Black Physicians of Canada

BY-LAW NO. 2024-1

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Black Physicians of Canada

BY-LAW NO. 2024-1

1. INTERPRETATION

1.1. Meaning of Words

In this By-Law and all other By-Laws, resolutions and Board Regulations of the Corporation, unless otherwise defined:

- (a) "Act" means the *Canada Not-for-profit Corporations Act*, S.C. 2009, c.23, including the Government Regulations made pursuant to the Act, and any statute or regulations that may be substituted, as amended from time to time;
- (b) "Active Members" has the meaning set out in section 2.01(a), and includes Honorary Members;
- (c) "Annual Business" shall include: consideration of the financial statements; consideration of the audit engagement or review engagement report, if any; election of Directors; appointment of the incumbent Public Accountant and fixing or authorizing the Board to fix their remuneration;
- (d) "Annual Meeting" means an annual meeting of Members as provided in section 7.01;
- (e) "Articles" means any document or instrument that incorporates the Corporation or modifies its incorporating document or instrument, including articles of incorporation, restated articles of incorporation, articles of amendment, articles of amalgamation, articles of arrangement, articles of continuance, articles of dissolution, articles of reorganization, articles of revival, letters patent, supplementary letters patent or a special act;
- (f) "Associate" means a person who has become an Associate in accordance with section 5;
- (g) "Board" means the Directors of the Corporation from time to time;
- (h) "Board Regulation" means a regulation passed by the Board in accordance with Article 8;
- (i) "By-Law" means this by-law and any other by-law of the Corporation that may be in force;
- (j) "Committee" means a Standing Committee or Ad Hoc Committee established from time to time by the Board pursuant to section 10;
- (k) "Corporation" means *Black Physicians of Canada*;
- (I) "Director" means a member of the Board;
- (m) "Executive Committee" means the Executive Committee established by the Board pursuant to Article 11;
- (n) "Founders" means those individuals identified in the records of the Corporation as having established the Corporation;
- (o) "good standing" means the membership of a Member has not been suspended and the membership dues are not in arrears;
- (p) "Government Regulations" means the regulations made under the Act as amended, restated or in effect from time to time;
- (q) "Honorary Members" has the meaning set out in section 2.01(b);

- (r) "Ineligible Individual" has the meaning in section 149.1 of the *Income Tax Act* (Canada), as amended from time to time;¹
- (s) "Medical Student Representative" means that individual who is enrolled as a student in the faculty of medicine at an accredited Canadian post-secondary institution and who has applied for and been admitted by the Board as the Medical Student Representative for a one (1) year term, expiring at the commencement of the Annual Meeting of Members following their admission as the Medical Student Representative;
- (t) "Member" means a person who has become a Member in accordance with section 2.01;
- (u) "Officer" means an officer elected or appointed pursuant to Article 8 or by Board Regulation;
- (v) "Ordinary Resolution" means a resolution passed by a majority of the votes cast on that resolution;
- (w) "Protected Person" means each person acting or having previously acted in the capacity of a Director, Officer or any other capacity at the request of or on behalf of the Corporation, and includes the respective heirs, executors and administrators, estate, successors and assigns of a person, who:

¹ As of June 29, 2021, section 149.1 of the *Income Tax Act* defines "ineligible individual" as follows:

"ineligible individual", at any time, means an individual who has been

(a) convicted of a relevant criminal offence unless it is a conviction for which

- (i) a pardon has been granted and the pardon has not been revoked or ceased to have effect, or
- (ii) a record suspension has been ordered under the *Criminal Records Act* and the record suspension has not been revoked or ceased to have effect,
- (b) convicted of a relevant offence in the five-year period preceding that time,

(c) a director, trustee, officer or like official of a registered charity or a registered Canadian amateur athletic association during a period in which the charity or association engaged in conduct that can reasonably be considered to have constituted a serious breach of the requirements for registration under this Act and for which the registration of the charity or association was revoked in the five-year period preceding that time,

(d) an individual who controlled or managed, directly or indirectly, in any manner whatever, a registered charity or a registered Canadian amateur athletic association during a period in which the charity or association engaged in conduct that can reasonably be considered to have constituted a serious breach of the requirements for registration under this Act and for which its registration was revoked in the five-year period preceding that time,

(e) a promoter in respect of a tax shelter that involved a registered charity or a registered Canadian amateur athletic association, the registration of which was revoked in the five-year period preceding that time for reasons that included or were related to participation in the tax shelter,

(f) a listed terrorist entity, or a member of a listed terrorist entity,

(g) a director, trustee, officer or like official of a listed terrorist entity during a period in which that entity supported or engaged in terrorist activities, including a period prior to the date on which the entity became a listed terrorist entity, or

(h) an individual who controlled or managed, directly or indirectly, in any manner whatever, a listed terrorist entity during a period in which that entity supported or engaged in terrorist activities, including a period prior to the date on which the entity became a listed terrorist entity.

- (i) is a Director of the Corporation;
- (ii) is an Officer of the Corporation;
- (iii) is a member of a committee of the Corporation; or
- (iv) has undertaken, or, with the direction of the Corporation is about to undertake, any liability on behalf of the Corporation or any body corporate controlled by the Corporation, whether in the person's personal capacity or as a Director, Officer, employee or volunteer of the Corporation or such body corporate;
- (x) "Public Accountant" means the public accountant of the Corporation appointed pursuant to Article 17;
- (y) "Special Business" includes all business transacted at a Special Meeting and all business transacted at an Annual Meeting, other than Annual Business;
- (z) "Special Members" has the meaning set out in section 0;
- (aa) "Special Meeting" includes any meeting of Members that is not an Annual Meeting;
- (bb) "Special Resolution" means a resolution passed by a majority of not less than twothirds (2/3rds) of the votes cast on the resolution; and
- (cc) "Written Resolution" means a resolution in writing signed by all the Directors or Members entitled to vote on that resolution at a meeting of the Board or the Members, as the case may be, and which is valid as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board or Members.

