BYLAW NO. 02-2025

A BYLAW OF THE RESORT VILLAGE OF KANNATA VALLEY TO REGULATE THE MEETING PROCEDURES OF COUNCIL, COUNCIL COMMITTEES AND OTHER BODIES

The Council of the Resort Village of Kannata Valley in the Province of Saskatchewan enacts as follows:

PART I – INTERPRETATION

1. Short Title

1.1 This bylaw may be cited as "The Council Procedures Bylaw".

2. Purpose

2.1 The purpose of this bylaw is to establish clear, transparent, consistent, and accessible procedures to follow for conducting business at council meetings, committee meetings and other bodies' meetings.

3. Definitions

3.1 In this bylaw:

a) **"Act"** means *The Municipalities Act [MA]*
b) **"Acting mayor"** means the councillor elected by council to act as the mayor if a vacancy arises in that office;
c) **"Adjourn"** means to suspend proceedings to another time or place;
d) **"Administration"** means the administrator or an employee accountable to the administrator;
e) **"Administrator"** means the person appointed as administrator pursuant to section *110 MA.*
f) **"Agenda deadline"** means the time established in subsection 13.6 of this bylaw;
g) **"Amendment"** means an alteration to a main motion by substituting, adding or deleting a word or words without materially altering the basic intent of the motion;
h) **"Business day"** means a day other than a Saturday, Sunday or holiday;
i) **"Chair"** means a person who has the authority to preside over a meeting;
j) **"Closed session"** means a meeting or a portion of a meeting is closed to all but council members and/or any other persons deemed by council to attend;
k) **"Communications"** include, but are not limited to, the following: letter, memorandum, report, notice, electronic mail, facsimile, petition, brochure, or newspaper/magazine article;
l) **"Consent agenda"** means a portion of a meeting that lists items of business which are routine in nature and do not require substantial discussion and/or debate;
m) **"Consent motion"** means a motion to adopt, without debate, the recommendations of several reports within a consent agenda;
n) **"Contact information"** means:

i. The name of a person; and

ii. Whichever of the following options is considered by the sender to be most likely to affect receipt by the intended recipient:

(A) Mailing address;
(B) Street or civic address;
(C) Email address;
(D) Telephone number;
(E) Fax number; or
(F) Any other prescribed option;

o) **"Council"** means the mayor and councillors of the municipality elected pursuant to the provisions of *The Local Government Election Act, 2015*;

p) **"Council committee"** means a committee duly appointed by council and consisting of council members only;

q) **"Councillor"** means the council member duly elected in the municipality as a councillor in accordance with *The Local Government Election Act, 2015;*

r) **"Deputy mayor"** means the councillor who is appointed by council, pursuant to section 34 of this bylaw, to act as mayor in the absence or incapacity of the mayor;

s) **"In-camera"** means a meeting, or portion of a meeting is held in private and is closed to all but council members and/or any other persons deemed by council to attend;

t) **"Mayor"** means the council member duly elected in the municipality as the mayor in accordance with *The Local Government Election Act, 2015;*

u) **"Member"** means the mayor, councillor or an appointed individual to a council committee or other body;

v) **"Motion"** means a formal proposal placed before a meeting of council to be debated to a conclusion;

w) **"Mover"** means a person who presents or proposes a motion or amendment;

x) **"Municipality"** means the *Resort Village of Kannata Valley*;

y) **"Order of business"** means the list of items comprising the agenda and the order in which those items appear on the agenda;

z) **"Other body"** means a committee, board, authority, commission or other body duly appointed by council, but does not include a council committee;

aa) **"Proclamation"** means a formal official public statement used for ceremonial purposes, recognizing a special event, or for legal purposes;

bb) **"Point of order"** means the raising of a question by a member in a meeting claiming that the procedures of the meeting or of an individual council member are contrary to the procedural rules or practices;

cc) **"Point of privilege"** is the raising of a matter by a member which occurs while the council is in session, where:

i. The rights, privileges, decorum or dignity of the council collectively or the rights and privileges of a member individually have been affected; or
ii. When a member believes that another member has spoken disrespectfully toward them or the council; or
iii. When a member believes their comments have been misunderstood or misinterpreted by another member or members; or
iv. When a member believes that comments made by the member outside the council chamber have been misinterpreted or misunderstood by the community, the public or the news media in order to clarify their position;

dd) **"Point of procedure"** means a question directed to the person presiding at a meeting to obtain information on the rules or procedures bearing on the business at hand;

ee) **"Public hearing"** means a meeting of council or that portion of a meeting of council which is convened to hear matters pursuant to:

i. *The Municipalities Act;*
ii. *The Planning and Development Act, 2007*;
iii. Any other act; or
iv. A resolution or bylaw of council;

ff) **"Quorum"** is subject to sections *98 MA* of the Act:

i. In the case of council, a majority of the whole council;
ii. In the case of a council committee, a majority of the members appointed to the council committee; and
iii. In the case of an other body, a majority of the members appointed to the other body;

gg) **"Recess"** means an intermission or break within a meeting that does not end the meeting, and after which proceedings are immediately resumed at the point where they were interrupted;

hh) **"Resolution"** means a formal determination made by council, a council committee or other body based on a motion duly placed before a regularly constituted meeting or a special meeting of council, a council committee or an other body for debate and decision and is duly passed;

ii) **"Seconder"** means a person who formally supports a motion or amendment at the time it is proposed;

jj) **"Special meeting"** means a meeting other than a regular scheduled meeting called pursuant to section *123 MA* of the Act or the provisions of this bylaw;

kk) **"Unfinished business"** means business which has been raised at the same meeting or a previous meeting and which has not been completed; and

ll) **"Urgent business"** means a time sensitive matter which requires council's immediate and urgent consideration.

3.2 A reference in this bylaw to an enactment of the Legislative Assembly of Saskatchewan is a reference to the enactment as amended from time to time.

4. Application

4.1 This bylaw applies to all meetings of council, council committees and other bodies.

4.2 Notwithstanding subsection 4.1, council may, by resolution or bylaw, allow a council committee or other body to establish its own procedures.

4.3 Any ruling of the mayor or chair shall prevail, subject to the jurisdiction of council or the council committee to consider any appeals of those rulings.

PART II – MEETINGS

5. First Meeting

5.1 The first meeting of council following a general election shall be held within 31 days after the date of the election at a time, date and place determined by the administrator.

5.2 Prior to commencement of the first meeting, every member of council shall take the oath or affirmation of office pursuant to the Act.

5.3 At the first meeting of council, the administrator shall provide council with a copy of the returning officer's declaration of results with respect to the election.

6. Regular Meetings

6.1 Regular meetings of council shall be held on the third Wednesday of each month commencing at 6:30 pm.

6.2 Council shall ensure that the time between regularly scheduled council meetings does not exceed 60 days.

6.3 In the event of any meeting date falling on a statutory or civic holiday or any day appointed as a holiday by proclamation of the Governor-General of Canada, the Lieutenant Governor of Saskatchewan, or the mayor, such meeting shall be held at the same time on the next day that the municipal office is scheduled to be open for business.

6.4 Annually, the administrator shall submit a regular schedule of council meetings to council for approval as set out in subsections 6.1 and 6.2 or may recommend alternate meeting dates.

