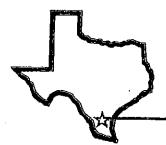
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019



Webb Consolidated Independent School District Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended August 31, 2019

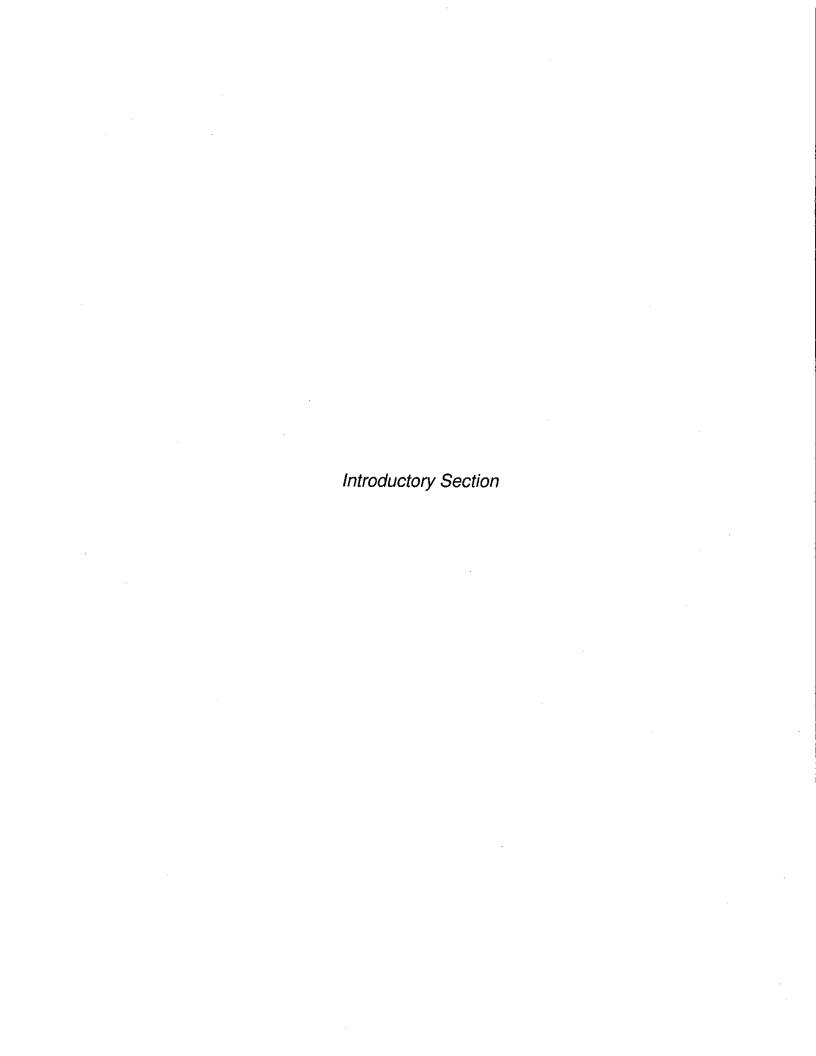
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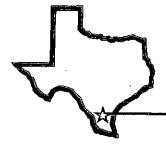
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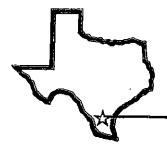


CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Webb Consolidated Independent School District Name of School District	<u>Webb</u> County	<u>240904</u> CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annua	al financial reports	of the above named school district
were reviewed and (check one)x_approved	disapproved for	or the year ended August 31, 2019,
at a meeting of the board of trustees of such school dist	rict on the _{21 s t} day	of <u>January</u> , <u>2020</u> .
Jocelyn Gomez	Me1	issa Lowe
Signature of Board Secretary		ture of Board President
If the board of trustees disapproved of the auditor's repo (attach list as necessary)	ort, the reason(s) for	disapproving it is (are):







JOHN WOMACK & CO., P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

JOHN L. WOMACK, CPA MARGARET KELLY, CPA P. O. BOX 1147 KINGSVILLE, TEXAS 78364 (361) 592-2671 FAX (361) 592-1411

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Webb Consolidated Independent School District Box 206 Bruni, Texas 78344

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Webb Consolidated Independent School District ("the District") as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Webb Consolidated Independent School District as of August 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, and budgetary comparison information and schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of District pension contributions, and schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and schedule of District OPEB contributions identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Webb Consolidated Independent School District's basic financial statements. The introductory section and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2019 on our consideration of Webb Consolidated Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Webb Consolidated Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

hn Womack and Company, P.C.

Kingsville, TX

December 20, 2019



Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of Webb Consolidated Independent School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019. Please read this in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

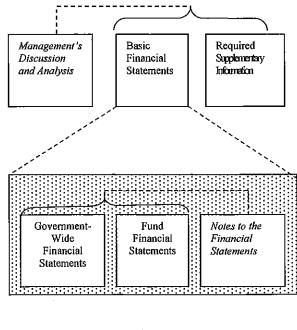
- The District's total combined net position was \$23,987,531 at August 31, 2019.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$473,780 more than the \$10,503,789 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The total cost of the District's programs was \$4,046,559 more than last year due primarily to the increase
 in contracted instructional services between public schools, instructional, curriculum and media services,
 instructional and school leadership, child nutrition, general administration, student support services and
 plant maintenance, security and data processing.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$9,409,669, an increase of \$493,554 over last year's fund balance of \$8,916,115.

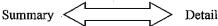
OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as self-insurance.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

Figure A-1. Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report





The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure	Figure A-2. Major Features of the District's Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements									
			Fund Statements							
Type of										
Statements	Government-Wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds						
	Entire District's	The activities of the	Activities the District	Instances in which the						
_	government (except	District that are not	operates similar to	district is the trustee or						
Scope	fiduciary funds) and	proprietary or fiduciary	private businesses:	agent for someone else's						
	the District's		self insurance	resources						
	component units *Statement of net	*Balance Sheet	*Statement of net	*Statement of Fiduciary						
	position	· Balance Sheet	position	net position						
	*Statement of	*Statement of revenues,	*Statement of	*Statement of changes in						
Required	activities	expenditures & changes in	revenues, expenses	fiduciary net position						
financial		fund balances	and changes in fund	, 1						
statement			net position							
			*Statement of cash							
_			flows							
Accounting basis	Accrual accounting	Modified accrual	Accrual accounting	Accrual accounting and						
and measurement	and economic	accounting and current financial resources focus	and economic resources focus	economic resources						
focus	resources focus All assets and	Only assets expected to be	All assets and	All assets and liabilities,						
	liabilities, both	used up and liabilities that	liabilities, both	both short-term and						
Type of	financial and capital,	come due during the year	financial and capital,	long-term, the District's						
asset/liability	short-term and long-	or soon thereafter; no	and short-term and	funds do not currently						
information	term	capital assets included	long-term	contain capital assets,						
		•	•	although they can						
	All revenue and	Revenues for which cash	All revenues and	All revenues and						
	expenses during the	is received during or soon	expenses during the	expenses during the year,						
Type of	year, regardless of	after the end of the year;	year, regardless of	regardless of when cash						
inflow/outflow	when cash is	expenditures when goods	when cash is received	is received or paid						
information	received or paid	or services have been	or paid							
-		received and payment is due during the year or								
	•	soon thereafter								

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes *all* of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position -- the difference between the District's assets and liabilities -- are one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the *Governmental activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services, and general administration. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has two types of funds:

- Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statement, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds—Services for which the District charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long- and short-term financial information.
 - We use internal service funds to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities—such as the District's Self Insurance Fund.

• Fiduciary funds—The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. It is also responsible for other assets that—because of a trust arrangement—can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's *combined* net position was \$23,987,531 at August 31, 2019. Investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, furniture and equipment, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding) is \$16,538,046. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

A small portion of the District's net position, \$3,697,077, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The \$3,752,408 of unrestricted net position represents resources available to fund the programs of the District next year. (See Table A-1).

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Table A-1
The District's Net Position

	_	Governmental Activities			Total Change
	-	2019		2018	2019-2018
Current and other assets	\$	12,315,062	\$	14,514,170	\$ (2,199,108)
Capital and non-current assets	_	28,857,463	. .	29,143,833	(286,370)
Total Assets		41,172,525		43,658,003	(2,485,478)
Deferred Outflow Related					
to Pensions		686,507		269,881	416,626
Deferred Outflow Related					
to OPEB	_	149,857		26,947	122,910
Total Deferred Outflows					
of Resources		836,364		296,828	539,536
Current liabilities		1,772,095		2,410,564	(638,469)
Long-term liabilities	-	14,399,398		15,719,109	(1,319,711)
Total Liabilities	_	16,171,493		18,129,673	(1,958,180)
Deferred Inflow Related					
to Pensions		490,601		454,644	35,957
Deferred Inflow Related					4=0.044
to OPEB	-	1,359,264		909,203	450,061
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	1,849,865	-	1,363,847	486,018
Net Position					
Invested in Capital Assets		16,538,046		15,593,926	944,120
Restricted		3,697,077		5,460,918	(1,763,841)
Unrestricted		3,752,408	-	3,406,467	345,941
Total Net Position	\$	23,987,531	\$	24,461,311	\$ (473,780)

Major changes in Governmental Activities are as follows:

Current and other assets decreased by \$2,199,108 while capital and non-current assets decreased by \$286,370, primarily due to current year depreciation. Meanwhile, cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$10,578,314 due to an increase in current investments of \$9,281,442 and property taxes receivable decreased by \$908,565.

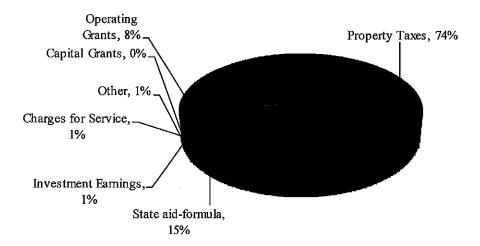
Comparatively, current liabilities decreased \$638,469, due to a decrease in accounts payable of \$672,344.

Long-term liabilities decreased by \$1,319,711 due to a \$406,575 decrease in net OPEB liability and the long-term portion of general obligation bonds declined, due to a decrease in bond scheduled payments due in more than one year by \$1,304,959, while the net pension liability increased by \$391,823.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues were \$10,503,789. A significant portion, 68% of the District's revenue comes from taxes (See Figure A-3), 13% pertain to operating grants, while 12% comes from state-aid formula grants.

Figure A-3
Sources of Revenue for Fiscal Year



** See operating grant calculation at Footnote A #3 of audit report.

The total cost of all programs and services was \$10,977,569. Of these costs, 55% are for instructional and student services.

Governmental Activities

Although property tax rates for maintenance and operating taxes decreased \$0.0400/\$100, debt service tax rates increased by \$.0400/\$100. However, even with equal combined tax rates, there was a 2.5% decrease in tax revenues of \$181,117.

