LYONS RIDGE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Jefferson County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

LYONS RIDGE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	I
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	1
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	2
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	3
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	4
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	5
GENERAL FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	6
ARCHITECTURAL CONTROL FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	7
MONTANE DESIGN REVIEW COMMITTEE FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	8
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	9
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
DEBT SERVICE FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	24
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	25
OTHER INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY	27
SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED	28



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Lyons Ridge Metropolitan District Jefferson County, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Lyons Ridge Metropolitan District as of and for the year December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Lyons Ridge Metropolitan District, as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the Architectural Control Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Lyons Ridge Metropolitan District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – for the Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds (the Supplementary Information), and the Schedule of Debt Service Requirements to Maturity and the Summary of Assessed Valuation, Mill Levy and Property Taxes Collected (the Other Information), is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Supplementary Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Other Information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Dassio & Associates, P.C.

July 18, 2019

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LYONS RIDGE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018

ASSETS	Governmental Activities
Cash and Investments	\$ 98,996
Cash and Investments - Restricted	3 98,990 1,077,791
Receivable - County Treasurer	4,433
Property Taxes Receivable	603,149
Warranty Deposit	260,053
Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	2,598,947
Total Assets	4,643,369
	4,043,303
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	9,226
Security Deposits	30,200
Accrued Interest Payable	37,342
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	198,857
Due in More Than One Year	10,872,957
Total Liabilities	11,148,582
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Property Tax Revenue	603,149
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	603,149
NET POSITION	400 475
Net Investment in Capital Assets	489,475
Restricted for:	2 500
Emergency Reserves Debt Service	3,500
	106,621
Unrestricted	(7,707,958)
Total Net Position	\$ (7,108,362)

LYONS RIDGE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

					Program	Revenues			(Ex	et Revenues penses) and Change in et Position
			(Charges	-	erating		pital		
		F	~	for		nts and		its and		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		Expenses		Services	Contr	ibutions	Contri	butions	1	Activities
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$	309,661	\$	17,140	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(292,521)
Capital Assets Dedicated to Other										
Governments		2,567,108		-		-		-		(2,567,108)
Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt		397,330		-		-		-		(397,330)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	3,274,099	\$	17,140	\$		\$			(3,256,959)
	GE	NERAL REVE	NUES							
	-	roperty Taxes								519,768
		pecific Owners	hip Tax	kes						48,028
	N	et Investment	ncome							49,268
	C	ther Income								61
		Total Genera	al Reve	nues						617,125
	СН	ANGE IN NET	POSIT	ION						(2,639,834)
	Net	Position - Beg	inning	of Year						(4,468,528)
	NE	T POSITION -	END O	F YEAR					\$	(7,108,362)

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

LYONS RIDGE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

		General	Montane Architectural Design Review Debt Control Committee Service		Capital Projects	Go	Total overnmental Funds			
ASSETS	-	Contortal		oonaon			 0011100	 110,0010		
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Receivable From County Property Taxes Receivable Due from Other Funds Warranty Deposit	\$	19,917 2,900 739 100,525 2,195	\$	21,589 100 - - -	\$	57,490 500 - - -	\$ - 525,269 3,694 502,624 - -	\$ - 549,022 - - 260,053	\$	98,996 1,077,791 4,433 603,149 2,195 260,053
Total Assets	\$	126,276	\$	21,689	\$	57,990	\$ 1,031,587	\$ 809,075	\$	2,046,617
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								 		
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$	9,226	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	9,226
Due to Other Funds		-		-		2,195	-	-		2,195
Security Deposits		-		200		30,000	 -	 -		30,200
Total Liabilities		9,226		200		32,195	-	-		41,621
DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred Property Tax Revenue		100,525		-		-	502,624	-		603,149
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		100,525		-		-	 502,624	 -		603,149
FUND BALANCES Restricted For:										
Emergency Reserves		2,900		100		500	-	-		3,500
Debt Service		-		-		-	528,963	-		528,963
Capital Projects		-		-		-	-	809,075		809,075
Committed For:						~~ ~~~				10.001
Reserves		-		21,389		25,295	-	-		46,684
Assigned to:		0.500								0.500
Subsequent Year's Expenditures		2,583		-		-	-	-		2,583
Unassigned Total Fund Balances		<u>11,042</u> 16,525		21,489		25,795	 528,963	 809,075		11,042
Total Fullu Balances		10,525		21,409		25,795	 526,905	 009,075		1,401,047
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	126,276	\$	21,689	\$	57,990	\$ 1,031,587	\$ 809,075		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities not reported in the funds.	areı	not financial	resou	irces and, t	heref	ore, are				
Capital Assets, Net										2,598,947
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable i in the funds:	n the	current peri	od an	d, therefore	e, are	not				
Accrued Interest on Developer Advance Developer Advance Payable Loan Payable									((8,042) (155,000) 10,908,772)
Accrued Interest Payable										(37,342)
Net Position of Governmental Activities									\$	(7,108,362)

