

Reminder for anesthesia and sedation patients

DO <u>NOT</u> EAT OR DRINK 8 HOURS PRIOR TO YOUR SCHEDULED ORAL SURGERY APPOINTMENT

Driver must remain at office during patient surgery

(not following instructions will result in cancellation of your appointment)



Introducing Oral Surgeon Dr. Steven Sudbrink

Dr. Sudbrink is Board Certified and holds fellowship status in three national organizations: The American Association of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgeons, American Dental Society of Anesthesia, and the American Academy of Implant Dentistry.

After obtaining his doctorate in dental medicine from Tufts University in Boston, Dr. Sudbrink completed his surgical residency at the nationally recognized LIJMC hospital program in New York. For over twenty years, he was the managing partner of Sudbrink Oral Surgery Associates in Lancaster Pennsylvania where he performed office based and Hospital procedures.

Currently, Dr. Sudbrink serves as a valuable addition to the Aspen Group, performing advanced oral surgical procedures and anesthesia for his patients at their Orlando locations.



Visit our web site at : SUDBRINKORALSURGEON.COM.



Patient Health History Steven Sudbrink, DMD

Oral & Maxillofacial Surgeon

Pat	ient's Name	Date of Birth		He	eight	Weight	Date	
	Answer all questions by circling Yes (Y) or N	lo (N)			All	responses are kept	confidential.	
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Are you in good health? Has there been any change in your general health past year? Date of last physical exam Are you now under a physician's care for a particular problem? Have you ever had any serious illnesses, operation hospitalizations? If so, describe:	n in theY N ularY N ons, orY N		J. K.	Bisphos other ca Aredia, 2 Have yo Please li medicati	taking or have you even the phonates for osteopouncers (e.g., Reclast, Zometa, Prolia)?u ever been advised strany and all medications, diet drugs, over rholistic remedies, vi	rosis, multiple mye Fosamax, Actonel, not to take a medi ations, prescription -the-counter medic	, Boniva, Y N cation? Y N cations,
6.	DO YOU HAVE, OR HAVE YOU EVER HAD: A. Rheumatic Fever or Rheumatic Heart Disease B. Congenital Heart Disease (Heart Attack, Heart Heart Murmur, Coronary Artery Disease, Ang Blood Pressure, Stroke, Palpitations, Heart S Pacemaker) D. Lung Disease (Asthma, Emphysema, COPD, Cough, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Tuberculosis, of Breath, Chest Pain, Severe Coughing) E. Seizures, Convulsions, Epilepsy, Fainting or Dizziness	Trouble, Jina, High Jurgery, Chronic Shortness	8.		VERSE R Local Ar Penicillir Sedative Aspirin o Codeine Latex or Metal of Chemica Food pro	LLERGEIC TO OR H EACTION TO: testhesia (e.g., Novae to or other antibiotics test, Barbiturates to Ibuprofen or other pain killers Rubber products any kind tals or jewelry (rash or toducts st any other allergies	cain, etc.)	Y N Y N Y N Y N Y N Y N Y N Y N
	F. Bleeding Disorder, Anemia, Bleeding Tenden Transfusion G. Do you bruise easily H. Liver Disease (Jaundice, Hepatitis) I. Kidney Disease J. Diabetes K. Thyroid Disease L. Arthritis M. Stomach Ulcers & Colitis N. Glaucoma O. Osteoporosis P. Implants placed anywhere in your body (Hear Pacemaker, Hip, Knee, etc.) Q. Radiation (x-ray) treatment for cancer R. Clicking or popping of jaw joint, pain near ear opening mouth, grind/clench teeth S. Sinus or Nasal Problems T. Any disease, drug or transplant operation that depressed your immune system	cy, Blood Y N Y N Y N Y N Y N Y N Y N Y N Y N Y N Y N t Valve, Y N , difficulty Y N t has	10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16.	Hov Is the or E you Have prevented the second secon	w much per any per motional ?	d any serious problem tal treatment? any immediate family ith intravenous anest any other disease, co hat you think the doctor point and a bone density NONLY Pregnant, or is there	I or Chemical Depfect the care we proceed the care we proceed the care we proceed the care with member had any hesia? I or Chemical Depfect with a second the care with a second the c	endency rovide Y N any Y N problem Y N n not bout? Y N thing? Y N you may
7.	ARE YOU USING ANY OF THE FOLLOWING: A. Antibiotics B. Anticoagulants (Blood Thinners) C. Aspirin or drugs such as Motrin, Aleve, ibupro D. High Blood Pressure medications E. Steroids (Cortisone, Prednisone, etc.) F. Tranquilizers G. Insulin or Oral Anti-Diabetic drugs H. Digitalis, Inderal, Nitroglycerin or other heart drugs	Y N fen. Y N Y N Y N Y N Y N Y N		B. C.	Are you in If you are that you medicated contrace mechanic of birth cother me	ent?	ceptives: It is implication (and some of the the effectivenes) will need to use the trol for one completourse of antibiotic (and the trol for one completourse of antibiotic (and the trol for one consult when the trol	Y N cortant other s of oral the ete cycle es or



