



Cowasjee's Singular Surgery: **How European Surgeons Learnt About Nose Jobs From** A Pune Potter In 1793!



Before plastic surgery became a billion-dollar industry, a potter in Pune rebuilt a man's nose using skin from his forehead, back in 1793. That one surgery taught Europe how nose jobs are really done.



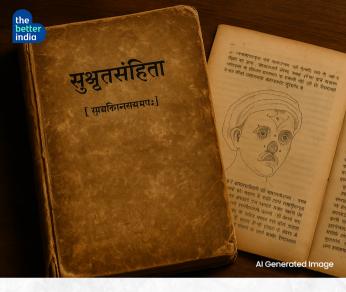
Cowasjee, a bullock cart driver for the British Army, was captured by Tipu Sultan during the Third Anglo-Mysore War. As punishment for aiding the enemy, Tipu had Cowasjee's nose and hands cut off.



He survived, but lived with half a face. For 12 months, he breathed through humiliation until an ordinary potter reshaped his fate.



Using skin from Cowasjee's forehead, the potter stitched a new nose with anesthesia. Just bare hands, steady skill, and ancient science.



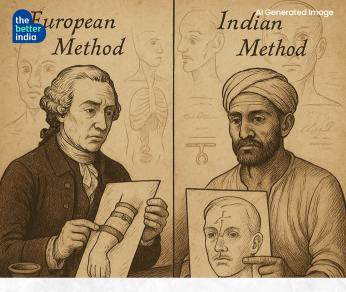
But how did a potter become a surgeon? Because in ancient India, medicine wasn't just for the elite. It was passed through hands, through families, through time. The technique came from the Sushruta Samhita India's 2,000-year-old surgical text.



Two British medical personnel, who witnessed the surgery, took the story back to England. They couldn't believe their eyes.



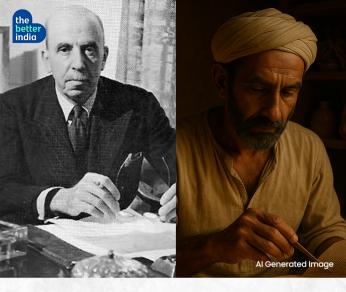
In 1794, The Gentleman's Magazine in London published Cowasjee's case with illustrations. Europe was stunned. Surgeons now had a name for it: the "Indian Method."



Before this, Europeans would graft skin from the arm and strap it to the face for weeks. It was often botched and without a guarantee. But India's method was precise, fast, and revolutionary.



By 1814, British surgeon Dr. Joseph Carpue managed to replicate the "Indian Method" in London. And that is how modern plastic surgery in the West began.



Today, the world knows Sir Harold Delf Gillies as the father of modern plastic surgery. But the potter? He was simply called a potter from Maratha. No name. No credit. No legacy.



So the next time someone says plastic surgery is a Western marvel, tell them about the nameless Indian potter who changed the face of surgery forever.