventilation: 30% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)  | < 1  | Gloves: 90% protection   |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

### 1.3.3. Worker exposure: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) (PROC3) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level              | RCR  | Remarks                  |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|------|--------------------------|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.013 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.26 | General ventilation: 30% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)  | < 1  | Gloves: 90% protection   |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR  $\leq$  1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 1.3.4. Worker exposure: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises (PROC4) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level               | RCR   | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0006 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.012 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency,<br>Respirator: 90% protection |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)   | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection  |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 1.3.5. Worker exposure: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) (PROC5) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                 | RCR     | Remarks  |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.000847 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.01694 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)     | < 1     | Gloves: 90% protection                           |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 1.3.6. Worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level               | RCR   | Remarks                  |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0036 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.072 | General ventilation: 30% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)   | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection   |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 1.3.7. Worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities (PROC8b) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00364 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.0728 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>Closed system, 99%<br>efficiency |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection  |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 1.3.8. Worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) (PROC9) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level           | RCR      | Remarks                   |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|----------|---------------------------|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.004766 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, | 0.095324 | General ventilation: 30%, |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

|                  | v4.1)                      |    | LEV: 90% efficiency    |
|------------------|----------------------------|----|------------------------|
| Dermal exposure, | * (Qualitative assessment) | <1 | Gloves: 90% protection |

# Additional information on exposure estimation Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

### 1.3.9. Worker exposure: Use as laboratory reagent (PROC15) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00558 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.1116 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>AND, LEV: 90% efficiency,<br>OR, Respirator: 90%<br>protection |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection  |

| Additional information on exposure estimation   |
|---|
| Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1). |
| *   |
| Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.   |

#### 1.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

#### MDI

The risk management measures given in this exposure scenario apply to the specified substance in a concentration as indicated in the scenario. The concentration of the substance in the product may differ. A downstream user should evaluate if the risk management measures may be adapted accordingly.

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Further information on the assumptions contained in this Exposure Scenario can be found at: www.ISOPA.org

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

ES2: Use at industrial sites; Use as an intermediate.

#### 2.1. Title section

| Exposure Scenario name | : | Use as an intermediate                           |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Structured Short Title | : | Use at industrial sites; Use as an intermediate. |

| Worker |                                 |        |
|--------|---------------------------------|--------|
| CS1    | Use as an intermediate<br>[MDI] | PROC1  |
| CS2    | Use as an intermediate<br>[MDI] | PROC2  |
| CS3    | Use as an intermediate<br>[MDI] | PROC3  |
| CS4    | Use as an intermediate<br>[MDI] | PROC4  |
| CS5    | Use as an intermediate<br>[MDI] | PROC5  |
| CS6    | Use as an intermediate<br>[MDI] | PROC8a |
| CS7    | Use as an intermediate<br>[MDI] | PROC8b |
| CS8    | Use as an intermediate<br>[MDI] | PROC9  |
| CS9    | Use as an intermediate<br>[MDI] | PROC15 |

#### 2.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

### 2.2.1. Control of worker exposure: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure (PROC1) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                                 |                       |  |  |
|---|-----------------------|--|--|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article                 | : <= 100%             |  |  |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol           |  |  |
| Vapour pressure   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C   |  |  |
| Physical form of product  | : Low volatile liquid |  |  |
| Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life) |                       |  |  |
| General exposures   | : 8 hours/day         |  |  |
| General exposures   |                       |  |  |

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Handle substance within a closed system.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 240 cm² (palm of one hand) |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor                     |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                      |

# 2.2.2. Control of worker exposure: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure (PROC2) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                                 |   |                     |  |
|---|---|---------------------|--|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article                 | : | <= 100%             |  |
| Molar Mass  | : | 250 g/mol           |  |
| Vapour pressure   | : | 0.001 Pa at 20 °C   |  |
| Physical form of product  | : | Low volatile liquid |  |
| Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life) |   |                     |  |
| General exposures   | : | 8 hours/day         |  |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 480 cm² (palms of both hands) |
|-----------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor                        |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                         |

### 2.2.3. Control of worker exposure: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) (PROC3) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                 |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : <= 100%             |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol           |
| Vapour pressure                                   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C   |
| Physical form of product                          | : Low volatile liquid |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 240 cm² (palm of one hand) |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor                     |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                      |

# 2.2.4. Control of worker exposure: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises (PROC4) [MDI]

#### Product (article) characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100%

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

With Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

AND

With respiratory protection

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Exposed skin area : 480 cm² (palms of both hands)
Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor
Temperature : 50 °C

# 2.2.5. Control of worker exposure: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) (PROC5) [MDI]

# Product (article) characteristics Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article Molar Mass : 250 g/mol Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

Duration of the acitivity : 1 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 480 cm² (palms of both hands) |
|-----------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor                        |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                         |

# 2.2.6. Control of worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a) [MDI]

#### Product (article) characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100% Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

Duration of the acitivity : 1 hours/day

Remarks : daily or less, ,, Short term

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area :     | 960 cm² (both hands) |
|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use : | Indoor               |
| Temperature :           | 23 °C                |

# 2.2.7. Control of worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities (PROC8b) [MDI]

| Product (article) | characteristics |
|-------------------|-----------------|
|-------------------|-----------------|

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100%

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass

: 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure

: 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

Duration of the acitivity : 8 hours/day

Remarks : daily or less, ,, Short term

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Handle substance within a closed system.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 960 cm² (both hands)
Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor

Temperature : 23 °C

# 2.2.8. Control of worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) (PROC9) [MDI]

#### Product (article) characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100%

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 480 cm² (palms of both hands) |
|-----------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor                        |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                         |

### 2.2.9. Control of worker exposure: Use as laboratory reagent (PROC15) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                 |                                 |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : <= 100%                       |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol                     |
| Vapour pressure                                   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C             |
| Physical form of product                          | : Low volatile liquid           |
| Amount used, frequency and duration               | n of use (or from service life) |
| General exposures                                 | : 8 hours/day                   |
| Frequency of use                                  | : 5 days/week                   |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

With Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

:

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

UK

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

or

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Without Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

.

Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

Without Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

:

Wear suitable respiratory protection.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 240 cm² (palm of one hand) |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor                     |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                      |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

#### 2.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### 2.3.1. Worker exposure: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure (PROC1) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level               | RCR   | Remarks  |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0013 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.026 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>Closed system, Efficiency:<br>90% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)   | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection   |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

### 2.3.2. Worker exposure: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure (PROC2) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level              | RCR  | Remarks                  |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|------|--------------------------|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.013 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.26 | General ventilation: 30% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)  | < 1  | Gloves: 90% protection   |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR  $\leq$  1).

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

### 2.3.3. Worker exposure: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) (PROC3) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level              | RCR  | Remarks                  |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|------|--------------------------|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.013 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.26 | General ventilation: 30% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)  | < 1  | Gloves: 90% protection   |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR  $\leq$  1).

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 2.3.4. Worker exposure: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises (PROC4) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level               | RCR   | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0006 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.012 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>Respirator: 98% protection |
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0006 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.012 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency, AND,  |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

|                  |                            |     | Respirator: 90% protection |
|------------------|----------------------------|-----|----------------------------|
| Dermal exposure, | * (Qualitative assessment) | < 1 | Gloves: 90% protection     |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR  $\leq$  1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 2.3.5. Worker exposure: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) (PROC5) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                 | RCR | Remarks  |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.000847 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) |     | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)     | < 1 | Gloves: 90% protection                           |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR  $\leq$  1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 2.3.6. Worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level               | RCR   | Remarks                  |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0036 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.072 | General ventilation: 30% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)   | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection   |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR  $\leq$  1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 2.3.7. Worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities (PROC8b) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level               | RCR   | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0036 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.072 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>Closed system, 99%<br>efficiency |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)   | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection  |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR  $\leq$  1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

# 2.3.8. Worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) (PROC9) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                 | RCR | Remarks  |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.004766 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) |     | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)     | < 1 | Gloves: 90% protection                           |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR  $\leq$  1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

### 2.3.9. Worker exposure: Use as laboratory reagent (PROC15) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00558 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) |     | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency, OR,<br>Respirator: 90% protection |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1 | Gloves: 90% protection  |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR  $\leq$  1).

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

#### 2.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

#### MDI

The risk management measures given in this exposure scenario apply to the specified substance in a concentration as indicated in the scenario. The concentration of the substance in the product may differ. A downstream user should evaluate if the risk management measures may be adapted accordingly.

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Further information on the assumptions contained in this Exposure Scenario can be found at: www.ISOPA.org

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

ES3: Use at industrial sites; Use in coatings.

#### 3.1. Title section

| Exposure Scenario name | : | Use in coatings                           |
|------------------------|---|---|
| Structured Short Title | : | Use at industrial sites; Use in coatings. |

| Worker |                          |        |
|--------|--------------------------|--------|
| CS1    | Use in coatings<br>[MDI] | PROC1  |
| CS2    | Use in coatings<br>[MDI] | PROC2  |
| CS3    | Use in coatings<br>[MDI] | PROC3  |
| CS4    | Use in coatings<br>[MDI] | PROC4  |
| CS5    | Use in coatings<br>[MDI] | PROC5  |
| CS6    | Use in coatings<br>[MDI] | PROC7  |
| CS7    | Use in coatings<br>[MDI] | PROC8a |
| CS8    | Use in coatings<br>[MDI] | PROC8b |
| CS9    | Use in coatings<br>[MDI] | PROC9  |
| CS10   | Use in coatings<br>[MDI] | PROC10 |
| CS11   | Use in coatings<br>[MDI] | PROC13 |
| CS12   | Use in coatings<br>[MDI] | PROC15 |

#### 3.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

### 3.2.1. Control of worker exposure: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure (PROC1) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                                 |   |                     |
|---|---|---------------------|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article                 | : | <= 100%             |
| Molar Mass  | : | 250 g/mol           |
| Vapour pressure   | : | 0.001 Pa at 20 °C   |
| Physical form of product  | : | Low volatile liquid |
| Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life) |   |                     |
| General exposures   | : | 8 hours/day         |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Handle substance within a closed system.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 240 cm² (palm of one hand)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor

Temperature : 23 °C

# 3.2.2. Control of worker exposure: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure (PROC2) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                 |             |  |
|---|-------------|--|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : <= 60%    |  |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol |  |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day
Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 480 cm² (palms of both hands)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor

Temperature : 23 °C

### 3.2.3. Control of worker exposure: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) (PROC3) [MDI]

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Product (article) characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100%

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day
Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 240 cm² (palm of one hand)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Temperature : 23 °C

### 3.2.4. Control of worker exposure: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises (PROC4)

[MDI]

#### Product (article) characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in

: <= 100%

Mixture/Article
Molar Mass

: 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure

0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product

Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures

8 hours/day

Frequency of use

5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 480 cm<sup>2</sup> (palms of both hands)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor
Temperature : 50 °C

# 3.2.5. Control of worker exposure: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) (PROC5) [MDI]

#### Product (article) characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 60%

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

Duration of the acitivity : 1 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

#### The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 480 cm² (palms of both hands) |
|-----------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor                        |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                         |

### 3.2.6. Control of worker exposure: Industrial spraying (PROC7) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                 |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : <= 60%              |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol           |
| Vapour pressure                                   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C   |
| Physical form of product                          | : Low volatile liquid |

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day
Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### General advice

Irrespective of the stated risk management measures respiratory protection is generally recommended for spraying applications.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 1500 cm² (both hands and forearms)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor

Temperature : 23 °C

# 3.2.7. Control of worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a) [MDI]

#### **Product (article) characteristics**

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 60%

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

Duration of the acitivity : 1 hours/day

Remarks : daily or less, ,, Short term

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 960 cm² (both hands) |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor               |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                |

# 3.2.8. Control of worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities (PROC8b) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                                 |   |                              |
|---|---|------------------------------|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article                 | : | <= 60%                       |
| Molar Mass  | : | 250 g/mol                    |
| Vapour pressure   | : | 0.001 Pa at 20 °C            |
| Physical form of product  | : | Low volatile liquid          |
| Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life) |   |                              |
| Duration of the acitivity   | : | 1 hours/day                  |
| Remarks   | : | daily or less, ,, Short term |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Handle in semi-closed process with occasional controlled exposure.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 960 cm² (both hands)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor

Temperature : 23 °C

# 3.2.9. Control of worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) (PROC9) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                 |             |
|---|-------------|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : <= 60%    |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day
Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 480 cm <sup>2</sup> (palms of both hands) |
|-----------------------|---|---|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor                                    |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                                     |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

### 3.2.10. Control of worker exposure: Roller application or brushing (PROC10) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                                 |                       |  |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article                 | : <= 60%              |  |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol           |  |
| Vapour pressure   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C   |  |
| Physical form of product  | : Low volatile liquid |  |
| Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life) |                       |  |

General exposures : 8 hours/day
Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 960 cm² (both hands)

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor |
|-----------------------|---|--------|
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C  |

### 3.2.11. Control of worker exposure: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring (PROC13) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                 |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : <= 60%              |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol           |
| Vapour pressure                                   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C   |
| Physical form of product                          | : Low volatile liquid |

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day
Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

| Other conditions affecting workers exposure |   |                               |  |
|---|---|-------------------------------|--|
| Exposed skin area                           | : | 480 cm² (palms of both hands) |  |
| Indoor or outdoor use                       | : | Indoor                        |  |
| Temperature                                 | : | 23 °C                         |  |

### 3.2.12. Control of worker exposure: Use as laboratory reagent (PROC15) [MDI]

#### Product (article) characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100%

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

With Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

AND

Without respiratory protection

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

OR

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

or

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

With respiratory protection

AND

Without Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

With respiratory protection

AND

Without Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

Wear suitable respiratory protection.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 240 cm² (palm of one hand) |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor                     |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                      |

#### 3.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### 3.3.1. Worker exposure: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure (PROC1) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00092 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.0184 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>Closed system, Efficiency:<br>90% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection   |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

### 3.3.2. Worker exposure: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure (PROC2) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks                  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00921 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.1842 | General ventilation: 30% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection   |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

### 3.3.3. Worker exposure: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) (PROC3) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks                  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00921 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.1842 | General ventilation: 30% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection   |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 3.3.4. Worker exposure: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises (PROC4) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                  | RCR   | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0006 mg/m³ (EasyTRA,<br>v4.1) | 0.012 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency,<br>Respirator: 90% protection |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)      | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection  |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 3.3.5. Worker exposure: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) (PROC5) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00011 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.0022 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection                           |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

### 3.3.6. Worker exposure: Industrial spraying (PROC7) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR | Remarks  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.01022 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) |     | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 95% efficiency |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

| Dermal exposure, * (Qualitative assessment) | < 1 | Gloves: 90% protection |
|---|-----|------------------------|
|---|-----|------------------------|

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 3.3.7. Worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level               | RCR   | Remarks                  |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0036 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.072 | General ventilation: 30% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)   | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection   |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 3.3.8. Worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities (PROC8b) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00364 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.0728 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>Closed system, 99%<br>efficiency |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection  |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 3.3.9. Worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) (PROC9) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                 | RCR | Remarks  |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.004766 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) |     | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)     | < 1 | Gloves: 90% protection                           |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR  $\leq$  1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

### 3.3.10. Worker exposure: Roller application or brushing (PROC10) [MDI]

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

| Exposure route                | Exposure level              | RCR   | Remarks                  |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.017 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.340 | General ventilation: 30% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)  | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection   |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR  $\leq$  1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

### 3.3.11. Worker exposure: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring (PROC13) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level              | RCR   | Remarks                  |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.017 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.340 | General ventilation: 30% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)  | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection   |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

### 3.3.12. Worker exposure: Use as laboratory reagent (PROC15) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00558 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.1116 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency, OR,<br>Respirator: 90% protection |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection  |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

#### 3.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

#### MDI

The risk management measures given in this exposure scenario apply to the specified substance in a concentration as indicated in the scenario. The concentration of the substance in the product may differ. A downstream user should evaluate if the risk management measures may be adapted accordingly.

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Further information on the assumptions contained in this Exposure Scenario can be found at: www.ISOPA.org

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

ES4: Use at industrial sites; Adhesives, sealants.

## 4.1. Title section

| Exposure Scenario name | : | Adhesives, sealants                           |
|------------------------|---|---|
| Structured Short Title | : | Use at industrial sites; Adhesives, sealants. |

| Worker |                              |        |
|--------|------------------------------|--------|
| CS1    | Adhesives, sealants<br>[MDI] | PROC1  |
| CS2    | Adhesives, sealants<br>[MDI] | PROC2  |
| CS3    | Adhesives, sealants<br>[MDI] | PROC3  |
| CS4    | Adhesives, sealants<br>[MDI] | PROC4  |
| CS5    | Adhesives, sealants<br>[MDI] | PROC5  |
| CS6    | Adhesives, sealants<br>[MDI] | PROC7  |
| CS7    | Adhesives, sealants<br>[MDI] | PROC8a |
| CS8    | Adhesives, sealants<br>[MDI] | PROC8b |
| CS9    | Adhesives, sealants<br>[MDI] | PROC9  |
| CS10   | Adhesives, sealants<br>[MDI] | PROC10 |
| CS11   | Adhesives, sealants<br>[MDI] | PROC13 |
| CS12   | Adhesives, sealants<br>[MDI] | PROC14 |
| CS13   | Adhesives, sealants<br>[MDI] | PROC15 |

# 4.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

# 4.2.1. Control of worker exposure: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure (PROC1) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                 |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : <= 100%             |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol           |
| Vapour pressure                                   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C   |
| Physical form of product                          | : Low volatile liquid |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day
Frequency of use : 5 days/week

# Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Handle substance within a closed system.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

## Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 240 cm² (palm of one hand)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor

Temperature : 23 °C

# 4.2.2. Control of worker exposure: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure (PROC2) [MDI]

# Product (article) characteristics

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 60%

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

# Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

# Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 480 cm² (palms of both hands)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor
Temperature : 23 °C

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

# 4.2.3. Control of worker exposure: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) (PROC3) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                                 |      |                    |  |
|---|------|--------------------|--|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article                 | : <= | = 100%             |  |
| Molar Mass  | : 2  | 50 g/mol           |  |
| Vapour pressure   | : 0. | 001 Pa at 20 °C    |  |
| Physical form of product  | : L  | ow volatile liquid |  |
| Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life) |      |                    |  |
| General exposures   | : 8  | hours/day          |  |

# Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

5 days/week

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Frequency of use

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

# Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 240 cm² (palm of one hand)

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor |
|-----------------------|---|--------|
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C  |

# 4.2.4. Control of worker exposure: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises (PROC4) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                 |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : <= 60%              |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol           |
| Vapour pressure                                   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C   |
| Physical form of product                          | : Low volatile liquid |

### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

# Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Jse suitable eye protection.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

## Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 480 cm² (palms of both hands)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor

Temperature : 50 °C

# 4.2.5. Control of worker exposure: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) (PROC5) [MDI]

# Product (article) characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in = 60%

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

Duration of the acitivity : 1 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

## Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

# Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 480 cm² (palms of both hands) |
|-----------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor                        |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                         |

# 4.2.6. Control of worker exposure: Industrial spraying (PROC7) [MDI]

| Product (article) | characteristics |
|-------------------|-----------------|
|-------------------|-----------------|

Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article

<= 60%

Molar Mass

250 g/mol

Vapour pressure

0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product

: Low volatile liquid

### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day
Frequency of use : 5 days/week

## Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### General advice

Irrespective of the stated risk management measures respiratory protection is generally recommended for spraying applications.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 1500 cm² (both hands and forearms) |
|-----------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor                             |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                              |

# 4.2.7. Control of worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a) [MDI]

| []  |                             |  |  |
|---|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Product (article) characteristics   |                             |  |  |
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article   | : <= 60%                    |  |  |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol                 |  |  |
| Vapour pressure   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C         |  |  |
| Physical form of product  | : Low volatile liquid       |  |  |
| Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)                                     |                             |  |  |
| Duration of the acitivity   | : 1 hours/day               |  |  |
| Remarks   | : daily or less, Short term |  |  |
| Frequency of use  | : 5 days/week               |  |  |
| Technical and organisational conditions and measures  |                             |  |  |
| These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric |                             |  |  |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 960 cm² (both hands) |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor               |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                |

# 4.2.8. Control of worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities (PROC8b) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                                 |                       |  |  |
|---|-----------------------|--|--|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article                 | : <= 60%              |  |  |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol           |  |  |
| Vapour pressure   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C   |  |  |
| Physical form of product  | : Low volatile liquid |  |  |
| Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life) |                       |  |  |
| Duration of the acitivity   | : 1 hours/day         |  |  |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Remarks : daily or less, Short term

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

# Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Handle substance within a closed system.

### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eve protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

# Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 960 cm² (both hands)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor

Temperature : 23 °C

# 4.2.9. Control of worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) (PROC9) [MDI]

## Product (article) characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in

Mixture/Article

: <= 60%

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day
Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

# Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 480 cm <sup>2</sup> (palms of both hands) |
|-----------------------|---|---|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor                                    |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                                     |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

<= 60%

# 4.2.10. Control of worker exposure: Roller application or brushing (PROC10) [MDI]

# Product (article) characteristics Concentration of the Substance in : <=

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day
Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

# Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

# Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

| Exposed skin area     | : | 960 cm² (both hands) |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor               |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                |

# 4.2.11. Control of worker exposure: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring (PROC13) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                                 |                       |  |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article                 | : <= 60%              |  |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol           |  |
| Vapour pressure   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C   |  |
| Physical form of product  | : Low volatile liquid |  |
| Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life) |                       |  |

General exposures : 8 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

## Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 480 cm<sup>2</sup> (palms of both hands)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor

Temperature : 23 °C

# 4.2.12. Control of worker exposure: Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation (PROC14) [MDI]

# **Product (article) characteristics**

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 60%

Mixture/Article

: 250 g/mol

Molar Mass
Vapour pressure

0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product

: Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

# Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

# Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 480 cm<sup>2</sup> (palms of both hands)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor
Temperature : 50 °C

# 4.2.13. Control of worker exposure: Use as laboratory reagent (PROC15) [MDI]

### Product (article) characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100%

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass

: 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure

0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product

: Low volatile liquid

## Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

## Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

With Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

ocal exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

OR

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

or

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Without Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

AND

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

With respiratory protection

Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested.

## Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

Without Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

AND

With respiratory protection

Wear suitable respiratory protection.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 240 cm² (palm of one hand) |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor                     |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                      |

# 4.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

# 4.3.1. Worker exposure: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure (PROC1) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00092 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.0184 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>Closed system, Efficiency:<br>90% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection   |

# Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

# 4.3.2. Worker exposure: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure (PROC2) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks                  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00921 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.1842 | General ventilation: 30% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection   |

# Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 4.3.3. Worker exposure: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) (PROC3) [MDI]

| Exposure route Exposure level F               |                               | RCR    | Remarks                  |
|---|-------------------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| long term, inhalative, local,                 | 0.00921 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.1842 | General ventilation: 30% |
| Dermal exposure, * (Qualitative assessment) < |                               | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection   |

## Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 4.3.4. Worker exposure: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises (PROC4) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                  | RCR | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0006 mg/m³ (EasyTRA,<br>v4.1) |     | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency,<br>Respirator: 90% protection |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)      | < 1 | Gloves: 90% protection  |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 4.3.5. Worker exposure: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) (PROC5) [MDI]

|                               |                               | RCR    | Remarks  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00011 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.0022 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection                           |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 4.3.6. Worker exposure: Industrial spraying (PROC7) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.01022 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.2044 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 95% efficiency |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection                           |

# Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 4.3.7. Worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a) [MDI]

| Exposure route Exposure level R |                              | RCR   | Remarks                  |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| long term, inhalative, local,   | 0.0036 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.072 | General ventilation: 30% |
| Dermal exposure,                | * (Qualitative assessment)   | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection   |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 4.3.8. Worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities (PROC8b) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00364 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.0728 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>Closed system, 99%<br>efficiency |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection  |

# Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR  $\leq$  1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 4.3.9. Worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) (PROC9) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                 | RCR      | Remarks  |  |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|--|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.004766 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.095324 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency |  |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)     | < 1      | Gloves: 90% protection                           |  |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 4.3.10. Worker exposure: Roller application or brushing (PROC10) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level              | RCR   | Remarks                  |  |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|--------------------------|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.017 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.340 | General ventilation: 30% |  |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)  | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection   |  |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 4.3.11. Worker exposure: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring (PROC13) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level              | RCR   | Remarks                  |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.017 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.340 | General ventilation: 30% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)  | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection   |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 4.3.12. Worker exposure: Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation (PROC14) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks                  |  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|--------------------------|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00576 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.1152 | General ventilation: 30% |  |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection   |  |

# Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 4.3.13. Worker exposure: Use as laboratory reagent (PROC15) [MDI]

| Exposure route | Exposure level                | RCR | Remarks   |
|----------------|-------------------------------|-----|---|
| 3 , , ,        | 0.00558 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) |     | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency, OR,<br>Respirator: 90% protection |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

| Dermal exposure,  | * (Qualitative assessment) | <1 | Gloves: 90% protection |
|---|----------------------------|----|------------------------|
| Additional information on   | exposure estimation        |    |                        |
| Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1). |                            |    |                        |
| * Qualitative approach used to  | conclude safe use.         |    |                        |

## 4.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

#### MDI

The risk management measures given in this exposure scenario apply to the specified substance in a concentration as indicated in the scenario. The concentration of the substance in the product may differ. A downstream user should evaluate if the risk management measures may be adapted accordingly.

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Further information on the assumptions contained in this Exposure Scenario can be found at: www.ISOPA.org

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

ES5: Use at industrial sites; Elastomers; Thermoplastic polyurethane; Polyamide, polyimide & synthetic fibres; Manufacturing of other Polymers.

## 5.1. Title section

| Exposure Scenario name | : Elastomers, Thermoplastic polyurethane, Polyamide, polyimide & synthetic fibres, Manufacturing of other Polymers                           |
|------------------------|--|
| Structured Short Title | : Use at industrial sites; Elastomers; Thermoplastic polyurethane; Polyamide, polyimide & synthetic fibres; Manufacturing of other Polymers. |

| Worker |  |        |
|--------|--|--------|
| CS1    | Elastomers, Thermoplastic polyurethane, Polyamide, polyimide & synthetic fibres, Manufacturing of other Polymers [MDI]       | PROC1  |
| CS2    | Elastomers, Thermoplastic polyurethane, Polyamide, polyimide & synthetic fibres, Manufacturing of other Polymers [MDI]       | PROC2  |
| CS3    | Elastomers, Thermoplastic polyurethane, Polyamide, polyimide & synthetic fibres, Manufacturing of other Polymers [MDI]       | PROC3  |
| CS4    | Elastomers, Thermoplastic polyurethane, Polyamide, polyimide & synthetic fibres, Manufacturing of other Polymers [MDI]       | PROC4  |
| CS5    | Elastomers, Thermoplastic polyurethane, Polyamide, polyimide & synthetic fibres, Manufacturing of other Polymers [MDI]       | PROC5  |
| CS6    | Elastomers, Thermoplastic polyurethane, Polyamide, polyimide & PROC7 synthetic fibres, Manufacturing of other Polymers [MDI] |        |
| CS7    | Elastomers, Thermoplastic polyurethane, Polyamide, polyimide & synthetic fibres, Manufacturing of other Polymers [MDI]       | PROC8a |
| CS8    | Elastomers, Thermoplastic polyurethane, Polyamide, polyimide & synthetic fibres, Manufacturing of other Polymers [MDI]       | PROC8b |
| CS9    | Elastomers, Thermoplastic polyurethane, Polyamide, polyimide & synthetic fibres, Manufacturing of other Polymers [MDI]       | PROC9  |
| CS10   | Elastomers, Thermoplastic polyurethane, Polyamide, polyimide & synthetic fibres, Manufacturing of other Polymers [MDI]       | PROC10 |
| CS11   | Elastomers, Thermoplastic polyurethane, Polyamide, polyimide & synthetic fibres, Manufacturing of other Polymers [MDI]       | PROC14 |
| CS12   | Elastomers, Thermoplastic polyurethane, Polyamide, polyimide & synthetic fibres, Manufacturing of other Polymers [MDI]       | PROC15 |

# 5.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

# 5.2.1. Control of worker exposure: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure (PROC1) [MDI]

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Product (article) characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100%

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day
Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric

substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Handle substance within a closed system.

# Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

# Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 240 cm² (palm of one hand)

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor |
|-----------------------|---|--------|
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C  |

### 5.2.2. Control of worker exposure: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure (PROC2) [MDI]

| : <= 100%             |
|-----------------------|
| : 250 g/mol           |
| : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C   |
| : Low volatile liquid |
|                       |

General exposures 8 hours/day Frequency of use 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

insure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Vear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 480 cm² (palms of both hands)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor

Temperature : 100 °C

# 5.2.3. Control of worker exposure: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) (PROC3) [MDI]

| Troduct (drifters) characteristics                |                                 |  |
|---|---------------------------------|--|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : <= 100%                       |  |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol                     |  |
| Vapour pressure                                   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C             |  |
| Physical form of product                          | : Low volatile liquid           |  |
| Amount used, frequency and duration               | n of use (or from service life) |  |
| General exposures                                 | : 8 hours/day                   |  |

### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

5 days/week

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Frequency of use

Product (article) characteristics

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

## Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 240 cm² (palm of one hand) |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor                     |
| Temperature           | : | 100 °C                     |

# 5.2.4. Control of worker exposure: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises (PROC4)

[MDI]

#### Product (article) characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100%

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

## Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

# Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

## Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

# Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 480 cm² (palms of both hands) |
|-----------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor                        |
| Temperature           | : | 100 °C                        |

# 5.2.5. Control of worker exposure: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) (PROC5) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                 |                     |  |  |  |
|---|---------------------|--|--|--|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : <= 100%           |  |  |  |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol         |  |  |  |
| Vapour pressure                                   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C |  |  |  |

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

Duration of the acitivity : 1 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

: Low volatile liquid

# Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Physical form of product

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

## Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 480 cm<sup>2</sup> (palms of both hands)

 Indoor or outdoor use
 : Indoor

 Temperature
 : 23 °C

# 5.2.6. Control of worker exposure: Industrial spraying (PROC7) [MDI]

## **Product (article) characteristics**

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100%

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

# Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

landle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

General advice

Temperature

Irrespective of the stated risk management measures respiratory protection is generally recommended for spraying applications.

| Other conditions affecting workers exposure |                                      |  |  |  |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Exposed skin area                           | : 1500 cm² (both hands and forearms) |  |  |  |
| Indoor or outdoor use                       | : Indoor                             |  |  |  |

100 °C

# 5.2.7. Control of worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                 |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : <= 100%             |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol           |
| Vapour pressure                                   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C   |
| Physical form of product                          | : Low volatile liquid |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

Duration of the acitivity : 1 hours/day

Remarks : daily or less, ,, Short term

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

landle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

## Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 960 cm² (both hands) |  |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------|--|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor               |  |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                |  |

# 5.2.8. Control of worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities (PROC8b) [MDI]

# **Product (article) characteristics**

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100%

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

Duration of the acitivity : 1 hours/day

Remarks : daily or less, ,, Short term

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Handle substance within a closed system.

# Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

# Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 960 cm<sup>2</sup> (both hands)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Temperature : 23 °C

# 5.2.9. Control of worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) (PROC9) [MDI]

## Product (article) characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in

: <= 100%

Mixture/Article
Molar Mass

: 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure

: 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product

Low volatile liquid

### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures

8 hours/day

Frequency of use

5 days/week

### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

# Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 480 cm<sup>2</sup> (palms of both hands)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor
Temperature : 100 °C

# 5.2.10. Control of worker exposure: Roller application or brushing (PROC10) [MDI]

## **Product (article) characteristics**

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100%

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

# Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

# Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 960 cm² (both hands) |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor               |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                |

# 5.2.11. Control of worker exposure: Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation (PROC14) [MDI]

### Product (article) characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100%

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

# Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eve protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

## Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 480 cm² (palms of both hands)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor

Temperature : 100 °C

# 5.2.12. Control of worker exposure: Use as laboratory reagent (PROC15) [MDI]

| <b>Product</b> | (article) | characteristics |
|----------------|-----------|-----------------|
|----------------|-----------|-----------------|

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100%

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day
Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

106/177

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

With Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

OR

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

or

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Without Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

AND

With respiratory protection

·

Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eve protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

Without Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

AND

With respiratory protection

Wear suitable respiratory protection.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : 240 cm² (palm of one hand) |        |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|--------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | :                            | Indoor |
| Temperature           | :                            | 23 °C  |

#### 5.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

# 5.3.1. Worker exposure: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure (PROC1) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00092 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.0184 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>Closed system, Efficiency:<br>90% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection   |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 5.3.2. Worker exposure: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure (PROC2) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00921 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) |     | General ventilation: 30%,<br>Respirator: 90% protection |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1 | Gloves: 90% protection                                  |

### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 5.3.3. Worker exposure: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) (PROC3) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00921 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.1842 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>Respirator: 90% protection |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection                                  |

## Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 5.3.4. Worker exposure: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises (PROC4) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level               | RCR | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-----|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0006 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) |     | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency,<br>Respirator: 90% protection |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)   | < 1 | Gloves: 90% protection  |

## Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 5.3.5. Worker exposure: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) (PROC5) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00011 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.0022 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection                           |

 Version 12.0
 Revision Date 27.08.2019
 Print Date 28.08.2019

## Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 5.3.6. Worker exposure: Industrial spraying (PROC7) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.01022 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.2044 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 95% efficiency,<br>Respirator: 90% protection |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection  |

# Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 5.3.7. Worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level               | RCR   | Remarks                  |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0036 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.072 | General ventilation: 30% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)   | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection   |

# Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 5.3.8. Worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities (PROC8b) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | route Exposure level RCR      |        | Remarks   |  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|---|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00364 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.0728 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>Closed system, 99%<br>efficiency |  |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection  |  |

## Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR  $\leq$  1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 5.3.9. Worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) (PROC9) [MDI]

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                 | RCR | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.004766 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) |     | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency,<br>Respirator: 90% protection |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)     | < 1 | Gloves: 90% protection  |

## Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 5.3.10. Worker exposure: Roller application or brushing (PROC10) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level              | RCR   | Remarks                  |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.017 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.340 | General ventilation: 30% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)  | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection   |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 5.3.11. Worker exposure: Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation (PROC14) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00576 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.1152 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>Respirator: 90% protection |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection                                  |

## Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 5.3.12. Worker exposure: Use as laboratory reagent (PROC15) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks   |  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|---|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00558 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.1116 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency, OR,<br>Respirator: 90% protection |  |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection  |  |

## Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

 Version 12.0
 Revision Date 27.08.2019
 Print Date 28.08.2019

## 5.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

#### MDI

The risk management measures given in this exposure scenario apply to the specified substance in a concentration as indicated in the scenario. The concentration of the substance in the product may differ. A downstream user should evaluate if the risk management measures may be adapted accordingly.