6.5 Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions, council may, by resolution, dispense with or alter the time of a regular meeting of council.

6.6 Council may, by resolution, authorize the mayor to reschedule a regular meeting of council pursuant to the Act during a period of time to be specified within the resolution.

7. Special Meetings

7.1 The administrator shall call a special meeting of council whenever requested to do so in writing by the mayor or a majority of the members.

7.2 If the position of administrator is vacant or the administrator is unable to act, the administrative assistant or other individual delegated by the administrator shall call a special meeting of the council whenever requested to do so in writing by the mayor or a majority of the members, pursuant to section 81.1 of the Act. Council shall also appoint a delegate as acting administrator for the purpose of taking the minutes for at least this meeting.

7.3 The written request referred to in subsection 7.1 shall include all items of business to be transacted.

7.4 Form 1, appended hereto and forming a part of this bylaw, shall be the form used to direct the administrator to call a special meeting of council.

7.5 When a special meeting is to be held, the administrator shall provide written notice of the time, date and place of the meeting to all members pursuant to section 10 of this bylaw and to the public at least 24 hours prior to the meeting and, in general terms, the business to be transacted at the meeting.

7.6 Notwithstanding subsection 7.4, a special meeting may be held with less than 24 hours' notice to members and without notice to the public if all members agree to do so in writing before the beginning of the special meeting.

7.7 No business other than that stated in the notice shall be transacted at a special meeting unless all the members are present and it is with unanimous consent.

8. Meeting Through Electronic Means

8.1 One or more members of council may participate in a council meeting by electronic means if:

a) The members of council provide the administrator with at least two (2) business days' notice of their intent to participate in this manner;
b) Notice of the council meeting is given to the public including the way in which the council meeting is to be conducted;
c) The facilities enable the public to at least listen to the meeting at a place specified in that notice and the administrator attends that place; and
d) The facilities permit all participants to communicate adequately with each other during the council meeting.

8.2 Members participating in a council meeting by electronic means are deemed to be present at the council meeting.

9. Notice of Meetings

9.1 Notice of regularly scheduled council meetings is not required to be given.

9.2 If council changes the date, time or place of a regularly scheduled meeting, at least 24 hours' notice of the change will be given to:

a) Any members not present at the meeting at which the change was made; and
b) The public.

10. Method of Giving Notice

10.1 Notice of a council meeting is deemed to have been given to a member if the notice is:

a) Delivered personally;
b) Left at the usual place of business or residence of the member; or
c) At the request of the member, provided or sent according to the member's contact information.

10.2 Form 2, appended hereto and forming a part of this bylaw, shall be the form used to request the administrator to use an alternate method of providing notice of meetings.

10.3 Notice of a council meeting is to be given to the public by posting a notice at the municipal office or on the municipality's website or in any other manner specified by council through bylaw.

11. Actions in Public

11.1 An act or proceeding of council is not effective unless it is authorized or adopted by bylaw or resolution at a duly constituted public meeting of council.

11.2 Every person has the right to be present at council meetings that are conducted in public unless the person presiding at the council meeting expels a person for improper conduct.

12. Closed Sessions

12.1 Council may close all or any part of its meetings to the public if the matter to be discussed:

a) Is within one of the exemptions of Part III of *The Local Authority Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act;* or
b) Concerns long-range or strategic planning.

12.2 A resolution to move into closed session shall state in general terms the topic of discussion.

12.3 Where council resolves to close a portion of a meeting to the public, all persons shall be excluded from the meeting except:

a) The members of council;
b) The administrator and other members of administration as the members of council may deem appropriate; and
c) The members of the public as the members of council may deem appropriate.

12.4 Where council resolves to close a portion of a meeting to the public, in addition to the resolution to do so, the administrator shall record in the minutes:

a) The time that the in-camera portion of the meeting commenced and concluded;
b) The names of the parties present; and
c) The legislative authority including the exemptions in Part III of *The Local Authority Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act* relied upon for authority to close the meeting to the public.

12.5 No resolutions or bylaws may be passed during a closed meeting.

12.6 No business other than that described within the resolution pursuant to subsection 12.2 may be discussed.

12.7 Matters discussed or to be discussed in a closed meeting are to be kept in confidence until discussed at a public meeting of council unless otherwise provided for in this bylaw.

PART III – COUNCIL MEETING PROCEDURES

13. Agendas

13.1 The administrator shall prepare the agenda for all regular and special meetings of council.

13.2 The agenda shall include the order of business, all items of business and associated reports, bylaws or documents, and shall be set out in accordance with the order of business.

13.3 The administrator shall ensure that the council agendas are delivered to each member no later than five (5) days immediately preceding the council meeting.

13.4 The administrator shall ensure that the council agendas are available to the general public no later than 2 days immediately preceding the council meeting.

13.5 If, for any reason, the administrator is unable to meet the deadline mentioned in subsection 13.3, the administrator shall prepare and distribute the agenda as soon as reasonably possible to allow council members an opportunity to review the agenda prior to the council meeting.

13.6 All administrative reports, communication from the public, requests, or any other material intended for inclusion in a council agenda must be received by the administrator no later than seven (7) days preceding the council meeting.

13.7 Council may, on a majority vote, permit additional material on the agenda.

14. Order of Business at Meetings

14.1 The general order of business of every regular council meeting may be as follows:

a) Call to order;
b) Conflict of interest declarations;

c) Approval / adoption of agenda;
d) Approval of minutes;
e) Notice of proclamations;
f) Presentations and recognitions;
g) Public hearings;
h) Delegations;
i) Communications;
j) Reports of administration and council committees and other bodies *(including payment of accounts)*;
k) Mayor and councillor's forum;
l) Unfinished business;
m) New business;
n) Public hearing; and
o) Adjournment.

14.2 Business shall, in all cases, be taken up in the order in which it stands on the agenda, unless:

a) Otherwise determined upon motion passed by a majority vote of the members present and which vote shall be placed without debate; or
b) The mayor determines during the proceedings of council that for public interest a matter be moved forward to be dealt with promptly.

15. Commencement of Council Meeting

15.1 At the hour set for the meeting, or as soon as all members of council are present, the mayor, or in their absence the deputy mayor, shall take the chair and call the members to order.

15.2 In case neither the mayor nor the deputy mayor is in attendance within 20 minutes after the hour appointed, and subject to a quorum being present, council shall appoint an acting mayor pursuant to section 35 of this bylaw.

15.3 The person appointed pursuant to section 16.2 shall call the meeting to order and shall preside over the meeting until the arrival of the mayor or the deputy mayor, and all proceedings of such meeting shall be deemed to be regular and in full force and effect.

15.4 If a quorum is not present 20 minutes after the time appointed for the meeting, the administrator shall record the names of the members present at the expiration of such time and announce that council shall then stand adjourned until the next meeting, unless a special meeting is called in the meantime.

15.5 Subject to the Act, if at any meeting the number of members is reduced to less than the number required for a quorum, council shall immediately stand adjourned.

15.6 Any unfinished business remaining at the time of the adjournment due to a loss of quorum shall be considered at the next regular meeting, or it shall be placed on the agenda for a special meeting to be called for the purpose of dealing with the unfinished items.