LYONS RIDGE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	0	General	hitectural Control	Desi	ontane gn Review mmittee		Debt Service	Capital Projects	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES										
Property Taxes	\$	86,628	\$ -	\$	-	\$	433,140	\$-	\$	519,768
Specific Ownership Taxes		8,005	-		-		40,023	-		48,028
Building Permits		-	-		2,100		-	-		2,100
Landscaping Fees		-	450		4,190		-	-		4,640
Minor Application Income		-	1,400		-		-	-		1,400
New Development Fees		-	-		9,000		-	-		9,000
Net Investment Income		41	-		-		49,227	-		49,268
Other Revenue		11	-		50		-	-		61
Total Revenues		94,685	1,850		15,340		522,390	-		634,265
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Accounting		12,446	-		-		-	-		12,446
Audit		4,200	-		-		-	-		4,200
County Treasurer's Fee		1,300	-		-		6,500	-		7,800
District Management		12,000	-		-		-	-		12,000
Dues and Membership		405	-		-		-	-		405
Insurance and Bonds		2,488	-		-		-	-		2,488
Legal		23,653	-		-		-	-		23,653
Miscellaneous		149	38		-		-	-		187
Operations and Maintenance										
Snow Removal		1,609	-		-		-	-		1,609
Landscaping Improvements		20,613	-		-		-	-		20,613
Ejector Pump Contract		20,992	-		-		-	-		20,992
O&M Labor		15,021	-		1,710		-	-		16,731
Operating Expenditures			3,030		2,645		-	-		5,675
Miscellaneous Repairs		6,092	-		2,010		-	-		6,092
Miscellaneous Landscaping		55,643	-		-		-			55,643
Utilities		13,639	-		_		_			13,639
Debt Service:		10,000								10,000
Paying Agent Fees		_	-		_		4,500			4,500
Loan Interest			_		_		349,140	_		349,140
Loan Principal							142,580			142,580
Loan Issue Costs		-	-		-		10,000	-		
Non-Use Fee		-	-		-			-		10,000
		-	-		-		5,864	2 404 040		5,864
Capital Outlay/Expenditures		190,250	 3,068		4,355		518,584	3,494,040		3,494,040
Total Expenditures		190,250	 3,000		4,300		510,504	3,494,040		4,210,297
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(95,565)	(1,218)		10,985		3,806	(3,494,040)		(3,576,032)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										,
Loan Proceeds								4,277,992		4,277,992
Developer Advance		105,000	_		_		_	4,211,332		105,000
Transfers to Other Funds		105,000	-		-		-	- (188,008)		(188,008)
		-	-		-		100 000	(100,000)		
Transfers from Other Funds		- 105,000	 -		-	-	188,008	4 000 004		188,008
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		105,000	 -		-		188,008	4,089,984		4,382,992
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		9,435	(1,218)		10,985		191,814	595,944		806,960
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		7,090	 22,707		14,810		337,149	213,131		594,887
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	16,525	\$ 21,489	\$	25,795	\$	528,963	\$ 809,075	\$	1,401,847