Unrestricted grants decreased by \$244,765, or 16%. This decrease in state grant revenue was due to a decrease in a hardship grant. Also note that contracted instructional services increased by \$1,414,434, which was the result of three major components: WADA, Tax Collection, and T2 Values.

Table A-2
District Revenues and Expenditures

	_	Gover		Total Change	
	_	2019	_	2018	2019-2018
Revenues:					
Program Revenues:					
Charges for service	• \$	98,722	\$	79,108 \$	19,614
Operating grants and contributions		1,334,128		(191,524)	1,525,652
Capital grants and contributions		_		_	-
General Revenues:				•	
Property Taxes		7,182,547		7,363,664	(181,117)
Grants and contributions not restricted					
to specific functions		1,261,900		1,506,665	(244,765)
Investment earnings		274,560		171,954	102,606
Miscellaneous	-	351,932	_	89,187	262,745
Total Revenue	_	10,503,789	_	9,019,054	1,484,735
Expenses:					
Instruction, curriculum and media					
services		4,037,714		2,623,280	1,414,434
Instructional and school leadership		430,312		284,788	145,524
Student support services		495,930		361,949	133,981
Child nutrition		481,187		362,736	118,451
Cocurricular activities		591,852		456,336	135,516
General administration		880,094		661,267	218,827
Plant maintenance, security & data		÷			
processing		1,970,514		1,345,085	625,429
Community services		1,111		2,213	(1,102)
Debt service		305,842		461,141	(155,299)
Capital Outlay		-		· -	-
Contracted instructional service		1,715,057		300,424	1,414,633
Other Intergovernmental Charges	_	67,956	_	71,791	(3,835)
Total Expenses	_	10,977,569	_	6,931,010	4,046,559
Increase (Decrease) in net position		(473,780)		2,088,044	(2,561,824)
Net Position, Beginning	-	24,461,311		26,184,082	(1,722,771)
Prior period adjustment	_	-	_	(3,810,815)	3,810,815
Net Position, Ending	\$ =	23,987,531	\$_	24,461,311 \$	(473,780)

Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the District's largest functions as well as each function's *net cost* (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.

- The cost of all *governmental* activities this year was \$10,977,569.
- The amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$7,182,547, or 68% of governmental activity revenue.
- Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs, \$98,722.

Table A-3
Net Cost of Selected District Functions

	_	Total Cost of Services					Net Cost of Services		
	-	2019		2018		-	2019	2018	
Instruction	\$	4,007,862	\$	2,588,858	54.81%	\$	3,058,046 \$	2,576,686	18.68%
General administration		880,094		661,267	33,09%		826,449	781,907	5.70%
Plant maintenance, security &									
data processing		1,970,514		1,345,085	46.50%		1,907,218	1,420,220	34.29%
Contracted instructional services		1,715,057		300,424	470.88%		1,705,039	298,936	470.37%

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$11,527,222, a 20% increase compared to the preceding year. This is primarily due to an increase of \$1,711,013 from local sources, as the result of a \$835,110 increase in property tax revenue, \$484,036 in revenue loss payment and other local revenue of \$350,070, while state program revenues decreased \$183,800. Also, the federal program revenue increased by \$431,126. Expenditures from governmental fund types totaled \$11,899,727, an increase of \$990,893, or 9% from the prior year. The largest increase that occurred was \$1,414,633, in contracted instructional services between public schools and \$564,182 in principal and interest on long term debt while capital outlay decreased by \$1,514,167.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revised its budget several times. Even with these adjustments, actual expenditures were \$704,854 below final budget amounts. The positive variances are reflected fairly evenly in all functions, per page 54. Staffing is budgeted for full employment throughout the full year.

Furthermore, resources available were \$73,941 above the financial budgeted amount. As noted earlier:

- Property tax collections and other local sources were \$33,588 higher than the final budget.
- The District maintained its own campus and has no plans for further expansion in the near future.
- State program revenue was \$40,353 higher than the final budget.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of the fiscal year 2019, the District had invested \$45,491,253 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, vehicle and equipment. (See Table A-4.) This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$966,269, or 2.2% higher than last year.

Table A-4
District's Capital Assets

	2018		Additions	Deletions	2019
				1	
Land	\$	621,960	21,613	-	643,573
Buildings and improvements		39,014,119	1,726,752	-	40,740,871
Vehicles		1,766,260	-	114,016	1,652,244
Equipment		1,830,974	250,581	67,525	2,014,030
Construction in Progress	_	1,291,671	735,866	1,587,002	440,535
Totals at historical cost	_	44,524,984	2,734,812	1,768,543	45,491,253
Less					
Total accumulated depreciation		15,381,151	1,406,069	153,430	16,633,790
Net capital assets	\$	29,143,833	1,328,743	1,615,113	28,857,463

Table A-5
The District's Long-Term Debt

				Total %
Governmental Activities	2019	_	2018	_ Change
General obligation bonds	\$ 6,615,000	\$	6,975,000	-5.16%
Unlimited Tax Refunding				
Bonds, Taxable Series	5,105,000		5,335,000	-4 .31%
Accretion	-		510,828	-100.00%
Premium on Bonds	599,417		729,080	-17.78%
Deferred Gain on Defeasance	95,349		130,645	-27.02%
Net Pension Liability	1,357,651		965,828	40.57%
Net OPEB Liability	1,766,980		2,173,555	-18.71%
Total governmental activities	\$ 15,539,397	\$	16,819,936	-7.61%

For additional data, please refer to Note F on pages 37.

Net Pension Liability

Statement No. 68 establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting, but not funding or budgetary standards, for defined benefit pensions and defined contribution pensions provided to the employees of state and local government employers through pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements criteria detailed above in the description of Statement No. 67. This Statement replaces the requirement Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, as well as the requirements of Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to pensions that are provided through pension plans within the scope of the Statement.

The requirements of Statement No. 68 apply to the financial statements of all state and local governmental employers whose employees are provided with pensions through pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements as described above, and to the financial statements of state and local governmental non-employer contributing entities that have a legal obligation to make contributions directly to such pension plans. This Statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred Inflows of-resources, and expense/expenditures related to pensions. Note disclosure and RSI requirements about pensions also are addressed.

For defined benefit pension plans, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service.

The adoption of Statement No. 68 has no impact on the District's governmental fund financial statements, which continue to report expenditures in the contribution amount determined legislatively for the TRS plan. The calculation of pension contributions is unaffected by the change. However, the adoption has resulted in the restatement of the District's beginning net position for the fiscal year 2014 government-wide financial statements to reflect the reporting of net pension liability and deferred Inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources for its qualified pension plan and the recognition of pension expense in accordance with the provisions of the Statement.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- Appraised valuations used for the 2020 Budget preparation will be \$11.8 million higher for maintenance and operations tax valuations and down \$58.1 million for debt service tax valuations. Continuing construction is anticipated for 2020, with the spending totaling \$1.6 million, during the year.
- General operating fund spending per student increased in the 2020 budget from \$26,757 in 2019 actual spending, exclusive of WADA costs, to \$31,613 in budgeted spending, a \$4,856 increase.
 The District has budgeted \$2,004,731 for WADA purchasing in 2020; however, this number is not reflected in the spending per student.
- The district's 2020 refined average daily attendance is expected to be lower at approximately 234 students.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the general fund budget for 2020. Amounts available for appropriation in the general fund budget are \$8,655,544, a decrease of 2.9% from the final 2019 budget of \$8,914,299.

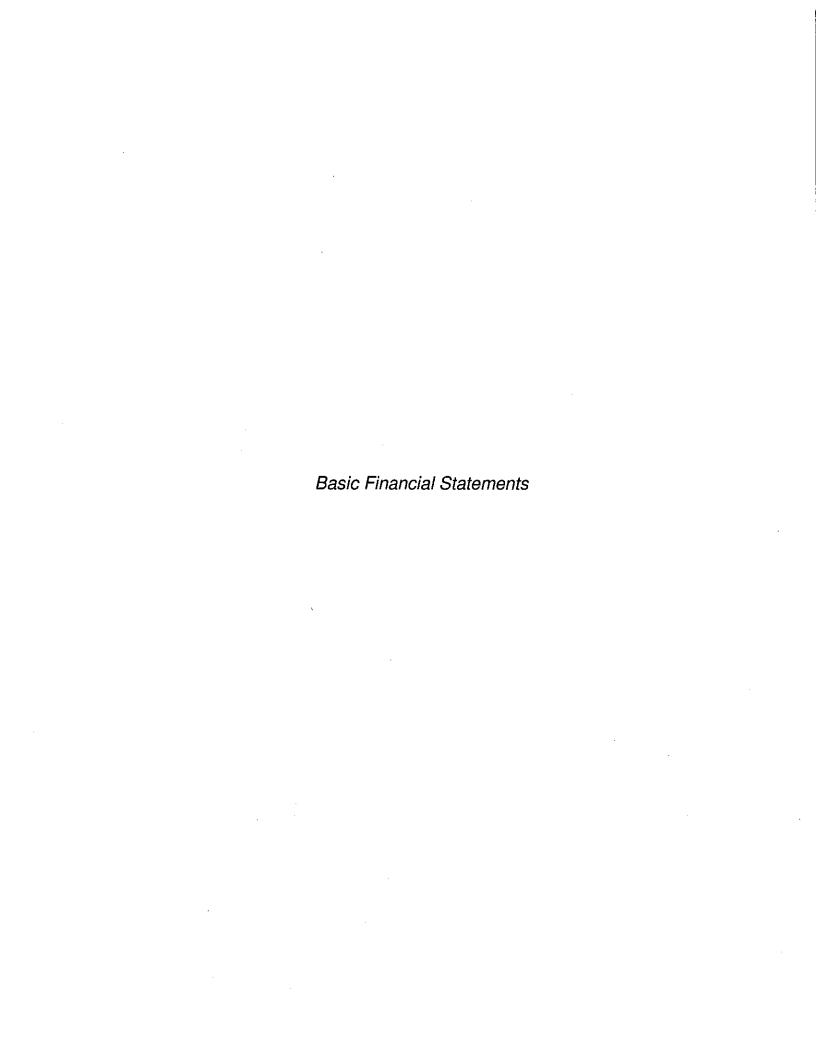
Maintenance and operating property taxes will decrease \$154,418, or 2.9%, from the prior year's final budget, due to a tax rate decrease of \$0.03/\$100, while the interest and sinking funds property valuations decrease by \$58.1 million; the tax rate will increase \$0.01/\$100 for debt service. State revenue is expected to decline by \$83,865 or 5.6% below 2019 actual state revenue of \$1,498,300 as a result of an elimination in hardship grant revenue. State revenue will also decrease if the student population decreases. The District will use these decreased revenues to finance programs currently offered.

Expenditures are budgeted to increase by \$1,318,389 from actual expenditures in the year ended 2019. The increase is due to the increase in contracted instructional services of \$284,431, capital outlay of \$443,800 and Instruction and instructional related service of \$546,427. Their competitive salary schedule allowed the District to open the 2019-20 school year with 2 teacher vacancies.