15.7 Members are encouraged to notify the administrator when the member is aware that they will be absent from any meeting of council.

16. Quorum

16.1 A quorum of council is a majority of members.

16.2 Any act or proceeding of council that is adopted at any council meeting at which a quorum is not present is invalid.

17. Minutes

17.1 The administrator shall record the minutes of each council meeting without note or comment and shall distribute copies of the minutes to each member at least 24 hours prior to a subsequent council meeting.

17.2 Notwithstanding section 18.1, the administrator shall record in the minutes every declaration of a conflict of interest and the general nature and material details of the disclosure and any abstention or withdrawal.

17.3 The names of the members present at the meeting are to be recorded in the minutes of every meeting.

17.4 Any member may make a motion amending the minutes to correct any mistakes.

17.5 The minutes of each meeting are to be approved at the next regular meeting of the council and signed by the presiding member and the administrator in accordance with the Act.

17.6 All minutes, once approved, shall be open for inspection by the public.

18. Proclamations

18.1 All requests for proclamations shall be submitted to the mayor for approval outlining:

a) The date to be proclaimed;
b) Specific name of the day, week or month requested;
c) The reason for the proclamation; and
d) Information about the group, including contact person and contact information at least 14 days prior to the proposed date for the proclamation.

18.2 Exceptions to subsection 19.1 may be made in extenuating circumstances.

18.3 Subject to *The Saskatchewan Human Rights Code*, the mayor may, in their sole discretion, approve the proclamation submitted pursuant to subsection 19.1, provided the proclamation does not:

a) Promote any commercial business, unless, at the discretion of the mayor, the proclamation provides a significant benefit to the community;
b) Involve any person or organization which promotes hatred of any person or class of persons or otherwise involves illegal activity; or
c) Contain any inflammatory, obscene or libelous statement.

18.4 The mayor may:

a) Issue the proclamation:
   i. In the words and form of the proclamation as submitted; or
   ii. In words and form chosen by the mayor; or
b) Forward the proclamation for consideration by council.

18.5 Once the proclamation has been approved, the proclamation shall be noted on the appropriate council agenda as information.

18.6 Council, having delegated the administration of proclamations, shall not hear delegations related to proclamation requests unless specifically approved by council.

18.7 Each organization shall be responsible for any costs and the disseminating of the proclamation to the media and planning for the attendance of the mayor or councillors at the specific function or event.

18.8 The local media are requested:

a) Not to publish any proclamation claiming to be proclaimed by the mayor unless it bears their signature; and
b) When publishing a proclamation by the mayor, that the proclamation contains only the following:
    i. The crest of the municipality;
    ii. The name of the municipality; and
    iii. The text of the proclamation.

19. Presentations and Recognitions

19.1 Presentations shall be listed on the agenda when authorized by the mayor and shall be intended to recognize an individual or group on behalf of council for some award or similar honour which they have received or for a group or individual to present to council some award or similar honour which the municipality has been awarded.

20. Public Hearing

20.1 If a public hearing is required by any act, it shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of this section.

20.2 The procedure by which the public hearing will be conducted or by which public input will be obtained shall be as follows:

a) The mayor shall declare the hearing on the matter open;
b) The administration shall present a report on the bylaw or resolution under consideration including the administration recommendations;
c) If it is a hearing that involves an applicant, the applicant shall be given an opportunity to make representations on the matter under consideration;
d) After the applicant, any person or group of persons or spokesperson acting on behalf of another person or group shall be given an opportunity to make representations on the matter under consideration;
e) If it is a hearing that involves an applicant, at the conclusion of the speakers, the applicant shall be given an opportunity to respond to the representations of other people;
f) Council may request further information from administration;
g) Council shall formally receive all communications and written reports submitted to it on the subject matter of the hearing;
h) The mayor shall declare the hearing closed; and
i) Council shall then consider the matter and, at the conclusion of the deliberations, council shall vote on the bylaw or resolution in accordance with the procedures contained in this bylaw.

20.3 The time allowed for each person making representations shall be fifteen (15) minutes.

20.4 A hearing may be adjourned to a certain date.

20.5 A member shall abstain from taking part in the debate or voting on the bylaw or resolution which is the subject of the hearing if the member was absent from any part of the public hearing.

21. Communications - General

21.1 When a person wishes to have a communication considered by council, it shall be addressed to council, and:

a) Clearly set out the matter at issue and the request; and
b) For written communications, must be printed, typewritten or legibly written, contain the contact information of the writer and be signed with the name of the writer; or
c) For electronic communication, must contain the name of the writer and both the mailing and electronic address of the writer.

21.2 A communication received by the administrator which contains or relates to personal information shall be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of *The Local Authority Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*.

21.3 Bound documents or studies in support of a delegation's presentation shall, if sufficient copies are provided by the delegation, be circulated to members, but will not be reproduced.

22. Communications - Matters on Council Agenda

22.1 A written communication pertaining to a matter already on a council agenda must be received by the administrator no later than the agenda deadline, in order to be included on the council agenda.

22.2 A written communication received before the agenda deadline shall be placed by the administrator on the council agenda and shall be dealt with when the matter is considered by council at its meeting.

22.3 In the event that the communication to the administrator is received after the agenda deadline, regarding a subject which is on the agenda, the administrator will bring the request to the attention of council:

a) The individual will be advised by the administrator that the communication may not be considered by council unless the majority of members vote to allow the communication within the motion to approve the agenda.

23. Communications - Matters Not on Council Agenda

23.1 A written communication received before the agenda deadline shall be placed by the administrator on the council agenda and shall be dealt with when the matter is considered by council at its meeting.

23.2 In the event that the communication to the administrator is received after the agenda deadline, regarding a subject which is not on the agenda, the administrator will bring the request to the attention of council.

23.3 The individual will be advised by the administrator that the communication may not be considered by council unless the majority of members vote to allow the communication within the motion to approve the agenda.

24. Delegations - Matters on Council Agenda

24.1 When a person wishes to speak to council on a matter already on a council agenda, for which a hearing is not required, that person shall notify the administrator in writing, the notice shall include the following:

a) The name and correct mailing address of the spokesperson;
b) Telephone number where the representative of the delegation can be reached during the day;
c) Original signature, except when submitted by facsimile or email; and
d) The subject matter to be discussed and the request being made of council.

24.2 A request to speak to council pursuant to subsection 25.1 must be received by the administrator no later than the agenda deadline in order to be included on the council agenda.

24.3 In the event a delegation makes an application to the administrator after the agenda deadline regarding a subject which is on the agenda, the administrator will bring the request to the attention of council.

a) Delegations will be advised by the administrator that they may not be heard by council unless the majority of members vote to allow the delegation to speak within the motion to approve the agenda.

24.4 Delegations speaking before council shall address their remarks to the stated business:

a) Will be limited to speaking only once; and
b) Rebuttal or cross-debate with other delegations shall not be permitted.