2. <u>MEMBERSHIP</u>

2.1. <u>Composition</u>

Subject to the Articles, membership in the Corporation shall consist of one (1) class of membership, comprised of the following categories:

- (a) **Active Members**, which shall consist of:
 - (i) individuals who have applied for and are admitted as Active Members by Ordinary Resolution of the Directors or in such other manner as may be determined by the Board from time to time, and are in good standing in accordance with this By-Law and the then-current policies of the Corporation. The following individuals shall be eligible for admission as Active Members:
 - (A) Canadian-licensed physicians;
 - (B) Canadian-based physician trainees (residents or fellows);
 - (C) retired physicians or those granted emeritus status; or
 - (D) non-physician members of the Board.
- (b) Honorary Members, which shall consist of the Founders as well as those individuals who have been admitted as such by the Board from time to time and who fall into one of the following categories:
 - (i) Past Presidents of the Corporation;
 - An individual who has been a practicing physician in Canada for at least thirty-five (35) years and a Member of the Corporation for not less than fifteen (15) consecutive years; or
 - (iii) any other individual whom the Board recognizes has made a significant contribution to the Corporation and/or the medical field in Canada.

2.2. <u>Term of Membership</u>

Except for Honorary Members, the term of membership for each Member shall be one (1) year, subject to renewal in accordance with the then-current policies of the Corporation.

2.3. Members' Rights and Voting

Each Member in good standing shall be entitled to receive notice of, attend and vote on all matters brought before the Members.

2.4. <u>Members' Rights</u>

Subject to section 2.03, each Member shall be entitled to receive notice of, attend and vote at all meetings of the Members of the Corporation.

2.5. Discipline of Members

- (a) The Board shall have authority to suspend or expel any Member from the Corporation for any one (1) or more of the following grounds:
 - (i) violating any provision of the Articles, By-Laws, or written policies of the Corporation;
 - (ii) carrying out any conduct which may be detrimental to the Corporation as determined by the Board in its sole discretion; or
 - (iii) for any other reason that the Board, in its sole and absolute discretion, considers to be reasonable, having regard to the purposes of the Corporation.
- (b) In the event the Board determines that a Member should be expelled or suspended from membership in the Corporation, the President, or such other Officer as may be designated by the Board, shall provide twenty (20) days' notice of suspension or expulsion to the Member and shall provide reasons for the proposed suspension or expulsion. The Member may make written submissions to the Board, or such Officer as may be designated by the Board before the end of the twenty (20) day period.
- (c) In the event that no written submissions are received, the Board, or such Officer as may be designated by the Board, may proceed to notify the Member that the Member is suspended or expelled from membership in the Corporation. If written submissions are received in accordance with this section 2.05, the Board will consider such submissions in arriving at a final decision and shall notify the Member concerning such final decision within a further twenty (20) days from the date of receipt of the submissions. The Board's decision shall be final and binding on the Member, without any further right of appeal.

2.6. <u>Termination of Membership</u>

Membership in the Corporation automatically terminates upon the occurrence of any of the following events:

- (a) the resignation in writing of a Member of the Corporation;
- (b) the death of a Member;
- (c) the expiration of a Member's term of membership;
- (d) the expulsion of a Member from the Corporation in accordance with section 2.05;
- (e) the liquidation or dissolution of the Corporation under the Act; or
- (f) the cessation of membership for failure to pay membership dues as provided in section 2.07.

2.7. <u>Membership Dues</u>

- (a) Members shall be notified in writing of the membership dues at any time payable by them and, if any are not paid within one (1) calendar month of the membership renewal date, the Members in default shall automatically cease to be Members of the Corporation. Membership dues shall be as set by the Board from time to time.
- (b) Notwithstanding termination of membership, a former Member remains liable for any assessment levied under the authority of this section 2.07 prior to termination of the membership.

2.8. <u>No Compensation for Members</u>

A Member shall not be entitled to any compensation upon termination of membership.

3. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

3.1. <u>Board</u>

Immediately following confirmation of this By-Law by the Members and subject to section 4.06, the Board shall be composed of thirteen (13) Directors. The Members thereafter delegate to the Board the right to fix the number of Directors of the Corporation, provided that the number of Directors shall not be less than the minimum or more than the maximum number of Directors set out in the Articles.

3.2. <u>Qualifications</u>

Each Director shall:

- (a) be an individual who is at least eighteen (18) years of age;
- (b) not have the status of a bankrupt;
- (c) not be a person who has been declared incapable by a court in Canada or elsewhere;
- (d) be, at the time of their appointment/election, and remain throughout their term of office, a Member in good standing;
- (e) have attended at least one (1) Annual Meeting within the past two (2) fiscal years; and
- (f) not be an Ineligible Individual who has made disclosure to the Board as required by section 3.03, unless that person has received approval of the Board to remain a Director within thirty (30) days after such disclosure is made.

If a person ceases to be qualified as provided in this section 3.02, the person thereupon ceases to be a Director and the vacancy so created may be filled in the manner prescribed by section 3.05.

3.3. Duty to Disclose

Every Director or Officer who is or becomes an Ineligible Individual shall disclose such fact to the Board immediately upon learning that he or she has become an Ineligible Individual. Upon such disclosure being made, the Board may approve of the Ineligible Individual remaining as a Director or Officer.² If the Director or Officer is not approved, the Director or Officer will be deemed to be no longer qualified pursuant to section 3.02 and will immediately cease to be a Director. The resulting vacancy may be filled in the manner prescribed in section 3.05.

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² The CRA may revoke the registration of a charity with an Ineligible Individual as a Director.

3.4. Removal of Directors

- (a) The Active Members may by Ordinary Resolution remove a Director from office at a Special Meeting called for that purpose before expiration of the Director's term of office and may elect a person to replace the removed Director for the remainder of the term of office.
- (b) Where the Active Members do not fill the vacancy created by the removal of a Director, the vacancy may be filled in accordance with section 3.05.

3.5. <u>Vacancies</u>

- (a) Except as provided in the Act, so long as a quorum of the Directors remains in office, a vacancy on the Board may be filled by Ordinary Resolution of the Directors of the Corporation for the balance of the term vacated. If no quorum of Directors exists, the remaining Directors shall call a Special Meeting to fill a vacancy on the Board.
- (b) The Directors may not fill a vacancy resulting from an increase in the number or the minimum or maximum number of Directors provided for in the Articles or a failure to elect the number or minimum number of Directors provided for in the Articles.

3.6. Resignation of Directors

A Director may resign as a Director of the Corporation by submitting a formal written resignation to the Secretary, which resignation shall be effective at the time it is received by the Secretary or at the time specified in the notice, whichever is later.

