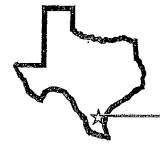
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016



Webb Consolidated Independent School District Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended August 31, 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>	Exhibit
INTRODUCTORY SECTION		
Certificate of Board	1	
FINANCIAL SECTION		
Independent Auditor's Report	2	
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)	5	
Basic Financial Statements		
Government-wide Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position	14	A-1
Statement of Activities	15	B-1
Fund Financial Statements:	17	C-1
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	17	0-1
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	18	C-1R
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	10	0 111
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	19	C-2
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in		-
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	20	C-3
Statement of Net Position - Internal Service Fund	21	D-1
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in		
Fund Net Position - Internal Service Fund	22	D-2
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	23	D-3
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	24	E-1
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	25	E-2
Notes to the Financial Statements	26	
Required Supplementary Information		
Budgetary Comparison Schedules:		
General Fund	46	G-1
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the		
Net Pension Liability - Teacher Retirement System Of Texas	48	G-2
Schedule of District's Contributions - Teacher Retirement System Of Texas	49	G-3
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	50	
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SECTION		
Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable	51	J-1
Budgetary Comparison Schedules Required by the Texas Education Agency:		
National School Breakfast and Lunch Program	53	J-2
Debt Service Fund	54	J-3

Webb Consolidated Independent School District Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended August 31, 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>	Exhibit
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and		
Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed		
in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	55	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs		
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings		
Corrective Action Plan	60	
Schedule of Required Responses to Selected School First Indicators	61	K-1



CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Webb Consolidated Independent School District Name of School District	<u>Webb</u> County	<u>240904</u> CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annu-	ual financial reports o	f the above named school district
were reviewed and (check one)approved _	disapproved for	the year ended August 31, 2016,
at a meeting of the board of trustees of such school di	strict on the day o	ıf,
Signature of Board Secretary	Signatu	re of Board President
If the board of trustees disapproved of the auditor's re	port, the reason(s) for (disapproving it is (are):



JOHN WOMACK & CO., P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

JOHN L. WOMACK. CPA MARGARET KELLY, CPA P. O. BOX 1147 KINGSVILLE, TEXAS 78364 (361) 592-2671 FAX (361) 592-1411

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Webb Consolidated Independent School District Box 206 Bruni, Texas 78344

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Webb Consolidated Independent School District ("the District") as of and for the year ended August 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



PRIVATE COMPANIES PRACTICE SECTION, AICPA DIVISION FOR CPA FIRMS

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Webb Consolidated Independent School District as of August 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of District pension contributions identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Webb Consolidated Independent School District's basic financial statements. The introductory section and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplementary information are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 16, 2016 on our consideration of Webb Consolidated Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Webb Consolidated Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

John Womack and Company, P.C.

Kingsville, TX

December 16, 2016

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of Webb County Independent School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2016. Please read this in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

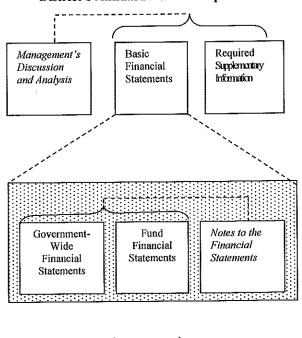
- The District's total combined net position was \$25,850,805 at August 31, 2016.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$909,877 less than the \$11,851,645 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The total cost of the District's programs was \$1,108,877 less than last year due primarily to the
 decrease in contracted instructional services between public schools while the debt service increased.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$6,940,092, an increase of \$235,474 over last year's fund balance of \$6,704,618.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are government- wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as self-insurance.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

Figure A-1. Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report



The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2. Major Features of the District's Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements									
			Fund Statements						
Type of									
Statements	Government-Wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds Activities the District	Fiduciary Funds Instances in which the					
	Entire District's government (except	The activities of the District that are not	operates similar to	district is the trustee or					
Scope	fiduciary funds) and the District's component units	proprietary or fiduciary	private businesses: self insurance	agent for someone else's resources					
	*Statement of net	*Balance Sheet	*Statement of net	*Statement of Fiduciary					
	position	[생산] 보다 "원투분 호로 [라프라크] .	position	net position					
Required	*Statement of	*Statement of revenues, expenditures & changes in	*Statement of revenues, expenses	*Statement of changes in fiduciary net position					
financial	activities	fund balances	and changes in fund	indicated not position					
statement			net position						
			*Statement of cash						
	A second apparenting	Modified accrual	flows Accrual accounting	Accrual accounting and					
Accounting basis and measurement	Accrual accounting and economic	accounting and current	and economic	economic resources					
focus	resources focus	financial resources focus	resources focus	focus					
	All assets and	Only assets expected to be	All assets and	All assets and liabilities,					
-Type of	liabilities, both	used up and liabilities that	liabilities, both	both short-term and					
asset/liability	financial and capital,	come due during the year	financial and capital, and short-term and	long-term, the District's funds do not currently					
information	short-term and long- term	or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	long-term	contain capital assets,					
		capital assets illefuded	iong with	although they can					
	All revenue and	Revenues for which cash	All revenues and	All revenues and					
	expenses during the	is received during or soon	expenses during the	expenses during the year,					
Type of	year, regardless of	after the end of the year;	year, regardless of when cash is received	regardless of when cash is received or paid					
inflow/outflow	when cash is received or paid	expenditures when goods or services have been	or paid	is received or paid					
information	received or paid	received and payment is	o, paid						
		due during the year or							
		soon thereafter							

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes *all* of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position -- the difference between the District's assets and liabilities -- are one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional non financial factors such as changes in the District's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the *Governmental activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services, and general administration. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has two types of funds:

- Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statement, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds—Services for which the District charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long- and short-term financial information.
 - O We use *internal service funds* to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities—such as the District's Self Insurance Fund.

• Fiduciary funds—The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. It is also responsible for other assets that—because of a trust arrangement—can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's *combined* net position was \$25,850,805 at August 31, 2016. Investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, furniture and equipment, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding) is \$10,857,532. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

A small portion of the District's net position, \$(1,625,053), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The \$16,618,326 of unrestricted net position represents resources available to fund the programs of the District next year. (See Table A-1).

Table A-1
The District's Net Position

		Gover Act			Total Change	
	-	2016	_	2015		2016-2015
Current and other assets	\$	16,944,112	\$	6,238,583	\$	10,705,529
Capital and non-current assets	_	25,440,061		21,412,942		4,027,119
Total Assets	-	42,384,173	-	27,651,525		14,732,648
Deferred Outflow Related						
to Pensions	_	542,060		197,114		344,946
Total Deferred Outflows						
of Resources		542,060		197,114		344,946
Current liabilities		1,320,368		1,580,052		(259,684)
Long-term liabilities		15,644,098		1,053,927	_	14,590,171
Total Liabilities		16,964,466		2,633,979		14,330,487
Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions		110,962		273,732		(162,770)
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		110,962		273,732		(162,770)
NT - 10						
Net Position		10,857,532		20,582,057		(9,724,525)
Invested in Capital Assets Restricted		(1,625,053)		723,511		(2,348,564)
Unrestricted		16,618,326		3,635,360		12,982,966
Omesticaed		10,010,520	- •	2,020,000	-	
Total Net Position	\$	25,850,805	\$	24,940,928	\$	909,877

Major changes in Governmental Activities are as follows:

Current and other assets increased by \$10,705,529 due primarily to an increase in cash balances and current investments of \$8,949,516, primarily as a result of the sale of general obligation bonds and an increase of \$1,188,140 in the receivable from Other Governments.

