

The Hormone Balance Blueprint

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A holistic guide to unlocking hormonal balance, helping you feel your best through every phase of your cycle.

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If your hormones have you feeling like you're riding an unpredictable rollercoaster this guide is just for you. We're diving into the ups and downs of hormonal health: no medical jargon or confusing science-y stuff, we promise! Whether you're dealing with irregular periods, pesky PMS symptoms, or just feeling off balance, we've got you.

Inside you'll find practical, no-fuss tips that fit into your busy life. Think of this guide as your monthly cheat sheet for feeling more like yourself no matter which phase of your cycle you're in. Let's make those mood swings a little less dramatic shall we?

Why Hormone Balance Matters

Whether your mood, energy, well-being, by now we all know the havoc hormones play, and how much they change depending on where we are at in our lives. For something we've been experiencing for upwards of 20 years why do we always feel like we have to fight against them?

Hormones are our body's internal messaging system to keep everything running smoothly. When these messengers our out of alignment then the ripple effect is felt in our emotions, energy, everything.

Key hormones for women are estrogen, progesterone, and cortisol. these impact how we experience mood, energy, metabolism, and overall health.

Disclaimer: The information provided in this guide is for educational purposes only and is not intended as medical advice. Always consult with your healthcare provider for personalized guidance tailored to your specific health needs and circumstances.



1. Estrogen:

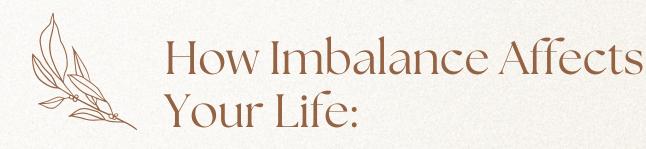
- Often considered the "queen" of female hormones, estrogen helps regulate the menstrual cycle, keeps bones strong, and maintains skin elasticity.
- Balanced estrogen can leave you feeling vibrant and energized, while too much or too little might lead to mood swings, weight gain, or changes in your cycle.

2. Progesterone:

- Known as the "calming" hormone, progesterone has a soothing effect on the brain and body. It **supports sleep and reduces anxiety**.
- It's key for the second half of the cycle (luteal phase), helping to prepare the body for potential pregnancy.
- Low levels of progesterone can lead to PMS symptoms like irritability, moodiness, or difficulty sleeping.

3. Cortisol:

- The body's primary stress hormone. Helps to manage energy levels however too much cortisol (chronic stress) can disrupt other hormones.
- Elevated cortisol levels can contribute to **fatigue**, **sleep disturbances**, and **even impact weight**, as the body may hold onto fat as a stress response.



When estrogen, progesterone, or cortisol are out of balance you might experience a range of issues, like:

- Mood Swings: If you're finding yourself feeling anxious or irritable for no reason, fluctuating estrogen or low progesterone might be the cause.
- Low Energy: Both high cortisol and low estrogen can lead to that tired-all-the-time feeling, even if you're getting enough sleep.
- Weight Changes: A slow metabolism, especially when paired with high cortisol, can make it tough to shed those stubborn pounds.
- **Disrupted Sleep**: If progesterone levels are low, you might find it hard to relax and unwind before bed, leading to restless nights.

Understanding these cycles and hormones you can start to align your lifestyle like nutrition, exercise, and self-care with what your body needs at different points of the month. This is how you can regain control, boost your well-being, and finally get back to feeling like yourself!

The Menstrual Cycle & Key Hormones: Understanding the basics of your menstrual cycle can empower you to work with your body, rather than feeling like you're constantly fighting against it. Here's a quick breakdown of what's going on throughout the month.

Hormones and Your Cycle

1. Menstrual Phase (Days 1-5):

- This is when your period begins, as the uterine lining sheds.
- Hormones like estrogen and progesterone are at their lowest levels, which is why energy might be lower during this time.
- You might feel more **tired or crave comfort foods**—totally normal! this is where nutrition is key!

2. Follicular Phase (Days 6-14):

- Estrogen levels start to rise, and your body prepares for ovulation.
- Energy levels often pick up, and you might feel more social and motivated.
- It's a great time to focus on new goals and get those workouts inhello, motivation boost!

3. Ovulation Phase (Around Day 14):

- Estrogen peaks, and luteinizing hormone (LH) surges, triggering ovulation.
- Many women feel their best during ovulation: confidence is higher, and libido might be up too.
- This phase can be a time of heightened creativity and productivity.

4. Luteal Phase (Days 15-28):

- After ovulation, progesterone rises, while estrogen dips slightly.
- If the egg isn't fertilized, both estrogen and progesterone levels will gradually decline.
- This can be when PMS symptoms like mood swings, cravings, or bloating show up as hormone levels shift.

Nutrition and Activity Tailored to Cycle

1. Menstrual Phase (Days 1-5):

• Focus: Replenishing nutrients and supporting energy levels as your body sheds the uterine lining.

• Foods to Include:

- Iron-rich foods: Spinach, kale, beans, red meat, and lentils to replenish iron levels lost through bleeding.
- Omega-3 fatty acids: Salmon, chia seeds, and walnuts to help reduce inflammation and ease cramps.
- Warm, nourishing foods: Soups, stews, and herbal teas like ginger or chamomile to provide comfort and warmth.

• Foods to Avoid:

- o Caffeine: It can worsen cramps and make you feel jittery.
- Salty and processed foods: They can cause bloating and water retention.

- Magnesium: Helps to relax muscles, reducing cramps.
- Iron: If you have heavy periods, supplementing iron can prevent anemia and keep your energy up.