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

LYONS RIDGE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 806,960
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense, the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset. Capital Outlay - Current Year	3,494,040
Dedication of Capital Assets to Other Governments Depreciation	(2,567,108) (111,988)
Long-term debt (e.g., issuance of bonds, the receipt of Developer advances) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.	
Current Year Loan Principal Payment Loan Proceeds Developer Advances	142,580 (4,277,992) (105,000)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Accrued Interest on Developer Advance - Change in Liability Accrued Interest on Loan - Change in Liability Accrued Non-Use Fees - Change in Liability	 (7,447) (14,800) 921
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (2,639,834)

LYONS RIDGE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

							ance with al Budget
	Βι	udget			Actual	F	ositive
	 Driginal		Final	A	mounts	(N	egative)
REVENUES							
Property Taxes	\$ 86,436	\$	86,436	\$	86,628	\$	192
Specific Ownership Taxes	7,780		7,780		8,005		225
Net Investment Income	15		15		41		26
Other Revenue	 -		-		11		11
Total Revenues	94,231		94,231		94,685		454
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Accounting	12,000		12,000		12,446		(446)
Audit	4,500		4,500		4,200		300
County Treasurer's Fee	1,297		1,297		1,300		(3)
District Management	12,000		12,000		12,000		-
Dues and Membership	650		650		405		245
Election	2,000		2,000		-		2,000
Insurance and Bonds	2,500		2,500		2,488		12
Legal	16,000		24,000		23,653		347
Miscellaneous	200		200		149		51
Operations and Maintenance							
Mulch	8,000		8,000		-		8,000
Landscaping Improvements	38,000		20,000		20,613		(613)
Ejector Pump Contract	16,000		20,000		20,992		(992)
O&M Labor	15,021		15,021		15,021		-
Miscellaneous Landscaping	5,000		55,000		55,643		(643)
Miscellaneous Repairs	5,000		5,000		6,092		(1,092)
Snow and Ice Removal	7,000		7,000		1,609		5,391
Utilities	3,000		13,000		13,639		(639)
Total Expenditures	 148,168		202,168		190,250		11,918
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES	(53,937)		(107,937)		(95,565)		12,372
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Developer Advance	55,000		105,000		105,000		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 55,000		105,000		105,000		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,063		(2,937)		9,435		12,372
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 6,256		7,090		7,090		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 7,319	\$	4,153	\$	16,525	\$	12,372

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

LYONS RIDGE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT ARCHITECTURAL CONTROL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Driginal Budget Final	Actual mounts	Fina P	ance with I Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES				
Building Permits	\$ 5,000	\$ -	\$	(5,000)
Landscaping Fees	5,000	450		(4,550)
Minor Application Income	100	1,400		1,300
New Development Fees	200	-		(200)
Fines	 250	 -		(250)
Total Revenues	 10,550	 1,850		(8,700)
EXPENDITURES				
Operating Expenditures	5,000	3,030		1,970
Miscellaneous	100	38		62
Contingency	2,000	-		2,000
Total Expenditures	 7,100	 3,068		4,032
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	3,450	(1,218)		(4,668)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 16,729	 22,707		5,978
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 20,179	\$ 21,489	\$	1,310

LYONS RIDGE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT MONTANE DESIGN REVIEW COMMITTEE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	and	iginal I Final udget	Actual mounts	Fina Po	ance with I Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES					
Building Permits	\$	-	\$ 2,100	\$	2,100
Landscaping Fees		-	4,190		4,190
New Development Fees		-	9,000		9,000
Other Revenue		-	 50		50
Total Revenues		-	15,340		15,340
EXPENDITURES					
Operating Expenditures		5,000	2,645		2,355
Miscellaneous		100	-		100
O&M Labor		-	1,710		(1,710)
Contingency		2,000	 -		2,000
Total Expenditures		7,100	 4,355		2,745
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(7,100)	10,985		18,085
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		15,100	 14,810		(290)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	8,000	\$ 25,795	\$	17,795

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Lyons Ridge Metropolitan District (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court of Jefferson County on November 17, 2010, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District operates under the Amended and Restated Service Plan dated May 28, 2010. The District's service area is located in Jefferson County, Colorado. The District was established to provide the following services: streets and drainage, water, sanitary sewer, parks and recreation, traffic safety protection, and public transportation.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and specific ownership taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District has determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Architectural Control Fund (special revenue fund) accounts for the resources accumulated and payments for services associated with design review and covenant enforcement within the Lyons Ridge community of the District.