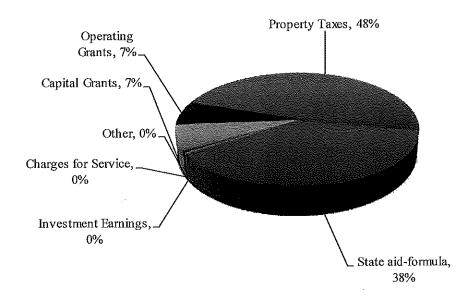
Comparatively, current liabilities decreased \$259,684, due to a decrease in unearned revenue of \$123,950, and a decrease of \$242,740 in the normal scheduled payment of bonds due within one year, with an increase in accounts payable of \$56,256 and an increase in interest payable of \$60,309.

Long-term liabilities increased by \$14,590,171 due to an increase in the net pension liability of \$595,787 and the sale of new general obligation bonds, resulting in an increase in bond scheduled payments due in more than one year of \$13,994,384.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues were \$11,851,645. A significant portion, 48%, of the District's revenue comes from taxes (See Figure A-3). 38% comes from state-aid formula grants.

Figure A-3
Sources of Revenue for Fiscal Year



The total cost of all programs and services was \$10,941,768. Of these costs, 75% are for instructional and student services, but, when the chapter 41 component of contracted instructional services between schools, \$(2,233,634) is excluded, 54% is for instructional and student services.

Governmental Activities

There were no changes in property tax rates for maintenance while debt service tax rates increased by \$.0100/\$100. The 28% decrease in property values, resulted in a decrease in tax revenues of \$2,403,273, or 30%.

Unrestricted grants increased \$1,432,688, or 47%. This increase in state grant revenue was due to the decrease in local tax revenue in prior years, and an increase in student average daily attendance. Also note that contracted instructional services decreased by \$1,457,969, which was the result of three major components: WADA, Tax Collection, and T2 Values.

Table A-2
District Revenues and Expenditures

		Gove Ac		Total Change		
	_	2016	2015	2016-2015		
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for service	\$	49,622	\$	51,620	\$	(1,998)
Operating grants and contributions		793,668		684,450		109,218
Capital grants and contributions		795,111		304,889		490,222
General Revenues:						
Property taxes		5,632,898		8,036,171		(2,403,273)
Grants and contributions not restricted						
to specific functions		4,480,140		3,047,452		1,432,688
Investment earnings		39,156		15,382		23,774
Miscellaneous	_	61,050		60,681		369
Total Revenue	_	11,851,645		12,200,645		(349,000)
Expenses:						
Instruction, curriculum and media		4,045,158		4,046,943		(1,785)
services		532,784		722,735		(189,951)
Instructional and school leadership		453,093		333,765		119,328
Student support services		487,896		461,509		26,387
Child nutrition		420,786		424,702		(3,916)
Cocurricular activities		761,353		701,132		60,221
General administration		701,333		701,132		00,221
Plant maintenance, security & data		1,503,045		1,545,771		(42,726)
processing		624		222		402
Community services		423,302		19,527		403,775
Debt service		423,302		8,968		(8,968)
Capital Outlay Contracted instructional service		2,233,634		3,691,603		(1,457,969)
Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Programs		7,110		5,051,005		7,110
Other Intergovernmental Charges		72,983		93,768		(20,785)
Other Intergovernmental Charges	•	12,705		30,,00	-	(-3,-3)
Total Expenses		10,941,768		12,050,645		(1,108,877)
Increase (Decrease) in net position		909,877		150,000		759,877
Net Position, Beginning		24,940,928		25,804,773		(863,845)
Prior period adjustment				(1,013,845)	_	1,013,845
Net Position - Beginning as Restated		24,940,928		24,790,928	_	150,000
Net Position, Ending	\$	25,850,805	\$	24,940,928	\$	909,877

Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the District's largest functions as well as each function's *net cost* (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.

- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$10,941,768.
- The amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$5,632,898, or 51%.
- Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs, \$49,622, and by grants and contributions of \$1,588,779.

Table A-3
Net Cost of Selected District Functions

			Total Cost of Services		 Net C	% Change		
	2016	_	2015		2016	_	2015	
Instruction	\$, ,	5	3,941,618	0.76% 8.59%	\$ 3,542,620 \$ 722,890	8	3,533,676 679,287	0.25% 6.42%
General administration Plant maintenance security &	761,353		701,132	0.3970	122,690		,	•••
operations Contracted instructional services	1,503,045 2,233,634		1,423,199 3,691,603	5.61% -39.49%	1,455,543 2,223,578		1,400,083 3,677,665	3.96% -39.54%

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$11,593,813, a decrease of 5% compared to the preceding year. This is primarily due to a decrease of \$2,039,040 from local sources, as the result of a \$2.6 million reduction in property tax revenue, as well as an increase of \$1,385,542 in state program revenues. Expenditures from governmental fund types totaled \$15,439,204, an increase of 12% from the prior year. The largest increase that occurred was \$3,007,079, in capital outlay expenditures, with a decrease in contracted instructional services between public schools of \$1,457,969.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revised its budget several times. Even with these adjustments, actual expenditures were \$257,141 below final budget amounts. The positive variances are reflected fairly evenly in all functions. Staffing is budgeted for full employment throughout the full year.

Also, resources available were \$20,212 above the financial budgeted amount. As noted earlier:

- Property tax collections and other local sources were \$11,018 more than expected.
- The District maintained its own campus and has no plans for further expansion in the near future; however, the agriculture and wind energy center were built.
- State program revenue was \$13,644 below the final budget.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2016, the District had invested \$38,760,364 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, and vehicles. (See Table A-4.) This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$4,991,391 or 15% over last year.

Table A-4
District's Capital Assets

Governmental Activities

		2015	Additions	Deletions	2016
Land	\$	621,960	-	<u>.</u>	621,960
Buildings and improvements		27,825,135	4,798,920	-	32,624,055
Vehicles		1,769,580	207,357	19,858	1,957,079
Equipment		1,368,653	124,261	-	1,492,914
Construction in Progress		2,183,645	1,999,780	2,119,069	2,064,356
Totals at historical cost	_	33,768,973	7,130,318	2,138,927	38,760,364
Less Total accumulated depreciation	_	12,356,031	984,130	19,858	13,320,303_
Net capital assets	\$_	21,412,942	6,146,188	2,119,069	25,440,061

Long -Term Debt

The District's long-term debt consists of \$12,970,000 in General Obligation Bonds, \$155,877 in Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, \$8,171 in bond accretion, \$1,448,481 in Bond Premium and a net pension liability of \$1,490,617.

For additional data refer to Note F, on page 37.

Net Pension Liability

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 during the year ended August 31, 2016. A prior period adjustment of \$720,653 was required to record the beginning balance of the pension liability for the year ended August 31, 2014. Statement No. 68 establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting, but not funding or budgetary standards, for defined benefit pensions and defined contribution pensions provided to the employees of state and local government employers through pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements criteria detailed above in the description of Statement No. 67. This Statement replaces the requirement Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, as well as the requirements of Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to pensions that are provided through pension plans within the scope of the Statement.

The requirements of Statement No. 68 apply to the financial statements of all state and local governmental employers whose employees are provided with pensions through pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements as described above, and to the financial statements of state and local governmental non-employer contributing entities that have a legal obligation to make contributions directly to such pension plans. This Statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred Inflows of-resources, and expense/expenditures related to pensions. Note disclosure and RSI requirements about pensions also are addressed.

For defined benefit pension plans, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service.