If these estimates are realized, the District's budgetary General Fund balance is expected to remain essentially the same by the end of the fiscal year 2020.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's Business Office.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2019

D-4-	1
Data Control	Governmental
Codes	Activities
ASSETS:	
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,560,195
1120 Current Investments	9,281,442
1225 Property Taxes Receivable (Net)	389,986
1240 Due from Other Governments	77,760
1267 Due from Fiduciary	3,333
1290 Other Receivables (Net)	2,346
Capital Assets:	
1510 Land	643,572
1520 Buildings and Improvements, Net	26,218,489
1530 Furniture and Equipment, Net 1580 Construction in Progress	1,554,867
	440,535
1000 Total Assets	41,172,525
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions	686,507
Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB	149,857
1700 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	836,364
LIABILITIES:	
2110 Accounts Payable	181,148
2140 Interest Payable	19,990
2165 Accrued Liabilities	312,575
2300 Unearned Revenue	118,382
Noncurrent Liabilities:	110,302
2501 Due Within One Year	1,140,000
2502 Due in More Than One Year	11,274,766
2540 Net Pension Liability	1,357,652
2545 Net OPEB Liability	1,766,980
2000 Total Liabilities	16,171,493
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	•
Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions	490,601
Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB	1,359,264
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,849,865
NET POSITION:	
3200 Net Investment in Capital Assets	16,538,046
Restricted For:	
3850 Debt Service	1,231,209
3860 Capital Projects	2,465,868
3900 Unrestricted	3,752,408
3000 Total Net Position	\$ 23,987,531

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes	Functions/Programs		1 3 4 Program Revenues Operating Operating Charges for Services Grants and Contributions		Program Revenues Operating es for Grants and		F- 1 1	el (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Revernmental Activities	
11	Governmental Activities:	\$	4 007 000	ø	15.076	•	004.740	Φ.	(0.050.040)
12	Instruction Instructional Resources and Media Services	Ф	4,007,862 16,029	\$	15,076	. \$	934,740	\$	(3,058,046)
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		13,823		77 69		805		(15,147)
21	Instructional Leadership				351				(13,754)
23	School Leadership		72,400 357,912				6,823		(65,226)
23 31	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services		•		1,743		29,582		(326,587)
33	Health Services		132,541		642		11,626		(120,273)
34	Student Transportation		22,597		111		1,037		(21,449)
34 . 35	Food Service		340,792		1,144		26,715		(312,933)
35 36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		481,187		48,051		211,079		(222,057)
			591,852		8,240		7,976		(575,636)
41 51	General Administration		880,094		4,129		49,516		(826,449)
	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		1,605,232		7,821		42,125		(1,555,286)
52	Security and Monitoring Services		268,242		771		7,776		(259,695)
53	Data Processing Services		97,040		475		4,328		(92,237)
61	Community Services		1,111		4				(1,107)
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		303,842						(303,842)
73	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		2,000						(2,000)
91	Contracted Instructional Services between Schools		1,715,057		10,018				(1,705,039)
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges	_	67,956						(67,956)
TG	Total Governmental Activities		10,977,569		98,722		1,334,128		(9,544,719)
TP	Total Primary Government	\$	10,977,569	\$_	98,722	\$	1,334,128		(9,544,719)
		ral Rev		=		· ·			
MT			exes, Levied for G						5,761,911
DT	·	-	ixes, Levied for D	ebt Ser	vice				1,420,636
ΙE			Earnings						274,560
GC			Contributions No	t Restric	cted to Specific P	rograms			1,261,900
MI									351,932
TR	R Total General Revenues								9,070,939
CN	Change in Net Position								(473,780)
NB	Net F	osition	- Beginning						24,461,311
NE	Net F	Position	- Ending					\$	23,987,531

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2019

			10		50
Data		•			Debt
Contro			General		Service
Codes			Fund		Fund
	ASSETS:				
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,270,139	\$	3,607
1120	Current Investments		7,772,615		151,547
1225	Taxes Receivable, Net		347,359		42,627
1240	Due from Other Governments				
1260	Due from Other Funds		28,294		31,312
1290	Other Receivables		2,027		62
1000	Total Assets	_	10,420,434		229,155
		_		-	
	LIABILITIES:				
0440	Current Liabilities:				
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	179,040	\$	
2150	Payroll Deductions & Withholdings		2,041		
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		289,717		
2170	Due to Other Funds		74,226		
2300	Unearned Revenue		118,382		
2000	Total Liabilities	_	663,406		
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
	Deferred Revenue		347,359		42,627
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	347,359		42,627
2000	Total Deletted Innows of Hesodices	_	347,333		42,027
	FUND BALANCES:				
	Restricted Fund Balances:				
3450	Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions				
3470	Capital Acquisitions & Contractual Obligations				
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt				186,528
	Committed Fund Balances:				•
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		5,000,000		
3600	Unassigned		4,409,669		
3000	Total Fund Balances		9,409,669		186,528
		_	<u> </u>		
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow				•
4000	of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	10,420,434	\$	229,155
			<u> </u>		

Capital Projects Fund Other Governmental Funds Total Governmental Funds \$ 285,538 \$ 910 \$ 2,560,194 1,357,280 9,281,442 77,759 77,759 18,047 77,653 257 2,346 1,660,865 78,926 12,389,380 \$ \$ 2,108 \$ 181,148 20,817 310,534 23,018 686,424 23,018 686,424 389,986 389,986 389,986 186,528 1,482 5,001,482 1,660,865 55,908 11,312,970 \$ 1,660,865 55,908 11,312,970		60		98
Fund Funds Funds \$ 285,538 \$ 910 \$ 2,560,194 1,357,280 9,281,442 389,986 77,759 77,653 18,047 77,653 257 2,346 1,660,865 78,926 12,389,380 \$ 2,041 310,534 20,817 310,534 93 74,319 93 74,319 23,018 686,424 23,018 686,424 389,986 389,986 389,986 389,986 389,986 389,986 389,986 389,986 389,986 389,986 389,986 389,986 <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>Other</th><th>Total</th></td<>			Other	Total
\$ 285,538 \$ 910 \$ 2,560,194 1,357,280 9,281,442 9,281,442 77,759 77,759 18,047 77,653 257 2,346 1,660,865 78,926 12,389,380 \$ \$ 2,108 \$ 181,148 20,817 310,534 20,817 310,534 93 74,319 118,382 23,018 686,424 389,986 389,986 389,986 389,986 1660,865 3,478 1,664,343 186,528 1,482 5,001,482 1,660,865 1,660,865 55,908 11,312,970				Governmental
1,357,280 9,281,442 77,759 77,759 18,047 77,653 257 2,346 1,660,865 78,926 12,389,380 \$ 1,660,865 78,926 12,389,380 \$ 2,041 310,534 2,041 20,817 310,534 118,382 93 74,319 118,382 23,018 686,424 389,986 389,986 389,986 389,986 389,986 1,664,343 1,664,343 1,664,343 1,482 5,001,482 4,409,669 1,660,865 55,908 11,312,970		Fund	Funds	Funds
1,357,280 9,281,442 77,759 77,759 18,047 77,653 257 2,346 1,660,865 78,926 12,389,380 \$ 1,660,865 78,926 12,389,380 \$ 2,041 310,534 2,041 20,817 310,534 118,382 93 74,319 118,382 23,018 686,424 389,986 389,986 389,986 389,986 389,986 1,664,343 1,664,343 1,664,343 1,482 5,001,482 4,409,669 1,660,865 55,908 11,312,970				
	\$		\$ 910	
18,047 77,759 77,653 77,653 2,346 1,660,865 78,926 12,389,380 12,389,380 \$ 181,148 2,041 2,041 2,041 2,041 2,041 2,041 2,041 2,041 118,534 118,382 118,382 118,382 118,382 389,986 389,986 389,986 186,528 186,528 186,528 4,409,669 1,660,865 55,908 11,312,970 11,312,970 4,409,669 11,312,970 4,409,669 11,312,970 -		1,357,280		
18,047 77,653 257 2,346 1,660,865 78,926 12,389,380 \$ 2,108 \$ 181,148 2,041 2,041 93 74,319 118,382 23,018 686,424 389,986 389,986 389,986 1,660,865 3,478 1,664,343 1,482 5,001,482 4,409,669 1,660,865 55,908 11,312,970				
257 2,346 1,660,865 78,926 12,389,380 \$ 12,389,380 \$ 2,041 2,041 20,817 310,534 93 74,319 118,382 23,018 686,424 389,986 389,986 389,986 1,660,865 3,478 1,664,343 186,528 1,482 5,001,482 4,409,669 11,312,970			77,759	
1,660,865 78,926 12,389,380 \$ 2,108 \$ 181,148 2,041 20,817 310,534 93 74,319 118,382 23,018 686,424 389,986 389,986 389,986 1,660,865 3,478 1,664,343 1,482 5,001,482 4,409,669 11,312,970		18,047		
\$ \$ 2,108 \$ 181,148 2,041 20,817 310,534 93 74,319 118,382 23,018 686,424 389,986 389,986 389,986 389,986 389,986 389,986 1660,865 3,478 1,664,343 186,528 1,482 5,001,482 4,409,669 1,660,865 55,908 11,312,970	_			
20,817 310,534 93 74,319 118,382 23,018 686,424 23,018 50,948 1,660,865 3,478 1,664,343 186,528 1,482 5,001,482 4,409,669 1,660,865 55,908 11,312,970	_	1,660,865	78,926	12,389,380
20,817 310,534 93 74,319 118,382 23,018 686,424 23,018 50,948 1,660,865 3,478 1,664,343 186,528 1,482 5,001,482 4,409,669 1,660,865 55,908 11,312,970				
2,041 20,817 310,534 93 74,319 118,382 23,018 686,424 389,986 389,986 389,986 389,986 1,660,865 3,478 1,664,343 186,528 1,482 5,001,482 4,409,669 1,660,865 55,908 11,312,970	\$		\$ 2,108	\$ 181.148
20,817 310,534 93 74,319 118,382 118,382 23,018 686,424 389,986 389,986 389,986 1,660,865 3,478 1,664,343 1,482 5,001,482 4,409,669 1,660,865 55,908 11,312,970				
93 74,319 118,382 23,018 686,424 389,986 389,986 389,986 1,660,865 3,478 1,664,343 186,528 1,482 5,001,482 4,409,669 1,660,865 55,908 11,312,970			20,817	
118,382 23,018 389,986 50,948 50,948 1,660,865 3,478 1,664,343 186,528 1,482 5,001,482 4,409,669 1,660,865 55,908 11,312,970				
23,018 686,424 389,986 389,986 50,948 50,948 1,660,865 3,478 1,664,343 186,528 1,482 5,001,482 4,409,669 1,660,865 55,908 11,312,970				
389,986 50,948 1,660,865 3,478 186,528 1,482 4,409,669 1,660,865 55,908 11,312,970	_		23,018	
50,948 50,948 1,660,865 3,478 1,664,343 1,482 5,001,482 4,409,669 1,660,865 55,908 11,312,970			 :	
50,948 50,948 1,660,865 3,478 1,664,343 1,482 5,001,482 4,409,669 1,660,865 55,908 11,312,970				389.986
50,948 50,948 1,660,865 3,478 1,664,343 186,528 1,482 5,001,482 4,409,669 1,660,865 55,908 11,312,970				
1,660,865 3,478 1,664,343 186,528 1,482 5,001,482 4,409,669 1,660,865 55,908 11,312,970		-		
1,482 5,001,482 1,660,865 55,908 11,312,970			50,948	50,948
1,482 5,001,482 4,409,669 1,660,865 55,908 11,312,970		1,660,865	3,478	1,664,343
4,409,669 1,660,865 55,908 11,312,970				186,528
1,660,865 55,908 11,312,970			1,482	5,001,482
\$ <u>1,660,865</u> \$ <u>78,926</u> \$ <u>12,389,380</u>		1,660,865	55,908	
\$ <u>1,660,865</u> \$ <u>78,926</u> \$ <u>12,389,380</u>				
	\$	1,660,865	\$ <u>78,926</u>	\$ <u>12,389,380</u>