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Medication	Reason for taking medication
understand the importance of a truthful and complete Hea nave had the opportunity to discuss my Health History wi	alth History to assist my dentist in providing the best care possible. ith my dentist.
ate Signature of Person Completing Health History	Doctor's Initials



Cone Beam CT 3D Dental Imaging Consent Form

Steven Sudbrink DMD Oral & Maxillofacial Surgeon

Print Patient Name:	Patient's Name	Date	Account Number	
detect or diagnose any other medical conditions. However, in the event your doctor discovers something on your image they are concerned about, outside of your dental treatment, he or she may want to send it to a radiologist to be further evaluated. My dentist is authorized to send my Cone Beam CT images to a radiologist if he or she finds it necessary for further evaluation outside of my dental treatment. If my image is sent for further evaluation, I acknowledge that my dental insurance (if applicable) will be billed, and I will be responsit for any balance due. Print Patient Name: Patient Signature or Responsible Party: Disclosure for Insured Patients A claim will be made to your dental insurance carrier for this service and it may affect the annual benefits remaining on your dental insurance. Please initial below to indicate that you have read and understand that this may affect your dental insurance benefit availability.	X-rays, for dental treatments. This technology structures, to help your doctor provide an a	ogy captures 3D image	s of teeth, jaws, bones, and	facial
necessary for further evaluation outside of my dental treatment. If my image is sent for further evaluation, I acknowledge that my dental insurance (if applicable) will be billed, and I will be responsit for any balance due. Print Patient Name: Patient Signature or Responsible Party: Disclosure for Insured Patients A claim will be made to your dental insurance carrier for this service and it may affect the annual benefits remaining on your dental insurance. Please initial below to indicate that you have read and understand that this may affect your dental insurance benefit availability.	detect or diagnose any other medical cond something on your image they are concern	ditions. However, in the ned about, outside of yo	event your doctor discovers	3
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Pre-Operative Instructions

Steven Sudbrink, DMD
Oral & Maxillofacial Surgeon

Patient's Name	Date of Birth	Account Number

If you are having IV sedation:

- DO NOT EAT OR DRINK ANYTHING IN THE SIX (6) HOURS BEFORE SURGERY.
- Regularly scheduled medications may be taken with a sip of water.
- Have someone to drive you home, driver must remain in the office during your surgery, and minors MUST have a
 parent or legal guardian present.
- · Wear comfortable clothing and a short sleeve shirt.
- Remove all nail polish and artificial nails.
- Provide a list of ALL medications with dosages.
- · Contact lenses, jewelry, dentures and piercing (tongue ring, lip ring) must be removed at the time of surgery.
- If you have an illness such as a cold, sore throat, stomach, or bowel upset, please notify the office.
- Patients having anesthesia must avoid smoking or ingesting marijuana products at least 48 hours before surgery.

Pre-Operative Antibiotics. There are certain conditions that require antibiotic before surgery. This is accomplished by taking the antibiotic 1 hour before surgery. Some of these conditions may include;

- Prosthetic joint replacement within the last 2 years
- · Heart Valve surgery
- A history of bacterial endocarditis
- Congenital heart defects

If You Are On Blood Thinners. We will contact your primary care doctor or the doctor prescribing these medications to gain recommendation prior to surgery. We will need recent labs (INR) if you are taking Coumadin. If you have not heard from the office about the plan for stopping medications 1 week prior to surgery please call.

Common blood thinners include: Warfarin (Coumadin), Clopidogrel (Plavix), Aspirin/dipyridamole (Aggrenox), Ticlopidine (Ticlid), Dabigatran (Pradaxa), Enoxaparin (Lovenox), Dalteparin (Fragmin), Prasugrel (Effient).

Blood Pressure Medications should continue to be taken as you normally would.

Drugs For Strengthening Bones. If you are or ever have been on any bone density medications for osteoporosis or as part of a chemotherapy regimen (multiple myeloma, breast cancer, metastatic bone cancers), you must notify your surgeon prior to ANY procedure.