The adoption of Statement No. 68 has no impact on the District's governmental fund financial statements, which continue to report expenditures in the contribution amount determined legislatively for the TRS plan. The calculation of pension contributions is unaffected by the change. However, the adoption has resulted in the restatement of the District's beginning net position for the fiscal year 2014 government-wide financial statements to reflect the reporting of net pension liability and deferred Inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources for its qualified pension plan and the recognition of pension expense in accordance with the provisions of the Statement.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- Appraised valuations used for the 2017 Budget preparation will be down \$158 million for maintenance and operations tax valuations and up \$153 million for debt service tax valuations. Continuing construction is anticipated for 2017, with the spending totaling \$7 million, during the year.
- General operating fund spending per student increased in the 2017 budget from \$21,713 in 2016 actual spending, exclusive of WADA costs, to \$25,659 in budgeted spending, a \$3,946 increase.
 The District has budgeted \$993,000 for WADA purchasing in 2017; however, this number is not reflected in the spending per student.
- The district's 2017 refined average daily attendance is expected to be steady at approximately 295 students.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the general fund budget for 2017. Amounts available for appropriation in the general fund budget are \$8,777,883, a decrease of 8% from the final 2016 budget of \$9,540,371.

Maintenance and operating property taxes will decrease \$1,120,942, or 26%, from the prior year's final budget, due to a \$158 million decrease in maintenance and operation property valuations, while the interest and sinking funds property valuations increase by \$153 million; the tax rate will increase .0100/100 for debt service. State revenue is expected to decline by \$545,828 or 11% below 2016 actual state revenue of \$4,780,251 as a result of a decrease in local tax revenue due to decreased property values. State revenue will also decrease if the student population decreases. The District will use these decreased revenues to finance programs currently offered.

Expenditures are budgeted to decrease by \$163,554 from actual expenditures in the year ended 2016. The largest decrease is the decrease in recaptured costs of \$1,240,634. Their competitive salary schedule allowed the District to open the 2016-17 school year with no teacher vacancies.

If these estimates are realized, the District's budgetary General Fund balance is expected to remain essentially the same by the end of the fiscal year 2017.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's Business Office.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2016

			1
Data Control Codes		-	Governmental Activities
	ASSETS:	ው	10 651 060
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	13,651,062
1120	Current Investments		1,000,000 686,924
1225	Property Taxes Receivable (Net)		1.569.509
1240	Due from Other Governments		2,000
1267	Due from Fiduciary		2,000 34,617
1290	Other Receivables (Net)		34,017
	Capital Assets:		601.060
1510	Land		621,960
1520	Buildings and Improvements, Net		21,449,176
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		1,304,569 2,064,356
1580	Construction in Progress	_	
1000	Total Assets		42,384,173
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
1705	Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions	_	542,060
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	542,060
	LIABILITIES:		
2110	Accounts Payable		403,063
2140	Interest Payable		62,075
2165	Accrued Liabilities		324,517
2177	Due to Fiduciary		1,625
2300	Unearned Revenue		100,040
	Noncurrent Liabilities:		
2501	Due Within One Year		429,048
2502	Due in More Than One Year		14,153,481
2540	Net Pension Liability		1,490,617
2000	Total Liabilities		16,964,466
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		•
2605	Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions	_	110,962
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	110,962
	NET POSITION:		
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets		10,857,532
	Restricted For:		
3850	Debt Service		623,791
3860	Capital Projects		(2,248,844)
3900	Unrestricted	. —	16,618,326
3000	Total Net Position	\$ _	25,850,805

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

		1		3		4		5
					Program	n Revenue	e e	
Data Control Codes	Functions/Programs	Expenses	_	Charges for Services	Op Gra	erating nts and ributions	Gr	Capital ants and atributions
	Governmental Activities:	3,971,495	\$	13,598	\$	415,277	\$	
11	Instruction \$	3,971,495 64,445	φ	237	Ψ	1,952	Ψ	
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services	9,218		35		2		
13	Curriculum and Staff Development	30,211		108		1,702		
21	Instructional Leadership			1,798		32,004		
23	School Leadership	502,573		1,790 565		11,012		
31	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	155,909		460		9,063		
33	Health Services	128,025		296		13,211		••
34	Student Transportation	169,159		9,618		219,718		
35	Food Service	487,896		5,381		10,261		
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	420,786		2,760		35,703		
41	General Administration	761,353				32,524		
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	1,333,569		4,872		6,547		
52	Security and Monitoring Services	81,011		293		3,102		
53	Data Processing Services	88,465		164		3,102		
61	Community Services	624		3				
72	Interest on Long-term Debt	212,791		***		935		
73	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	210,511		***				705 111
81	Capital Outlay							795,111
91	Contracted Instructional Services between Schools	2,233,634		9,403		653		
95	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Progra	7,110		31		2		
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges	72,983						
TG	Total Governmental Activities	10,941,768		49,622		793,668		795,111
TP	Total Primary Government \$	10,941,768	\$	49,622	\$	793,668	\$	795,111
MT DT IE GC MI TR CN NB NE	Pro Pro Inv Gr Mi 1 C Net	operty Taxes, Le restment Earning	evie gs but eve osi	ition	ice		ograms	

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities \$ (3,542,620)(62,256)(9,181)(28,401)(468,771)(144,332)(118,502)(155,652)(258,560)(405,144)(722,890)(1,296,173)(74,171)(85,199)(621)(211,856)(210,511) 795,111 (2,223,578)(7,077)(72,983)(9,303,367) (9,303,367) 4,840,084 792,814 39,156 4,480,140 61,050 10,213,244 909,877 24,940,928 25,850,805

WEBB CONSOLIDATED INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

AUGUST 31, 2016

Data Control Codes		_	10 General Fund		60 Capital Projects Fund	-	Other Governmental Funds	G	98 Total overnmental Funds
1110 1120 1225 1240 1260 1290 1000	ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents Current Investments Taxes Receivable, Net Due from Other Governments Due from Other Funds Other Receivables Total Assets	\$	4,838,398 1,000,000 639,949 1,517,441 57,702 34,298 8,087,788	\$ 	8,794,209 1,160 8,795,369	\$	18,454 46,975 52,068 2,717 319 120,533	\$	13,651,061 1,000,000 686,924 1,569,509 61,579 34,617 17,003,690
2110 2150 2160 2170 2300 2000	LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Payroll Deductions & Withholdings Accrued Wages Payable Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenue Total Liabilities	\$	98,927 1,418 301,900 5,502 100,000 507,747	\$	288,509 55,611 344,120	\$	15,627 21,199 91 40 36,957	\$	403,063 1,418 323,099 61,204 100,040 888,824
2600	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred Revenue Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	639,949 639,949	_		-	46,976 46,976		686,925 686,925
3450 3470 3480 3545 3600	FUND BALANCES: Restricted Fund Balances: Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions Capital Acquisitions & Contractual Obligations Retirement of Long-Term Debt Committed Fund Balances: Other Committed Fund Balance Unassigned		 4,217,248 2,722,844		 8,451,249 		23,120 3,478 3,222 6,780		23,120 8,454,727 3,222 4,224,028 2,722,844
3000	Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ ₌	6,940,092 8,087,788	\$_	8,451,249 8,795,369	\$	36,600 120,533	\$_	15,427,941 17,003,690

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2016

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$	15,427,941
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds. Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds. Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds. Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds. Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds. Rounding difference		25,440,062 686,925 (14,582,528) (62,075) (1,490,617) (110,962) 542,060 (1)
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	\$_	25,850,805