2. Follicular Phase (Days 6-14):

• **Focus**: Supporting estrogen production and preparing the body for ovulation.

Foods to Include:

- Protein-rich foods: Eggs, chicken, tofu, and Greek yogurt to support cell growth and muscle recovery.
- Fermented foods: Sauerkraut, kimchi, and yogurt for gut health, which is closely tied to hormone regulation.
- Leafy greens: Kale, spinach, and arugula to support estrogen metabolism and overall detoxification.
- Berries and citrus fruits: High in antioxidants and vitamin C, they support collagen production and boost energy.

• Foods to Avoid:

- Sugar-laden foods: Can cause blood sugar spikes, impacting hormone balance.
- Refined carbs: White bread, pastries, and pasta can contribute to inflammation.

- Vitamin D: Supports immune function and may help with mood regulation.
- B Vitamins: Help metabolize estrogen and support energy production.



3. Ovulation Phase (Around Day 14):

• Focus: Supporting energy and keeping inflammation low as your body releases an egg.

• Foods to Include:

- Anti-inflammatory foods: Turmeric, ginger, olive oil, and fatty fish to reduce any discomfort or bloating.
- Zinc-rich foods: Pumpkin seeds, chickpeas, and seafood support ovarian health and boost immunity.
- Fiber-rich foods: Flax seeds, apples, and broccoli to help with estrogen metabolism.

• Foods to Avoid:

- Excess sodium: Can cause water retention and bloating.
- Alcohol: Can disrupt sleep and liver function, which is crucial for detoxifying excess hormones.

- Zinc: Supports ovarian health and helps regulate the immune system.
- Fish oil or Omega-3: For reducing inflammation and supporting mood.



4. Luteal Phase (Days 15-28):

• **Focus:** Supporting progesterone levels, reducing PMS symptoms, and balancing blood sugar.

Foods to Include:

- Complex carbs: Sweet potatoes, quinoa, and brown rice to help manage sugar cravings and stabilize energy levels.
- Magnesium-rich foods: Almonds, dark chocolate, and leafy greens to reduce bloating and mood swings.
- Healthy fats: Avocado, olive oil, and nuts to support hormone production and balance.
- High-fiber foods: Beans, lentils, and vegetables to aid digestion and reduce bloating.

• Foods to Avoid:

- Processed sugars: Can worsen PMS symptoms like mood swings and acne.
- o Caffeine: May heighten anxiety and disrupt sleep patterns.

- Magnesium: Can help with PMS symptoms like cramps, irritability, and sleep.
- Vitamin B6: Supports progesterone production and can ease mood swings.
- Evening Primrose Oil: May help reduce breast tenderness and PMS symptoms.



There is evidence suggesting that different phases of the menstrual cycle can influence how women respond to exercise, and tailoring your workouts to these phases may improve your performance, recovery, and overall hormonal balance. Here's a breakdown of how exercise can be adjusted based on the menstrual cycle phases, along with the science behind it:

1. Menstrual Phase (Days 1-5)

- o Overview: Estrogen and progesterone levels are low.
- Training Recommendations:
 - Focus on gentle exercises such as yoga, walking, or light stretching.
 - Allow for more rest if needed, as energy levels may be lower.
- Science: Lower levels of hormones may result in decreased energy and motivation. Gentle movement can help reduce cramps and improve mood without overexertion.

2. Follicular Phase (Days 6-14)

- Overview: After menstruation, estrogen levels begin to rise as the body prepares for ovulation.
- Training Recommendations:
 - o This is a great time for high-intensity workouts and strength training.
 - Incorporate cardio and circuit training to maximize energy levels.
- Science: Higher estrogen levels enhance mood, energy, and recovery, making this phase ideal for intense workouts. Estrogen has been linked to improved muscle repair and reduced inflammation.

3. Ovulatory Phase (Days 15-17)

- Overview: Estrogen peaks and testosterone levels also rise, enhancing strength and energy.
- o Training Recommendations:
 - Engage in high-intensity interval training (HIIT) or heavy strength training.
 - Try new workouts or push personal limits, as energy and motivation are often at their highest.
- Science: The surge in estrogen can lead to improved strength and endurance.
 The increased testosterone can also enhance muscle synthesis and performance.

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4. Luteal Phase (Days 18-28)

- Overview: After ovulation, progesterone levels rise while estrogen levels fluctuate. This phase can be characterized by mood swings, fatigue, and bloating.
- Training Recommendations:
 - Focus on moderate intensity workouts and incorporate more rest days if needed. Activities like Pilates, gentle strength training, or moderate cardio can be beneficial.
 - o Mind-body exercises like yoga or stretching can help alleviate PMS symptoms.
- Science: The increase in progesterone may lead to fatigue and decreased motivation for high-intensity workouts. This phase can also be linked to lower glycogen levels, affecting performance in endurance activities.



Everyone's different. This guide offers a starting point for understanding how your cycle may affect mood, energy, and emotions but experiences vary. Notice how your body responds throughout your cycle and explore simple nutrition or exercise shifts to feel more balanced.

Always consult your healthcare provider before making changes. They can assess your hormone levels and ensure adjustments are safe and effective for you.

We support your provider's recommendations and encourage a collaborative, holistic approach to help you feel your best.

Book a Free Clarity Call

Are you ready to take the next step toward achieving your wellness goals? We invite you to book a free clarity call to connect, discuss your unique challenges, and explore how we can work together to support your journey toward optimal health.

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