3.7. <u>Remuneration of Directors</u>

The Directors of the Corporation shall serve as such without remuneration. Directors shall, however, be entitled to receive reimbursement for reasonable expenses incurred in carrying out their duties on behalf of the Corporation.

4. <u>ELECTION OF THE BOARD</u>

4.1. <u>Election of Directors</u>

Subject to the provisions of the Act and Articles, Directors shall be elected by the Members.

4.2. <u>Election in Rotation</u>

At the second meeting of Members called to elect Directors after the passage of this By-Law, the Board shall be elected in the following manner:

- (a) Six (6) Directors shall be elected for a term of two (2) years; and
- (b) Seven (7) Directors shall be elected for a term of one (1) year.

Subsequently, the office of any Director whose term of office has expired shall then be filled by election for the term set out in section 4.03.

4.3. <u>Term of Office</u>

The term of office of a Director shall be two (2) years, to expire at the second (2nd) Annual Meeting following election, or, if no successor is elected at the Annual Meeting, to expire when a successor is elected.

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4.4. <u>Re-Election</u>

A Director is eligible for election for two (2) consecutive full terms, and afterwards is not eligible for re-election until a period of eleven (11) months has elapsed from the date such person ceases to be a Director. Notwithstanding the foregoing a Director who is also a Founder shall be eligible to serve for up to four (4) consecutive full terms.

4.5. <u>Elections</u>

At each Annual Meeting, a number of Directors equal to the number of Directors retiring plus any vacancies then outstanding shall be elected.

4.6. <u>Nominations</u>

Subject to section 4.04, candidates for the office of Director shall include a person whose name is put in nomination by the Active Members at any time before nominations are closed at the meeting of Members at which the election of Directors is held, provided that the Board shall at all times include:

- (a) at least one (1) of the Founders; and
- (b) at least one (1) Associate.

There shall be no nominations from the floor.

4.7. <u>Forms</u>

The Board may prescribe the form of nomination paper and the form of a ballot.

5. ASSOCIATES

5.1. <u>Composition</u>

Individuals meeting the following criteria may apply for and be admitted as Associates of the Corporation by Ordinary Resolution of the Directors or in such other manner as may be determined by the Board from time to time:

- (a) Students enrolled in the faculty of medicine at an accredited Canadian post-secondary institution;
- (b) non-physician health professionals;
- (c) non-health professionals, interested in furthering the Corporation's purposes; or
- (d) physicians working outside of Canada.

5.2. <u>Associates' Rights</u>

Associates shall have the rights and privileges in the Corporation set out in this By-Law and as provided to them by the Board from time to time. For greater certainty Associates are not Members of the Corporation and have no voting rights in the Corporation.

6. MEETING OF DIRECTORS

6.1. Calling Meetings

Meetings of the Board may be called by a Director who is a Founder, the Chair of the Board, the President, the President-Elect, the Vice-President, the Secretary or any two (2) Directors and shall be held at the place specified in the notice. Meeting Following Annual Meeting

6.2. Meeting Following Annual Meeting

The Board shall hold a meeting as soon as reasonably possible following the Annual Meeting of the Members for the purpose of the election and appointment of Officers and the transaction of any other business, and no notice shall be required for this meeting.

6.3. <u>Regular Meetings</u>

The Board may appoint one (1) or more days in each year for regular meetings of the Board at a set place and time. A copy of any resolution of the Board fixing the place and time of such regular meetings of the Board shall be sent to each Director as soon as possible after being passed, but no further notice shall be required for any such regular meeting except as may be required pursuant to the Act.

6.4. Notice of Meetings

Subject to the provisions of sections 6.02, 6.03 and 18.05, notice of the time, place and date of any meeting of the Directors and the nature of the business to be conducted shall be given to those individuals listed in section 6.06:

- (a) by courier, personal delivery, telephone, fax, e-mail or other electronic method at least two (2) days before the meeting is to take place, excluding the date on which notice is given; or
- (b) by mail at least ten (10) days before the meeting is to take place, excluding the date on which notice is given.

6.5. <u>Meetings by Electronic Conference</u>

- (a) A Director may participate in a meeting of the Board by means of an electronic or other communication device that permits all participants to communicate adequately with each other during the meeting. Any person participating by electronic conference is deemed to be present at that meeting. Any security, confidentiality or other considerations with respect to the conduct of such a meeting shall be as determined by the Board from time to time.
- (b) The Chair of the Board, the President, or the Secretary may call a meeting of the Board and provide that the meeting be held entirely by telephone or electronic means that permits all participants to communicate adequately with each other during the meeting.

6.6. <u>Those Entitled to be Present</u>

The only persons entitled to be present at a meeting of Directors shall be:

- (g) those entitled to vote at the meeting;
- (h) the Executive Director, if any;
- (i) the Immediate Past President; and
- (j) the Medical Student Representative.

Any other person may be admitted only on the invitation of the chair of the meeting or by Ordinary Resolution of the Directors.

6.7. <u>Quorum</u>

A quorum for the transaction of business at meetings of the Board shall be at least a majority of the Directors, provided that at least (2) Directors are also Officers of the Corporation.

6.8. <u>Voting</u>

The method of voting at any meeting of the Board shall be determined by the chair of the meeting prior to any vote being taken. Each Director shall have one (1) vote on each question raised at any meeting of the Board, and all questions shall be determined by a majority of the votes cast. In the case of an equality of votes, the vote shall be deemed to have been lost.

6.9. <u>Written Resolutions</u>

A Written Resolution signed by all the Directors entitled to vote on that resolution is valid.

6.10. Language of Board Meeting

Meeting of the Board shall be conducted in English and minutes produced in respect of a Board meeting shall be prepared in English, provided that the minutes of any Board meeting may be transcribed to French upon request of any Director.

6.11. <u>Adjournments</u>

Any meeting of Directors may be adjourned to any time. Any business that might have been transacted at the original meeting from which the adjournment took place may be transacted upon the resumption of the adjourned meeting. No notice is required for the resumption of any adjourned meeting if the time and place of the adjourned meeting is announced at the original meeting.

7. <u>MEETINGS OF THE MEMBERS</u>

7.1. Annual Meeting

- (a) An Annual Meeting shall be held within Canada unless a place outside Canada is specified in the Articles or all Members entitled to vote at the meeting consent to holding the Annual Meeting at a place outside Canada, determined by the Board, for the purpose of conducting the Annual Business and any Special Business.
- (b) The Annual Meeting shall be held not later than fifteen (15) months following the last Annual Meeting, provided that any Annual Meeting shall be held within six (6) months of the financial year end of the Corporation.