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Data Control Codes			10 General Fund	_	60 Capital Projects Fund		Other Governmental Funds	G —	98 Total overnmental Funds
	REVENUES: Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	4,761,315	\$	20,566	\$	1,589,815	\$	6,371,696
5800	State Program Revenues	Ψ	4,776,430	•	 ´ .	·	3,821		4,780,251
	Federal Program Revenues		22,838				419,028		441,866
5020	Total Revenues		9,560,583		20,566		2,012,664		11,593,813
	EXPENDITURES:								
0044	Current:		3,155,781		107,908		202,030		3,465,719
0011	Instruction Instructional Resources and Media Services		56,441						56,441
0012	Curriculum and Staff Development		8,193						8,193
0013			25,944				.		25,944
0021	Instructional Leadership		427,301				766		428,067
0023	School Leadership Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services		133,786						133,786
0031	Health Services		109,337						109,337
0033			70,334		211,357				281,691
0034	Student Transportation Food Service				7,000		450,141		457,141
0035	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		354,273				14,851		369,124
0036	General Administration		655,279		2,856				658,135
0041 0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		1,157,605		12,970				1,170,575
	Security and Monitoring Services		69,230						69,230
0052 0053	Data Processing Services		39,207		209,011				248,218
0053	Community Services		553						553
	Principal on Long-term Debt		56,787				591,433		648,220
0071 0072	Interest on Long-term Debt		1,905				270,387		272,292
0072	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees				210,511				210,511
0073	Capital Outlay		90,247		3,346,404		1,075,649		4,512,300
0091	Contracted Instructional Services		,-						
0091	Between Public Schools		2,233,634						2,233,634
0095	Payments to Juvenile Justice Altermative		, ,						
0095	Education Programs		7,110						7,110
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		72,983						72,983
6030	Total Expenditures	_	8,725,930		4,108,017	_	2,605,257		15,439,204
0000	70ta 2.1po.tata.	_				_			
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)						(500 500)		(0.045.004)
1100	Expenditures	_	834,653	_	(4,087,451)	_	(592,593)	_	(3,845,391)
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):				40.070.000				12,970,000
7911	Capital-Related Debt Issued (Regular Bonds)				12,970,000		 501,538		790,026
7915	Transfers In		277,000		11,488		301,336		1,549,674
7916	Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds		(330 500)		1,549,674		(11,488)		(790,026)
8911	Transfers Out		(778,538)		ан		(11,466)		(97,641)
8949	Other Uses	-	(97,641)		14,531,162	-	490,050	_	14,422,033
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	_	(599,179)		10,443,711		(102,543)		10,576,642
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		235,474		10,443,711		(102,040)		10,010,016
64.65	Fund Delenges Beginning		6,704,618		(1,992,462)		139,143		4,851,299
0100	·	Œ.	6,940,092	<u>\$</u>	8,451,249	\$	36,600	\$	15,427,941
3000	Fund Balances - Ending	Ψ_	0,070,002	Ψ_	<u> </u>	Ψ.	,	`=	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 10,576,642

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because:

Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA. The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds. Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year. Revenues in the SOA not providing current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA. Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA. (Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period. Proceeds of bonds do not provide revenue in the SOA, but are reported as current resources in the funds. Bond premiums are reported in the funds but not in the SOA. Pension expense relating to GASB 68 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds. Rounding difference	5,011,248 (984,130) 206,140 101,194 591,433 56,787 (41,692) (12,970,000) (1,549,674) (88,071)
------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities

909,877

Nonmajor

WEBB CONSOLIDATED INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUND AUGUST 31, 2016

		lı _	nternal Service Fund
Data Contro Codes		_	Insurance Fund
1000	ASSETS: Total Assets	\$ _	
2000	LIABILITIES: Total Liabilities	- -	
3000	NET POSITION: Total Net Position	\$_	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

FOH THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2010		Nonmajor Internal Service Fund		
Data Contro		In	surance Fund	
Codes	OPERATING REVENUES:		· <u>·</u>	
5700 5020	Local and Intermediate Sources Total Revenues	\$	27,646 27,646	
	OPERATING EXPENSES:			
6400	Other Operating Costs		27,646	
6030	Total Expenses		27,646	
1300	Change in Net Position			
0100	Total Net Position - Beginning			
3300	Total Net Position - Ending	\$		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

	Nonmajor Internal Service Funds	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Receipts (Payments) for Quasi-external Operating Transactions with Other Funds Cash Payments to Other Suppliers for Goods and Services Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (27,646) 27,646 	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 	

81,392

85,094

WEBB CONSOLIDATED INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Due to Student Groups

Total Net Position

Total Liabilities

NET POSITION:

3800 Held in Trust

2190

2000

3000

FIDUCIARY FUNDS Private-purpose AUGUST 31, 2016 Trust **Funds** Data Agency Private-Purpose Control Funds Trust Fund Codes ASSETS: 83,469 22,462 \$ 1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents 1,625 1260 Due from Other Funds 85,094 22,462 **Total Assets** 1000 LIABILITIES: **Current Liabilities:** \$ 3,702 \$ Accounts Payable 2110 2,000 Due to Other Funds 2170

2,000

20,462

20,462

WEBB CONSOLIDATED INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

		Private- Purpose Trusts
Additions:	Φ	65
Investment Income	\$	= =
Gifts & Bequests		3,000
Miscellaneous Income		
Total Additions		3,065
Deductions: Scholarship Awards Miscellaneous Operating Costs		2,000
Total Deductions		2,000
Change in Net Assets		1,065
Net Assets-Beginning of the Year		19,397
Net Assets-End of the Year	\$	20,462

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Webb Consolidated Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide ("Resource Guide"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees ("Board"), a seven-member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity and there are no component units included within the District's reporting entity.

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Capital Projects Fund. This fund accounts for the proceeds of bonds issued and the related costs of construction.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds: These funds are used to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the government-wide financial statements.

Private-Purpose Trust Funds: These funds are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments not reported in other fiduciary fund types.

Agency Funds: These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Agency funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or agent capacity and are therefore not available to support District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end, with the exception of property taxes which are fully deferred because the amounts collected after year end are considered immaterial. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

3. Financial Statement Amounts

a. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

b. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the fiscal year.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

The following is a schedule of delinquent taxes receivable and the allowance for uncollectible taxes for the District:

		Balance 09/01/15	Current Year Levy	Total Collections		Yearly Adjustments	Balance 08/31/16
Delinquent Taxes Receivable	\$	1,096,342 \$	5,498,620 \$	5,136,591	\$	(155,888)\$	1,302,483
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		(615,559)					(615,559)
Net Delinquent Taxes Receivable	\$_	480,783_\$_	5,498,620 \$_	<u>5,136,591</u>	\$_	(155,888)	686,924

Inventories and Prepaid Items

The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures, utilizing the purchase method of accounting for inventory in accordance with the Resource Guide.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

d. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Infrastructure	30
Buildings	50
Building Improvements	20
Vehicles	2-15
Office Equipment	3-15
Computer Equipment	3-15

Impairment losses related to capital assets are recognized and measured when there has been a significant, unexpected decline in the service utility of capital assets. The events or changes in circumstances which lead to impairment determinations are not considered to be normal or ordinary. The service utility of a capital asset is the usable capacity which, at acquisition, was expected to be used or provide service. Common indicators of impairment include - evidence of physical damage where the level of damage is such that restoration efforts are needed to restore service utility; enactment of laws or approval of regulations as well as changes in environmental factors; technological developments, or other evidence of obsolescence; changes in the manner of duration or use of capital assets; or construction stoppage due to lack of funding. There were no impairment changes during fiscal year 2016.

e. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position (the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental funds balance sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and/or fund balance that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

g. Compensated Absences

On retirement or death of certain employees, the District pays any accrued sick leave and vacation leave in a lump case payment to such employee or his/her estate. Individuals employed after October 1, 1985 are not eligible to receive the lump sum payments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

h. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

i. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

j. Data Control Codes

Data Control Codes appear in the rows and above the columns of certain financial statements. The TEA requires the display of these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

k. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's Board of Trustees. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Trustees removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Board of Trustees. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