24.5 A maximum of 15 minutes shall be allotted for each delegation to present their position of support or opposition.

24.6 A maximum of two (2) delegations are permitted per meeting.

24.7 Delegations will be placed at the beginning of the agenda.

24.8 Where there are numerous delegates taking the same position on a matter, a spokesperson must be selected to present their views:

a) Delegations are encouraged not to repeat information presented by an earlier delegation;
b) The mayor shall at the conclusion of 15 minutes, inform the delegation that the time limit is up;
c) Only upon a motion to extend the 15 minute limitation adopted by a majority of members shall the 15 minute limit be extended; and
d) Delegations will not be permitted to assume any unused time allocated to another delegation.

24.9 Upon the completion of a presentation to council, any dialogue between members and the delegation shall be limited to members asking questions for clarification and obtaining additional or relevant information only:

a) Members shall not enter into debate with the delegation respecting the presentation; and
b) Once a motion has been moved and seconded, no further representation or questions of the delegation shall be permitted.

25. Delegations - Matters Not on Council Agenda

25.1 When a person wishes to speak to council on a matter not on a council agenda, for which a hearing is not required, that person shall notify the administrator in writing, the notice shall include the following:

a) The name and correct contact information of the spokesperson;
b) Telephone number where the representative of the delegation can be reached during the day;
c) Original signature, except when submitted by facsimile or email; and
d) The subject matter to be discussed and the request being made of council.

25.2 A request to speak to council pursuant to subsection 26.1 must be received by the administrator no later than the agenda deadline to be included on the agenda.

25.3 The administrator, may refuse to accept a request to speak to council if council has, within the six months immediately preceding the request, already heard from the person and dealt with the same or substantially the same matter by resolution or bylaw.

25.4 If a request to speak to council is refused pursuant to subsection 26.3, a copy of the request and reply shall be forwarded to members by the administrator.

25.5 In the event that a delegation makes an application to the administrator after the agenda deadline regarding a subject which is not on the agenda, the administrator will bring the request to the attention of council:

a) Delegations will be advised by the administrator that they may not be heard by council unless the majority of members vote to allow the delegation to speak within the motion to approve the agenda.

26. Mayor and Councillor's Forum

26.1 Statements shall include the sharing of the following information:

a) Events, activities or community functions attended; and
b) General work of members on behalf of council colleagues, constituents and the municipality.

26.2 All comments will be verbal only and shall not be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.

27. Bylaws

27.1 Every proposed bylaw must have three distinct and separate readings.

27.2 A proposed bylaw must not have more than two readings at a council meeting unless the members present unanimously agree to consider a third reading.

27.3 A proposed bylaw will be considered by council immediately following consideration of the report or item to which the bylaw relates.

27.4 Only the title or identifying number is to be read at each reading of the bylaw.

27.5 Each member present at the meeting at which the first reading is to take place must be given or have had the opportunity to review the full text of the proposed bylaw before the bylaw receives the first reading.

27.6 Each member present at the meeting at which the third reading is to take place must, before the proposed bylaw receives the third reading, be given or have had the opportunity to review the full text of the proposed bylaw and any amendments that were passed after the first reading.

27.7 When a bylaw has been given three readings by council, it:

a) Becomes a municipal enactment of the municipality; and
b) Is effective immediately unless the bylaw or an applicable provincial statute provides otherwise.

27.8 The administrator shall be empowered to correct any typographical error that may not have been corrected at the time of submission to council and the bylaw shall have the same status as if council had corrected same.

27.9 After passage, every bylaw shall be signed by the mayor and the administrator pursuant to the Act and marked with the corporate seal of the municipality.

28. Public Forum

28.1 Any member of the public wishing to speak to council on a municipal matter may appear at a council meeting as long as they pre-register with the administrator prior to 12:00 noon on the day of the council meeting so that their name may be placed on a speaker's list.

28.2 The total time allowed to speak shall be not more than 5 minutes per individual.

29. Recess

29.1 The council may recess at any time during the meeting.

29.2 A motion to recess must state the time of duration of the recess and must be passed by a majority of the members present.

29.3 The council may reconvene sooner than the time mentioned in the motion of recess, but must not reconvene later than 15 minutes after the time specified for reconvening or the meeting shall be deemed to be adjourned due to a lack of quorum.

30. Adjournment

30.1 All regularly scheduled council meetings shall stand adjourned when council has completed all business as listed on the order of business or the meeting has reached a maximum of three (3) hours.

30.2 If a member is speaking upon arrival of the time mentioned in subsection 31.1, the mayor shall wait until that person is done speaking before asking council to consider whether it wants to extend the time of the meeting.

30.3 Any business which remains on the agenda and which has not been dealt with at the time of adjournment shall be deemed to be postponed until the next regularly scheduled council meeting or until a special meeting is called for the purpose of dealing with the unfinished items.

31. Extension of Time

31.1 Notwithstanding section 31, a regularly scheduled council meeting may be extended beyond three (3) hours by a majority vote of the members present.

31.2 If council extends its meeting pursuant to subsection 32.1, the meeting shall continue until:

a) The business of the meeting is completed;
b) A motion to adjourn is passed; or
c) A quorum is no longer present.

PART IV – CONDUCT AT COUNCIL MEETINGS

32. Mayor

32.1 The mayor shall:

a) Preside at all council meetings;
b) Preserve order at council meetings;
c) Enforce the rules of council;
d) Decide points of privilege and points of order; and
e) Advise on points of procedure.

32.2 The mayor shall have the same rights and be subject to the same restrictions when participating in debate as all other members.

32.3 The mayor shall have the same rights and be subject to the same restrictions as all other members to make a motion.

33. Deputy Mayor

34.1 The council shall, at its first meeting, or as soon thereafter as conveniently possible and whenever the office becomes vacant, appoint from the councillors a deputy mayor who shall hold office for a term of six months or for such longer period as the council may decide, and in any event until a successor is appointed.

34.2 If the mayor for any reason is unable to perform the duties of their office, the deputy mayor shall have all of the powers of the mayor during the inability.

34. Acting Mayor

35.1 Council shall appoint a member to act as mayor if:

a) Both the mayor and the deputy mayor are unable to perform the duties of their office; or

b) The offices of both the mayor and the deputy mayor are vacant.

35.2 The member to be appointed pursuant to subsection 35.1 shall be elected by a majority of the members present.

35.3 Where two members have an equal number of votes the administrator shall:

a) Write the names of those members separately on blank sheets of paper of equal size, colour and texture;

b) Fold the sheets in a uniform manner so the names are concealed;

c) Deposit them in a receptacle; and

d) Direct a person to withdraw one of the sheets.

35.4 The member whose name is on the sheet withdrawn pursuant to subsection 35.3(d) shall be declared elected.

36. Persons Allowed at the Table

36.1 No person except members, the administrator, and other staff as authorized by the council, are permitted to be seated at the council table during sittings of the council without permission of the council.

37. Conduct of Public

37.1 All persons in the public gallery at a council meeting shall:

a) Refrain from addressing council or a member unless permitted to do so;

b) Maintain quiet and order;

c) Refrain from disturbing the proceedings by words, gestures or actions including applauding, displaying flags, placards or similar material;

d) Refrain from talking on cellular telephones;

e) Refrain from making audio or video recordings of council proceedings; and

f) Ensure that all electronic devices are silent and operated in such a manner that does not interfere with the meeting or with another person's ability to hear or view the proceedings.