7.2. <u>Meetings by Electronic Conference</u>

- (a) A Member may participate in a meeting of Members by means of an electronic or other communication device that permits all participants to communicate adequately with each other during the meeting. Any person participating by electronic conference is deemed to be present at that meeting. Any security, confidentiality or other considerations with respect to the conduct of such a meeting shall be as determined by the Board from time to time.
- (b) The Directors may call a meeting of the Members and provide that the meeting be held entirely by telephone or electronic means that permits all participants to communicate adequately with each other during the meeting.

7.3. <u>Special Meeting</u>

The Board may at any time call a Special Meeting for the transaction of any business specified in the notice calling the meeting. A Special Meeting may be held separately from or together with an Annual Meeting.

7.4. Fixing a Record Date

The Directors may fix a record date for each meeting to determine which Members are entitled to receive notice of the meeting and entitled to vote at the meeting. The day shall be between twenty-

one (21) days and sixty (60) days before the day on which the meeting is to be held. If the Directors do not fix a record date for which Members are entitled to receive notice of the meeting, then the day shall be at the close of business on the day immediately preceding the day on which notice is given or if no notice is given, the day of the meeting. If the Directors do not fix a record date for which Members are entitled to vote at the meeting, then the day shall be ten (10) days after the record date for Members entitled to notice, or if no such date is fixed, then at the close of business on the day on which notice is given or if no notice is given, the day on which notice is given or if no notice is given, the day of the meeting.

7.5. Notice of Meetings

Subject to section 18.05, notice of the time, place and date of an Annual Meeting or Special Meeting and sufficient information for a Member to make a reasoned judgment on any Special Business to be considered, including information on any Special Resolution to be submitted to the meeting, shall be given to each Member entitled to vote at the meeting, to each Director and to the Public Accountant of the Corporation by:

- (a) mail, courier or personal delivery, during a period of twenty-one (21) to sixty (60) days before the day on which the meeting is to be held;
- (b) telephone, or other electronic means, during a period of twenty-one (21) to thirty-five (35) days before the day on which the meeting is to be held. If a Member requests that notice of a meeting be given by non-electronic means, the notice will be sent by mail, courier or personal delivery as provided in section 7.05(a);³ or
- (c) posting the notice on a notice board including the Corporation's website where such information is regularly posted and that is located in a place frequented by the Members, including the Corporation's website, at least thirty (30) days before the day on which the meeting is to be held.

Whenever the number of Members exceeds two hundred and fifty (250), by publication:

- (a) in one (1) or more newspapers circulated in the municipalities in which the majority of the Members reside at the addresses recorded in the register of Members, at least once in each of the three (3) weeks immediately before the day on which the meeting is to be held; or
- (b) in a publication of the Corporation sent to all Members at least once during a period of twenty-one (21) days to sixty (60) days before the day on which the meeting is to be held.

7.6. <u>Those Entitled to be Present</u>

The only persons entitled to be present at a meeting of Members shall be:

- (a) those entitled to vote at the meeting, including Members and proxy holders;
- (b) the Directors and the Public Accountant of the Corporation;
- (c) Associates; and
- (d) such other persons who are entitled or required under any provision of the Act, the Articles or By-Laws of the Corporation to be present at the meeting.

Any other person may be admitted only on the invitation of the chair of the meeting or by Ordinary Resolution of the Members.

- 7.7. <u>Quorum</u>
 - (a) A quorum for the transaction of business at meetings of the Members shall be at least ten (10) Members or fifteen percent (15%) of all of the Members of the

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³ Note that if a Member requests that notice of a meeting be given by non-electronic means, the notice must be sent to that Member by non-electronic means.

Corporation entitled to vote, which ever is greater, and present in person or represented by proxy.

- (b) <u>Provided</u> however that where:
 - (i) less than a quorum, but two (2) or more persons are present in person onehalf hour after the commencement time specified in the notice calling the meeting of Members; and
 - (ii) the business transacted is limited to the selection of a chair and a secretary for the meeting, the recording of the names of those present, and the passing of a motion to adjourn the meeting with or without specifying a date, time and place for the resumption of the meeting,

then two (2) persons present in person constitutes quorum.

- (c) No business shall be transacted at any meeting of the Members unless the necessary quorum is present at the commencement of such meeting.
- (d) If a quorum is not present at the opening of a meeting of Members, the Members present may adjourn the meeting to a fixed time and place but may not transact any other business.

7.8. <u>Chair</u>

In the absence of the Chair of the Board, the President, or the President-Elect, the Members present and entitled to vote at any meeting of Members shall choose another Director as chair of the meeting. If no Director is present or if all the Directors present decline to act as chair, the Members present and entitled to vote shall choose a Member to be chair.

7.9. Voting by Members

- (a) The method of voting at any meeting of the Members shall be determined by the chair of the meeting prior to any vote being taken. Subject to section 2.03 and unless provided elsewhere in the Act, the Articles or the By-Laws, each Member shall have one (1) vote on each question raised at any meeting of the Members, and all questions shall be determined by Ordinary Resolution. In the case of an equality of votes, the vote shall be deemed to have been lost.
- (b) Whenever a vote has been taken upon a question, a declaration by the chair of the meeting that a resolution has been carried or lost by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the Corporation is conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of votes recorded in favour of or against the motion.

7.10. <u>Electronic, Mail or Telephone Voting</u>

The Directors may provide for Members to vote by mail, telephone or electronic means instead of proxy voting. Such alternative means of voting must:

- (a) allow for verification that the votes are made by the Members entitled to vote; and
- (b) not allow the Corporation to identify how each Member voted.