The District has adopted a minimum fund balance of three months average expenditures of the General Fund, which in the current year is calculated to be \$2,100,625.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

I. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

m. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

4. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS' fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

New Accounting Standards Adopted

In fiscal year 2016, the District adopted three new statements of financial accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB):

- -- Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application
- -- Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Government
- -- Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures
- a. Statement No. 72 requires state and local governments to measure investments at fair value using a consistent definition and valuation techniques; also defines what assets and liabilities governments should measure at fair value and expands fair value disclosures in financial disclosure notes. While the Statement generally requires restatement of prior period balances in the year of implementation, the nature of the District's investments was such that their carrying amount was not affected.
- b. The GAAP hierarchy prioritizes guidance governments follow when preparing U.S. GAAP financial statements. Statement No. 76 reduces authoritative GAAP hierarchy from four categories to two and lists the order of priority for pronouncements to which a government should look for guidance.
- c. Statement No. 77 requires governments granting tax abatements to individuals and businesses to disclose program information in the notes to the financial statements through the agreement's duration and also requires disclosures about tax abatements entered into by other governments that reduce the reporting government's tax revenue. Prior year balances were not restated because there are no tax abatements associated with the District or any other government which affect the District's tax revenue.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

B. Compliance and Accountability

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

<u>Violation</u>
Excess Expenditures over Appropriations

Action Taken

The District will examine and improve existing policies and procedures to ensure that expenditures do not exceed budget.

Fund
General Fund
National School Breakfast and Lunch Program
National School Breakfast and Lunch Program

 Function
 Amount

 00-Transfers Out
 \$ 256,416

 35-Food Services
 16,563

 00-Transfer Out
 11,488

Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Position of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net position at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

<u>Fund Name</u> None reported Deficit
Amount
Not applicable

Remarks
Not applicable

C. Deposits and Investments

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

1. Cash Deposits:

At August 31, 2016, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$14,756,993 and the bank balance was \$12,290,588. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2016 and during the year ended August 31, 2016, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

Investments:

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) securities lending program, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) commercial paper.

The District's investment at August 31, 2016 is shown below.

Investment or Investment Type Certificates of Deposit Total Investments	<u>Maturity</u> Various	Fair Value \$ 1,000,000 \$ 1,000,000
-------------------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------------	--------------------------------------------

The Certificates of Deposit are included in the total cash balances stated above as they are considered cash equivalents.

3. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Investment Accounting Policy

The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2016, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities: Capital assets not being depreciated: Land \$ Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated	621,960 \$ 2,183,645 2,805,605	\$ 1,999,780 1,999,780	\$ 2,119,069 2,119,069	621,960 2,064,356 2,686,316
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment Vehicles Total capital assets being depreciated	27,825,135 1,368,653 1,769,580 30,963,368	4,798,920 124,261 207,357 5,130,538	19,858 19,858	32,624,055 1,492,914 1,957,079 36,074,048
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Equipment Vehicles Total accumulated depreciation Total capital assets being depreciated, net Governmental activities capital assets, net		(873,602) (22,147) (88,381) (984,130) 4,146,408 6,146,188 \$	(19,858) (19,858) 2,119,069 \$	(11,174,879) (1,253,321) (892,103) (13,320,303) 22,753,745 25,440,061

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction Instructional Resources and Media Services Curriculum and Staff Development Instructional Leadership School Leadership Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services Health Services Student Transportation Food Services Extracurricular Activities General Administration Plant Maintenance and Operations	\$ 432,883 6,985 1,025 3,247 53,195 16,719 13,675 88,381 56,771 45,990 82,357 143,107
	\$ •

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

E. Interfund Balances and Activities

Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at August 31, 2016, consisted of the following:

Due To Fund	Due From Fund		Amount	Purpose
General Fund General Fund General Fund Capital Projects Fund Trust and Agency Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds Capital Projects Fund Private Purpost Trust Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund Total	\$ \$_	91 55,611 2,000 1,160 1,624 2,718 63,204	Short-term loans Short-term loans Short-term loans Short-term loans Short-term loans Short-term loans

All amounts due are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds at August 31, 2016, consisted of the following:

Transfers From	Transfers To	 Amount	Reason
General fund General fund Capital Projects Fund	Extracurricular Fund (161) Other Governmental Funds Other Governmental Funds Total	\$ 277,000 501,538 11,488 790,026	Supplement other funds sources Supplement other funds sources Reimbursement of expenditures

F. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended August 31, 2016, are as follows:

August 01, 2010, are as relieve		Beginning Balance	_	Increases	Decreases		Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities: General obligation bonds	\$		\$	12,970,000 \$	-	\$	12,970,000 \$	265,000
Capital leases	Ψ	56,787	Ψ		56,78	7		
Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds		747.310			591,433	3	155,877	155,877
Accretion		26,788		4,950	23,56	7	8,171	8,171
Premium on Bonds		′		1,549,675	101,19	4	1,448,481	
Net Pension Liability *		894,830		720,653	124,86	5	1,490,617	
Total governmental activities	\$_	1,725,715	\$_	15,245,278 \$	897,84	7 \$_	16,073,146 \$	429,048

^{*} Other long-term liabilities

The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

Liability	Activity Type	Fund
Net Pension Liability *	Governmental	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

General Obligation Bonds consist of:		2016	2015
\$6,440,000 Unlimited School District Bonds, Series 2016, due in semi-annual installments ranging from \$376,373 to \$408,000, plus interest at 2.0% to 4.0%, maturing in 2041	\$	6,440,000 \$	
\$6,440,000 Unlimited School District Bonds, Series 2015, due in semi-annual installments ranging from \$432,600 to \$434,563, plus interest at 4.0% to 4.5%, maturing in 2040	\$	6,530,000 12,970,000 \$	A
Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds consist of:	<u></u>	2016	2015
Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds Series 2012, due in and in 2017 with principal of \$155,877 and interest of \$9,123, for capital improvements, interest from 1% to 1.16%	\$	155,877 \$	747,310

2. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at August 31, 2016, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities						
Year Ending August 31,		Principal	Interest	Total			
2017	\$	265,000 \$	543,973 \$	808,973			
2018		345,000	491,550	836,550			
2019		360,000	481,000	841,000			
2020		370,000	469,125	839,125			
2021		385,000	455,900	840,900			
2022-2026		2,125,000	2,064,475	4,189,475			
2027-2031		2,560,000	1,624,500	4,184,500			
2032-2036		3,135,000	1,058,712	4,193,712			
2037-2041		3,425,000	334,613	3,759,613			
Totals	\$	12,970,000 \$	7,523,848 \$	20,493,848			

G. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters.

During the year ended August 31, 2016, Webb CISD met its statutory workers' compensation obligations, provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees, and obtained property, liability, and auto coverage through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund's Workers Compensation Program is authorized by Chapter 504, Texas Labor Code. The Fund provides statutory workers' compensation benefits to its members and their injured employees. The Fund and its members are protected against higher than expected claims costs through the purchase of stop loss coverage for any claim in excess of the Fund's self-insured retention of \$2 million. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine reserve adequacy and fully funds those reserves. As of August 31, 2015, the Fund carries a discounted reserve of \$58,364,320 for future development on reported claims and claims that have been incurred but not yet reported. For the year ended August 31, 2016, the fund anticipates no additional liability to members beyond their contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. The Fund meets its obligations to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued each month until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggragate stop loss coverage for Unemployment Compensation pool members.