38. Conduct of Delegations

38.1 When addressing members at a council meeting, a delegation shall refrain from:

a) Speaking disrespectfully of the federal government, the provincial government, another municipal council, or any official representing them;
b) Using offensive words in reference to a member, an employee of the municipality or a member of the public; or
c) Shouting, using an immoderate tone, or profane, vulgar or offensive language.

39. Conduct of Members

39.1 Members of council shall ensure they do not interrupt another member.

39.2 If more than one member wishes to speak at a meeting at the same time, the mayor shall indicate which member shall speak first.

39.3 When a member is addressing the council, the member shall refrain from:

a) Speaking disrespectfully of the federal government, the provincial government, another municipal council, or any official representing them;
b) Using offensive words in reference to a member, an employee of the municipality or a member of the public;
c) Reflecting on a vote of council except when moving to rescind or reconsider it;
d) Reflecting on the motives of the members who voted on the motion or the mover of the motion; or
e) Shouting, using an immoderate tone, or profane, vulgar or offensive language.

39.4 When a member is addressing the council, all other members shall:

a) Remain quiet and seated;
b) Refrain from interrupting the speaker, except on a point of order or point of procedure; and
c) Refrain from carrying on a private conversation in such a manner that disturbs the speaker.

39.5 Members shall ensure that all electronic devices remain silent and do not interfere with the meeting.

40. Improper Conduct

40.1 The mayor may request that any person in the public gallery who disturbs the proceedings of council or acts improperly at a council meeting, as set out in section 37, leave or be expelled from the meeting.

40.2 The mayor may request that any delegation who addresses council improperly, as set out in section 38, leave or be expelled from the meeting.

40.3 No person shall refuse to leave a council meeting when requested to do so by the mayor.

40.4 Any person who refuses to leave when requested to do so may be removed.

40.5 If a person disturbs the proceedings of council or refuses to leave when requested to do so, the mayor may recess the meeting until the person leaves or adjourn the meeting to another day.

40.6 The mayor may direct that law enforcement officials be engaged to assist in the removal of a person in the public gallery or any delegation acting improperly.

41. Leaving the Meeting

41.1 Every member who leaves the council meeting before the meeting is over, whether intending to return to the meeting or not, shall notify the administrator.

41.2 The administrator shall make a notation in the minutes of the name of any member leaving the meeting pursuant to section 41.1, and the time the member did so.

42. Point of Order

42.1 A member may rise and ask the mayor to rule on a point of order.

42.2 When a point of order is raised, the member speaking shall immediately cease speaking until the mayor decides the point of order raised.

42.3 A point of order must be raised immediately at the time the rules of council are breached.

42.4 The member against whom a point of order is raised may be granted permission by the mayor to explain.

42.5 The mayor may consult the administrator before ruling on a point of order.

42.6 A point of order is not subject to amendment or debate.

43. Point of Privilege

43.1 A member may rise and ask the mayor to rule on a point of privilege.

43.2 After the member has stated the point of privilege, the mayor shall rule whether the matter raised is a point of privilege.

43.3 If the matter is determined to be a point of privilege, the member who raised the point of privilege shall be permitted to speak to the matter.

43.4 If the point of privilege concerns a situation, circumstance or event which arose between council meetings, the member shall raise the point of privilege immediately after adoption of the minutes of the previous council meeting.

43.5 The mayor may consult the administrator before ruling on a point of privilege.

43.6 A point of privilege is not subject to amendment or debate unless a motion regarding the point of privilege is put to council.

44. Point of Procedure

44.1 Any member may ask the mayor for an opinion on a point of procedure.

44.2 When a point of procedure is raised, the member speaking shall immediately cease speaking until the mayor responds to the inquiry.

44.3 After the member has asked the point of procedure, the mayor shall provide an opinion on the rules of procedure bearing on the matter before council.

44.4 The mayor may consult the administrator before providing an opinion on the point of procedure.

44.5 A point of procedure is not subject to amendment or debate.

44.6 The mayor's answer to a point of procedure is not a ruling and cannot be appealed to the whole of council.

45. Appeal

45.1 Whenever a member wishes to appeal any ruling of the mayor or a point of order or point of privilege to the whole of council:

a) The motion of appeal "that the decision of the chair be overruled" shall be made;
b) The member may offer a brief reason for the challenge;
c) The mayor may state the reason for the decision; and
d) Following which the question shall be put immediately without debate.

45.2 The mayor shall be governed by the vote of the majority of the members present.

45.3 A ruling of the mayor must be appealed immediately after the ruling is made or the ruling will be final.

46. Calling a Member to Order

46.1 When the mayor calls a member to order, the member shall resume their seat but may, afterwards, explain their position in making the remark for which they were called to order.

46.2 In the event that a member refuses to resume their seat when called to order, the mayor shall request the deputy mayor, or if the deputy mayor is absent or is the unruly member, any other member of council to move a resolution to remove the unruly member either:

a) For the balance of the meeting;
b) Until a time, which shall be stated in the motion *but not beyond the current meeting*; or
c) Until the member makes an apology acceptable to council for their unruly behavior, whichever shall be the shortest time.

46.3 When the majority of council votes in favour of the resolution, the mayor shall direct the unruly member to leave the council chamber, and if the member refuses to leave, the mayor may:

a) Recess the meeting until the person leaves or adjourn the meeting to another day; or
b) Direct that law enforcement officials be engaged to assist in the removal of the unruly member.

46.4 When council has directed an unruly member to leave the council chambers pursuant to subsection 46.3, and the member makes an explanation and apology adequate and satisfactory to the council, it may, by a majority vote of the remaining members present, allow the offending member to remain in their place if they have not left or been removed.

PART V – MOTIONS

47. Motions and Debate

47.1 A motion shall express fully and clearly the intent of the mover and shall not be preceded by any preamble or whereas clauses.

47.2 A motion shall not be considered unless it has been seconded.

47.3 Any member may require the motion under debate to be read at any time during the debate, but not so as to interrupt a member while speaking.

47.4 When a motion is under debate no other motion may be made, except a motion to:

a) Amend the motion;
b) Refer the motion to a council committee or administration for a report back to council;
c) Postpone the motion to a fixed date;
d) Request the motion be put to a vote;
e) Extend the time for a council meeting; or
f) Adjourn the meeting.

47.5 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this bylaw, the member who moved a motion may, with the consent of council:

a) On their own initiative while they are speaking on the same; or
b) When requested by another member speaking on the motion;

change the wording of the motion, or agree to a change proposed by another member, if the alteration does not change the intention of the motion.

47.6 Any motions allowed under subsection 47.4 shall be considered in the order in which they were moved.

48. Motion Arising

48.1 When a matter is before council, a motion arising on the same matter is permitted provided:

a) The proposed motion is related to and rises from the item which has just been considered;
b) The proposed motion does not alter in a significant way the principle embodied in the original motion; and
c) The proposed motion is made before the consideration of any other item of business at the meeting.

49. Request that Motion Be Put to Vote

49.1 A motion requesting that a motion be put to a vote shall not be moved or seconded by a member who has spoken to the original motion.

49.2 A motion requesting that a motion be put to a vote shall not be amended or debated.

49.3 If a motion requesting that a motion be put to a vote is passed by council, the original motion shall immediately be put to a vote of council without any amendment or debate.