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Further information on the assumptions contained in this Exposure Scenario can be found at: www.ISOPA.org

111/177

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

ES6: Use at industrial sites; Cleaning; with Aprotic Polar Solvents below 40°C.

#### 6.1. Title section

| Exposure Scenario name : | Cleaning, with Aprotic Polar Solvents below 40°C                           |
|--------------------------|--|
| Structured Short Title : | Use at industrial sites; Cleaning; with Aprotic Polar Solvents below 40°C. |

| Worker | 7  |                |
|--------|--|----------------|
| CS1    | Cleaning, with Aprotic Polar Solvents below 40°C [MDI] | PROC3          |
| CS2    | Cleaning, with Aprotic Polar Solvents below 40°C [MDI] | PROC4          |
| CS3    | Cleaning, with Aprotic Polar Solvents below 40°C [MDI] | PROC5          |
| CS4    | Cleaning, with Aprotic Polar Solvents below 40°C [MDI] | PROC8a, PROC10 |
| CS5    | Cleaning, with Aprotic Polar Solvents below 40°C [MDI] | PROC13         |
| CS6    | Cleaning, with Aprotic Polar Solvents below 40°C [MDI] | PROC15         |

#### 6.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

### 6.2.1. Control of worker exposure: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) (PROC3) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                    |                                  |  |
|--|----------------------------------|--|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article    | : <= 100%                        |  |
| Molar Mass   | : 250 g/mol                      |  |
| Vapour pressure                                      | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C              |  |
| Physical form of product                             | : Low volatile liquid            |  |
| Amount used, frequency and duration                  | on of use (or from service life) |  |
| General exposures                                    | : 1 hours/day                    |  |
| Frequency of use                                     | : 5 days/week                    |  |
| Technical and organisational conditions and measures |                                  |  |

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

# Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 240 cm² (palm of one hand) |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor                     |
| Temperature           | : | 40 °C                      |

# 6.2.2. Control of worker exposure: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises (PROC4) [MDI]

| Product / | (article) | characteristics   |
|-----------|-----------|-------------------|
| Product   | article   | ) characteristics |

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100% Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

## Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 1 hours/day
Frequency of use : 5 days/week

# Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

#### BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | : 480 cm² (palms of both hands) |  |
|-----------------------|---|---------------------------------|--|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor                          |  |
| Temperature           | : | 40 °C                           |  |

# 6.2.3. Control of worker exposure: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) (PROC5) [MDI]

# Product (article) characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100%

Mixture/Article

: 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure

Molar Mass

0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product

: Low volatile liquid

# Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 1 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

# Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

## Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 480 cm<sup>2</sup> (palms of both hands)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor
Temperature : 40 °C

# 6.2.4. Control of worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a) / Roller application or brushing (PROC10) [MDI]

## Product (article) characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100% Mixture/Article

viixture/Article

: 250 g/mol

Molar Mass

Vapour pressure

0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product

: Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 1 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

With Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

OR

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

Without Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested.

## Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

# Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 960 cm² (both hands) |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor               |
| Temperature           | : | 40 °C                |

# 6.2.5. Control of worker exposure: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring (PROC13) [MDI]

| Product ( | (article) | characteristics     |
|-----------|-----------|---------------------|
| oaaot (   | ai tioio  | , orial actoriotics |

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100%

Mixture/Article

Frequency of use

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

# Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 1 hours/day

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

5 days/week

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

With Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

OR

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

Without Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested.

### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 480 cm<sup>2</sup> (palms of both hands)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor
Temperature : 40 °C

# 6.2.6. Control of worker exposure: Use as laboratory reagent (PROC15) [MDI]

### Product (article) characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100%

Mixture/Article

: 250 g/mol

Molar Mass
Vapour pressure

0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product

: Low volatile liquid

## Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 1 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

# Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

With Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

OR

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

Without Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

•

Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested.

### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

## Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 240 cm² (palm of one hand) |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor                     |
| Temperature           | : | 40 °C                      |

#### 6.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

# 6.3.1. Worker exposure: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) (PROC3) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks                  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00023 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.0046 | General ventilation: 30% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection   |

# Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 6.3.2. Worker exposure: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises (PROC4) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00023 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.0046 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection                           |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 6.3.3. Worker exposure: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) (PROC5) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00023 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.0046 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection                           |

 Version 12.0
 Revision Date 27.08.2019
 Print Date 28.08.2019

## Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 6.3.4. Worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a) / Roller application or brushing (PROC10) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00023 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.0046 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency, OR,<br>Respirator: 90% protection |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection  |

## Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 6.3.5. Worker exposure: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring (PROC13) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00023 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.0046 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency, OR,<br>Respirator: 90% protection |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection  |

# Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 6.3.6. Worker exposure: Use as laboratory reagent (PROC15) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00023 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) |     | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency, OR,<br>Respirator: 90% protection |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1 | Gloves: 90% protection  |

## Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

#### 6.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

 Version 12.0
 Revision Date 27.08.2019
 Print Date 28.08.2019

#### MDI

The risk management measures given in this exposure scenario apply to the specified substance in a concentration as indicated in the scenario. The concentration of the substance in the product may differ. A downstream user should evaluate if the risk management measures may be adapted accordingly.

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Further information on the assumptions contained in this Exposure Scenario can be found at: www.ISOPA.org

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

ES7: Use at industrial sites; Cleaning; with Aprotic Polar Solvents above 40°C.

#### 7.1. Title section

| Exposure Scenario name   | : | Cleaning, with Aprotic Polar Solvents above 40°C                           |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| Structured Short Title : |   | Use at industrial sites; Cleaning; with Aprotic Polar Solvents above 40°C. |

| Worker |  |       |
|--------|--|-------|
| CS1    | Cleaning, with Aprotic Polar Solvents above 40°C [MDI] | PROC1 |

## 7.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

# 7.2.1. Control of worker exposure: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure (PROC1) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                 |                                  |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : <= 100%                        |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol                      |
| Vapour pressure                                   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C              |
| Physical form of product                          | : Low volatile liquid            |
| Amount used, frequency and durati                 | on of use (or from service life) |
| Duration of the acitivity                         | : 1 hours/day                    |
| Frequency of use                                  | : 5 days/week                    |

## Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Handle substance within a closed system.

### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

| Other conditions affecting workers exposure |   |                            |
|---|---|----------------------------|
| Exposed skin area                           | : | 240 cm² (palm of one hand) |
| Indoor or outdoor use                       | : | Indoor                     |
| Temperature                                 | : | 41 °C                      |

#### 7.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

# 7.3.1. Worker exposure: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure (PROC1) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00023 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.0046 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>Respirator: 90% protection,<br>Closed system, Efficiency:<br>90% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection  |

| Additional information on exposure estimation   |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1). |  |  |
| *   |  |  |
| Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.   |  |  |

# 7.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

#### MDI

The risk management measures given in this exposure scenario apply to the specified substance in a concentration as indicated in the scenario. The concentration of the substance in the product may differ. A downstream user should evaluate if the risk management measures may be adapted accordingly.

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Further information on the assumptions contained in this Exposure Scenario can be found at: www.ISOPA.org

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

ES8: Use at industrial sites; Cleaning; without Aprotic Polar Solvents.

#### 8.1. Title section

| Exposure Scenario name | : | Cleaning, without Aprotic Polar Solvents                           |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Structured Short Title | : | Use at industrial sites; Cleaning; without Aprotic Polar Solvents. |

| Worke |  |        |
|-------|--|--------|
| CS1   | Cleaning, without Aprotic Polar Solvents [MDI] | PROC1  |
| CS2   | Cleaning, without Aprotic Polar Solvents [MDI] | PROC3  |
| CS3   | Cleaning, without Aprotic Polar Solvents [MDI] | PROC4  |
| CS4   | Cleaning, without Aprotic Polar Solvents [MDI] | PROC5  |
| CS5   | Cleaning, without Aprotic Polar Solvents [MDI] | PROC8a |
| CS6   | Cleaning, without Aprotic Polar Solvents [MDI] | PROC10 |
| CS7   | Cleaning, without Aprotic Polar Solvents [MDI] | PROC13 |
| CS8   | Cleaning, without Aprotic Polar Solvents [MDI] | PROC15 |

# 8.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

# 8.2.1. Control of worker exposure: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure (PROC1) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                 |                                  |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : <= 100%                        |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol                      |
| Vapour pressure                                   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C              |
| Physical form of product                          | : Low volatile liquid            |
| Amount used, frequency and duration               | on of use (or from service life) |
| General exposures                                 | : 1 hours/day                    |
| Frequency of use                                  | : 5 days/week                    |
| Technical and organisational condit               | ions and measures                |

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying: Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

landle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

# Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 240 cm² (palm of one hand)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor

# 8.2.2. Control of worker exposure: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) (PROC3) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                    |                                  |  |
|--|----------------------------------|--|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article    | : <= 100%                        |  |
| Molar Mass   | : 250 g/mol                      |  |
| Vapour pressure                                      | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C              |  |
| Physical form of product                             | : Low volatile liquid            |  |
| Amount used, frequency and durati                    | on of use (or from service life) |  |
| General exposures                                    | : 1 hours/day                    |  |
| Frequency of use                                     | : 5 days/week                    |  |
| Technical and organisational conditions and measures |                                  |  |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

## Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 240 cm² (palm of one hand)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor

# 8.2.3. Control of worker exposure: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises (PROC4) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                                 |                       |  |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article                 | : <= 100%             |  |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol           |  |
| Vapour pressure   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C   |  |
| Physical form of product  | : Low volatile liquid |  |
| Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life) |                       |  |
| General evnosures   | · 1 hours/day         |  |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 480 cm<sup>2</sup> (palms of both hands)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor

# 8.2.4. Control of worker exposure: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) (PROC5) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                 |             |
|---|-------------|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : <= 100%   |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 1 hours/day
Frequency of use : 5 days/week

## Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 480 cm² (palms of both hands)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor

# 8.2.5. Control of worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a) [MDI]

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Product (article) characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100%

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 1 hours/day
Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric

substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

# Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 960 cm² (both hands)

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor

# 8.2.6. Control of worker exposure: Roller application or brushing (PROC10)

# Product (article) characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100%

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 1 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

# Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

\_ocal exhaust ventilation is required.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

| Other conditions affecting workers exposure |                        |  |
|---|------------------------|--|
| Exposed skin area                           | : 960 cm² (both hands) |  |
| Indoor or outdoor use                       | : Indoor               |  |

# 8.2.7. Control of worker exposure: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring (PROC13) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                 |                       |  |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : <= 100%             |  |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol           |  |
| Vapour pressure                                   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C   |  |
| Physical form of product                          | : Low volatile liquid |  |
|   |                       |  |

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 1 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

## Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 480 cm<sup>2</sup> (palms of both hands)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor

# 8.2.8. Control of worker exposure: Use as laboratory reagent (PROC15) [MDI]

## Product (article) characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100%

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 1 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

With Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

OR

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

OR

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Without Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

Without Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

Wear suitable respiratory protection.

### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 240 cm² (palm of one hand)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor

#### 8.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

# 8.3.1. Worker exposure: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure (PROC1) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00023 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.0046 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection                           |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 8.3.2. Worker exposure: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) (PROC3) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level               | RCR   | Remarks                  |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0023 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.046 | General ventilation: 30% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)   | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection   |

## Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 8.3.3. Worker exposure: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises (PROC4) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00023 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.0046 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection                           |

## Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 8.3.4. Worker exposure: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) (PROC5) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00023 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.0046 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection                           |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR  $\leq$  1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 8.3.5. Worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level               | RCR   | Remarks  |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0023 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.046 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 99% efficiency |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)   | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection                           |

# Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR  $\leq$  1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 8.3.6. Worker exposure: Roller application or brushing (PROC10) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level               | RCR   | Remarks  |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0023 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.046 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)   | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection                           |

# Additional information on exposure estimation

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 8.3.7. Worker exposure: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring (PROC13) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level               | RCR   | Remarks  |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0023 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.046 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)   | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection                           |

### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 8.3.8. Worker exposure: Use as laboratory reagent (PROC15) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00023 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.0046 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency, OR,<br>Respirator: 90% protection |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection  |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 8.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

#### MDI

The risk management measures given in this exposure scenario apply to the specified substance in a concentration as indicated in the scenario. The concentration of the substance in the product may differ. A downstream user should evaluate if the risk management measures may be adapted accordingly.

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Further information on the assumptions contained in this Exposure Scenario can be found at: www.ISOPA.org

 Version 12.0
 Revision Date 27.08.2019
 Print Date 28.08.2019

ES9: Widespread use by professional workers; Use in coatings.

#### 9.1. Title section

| Exposure Scenario name | : | Use in coatings  |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Structured Short Title | : | Widespread use by professional workers; Use in coatings. |

| Worker | •                        |        |
|--------|--------------------------|--------|
| CS1    | Use in coatings<br>[MDI] | PROC4  |
| CS2    | Use in coatings<br>[MDI] | PROC5  |
| CS3    | Use in coatings<br>[MDI] | PROC8a |
| CS4    | Use in coatings<br>[MDI] | PROC8b |
| CS5    | Use in coatings<br>[MDI] | PROC10 |
| CS6    | Use in coatings<br>[MDI] | PROC11 |
| CS7    | Use in coatings<br>[MDI] | PROC13 |

#### 9.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

# 9.2.1. Control of worker exposure: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises (PROC4) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                                 |                       |  |  |
|---|-----------------------|--|--|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article                 | : <= 60%              |  |  |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol           |  |  |
| Vapour pressure   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C   |  |  |
| Physical form of product  | : Low volatile liquid |  |  |
| Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life) |                       |  |  |
| General exposures   | : 8 hours/day         |  |  |
| Frequency of use  | : 5 days/week         |  |  |
| Technical and organisational conditions and measures              |                       |  |  |

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying: Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

#### BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

With Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 480 cm² (palms of both hands) |
|-----------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor use                    |
| Temperature           | : | 50 °C                         |

# 9.2.2. Control of worker exposure: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) (PROC5) [MDI]

| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : | <= 60%              |
|---|---|---------------------|
| Molar Mass  | : | 250 g/mol           |
| Vapour pressure                                   | : | 0.001 Pa at 20 °C   |
| Physical form of product                          | : | Low volatile liquid |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Indoor use

With Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

ŀ

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

Indoor use

Without Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

OR

Outdoor use

-

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

## Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

Indoor use

Without Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

OR

Outdoor use

Į.

Wear a respirator conforming to EN140.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

| Other conditions affecting workers exposure |   |                               |  |
|---|---|-------------------------------|--|
| Exposed skin area                           | : | 480 cm² (palms of both hands) |  |
| Indoor or outdoor use                       | : | Indoor/Outdoor use            |  |
| Temperature                                 | : | 23 °C                         |  |

#### 9.2.3. Control of worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                 |                                  |  |
|---|----------------------------------|--|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : <= 60%                         |  |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol                      |  |
| Vapour pressure                                   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C              |  |
| Physical form of product                          | : Low volatile liquid            |  |
| Amount used, frequency and durati                 | on of use (or from service life) |  |
| Duration of the acitivity                         | : 1 hours/day                    |  |
| Remarks   | : daily or less, ,, Short term   |  |
|   | : 5 days/week                    |  |

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

landle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

# Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eve protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

nsure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

## Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 960 cm² (both hands) |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor use           |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                |

# 9.2.4. Control of worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities (PROC8b) [MDI]

| Product | (article) | characteristics |
|---------|-----------|-----------------|
|         |           |                 |

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 60%

Mixture/Article

250 g/mol

Molar Mass

0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Vapour pressure

Physical form of product

Low volatile liquid

## Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

Duration of the acitivity : 1 hours/day

Remarks : daily or less, ,, Short term

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

## Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Handle substance within a closed system.

# Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

## Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 960 cm² (both hands)
Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor use

Temperature : 23 °C

# 9.2.5. Control of worker exposure: Roller application or brushing (PROC10) [MDI]

# Product (article) characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 60%

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day
Frequency of use : 5 days/week

# Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

# Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

# Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 960 cm² (both hands) |  |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------|--|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor use           |  |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                |  |

# 9.2.6. Control of worker exposure: Non industrial spraying (PROC11) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                 |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : <= 60%              |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol           |
| Vapour pressure                                   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C   |
| Physical form of product                          | : Low volatile liquid |

# Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

Duration of the acitivity : 6 hours/day

Remarks : 1, -, 5

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Indoor use

[1

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

Indoor use

2

Access to work area only for authorised persons.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Ensure that a spraying booth is used.

Indoor use

3

Access to work area only for authorised persons.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Open doors and windows.

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Ensure good ventilation.

Indoor use

4

Access to work area only for authorised persons.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Outdoor use

5

Access to work area only for authorised persons.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors.

Stay upwind/keep distance from source.

## Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

General advice

Irrespective of the stated risk management measures respiratory protection is generally recommended for spraying applications.

Indoor use

2

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Indoor use

3

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Indoor use

4

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Outdoor use

5

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 1500 cm² (both hands and forearms)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor/Outdoor use

Temperature : 35 °C

Remarks : 1, -, 5

# 9.2.7. Control of worker exposure: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring (PROC13) [MDI]

| Product ( | (article) | characteristics |
|-----------|-----------|-----------------|
| FIUUUCL   | ai licie  | Cital acterious |

Concentration of the Substance in

Mixture/Article

<= 60%

Molar Mass

250 g/mol

Vapour pressure

: 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product

: Low volatile liquid

## Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day
Frequency of use : 5 days/week

### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

## Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

# Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : 480 cm² (palms of both hands) |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : Indoor use                    |
| Temperature           | : 23 °C                         |

# 9.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

# 9.3.1. Worker exposure: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises (PROC4)

[MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level               | RCR   | Remarks  |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0006 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.012 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>Respirator: 90% protection,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency                  |
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0006 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.012 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>Respirator: 90% protection,<br>Without Local Exhaust<br>Ventilation |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)   | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection   |

# Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR  $\leq$  1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

 Version 12.0
 Revision Date 27.08.2019
 Print Date 28.08.2019

# 9.3.2. Worker exposure: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) (PROC5) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00011 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.0022 | Indoor use, General<br>ventilation: 30%, LEV: 90%<br>efficiency, OR, Respirator:<br>90% protection |
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00011 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.0022 | Outdoor use, Outdoor use: 30%, Respirator: 90% protection  |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection   |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 9.3.3. Worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level               | RCR   | Remarks                  |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0036 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.072 | General ventilation: 30% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)   | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection   |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 9.3.4. Worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities (PROC8b) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00364 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.0728 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>Closed system, 99%<br>efficiency |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection  |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 9.3.5. Worker exposure: Roller application or brushing (PROC10) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                 | RCR   | Remarks                  |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.017 mg/m³ (EasyTRA,<br>v4.1) | 0.340 | General ventilation: 30% |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

| Dermal exposure, * (Qualitative assessment)   < 1   Gloves: 90% protection | Dermal exposure, | * (Qualitative assessment) | < 1 | Gloves: 90% protection |
|--|------------------|----------------------------|-----|------------------------|
|--|------------------|----------------------------|-----|------------------------|

### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

.

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 9.3.6. Worker exposure: Non industrial spraying (PROC11) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                 | RCR   | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.012 mg/m³ (EasyTRA,<br>v4.1) | 0.240 | Indoor use, 1, General<br>ventilation: 30%, LEV: 99%<br>efficiency  |
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.003 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1)    | 0.060 | Indoor use, 2, General<br>ventilation: 30%, Spray<br>booth: 90% reduction,<br>Respirator: 97.5%<br>protection |
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.022 mg/m³ (EasyTRA,<br>v4.1) | 0.440 | Indoor use, 3, General ventilation: 30%, Respirator: 97.5% protection   |
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.003 mg/m³ (EasyTRA,<br>v4.1) | 0.060 | Indoor use, 4, General<br>ventilation: 30%, LEV: 90%<br>efficiency, Respirator:<br>97.5% protection           |
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.022 mg/m³ (EasyTRA,<br>v4.1) | 0.440 | Outdoor use, 5, Outdoors: 30% reduction, Respirator: 97.5% protection   |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)     | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection  |

# Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR  $\leq$  1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 9.3.7. Worker exposure: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring (PROC13) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level              | RCR   | Remarks                  |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.017 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.340 | General ventilation: 30% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)  | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection   |

# Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR  $\leq$  1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

### 9.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

MDI

 Version 12.0
 Revision Date 27.08.2019
 Print Date 28.08.2019

The risk management measures given in this exposure scenario apply to the specified substance in a concentration as indicated in the scenario. The concentration of the substance in the product may differ. A downstream user should evaluate if the risk management measures may be adapted accordingly.

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Further information on the assumptions contained in this Exposure Scenario can be found at: www.ISOPA.org

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

ES10: Widespread use by professional workers; Adhesives, sealants.