7.11. Proxies

- (a) Unless the Directors allow for electronic voting in accordance with section 7.10, every Member entitled to vote at meetings of Members may, by means of a proxy, appoint a person to attend the meeting on the Member's behalf to act in the manner set out in the proxy, to the extent and with the power conferred by the proxy and the Government Regulations. A proxy shall be in writing. The proxy holder need not be a Member.
- (b) A proxy shall be executed by:
 - (i) the Member entitled to vote; or

- (ii) the attorney of the Member entitled to vote authorized in writing under a valid power of attorney.
- (c) A proxy is valid only at the meeting in respect of which it is given or at the continuation of that meeting after an adjournment.
- (d) Subject to the Government Regulations, a proxy may be in such form as the Board prescribes or in such other form as the chair of the meeting may accept as sufficient. However, where the proxy has been created by a person other than the Member executing the proxy, the proxy shall contain the information set out in Appendix A to this By-Law.
- (e) A proxy shall be deposited with the secretary of the meeting before any vote is called under its authority, or at such earlier time and in such manner as the Board may prescribe. The Board may set a deadline to deposit proxies, such deadline shall not exceed forty-eight (48) hours, excluding Saturdays and holidays before the meeting.

7.12. <u>Ballot</u>

A Member can demand a ballot during the meeting either before or after any vote by show of hands. If at any meeting a vote by ballot is requested on the election of a chair, it must be taken forthwith without adjournment. If a vote by ballot is requested on any other question, it shall be taken in the manner and time as the chair of the meeting directs. The result of a vote by ballot shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which it was requested. A request for a vote by ballot may be withdrawn at any time prior to the taking of the ballot.

7.13. Language of Meeting of Members

Meeting of the Members shall be conducted in English and minutes produced in respect of a Members' meeting shall be prepared in English, provided that the minutes of any Members' meeting may be transcribed to French upon request of any Member.

7.14. Adjournments

Any meeting of Members may be adjourned to any time by the chair of the meeting. Any business that might have been transacted at the original meeting from which the adjournment took place may be transacted upon the resumption of the adjourned meeting. No notice is required for the resumption of any adjourned meeting where the resumption of the meeting occurs less than thirty (30) days from the date of the original meeting, other than an announcement at a meeting that is adjourned.

7.15. Written Resolutions

A Written Resolution signed by all the Members entitled to vote on that resolution at a meeting of Members, including an Annual Meeting, is valid as if it had been passed at an Annual Meeting or Special Meeting, provided that the following matters may not be dealt with by Written Resolution:

- the resignation, removal or replacement of a Director, where a written statement has been submitted by the Director giving reasons for resigning or opposing his or her removal or replacement; and
- (b) the resignation, removal or replacement of the Public Accountant, where a written statement has been submitted by the Public Accountant giving reasons for resigning or opposing his or her removal or replacement.

8. POLICIES, RULES AND REGULATIONS

8.1. Board May Establish

Subject to the Act and the By-laws, the Board may from time to time make policies, rules and regulations affecting the organization and affairs of the Corporation. In the event of any conflict or

inconsistency between such policies, rules and regulations and the By-laws, the By-laws shall prevail.

9. OFFICERS

9.1. Officers

Subject to the Act, the Articles and the By-Laws of the Corporation, there may be the following Officers:

- (a) a President, a Vice-President, a Secretary, and a Treasurer, each of whom shall be a Director that has been elected by the Members pursuant to this By-Law on the condition that they hold their respective titles;
- (b) a Chair of the Board, appointed by and from among the Directors;
- (c) an Executive Director;
- (d) an Immediate Past President; and
- (e) such other Officers as are appointed by the Board pursuant to section 9.12.

9.2. <u>Term of Office of Officers</u>

Any Officer who is also a Director shall hold office for a period of two (2) years, to expire at the second (2nd) Annual Meeting following election or appointment, as applicable, provided that the President and Treasurer shall be elected in years opposite to the election of the Vice-President and Secretary. Any Officer who is not a Director shall be appointed by the Board and shall hold office at the pleasure of the Board, or pursuant to terms of employment.

9.3. <u>Remuneration of Officers</u>

Any Officer who is a Director shall not be entitled to remuneration for acting as such, but shall be entitled to reimbursement for reasonable expenses incurred in carrying out their duties.

9.4. <u>President</u>

The President shall supervise and control the operations of the Corporation when there is no Executive Director. The President shall sign all documents requiring the signature of that office, and have the other powers and duties prescribed by the Board or incident to the office.

9.5. <u>Vice-President</u>

The duties and powers of the President may be exercised by the Vice-President when the President is absent or unable to act. If the Vice-President exercises any of those duties or powers, the President's absence or inability to act shall be referenced in the minutes. The Vice-President shall also perform the other duties prescribed by the Board or Executive Committee or incident to the office.

9.6. Executive Director

The Executive Director, if any, shall be the Chief Executive Officer of the Corporation and shall, subject to the direction of the Board and/or the President, supervise and control the operations of the Corporation. The Executive Director shall have the right to receive notice of, to attend and to speak at but not to vote at all meetings of the Board, any committee of the Board, including the Executive Committee, and any meeting of the Members, except those meetings where the terms of employment, compensation or performance of the Executive Director are discussed.

9.7. <u>Secretary</u>

The Secretary shall:

- (a) act as secretary of each meeting of the Corporation, the Board and the Executive Committee;
- (b) attend all meetings of the Corporation, the Board and the Executive Committee to record all facts and minutes of those proceedings in the books kept for that purpose;
- (c) give all notices required to be given to the Members and to the Directors and the Executive Committee;
- (d) be the custodian of the corporate seal of the Corporation (if any) and of all books, papers, records, correspondence and documents belonging to the Corporation; and
- (e) perform the other duties prescribed by the Board or Executive Committee.

9.8. <u>Treasurer</u>

The Treasurer shall:

- (a) keep or cause to be kept full and accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements of the Corporation in proper books of account;
- (b) deposit all moneys or other valuable effects in the name and to the credit of the Corporation in the bank or banks from time to time designated by the Board or the Executive Committee;
- (c) disburse the funds of the Corporation under the direction of the Board or Executive Committee;
- (d) render to the Board or Executive Committee, whenever required, an account of all transactions as Treasurer and of the financial position of the Corporation;
- (e) co-operate with the Public Accountants of the Corporation during any audit of the accounts of the Corporation; and
- (f) perform the other duties prescribed by the Board or Executive Committee.

9.9. <u>Chair of the Board</u>

The Chair of the Board shall, when present, preside at all meetings of the Board, the Executive Committee and the Members.

9.10. Immediate Past President

Subject to appointment by the Board, the Immediate Past President shall be that individual who most recently served as the President of the Corporation, but shall not be a Director of the Corporation, unless otherwise elected by the Members. The President shall be entitled to receive notice of and speak at meetings of the Board, but shall not be entitled to vote, unless otherwise a Director.