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2019

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$	11,312,970
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position ("SNP") are different because:		·
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.		28,857,463
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.		389,985
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(11,720,000)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(19,990)
Other long-term liabilities which are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(95,347)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.		(1,357,652)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.		(490,601)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.		686,507
Bond premiums are amortized in the SNA but not in the funds.		(599,417)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds.		(1,766,980)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.		(1,359,264)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	_	149,857
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	\$_	23,987,531



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

D-1-		10		50
Data				Debt
Contro		General		Service
Codes		Fund		Fund
5700	REVENUES: Local and Intermediate Sources	ф 7.0 7 0.40 7	•	4 400 400
5800		\$ 7,370,427	\$	1,489,423
5900	State Program Revenues	1,498,300		29,277
5020	Federal Program Revenues Total Revenues	119,513		1.510.700
3020	Total nevertues	8,988,240		1,518,700
	EXPENDITURES:			
	Current:			
0011	Instruction	2,530,684		
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	13,431		
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development	11,746		
0021	Instructional Leadership	59,923		
0023	School Leadership	298,189		
0031	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	110,317		
0033	Health Services	19,252		
0034	Student Transportation	195,924		
0035	Food Service			
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	505,029		
0041	General Administration	706,653		
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	1,378,756		
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	132,311		
0053	Data Processing Services	81,444		
0061	Community Services	944		
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt			590,000
	Interest on Long-term Debt			980,100
	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees			2,000
0081	Capital Outlay	256,201		
0091	Contracted Instructional Services			
0091	Between Public Schools	1,715,057		
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	67,956		
6030	Total Expenditures	8,083,817		1,572,100
	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)			
1100	Expenditures	904,423	_	(53,400)
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):			
7915	Transfers In	392,000		
8911	Transfers Out	(562,000)		
8949	Other Uses	(240,869)		
	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	(410,869)	_	
	Net Change in Fund Balances	493,554		(53,400)
•		,		(55, 150)
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning	8,916,115		239,928
3000	Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 9,409,669	\$	186,528
			=	

	60		98
	Capital	Other	Total
	Projects	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Funds	Funds
			
\$	62,309	\$ 70,268	\$ 8,992,427
		17,243	1,544,820
		870,462	989,975
	62,309	957,973	11,527,222
_			
	•		
	267,948	656,489	3,455,121
			13,431
			11,746
			59,923
			298,189
		- -	110,317
			19,252
		7,158	203,082
		415,605	415,605
		23,384	528,413
	29,570		736,223
		13,229	1,391,985
	94,561		226,872
			81,444
			944
			590,000
		·	980,100
			2,000
	735,866		992,067
			002,007
		•	1,715,057
			67,956
_	1,127,945	1,115,865	11,899,727
	(1,065,636)	(157,892)	(372,505)
		170,000	562,000
			(562,000)
			(240,869)
		170,000	(240,869)
_	(1,065,636)	12,108	(613,374)
		•	(-1-12)
	2,726,501	43,800	11,926,344
\$	1,660,865	\$ 55,908	\$11,312,970

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because:		
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.		1,147,810
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.		(1,406,069)
Trade-in or disposal of capital assets decrease net position in the SOA but not in the funds.		(28,110)
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.		(908,565)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.		1,100,828
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.		35,768
Bond premiums are reported in the funds but not in the SOA.		129,663
The District's share of the unrecognized deferred inflows and outflows for the pension plan was amortized.		75,392
Pension expense relating to GASB 68 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.		(86,546)
OPEB contributions made after the measurement date but in current FY were de-expended & reduced NPL.		28,817
The District's share of the unrecognized deferred inflows and outflows for the OPEB plan was amortized.		50,607
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities	\$	(473,780)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUND AUGUST 31, 2019

		Nonmaj Internal Se Fund	
Data			
Control			Insurance
Codes			Fund
	ASSETS:	-	
1000	Total Assets	\$	
	LIABILITIES:		
2000	Total Liabilities	_	
	NET POSITION:		
3000	Total Net Position	\$	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data		Nonmajor Internal Service Fund	
	1.		
Control	ır	Insurance	
Codes		Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES:			
5700 Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	33,362	
5020 Total Revenues		33,362	
OPERATING EXPENSES: 6400 Other Operating Costs 6030 Total Expenses		33,362 33,362	
1300 Change in Net Position			
0100 Total Net Position - Beginning			
3300 Total Net Position - Ending	\$		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

		lonmajor Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Receipts (Payments) for Quasi-external Operating Transactions with Other Funds Cash Payments to Other Suppliers for Goods and Services Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		33,362 (33,362)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

AUGUST 31, 2019	Private-purpose Trust Fund	Agency Fund
Data		
Control	Private-Purpose	Student
Codes	Trust Fund	Activity
ASSETS:		
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 27,032	\$ 63,834
1000 Total Assets	27,032	63,834
LIABILITIES:		
Current Liabilities:		
2110 Accounts Payable	\$	\$ 1,777
2170 Due to Other Funds	3,000	333
2190 Due to Student Groups		61,724
2000 Total Liabilities	3,000	63,834
NET POSITION:		
3800 Held in Trust	24,032	
3000 Total Net Position	\$24,032	\$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Private- Purpose Trusts
Additions:	
Investment Income	\$ 219
Gifts & Bequests	3,000
Miscellaneous Income	
Total Additions	3,219
Deductions:	
Scholarship Awards	3,000
Miscellaneous Operating Costs	 ,
Total Deductions	3,000
Change in Net Assets	219
Net Assets-Beginning of the Year	23,813
Net Assets-End of the Year	\$ 24,032

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Webb Consolidated Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide ("Resource Guide"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees ("Board"), a seven-member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity and there are no component units included within the District's reporting entity.

Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund: The property tax revenue collected for payment of long-term debt and the related principal, interest payments, and related fees are accounted for in a debt service fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Capital Projects Fund. This fund accounts for the proceeds of bonds issued and the related costs of construction.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds: These funds are used to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the government-wide financial statements.

Private-Purpose Trust Funds: These funds are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments not reported in other fiduciary fund types.

Agency Funds: These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Agency funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or agent capacity and are therefore not available to support District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end, with the exception of property taxes which are fully deferred. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

3. Financial Statement Amounts

a. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

b. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

		Balance 09/01/18	Current Year Levy	Total Collections	Yearly Adjustments	Balance -08/31/19
Delinquent Taxes Receivable	- \$	1,043,608 \$	7,015,014 \$	7,011,294 \$	31,584 \$	1,078,912
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		(660,866)			(28,061)	(688,927)
Net Delinquent Taxes Receivable	\$_	382,742 \$	7,015, <u>014</u> \$_	7,011,294_\$_	3,523 \$	389,985

c. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures, utilizing the purchase method of accounting for inventory in accordance with the Resource Guide.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

d. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Estimated Useful Lives
30
50
20
2-15
3-15
3-15

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Impairment losses related to capital assets are recognized and measured when there has been a significant, unexpected decline in the service utility of capital assets. The events or changes in circumstances which lead to impairment determinations are not considered to be normal or ordinary. The service utility of a capital asset is the usable capacity which, at acquisition, was expected to be used or provide service. Common indicators of impairment include - evidence of physical damage where the level of damage is such that restoration efforts are needed to restore service utility; enactment of laws or approval of regulations as well as changes in environmental factors; technological developments, or other evidence of obsolescence; changes in the manner of duration or use of capital assets; or construction stoppage due to lack of funding. There were no impairment changes during fiscal year 2019.

e. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position (the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental funds balance sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and/or fund balance that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

f. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

g. Compensated Absences

On retirement or death of certain employees, the District pays any accrued sick leave and vacation leave in a lump case payment to such employee or his/her estate. Individuals employed after October 1, 1985 are not eligible to receive the lump sum payments.

h. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers in and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

i. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

j. Data Control Codes

Data Control Codes appear in the rows and above the columns of certain financial statements. The TEA requires the display of these codes in the financial statements filled with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

k. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's Board of Trustees. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Trustees removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Board of Trustees. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

The District has adopted a minimum fund balance of three months average expenditures of the General Fund, which in the current year is calculated to be \$2,020,954.

I. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

m. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

4. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's tiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

5. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to / deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

6. Implementation of New Standards

In the current fiscal year, the District did not implement any new standards from the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

B. Compliance and Accountability

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

Violation None reported Action Taken Not applicable

Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Position of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net position at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

Deficit

Fund Name None reported Amount Not applicable Remarks Not applicable

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

C. Deposits and Investments

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

1. Cash Deposits:

At August 31, 2019, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$2,651,061 and the bank balance was \$2,937,135. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2019 and during the year ended August 31, 2019, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name

Investments:

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) securities lending program, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) commercial paper.

The District's investments at August 31, 2019 are shown below.

Investment or Investment Type	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
TexSTAR, rated AAAm	N/A	\$ 2,596,216
LOGIC, rated AAA	N/A	6,685,226
Total Investments		\$9,281,442

Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

At August 31, 2019, the District's investments, other than those which are obligations of or guaranteed by the U. S. Government, are rated as to credit quality as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

Investment Accounting Policy

The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

Public Funds Investment Pools

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The District's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the investment Company Act of 1940.

LOGIC

The District invests in the Local Government Investment Cooperative (LOGIC), which is a local government investment pool organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and operates under the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. LOGIC's governing body is a five-member board of directors comprised of employees, officers or elected officials of participant

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

government entities or individuals who do not have a business relationship with LOGIC and are qualified to advise it. A maximum of two advisory board members represent the co-administrators of LOGIC. The co-administrators of the day to day administrator of LOGIC are First Southwest Company and J. P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc. LOGIC is rated at a AAA or equivalent rating from at least one nationally recognized rating agency and operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. LOGIC seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per unit and is designed to be used for investment of funds which may be needed at any time.