Examples of these medications (i.e., bisphosphonates) include: Alendronate (Fosamax), Pamidronate (Aredia), Ibandronate (Boniva), Risedronate (Actonel), Zoledronic acid (Zometa, Reclast), Prolia (Denosumab).

If you have ever received head and neck radiation for oral (throat) cancer, you must bring a detailed treatment summary from your radiation oncologist prior to surgery.

Recreational Drugs should be avoided as they can have negative reactions with anesthesia.

I HAVE READ AND UNDERSTAND THE INFORMATION PROVIDED ABOVE.		
Patient (or Legal Guardian) Signature	Date	
Print Patient (or Legal Guardian) Name		



Post-Operative Instructions

Steven Sudbrink, DMD

Oral & Maxillofacial Surgeon

Patient's Name	Date of Birth	Account Number

PLEASE READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

Sometimes the after-effects of oral surgery are quite minimal, so not all of the instructions may apply. Common sense will often dictate what you should do. However, when in doubt, follow these guidelines.

DAY OF SURGERY

FIRST HOUR: Bite down gently but firmly on the gauze packs that have been placed over the surgical areas, making sure they remain in place. Do not change them for the first hour unless the bleeding is not controlled. The packs may be gently removed after one hour. If active bleeding persists, place enough new gauze to obtain pressure over the surgical site for another 30 minutes. The gauze may then be changed as necessary (typically every 30 to 45 minutes). It is best to moisten the gauze with tap water and loosely fluff for more comfortable positioning.

EXERCISE CARE: Do not disturb the surgical area today. Do **NOT** rinse vigorously or probe the area with any objects. You may brush your teeth gently. **PLEASE DO NOT SMOKE** for at least 48 hours, since this is very detrimental to healing and may cause a dry socket.

OOZING: Intermittent bleeding or oozing overnight is normal. Bleeding may be controlled by placing fresh gauze over the areas and biting on the gauze for 30-45 minutes at a time.

PERSISTENT BLEEDING: Bleeding should never be severe. If so, it usually means that the packs are being clenched between teeth only and are not exerting pressure on the surgical areas. Try repositioning the packs. If bleeding persists or becomes heavy, you may **substitute a tea bag** (soaked in very hot water, squeezed dampdry and wrapped in a moist gauze) for 20 or 30 minutes. If bleeding remains uncontrolled, please call our office.

SWELLING: Swelling is often associated with oral surgery. It can be minimized by using a cold pack, ice bag or a bag of frozen vegetables (such as peas) wrapped in a towel and applied firmly to the cheek adjacent to the surgical area. This should be applied twenty minutes on and twenty minutes off during the first 24 hours after surgery. If you have been prescribed medicine for the control of swelling, be sure to take it as directed.

PAIN: Unfortunately most oral surgery is accompanied by some degree of discomfort. You will usually have a prescription for pain medication. If you take the first pill before the anesthetic has worn off, you should be able to manage any discomfort better. Some patients find that stronger pain medicine causes nausea, but if you precede each pain pill with a small amount of food, it will reduce the chance that nausea will occur. The effects of pain medications vary widely among individuals. If you do not achieve adequate relief at first, you may supplement each pain pill with an analgesic such as aspirin or ibuprofen. Remember that the most severe pain is usually within six hours after the local anesthetic wears off; after that your need for medicine should lessen. If you find you are taking large amounts of pain medicine at frequent intervals, please call our office. If you anticipate needing more prescription medication for the weekend, you must call for a refill during weekday business hours.

NAUSEA: Nausea is not uncommon after surgery. Sometimes pain medications are the cause. Nausea can be reduced by preceding each pain pill with a small amount of soft food, and taking the pill with a large volume of water. Try to keep taking clear fluids and minimize dosing of pain medications, but call us if you do not feel better. Classic Coca Cola may help with nausea.

Patient Initials:	



Post-Operative Instructions

Steven Sudbrink, DMD

Oral & Maxillofacial Surgeon

Patient's Name	Date of Birth	Account Number

DIET: Eat any nourishing food that can be eaten with comfort. Avoid extremely hot foods. Do not use a straw for the first few days after surgery. It is sometimes advisable, but not absolutely required, to confine the first day's intake to liquids or pureed foods (soups, puddings, yogurt, milk shakes, etc.). It is best to avoid foods like nuts, sunflower seeds, popcorn, etc., which may get lodged in the socket areas. Over the next several days you may gradually progress to solid foods. It is important not to skip meals! If you take nourishment regularly you will feel better, gain strength, have less discomfort and heal faster. If you are a diabetic, maintain your normal eating habits or follow instructions given by your doctor.