#### 10.1. Title section

| Exposure Scenario name | : | Adhesives, sealants  |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Structured Short Title | : | Widespread use by professional workers; Adhesives, sealants. |

| Worke | •                            |        |
|-------|------------------------------|--------|
| CS1   | Adhesives, sealants<br>[MDI] | PROC4  |
| CS2   | Adhesives, sealants<br>[MDI] | PROC5  |
| CS3   | Adhesives, sealants<br>[MDI] | PROC8a |
| CS4   | Adhesives, sealants<br>[MDI] | PROC8b |
| CS5   | Adhesives, sealants<br>[MDI] | PROC10 |
| CS6   | Adhesives, sealants<br>[MDI] | PROC11 |
| CS7   | Adhesives, sealants<br>[MDI] | PROC13 |

#### 10.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

# 10.2.1. Control of worker exposure: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises (PROC4) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                 |                                 |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : <= 60%                        |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol                     |
| Vapour pressure                                   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C             |
| Physical form of product                          | : Low volatile liquid           |
| Amount used, frequency and duratio                | n of use (or from service life) |
| General exposures                                 | : 8 hours/day                   |
| Frequency of use                                  | : 5 days/week                   |
| Technical and organisational condition            | ons and measures                |

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying: Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

#### BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

With Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 480 cm² (palms of both hands) |
|-----------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor use                    |
| Temperature           | : | 50 °C                         |

# 10.2.2. Control of worker exposure: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) (PROC5) [MDI]

| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : | <= 60%              |
|---|---|---------------------|
| Molar Mass  | : | 250 g/mol           |
| Vapour pressure                                   | : | 0.001 Pa at 20 °C   |
| Physical form of product                          | : | Low volatile liquid |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Indoor use

With Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

Ŀ

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

Indoor use

Without Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

OR

Outdoor use

.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

Indoor use

Without Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

OR

Outdoor use

Ŀ

Wear a respirator conforming to EN140.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

| Other conditions affecting workers exposure |   |                               |  |
|---|---|-------------------------------|--|
| Exposed skin area                           | : | 480 cm² (palms of both hands) |  |
| Indoor or outdoor use                       | : | Indoor/Outdoor use            |  |
| Temperature                                 | : | 23 °C                         |  |

#### 10.2.3. Control of worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                 |                                  |  |
|---|----------------------------------|--|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : <= 60%                         |  |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol                      |  |
| Vapour pressure                                   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C              |  |
| Physical form of product                          | : Low volatile liquid            |  |
| Amount used, frequency and durati                 | on of use (or from service life) |  |
| Duration of the acitivity                         | : 1 hours/day                    |  |
| Remarks   | : daily or less, ,, Short term   |  |
|   | : 5 days/week                    |  |

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

landle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

## Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eve protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

151/177

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

nsure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 960 cm² (both hands) |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor use           |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                |

# 10.2.4. Control of worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities (PROC8b) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                                 |   |                     |  |
|---|---|---------------------|--|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article                 | : | <= 60%              |  |
| Molar Mass  | : | 250 g/mol           |  |
| Vapour pressure   | : | 0.001 Pa at 20 °C   |  |
| Physical form of product  | : | Low volatile liquid |  |
| Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life) |   |                     |  |
| Duration of the acitivity   | : | 1 hours/day         |  |

Duration of the acitivity : 1 hours/day

Remarks : daily or less, ,, Short term

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Handle substance within a closed system.

## Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

## Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 960 cm² (both hands) |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor use           |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                |

# 10.2.5. Control of worker exposure: Roller application or brushing (PROC10) [MDI]

| Product ( | (article) | characteristics   |
|-----------|-----------|-------------------|
| I I OGGCE | ai ticie  | Cital acteriotics |

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 60%

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day
Frequency of use : 5 days/week

# Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

## Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

# Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 960 cm² (both hands) |  |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------|--|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor use           |  |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                |  |

# 10.2.6. Control of worker exposure: Non industrial spraying (PROC11) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                 |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : <= 60%              |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol           |
| Vapour pressure                                   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C   |
| Physical form of product                          | : Low volatile liquid |

## Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

| Duration of the acitivity | : | 6 hours/day |
|---------------------------|---|-------------|
| Remarks                   | : | 1, -, 5     |
| Frequency of use          | : | 5 days/week |

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Indoor use

1

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

Indoor use

2

Access to work area only for authorised persons.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Ensure that a spraying booth is used.

Indoor use

3

Access to work area only for authorised persons.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Open doors and windows.

Indoor use

4

Access to work area only for authorised persons.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Outdoor use

5

Access to work area only for authorised persons.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors.

Stay upwind/keep distance from source.

## Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

General advice

Irrespective of the stated risk management measures respiratory protection is generally recommended for spraying applications.

Indoor use

2

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Indoor use

3

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

ndoor use

4

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Outdoor use

5

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

## Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 1500 cm² (both hands and forearms)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor/Outdoor use

Temperature : 35 °C

Remarks : 1, -, 5

# 10.2.7. Control of worker exposure: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring (PROC13) [MDI]

## **Product (article) characteristics**

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 60%

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 8 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature BELOW 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and BELOW 45°C for other MDI based substances or without spraying:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

These measures are for all contributing scenarios at product temperature ABOVE 40°C for MDI monomeric substances and ABOVE 45°C for other MDI based substances or with spraying and use of aprotic polar solvents BELOW 40°C:

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 480 cm² (palms of both hands) |
|-----------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor use                    |
| Temperature           | : | 23 °C                         |

#### 10.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

# 10.3.1. Worker exposure: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises (PROC4) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level               | RCR   | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0006 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.012 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency, OR,<br>Respirator: 90% protection |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)   | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection  |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 10.3.2. Worker exposure: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) (PROC5) [MDI]

| Exposure route | Exposure level | RCR | Remarks |
|----------------|----------------|-----|---------|
| •              | -              |     |         |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00011 mg/m³ (EasyTRA,<br>v4.1) | 0.0022 | Indoor use, General<br>ventilation: 30%, LEV: 90%<br>efficiency, OR, Respirator:<br>90% protection |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00011 mg/m³ (EasyTRA,<br>v4.1) | 0.0022 | Outdoor use, Outdoor use: 30%, Respirator: 90% protection  |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)       | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection   |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 10.3.3. Worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level               | RCR   | Remarks                  |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0036 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.072 | General ventilation: 30% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)   | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection   |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 10.3.4. Worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities (PROC8b) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                | RCR    | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00364 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.0728 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>Closed system, 99%<br>efficiency |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)    | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection  |

# Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 10.3.5. Worker exposure: Roller application or brushing (PROC10) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level              | RCR   | Remarks                  |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.017 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.340 | General ventilation: 30% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)  | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection   |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 10.3.6. Worker exposure: Non industrial spraying (PROC11) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level                 | RCR   | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.012 mg/m³ (EasyTRA,<br>v4.1) | 0.240 | Indoor use, 1, General<br>ventilation: 30%, LEV: 99%<br>efficiency                                  |
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.003 mg/m³ (EasyTRA,<br>v4.1) | 0.060 | Indoor use, 2, General<br>ventilation: 30%, LEV: 90%<br>efficiency, Respirator:<br>97.5% protection |
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.022 mg/m³ (EasyTRA,<br>v4.1) | 0.440 | Indoor use, 3, General ventilation: 30%, Respirator: 97.5% protection                               |
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.003 mg/m³ (EasyTRA,<br>v4.1) | 0.060 | Indoor use, 4, General<br>ventilation: 30%, LEV: 90%<br>efficiency, Respirator:<br>97.5% protection |
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.022 mg/m³ (EasyTRA,<br>v4.1) | 0.440 | Outdoor use, 5, Outdoors: 30% reduction, Respirator: 97.5% protection                               |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)     | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection  |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 10.3.7. Worker exposure: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring (PROC13) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level              | RCR   | Remarks                  |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.017 mg/m³ (EasyTRA, v4.1) | 0.340 | General ventilation: 30% |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment)  | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection   |

# Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

#### 10.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

#### MDI

The risk management measures given in this exposure scenario apply to the specified substance in a concentration as indicated in the scenario. The concentration of the substance in the product may differ. A downstream user should evaluate if the risk management measures may be adapted accordingly.

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

managed to at least equivalent levels. Further information on the assumptions contained in this Exposure Scenario can be found at: www.ISOPA.org

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

ES11: Widespread use by professional workers; Cleaning; without Aprotic Polar Solvents.

### 11.1. Title section

| Exposure Scenario name : | Cleaning, without Aprotic Polar Solvents  |
|--------------------------|---|
| Structured Short Title : | Widespread use by professional workers; Cleaning; without Aprotic Polar Solvents. |

| Worker |  |        |
|--------|--|--------|
| CS1    | Cleaning, without Aprotic Polar Solvents [MDI] | PROC3  |
| CS2    | Cleaning, without Aprotic Polar Solvents [MDI] | PROC4  |
| CS3    | Cleaning, without Aprotic Polar Solvents [MDI] | PROC5  |
| CS4    | Cleaning, without Aprotic Polar Solvents [MDI] | PROC8a |
| CS5    | Cleaning, without Aprotic Polar Solvents [MDI] | PROC10 |
| CS6    | Cleaning, without Aprotic Polar Solvents [MDI] | PROC13 |
| CS7    | Cleaning, without Aprotic Polar Solvents [MDI] | PROC15 |

# 11.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

# 11.2.1. Control of worker exposure: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) (PROC3) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics  |  |
|--|--|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article  | : <= 100%  |
| Molar Mass   | : 250 g/mol  |
| Vapour pressure  | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C  |
| Physical form of product   | : Low volatile liquid  |
| Amount used, frequency and durati  General exposures   | : 1 hours/day  |
| General exposures  | : 1 hours/day  |
| Frequency of use   | : 5 days/week  |
| Handle substance within a closed syst Handle substance within a predomina Handle in a fume cupboard or under e Clear spills immediately. | em. ntly closed system provided with extract ventilation.            |
|  | ed on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure. |
| Indoor use   |  |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 240 cm² (palm of one hand)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor/Outdoor use

# 11.2.2. Control of worker exposure: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises (PROC4) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                 |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : <= 100%             |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol           |
| Vapour pressure                                   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C   |
| Physical form of product                          | : Low volatile liquid |

# Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 1 hours/day
Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Indoor use

With Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

:

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Indoor use

With respiratory protection

Without Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Outdoor

With Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

:

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Outdoor

With respiratory protection

Without Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

:

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

#### Indoor use

With Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

.

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

#### Indoor use

With respiratory protection

Without Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

Ŀ

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a respirator conforming to EN140.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

#### Outdoor

With Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

÷

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

#### Outdoor

With respiratory protection

Without Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

ŀ

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a respirator conforming to EN140.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 480 cm² (palms of both hands)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor/Outdoor use

Temperature : < 40 °C

# 11.2.3. Control of worker exposure: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) (PROC5) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                 |        |                            |
|---|--------|----------------------------|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | :      | <= 100%                    |
| Molar Mass  | :      | 250 g/mol                  |
| Vapour pressure                                   | :      | 0.001 Pa at 20 °C          |
| Physical form of product                          | :      | Low volatile liquid        |
| Amount used, frequency and duration               | n of u | ise (or from service life) |
| General exposures                                 | :      | 1 hours/day                |
| Frequency of use                                  |        | 5 days/week                |

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Handle substance within a closed system.

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

#### Outdoor

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : 480 cm² (palms of both hands) |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : Outdoor use                   |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

# 11.2.4. Control of worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                 |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : <= 100%             |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol           |
| Vapour pressure                                   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C   |
| Physical form of product                          | : Low volatile liquid |

### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 1 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Handle substance within a closed system.

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

ndoor use

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

## Other conditions affecting workers exposure

| Exposed skin area     | : | 960 cm² (both hands) |  |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------|--|
| Indoor or outdoor use | : | Indoor/Outdoor use   |  |

# 11.2.5. Control of worker exposure: Roller application or brushing (PROC10) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics                 |                     |
|---|---------------------|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | : <= 100%           |
| Molar Mass  | : 250 g/mol         |
| Vapour pressure                                   | : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 1 hours/day
Frequency of use : 5 days/week

### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Handle substance within a closed system.

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Indoor use

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Local exhaust ventilation is required.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

# Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 960 cm² (both hands)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor/Outdoor use

# 11.2.6. Control of worker exposure: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring (PROC13) [MDI]

# Product (article) characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100%

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 1 hours/day
Frequency of use : 5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Handle substance within a closed system.

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Indoor use

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Local exhaust ventilation is required.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eve protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 480 cm<sup>2</sup> (palms of both hands)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor/Outdoor use

# 11.2.7. Control of worker exposure: Use as laboratory reagent (PROC15) [MDI]

#### Product (article) characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : <= 100%

Mixture/Article

Molar Mass : 250 g/mol

Vapour pressure : 0.001 Pa at 20 °C

Physical form of product : Low volatile liquid

### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

General exposures : 1 hours/day

Frequency of use : 5 days/week

### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Handle substance within a closed system.