49.4 If a motion requesting that a motion be put to a vote is not passed by council, the original question may be amended or debated.

50. Motion to Adjourn

50.1 A member may move a motion to adjourn a meeting at any time except when:

a) Another member is in possession of the floor;
b) A call for a recorded vote has been made;
c) The members are voting;
d) Council is considering a motion requesting that a motion be put to a vote; or
e) A previous motion to adjourn has been defeated and no other intermediate proceeding has taken place.

50.2 A motion to adjourn shall be decided without debate.

51. Consent Agenda

51.1 The consent agenda portion of a meeting is moved, seconded and voted upon without debate as one item regardless of the number of reports included.

51.2 If a member wishes to debate an item included in the consent motion, a request to remove the item from the consent agenda must be made before the mayor calls the question, and the item shall be removed from the consent agenda without further debate or vote.

51.3 Any items so removed shall be addressed immediately following approval of the consent agenda.

51.4 If an item is removed from the consent agenda pursuant to subsection 53.2, a person may address council on the item.

52. Motion to Move to a Closed Meeting

52.1 A member may make a motion that a council meeting move to a closed meeting.

52.2 The motion to move to a closed meeting must:

a) Be in accordance with *The Local Authority Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*;

b) Include in general terms the subject of the item(s) to be discussed; and

c) Include the reason for moving to a closed meeting.

53. Motion Contrary to Rules

53.1 The mayor may refuse to put to council a motion which, in the opinion of the mayor, is contrary to the rules and privileges of council.

54. Withdrawal of Motions

54.1 The mover and seconder of a motion may withdraw it at any time prior to a vote being taken or prior to the motion being amended.

55. Motion to Reconsider

55.1 A motion to reconsider shall apply to resolutions only, and shall not apply to bylaws passed by council.

55.2 A motion to reconsider is in order whether the original motion passed or was defeated.

55.3 A motion to reconsider may only be made at the same council meeting at which the original motion was considered.

55.4 A motion to reconsider must be moved by a member who voted on the winning side of the original motion.

55.5 When the original motion lost on a tie vote, the winning side is those who voted against the motion.

55.6 A motion to reconsider may be seconded by any member regardless how the member voted on the original motion.

55.7 A motion to reconsider is debatable only if the original motion was debatable.

55.8 A motion to reconsider cannot be amended.

55.9 A motion to reconsider shall require a majority vote of the members present at the meeting.

55.10 If a motion to reconsider is adopted, the original motion is immediately placed before council to be reconsidered.

55.11 Once a vote on a motion to reconsider has taken place, there shall be no further motion to reconsider that resolution.

56. Motion to Rescind

56.1 A motion to rescind shall apply to resolutions only and shall not apply to bylaws passed by council.

56.2 A motion to rescind is in order only when the original motion passed. No motion to rescind shall be necessary when the original motion failed.

56.3 A motion to rescind may be made at any time following the council meeting at which the original motion was voted on regardless of the time that has elapsed since the original vote was taken.

56.4 A motion to rescind may be moved and seconded by any council member regardless how they voted on the original motion.

56.5 A motion to rescind is debatable.

56.6 A motion to rescind may be amended.

56.7 A motion to rescind shall, in all cases, require a majority vote of all council members to pass.

56.8 A motion cannot be rescinded:

a) When the making or calling up of a motion to reconsider is in order;
b) When action on the motion has been carried out in a way that cannot be undone; or
c) When a resignation has been accepted or actions electing or expelling a person for/from membership or office have been taken.

57. Motion to Postpone

57.1 Where a majority of all members decide to postpone a motion to a fixed date, the motion cannot be considered by council until the fixed date.

57.2 Notwithstanding subsection 59.1, council may consider a postponed motion before the fixed date if a majority of members agree that the motion may be considered before that date.

57.3 The only amendment allowed to a motion to postpone to a fixed date is to change the date.

58. Motion to Refer

58.1 A motion to refer a matter shall not be amended or debated except with respect to the conditions of the referral or the time required to carry out the review.

58.2 A member making a referral motion generally should include in the motion:

a) The terms on which the motion is being referred; and
b) The time when the matter is to be returned.

59. Debate on Motion

59.1 No member shall speak more than once to a motion until each member has been provided an opportunity to speak on the motion except to explain a material part of their speech which may have been misquoted or misunderstood.

59.2 The mover of the motion shall be given the first opportunity to speak.
59.3 The mover of the motion shall be allowed a reply at the conclusion of the debate.

60. Legal Advice

60.1 Where a majority of the members present at a council meeting wish to receive legal advice in private, council may recess for a period of time sufficient to receive legal advice.

61. Voting of Council

61.1 A member attending a council meeting shall vote on a matter before council unless the member is required to abstain from voting pursuant to the Act or any other act.
61.2 If a member is not required to abstain from voting on a matter before council pursuant to subsection 63.1 and abstains from voting, the council member is deemed to have voted in the negative.
61.3 The administrator shall ensure that each abstention is recorded in the minutes of the meeting.
61.4 The mayor shall vote with the other members on all questions.

62. Majority Decision

62.1 Unless a greater percentage of votes is required by any provision of this bylaw, at every council meeting, all questions are to be decided by a majority vote of the members present.

63. Recorded Vote

63.1 Before a vote is taken by council, a member may request that the vote be recorded.
63.2 If a vote is recorded, the minutes must show the names of the members present and whether each voted for or against the motion or abstained.

64. Tied Vote

64.1 If there are an equal number of votes for and against a motion or bylaw, the motion or bylaw is defeated.

PART VI – COUNCIL COMMITTEES

65. Procedures for Appointments and Terms

65.1 Annually, council shall review appointments to council committees.
65.2 Appointments to council committees shall be for a two-year term beginning on January 1st and ending December 31st of the following year.
65.3 Notwithstanding subsection 67.2 in a general election year, the term of appointment shall be reduced to coincide with the day of election.
65.4 Appointees may be reappointed from term to term to a maximum of two terms on one particular council committee.
65.5 A member of any council shall only be appointed to a maximum of two council committees at one time.

65.6 The administrator shall advise council of any council committee members absent for more than two meetings within a calendar year and request that a written warning be forwarded to the member. As well, if the member misses three meetings within a calendar year council shall be advised to decide if the member should be removed from the council committee.

65.7 Council may in its discretion revoke the membership of any individual who has been appointed to a council committee.

66. Council Committee Procedures

66.1 Council may from time to time establish a council committee in response to specific issues requiring immediate or long-term attention.

66.2 The membership and jurisdiction of a council committee shall be provided for in the enabling legislation or as directed by council.

66.3 The mayor is an ex-officio voting member of all council committees established by council pursuant to the Act unless council provides otherwise, and when in attendance, possesses all the rights, privileges, powers and duties of other members whether elected or appointed.

66.4 The mayor's attendance shall not, however, be included for the purpose of determining a quorum.

66.5 Municipal administration shall act only in an advisory capacity to council committees and shall not be considered voting members or have any voting privileges in respect to participation on any council committee.

66.6 The chair of all council committees established by council shall be designated by council unless council directs otherwise.

66.7 All councillors may attend the meetings of council committees established pursuant to the Act and may take part in the proceedings of the same except that non-appointed councillors shall not have a vote.

