

The Guide to Safe Practice for Acupuncture Risk assessment For COVID-19



Health and safety: risk assessment

Introduction

As part of managing the health and safety of your business you must control the risks in your workplace. To do this you need to think about what might cause harm to people and decide whether you are taking reasonable steps to prevent that harm; this is known as risk assessment.

A risk assessment is not about creating huge amounts of paperwork, but rather about identifying sensible measures to control the risks in your workplace. If you work as a self-employed practitioner with no employees there is no legal requirement for you to write down your risk assessment, although making some written notes may help you maintain a safe work environment. If you employ five people or more your legal responsibilities increase and you should seek further guidance about what you are required to do.

An acupuncture practice is typically a low-, although not zero-, risk environment. There are still areas where precautionary steps should be taken. The BAcC believes you have a professional responsibility to take the appropriate steps to look after your patients' safety and to remain aware of all relevant health and safety legislation.

The approach you take to health and safety should be proportionate to the size of your business and the nature of your business activity. For most small, low-risk businesses the steps you need to take are straightforward.

How to carry out a simple risk assessment.

There are five steps to carrying out a risk assessment:

- 1 Identify the hazards
- 2 Decide who might be harmed and how
- 3 Evaluate the risks and decide on precautions
- 4 Record your significant findings
- 5 Review your assessment and update if necessary

We have produced the following basic template for you to use based on information taken from the HSE website: http://www.hse.gov.uk/risk/controlling-risks.htm

Clinic address being assessed	Acu-Synergy Chinese Medicine Centre 18A Welbeck Way, London W1G 9YJ				
Risk assessment carried out by	John Bartlett, C.Eng, F.I.MarEST				
Date of assessment	9 th June 2020	Review date	8 th Sept. 2020		
Name of person with overall responsibility for the clinic building	Dr Li Ping Bartlett				
Is there a first aid box?	Yes/ No	Where is the box located?	Bathroom		
Is there a health and safety law poster? (n/a for small premises)	Yes/No or n/a	Where is the poster on display?	n/a		

What are the	Who might	What are you doing already to control the risk?	Further
hazards?	be harmed		Action
Oue ee infection	and how?		Required?
Cross infection			
building to Patient & VV			
General		Patient risk assessment in advance	No
		Contactless Thermometer	No
		Hand sanitiser on arrival	No
	드	Hand washing & Instructions available	No
) j <u>e</u>	UV light between patients	No
	le l	Atomised HOCL during visit	No
Door Knob/Bell	<u>-</u>	Disinfect between patients	No
Diagnosis	1 5	Sneeze Screen and plastic chair – no cushion – clear table	No
	OVID-19 Infection	Disinfect Chair. Table and Sneeze Screen between patients	No
Treatment Bed		Disinfect Bed between patients	No
Towels etc	ŏ	Launder towels etc from each session	No
Clothes	 	Store removed clothes in bag	No
Toilet	atient	Clean toilet after each use	No
Cash	ati	Electronic payments only	No
Drinks Glass	<u>Ф</u>	Disposable Cup	
Cross infection	_		
from Practitioner	<u>io</u>		
to Patient & VV	act		
General	Patient & Practitioner– COVID-19 Infection	Patient risk assessment in advance	No
_) 9 9	Contactless Thermometer	No
Conversation	it 8 Lior D-1	Practitioner & Patient wear masks	No
	l ë ji j	2m Distance maintained where possible	No
Diagnosis	hat So	Sneeze Screen + Practitioner wears gloves and hair cover	No
Acupuncture		Practitioner wears face screen/coat and cleans treatment skin area with sanitiser	

All risks have been mitigated in accordance with BAcC Novel Coronavirus Covid-19, Guidelines for returning to work, May 2020