TexSTAR

The District invests in the Texas Short Term Asset Reserve Program (TexSTAR), which has been organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. TexSTAR is managed by a five-member board of directors (Board). In accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act, TexSTAR maintains an advisory board composed of participants in TexSTAR and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexSTAR. Advisory board members are appointed and serve at the will of the Board of Directors. J. P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc. (JPMIM) and First Southwest Company (FSC) serve as co-administrators for TexSTAR under an agreement with the Board. JPMIM provides investment management services, and FSC provides participant services and marketing. Custodial, fund accounting and depository services are provided by JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. and/or its subsidiary J.P. Morgan Investor Services Co. Transfer agency services are provided by Boston Financial Data Services, Inc. The business affairs of TexSTAR are managed by the Board in accordance with its bylaws. The bylaws set forth procedures governing the selection of, and action taken by, the Board oversight of TexSTAR is maintained through various reporting requirements. TexSTAR is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's and is not operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. All investments are stated at amortized cost, which generally approximates the market value of the securities. The stated objective of TexSTAR is to maintain a stable \$1.00 per unit net asset value; however, the \$1.00 net asset value is not guaranteed or insured.

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land \$	621,960 \$	21,613 \$	\$	643,573
Construction in progress	1,291,671	735,866	1,587,002	440,535
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,913,631	757,479	1,587,002	1,084,108
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	39,014,119	1,726,752		40,740,871
Equipment	1,830,974	250,581	67,525	2,014,030
Vehicles	1,766,260		114,016	1,652,244
Total capital assets being depreciated	42,611,353	1,977,333	181,541	44,407,145
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(13,323,215)	(1,199,166)		(14,522,381)
Equipment	(1,198,706)	(100,276)	(65,052)	(1,233,930)
Vehicles	(859,230)	(106,627)	(88,378)	(877,479)
Total accumulated depreciation	(15,381,151)	(1,406,069)	(153,430)	(16,633,790)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	27,230,202	571,264	28,111	27,773,355
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>29,</u> 143,833 \$	1,328,743 \$	1,615,113 \$	28,857,463

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$	610.891
Instructional Resources and Media Services	Ψ	2,375
		•
Curriculum and Staff Development		2,077
Instructional Leadership		10,595
School Leadership		52,722
Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services		19,505
Health Services		3,404
Student Transportation		106,627
Food Services		73,482
Extracurricular Activities		93,427
General Administration		130,170
Plant Maintenance and Operations		246,114
Security and Monitoring Services		40,113
Data Processing Services		14,400
Community Services		167
	\$	1,406,069

E. Interfund Balances and Activities

1. Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at August 31, 2019, consisted of the following:

Due To Fund	Due From Fund	 Amount	Purpose
General Fund General Fund	Other Governmental Funds Other General Funds	\$ 3,425 24,868	Short-term loans Short-term loans
Debt Service Fund	General Fund	31,312	Short-term loans
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund Total	\$ 18,047 77,652	Short-term loans

All amounts due are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds at August 31, 2019, consisted of the following:

Transfers From	Transfers To		Amount	Reason
General fund General fund	Other General Funds Other Governmental Funds Total	\$ \$	392,000 170,000 562,000	Supplement other funds sources Supplement other funds sources

F. Long-Term Obligations

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and Material Event Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas, which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended August 31, 2019, are as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:							
General obligation bonds	\$	6,975,000 \$		\$	360,000 \$	6,615,000 \$	370,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding							
Bonds, Taxable Series		5,335,000			230,000	5,105,000	770,000
Accretion		510,828			510,828		
Premium on Bonds		729,080			129,663	599,417	
Deferred Gain on Defeasance		130,645			35,296	95,349	
Net Pension Liability *		965,828	474,91	5	83,092	1,357,651	
Net OPEB Liability *		2,173,555	(382,162	2)	24,413	1,766,980	
Total governmental activities	\$_	16,819,936 \$	92,750	3 \$	1,373,292 \$	15,539,397 \$	1,140,000

^{*} Other long-term liabilities

The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

Liability Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability	Activity Type Governmental Governmental	Fund General General			
General Obligation Bonds cons	sist of:			2019	2018
\$6,440,000 Unlimited School D in semi-annual installments rar plus interest at 3.0% to 4.0%, r was refunded in 2018)	nging from \$295,90	00 to \$296,625,	\$	3,205,000 \$	3,385,000
\$6,440,000 Unlimited School E in semi-annual installments rar plus interest at 4.0%, maturing in 2018)	nging from \$320,00	00 to \$320,400,		3,410,000	3,590,000
Unlimited Tax School Building	Bonds consist of:				
\$5,150,000 Unlimited Tax Refu due in semi-annual installment plus interest at 3.0% to 4.0%, r	s ranging from \$11	2,881 to \$958,800		5,105,000	5,105,000
\$230,000 Capital Appreciation in final payment of \$750,000	Bond, Series 2018	3, due 2/15/2019	_	·	230,000
			\$	11,720,000 \$	12,310,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

2. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at August 31, 2019, are as follows:

		Governmental Activities				
Year Ending August 31,		Principal	Interest	Total		
2020	\$	1,140,000 \$	432,825 \$	1,572,825		
2021		1,185,000	388,200	1,573,200		
2022		1,225,000	341,925	1,566,925		
2023		1,275,000	293,900	1,568,900		
2024		1,325,000	243,925	1,568,925		
2025-2029		3,310,000	720,625	4,030,625		
2030-2034		2,260,000	175,200	2,435,200		
Totals	\$_	11,720,000 \$	2,596,600 \$	14,316,600		

3. Advance Refunding of Debt

The District issued \$5,385,000 Webb Consolidated Independent School District Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2018 in March of 2018. The District refunded \$5,385,000 of the 2015 and 2016 bond issues that were outstanding at August 31, 2017. The interest rate of the refunding bonds ranges from 3.0% to 4.0%. The refunding bonds are anticipated to generate a gross saving to the District of \$2,961,894 and present value savings of \$262,937.

GASB Statement No. 7, "Advance Refundings Resulting in Defeasance of Debt," provides that refunded debt and assets placed in escrow for the payment of related debt service be excluded from the financial statements. As of August 31, 2019, outstanding balances of bond issues that have been refunded and defeased in-substance by placing existing assets and the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments are as follows.

Bond Issue	Amount
Series 2015	\$ 2,605,000
Series 2016	2,780,000
Total	\$ 5,385,000

G. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters.

During the year ended August 31, 2019, Webb CISD met its statutory workers' compensation obligations, provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees, and obtained property, liability, and auto coverage through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund's Workers Compensation Program is authorized by Chapter 504, Texas Labor Code. The Fund provides statutory workers' compensation benefits to its members and their injured employees. The Fund and its members are protected against higher than expected claims costs through the purchase of stop loss coverage for any claim in excess of the Fund's self-insured retention of \$2 million. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine reserve adequacy and fully funds those reserves. As of August 31, 2018, the Fund carries a discounted reserve of \$48,977,531 for future development on reported claims and claims that have been incurred but not yet reported. For the year ended August 31, 2019, the fund anticipates no additional liability to members beyond their contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. The Fund meets its obligations to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued each month until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggragate stop loss coverage for Unemployment Compensation pool members. Fro the year ended August 31, 2019, the Fund anticipates that Webb CISD has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment o contributions.

The Fund purchases stop-loss coverage for protection against catastrophic and larger than anticipated claims for the Property Program, the Auto Program, and the Liability Program. The terms and limits of the stop-loss program vary by line of coverage The Fund uses the services of an independet actuary to determine the adequacy of reserves and fully funds those reserves. For the year ended August 31, 2019, the Fund anticipates that Webb CISD has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of and independent auditor to conduct and independent financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is approved by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2018, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance in Austin.

H. Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) and is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3% (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1.) above.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

4. Contributions

Constitution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 through 2017. The 85th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) affirmed that the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2018 and 2019 would remain the same.

Contribution Rates

	2018	2019
Member	7.7%	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (NECE - State)	6.8%	6.8%
Employers	6.8%	6.8%
District's 2019 Employer Contributions	\$ 91,220	
District's 2019 Member Contributions	\$ 239,925	
2018 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (state)	\$ 146,390	

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- --- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- --- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- --- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- --- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

- --- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- --- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2017 actuarial valuation rolled forward to August 31, 2018 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2017 rolled forward to

August 31, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Market Value
Single Discount Rate 6.907%

Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return 7.25% Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases including inflation 3.05% to 9.05%

Payroll Growth Rate 3.00%
Benefit Changes during the year None
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are based primarily on a study of actual experience for the three year period ending August 31, 2017 and adopted in July, 2018.

6. Discount Rate

The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.907%. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on the pension plan investments of 7.25% and a municipal bond rate of 3.69%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to finance the benefit payments until the year 2069. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2069, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2018 are summarized below:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Teacher Retirement System of Texas Asset Allocation and Long-Term Expected Rate of Return As of August 31, 2016

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return	Expected Contribution to Long-term Portfolio Returns *
Global Equity	Anoution		
U.S.	18.0%	5.7%	1.0%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.0%	6.9%	0.9%
Emerging Markets	9.0%	8.9%	0.8%
Directional Hedge Funds	4.0%	3.5%	0.1%
Private Equity	13.0%	10.2%	1.3%
Stable Value	•		
U.S. Treasuries	11.0%	1.1%	0.1%
Absolute Return	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4.0%	3.1%	0.1%
Cash	1.0%	-0.3%	0.0%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3.0%	0.7%	0.0%
Real Assets	14.0%	5.2%	0.7%
Energy & Natural Resources	5.0%	7.5%	0.4%
Commodities	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5.0%	3.7%	0.2%
Inflation Expectation			2.3%
Alpha _			-0.8%
Total	100.0%		7.2%

^{*} Target allocation are based on the FY 2016 policy model.

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (6.907%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate 5.907%		Discount Rate 6.907%	1% Increase in Discount Rate 7.907%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	2,049,022 \$	1,357,652 \$	797,947

8. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

^{**} The expected contribution to Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between Arithmetic and Geometric mean returns.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

At August 31, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$1,357,652 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 1,357,652
State's proportionate share that is associated with District	 2,393,381
Total	\$ 3,751,033

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2017 and rolled forward to August 31, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2017 rolled forward to August 31, 2018. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 through August 31, 2018.