9.11. <u>Delegation of Duties</u>

Any Officer may delegate the duties of the office to another person, provided that the delegating Officer remains responsible for ensuring that such duties are carried out, except when otherwise required by law.

9.12. Board Appoint Other Officers

The Board may from time to time appoint such other Officers as it considers expedient, to hold office at the pleasure of the Board, the duties and remuneration of whom shall be such as the terms of their engagement call for or the Board prescribes.

9.13. Holding More Than One Office

Except for the offices of President, President-Elect, and Vice-President, a person may be nominated or selected for, elected or appointed to, and hold, more than one office including the offices of Secretary and Treasurer.

9.14. <u>Removal from Office</u>

Any Officer may be removed by Ordinary Resolution of the Board at a meeting of which notice of intention to present such resolution has been given to all Directors.

10. <u>COMMITTEES</u>

10.1. Standing Committees

There shall be a Nominating Committee at any time there is no Executive Committee. There may be Standing Committees for such purposes as the Board or the Executive Committee may determine by Ordinary Resolution.

There shall be the following Standing Committees unless otherwise determined by the Board:

- (a) Nomination Committee;
- (b) Wellness Committee;
- (c) Advocacy Committee;
- (d) Mentorship Committee;
- (e) Education Committee;
- (f) Conference Planning Committee; and
- (g) Residents and Fellows Committee.

10.2. <u>Combined and Inactive Committees</u>

The Board may combine the work of two or more Standing Committees under such name as the Board shall select and may permit any Standing Committee to be inactive.

10.3. Ad Hoc Committees

There may be such Ad Hoc Committees for such purposes as the Board or the Executive Committee may determine. The existence of each such Ad Hoc Committee shall be terminated automatically upon the occurrence of any of the following events:

- (a) the delivery of its report;
- (b) the completion of its assigned task; or
- (c) a resolution to that effect of the Board or the Executive Committee.

In the case of termination pursuant to subsection (b), the Board or the Executive Committee may continue such Ad Hoc Committee.

10.4. Nominating Committee

The Nominating Committee shall:

- (a) prepare a slate of one or more candidates for each office which will be vacant and for which an election will be held at or after the Annual Meeting;
- (b) accept any additional written nominations for elected office any time prior to the Annual Meeting; and

(c) make recommendations to the Board of names of persons to fill vacancies in office or on the Board or on committees that occur throughout the year.

10.5. <u>Rules Governing Committees</u>

Subject to the By-Laws of the Corporation and Board Regulations, all Committees other than the Executive Committee are subject to the requirements listed below. Where no Executive Committee exists, the Board shall act in its place.

- (a) The chair and members shall be appointed by the Board.
- (b) The Board may appoint to any Committee, persons who are not Members of the Corporation who are qualified to hold office.
- (c) A member of a Committee shall serve for a term ending at the commencement of the Annual Meeting of Members following appointment, and is eligible for reappointment for one (1) or more additional terms.
- (d) Each Committee shall meet at least annually, and more frequently at the will of its chair or as required by its terms of reference, and as requested by the Board.
- (e) Each Committee shall be responsible to, and report after each meeting to, the Board.
- (f) Subject to any rules established by the Board, each Committee may establish its own rules of procedure and may appoint subcommittees.
- (g) Each Committee, subcommittee and task force may meet to conduct business, adjourn or otherwise regulate its meetings as it sees fit, subject to its budget and this section 10.05.

10.6. Limits on Authority of Committees

No committee, including the Executive Committee, has authority to:

- (a) submit to the Members any question or matter requiring approval of the Members;
- (b) fill a vacancy among the Directors or in the office of Public Accountant;
- (c) appoint additional Directors;
- (d) issue debt obligations except as authorized by the Board;
- (e) approve any financial statements;
- (f) adopt, amend or repeal any By-Law; or
- (g) establish contributions to be made, or dues to be paid, by Members.

11. EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

11.1. <u>Composition</u>

The Executive Committee shall be composed of the President, President-Elect, Vice-President, Secretary, and Treasurer of the Corporation. The President shall be ex officio the Chair of the Executive Committee. Each member of the Executive Committee shall serve only for as long as such member shall be a Director. The Board may not fill vacancies in the Executive Committee. If and whenever a vacancy exists in the Executive Committee, the remaining members may exercise all their powers so long as a quorum remains in office.

11.2. <u>Powers</u>

Subject to the By-Laws of the Corporation, during the intervals between the meetings of the Board, the Executive Committee shall possess and may exercise all the powers of the Board in the management and direction of the affairs and business of the Corporation in such manner as the

Executive Committee deems to be in the best interests of the Corporation, subject to any Board Regulations.

11.3. <u>Meetings of the Executive Committee</u>

Meetings of the Executive Committee shall be held at any time and place determined by the Executive Committee provided that written notice of the meeting be given in the same manner and within the same time frame as meetings of the Board, as required by section 6.04. No error or omission in giving notice of any meeting of the Executive Committee shall invalidate the meeting. Any member may at any time waive notice of any such meeting and may ratify, approve and confirm any or all proceedings made during the meeting.

11.4. Procedures

The Executive Committee shall have power to fix its quorum at not less than a majority of its members and may fix its own rules of procedure, subject to sections 11.01, 11.02 and 11.08 and any Board Regulations. The Executive Committee shall keep minutes of its meetings recording all action taken by it, and a summary of the meeting shall be submitted to the Board annually.

11.5. <u>Quorum</u>

The quorum of any meeting of the Executive Committee shall be determined in accordance with section 11.04. No business may be transacted by the Executive Committee except at a meeting of its members at which a quorum of the Executive Committee is present.

11.6. Place of Business

Meetings of the Executive Committee may be held at the registered office of the Corporation or at any other place within or outside the geographical location of the registered office as specified in the notice calling the meeting.

11.7. <u>Meetings by Electronic Conference</u>

- (a) Each member of the Executive Committee may participate in a meeting by means of an electronic or other communication device that permits all participants to communicate adequately with each other during the meeting. Any person participating by electronic conference is deemed to be present at that meeting. Any security, confidentiality or other considerations with respect to the conduct of such a meeting shall be as determined by the Executive Committee from time to time.
- (b) The chair of the Executive Committee may call a meeting of the Executive Committee and provide that the meeting be held entirely by telephone or electronic means that permits all participants to communicate adequately with each other during the meeting.

