

Notice to Michigan Republican Party Members: Current Entity is Violating Fundamental Right to Vote

This notice is to be served only by the People of Michigan

To: Sue Allor, 1st District Chair, Michigan Republican Party

Cc: Chris Holz, 1st District Secretary, Michigan Republican Party

I, , one of the People of Michigan as seen in the Michigan Constitution Article 1 Section 1, republican in form, Sui Juris, do issue this notice that you may provide due care;

Michigan Constitution Article 1 Section 1: Political power.

“All political power is inherent in the people. Government is instituted for their equal benefit, security and protection.”

Please take notice that between the years of 1954 and 1970 the state and its political subdivisions effectively enjoined the two major political parties as agents of government, and in the process violating the People’s fundamental right to vote. (Please refer to evidence below):

- 1) “Public Act 116 of 1954: Michigan Election Law” containing initial steps for reorganizing elections from the private jurisdiction to the public.
- 2) The new “1963 Constitution, Article VII Section 2” provision, establishing County Charters by the “Home Rule City Act of 1909” to create commissions, usurping legislative authority of the county Board of Supervisors statewide (as seen in Article VII Section 8) and placing it under control of the new County Commissioners, which is now organized within the Executive Branch.
- 3) “Public Act 380 of 1965: Executive Organization Act of 1965” transferring the People’s original granted powers by constitutional provision to new administrative agencies.
- 4) Due to the above-mentioned chartering by the Home Rule City Act, by 1970, a different and unconstitutional form of government was brought, with the two major political parties becoming a committee within each of the 83 Michigan county Board of Commissioners.

Maxim of Law 11f. Power can never be delegated which the authority said to delegate never possessed itself. N.J. Steam Co. v. Merch Bank, 6 How. (47 U.S.) 344, 407. (source: A Selection of Maxims of Law Compiled and Edited by Andrew A. Weisman)

Maxim of Law 62b. A repugnant act cannot be brought into being, i.e., cannot be made effectual. Plowd. 355.

Maxim of Law 62o. Things grounded upon an ill and void beginning cannot have a valid or good perfection. Finch, Law, b. 1, c. 3, n. 8.

Maxim of Law 62p. An unconstitutional Act is not a law; it confers no rights; it imposes no duties; it affords no protection; it creates no office; it is, in legal contemplation, as inoperative as though it had never been passed. Norton v. Shelby County, 118 U.S. 425, 442.

Please take notice that in Article II Section 4, paragraph four, the term “**person**” applies exclusively to **public entities**, while the term “**citizen**” refers to **the People, standing on Michigan & U.S. constitutions, in the private realm**. (See evidence below) [emphasis in highlight & underline added]:

Michigan Constitution Article 2 Section 4, paragraph four: Place and Manner of Elections

“For purposes of this part (a) of subsection (4)(1), **“person” means an individual, association, corporation, joint stock company, labor organization, legal representative, mutual company, partnership, unincorporated organization, the state or a political subdivision of the state or an agency of the state, or any other legal entity, and includes an agent of a person.**”

Please take notice, the county’s 1970 consolidation of the Republican Party clearly shows that **Michigan government agencies are using their civil powers to violate** both Section 4 (a) (1) and (a) (3), thus interfering with the People’s fundamental right to vote. (see evidence below):

Michigan Constitution Article 2 Section 4: [emphasis by highlight/underline added]

- (1) Every citizen of the United States who is an elector qualified to vote in Michigan shall have the following rights:
- (a) The fundamental right to vote, including but not limited to the right, once registered, to vote a secret ballot in all elections. No person shall: (1) enact or use any law, rule, regulation, qualification, prerequisite, standard, practice, or procedure; (2) engage in any harassing, threatening, or intimidating conduct; or (3) use any means whatsoever, any of which has the intent or effect of denying, abridging, interfering with, or unreasonably burdening the fundamental right to vote.

Please take final notice the People of Michigan are learning their Constitutions and have assembled and consulted for the common good, and believe that the Republican Party of Michigan has failed in its mission by entering into an unlawful agreement with the People’s government. There may be a significant liability to the Party regarding voter rights violations by continuing on its current track.

For a Grassroots Republican Party to exist lawfully, it must again join the People of Michigan in the private realm, where the People enjoy all their constitutional rights and protections; to freely assemble, to consult for the common good, to associate, travel, contract, speak, and to once again be the true, free voice of the People of Michigan.



Signed at:
2024-01-11 13:08:29

Autograph

11/01/2024

Date