At August 31, 2018 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0024666%. which was an increase (decrease) of 0.0024666% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2017.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation -

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

- --- The Total Pension Liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2017 valuation.
- --- Demographic assumptions including post-retirement mortality, termination rates, and rates of retirement were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.
- --- Economic assumptions including rates of salary increase for individual participants was updated based on the same experience study.
- --- The discount rate changed from 8.0% as of August 31, 2017 to 6.907% as of August 31, 2018.
- --- The long-term assumed rate of return changed from 8.0% to 7.25%.
- --- The change in the long-term assumed rate of return combined with the change in the single discount rate was the primary reason for the increase in the Net Pension Liability.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$236,881 and revenue of \$236,881 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2019, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS' deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources: (The amounts below will be the cumulative layers from the current and prior years combined)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 8,462 \$	33,311
Changes in actuarial assumptions	489,499	15,297
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		25,761
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	97,326	416,232
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	 91,220	<u></u> _
Total	\$ 686,507 \$	490,601

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Pension
Year Ended		Expense
August 31		Amount
2020	_\$_	57,147
2021	\$	2,933
2022	\$	(12,257)
2023	\$	2,124
2024	\$	20,151
Thereafter	\$	34,590

I. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

1. Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

2. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

3. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Eligible retirees and their dependents not enrolled in Medicare may pay premiums to participate in one of two optional insurance plans with more comprehensive benefits (TRS-Care 2 and TRS-Care 3). Eligible retirees and dependents enrolled in Medicare may elect to participate in one of the two Medicare health plans for an additional fee. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes, including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for the optional health insurance are based on years of service of the member. The schedule below shows the monthly rates for a retiree with and without Medicare coverage.

TRS-Care Monthly for Retirees January 1, 2018 thru December 31, 2018

	Medic	are	Non-Me	dicare
Retiree*	\$	135	\$	200
Retiree and Spouse		529		689
Retiree* and Children		468		408
Retiree and Family		1,020		999
* or surviving spouse				

4. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.75% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates

	2018		2019
Active Employee	0.65%		0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	•	1.25%
Employers	0.75%		0.75%
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%		1.25%
District's 2019 Employer Contributions		\$	26,289
District's 2019 Member Contributions		\$	20,253
2018 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (state)		\$	32,860

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay to TRS-Care a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$182.6 million in fiscal year 2018. The 85th Texas Legislature, House Bill 30 provided an additional \$212 million in one-time, supplemental funding for the FY2018-19 biennium to continue to support the program. This was also received in FY2018 bringing the total appropriations received in fiscal year 2018 to \$394.6 million.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was rolled forward to August 31, 2018. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial valuation of TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuations performed on the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation, salary increases, and general payroll growth, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. Since the assumptions were based upon a recent actuarial experience study performed and they were reasonable for this OPEB valuation, they were employed in the 2018 CAFR for the Teacher Retirement System of Texas.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2017 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2018:

Rates of Mortality

Rates of Retirement

Rates of Termination Rates of Disability Incidence General Inflation Wage Inflation

Expected Payroll Growth

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date

Actuarial Cost Method

Inflation

Single Discount Rate *

Payroll Growth Rate

Aging Factors

Expenses

August 31, 2017 rolled forward to August 31, 2018

Individual Entry Age Normal

2.30%

3.69% *

Based on plan specific experience

Third-party administrative expenses related to the

delivery of health care benefits are included in

the age-adjusted claims costs.

3.00%

Projected Salary Increases

Healthcare Trend Rates **

Election Rates

3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation ***

8.50% **

Normal Retirement: 70% participation prior to age

65 and 75% after age 65.

Ad Hoc Post-Employment

Benefit Changes

None

^{*}Sourced from fixed income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federal tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2018.

^{**8.50%} for FY2019, decreasing 0.5% per year to 4.50% for FY2027 and later years.

^{***} Includes inflation at 2.5%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 3.69% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was an increase of .27% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	_	6 Decrease in discount Rate	Current Single Discount Rate	1% Increase in Discount Rate
		(2.69%)	(3.69%)	(4.69%)
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	2,103,313	\$ 1,766,980 \$	1,500,918

 OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$1,766,980 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability State's proportionate share that is associated with the District		1,766,980 2,381,745
Total	\$	4.148.725

The Net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2017 and rolled forward to August 31, 2018 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the Net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 thru August 31, 2018.

At August 31, 2019 the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0035388, compared ERR

The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the assumed 8.5% rate is used.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
•	Healthcare Trend	Healthcare Trend	Healthcare Trend
	Rate (7.5%)	Rate (8.5%)	Rate (9.5%)
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 1,467,505	\$ 1,766,980	\$ 2,161,394

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

9. Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- --- Adjustments were made for retirees that were known to have discontinued their health care coverage in fiscal year 2018. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- --- The health care trend rate assumption was updated to reflect the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- --- Demographic and economic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- --- The discount rate was changed from 3.42% as of August 31, 2017 to 3.69% as of August 31, 2018. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability \$2.3 billion.
- --- Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date Please see the 2018 TRS CAFR, page 68, section B. for a list of changes made effective September 1, 2017 by the 85th Texas Legislature.

In this valuation the impact of the Cadillac Tax has been calculated as a portion of the trend assumption. Assumptions and methods used to determine the impact of the Cadillac Tax include:

- --- 2018 thresholds of \$850 / \$2,292 were indexed annually by 2.50%.
- --- Premium data submitted was not adjusted for permissible exclusions to the Cadillac Tax.
- --- There were no special adjustments to the dollar limit other than those permissible for non-Medicare retirees over 55.

Results indicate that the value of the excise tax would be reasonably represented by a 25 basis-point addition to the long term trend rate assumption.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements; and changes in plan provision or applicable law.

Changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period are listed below:

The 85th Legislature, Regular Session, passed the following statutory changes in House Bill 3976 which became effective on September 1, 2017:

- --- Created a high-deductible health plan that provides a zero cost for generic prescriptions for certain preventive drugs and provides a zero premium for disability retirees who retired as a disability retiree on or before January 1, 2017 and are not eligible to enroll in Medicare.
- Created a single Medicare Advantage plan and Medicare prescription drug plan for all Medicare-eligible participants.
- --- Allowed the System to provide other appropriate health benefit plans to address the needs of enrollees eligible for Medicare.
- --- Allowed eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to enroll in TRS-Care when the retiree reaches 65 years of age, rather than waiting for the next enrollment period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

--- Eliminated free coverage under TRS-Care, except for certain disability retirees enrolled during Plan Years 2018 through 2021, requiring members to contribute \$200 per month toward their health insurance premiums.

For the year ended August 31, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$86,634 and revenue of \$86,634 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2019, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 93,767	\$ 27,886
Changes in actuarial assumptions	29,486	530,876
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings	309	
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	6	800,502
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	 26,289	
Total	\$ 149,857	1,359,264

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31,	Amount		
2020	 \$	(169,124)	
2021	\$	(169,124)	
2022	\$	(169,124)	
2023	\$	(169,185)	
2024	\$	(169,218)	
Thereafter	\$	(389,920)	

10. Medicare Part D Subsidies

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the current fiscal year ended August 31, 2019, the subsidy payment received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District was \$11,083.

J. Employee Health Care Coverage

During the year ended August 31, 2019, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$782 per month per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Section 21.922, Texas Education Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

The contract between the District and the licensed insurer is renewable September 1, 2019, and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for the Blue Cross Blue Shield of Texas are available for the year ended December 31, 2018, have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

K. <u>Commitments and Contingencies</u>

1. Contingencies

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

2. Litigation

No reportable litigation was pending against the District at August 31, 2019.

L. Shared Services Arrangements

Shared Services Arrangement - Membership

The District participates in a shared services arrangement ("SSA") for ESEA Title IV - Part A - Safe and Drug Free Schools with the Region I Education Service Center. The District does not accounts for revenues and expenditures in this program in Fund 237, a federal special revenue fund. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, ESEA Title IV - Part A - Safe and Drug Free Schools nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District.

The District participates in a shared services arrangement ("SSA") for ESEA Title IV Part B 21st Century Community Learning Centers with Jim Hogg County ISD.

Member Districts
Webb CISD
Jim Hogg County ISD

The District accounts for revenues and expenditures in this program in Fund 265, a federal special revenue fund. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, HELP: Type in the name of the fiscal agent school to replace "school name" below (followed by a comma). Jim Hogg County ISD, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

M. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events were evaluated through December 20, 2019, which is the date of the audit report.

N. <u>Tax Abatements</u>

On December 10. 2009, the Webb CISD Board of Trustees approved an Agreement with Cedro Hill Wind for a Limitation on Appraised Value of Property for School District Maintenance and Operations Taxes pursuant to the Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code, i.e., the Texas Economic Development Act, as set forth in Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code, as amended. Cedro Hill Wind qualified for a tax limitation agreement under Texas Tax Code Section 313.024(b)(5), as a renewable energy electric generation project.

On October 15. 2012, the Webb CISD Board of Trustees approved an Agreement with Whitetail Wind Energy, LLC for a Limitation on Appraised Value of Property for School District Maintenance and Operations Taxes pursuant to the Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code, i.e., the Texas Economic Development Act, as set forth in Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code, as amended. Whitetail Wind Energy qualified for a tax limitation agreement under Texas Tax Code Section 313.024(b)(5), as a renewable energy electric generation project.

On December 23, 2013, the Webb CISD Board of Trustees approved an Agreement with Javelina Wind Energy, LLC for a Limitation on Appraised Value of Property for School District Maintenance and Operations Taxes pursuant to the Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code, i.e., the Texas Economic Development Act, as set forth in Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code, as amended. Javelina Wind Energy, LLC qualified for a tax limitation agreement under Texas Tax Code Section 313.024(b)(5), as a renewable energy electric generation project.

On July 12, 2016, the Webb CISD Board of Trustees approved an Agreement with Javelina Wind Energy II, LLC for a Limitation on Appraised Value of Property for School District Maintenance and Operations Taxes pursuant to the Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code, i.e., the Texas Economic Development Act, as set forth in Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code, as amended. Javelina Wind Energy II, LLC qualified for a tax limitation agreement under Texas Tax Code Section 313.024(b)(5), as a renewable energy electric generation project.

On July 11, 2019, the Webb CISD Board of Trustees approved an Agreement with Wind Energy, LLC for a Limitation on Appraised Value of Property for School District Maintenance and Operations Taxes pursuant to the Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code, i.e., the Texas Economic Development Act, as set forth in Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code, as amended. Javelina Wind Energy II, LLC qualified for a tax limitation agreement under Texas Tax Code Section 313.024(b)(5), as a renewable energy electric generation project.

Value limitation agreements are a part of a state program, originally created in 2001, which allows school districts to limit the taxable value of an approved project for Maintenance and Operations (M&O) for a period of years specified in statute. The project(s) under the Chapter 313 agreement must be consistant with the state's goal to "encourage large scale capital investments in this state." Chapter 313 of the Tax Code grants eligibility to companies engaged in manufacturing, research and development, renewable electric energy production, clean coal projects, nuclear power generation and data centers.