The Montane Design Review Committee Fund (special revenue fund) accounts for the resources accumulated and payments for services associated with design review and covenant enforcement within the Montane community of the District.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the governmental funds.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash and investments.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress, and are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets.

It is the policy of the County to accept maintenance responsibility for all capital improvements within the County, except for certain landscaping improvements specified in the District's Service Plan, upon the District's completion and conveyance of such improvements provided they meet the County's specifications.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable. Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the estimated economic useful lives:

Drainage/Detention Improvements	25 Years
Park and Open Space	15 to 35 Years

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the board of directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2018, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and Investments	\$ 98,996
Cash and Investments - Restricted	 1,077,791
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 1,176,787

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2018, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 129,355
Investments	 1,047,432
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 1,176,787

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2018, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$129,355 and a carrying balance of \$129,355.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

- . Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2018, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	Amount			
Colorado Local Government Liquid	Weighted Average				
Asset Trust (COLOTRUST)	Under 60 Days	\$	655,234		
Treasury Money Market Fund	Weighted Average				
	Under 60 Days		392,198		
Total		\$	1,047,432		

COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily, and there is no redemption notice period.

U.S. Treasury Money Market Fund

The debt service money that is included in the debt service reserve trust account at Zions Bank is invested in the JPMorgan 100% U.S. Treasury Securities Money Market Fund. This fund is a money market fund that is managed by JPMorgan and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The funds are invested in U.S. Treasury obligations, which are fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States, with maturities of 180 days or less and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury obligations. The JPMorgan 100% U.S. Treasury Securities Money Market Fund is rated Aaa by Moody's. The fund and the District record this investment using the net asset value method.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2018 follows:

	Balance at December 31, 2017	Increases	Decreases	Balance at December 31, 2018
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Construction in Progress	\$ -	\$ 2,567,108	\$ 2,567,108	\$ -
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	-	2,567,108	2,567,108	-
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Parks and Open Space	738,779	39,758	-	778,537
Bergen Ditch	388,145	-	-	388,145
Drainage and Detention	703,539	887,174	-	1,590,713
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	1,830,463	926,932		2,757,395
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Parks and Open Space	(24,626)	(50,577)	-	(75,203)
Bergen Ditch	(7,763)	(15,526)	-	(23,289)
Drainage and Detention	(14,071)	(45,885)	-	(59,956)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(46,460)	(111,988)		(158,448)
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,784,003	\$ 3,382,052	\$ 2,567,108	\$ 2,598,947

During 2018, a significant portion of the capital assets constructed by the District were conveyed to other governmental entities. The costs of all capital assets transferred to other governmental entities were removed from the District's financial records. There is a two-year warranty period on the capital assets conveyed. The District anticipates that the costs, if any, associated with the warranty will be insignificant.

Depreciation expense of \$111,988 was charged to the general government function on the statement of activities.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2018:

	De	Balance ecember 31, 2017	Additions	D	eletions	D	Balance ecember 31, 2018	C	Due Within Dne Year
2015A and 2015B Limited Tax General Obligation Loan	\$	6,773,360	\$ 4,277,992	\$	142,580	\$	10,908,772	\$	198,857
Developer Advances: Operating		50,000	105,000		-		155,000		-
Interest on Developer Advances Operating		595	 7,447		-	_	8,042		-
Total	\$	6,823,955	\$ 4,390,439	\$	142,580	\$	11,071,814	\$	198,857

The details of the District's long-term obligations are as follows:

Series 2015A – \$10,000,000 Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) General Obligation Loan

On October 16, 2015, the District entered into the 2015A Loan Agreement (the Series 2015A Loan) with Zions Bank (successor of Vectra Bank) in an amount not to exceed \$10,000,000, with a maturity date of December 1, 2045. The interest rate is calculated as 3.25% plus the five-year Federal Home Loan Bank Des Moines Fixed Rate on the day of the Advance and is reset on December 1, 2020, and each five year anniversary of such date until maturity. Payments are due semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year, commencing June 1, 2016, through December 1, 2045. Repayment of principal amounts commencing on the second anniversary with a 1% penalty. Prepayments may occur after the third anniversary without penalty. The Series 2015A Loan was executed to reimburse the Developer for infrastructure acquired by the District.