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimise exposure.

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

With Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

Local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

OR

Provide extract ventilation to material transfer points and other openings.

OR

Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Without Local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Do not inhale vapours / aerosols.

Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Wash off any skin contamination immediately.

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

The use of latex gloves is not supported.

Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Exposed skin area : 240 cm<sup>2</sup> (palm of one hand)

Indoor or outdoor use : Indoor use

#### 11.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

# 11.3.1. Worker exposure: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) (PROC3) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level             | RCR   | Remarks                              |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-------|--------------------------------------|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0023 mg/m³ (EasyTRA)     | 0.046 | Indoor use, General ventilation: 30% |
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0016 mg/m³ (EasyTRA)     | 0.032 | Outdoor use, Outdoor use: 30%        |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment) | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection               |

# Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 11.3.2. Worker exposure: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises (PROC4) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level             | RCR    | Remarks  |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|--------|--|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00023 mg/m³ (EasyTRA)    | 0.0046 | Indoor use, General<br>ventilation: 30%, LEV: 90%<br>efficiency, OR, Respirator:<br>90% protection |
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00069 mg/m³ (EasyTRA)    | 0.0138 | Outdoor use, Outdoor use: 30%, LEV: 90% efficiency, OR, Respirator: 90% protection                 |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment) | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection   |

## Additional information on exposure estimation

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 11.3.3. Worker exposure: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) (PROC5) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level             | RCR    | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|--------|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00069 mg/m³ (EasyTRA)    | 0.0138 | Outdoor use: 30%,<br>Respirator: 90% protection |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment) | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection                          |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 11.3.4. Worker exposure: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level             | RCR   | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-------|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0023 mg/m³ (EasyTRA)     | 0.046 | Indoor use, General<br>ventilation: 30%, LEV: 99%<br>efficiency |
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0016 mg/m³ (EasyTRA)     | 0.032 | Outdoor use, Outdoor use: 30%                                   |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment) | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection  |

# Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 11.3.5. Worker exposure: Roller application or brushing (PROC10) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level             | RCR   | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-------|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0023 mg/m³ (EasyTRA)     | 0.046 | Indoor use, General<br>ventilation: 30%, LEV: 90%<br>efficiency |
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0016 mg/m³ (EasyTRA)     | 0.032 | Outdoor use, Outdoor use: 30%                                   |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment) | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection  |

# Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 11.3.6. Worker exposure: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring (PROC13) [MDI]

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

| Exposure route                | Exposure level             | RCR   | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-------|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0023 mg/m³ (EasyTRA)     | 0.046 | Indoor use, General<br>ventilation: 30%, LEV: 90%<br>efficiency |
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.0016 mg/m³ (EasyTRA)     | 0.032 | Outdoor use, Outdoor use: 30%                                   |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment) | < 1   | Gloves: 90% protection  |

### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 11.3.7. Worker exposure: Use as laboratory reagent (PROC15) [MDI]

| Exposure route                | Exposure level             | RCR    | Remarks   |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|--------|---|
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00023 mg/m³ (EasyTRA)    | 0.0046 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>LEV: 90% efficiency,<br>Respirator: 90% protection |
| long term, inhalative, local, | 0.00023 mg/m³ (EasyTRA)    | 0.0046 | General ventilation: 30%,<br>Respirator: 90% protection                         |
| Dermal exposure,              | * (Qualitative assessment) | < 1    | Gloves: 90% protection  |

#### Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

\*

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

# 11.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

#### MDI

The risk management measures given in this exposure scenario apply to the specified substance in a concentration as indicated in the scenario. The concentration of the substance in the product may differ. A downstream user should evaluate if the risk management measures may be adapted accordingly.

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Further information on the assumptions contained in this Exposure Scenario can be found at: www.ISOPA.org

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

# ES12: Consumer use; Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a).

### 12.1. Title section

| Exposure Scenario name | : | Use in coatings   |
|------------------------|---|---|
| Structured Short Title | : | Consumer use; Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a). |

| Consum | er                       |      |
|--------|--------------------------|------|
| CS1    | Use in coatings<br>[MDI] | PC9a |

# 12.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

# 12.2.1. Control of consumer exposure: Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics   |      |   |  |  |
|---|------|---|--|--|
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article   | :    | 35%   |  |  |
| Molar Mass  | :    | 250 g/mol   |  |  |
| Vapour pressure   | :    | 0.001 Pa at 20 °C   |  |  |
| Amount used, frequency and duration   | of u | use (or from service life)  |  |  |
| PC9a: Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers: 2 component roof and gutter coating - mixing   | :    | 1000 g  |  |  |
| Remarks   | :    | Inhalation exposure   |  |  |
| PC9a: Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers: 2 component roof and gutter coating - applying | :    | 1000 g  |  |  |
| Remarks   | :    | Inhalation exposure   |  |  |
| Duration  | :    | PC9a: Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers: 2 component roof and gutter coating - mixing   |  |  |
| Duration  | :    | Exposure duration 5 min   |  |  |
| Duration  | :    | Application duration 5 min  |  |  |
| Duration  | :    | PC9a: Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers: 2 component roof and gutter coating - applying |  |  |
| Duration  | :    | Exposure duration 240 min   |  |  |
| Duration  | :    | Application duration 240 min  |  |  |
| Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation               |      |   |  |  |
| Remarks   | :    | No spraying   |  |  |
| Other conditions affecting consumers exposure   |      |   |  |  |
| Indoor or outdoor use   | :    | PC9a: Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers: 2 component roof and gutter coating - mixing   |  |  |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

| Room size  | : 1 m³  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Temperature  | : 20 °C   |  |  |
| Ventilation rate   | : 0.6   |  |  |
| Indoor or outdoor use  | : PC9a: Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers: 2 component roof and gutter coating - applying |  |  |
| Room size  | : 20 m³   |  |  |
| Temperature  | : 20 °C   |  |  |
| Ventilation rate   | : 0.6   |  |  |
| Release area 320 cm²PC9a: Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers: 2 component roof and gutter coating - mixing                  |   |  |  |
| Release area 1,000 cm <sup>2</sup> PC9a: Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers: 2 component roof and gutter coating - applying |   |  |  |
| Mass transfer rate 0.192 m/min   |   |  |  |
| Mol weight matrix 3,000 g/mol  |   |  |  |

#### 12.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

# 12.3.1. Consumer exposure: Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a) [MDI]

| Value type                        | Exposure level                        | RCR      | Remarks  |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|--|
| short term, inhalative, systemic, | 0.000883 mg/m³<br>(ConsExpo)          | 0.017657 | PC9a: Coatings and paints,<br>thinners, paint removers: 2<br>component roof and gutter<br>coating - mixing   |
| short term, inhalative, systemic, | 0.001345 mg/m³<br>(ConsExpo)          | 0.026893 | PC9a: Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers: 2 component roof and gutter coating - applying          |
| combined routes,                  | 0.00000144 mg/kg bw/day<br>(ConsExpo) | 0.017657 | PC9a: Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers: 2 component roof and gutter coating - mixing            |
| combined routes,                  | 0.000105 mg/kg bw/day<br>(ConsExpo)   | 0.026893 | PC9a: Coatings and paints,<br>thinners, paint removers: 2<br>component roof and gutter<br>coating - applying |

## Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

### 12.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

#### MDI

The risk management measures given in this exposure scenario apply to the specified substance in a concentration as indicated in the scenario. The concentration of the substance in the product may differ. A downstream user should evaluate if the risk management measures may be adapted accordingly.

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Further information on the assumptions contained in this Exposure Scenario can be found at: www.ISOPA.org

 Version 12.0
 Revision Date 27.08.2019
 Print Date 28.08.2019

# ES13: Consumer use; Adhesives, sealants (PC1).

### 13.1. Title section

| Exposure Scenario name | : | Adhesives, sealants                      |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Structured Short Title | : | Consumer use; Adhesives, sealants (PC1). |

| Consumer |                              |     |  |  |
|----------|------------------------------|-----|--|--|
| CS1      | Adhesives, sealants<br>[MDI] | PC1 |  |  |

# 13.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

# 13.2.1. Control of consumer exposure: Adhesives, sealants (PC1) [MDI]

| Product (article) characteristics   |                |  |
|---|----------------|--|
| 1 Component Bottled Construction Glue - Applying  | :              | 20%  |
| 1 Component Bottled Universal Wood<br>Glue - Applying   | :              | 20%  |
| 2 Component Adhesives - Applying  | :              | 30%  |
| 2 Component Adhesives - Mixing  | :              | 30%  |
| 2 Component Joint Sealant - Mixing  | :              | 45%  |
| 2 Component Joint Sealant - Applying  | :              | 45%  |
| 2 Component Parquet Glue - Mixing   | :              | 50%  |
| 2 Component Parquet Glue - Applying   | :              | 50%  |
| 1 Component Assembly Sealant -<br>Applying  | :              | 20%  |
| 84 1 84   |                | 050 / 1  |
| Molar Mass  | :              | 250 g/mol  |
| Vapour pressure   | :              | 0.001 Pa at 20 °C  |
|   | :<br>:<br>of u | 0.001 Pa at 20 °C  |
| Vapour pressure   |                | 0.001 Pa at 20 °C  |
| Vapour pressure  Amount used, frequency and duration o  1 Component Bottled Construction Glue -   |                | 0.001 Pa at 20 °C se (or from service life)  |
| Vapour pressure  Amount used, frequency and duration o  1 Component Bottled Construction Glue - Applying  |                | 0.001 Pa at 20 °C se (or from service life) 250 g  |
| Vapour pressure  Amount used, frequency and duration o  1 Component Bottled Construction Glue - Applying Remarks  1 Component Bottled Universal Wood  | :              | 0.001 Pa at 20 °C  se (or from service life)  250 g  Inhalation exposure   |
| Vapour pressure  Amount used, frequency and duration of 1 Component Bottled Construction Glue - Applying Remarks  1 Component Bottled Universal Wood Glue - Applying Remarks  | :              | 0.001 Pa at 20 °C  se (or from service life)  250 g  Inhalation exposure  10 g   |
| Vapour pressure  Amount used, frequency and duration o  1 Component Bottled Construction Glue - Applying Remarks  1 Component Bottled Universal Wood Glue - Applying Remarks  | :              | 0.001 Pa at 20 °C  se (or from service life)  250 g  Inhalation exposure  10 g  Inhalation exposure                                  |
| Vapour pressure  Amount used, frequency and duration of 1 Component Bottled Construction Glue - Applying Remarks  1 Component Bottled Universal Wood Glue - Applying Remarks  2 Component Adhesives - Mixing Remarks                          | :              | 0.001 Pa at 20 °C  se (or from service life)  250 g  Inhalation exposure  10 g  Inhalation exposure  20 g                            |
| Vapour pressure  Amount used, frequency and duration of 1 Component Bottled Construction Glue - Applying Remarks  1 Component Bottled Universal Wood Glue - Applying Remarks  2 Component Adhesives - Mixing Remarks                          | :              | 0.001 Pa at 20 °C  se (or from service life)  250 g  Inhalation exposure  10 g  Inhalation exposure  20 g  Inhalation exposure       |
| Amount used, frequency and duration of a Component Bottled Construction Glue - Applying Remarks  1 Component Bottled Universal Wood Glue - Applying Remarks  2 Component Adhesives - Mixing Remarks  2 Component Adhesives - Applying Remarks | :              | 0.001 Pa at 20 °C  se (or from service life)  250 g  Inhalation exposure  10 g  Inhalation exposure  20 g  Inhalation exposure  20 g |