In order to qualify for a value limitation agreement, each applicant, including Cedro Hill Wind, Whitetail Wind Energy, LLC, Javelina Wind Energy, LLC, and Albercas Wind LLC, has been required to meet a series of capital investment, job creation, and wage requirements specified by state law. At the time of the applications' approvals, the agreements were found to have done so by both the District's Board of Trustees and the Texas Comptroller's Office, which recommended approval of the projects. The applications, the agreements, and state reporting documentation can be viewed at the Texas Comptroller's website:

https://www.comptroller.texas.gov/economy/local/ch313/agreement-docs.php

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

The agreements and all supporting documentation were assigned the following Texas Comptroller Application Numbers:

	First Year
	Value
	Limitation
No. 155	2,012
No. 232	2,015
No. 322	2,016
No. 1125	2,017
No. 1305	2,019
	No. 232 No. 322 No. 1125

After approval, the applicant company must maintain a viable presence in the district for the entire period of the value limitation plus a period of years thereafter. In addition, there are specific reporting requirements, which are monitored on an annual and biennial basis in order to ensure relevant job, wage, and operational requirements are being met.

In the event any of the applicants listed above terminates this Agreement without the consent of the District, or in the event that the company or its successor-in-interest fails to comply in any material respect with the terms of this Agreement or to meet any material obligation under this Agreement, then the District shall be entitled to the recapture of all ad valorem tax revenue lost as a result of this Agreement together with the payment of penalty and interest on that recaptured ad valorem tax revenue. Penalties on said amounts shall be calculated in accordance with the methodology set forth in Texas Tax Code Section 33.01(a), or its successor statute. Interest on said amounts shall be calculated in accordance with the methodology set forth in Texas Tax Code Section 33.01(c), or its successor statute. The agreement provides an administrative procedure to determine any company liability. Ultimately, enforcement of any payment obligation is through the local state district court.

As of the date of this audit report, management believes that the applicant companies are in full compliance with all of their obligations under law and the agreement itself.

Below is information required by GASB 77 for M&O purposes. It includes the net benefit to the distric but does not include any I&S impact:

Appl.	Project's Value Limitation	Value Limitation Amount	Amount of Applicant's M&O Taxes	Amount of Applicant's M&O Taxes	Company Revenue Loss Pmt to Sch.	Company Supplemental Pmt to Sch.	Net Benefit (Loss) to the School
No.	Amount 2018	2,018	Paid 2018	Reduced 2018	District 2018	District 2018	District 2018
155	\$85,000,000	\$10,000,000	\$6,607	\$843,393	\$51,996	\$31,900	\$83,896
232	\$73,000,040	\$30,000,000	\$111,150	\$618,850	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$100,298
322	\$298,999,950	\$10,000,000	\$100,000	\$2,890,000	\$224,520	\$67,573	\$292,093
1125	\$51,000,000	\$60,000,000	\$600,000	\$1,910,000	\$22,437	\$50,000	\$572,437
1305	\$0	\$0				\$50,000	\$50,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

O. Concentration of Risk

The District is located within Webb County, Texas, and derives approximately 92% of its general fund revenue from property taxes and related penalties and interest. The District's top ten taxpayers have a taxable property value of \$324,701,330 or 56.76% of the total taxable value of \$572,065,915. All of the top ten taxpayers are oil & gas related. These are as follows:

		Percent
		of Total
Taxpayer	Taxable Value	Taxable Value
Hilcorp Energy Company	\$ 117,489,880	20.54%
Whitetail Wind Farm	60,000,000	10.49%
AEP Electric Transmission of Texas, LLC	35,220,020	6.16%
Archrock Partners Leasing LLC	30,240,300	5.29%
Javelina Wind	26,054,660	4.55%
Cedro Hill Wind LLC	15,044,210	2.63%
EOG Resources Inc. Min Accts	10,911,460	1.91%
AEP Texas Central Company	10,000,000	1.75%
Kansas City Southern	10,000,000	1.75%
Elite Compression Services LLC	9,740,800	1.70%
Total Top Ten	\$324,701,330_	56.76%
Total Taxable Value	\$ <u>572,065,915</u>	100.00%

P. School Funding-Weighted Average Daily Attendance (WADA) Purchases

During the year ended August 31, 2019, the District was subject to the wealth equalization provision of Chapter 41 of the Texas Education Code. The District purchased WADA from the State as stated below:

			Less CAD		
Purchased From	WADA Purchased	Cost per WADA	Costs, Discount and Recapture	Total	
State of Texas (original calculation)	278.118 \$	6,355.4800 \$	52,516 \$	1,715,057	

Q. Other Uses

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds contains Other Uses of \$240,869. This is comprised of the following two payments:

- 1. In 2019, the District lost a property value lawsuit resulting in a refund with interest which totaled \$176,104.
- 2. The District failed to meet the Maintenance of Effort for the Special Education mandated program, resulting in payment back to TEA in the amount of \$64,765.

		•			
			•	·	
•					
		Required Sup	pplementary Infor	mation	
	Required supplementary interaction Accounting Standards Board	ormation includes finan but not considered a part	cial information and dis of the basic financial state	sclosures required by ements.	the Governmental

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data			1		2		3		/ariance with Final Budget
Control			Budgete	d A	Amounts				Positive
Codes			Original		Final	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
E700	REVENUES:		0.101.500		=		=		
5700		\$	6,484,562	\$		\$	7,370,427	\$	33,588
5800 5900	State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues		1,085,818 130,000		1,457,947		1,498,300		40,353
5020	Total Revenues	_	7,700,380		119,51 <u>3</u> 8,914,299	_	119,513 8,988,240	_	73,941
3020	Total Hevenues	_	7,700,500		0,914,299	_	0,300,240	_	73,941
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:								
	Instruction & Instructional Related Services:								
0011	Instruction		2,588,575		2,564,511		2,530,684		33,827
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		55,300		29,802		13,431		16,371
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		42,250		44,750	_	11,746	_	33,004
	Total Instruction & Instr. Related Services	_	2,686,125		2,639,063	_	2,555,861	_	83,202
	Instructional and School Leadership:								
0021	Instructional Leadership		65,950		75,520		59,923		15,597
0023	School Leadership		386,578		314,104		298,189		15,915
4020	Total Instructional & School Leadership	_	452,528		389,624	_	358,112	_	31,512
	Total mode of the last of the	_	102,020			_	000,112	-	01,012
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):								
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		131,509		120,166		110,317		9,849
0033	Health Services		114,095		27,642		19,252		8,390
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		181,550		257,277		195,924		61,353
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		427,045		586,155		505,029		81,126
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)		854,199		991,240		830,522		160,718
	Administrative Comment Countered								
0041	Administrative Support Services: General Administration		705 450		771 704		700 050		CE 141
0041	Total Administrative Support Services	. —	725,458 725,458		771,794	_	706,653 706,653		65,141
	rotal Administrative Support Services	_	723,436		771,734	_	700,033	_	05,141
	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:								
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		1,094,500		1,542,730		1,378,756		163,974
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		97,206		238,640		132,311		106,329
0053	Data Processing Services		112,706		113,408		81,444		31,964
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based		1,304,412		1,894,778		1,592,511		302,267
0004	Ancillary Services:		4.500		4 500				550
0061	Community Services		1,500		1,500	_	944	_	556
	Total Ancillary Services	_	1,500		1,500	_	944	_	556
	Capital Outlay:								
0081	Capital Outlay				280,000		256,201		23,799
	Total Capital Outlay				280,000	_	256,201	_	23,799
	,	_				_		_	
	Intergovernmental Charges:								
0091	Contracted Instr. Services Between Public Schools	;	1,580,671		1,730,671		1,715,057		15,614
0095	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative								
0095	Education Programs		10,000		10,000				10,000
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		80,000		80,000	_	67,956	_	12,044
	Total Intergovernmental Charges	_	1,670,671		1,820,671	_	1,783,013	_	37,658
6030	Total Expenditures		7,694,893		8,788,671	_	8,083,817	_	704,854
5500	. Stat Experience	_	7,00-1,000				0,000,017	_	704,004

EXHIBIT G-1 Page 2 of 2

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

		1	2	3	Variance with
Data					Final Budget
Contro	l	Budgete	d Amounts		Positive
Codes		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
1100	Expenditures	5,487	125,628	904,423	778,795
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):		•		
7915	Transfers In	308,635	434,934	392,000	(42,934)
8911	Transfers Out	(580,962)	(645,239)	(562,000)	83,239
8949	Other Uses	· ·	(180,235)	(240,869)	(60,634)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	(272,327)	(390,540)	(410,869)	(20,329)
	SPECIAL ITEM:				
8912	Special Item (Use)		(64,765)		(64,765)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	(266,840)	(329,677)	493,554	823,231
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	8,916,115	8,916,115	8,916,115	
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 8,649,275	\$ 8,586,438	\$9,409,669	\$ 823,231

WEBB CONSOLIDATED INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICTSCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE

EXHIBIT G-2

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

		Measurement Year Ended August 31,				
		2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.0024666%	0.0030206%	0.0038392%	0.0042169%	0.00335%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,357,652 \$	965,829 \$	1,450,787 \$	1,490,618 \$	894,831
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District		2,393,381	1,883,115	2,184,127	2,318,771	1,805,538
Total	\$_ =	3,751,033 \$	2,848,944 \$	3,634,914 \$	3,809,389 \$	2,700,369
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,862,785 \$	3,462,059 \$	3,479,617 \$	3,633,254 \$	3,413,090
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		47.42%	27.90%	41.69%	41.03%	26.22%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension fiability		73.74%	82.17%	79.74%	78.43%	83.25%

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS '

Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 Contractually required contribution 80,901 \$. \$ 91,220 \$ 98,755 \$ 121,982 \$ 125,110 Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution (91,220)(80,901)(98,755)(121,982)(125, 110)Contribution deficiency (excess) District's covered-employee payroll 3,115,909 \$ 2,862,785 \$ 3,462,059 \$ 3,479,617 \$ 3,633,254 Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll 2.93% 2.83% 2.85% 3.51% 3.44%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81.2.b requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's current fiscal year as opposed to the time period covered by the measurement date of September 1, 2017-August 31, 2018.