The District may make advance requests once each calendar year quarter in amounts not less than \$250,000, and not to exceed the aggregate amount of \$10,000,000. Loan advances and interest rates on the Series 2015A Loan as of December 31, 2018 are as follows:

Loan Date	Loan Amount	Interest		
October 16, 2015	\$ 4,233,646	3.6975%		
August 10, 2016	413,522	3.6680%		
November 1, 2016	618,533	3.6080%		
February 23, 2017	293,303	4.0350%		
June 6, 2017	725,369	3.9000%		
November 22, 2017	637,635	4.0650%		
June 14, 2018	3,077,992	4.5380%		
Total	\$ 10,000,000			

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Series 2015A – \$10,000,000 Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) General Obligation Loan (Continued)

The Series 2015A Loan is secured and payable from the Pledged Revenue, consisting of monies derived by property and specific ownership taxes, as derived by the debt mill levy, and any other legally available monies of the District credited to the Loan Fund. There is a \$200,000 reserve requirement, which has been met as of December 1, 2018.

Series 2015B – \$1,200,000 Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) General Obligation Loan

On October 16, 2015, the District entered into the 2015B Loan Agreement (the Series 2015B Loan) with Zions Bank (successor of Vectra Bank) in an amount not to exceed \$1,200,000, with a maturity date of December 1, 2045. Estimated closing date is December 1, 2019. The interest rate is calculated as 3.25% plus the five-year Federal Home Loan Bank Des Moines Fixed Rate on the day of the Advance and is reset on December 1, 2020, and each five-year anniversary of such date until maturity. Payments are due semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year, commencing the first June 1 or December 1 after the date of the first advance through December 1, 2045. The Series 2015B Loan was executed to reimburse the Developer for infrastructure acquired by the District.

The District may make advance requests once each calendar year quarter in amounts not less than \$250,000, and not to exceed the maximum advance amount. Loan advances and interest rates on the Series 2015B Loan as of December 31, 2018 are as follows:

Loan Date	Loan Amount	Interest		
June 14, 2018	\$ 1,200,000	4.5380%		

The Series 2015B Loan is secured and payable from the Pledged Revenue, consisting of monies derived by property taxes, specific ownership taxes, and any other legally available monies of the District credited to the Loan Fund. The Series 2015B Loan is parity debt to the Series 2015A Loan.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The District's long-term obligations will mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 198,857	\$ 448,108	\$ 646,965
2020	345,805	441,464	787,269
2021	234,089	426,307	660,396
2022	252,456	416,677	669,133
2023	264,110	406,279	670,389
2024-2028	1,269,028	1,867,800	3,136,828
2029-2033	1,525,260	1,599,619	3,124,879
2034-2038	2,171,912	1,237,310	3,409,222
2039-2043	3,116,767	719,498	3,836,265
2044-2045	1,530,488	95,182	1,625,670
Total	\$ 10,908,772	\$ 7,658,244	\$ 18,567,016

Authorized Debt

On November 2, 2010, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$68,590,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 15% per annum. At December 31, 2018, the District had authorized but unissued indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

	Amount Authorized November 2, 2010	Authorization Used 2015A and 2015B Loan	Remaining at December 31, 2018
Street Improvements	\$ 11,265,000	\$ 4,200,995	\$ 7,064,005
Water Improvements	11,265,000	2,599,982	8,665,018
Sanitation and Storm Drainage	11,265,000	2,613,484	8,651,516
Parks and Recreation	11,265,000	1,785,539	9,479,461
Safety Protection	11,265,000	-	11,265,000
Public Transportation	11,265,000	-	11,265,000
Operations and Maintenance	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
Refunding of Debt	33,795,000		33,795,000
Total	\$ 102,385,000	\$ 11,200,000	\$ 91,185,000

Pursuant to the Service Plan dated May 28, 2010, the District can issue bond indebtedness of up to \$11,265,000. In addition, the maximum debt service mill levy for the District is 50.000 mills, as adjusted for changes in the ratio of actual value to assessed value property within the District. As of December 31, 2018, the calculated adjusted debt service mill levy was 54.540 mills.