66.8 Each council committee shall meet as soon as possible after it has been appointed and where a chair has not been appointed by council, members of that council committee shall select a chair and vice-chair, and if required, decide the day and time for holding its regular meetings.

66.9 The chair shall preside at every meeting, participate in the debate and vote on all motions.

66.10 In the absence of the chair, the vice-chair shall preside, and in the absence of both the chair and the vice-chair, one of the other members of the council committee shall be elected to preside and shall discharge the duties of the chair during the meeting or until the arrival of the chair or vice-chair.

66.11 An act or proceeding of a council committee is not effective unless it is authorized or adopted by a resolution at a duly constituted public council committee meeting.

66.12 The public has the right to be present at council committee meetings that are conducted in public unless the chair expels a person for improper conduct.

66.13 Subject to subsection 68.14, council committees shall conduct all council committee meetings in public.

66.14 Council committees may close all or part of the meeting if the matter to be discussed is within one of the exemptions in Part III of *The Local Authority Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*.

66.15 Notice of regularly scheduled council committee meetings is not required to be given.

66.16 If a council committee changes the date, time or place of a regularly scheduled meeting, the administrator shall give at least 24 hours' notice of the change to:

a) Any members of the council committee not present at the meeting at which the change was made; and
b) The public.

66.17 Notwithstanding subsection 68.16, a council committee meeting may be held with less than 24 hours' notice to all members and without notice to the public if all council committee members agree to do so in writing immediately before the beginning of the meeting.

66.18 The consent to waive notice of a change in date, time or place of a meeting pursuant to subsection 68.17 may be given in person or by facsimile, electronic mail and other similar means.

66.19 If a council committee cancels its regularly scheduled meeting, the administrator shall give at least 24 hours' notice of the change to:

a) All members not present at the meeting at which the decision to cancel was made; and
b) The public.

66.20 The administrator shall call a special meeting of a committee whenever requested to do so in writing by the chair or by a majority of the council committee members in the same manner as set out in subsection 68.16.

66.21 For council committees operating without a regularly scheduled meeting, it shall be the duty of the chair, or in the chair's absence, the administrator to call a meeting of the council committee whenever requested in writing to do so by a majority of the committee.

66.22 The business of council committees shall be conducted in accordance with the rules governing the procedures of council or as otherwise established by council for the council committee or established by the council committee.

66.23 Council committees may at its discretion hold its meetings electronically in accordance with subsection 8 of this bylaw.

66.24 Each council committee whom the administrator does not provide services to will recommend to the administrator the appointment of a secretary, who will be responsible for:

a) Tracking the attendance of council committee members;
b) Preparing meeting agendas and minutes; and
c) Reporting the council committee's decisions to council.

66.25 When a person or a group of persons wishes to bring any matter to the attention of a council committee or appear as a delegation, a communication shall be addressed to the administrator and will be subject to the requirements set out in sections 22 to 26 of this bylaw.

66.26 Upon receipt of such communication, the administrator shall place the communication on the agenda of the next meeting of the council committee for its consideration.

66.27 All submissions to council committees must be received by the administrator within the established deadlines, usually four business days prior to the meeting.

66.28 Any reporting to council committees shall be provided through the administrator.

66.29 Any notice respecting a council committee meeting is deemed to have been given to a member if the notice is:

a) Delivered personally;

b) Left at the usual place of business or residence of the member; or
c) At the request of the member, provided or sent according to the member's contact information.

66.30 Notice to the public of a council committee meeting as required by subsections 68.16 to 68.19 is sufficient if the notice is posted at the municipal office or on the municipality's website or given in any other manner specified by council, by bylaw, as the means by which public notice in such cases is to be provided.

66.31 Any unfinished business remaining at the time of the adjournment shall be considered at the next regular meeting of the council committee or at a special meeting called for that purpose.

66.32 The administrator, or secretary as per subsection 68.24, shall record the minutes without note or comment.

66.33 The minutes of the council committee shall be distributed to each member at least 24 hours before the next council committee meeting for consideration.

66.34 After the minutes have received approval of a majority of the members present, they shall be signed by the presiding member and administrator or secretary. Once signed, the administrator shall present the original minutes to council and provide for the safekeeping of the minutes.

66.35 All minutes, once approved, shall be open for inspection by the public.

66.36 No member shall release or otherwise make public any information considered at a closed council committee meeting including discussion of the content of such a meeting.

66.37 Every council committee shall report to council and no action of any council committee shall be binding on the municipality unless:

a) Power to take such action is expressly conferred on the council committee by legislation, bylaw or resolution of council; or
b) Council has considered the report of the council committee and if adopted, shall become the resolve of council.

66.38 The conduct of delegations or the public at council committee meetings, which they are entitled to attend, shall be subject to the requirements as set out in sections 37 and 38 of this bylaw.

66.39 The conduct of council committee members shall be subject to the requirements as set out in section 39 of this bylaw.

66.40 The chair may request any individual to be expelled from a meeting in accordance with the guidelines as set out in section 40 of this bylaw.

PART VII – OTHER BODIES

67. Procedure for Appointments

67.1 The administrator shall utilize the following procedure for appointments to other bodies:

a) Prior to November 1st, by advertisement, invite submissions from the public for appointments to which council is entitled to make for the ensuing term;

b) Prior to November 1st, invite submissions from members of council for appointments to which council is entitled to make for the ensuing term;
c) Obtain information from the various other bodies that council is entitled to make appointments to for the ensuing term regarding the dates and times of their regular meetings and the attendance by council-appointed representatives in the previous term; and
d) Compile all applications received and provide the compiled applications to council for appointment consideration.

68. Terms

68.1 Appointments to other bodies shall be for a two-year term beginning on January 1st to December 31st of the following year.
68.2 Notwithstanding subsection 70.1, in a general election year, the term of appointments of council members shall be reduced to coincide with the day of the election.
68.3 Council appointees may be reappointed from term to term to a maximum of two terms on one particular other body.
68.4 A member, excluding members of council, shall only be appointed to a maximum of two other bodies at one time.
68.5 The administrator or secretary shall advise council of any members absent for more than two meetings within a calendar year and request that a written warning be forwarded to the member. As well, if the member misses three meetings within a calendar year, council shall be advised to decide if the member should be removed from the other body.
68.6 Council may in its discretion revoke the membership of any individual who has been appointed to an other body.

69. Other Body Procedures

69.1 Council may from time to time establish other bodies in response to specific issues requiring immediate or long-term attention.
69.2 The membership and jurisdiction of other bodies shall be as provided for in the enabling legislation or as directed by council.
69.3 The mayor is an ex-officio voting member of all other bodies established by council pursuant to the Act unless council provides otherwise, and when in attendance, possesses all the rights, privileges, powers and duties of other members whether elected or appointed.
69.4 The mayor's attendance shall not, however, be included for the purpose of determining a quorum.
69.5 Municipal administration shall act only in an advisory capacity to other bodies and shall not be considered voting members or have any voting privileges.
69.6 The chair of all other bodies established by council shall be designated by council unless council directs otherwise.
69.7 All councillors may attend the meetings of other bodies established pursuant to the Act and may take part in the proceedings of the same except that non-appointed councillors shall not have a vote.
69.8 Each other body shall meet as soon as possible after it has been appointed and where a chair has not been appointed by council, members of that other body shall select a chair and vice-chair, and if required, decide the day and time for holding its regular meetings.
69.9 The chair shall preside at every meeting, participate in the debate and vote on all motions.