11.8. Other Directors Present

Each Director shall be entitled to speak, but not to vote, at any meeting of the Executive Committee at which the Director is present. However, only a Director elected to the Executive Committee shall be entitled to notice of any meeting of the Executive Committee and the presence of such Director shall not be included for the purpose of calculating a quorum.

Any Director who is not a member of the Executive Committee shall be entitled to speak, but not to vote, at any meeting of the Executive Committee at which the Director is present. However, only a member of the Executive Committee shall be entitled to notice of any meeting of the Executive Committee and the presence of such Director shall not be included for the purpose of calculating a quorum.

12. <u>CONFLICT OF INTEREST</u>

12.1. Conflict of Interest

In accordance with the Act and any Board Regulations, Directors and Officers shall disclose any interests, whether direct, indirect or imputed, in any matter as required by the Act and comply with all other requirements in the Act in respect of such conflict of interest.

13. PROTECTION OF DIRECTORS, OFFICERS AND OTHERS

- 13.1. Insurance
 - (a) The Corporation shall purchase and maintain appropriate liability insurance for the benefit of the Corporation and each Protected Person. The insurance shall address coverage limits in amounts per occurrence with an aggregate maximum limit as deemed appropriate by the Board and shall include:
 - (i) property and public liability insurance;
 - (ii) Directors' and Officers' insurance; and
 - (iii) may include such other insurance as the Board sees fit.
 - (b) The Corporation shall ensure that each Protected Person is included as an insured person to any policy of Directors' and Officers' insurance maintained by the Corporation.
 - (c) No coverage shall be provided for any liability relating to a failure to act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Corporation.
 - (d) It shall be the obligation of any person seeking insurance coverage or indemnity from the Corporation to co-operate fully with the Corporation in the defence of any demand, claim or suit made against such person, and to make no admission of responsibility or liability to any third party without the prior agreement of the Corporation.

13.2. Liability Exclusion

Absent the failure to act honestly and in good faith in the performance of the duties of office, and save as may be otherwise provided in any legislation or law, no Protected Person shall be personally liable for any loss or damage or expense to the Corporation arising out of the acts (including wilful, negligent or accidental conduct), receipts, neglects, omissions or defaults of such Protected Person or of any other Protected Person arising from any of the following:

- (a) insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired by the Corporation or for or on behalf of the Corporation;
- (b) insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the monies of or belonging to the Corporation shall be placed out or invested;
- (c) loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy or insolvency of any person, firm or corporation including any person, firm or corporation with whom or which any monies, securities or effects shall be lodged or deposited;
- (d) loss, conversion, misapplication or misappropriation of or any damage resulting from any dealings with monies, securities or other assets belonging to the Corporation;
- (e) loss, damage or misfortune whatever which may occur in the execution of the duties of the Protected Person's respective office or trust or in relation thereto; and
- (f) loss or damage arising from any wilful act, assault, act of negligence, breach of fiduciary or other duty or failure to render aid of any sort.

13.3. <u>Pre-Indemnity Considerations</u>

Before giving approval to the indemnities provided in section 13.04, and if the Board has determined to purchase insurance pursuant to section 13.01, the Board shall confirm that it has considered:

- (a) the degree of risk to which the Protected Person is or may be exposed;
- (b) whether, in practice, the risk cannot be eliminated or significantly reduced by means other than the indemnity or insurance; and
- (c) whether it advances the administration and management of the property to give the indemnity and has concluded that the granting of the indemnity is in the best interest of the Corporation.

13.4. Indemnification of Directors, Officers and Others

- (a) Every Protected Person shall be indemnified and saved harmless, including the right to receive the first dollar payout, and without deduction or any co-payment requirement to a maximum limit per claim made as established by the Board from and against all costs, charges and expenses which such Protected Person sustains or incurs:
 - (i) in or in relation to any demand, action, suit or proceeding which is brought, commenced or prosecuted against such person in respect of any act, deed, matter or thing whatsoever, made, done or permitted or not permitted by such person, in or in relation to the execution of the duties of such office or in respect of any such liability; or
 - (ii) in relation to the affairs of the Corporation generally;

save and except such costs, charges or expenses as are occasioned by the failure of such person to act honestly and in good faith in the performance of his or her duties of office.

- (b) Such indemnity will only be effective:
 - (i) upon the exhaustion of all available and collectible insurance provided to the Protected Person by the Corporation inclusive of whatever valid and collectible insurance has been collected; and
 - (ii) provided that the Protected Person has carried out all duties assigned to such person which are subject of the claim in complete good faith so as to comply with the conditions of the insurance policy concerning entitlement to coverage.
- (c) The Corporation shall also indemnify any Protected Person, firm or corporation in such circumstances designated by law, upon approval by the Board.
- (d) Nothing in this Article 13 shall limit the legal right of any person, firm or corporation entitled to indemnity to claim indemnity apart from the provisions of this Article 13.

13.5. Discontinuing Insurance

Where the Corporation has purchased or maintained insurance for any Protected Person, such insurance shall not be discontinued or altered except upon approval of the Members.

14. EXECUTION OF DOCUMENTS

14.1. Execution of Documents

Documents requiring execution by the Corporation may be signed by any two (2) of the President, President-Elect, Vice-President, Secretary, or Treasurer, or any one (1) of the foregoing together with any one (1) Director. The Board may appoint any Officer or any person on behalf of the Corporation, either to sign documents generally or to sign specific documents.

15. BORROWING BY THE CORPORATION

15.1. General Borrowing Authority

The Directors may, without authorization of the Members:

- (a) borrow money on the credit of the Corporation;
- (b) issue, reissue, sell, pledge or hypothecate debt obligations of the Corporation;
- (c) give a guarantee on behalf of the Corporation to secure performance of an obligation of any person; and
- (d) mortgage, hypothecate, pledge or otherwise create a security interest in all or any property of the Corporation, owned or subsequently acquired, to secure any obligation of the Corporation.

The Directors may delegate these powers to a Director, committee of Directors, or Officer.

16. FINANCIAL YEAR

16.1. Financial Year Determined

The financial year of the Corporation shall terminate on the last day of June in each year or on such other date as the Board may determine.

17. PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

17.1. Board May Make Initial Appointment

The Board may, following incorporation, appoint a Public Accountant to hold office until the first Annual Meeting. The Public Accountant must meet the requirements in the Act.