In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area within the limitations of the District's Service Plan.

NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balance of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. As of December 31, 2018, the District had net investment in capital assets calculated as follows:

	Governmental Activities		
Net Investment in Capital Assets:			
Capital Assets, Net	\$	2,598,947	
Current Portion of Outstanding Long-Term Obligations		(56,451)	
Noncurrent Portion of Outstanding Long-Term Obligations		(3,040,315)	
Unspent Loan Proceeds		809,075	
Portion of Loan Proceeds Used for Debt Service		178,219	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	489,475	

Restricted net position consists of assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2018, as follows:

	 vernmental Activities
Restricted Net Position:	
Emergencies	\$ 3,500
Debt Service	 106,621
Total Restricted Net Position	\$ 110,121

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount is a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of debt issued for public improvements that have been conveyed to other governments.

NOTE 7 RELATED PARTIES

The Developer of the property which constitutes the District is Shea Properties Management Company, Inc. Three of the members of the Board of Directors are officers, employees or associated with the Developer and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District. See Note 8 concerning reimbursements made to the Developer.

NOTE 7 RELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED)

Developer Advances

On November 1, 2017 the District entered into the Operations and Administrative Reimbursement Agreement with Shea Properties Management Company, Inc. (Developer). The Developer agrees to advance funds to the District to provide needed facilities and services for the operations and administration of the District. Repayment of these advances will be made by the District to the Developer when sufficient revenue has been collected by the District. Interest will accumulate starting on the date the Developer incurred the cost at the annual rate of 7%. As of December 31, 2018, that amount reimbursable to the Developer totaled \$163,042, \$155,000 for principal and \$8,082 for interest.

NOTE 8 AGREEMENTS AND COMMITMENTS

Construction and Acquisition Agreement

On September 1, 2012, the District entered into a Construction and Acquisition Agreement with Shea Properties Management Company, Inc. (Shea). Shea will coordinate and construct certain District improvements which will result in economies in construction costs and timely construction of the development. Actual construction costs are not to exceed \$11,200,000. The improvements will be transferred to the District upon completion. Some of the improvements will then be transferred to other entities. As of December 31, 2018, the District has reimbursed Shea \$9,650,386 for actual construction costs. Of this amount, none was payable at December 31, 2018.

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 10 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

On November 2, 2010, the District's electors authorized the District to collect, spend or retain the full amount of revenue authorized by law or contract collected or received by the District during 2011 and each fiscal year thereafter without regards to any spending, revenue raising or other limitations contained within Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution (TABOR) or Section 29-1-301, C.R.S., to pay the District's operations, maintenance and other expenses.

On November 2, 2010, the District's electors authorized the District to increase taxes \$1,000,000 annually (first full fiscal year dollar increase) and by the same amount annually thereafter plus inflation and local growth consisting of an ad valorem mill levy imposed on all taxable property within the District without limitation of rate and in an amount sufficient to fund annual expenses related to the operations and maintenance of the District.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

NOTE 11 INTERFUND AND OPERATING TRANSFERS

The transfer from the Capital Projects Fund to the Debt Service Fund was necessary to meet the debt service reserve requirements.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LYONS RIDGE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Buc	lget		Actual	Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	(Driginal		Final	 Amounts	(N	egative)
REVENUES							
Property Taxes	\$	432,180	\$	432,180	\$ 433,140	\$	960
Specific Ownership Tax		38,900		38,900	40,023		1,123
Net Investment Income		5,500		5,500	49,227		43,727
Other Revenue		10,000		10,000	 -		(10,000)
Total Revenues		486,580		486,580	522,390		35,810
EXPENDITURES							
County Treasurer's fee		6,483		6,483	6,500		(17)
Paying Agent Fees		-		5,000	4,500		500
Non-Use Fee		15,000		6,000	5,864		136
Loan Interest		325,000		350,000	349,140		860
Loan Principal		150,000		150,000	142,580		7,420
Loan Issue Costs		-		10,000	10,000		-
Contingency		10,000		-	 -		-
Total Expenditures		506,483		527,483	 518,584		8,899
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(19,903)		(40,903)	3,806		44,709
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers from Other Funds		80,000		190,000	 188,008		(1,992)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		80,000		190,000	 188,008		(1,992)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		60,097		149,097	191,814		42,717
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		313,251		337,149	 337,149		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	373,348	\$	486,246	\$ 528,963	\$	42,717