 Version 12.0
 Revision Date 27.08.2019
 Print Date 28.08.2019

| 2 Component Joint Sealant - Applying |             | 160 g  |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|--|
| Remarks                              |             | Inhalation exposure                                |
| 2 Component Parquet Glue - Mixing    | <u>:</u>    | 7000 g   |
| Remarks                              | •           | Inhalation exposure                                |
| 2 Component Parquet Glue - Applying  | :           | 22000 g  |
| Remarks                              |             | Inhalation exposure                                |
| 1 Component Assembly Sealant -       | :           | 390 g  |
| Applying<br>Remarks                  |             | Inhalation exposure                                |
| Duration                             | <u>:</u>    | Component Bottled Construction Glue - Applying     |
| Duration                             | <u>:</u>    | Exposure duration 240 min                          |
| Duration                             | <u>:</u>    | Application duration 30 min                        |
| Duration                             | <u> </u>    | 7  |
| Duration                             | <u> </u>    | 1 Component Bottled Universal Wood Glue - Applying |
| Duration                             | :           | Exposure duration 240 min                          |
| Duration                             | <u> </u>    | Application duration 20 min                        |
| Duration                             | <u>:</u>    |  |
| Duration                             | <u>:</u>    | 2 Component Adhesives - Mixing                     |
| Duration                             | <u> </u>    | Exposure duration 5 min                            |
| Duration                             | :           | Application duration 5 min                         |
| Duration                             | <u> </u>    | 7  |
| Duration                             | <u> </u>    | 2 Component Adhesives - Applying                   |
| Duration                             | <u> </u>    | Exposure duration 240 min                          |
| Duration                             |             | Application duration 30 min                        |
| Duration                             | <del></del> | 11   |
| Duration                             | <del></del> | 2 Component Joint Sealant - Mixing                 |
| Duration                             | :           | Exposure duration 5 min                            |
| Duration                             | <del></del> | Application duration 5 min                         |
| Duration                             | <del></del> |  |
| Duration                             |             | 2 Component Joint Sealant - Applying               |
| Duration                             | :           | Exposure duration 15 min                           |
| Duration                             | :           | Application duration 15 min                        |
| Duration                             | :           | •  |
| Duration                             | <del></del> | 2 Component Parquet Glue - Mixing                  |
| Duration                             | <del></del> | Exposure duration 10 min                           |
| Duration                             | <del></del> | Application duration 10 min                        |
| Duration                             |             |  |
| Duration                             | :           | 2 Component Parquet Glue - Applying                |
| Duration                             |             | Exposure duration 480 min                          |
| Duration                             | -:          | Application duration 480 min                       |
| Duration                             |             | ,,   |
| Duration                             | <u>:</u>    | 1 Component Assembly Sealant - Applying            |
| - 5.500                              |             |  |

 Version 12.0
 Revision Date 27.08.2019
 Print Date 28.08.2019

| Duration  | : Exposure duration 240 min                          |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Duration  | : Application duration 30 min                        |  |  |  |
| Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation |  |  |  |  |
| Remarks   | : No spraying  |  |  |  |
| Other conditions affecting consumers exposure   |  |  |  |  |
| Indoor or outdoor use   | : 1 Component Bottled Construction Glue - Applying   |  |  |  |
| Room size   | : 20 m <sup>3</sup>                                  |  |  |  |
| Temperature   | : 20 °C  |  |  |  |
| Ventilation rate  | : 0.6  |  |  |  |
| Indoor or outdoor use   |  |  |  |  |
| Indoor or outdoor use   | : 1 Component Bottled Universal Wood Glue - Applying |  |  |  |
| Room size   | : 20 m³  |  |  |  |
| Temperature   | : 20 °C  |  |  |  |
| Ventilation rate  | : 0.6  |  |  |  |
| Indoor or outdoor use   | :  |  |  |  |
| Indoor or outdoor use   | : 2 Component Adhesives - Mixing                     |  |  |  |
| Room size   | : 20 m³  |  |  |  |
| Temperature   | : 20 °C  |  |  |  |
| Ventilation rate  | : 0.6  |  |  |  |
| Indoor or outdoor use   | : 2 Component Adhesives - Applying                   |  |  |  |
| Room size   | : 20 m³  |  |  |  |
| Temperature   | : 20 °C  |  |  |  |
| Ventilation rate  | : 0.6  |  |  |  |
| Indoor or outdoor use   | :  |  |  |  |
| Indoor or outdoor use   | : 2 Component Joint Sealant - Mixing                 |  |  |  |
| Room size   | : 1 m³   |  |  |  |
| Temperature   | : 20 °C  |  |  |  |
| Ventilation rate  | : 0.6  |  |  |  |
| Indoor or outdoor use   | :  |  |  |  |
| Indoor or outdoor use   | : 2 Component Joint Sealant - Applying               |  |  |  |
| Room size   | : 20 m³  |  |  |  |
| Temperature   | : 20 °C  |  |  |  |
| Ventilation rate  | : 0.6  |  |  |  |
| Indoor or outdoor use   | ·  |  |  |  |
| Indoor or outdoor use   | : 2 Component Parquet Glue - Mixing                  |  |  |  |
| Room size   | : 1 m³   |  |  |  |
| Temperature   | : 20 °C  |  |  |  |
| Ventilation rate  | : 0.6  |  |  |  |
| Indoor or outdoor use   | :  |  |  |  |
| Indoor or outdoor use   | : 2 Component Parquet Glue - Applying                |  |  |  |
|   | <u>.</u>   |  |  |  |

Version 12.0 Revision Date 27.08.2019 Print Date 28.08.2019

| Room size  | :     | 58 m³                                   |  |
|--|-------|---|--|
| Temperature  | :     | 20 °C                                   |  |
| Ventilation rate   | :     | 0.5                                     |  |
| Indoor or outdoor use  | :     |   |  |
| Indoor or outdoor use  | :     | 1 Component Assembly Sealant - Applying |  |
| Room size  | :     | 20 m³                                   |  |
| Temperature  | :     | 20 °C                                   |  |
| Ventilation rate   | :     | 0.6                                     |  |
| Release area 10,000 cm²1 Component B                                 | ottle | ed Construction Glue - Applying         |  |
| Release area 400 cm <sup>2</sup> 1 Component Bottl                   | ed l  | Universal Wood Glue - Applying          |  |
| Release area 20 cm <sup>2</sup> 2 Component Adhes                    | sive  | s - Mixing                              |  |
| Release area 20 cm <sup>2</sup> 2 Component Adhes                    | sive  | s - Applying                            |  |
| Release area 20 cm <sup>2</sup> 2 Component Joint Sealant - Mixing   |       |   |  |
| Release area 10 cm <sup>2</sup> 2 Component Joint Sealant - Applying |       |   |  |
| Release area 320 cm <sup>2</sup> 2 Component Parquet Glue - Mixing   |       |   |  |
| Release area 10,000 cm²2 Component Parquet Glue - Applying           |       |   |  |
| Release area 15,000 cm²1 Component Assembly Sealant - Applying       |       |   |  |
| Mass transfer rate 0.192 m/min                                       |       |   |  |
| Mol weight matrix 3,000 g/mol  |       |   |  |
| ·  | _     |   |  |

# 13.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

# 13.3.1. Consumer exposure: Adhesives, sealants (PC1) [MDI]

| Value type                        | Exposure level                          | RCR      | Remarks  |
|-----------------------------------|---|----------|--|
| short term, inhalative, systemic, | 0.017921 mg/m³<br>(ConsExpo)            | 0.358417 | Adhesives, sealants, 1<br>Component Bottled<br>Construction Glue -<br>Applying   |
| combined routes,                  | 0.001404 mg/kg bw/day<br>(ConsExpo)     | 0.358417 | Adhesives, sealants, 1 Component Bottled Construction Glue - Applying            |
| short term, inhalative, systemic, | 0.001133 mg/m³<br>(ConsExpo)            | 0.022661 | Adhesives, sealants, 1<br>Component Bottled<br>Universal Wood Glue -<br>Applying |
| combined routes,                  | 0.000089 mg/kg bw/day<br>(ConsExpo)     | 0.022661 | Adhesives, sealants, 1<br>Component Bottled<br>Universal Wood Glue -<br>Applying |
| short term, inhalative, systemic, | 0.0000027 mg/m³<br>(ConsExpo)           | 0.000054 | Adhesives, sealants, 2<br>Component Adhesives -<br>Mixing                        |
| combined routes,                  | 0.0000000044 mg/kg<br>bw/day (ConsExpo) | 0.000054 | Adhesives, sealants, 2<br>Component Adhesives -<br>Mixing                        |
| short term, inhalative, systemic, | 0.000063 mg/m³<br>(ConsExpo)            | 0.00125  | Adhesives, sealants, 2<br>Component Adhesives -                                  |

 Version 12.0
 Revision Date 27.08.2019
 Print Date 28.08.2019

|                                   |   |          | Applying   |
|-----------------------------------|---|----------|--|
| combined routes,                  | 0.0000049 mg/kg bw/day<br>(ConsExpo)    | 0.00125  | Adhesives, sealants, 2<br>Component Adhesives -<br>Applying        |
| short term, inhalative, systemic, | 0.000058 mg/m³<br>(ConsExpo)            | 0.001168 | Adhesives, sealants, 2<br>Component Joint Sealant -<br>Mixing      |
| combined routes,                  | 0.0000000953 mg/kg<br>bw/day (ConsExpo) | 0.001168 | Adhesives, sealants, 2<br>Component Joint Sealant -<br>Mixing      |
| short term, inhalative, systemic, | 0.00000144 mg/m³<br>(ConsExpo)          | 0.000029 | Adhesives, sealants, 2<br>Component Joint Sealant -<br>Applying    |
| combined routes,                  | 0.0000000071 mg/kg<br>bw/day (ConsExpo) | 0.000029 | Adhesives, sealants, 2<br>Component Joint Sealant -<br>Applying    |
| short term, inhalative, systemic, | 0.001841 mg/m³<br>(ConsExpo)            | 0.036816 | Adhesives, sealants, 2<br>Component Parquet Glue -<br>Mixing       |
| combined routes,                  | 0.00000601 mg/kg bw/day<br>(ConsExpo)   | 0.036816 | Adhesives, sealants, 2<br>Component Parquet Glue -<br>Mixing       |
| short term, inhalative, systemic, | 0.014584 mg/m³<br>(ConsExpo)            | 0.291686 | Adhesives, sealants, 2<br>Component Parquet Glue -<br>Applying     |
| combined routes,                  | 0.002285 mg/kg bw/day<br>(ConsExpo)     | 0.291686 | Adhesives, sealants, 2<br>Component Parquet Glue -<br>Applying     |
| short term, inhalative, systemic, | 0.022601 mg/m³<br>(ConsExpo)            | 0.452016 | Adhesives, sealants, 1<br>Component Assembly<br>Sealant - Applying |
| combined routes,                  | 0.00177 mg/kg bw/day<br>(ConsExpo)      | 0.452016 | Adhesives, sealants, 1<br>Component Assembly<br>Sealant - Applying |

# Additional information on exposure estimation

Based on the applied RMMs the risk towards humans is sufficiently controlled (RCR ≤ 1).

# 13.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

#### MDI

The risk management measures given in this exposure scenario apply to the specified substance in a concentration as indicated in the scenario. The concentration of the substance in the product may differ. A downstream user should evaluate if the risk management measures may be adapted accordingly.

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Further information on the assumptions contained in this Exposure Scenario can be found at: www.ISOPA.org