17.2. <u>Annual Appointment</u>

Subject to the Act and its Government Regulations, the Members of the Corporation at each Annual Meeting shall appoint one (1) or more Public Accountants. The Public Accountant shall hold office until the close of the next Annual Meeting and if an appointment is not made, the incumbent Public Accountant continues in office until a successor is appointed.

17.3. <u>Removal of Public Accountant</u>

The Members may, by Ordinary Resolution passed at a Special Meeting, remove any Public Accountant before the expiration of the term of office in accordance with the Act.

17.4. <u>Vacancy in the Office of Public Accountant</u>

The Board shall fill any vacancy in the office of Public Accountant but, while the vacancy continues, any remaining Public Accountant may act.

17.5. Remuneration of Public Accountant

The remuneration of a Public Accountant appointed by the Members may be fixed by the Members by Ordinary Resolution, or shall be fixed by the Board if the Members do not do so.

18. <u>NOTICE</u>

18.1. <u>When Notice Deemed Given</u>

When notice is given under the By-Laws by the following means, that notice is deemed to have been given at the following time:

- (a) if given by e-mail, notice is deemed given when sent;
- (b) if given by telephone, notice is deemed given at the time of the telephone call;
- (c) if given by mail by prepaid letter post to the last address shown on the Corporation's records, notice is deemed given on the third day after mailing;
- (d) if given in writing by courier or personal delivery, notice is deemed given when delivered;
- (e) if posted on a notice board pursuant to section 7.05(c), notice is deemed given on the date of posting;
- (f) if published pursuant to section 7.05(a) or 7.05(b), notice is deemed given on the date of publication; and
- (g) if provided by other electronic means, notice is deemed given when transmitted.

18.2. Declaration of Notice

At any meeting, the declaration of the Secretary or chair of the meeting that notice has been given pursuant to this By-Law shall be sufficient and conclusive evidence of the giving of such notice. No formal notice of a meeting is necessary if all those entitled to notice are present or if those absent have signified their consent to the meeting being held without notice and in their absence.

18.3. <u>Computation of Time</u>

In computing the date when notice must be given under any provision in the By-Laws requiring a specified number of days' notice of any meeting or other event, a period of days is deemed to commence on the day following the event that began the period and is deemed to terminate at midnight of the last day of the period, except that if the last day of the period falls on a holiday, the period terminates at midnight of the next day that is not a holiday.

18.4. Omissions and Errors

Any resolution passed or proceeding taken at a meeting of the Board, a committee of the Board or Members shall not be invalidated by:

- (a) an error in notice that does not affect its substance;
- (b) the accidental omission to give notice; or
- (c) the accidental non-receipt of notice by any Director, Member or Public Accountant.

Any Director, Member or Public Accountant may at any time waive notice of, and ratify and approve any proceeding taken at any meeting.

18.5. <u>Waiver</u>

Where a notice or document is required to be sent pursuant to the By-Laws or the Act, the person entitled to receive the notice or document may consent in writing to waive either the sending of the notice or document or the time within which the notice or document must be sent.

19. <u>BY-LAWS AND EFFECTIVE DATE</u>

19.1. Amendments requiring Special Resolution

Amendments to the following sections of this By-Law shall only be effective upon passage of a Special Resolution of the Members entitled to vote on the resolution:

- (a) Member Composition, section 2.01;
- (b) Members' Rights, section 2.03;
- (c) Number of Directors, section 3.01;
- (d) Notice of Meetings, section 7.05;
- (e) Proxies, section 7.11; and
- (f) any section that adds, changes, or removes a provision that is contained in the Corporation's Articles.
- 19.2. <u>By-Laws and Effective Date</u>
 - (a) Subject to the Articles and section 19.01, the Board of Directors may make, amend or repeal any By-Law that regulates the activities or affairs of the Corporation. Subject to section 19.01, such By-Law, amendment or repeal shall be effective from the date of the resolution of Directors until the next meeting of Members where it may be confirmed, rejected or amended by Ordinary Resolution of the Members.
 - (b) If the By-Law amendment or repeal is confirmed or confirmed as amended by the Members, it remains effective in the form in which it was confirmed. The By-Law amendment or repeal ceases to have effect if it is not submitted to the Members at the next meeting of Members or if it is rejected by the Members at the meeting.

20. REPEAL OF PRIOR BY-LAWS

20.1. <u>Repeal</u>

Subject to the provisions of section 20.02 hereof, all prior By-Laws, resolutions and other enactments of the Corporation inconsistent in either form or content with the provisions of this By-Law are repealed.

20.2. Prior Acts

The repeal of prior By-Laws, resolutions and other enactments shall not impair in any way the validity of any act or thing done pursuant to any such repealed By-Laws, resolution or other enactment.

ENACTED by the Directors as a By-Law of **Black Physicians of Canada** on ______.

President

Secretary

CONFIRMED by the Members in accordance with the Canada Not-for-profit Corporations Act on

President

Secretary

Copy of the signed and fully approved By-Laws provided to Corporations Canada on ______. (Required to be deposited within one year of approval).

FORM OF PROXY⁴

Where a proxy has been created by a person other than the Member executing the proxy, the form of proxy must meet the following requirements:

- (g) it must indicate, in bold-face type:
 - (i) the meeting at which it is to be used;
 - (ii) that the Member may appoint a proxy holder, other than a person designated in the form of proxy, to attend and act on the Member's behalf at the meeting; and
 - (iii) instructions on the manner in which the Member may appoint the proxy holder;
- (h) contain a designated blank space for the date of the signature;
- (i) provide a means for the Member to designate some other person as proxy holder, if the form of proxy designates a person as proxy holder;
- (j) provide a means for the Member to specify that the membership registered in the Member's name is to be voted for or against each matter, or group of related matters, identified in the notice of meeting, other than the appointment of a Public Accountant and the election of Directors;
- (k) provide a means for the Member to specify that the membership registered in the Member's name is to be voted or withheld from voting in respect of the appointment of a Public Accountant or the election of Directors; and
- (I) state that the membership represented by the proxy is to be voted or withheld from voting, in accordance with the instructions of the Member, on any ballot that may be called for and that, if the Member specifies a choice under subparagraph (ii) or (iii) with respect to any matter to be acted on, the membership is to be voted accordingly.

⁴ These requirements are set out section 74 of the Regulations to the Act and cannot be changed.