

#### HARASSMENT AND WORKPLACE VIOLENCE BILL OF RIGHTS

### The employer has the right to

- 1. Identify any incidents of workplace harassment or violence.
- 2. Investigate any incidents or complaints brought to their attention.
- 3. Create appropriate processes and procedures to protect the safety of complainants and respondents.
- 4. Create and implement appropriate investigative processes and reporting processes.
- 5. Identify the need for an external investigator.
- 6. Redact identifying features or sensitive information in the investigation report when provided to the complainant or respondent.
- 7. Determine appropriate action to be taken as a result of an investigation.

# The complainant has the right to

- 1. Be able to complain informally or formally.
- 2. Be presumed truthful.
- 3. Be provided with immediate assistance or intervention as required.

# The respondent has the right to

- 1. Be informed as soon as practical that there is an investigation.
- 2. Be presumed innocent.
- 3. Be informed of the specific allegations in writing.
- 4. Be given time to consider the allegations before responding.
- 5. Be provided with immediate assistance or intervention as required.

#### Shared rights

The complainant and respondent both have the right to:

- 1. Know and understand the methods used to investigate the complaint.
- 2. Have the complaint investigated by a competent investigator.
- 3. Be informed of the entire investigation process.
- 4. Be reasonably consulted when selecting an investigator.
- 5. Be kept informed of the progress of the investigation.
- 6. Be heard and present their evidence.
- 7. Be provided with the opportunity to reply to evidence.
- 8. Have a support person with them while being interviewed.
- 9. Have their psychological and personal safety protected.
- 10. Be provided with a written copy of the investigation results.