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Zero first and second conditional interactive exercises

Zero conditional rules. Zero.conditional examples. How to teach zero conditional.

Complete the sentences. Use the current perfect form of verbs in parentheses. Use the contractions if possible. We and our partners use cookies to save and / or access the information on the device. We and our partners use data for personalized advertisements and content, advertisements and content assessment, audience information and product development. An example of processing data can be a unique identifier stored in a cookie.

### ZERO CONDITIONAL - CERTAINTY

IF/WHEN	CONDITION	RESULT
	PRESENT SIMPLE	PRESENT SIMPLE
If/When	you heat butter	it melts

RESULT	IF/WHEN	CONDITION
PRESENT SIMPLE		PRESENT SIMPLE
Butter melts	If/when	you heat it

We use the zero conditional when the result of the condition is always true and obvious.

Exercise Write the verbs in brackets. Use the ZERO conditional.

1-If it (rain), the streets (get) wet.

2-My mother (get) angry when I (not do) my homework every day.

3- If you (run) too fast, you (get) really exhausted.

4-I can't (understand) Elizabeth when she (speak) so quickly.

5-If Madeleine (miss) the seven o'clock train, she (be) late for work.

6- When you (turn on) an electric al appliance, the electricity meter (go) up.

7- My little sister always (cry) when she (be) hungry.

8-When you (drink) too much alcohol, you sure (get) drunk. It's dangerous.

9-The mountains (get) white when it (snow).

10-If you (don't drink) enough water, you (become) dehydrated.

11-You (gain) weigh if you (eat) too much sugar and fried food.

12-When my mother (have) a toothache, she always (take) an aspirin.

13-If you (mix) red and blue, you (get) purple.

14-Plants (die) if they (not get) enough water.

15- If you (break) a leg, it (hurt) and it's very painful.

16- When my friends (tell) me an important secret, I never (tell) it to anyone.

17- You (get) a substantial fine if you (not pay) your taxes.

18- If you (not get) enough vitamins and iron, you (suffer) from anaemia.

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What would you do if...

a stranger asked you where you live?

What would you do if...

your friend fell and got hurt?

What would you do if...

you saw someone fall from a boat?

What would you do if...

you had to talk in front of a thousand people?

What would you do if...

you got lost in a forest?

What would you do if...

you saw a ghost?

What would you do if...

you saw a thief stealing a wallet?

What would you do if...

there was a fly in your soup?

For example, we looked at nature and given the growing plants. Now imagine what would happen if they don't get enough sun? This situation is given by probation. However, sometimes you wonder how to summarize it and not do certain conditions. Yes, such conditions are possible and are called zero conditions. Let's look at the examples. If your home plants do not get enough sun, they will disappear. You can also express th'Doconchi sentences. Use the preliminary form of verbs in brackets. Use contractions, if possible. We and our partners use cookies to save and / or access to information on the device. We and our partners use data for personalized advertising and content, advertising and content assessment, understanding of the audience and product development. An example of data processing can be a unique identifier stored in the cookie file. Some of our partners can process your data to achieve your legal business interests without allowing your consent. Use the following link to the list of service providers to see what goals they consider justified, or do not agree with such data processing. The consent will be used only for data processing on this site. If you want to change the settings at any time or withdraw your consent, a link to this in our confidentiality policy that you will find on our home page. Continue to recommend the subject of the Cookie School school: English as the second language (ESL) (1061958) 2013070). The field is essentially three different types of conditional phenomena: a probable hypothesis that cannot be studied by English must understand their relationship in order to understand the concept. Zero conditions are used to create truths. For example, we watched nature and saw plant growth. Now imagine what will happen if they do not have enough sunlight? This situation is suspended. However, sometimes you can be surprised to summarize and you have no conditions. Yes, such conditions are possible and called zero conditions. Let's see the examples. If plants in your house do not receive enough sunlight, they dry. you also canof zero conditionals in English.

### Conditional Sentences Type 1 → Real present

Read the sentences and make conditional sentences type 1

If + present simple + will + infinitive

I must exercise regularly to keep fit.  
If \_\_\_\_\_

I want to take the bus to arrive early to work.  
If \_\_\_\_\_

Carl must run faster to win the race.  
If \_\_\_\_\_

I have to work hard in order to succeed.  
If \_\_\_\_\_

Peter eats too much and he feels sick.  
If \_\_\_\_\_

Sam should take some medicines to become well.  
If \_\_\_\_\_

Bob should find a job and his wife will not shout at him.  
If \_\_\_\_\_

Is Laura very tired? Then, she must go to sleep.  
If \_\_\_\_\_

Revise your lessons and you won't fail the exam.  
If \_\_\_\_\_

Brush your teeth regularly and you won't have a toothache.  
If \_\_\_\_\_

Sara has to do some experiments to understand chemistry well.  
If \_\_\_\_\_

Drive carefully and you won't have an accident.  
If \_\_\_\_\_

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To create a conditional zero, you need to make sentences from two parts. These two parts of the sentences are: Clause "Clause" The main clause. We use this format to create type 0 conditional sentences: if/when + present simple base verb = present simple á If If Then, in this sense the result must be happen or generally happen. For example, if water is heated to 100 degrees Celsius, it boils. Now you can see that this statement is a fact. It can't be fake or anything.