LYONS RIDGE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budget					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original	<u> </u>	Final		Amounts	(N	legative)
REVENUES		0						<u> </u>
Net Investment Income	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	\$	-	\$	(15,000)
Total Revenues		15,000		15,000		-		(15,000)
EXPENDITURES								
Landscaping Improvements		300,000		50,000		39,758		10,242
Project Management		50,000		-		-		-
Drainage/Detention		200,000		900,000		887,174		12,826
Roadways		-		1,380,000		1,381,998		(1,998)
Sewer Infrastructure		150,000		225,000		212,064		12,936
Turkey Creek Culvert		500,000		350,000		325,667		24,333
Water Infrastructure		200,000		625,000		625,245		(245)
Conduits		-		-		22,134		(22,134)
Capital Outlay		1,300,000		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		2,700,000		3,530,000		3,494,040		35,960
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES		(2,685,000)		(3,515,000)		(3,494,040)		20,960
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Loan Proceeds		2,233,875		4,277,992		4,277,992		-
Transfers to Other Funds		(80,000)		(190,000)		(188,008)		1,992
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,153,875		4,087,992		4,089,984		1,992
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(531,125)		572,992		595,944		22,952
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		679,256		213,131		213,131		-
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	148,131	\$	786,123	\$	809,075	\$	22,952

OTHER INFORMATION

LYONS RIDGE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2018

	\$10,000,000 Limited Tax General Obligation Loan - Series 2015 \$1,200,000 Limited Tax General Obligation Loan - Series 2015 (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Dated October 1, 2015 Interest Rate - Variable Principal Payable Annually, Beginning December 1, 2017 Interest Payable Semi-Annually, June 1 and December 1								
Year Ended December 31,		Principal		Interest		Total			
2019	\$	198,857	\$	448,108	\$	646,965			
2020		345,805	Ţ	441,464	Ŧ	787,269			
2021		234,089		426,307		660,396			
2022		252,456		416,677		669,133			
2023		264,110		406,279		670,389			
2024		284,232		396,218		680,450			
2025		297,396		383,686		681,082			
2026		216,310		371,445		587,755			
2027		228,963		362,562		591,525			
2028		242,127		353,889		596,016			
2029		268,110		343,223		611,333			
2030		282,273		332,192		614,465			
2031		302,190		320,594		622,784			
2032		325,557		308,812		634,369			
2033		347,130		294,798		641,928			
2034		374,622		280,535		655,157			
2035		402,783		265,129		667,912			
2036		432,216		249,103		681,319			
2037		464,502		230,818		695,320			
2038		497,789		211,725		709,514			
2039		532,809		191,273		724,082			
2040		577,749		169,732		747,481			
2041		618,483		145,647		764,130			
2042		671,893		120,228		792,121			
2043		715,833		92,618		808,451			
2044		763,223		63,333		826,556			
2045		767,265		31,849		799,114			
	\$	10,908,772	\$	7,658,244	\$	18,567,016			

LYONS RIDGE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Year Ended	Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Property	Mills Lev	ried	Propert	y Taxes	Percent Collected
December 31,	Tax Levy	General	Debt	Levied	Collected	to Levied
2014 2015 2016 2017 2018	\$ 83,850 1,349,675 4,729,260 5,741,242 7,924,097	10.000 10.000 10.000 10.000 10.908	50.000 50.000 50.000 50.000 54.540	\$ 5,031 80,981 283,756 344,474 518,616	\$ 5,324 80,981 279,406 347,666 519,768	105.82 % 100.00 98.47 100.93 100.22
Estimated for year ending December 31, 2019	\$ 9,162,777	10.971	54.855	\$ 603,149		