The Fund purchases stop-loss coverage for protection against catastrophic and larger than anticipated claims for the Property Program, the Auto Program, and the Liability Program. The terms and limits of the stop-loss program vary by line of coverage The Fund uses the services of an independet actuary to determine the adequacy of reserves and fully funds those reserves. For the year ended August 31, 2015, the Fund anticipates that Webb CISD has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of and independent auditor to conduct and independent financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is approved by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2015, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance in Austin.

H. Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS' defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Sec. 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The TRS pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TRS' fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes, including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs, can be granted by the Texas Legislature, as noted in the plan description in (1.) above.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

4. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution, which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 through 2017. The 83rd Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 and 2015. The 84th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2016 and 2017.

<u>Contribution</u>	Rates		
		2015	2016
Member	•	6.7%	7.2%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (NECE - State)		6.8%	6.8%
Employers		6.8%	6.8%
District's 2016 Employer Contributions	\$	121,982	
District's 2016 Member Contributions	\$	250,532	
NECE 2015 On-Behalf Contributions to District	\$	194,294	

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the TRS pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- --- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- --- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- --- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- --- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

- --- When employing a retiree of the TRS the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- --- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2015 actuarial evaluation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2015

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Market Value

Single Discount Rate 8%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return 8%

Inflation 2.5%

Salary Increases including inflation 3.5% to 9.5%

Payroll Growth Rate 2.5%
Benefit Changes during the year None
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are primarily based on a study of actual experience for the four year period ending August 31, 2014 and adopted on September 24, 2015.

6. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8%. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 8%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2015 are summarized below:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Teacher Retirement System of Texas Asset Allocation and Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return As of August 31, 2015						
	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return	Expected Contribution to Long-term Portfolio Returns *			
Global Equity						
U.S.	18%	4.6%	1.0%			
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	5.1%	0.8%			
Emerging Markets	9%	5.9%	0.7%			
Directional Hedge Funds	4%	3.2%	0.1%			
Private Equity	13%	7.0%	1.1%			
Stable Value						
U.S. Treasuries	11%	0.7%	0.1%			
Absolute Return	0%	1.8%	0.0%			
Hedge Funds (Stable Value)	4%	3.0%	0.1%			
Cash	1%	-0.2%	0.0%			
Real Return						
Global Inflat, Linked Bonds	3%	0.9%	0.0%			
Real Assets	16%	5.1%	1.1%			
Energy & Natural Resources	3%	6.6%	0.2%			
Commodities	0%	1.2%	0.0%			
Risk Parity						
Risk Parity	5%	6.7%	0.3%			
Inflation Expectation			2.2%			
Alpha		_	1.0%			
Total	100%	-	8.7%			

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the net pension liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (8%) in measuring the 2015 net pension liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate 7%		Discount Rate 8%	1% Increase in Discount Rate 9%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	<u>2,335,551</u> \$_	1,490,617_\$	786,880

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

8. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2016, the District reported a liability of \$1,490,617 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability \$ 1,490,617

State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District \$ 2,318,771

Total \$ 3,809,388

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2015 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2014 through August 31, 2015.

At August 31, 2015 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0042170%. which was an increase (decrease) of 0.0008670% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2014.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation - The following are changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period:

Economic Assumptions

- a. The inflation assumption was decreased from 3.00% to 2.50%
- b. The ultimate merit assumption for long-service employees was decreased from 1.25% to 1.00%.
- In accordance with the observed experience, there were small adjustments in the service-based promotional/longevity component of the salary scale.
- d. The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.50% to 2.50%

Mortality Assumptions

- e. The post-retirement mortality tables for non-disabled retirees were updated to reflect recent TRS member experience. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.
- f. The post-retirement mortality tables for disabled retirees were updated to reflect recent TRS member experience. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.
- g. The pre-retirement mortality tables for active employees were updated to use 90% of the recently published RP-2014 mortality table for active employees. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Other Demographic Assumptions

- h. Previously, it was assumed 10% of all members who had contributed in the past 5 years to be an active member. This was an implicit rehire assumption because teachers have historically had a high incidence of terminating employment for a time and then returning to the workforce at a later date. This methodology was modified to add a more explicit valuation of the rehire incidence in the termination liabilities, and therefore these 10% are no longer being counted as active members.
- i. There were adjustments to the termination patterns for members consistent with experience and future expectations. The termination patterns were adjusted to reflect the rehire assumption. The timing of termination decrement was also changed from the middle of the year to the beginning to match the actual pattern in the data.
- j. Small adjustments were made to the retirement patterns for members consistent with experience and future expectations.
- k. Small adjustments to the disability patterns were made for members consistent with experience and future expectations. Two separate patterns were created based on whether the member has 10 years of service or more.
- I. For members that become disabled in the future, it is assumed 20% of them will choose a 100% joint and survivor annuity option.

Actuarial Methods and Policies

m. The method of using celled data in the valuation process was changed to now using individual data records to allow for better reporting of some items, such as actuarial gains and losses by source.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$330,388 and revenue of \$330,388 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2016, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS' deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	(ferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	11,509 \$	57,286
Changes in actuarial assumptions		48,374	53,179
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		161,983	
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		198,212	497
District contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		121,982	
Total	\$	542,060	<u>110,962</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension
Year Ended	Expense
August 31	Amount
2017	\$ 50,297
2018	\$ 50,297
2019	\$ 118,672
2020	\$ 26,177
2021	\$ 13,375
Thereafter	\$

I. Retiree Health Care Plans

1. TRS-Care

a. Plan Description

The District contributes to the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS-Care Retired Plan provides health care coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retired under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. Section 1575.052 grants the TRS Board of Trustees the authority to establish and amend basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants. The TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TRS-Care. That report may be obtained by visiting the TRS web site at www.trs.state.tx.us under the TRS Publications heading, by writing to the Communications Department of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701, or by calling the TRS Communications Department at 1-800-223-8778.

b. Funding Policy

Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are legally established each biennium by the Texas Legislature. Texas Insurance Code, Sections 1575.202, 203, and 204 establish state, active employee, and public school contributions, respectively. Funding for free basic coverage is provided by the program based upon public school district payroll. Per Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575, the public school contribution may not be less than 0.25% or greater than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public school. Funding for optional coverage is provided by those participants selecting the optional coverage. The State of Texas contribution rate was 1% for fiscal years 2015 and 2014, and 0.5% for fiscal year 2013. The active public school employee contributions rates were 0.65% of public school payroll, with school districts contributing a percentage of payroll set at 0.55% for fiscal years 2016, 2015 and 2014. For the years ended August 31, 2016, 2015, and 2014, the State's contributions to TRS-Care were \$34,796, \$36,333, and \$341,313, respectively, the active member contributions were \$22,618, \$23,616, and \$22,184, respectively, and the District's contributions were \$19,138, \$18,771, and \$18,771, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

2. Medicare Part D Subsidies

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the fiscal years ended August 31, 2016, 2015, and 2014, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$13,422, \$13,964, and \$9,711, respectively.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

J. <u>Employee Health Care Coverage</u>

During the year ended August 31, 2016, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$614 per month per employee and dependents to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Section 21.922, Texas Education Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and the licensed insurer is renewable September 1, 2016, and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for the Blue Cross Blue Shield of Texas are available for the year ended December 31, 2015, have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

K. Commitments and Contingencies

1. Contingencies

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

2. Litigation

No reportable litigation was pending against the District at August 31,2016.

L. Shared Services Arrangements

Shared Services Arrangement - Membership

The District participates in a shared services arrangement ("SSA") for Title III Part A - English Language Acquisition with several school districts through the Region I Education Service Center.

The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Region I Education Service Center nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the SSA.

M. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events were evaluated through December 16, 2016, which is the date of the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

N. Concentration of Risk

The District is located within Webb County, Texas, and derives approximately 72% of its general fund revenue from property taxes and related penalties and interest. The District's top ten taxpayers have a taxable property value of \$270,337,950 or 36.52% of the total taxable value of \$737,557,157. All of the top ten taxpayers are oil & gas related. These are as follows:

			Percent of Total
Taxpayer		Taxable Value	Taxable Value
Conoco Phillips	\$	123,468,700	16.74%
Whitetall Wind Farm		30,266,800	4.10%
EOG Resources		26,166,950	3.55%
EXPL Leasing, LLC		14,823,180	2.01%
Conoco Phillips Company		14,350,520	1.95%
Linn Operating LLC		13,674,170	1.85%
Bruni Mineral Trust #2		13,388,360	1.82%
AEP Electric Transmission of Texas, LLC		11,297,080	1.53%
Hilcorp Energy Company		11,058,030	1.50%
Lobo Pipeline Company	_	10,844,160	1.47%
Total Top Ten	\$ _	269,337,950	36.52%
Total Taxable Value	\$_	737,557,157	100.00%

O. School Funding - Weighted Average Daily Attendance (WADA) Purchases

During the year ended August 31, 2016, the District was subject to the wealth equalization provision of Chapter 41 of the Texas Education Code. The District purchased WADA from the State as stated below:

Purchased From	WADA Purchased	Cost per WADA	CAD Costs and Discount	Total	
State of Texas (original calculation)	<u>781.505</u> \$_	3,016.0000 \$	(123,801)\$	2,233,218	

Required Supplementary Information	7		
rieganoa cappiomentary imeritary			
Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.	required	by the	Governmental

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Data Control	ntrol		1 Budgeted Original	d Ar	2 nounts Final		3 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Codes	DEVENUE O	_	Original	-	1 11101		710100.		
5700 5800 5900	REVENUES: Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues	\$	4,724,844 4,447,634 	\$	4,750,297 4,790,074	\$	4,761,315 4,776,430 22,838	\$	11,018 (13,644) 22,838
5020	Total Revenues		9,172,478	_	9,540,371		9,560,583		20,212
0011 0012	EXPENDITURES: Current: Instruction & Instructional Related Services: Instruction Instructional Resources and Media Services	•	3,269,888 87,311		3,190,717 65,464 21,275		3,155,781 56,441 8,193		34,936 9,023 13,082
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development	_	46,275	-	3,277,456	-	3,220,415		57,041
0021 0023	Total Instruction & Instr. Related Services Instructional and School Leadership: Instructional Leadership School Leadership		74,878 452,189 527,067	-	45,843 433,064 478,908	_	25,944 427,301 453,245		19,899 5,763 25,663
	Total Instructional & School Leadership	-	327,007	-	470,000	_	100,210		
0031 0033 0034 0036	Support Services - Student (Pupil): Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services Health Services Student (Pupil) Transportation Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	_	157,566 97,374 153,236 404,267 812,443	-	137,867 111,582 85,246 371,865 706,561		133,786 109,337 70,334 354,273 667,730		4,081 2,245 14,912 17,592 38,831
0041	Administrative Support Services: General Administration Total Administrative Support Services	-	569,425 569,425	-	679,140 679,140	_	655,279 655,279		23,861 23,861
0051 0052 0053	Support Services - Nonstudent Based: Plant Maintenance and Operations Security and Monitoring Services Data Processing Services Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	- -	1,209,974 71,250 98,682 1,379,906		1,162,000 72,033 58,472 1,292,504	-	1,157,605 69,230 39,207 1,266,042		4,395 2,803 19,265 26,462
0061	Ancillary Services: Community Services Total Ancillary Services	-	1,500 1,500		1,500 1,500	- -	553 553		947 947
0071 0072	Debt Service: Principal on Long-Term Debt Interest on Long-Term Debt Total Debt Service	-	56,787 1,905 58,692	-	56,787 1,905 58,692	· –	56,787 1,905 58,692		
0081	Capital Outlay: Capital Outlay Total Capital Outlay	-	390,000 390,000	.	94,200 94,200	· -	90,247 90,247		3,953

4,813

6,704,618

6,940,092

6,704,618

6,935,279

WEBB CONSOLIDATED INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Fund Balance - Beginning

Fund Balance - Ending

1200

0100

3000

Data		1	2	3	Variance with Final Budget
Control		Budgeted A	Amounts		Positive
Codes		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
0091	Intergovernmental Charges: Contracted Instr. Services Between Public Schools Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative	2,402,862	2,314,000	2,233,634	80,366
0095	Education Programs	10,000	7,110	7,110	
0095 0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	105,000	73,000	72,983	17
0099	Total Intergovernmental Charges	2,517,862	2,394,110	2,313,727	80,383
6030	Total Expenditures	9,660,369	8,983,071	8,725,930	257,141
1100 1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(487,891)	557,300	834,653	277,353
7915 8911 8949	Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In Transfers Out Other Uses	 (550,012) (77,921)	293,125 (522,122) (97,642)	277,000 (778,538) (97,641)	(16,125) (256,416) 1
7080 1200	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balance	(627,933) (1,115,824)	(326,639) 230,661	(599,179) 235,474	(272,540) 4,813

6,704,618

5,588,794

EXHIBIT G-2

WEBB CONSOLIDATED INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

	_	Fiscal Year 2016	Fiscal Year 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.0042169%	0.00335%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,490,618 \$	894,831
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District		2,318,771	1,805,538
Total	\$_ 	3,809,389 \$	2,700,369
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	3,633,254 \$	3,413,090
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		41.03%	26.22%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		78.43%	83.25%

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

	_	Fiscal Year 2016	Fiscal Year 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	121,982 \$	125,110
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(121,982)	(125,110)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <u></u>	<u></u> \$	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	3,479,617 \$	3,633,254
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		3.51%	3.44%

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81.2.b requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's current fiscal year as opposed to the time period covered by the measurement date of September 1, 2014-August 31, 2015.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Budget

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Governmental Fund Types. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data.:

- a. Prior to August 21 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- c. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Changes of benefit terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

		Other:	Supplementa	nry Informatio	n	
						nting Standards
Board	section includes d and not considered by other entitle	financial information a lered a part of the bass.	asic financial state	ments. It may, ho	wever, include inform	nation which is

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

	1				2	3 Assessed/Appraise		
Year Ended			Ta Maintenance	ax Rat	es Debt Service	Value For School Tax Purposes		
August 31		_	viaintenance	_		-		
2007 and Prior Years		\$	Various	\$	Various	\$	Various	
2008			.8067		.0411		1,541,943,531	
2009			.8203		.0339		1,677,389,818	
2010			.8033		.0442		1,438,114,167	
2011			.8033		.043		1,482,556,601	
2012			.8033		.0486		1,297,586,366	
2013			.8033		.0645		860,947,319	
2014			.8033		.0645		899,847,789	
2015			.8033		.0645		927,387,155	
2016 (School Year Under Audit)			.8033		.11		737,557,157	
1000 Totals								
9000 - Portion of Row 1000 for Taxes Paid into Tax I	ncrem	ent i	Zone Under Ch	apter	311, Tax Code			
No	ote:	N I	1 & O Appraise & S Appraised	d Valu Value	e	\$	581,605,461 737,557,157	

The difference in appraised value is due to a Chapter 313 Agreement with exemptions of \$155,84,45 of appraised value for school tax purposes dated December 10, 2009, to begin in the 2012-2013 school year.