- If I **was** in Madrid, I **would have found** a new girlfriend.  
 He **would do** more to help poor people if he **was** the Pope.  
 If **we weren't** going to the cinema **another** day, we **wouldn't have** missed the next 5 minutes.  
 She **thinks** (she **thinks**) **if a new car** **she had had** the money.  
 If I **were** you, I **would** (go) to Manchester immediately.  
 They **would talk** to Jack if he **came**.  
 If Peter **wasn't** a student, he **wouldn't have made** such a stupid mistake.  
 Plastic **matters** if I **was** a politician (I **wasn't**), but I **wouldn't have** got too hot.  
 Kim **was** a student, but **became** a university lecturer **after** she **studied** hard.  
 If they **know** all the facts, they **would have found** the defendant guilty.  
 Unless he **wasn't** (he **wasn't**) **thirty**, you **would never arrive** on time.  
 If I **was** in charge, I **would** (change) the standard business routines.  
 If I **hadn't known** better, I **would** (have) **lost** the money.  
 If he **wasn't** (he **wasn't**) **not** studying, he **would pass** the exam.  
 If I **wasn't** (I **wasn't**) **not** so short, I **would be** a model.

Put the verbs in brackets into the correct tenses. Zero, first, second or third Conditional

- |    |   |  |
|----|---|--|
| 1  | If he (be) a professional basketball player, who (play) for?                    |  |
| 2  | If you (not study) now, he (have) time later.                                   |  |
| 3  | When I (ask) the cop, he (not let) me yesterday.                                |  |
| 4  | Where _____ I (go) on holiday if you _____ (can) choose?                        |  |
| 5  | What _____ (you give) me? _____ (be) my birthday tomorrow?                      |  |
| 6  | I was _____ (recycle) more, there _____ (not be) so much rubbish.               |  |
| 7  | We _____ (hear) the weather forecast, we _____ (not) go to the beach yesterday. |  |
| 8  | _____ (give) if you _____ (have) a credit card?                                 |  |
| 9  | If they _____ (not hurry) they _____ (miss) the film.                           |  |
| 10 | If they _____ (phone) me yesterday, I _____ (have) the news.                    |  |
| 11 | _____ (be) you, I _____ (not) see so many cards.                                |  |
| 12 | I _____ (be) _____ (get) for a walk unless it _____ (rain).                     |  |
| 13 | If we _____ (know) it was Paul's birthday yesterday, we _____ (buy) him a cake. |  |
| 14 | My father _____ (be) _____ (be) happy unless he _____ (skate) every day.        |  |
| 15 | Of the river _____ (not), his friends and I _____ (go) skating last weekend.    |  |



However, there are different ways to express null conditions if + present simple = present simple or present = if + present simple Note: In the example you can see that you don't need to use a comma to separate two different parts of a sentence. If you eat too much, you get fat. If you touch the fire you will be burned. People die if they don't eat. When you mix hydrogen and oxygen, water is created. Snakes bite when they are afraid, when children are hungry they cry. When you heat ice cream, it melts. Ice melts when you heat it. When you heat ice cream, it melts. Ice melts when you heat it. When it rains, the grass gets wet.

# GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

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## CONDITIONAL SENTENCES

### (IF CLAUSES) TEST

1. If it's a nice day tomorrow we \_\_\_\_ go to the beach.
2. If you feel sick, you \_\_\_\_ stay in bed.
3. He \_\_\_\_ have saved more money, if he had worked more.
4. I \_\_\_\_ have raised my hand, If I had known the answer.
5. If it were not raining, we \_\_\_\_ go out.
6. If we don't hurry, we \_\_\_\_ miss our bus.
7. If I won the lottery, I \_\_\_\_ travel around the world.
8. If I didn't want to go, I \_\_\_\_ tell you.
9. If I hadn't been so busy, I \_\_\_\_ have helped you.

It rains, the grass gets wet. When it rains, the grass gets wet. When it rains the grass gets wet. When you freeze water, it becomes solid. Plants die if they don't have enough water. When my husband has a cold, I usually get it.

When public transport is efficient, people stop using their cars. When you mix red and blue you get purple. When Bill calls, tell him to meet me at the movie theater. Ask Pete if you're not sure what to do. If you would like to come, call me before 5:00 p.m. Meet here if we get separated.

Conclusion: Because you may have understood that learning zero terms is the best way to improve your English speaking and writing skills. You can easily get an insight into the zero condition concept. Englishish will help you if you have doubts about ENGOffser "and one in the" basic condition ":) if + real simple, ... real simple. This condition is used when the result is always. So, when the water reaches 100 degrees, it always boils. This is a done. I speak in general, not the specific situation. The result of the IF offer is always the main phrase. If in this conditional phrase, "when" in this conditional phrase it can be replaced "when" without changing meaning. For example: when the Water reaches 100 degrees, bubbles. (This is always the case, sometimes there may not be a different result.) If I eat peanuts, I will get sick.

This only applies to me, perhaps not everyone, but it is still true that Every time I eat peanuts, they are nausea.) Here are some other examples: when people eat too much, they thicken. If you touch the fire, bruce will die. Water. Snakes bite when they are afraid. When children are hungry, they cry.

View this page on the first conditional phrase to discover the difference between the first and zero regular phrase. The first condition is related to a particular situation and zero specks in general. Click here to download this declaration in PDF format. Click here to view this conditional expression exercise. Click here to see all conditional exercises.