SHARP EDGES: If you feel something hard or sharp edges in the surgical areas, it is likely you are feeling the bony walls which once supported the extracted teeth. Occasionally, small slivers of bone may work themselves out during the following week or so. If they cause concern or discomfort, please call the office.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE SECOND & THIRD DAYS

MOUTH RINSES: Keeping your mouth clean after surgery is essential. Use ¼ teaspoon of salt dissolved in an 8 ounce glass of warm water and gently rinse with portions of the solution, taking five minutes to use the entire glassful. Repeat as often as you like, but at least two or three times daily.

BRUSHING: Begin your normal oral hygiene routine as soon as possible after surgery. Soreness and swelling may not permit vigorous brushing, but please make every effort to clean your teeth within the bounds of comfort.

HOT APPLICATIONS: You may apply warm compresses to the skin over the areas of swelling (hot water bottle, hot moist towels, heating pad) for 20 minutes on and 20 minutes off to help soothe tender areas. This will also help decrease swelling and stiffness.

HEALING: Normal healing after tooth extraction should be as follows: The first two days after surgery are generally the most uncomfortable and there is usually some swelling. On the third day you should be more comfortable and, although still swollen, can usually begin a more substantial diet. **The remainder of the post-operative course should be gradual, steady improvement.** If you don't see continued improvement, please call our office. If you are given a plastic irrigating syringe, **DO NOT** use it for the first five days. Then use it daily according to the instructions until you are certain the tooth socket has closed completely and that there is no chance of any food particles lodging in the socket.

CONTACT US

It is our desire that your recovery be as smooth and pleasant as possible. Following these instructions will assist you, but if you have questions about your progress, please call the office where you had surgery.

While calling during office hours will afford a faster response to your question or concern, a 24-hour answering service is available to contact the doctor on call after hours: 888-989-3805

PLEASE NOTE: Telephone calls for narcotic (i.e., pain killer) prescription renewals are ONLY accepted during office hours.

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AspenDental Your mouth, Our mission.

Controlled Substance Agreement

Steven Sudbrink, DMD Oral & Maxillofacial Surgeon

Controlled substance medications (pain medications) are very useful, but have a potential for misuse and are, therefore, closely controlled by local, state, and federal governments. They are intended to relieve pain, thus improving function. Since my Doctor is prescribing controlled substance medications to help manage my pain, I understand the potential risks and agree to the following:

- The risks of addiction and overdose associated with the controlled substance containing an opioid.
- The increased risk of addition to controlled substances to individuals suffering from mental or substance use disorders.
- The dangers of taking a controlled substance containing an opioid with benzodiazepines, alcohol or other central nervous system depressants.
- Any other information in the patient counseling information section of the labeling for controlled substances containing an opioid that I deemed necessary.
- I am responsible for the controlled substance medication prescribed to me. If my prescription is misplaced, stolen, or if "I run out early", I understand this medication will not be replaced regardless of the circumstances.
- Any additional refills of controlled substance medications will be made only during regular office hours (Monday – Thursday 8am – 4:30pm and Friday 8am – 3:00pm) and require an office evaluation by the Doctor. Refills will not be called into the pharmacy. Refills will not be made at night, weekends, or holidays.
- Refills are contingent upon keeping scheduled appointments and following the Doctors Oral Surgery prescription policy.
- I agree to inform my doctor about all other medications and treatments that I am receiving, including controlled substances obtained from other healthcare providers.
- I will not be involved in any activity that may be dangerous to me or someone else. Pain
 medications may cause reflexes and reaction time to be slowed. Such activities include using
 heavy equipment or motor vehicle operation.
- If I am under the care of a physician or treatment facility for prior substance abuse, I understand that I may be directed back to them for pain control. Furthermore, I authorize the Doctor to release information to them regarding my plan of treatment as well as obtain information for them to assist in my care.
- I understand that if I violate any of the above terms, my prescriptions for controlled medications
 may be terminated immediately. If the violation involved obtaining these medications for another
 individual, I may be reported to other physicians, pharmacies, and appropriate authorities.
- I further understand that if I violate this controlled substance agreement due to non-compliance
 of any of the above guidelines, or fail to keep scheduled appointments, failure in taking
 medication as prescribed, utilizing other illicit drugs, or abuse of controlled medications, I may
 be subject to dismissal from this facility.

Patient Name	Acct Number
Patient Signature (Or Legal guardian if patient is a minor or unable to sign)	Date
Doctor Signature	Date
Nurse Signature	Date