	10		20	31		32		40 Entire		50 Ending
	Beginning Balance 9/1/15		Current Year's Total Levy	aintenance Collections	_	Debt Service Collections		Year's Adjustments		Balance 8/31/16
\$	342,152	\$		\$ 3,073	\$	44	\$	(8,340)	\$	330,695
	22,481			842		43		(1,497)		20,099
	35,515			1,396		58		(1,361)		32,700
	35,267			2,221		122		(1,766)		31,158
	36,493		p==	4,684		251		(1,428)		30,130
	67,216			4,680		285		(1,424)		60,827
	133,280			6,478		520		(649)		125,633
***************************************	138,380			15,489		1,247		(1,223)		120,421
	285,558			36,924		3,029		(9,701)		235,904
			5,498,620	4,301,541		753,664		(128,499)		314,916
\$	1,096,342	\$_	5,498,620	\$ 4,377,328	\$	759,263	\$_	(155,888)	\$	1,302,483
\$		\$		\$ 	\$		\$	***	_\$	***

EXHIBIT J-2

WEBB CONSOLIDATED INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

			1		2		3		/ariance with Final Budget
Data		Budgeted Amounts						Positive	
Control Codes		-	Original		Final		Actual	_	(Negative)_
5700 5800 5900 5020	REVENUES: Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues Total Revenues	\$	8,000 5,000 152,000 165,000	\$ -	9,302 2,140 193,139 204,581	\$	9,618 2,140 217,032 228,790	\$	316 23,893 24,209
	EXPENDITURES: Current: Support Services - Student (Pupil):		420,455		433,578		450,141		(16,563)
0035	Food Services Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	_	420,455	-	433,578	-	450,141	_	(16,563)
6030	Total Expenditures	-	420,455	-	433,578	- -	450,141	-	(16,563)
1100 1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	(255,455)	-	(228,997)	-	(221,351)	-	7,646
7915 8911 7080 1200	Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(255,455)		228,997 228,997 		221,000 (11,488) 209,512 (11,839)		(7,997) (11,488) (19,485) (11,839)
0100 3000	Fund Balance - Beginning Fund Balance - Ending	\$	34,959 (220,496)	\$	34,959 34,959	\$	34,959 23,120	\$	(11,839)

EXHIBIT J-3

WEBB CONSOLIDATED INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

			1		2		3		iance with al Budget
Data		Budgeted Amounts						Positive	
Control				<i>1</i> / (1	Final	Actual		(1)	legative)
Codes		_	Original		Fillat				
	REVENUES:	ø	704 060	\$	762,460	\$	764,456	\$	1,996
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	784,260	Φ	935	Ψ	935	*	′
5800	State Program Revenues		70 (000		763,395	_	765,391	_	1,996
5020	Total Revenues		784,260	_	703,393		700,001		1,000
0071 0072 6030	EXPENDITURES: Debt Service: Principal on Long-Term Debt Interest on Long-Term Debt Total Debt Service Total Expenditures		591,433 270,387 861,820	-	591,433 270,387 861,820		591,433 270,387 861,820		
0000			·						
1100 1100 1200	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures Net Change in Fund Balance		(77,560) (77,560)	-	(98,425) (98,425)	-	(96,429) (96,429)		1,99 <u>6</u> 1,996
0100 3000	Fund Balance - Beginning Fund Balance - Ending	\$_	99,651 22,091	\$	99,651 1,226	\$ <u></u>	99,651 3,222	\$	1,996

JOHN WOMACK & CO., P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

JOHN L. WOMACK, CPA MARGARET KELLY, CPA P. O. BOX 1147 KINGSVILLE, TEXAS 78364 (361) 592-2671 FAX (361) 592-1411

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees Webb Consolidated Independent School District Box 206 Bruni, Texas 78344

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Webb Consolidated Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Webb Consolidated Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 16, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Webb Consolidated Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Webb Consolidated Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Webb Consolidated Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item(s) 2016-1 and 2016-2, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Webb Consolidated Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item(s) 2016-3.

Webb Consolidated Independent School District's Response to Findings

Webb Consolidated Independent School District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Webb Consolidated Independent School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

John Womack and Company, P.C.

Kingsville, TX

December 16, 2016

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

4	Einancial	Statements
1.	rmanciai	Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:			
One or more material weaknesses identified?	Yes	X_	No
One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	X Yes		None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	_X Yes		No

2. Federal Awards

A Single Audit was not required in the current year.

B. Financial Statement Findings

2016-1 Internal Control - Purchase Orders

Condition: Purchase orders are not always being approved prior to the incurring of expenditures.

Criteria: Purchase orders should be prepared and approved prior to the purchase of goods or services.

Cause: Lack of adequate controls over the purchasing process.

Effect: Expenditures could exceed budget prior to management's knowledge without prior approval.

Recommendation: We recommend the District strengthen its purchasing process to ensure that all purchase orders are approved prior to the actual purchase of goods or services.

Client Response: The District concurs with this finding. Administration practice has been implemented requiring business office approval before any purchases are made district-wide. Vendors have been sent a notice not to accept orders without purchase order for strict compliance.

2016-2 Internal Control - E Rate

Condition: The District failed to properly track and report data for the E Rate claim.

Criteria: The District is required to track and report specific data in order to receive E Rate funds.

Cause: Lack of proper controls over financial reporting.

Effect: The District did not receive funding for which it could have been eligible.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Recommendation: We recommend the District develop policies and procedures which would ensure proper controls over E Rate reporting on a timely basis.

Client Response: The District concurs with this finding. Information technology director is working hand in hand with the business office to ensure E Rate forms are appropriately filed annually and on time.

2016-3 State Compliance - Campus Improvement Plans

Condition: The District did not present the Campus Improvement Plans to the Board for approval on an annual basis.

Criteria: The State requires that the Board of Trustees ensure that the District and all campus plans be developed, reviewed and revised annually for the purpose of improving the performance of all students. Annual Board approval must ensure that the district and campus plans are mutually supportive to accomplish the identified objectives and support state goals and objectives.

Cause: Administrators failed to present the plans for annual Board approval.

Effect: Violation of state law and lack of timely data provided to the Board for decision making and budgeting.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Disrict develope policies and procedures to ensure that all campus improvement plans are reviewed, revised, and approved annually.

Client Response: The District concurs with this finding. Each campus improvement plan has been appropriately approved in the current year by both site-based committees and the School Board. The Administration practice has been implemented to be tracked annually by the business office.

C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

NONE

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Finding/Recommendation	Current Status	Management's Explanation If Not Implemented
The standings or questioned costs in the prior Ve	ear	

There were no findings or questioned costs in the prior year.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

2016-1 Internal Control - Purchase Orders

Administration practice has been implemented requiring business office approval before any purchases are made district-wide. Vendors have been sent a notice not to accept orders without purchase order for strict compliance.

2016-2 Internal Control - E Rate

Information technology director is working hand in hand with the business office to ensure E Rate forms are appropriately filed annually and on time.

2016-3 State Complinance - Campus Improvement Plans

Each campus improvement plan has been appropriately approved in the current year by both site-based committees and the School Board. The Administration practice has been implemented to be tracked annually by the business office.

SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS AS OF AUGUST 31, 2016

Data Control Codes		P	esponses
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?		No
SF4	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report?		Yes
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?		No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts and laws related to local, state or federal funds?		Yes
SF7	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other governmental agencies?		Yes
SF8	Did the school district <u>not</u> receive an adjusted repayment schedule for more than one fiscal year for an over allocation of Foundation School Program (FSP) funds as a result of a financial hardship?		Yes
SF10	What was the total accumulated accretion on capital appreciation bonds (CABs) included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end?	\$	**
SF11	Net Pension Assets (object 1920) at fiscal year-end.	\$	
SF12	Net Pension Liabilities (object 2540) at fiscal year-end.	\$	1,490,617
SF13	Pension Expense (object 6147) at fiscal year-end.	\$	237,403