69.10 In the absence of the chair, the vice-chair shall preside, and in the absence of both the chair and the vice-chair, one of the other members shall be elected to preside and shall discharge the duties of the chair during the meeting or until the arrival of the chair or vice-chair.

69.11 An act or proceeding of an other body is not effective unless it is authorized or adopted by a resolution at a duly constituted public other body meeting.

69.12 The public has the right to be present at other bodies' meetings that are conducted in public unless the chair expels a person for improper conduct.

69.13 Subject to subsection 71.14, other bodies shall conduct all meetings in public.

69.14 Other bodies may close all or part of the meeting if the matter to be discussed is within one of the exemptions in Part III of *The Local Authority Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*.

69.15 Notice of regularly scheduled meetings is not required to be given.

69.16 If an other body changes the date, time or place of a regularly scheduled meeting, the secretary shall give at least 24 hours' notice of the change to:

a) Any members not present at the meeting at which the change was made; and
b) The public.

69.17 Notwithstanding subsection 71.16, a meeting may be held with less than 24 hours' notice to all members and without notice to the public if all members agree to do so in writing immediately before the beginning of the meeting.

69.18 The consent to waive notice of a change in date, time or place of a meeting pursuant to subsection 71.17 may be given in person or by facsimile, electronic mail and other similar means.

69.19 If an other body cancels its regularly scheduled meeting, the secretary shall give at least 24 hours' notice of the change to:

a) All members not present at the meeting at which the decision to cancel was made; and
b) The public.

69.20 The secretary shall call a special meeting whenever requested to do so in writing by the chair or by a majority of the members in the same manner as set out in subsection 71.17.

69.21 For other bodies operating without regularly scheduled meetings, it shall be the duty of the chair, or in the chair's absence, the secretary to call a meeting whenever requested in writing to do so by a majority of the members.

69.22 The business of other bodies shall be conducted in accordance with the rules governing the procedure of council or as otherwise established by council for the other body or established by the other body.

69.23 Other bodies may at its discretion hold its meetings electronically in accordance with clause 8 of this bylaw.

69.24 Each other body whom the administrator does not provide services to will recommend to the administrator the appointment of a secretary, who will be responsible for:

a) Tracking the attendance;
b) Preparing meeting agendas and minutes; and
c) Reporting the committee's decisions to council.

69.25 When a person or a group of persons wishes to bring any matter to the attention of an other body or appear as a delegation, a communication shall be addressed to the

administrator or the secretary and will be subject to the requirements set out in sections 22 to 26 of this bylaw.

69.26 Upon receipt of such communication, the administrator or secretary shall place the communication on the agenda of the next meeting of the other body for its consideration.

69.27 All submissions to the other body must be received by the administrator or secretary within the established deadlines, usually four business days prior to the meeting.

69.28 Reporting to other bodies shall be provided through the administrator or the secretary.

69.29 Any notice respecting other bodies' meetings is deemed to have been given to a member if the notice is:

a) Delivered personally;
b) Left at the usual place of business or residence of the member; or
c) At the request of the member, provided or sent according to the member's contact information.

69.30 Notice to the public of a meeting as required by subsections 71.16 to 71.19 is sufficient if the notice is posted at the municipal office or on the municipality's website or given in any other manner specified by council, through bylaw, as the means that public notice in such cases is to be provided.

69.31 Any unfinished business remaining at the time of the adjournment shall be considered at the next regular meeting or at a special meeting called for that purpose.

69.32 The secretary shall record the minutes without note or comment.

69.33 The minutes of the other body shall be distributed to each member at least 24 hours before the next meeting for consideration.

69.34 After the minutes have received approval of a majority of the members present, they shall be signed by the presiding member and secretary. Once signed, the original minutes shall be forwarded to the administrator for presentation to council and for safekeeping.

69.35 All minutes, once approved, shall be open for inspection by the public.

69.36 No member shall release or otherwise make public any information considered at a closed meeting, including discussion of the content of such a meeting, with persons other than with members of council or with civic staff who are privy to that information:

a) Unless authorized by council; or
b) Until the matter is included on a public agenda of council.

69.37 Every other body shall report to council and no action of any other body shall be binding on the municipality unless:

a) Power to take such action is expressly conferred on the other body by legislation, bylaw or resolution of council; or
b) Council has considered the report and, if adopted, shall become the resolve of council.

69.38 The conduct of delegations or the public at other body meetings, which they are entitled to attend, shall be subject to the requirements as set out in sections 37 and 38 of this bylaw.

69.39 The conduct of members shall be subject to the requirements as set out in section 39 of this bylaw.

69.40 The chair may request any individual to be expelled from a meeting in accordance with the guidelines as set out in section 40 of this bylaw.

PART VII – MISCELLANEOUS

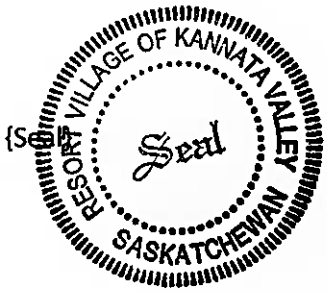
70. Repeal of Bylaws

70.1 Bylaw No. 89 and all amendments are hereby repealed.

71. Coming into Force

71.1 This bylaw shall come into force and take effect upon date of adoption by Council.

{Seal}



Mayor, Dustin Plett

CAO, Shannon Ulsifer

Section 81.1 *of The Municipalities Act*

Read a first time this 16th day of JULY, 2025

Read a second time this 20th day of AUGUST, 2025

Read a third time and adopted this 17th day of SEPTEMBER, 2025

Certified a true copy of Bylaw No. 02-2025
Passed by resolution of Council on the
17th day of SEPTEMBER

Chief Administrative Officer
Shannon Ulsifer

Bylaw No. 01-2024
Form 1 – Request for a Special Meeting

Date: _____
To: _____, CAO, Resort Village of Kannata Valley

Pursuant to section 123 of the *Act*, I / we hereby request you to call a special meeting of the council of the Resort Village of Kannata Valley to discuss the following matter(s):

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

Meeting Details:

Location: _____

Date: _____

Time: _____

Dated this _____ day of _____, 20_____.

SIGNED:

Name: _____

Name: _____

Name: _____

Name: _____

_____
Office Use Only:
|__| Members provided notice pursuant to subsection 124(1) of the *Act*

|__| Notice not provided pursuant to subsection 123(3) of the *Act*

Bylaw No. 01-2024
Form 2 – Request for Method of Providing Notice

Date: _____

To: _____, CAO, Resort Village of Kannata Valley

From: _____ *(Name of council member)*

Pursuant to clause 124(1)(c) of the Act, I hereby request notice of council or committee meetings be provided to me by the alternate means:

(Check one of the following)

[__] By regular mail to: _____

[__] By telephone or voice mail to: _____

[__] By facsimile to: _____

[__] By email to: _____

This request remains in force until the end of my current term of office unless sooner revoked by me in writing.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 20_____.

_____
(Signature of member)