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

EXHIBIT G-4

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

		Measurement Year Ended August 31,			
	_	2018 2017			
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability		0.0035388490%	0.0049982582%		
District's proportionale share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	1,766,980 \$	2,173,555		
State proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability					
associated with the District	\$	2,381,745 \$	2,759,249		
Total	\$ ₌	<u>4,148,725</u> \$	4,932,804		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,862,785 \$	3,462,059		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage					
of its covered-employee payroll		61.72%	62.78%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		1.57%	0.91%		
of the total OFED liability		1.07%	0.91%		

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

EXHIBIT G-5

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

		Fiscal Year Ended August 31,						
	_	2019	2018					
Statutorily or contractually required District contribution	\$	26,289	26,609					
Contributions recognized by OPEB in relation to statutorily or contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <u></u>	(26,289)	(26,609)					
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	3,115,909	2,862,785					
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.84%	0.93%					

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Budget

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Governmental Fund Types. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data.:

- a. Prior to August 21 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Changes of benefit terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

		Othor C	unnlamenta	m i Informatio		
		Other S	ирргентента	ry Information		
This section Board and n required by ot	ot considered a	ial information and a part of the bas	d disclosures not ic financial stater	required by the G nents. It may, how	iovernmental Ac vever, include in	counting Sta formation wh

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	1		2		3		
Year Ended August 31	Mainte	Tax Rate	es Debt Service	Assessed/Appraise Value For School Tax Purposes			
2010 and Prior Years		ous \$	Various	\$	Various		
2011	.80	33	.043		1,482,556,601		
2012	.80	33	.0486		1,297,586,366		
2013	.80	33	.0645		853,240,780		
2014	.80	33	.0645		893,041,529		
2015	.80	33	.0645		905,921,575		
2016	.80	33	.11		560,285,551		
2017	.80	33	.12		863,887,113		
2018	1.0	04	.09		562,356,813		
2019 (School Year Under Audit)	1.0	00	.13		572,065,915		
1000 Totals							

9000 - Portion of Row 1000 for Taxes Paid into Tax Increment Zone Under Chapter 311, Tax Code

(1) Note: M & O and I & S Appraised Value 572,065,915 I & S Appraised Value Only 1,170,065,901

The difference in appraised value is due to a Chapter 313 Agreement with exemptions of \$5,425,047 of appraised value for school tax purposes dated December 10, 2009, to begin in the 2012-2013 school year.

	10 Beginning Balance 9/1/18	_	20 Current Year's Total Levy	_	31 Maintenance Collections	_	32 Debt Service Collections	_	40 Entire Year's Adjustments	_	50 Ending Balance 8/31/19
\$	409,444	\$		\$	10,185	\$		\$		\$	399,259
	27,852				1,209		50				26,593
	57,186				1,329		73		,		55,784
	50,477				1,496		80		4,648		53,549
1	50,746				4,127		250		4,973		51,342
	11,964				4,584		368		58,543		65,555
	23,655		 ,		9,747		783		45,452		58,577
	37,158				13,464		1,844		29,651		51,501
	375,126				244,989		22,019		52,659		160,777
			7,015,014		5,256,106		1,438,591		(164,342)		155,975
\$_	1,043,608	\$ <u></u>	7,015,014	\$_	5,547,236	\$_	1,464,058	\$ <u></u>	31,584	\$_	1,078,912
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	

NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data			1		2		3		Variance with Final Budget
Contro			Budgete	d A	mounts				Positive
Codes		_	Original		Final	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
	REVENUES:	_						_	
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	8,000	\$,	\$	48,056	\$	4,056
5800	State Program Revenues		1,000		1,409		1,409		
5900 5020	Federal Program Revenues Total Revenues	_	152,000		191,000	_	209,470		18,470
5020	Total Revenues	_	161,000		236,409	-	258,935	-	22,526
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:								
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):								
0035	Food Services	_	433,327		446,714	_	415,605	_	31,109
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	_	433,327		446,714	_	415,605	_	31,109
	Support Consises Monetudent Deced								
0051	Support Services - Nonstudent Based: Plant Maintenance and Operations						50		(50)
0051	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	_				-	50 50	-	(50) (50)
	Total Support Services - Nonstadent Based	_				_	30	-	(50)
6030	Total Expenditures	_	433,327		446,714	_	415,655	-	31,059
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
1100	Expenditures	_	(272,327)		(210,305)	_	(156,720)	-	53,585
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
7915	Transfers In		272,327		210,305		170,000		(40,305)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	•	272,327		210,305	_	170,000	-	(40,305)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	_				_	13,280	-	13,280
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		37,668		37,668		37,668		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$_	37,668	\$	37,668	\$_	50,948	\$	13,280

EXHIBIT J-3

DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

ъ.			1		2		3		ariance with
Data								F	inal Budget
Control		_	Budgete	d An	nounts				Positive
Codes			Original		Final		Actual	-	(Negative)
	REVENUES:							_	
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	1,488,636	\$	1,488,636	\$	1,489,423	\$	787
5800	State Program Revenues				55,250		29,277		(25,973)
5020	Total Revenues	_	1,488,636		1,543,886	_	1,518,700	_	(25,186)
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Debt Service:								
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		590,000		590,000		590,000		
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt		980,100		980,100		980,100		
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		••		2,000		2,000		
	Total Debt Service		1,570,100		1,572,100		1,572,100		
6030	Total Expenditures	_	1,570,100	_	1,572,100	-	1,572,100	_	
		_	1,510,100	_	1,0,2,100	_	1,012,100	_	 -
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
1100	Expenditures		(81,464)		(28,214)		(53,400)		(25,186)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	_	(81,464)	_	(28,214)	_	(53,400)	_	(25,186)
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		239,928		239,928		239,928		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$_	158,464	\$_	211,714	\$_	186,528	\$	(25,186)

JOHN WOMACK & CO., P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

JOHN L. WOMACK, CPA MARGARET KELLY, CPA P. O. BOX 1147 KINGSVILLE, TEXAS 78364 (361) 592-2671 FAX (361) 592-1411

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees Webb Consolidated Independent School District Box 206 Bruni, Texas 78344

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Webb Consolidated Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Webb Consolidated Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 20, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Webb Consolidated Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Webb Consolidated Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Webb Consolidated Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Webb Consolidated Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

John Womack and Company, P.C.

Samuel . C. Cc.

Kingsville, TX

December 20, 2019

JOHN WOMACK & CO., P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

JOHN L. WOMACK. CPA MARGARET KELLY, CPA P. O. BOX 1147 KINGSVILLE, TEXAS 78364 (361) 592-2671 FAX (361) 592-1411

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Trustees Webb Consolidated Independent School District Box 206 Bruni, Texas 78344

Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Webb Consolidated Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Webb Consolidated Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2019. Webb Consolidated Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Webb Consolidated Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Webb Consolidated Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Webb Consolidated Independent School District's compliance.



Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Webb Consolidated Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Webb Consolidated Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Webb Consolidated Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Webb Consolidated Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Wornord & Le

Jolfn Womack and Company, P.C.

Kingsville, TX

December 20, 2019

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

	1.	Financial Statements					·
		Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmodified			
		Internal control over financial reporting:					
		One or more material weaknesses	identified?	Yes		Χ_	No
		One or more significant deficiencie are not considered to be material v		Yes		<u>X</u>	None Reported
		Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		Yes	>	<u>X</u> _	No
	2.	Federal Awards					
		Internal control over major programs:					
		One or more material weaknesses	identified?	Yes		X	No
		One or more significant deficiencie are not considered to be material v		Yes		X_	None Reported
		Type of auditor's report issued on comp major programs:	oliance for	Unmodified			
		Version of compliance supplement used	d in audit:	August 201	9		
		Any audit findings disclosed that are recreported in accordance with Title 2 U.S Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200?		Yes		X_	No
		Identification of major programs:					
		CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal P	rogram or Clu	ster		
		84.287	21st Century Learn	ning Centers			
		Dollar threshold used to distinguish bet type A and type B programs:	ween	<u>\$750,000</u>			
		Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		X_ Yes		_	No
В.	<u>Fina</u>	ancial Statement Findings					
	NO	NE					
C.	<u>Fec</u>	leral Award Findings and Questioned Co	sts.				
	NO	NE					

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Finding/Recommendation	Current Status	Management's Explanation If Not Implemented				
2018-1 State Compliance - Adoption of Budget and Tax Rates	Implemented	N/A				
Condition: The District adopted the M&O and Debt Service tax rates prior to adoption of the 2017-18 budget.						
Criteria: State law requires that the District's budget be adopted prior to adoption of the tax rates.						
Cause: This was caused by an error in the preparation of the agenda for the Board meeting.						
Effect: The effect is a violation of state law.						
Recommendation: We recommend that the District develop procedures to ensure compliance with State law in the adoption of the budget and tax rates.						
2018-2 State Compliance - Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations	Implemented	N/A				
Condition: The District did not properly budget for the payment to escrow agent in the debt service fund.						
Criteria: All expenditures of the debt service fund must be included in the final amended budget, including payments to escrow agent for bond refunding.						
Cause: The District inadvertantly did not propose a timely budget amendment when the bonds were refunded.						
Effect: The effect is a violation of state law.						
Recommendation: We recommend that the District implement policies and procedures to ensure that all necessary amendments are proposed and adopted upon the issuance of bonds.						

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

There are no findings or questioned costs in the current year.

EXHIBIT K-1

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

(1)	(2)	(2A)		(3)
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER:				
U. S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through State Department of Education: School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Agriculture Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.553 10.555	71401901 S 71301901	 	\$ 72,317 122,964 195,281 195,281 195,281
SPECIAL EDUCATION (IDEA) CLUSTER:				
U. S. Department of Education Passed Through State Department of Education: IDEA-B Discretionary IDEA-B Formula Total CFDA Number 84.027 IDEA-B Preschool Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Education Total Special Education (IDEA) Cluster	84.027 84.027 84.173	186600317110 196600012409 196610012409	0	2,000 68,486 70,486 1,073 71,559 71,559 71,559
OTHER PROGRAMS:				
U. S. Department of Education Passed Through State Department of Education: ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs Title IV Part B21st Century Community Learning Centers Federally Funded Special Revenue Funds ESEA Title II Part A - Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting Fund 2889 Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Education	84.287 84.358A 84.367a	196101012409 701-18-111 S358A181330 196945012409 196801012409	 0	189,417 352,569 16,908 19,941 10,598 589,433 589,433
U. S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through State Department of Education: Food Distribution (non-cash) Total U. S. Department of Agriculture TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	10.550	240904	 	14,189 14,189 \$ 870,462

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards ("the Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Webb Consolidated Independent School District. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Therefore, some amounts may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. These expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Webb Consolidated Independent School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS AS OF AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes		_	loononasa
00000	-		Responses
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?		No
SF4	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report?		Yes
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?		No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts and laws related to local, state or federal funds?		No
SF7	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other governmental agencies?		Yes
SF8	Did the school district <u>not</u> receive an adjusted repayment schedule for more than one fiscal year for an over allocation of Foundation School Program (FSP) funds as a result of a financial hardship?		Yes
SF10	What was the total accumulated accretion on capital appreciation bonds (CABs) included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end?	\$	
SF11	Net Pension Assets (object 1920) at fiscal year-end.	\$	
SF12	Net Pension Liabilities (object 2540) at fiscal year-end.	\$	1,357,652
SF13	Pension Expense (object 6147) at fiscal year-end.	\$	
	In correspondence to all school administrators dated November 1, 2017, the TEA's Director of Financial Compliance stated "For 2017, and until further notice, no data should be entered in the field for data feed Schedule L-1 question SF13. If the AFR and data feed has been submitted no additional steps need to be taken."		

